

1)

$$\hat{\beta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} \quad \hat{\beta} = \frac{n \sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{n \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \right)^2}$$

$$y_i = Y_i - \bar{Y}$$

$$x_i = X_i - \bar{X}$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i = n\hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i = \hat{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i + \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\beta} &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i y_i - x_i \bar{y} - \bar{x} y_i + \bar{x} \bar{y})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i^2 - 2x_i \bar{x} + \bar{x}^2)} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \bar{y} - \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x} y_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x} \bar{y}}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - 2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \bar{x} + \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x}^2} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \bar{y} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - \bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^n y_i + \bar{x} \bar{y} n}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - 2 \bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i + \bar{x}^2 n} \quad | \div n | \div \bar{x} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \bar{y} \bar{x} - \bar{x} \bar{y} + \bar{x} \bar{y}}{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - 2 \bar{x}^2 + \bar{x}^2} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \bar{y} \bar{x}}{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \bar{x}^2} = \frac{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \frac{1}{n^2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2} \quad | \div \frac{1}{n^2} | \div \bar{x} \\ &= \frac{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

∴ Son equivalentes.

2 Verifique analíticamente que la media de Y es igual a la media de sus estimaciones.

$$\bar{Y} = \bar{\hat{Y}}$$

$$\bar{Y} = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} \bar{X} \quad \hat{Y}_i = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} X_i$$

$$\hat{Y}_i = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} X_i \Rightarrow \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{Y}_i}{n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\alpha} + \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\beta} X_i}{n} \Rightarrow \bar{\hat{Y}} = \frac{\hat{\alpha} n}{n} + \hat{\beta} \bar{X}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{\hat{Y}} = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} \bar{X} = \bar{Y}$$

$$\therefore \bar{Y} = \bar{\hat{Y}}$$

3 Verifique que la suma simple de los residuales es nula.

$$\sum_{i=1}^n e_i = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_i &= Y_i - \bar{Y} \\ x_i &= X_i - \bar{X} \\ \hat{y}_i &= \hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} e_i &= y_i - \hat{y}_i \\ &= y_i - \hat{\beta} x_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{\beta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$

» $\bar{Y} = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} \bar{X}$ se estima las variables involucradas e

$$\hat{\alpha} = \bar{Y} - \hat{\beta} \bar{X}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i = n\hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i = \hat{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i + \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n e_i &= \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{\beta} x_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\beta} x_i = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i - \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \bar{Y}) - \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}) = \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{Y} - \hat{\beta} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{X} \right) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - n \bar{Y} - \hat{\beta} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \bar{X} n \right) = \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - n \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{n} \right) - \hat{\beta} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i - n \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - \hat{\beta} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i - \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \right) = 0 - \hat{\beta} 0 = 0 \end{aligned}$$