## Higher-Order unification for free

Reusing the meta-language unification for the object language

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## Metaprogramming for type-class resolution

- Our goal:
  - Type-class solver for Coq in Elpi
  - ► The goal of a type-class solver is to back-chain lemmas taken from a database of 'type-class instances'.
- Our problem:
  - ► Elpi cannot unify correctly HO term of Coq
  - ▶ But we want to make unification in Elpi
- Our contribution:
  - Reusing the meta-language unification for the object language

## A type-class problem in Coq

```
Instance forall_dec: \forall A P, Finite A \rightarrow (* r3 *) (\forall x:A, Decision (P x)) \rightarrow Decision (\forall x:A, P x).

Goal Decision (\forall x: fin 7, nfact x 3). (* q *)
```

### A type-class problem in Coq

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Goal Decision (\forall x: \text{fin 7, nfact x 3}). (* g *)

• {A \mapsto \text{fin 7; } P \mapsto \lambda x.(\text{nfact x 3})}
```

### A type-class problem in Coq

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Instance forall_dec: \forall A \ P, Finite A \rightarrow (* \ r3 \ *) (\forall x:A, \ Decision \ (P \ x)) \rightarrow Decision \ (\forall x:A, \ P \ x).
```

Goal Decision (
$$\forall x$$
: fin 7, nfact x 3). (\*  $g$  \*)

- $\{A \mapsto fin \ 7; P \mapsto \lambda x. (nfact \ x \ 3)\}$
- subgoals:

```
Finite (fin 7) and (\forall x: A, Decision ((\lambda x.(nfact x 3)) x))
```

# Coq terms in elpi: HOAS

Coq	Elpi
f	c"f"
f∙a	app[c"f", c"a"]
$\lambda(x:T).F\cdot x$	<pre>fun T (x\ app[F, x])</pre>
$\forall (x:T), Fx$	<pre>app[c"f", c"a"] fun T (x\ app[F, x]) all T (x\ app[F, x])</pre>

- variable bindings and substitutions are for free
- easy term inspection

# The above type-class problem in elpi

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# The above type-class problem in elpi

## Solving the goal in elpi

## What we propose

- Compilation:
  - ▶ Recognize *problematic subterms*  $p_1, ..., p_n$
  - ▶ Replace  $p_i$  with fresh unification variables  $X_i$
  - ► Link p<sub>i</sub> with X<sub>i</sub>
    A link is a suspended unification problem
- 2 Runtime:
  - ▶ Unify  $p_i$  and  $X_i$  only when some conditions hold
  - Decompile remaining links

#### The idea

#### Some notations

- P: the unification problems in the object language (ol)
- Q: the unification problems in the meta-language (ml)
- L, M: the link store, the map store

- $\operatorname{run}_o(\mathbb{P}, n) \mapsto \rho$ : the run of n unif pb in the ol
- $\operatorname{run}_m(\mathbb{P},n)\mapsto \rho'$ : the run of n unif pb in the ml
- $\operatorname{step}_o(\mathbb{P}, i, \rho_{i-1}) \mapsto \rho_i$ : the execution of the  $i^{th}$  unif pb in ol
- $\operatorname{step}_m(\mathbb{Q}, i, \sigma_{i-1}, \mathbb{L}_{i-1}) \mapsto (\sigma_i, \mathbb{L}_i)$ : the exec of the  $i^{th}$  unif pb in ml

### Proven properties

Run Equivalence  $\forall \mathbb{P}, \forall n$ , if  $\mathbb{P} \subseteq \mathcal{L}_{\lambda}$ 

$$\operatorname{run}_o(\mathbb{P},n) \mapsto \rho \wedge \operatorname{run}_m(\mathbb{P},n) \mapsto \rho' \Rightarrow \forall s \in \mathbb{P}, \rho s =_o \rho' s$$

Simulation fidelity  $\forall \mathbb{P}$ , in the context of  $\operatorname{run}_o$  and  $\operatorname{run}_m$ ,  $\forall i \in 1 \dots n$ ,

$$\operatorname{step}_o(\mathbb{P},i,\rho_{i-1}) \mapsto \rho_i \Leftrightarrow \operatorname{step}_m(\mathbb{Q},i,\sigma_{i-1},\mathbb{L}_{i-1}) \mapsto (\sigma_i,\mathbb{L}_i)$$

Compilation round trip If the compilation of s gives a term t and the stores  $\mathbb L$  and  $\mathbb M$  then

$$\langle, \mathbb{M}, \mathbb{L}\rangle^{-1} \mapsto \rho \wedge \rho t =_{o} s$$

Problematic subterm recognition

## Sketch of $\diamond \beta$ links

• An example, let x be a bound variable:

- Unification of  $\mathbb{Q}_0$  gives:  $\{A \mapsto (\mathbb{W} \setminus app[c"f", \mathbb{W}, c"a"])\}$
- Decompilation of A gives  $\{X \mapsto \lambda y.f.y.a\}$

## Sketch of $\diamond \eta$ links

- $\lambda x.s \in \Diamond \eta$ , if  $\exists \rho, \rho(\lambda x.s)$  is an  $\eta$ -redex
- Detection of  $\diamond \eta$  terms is not trivial:

```
\lambda x.f \cdot (A \cdot x) \qquad \qquad \in \land \eta \quad \rho = \{ A \mapsto \lambda x.x \}
\lambda x.f \cdot (A \cdot x) \cdot x \qquad \qquad \in \land \eta \quad \rho = \{ A \mapsto \lambda x.a \}
\lambda x.\lambda y.f \cdot (A \cdot x) \cdot (B \cdot y \cdot x) \qquad \in \land \eta \quad \rho = \{ A \mapsto \lambda x.x ; B \mapsto \lambda y.\lambda x.y \}
\lambda x.f \cdot x \cdot (A \cdot x) \qquad \notin \land \eta
```

## Sketch of $\diamond \eta$ link resumption

• An example:

```
\begin{split} \mathbb{P} &= \{ & f \simeq_o \lambda x. (f \cdot (X \cdot x)) \} \\ \mathbb{Q} &= \{ c "f" \simeq_m A \} \\ \mathbb{M} &= \{ X \mapsto_B \} \\ \mathbb{L} &= \{ \vdash A =_\eta \text{ fun } (x \land \text{app[c"f", B x]}) \} \end{split}
```

- After unification of A with c"f", the lhs of the link becomes rigid and fun (x\ app[c"f", B x]) is unified with fun (x\ app[c"f", x])
- That is  $\{B \mapsto x \setminus x\}$
- Decompilation will assign  $\lambda x.x$  to X

### Sketch of $\diamond \mathcal{L}_{\lambda}$ links

• An example:

- After unification of A with fun (x\ c"a"), the rhs of the L<sub>λ</sub>-link becomes c"a"<sup>1</sup>, the link is triggered and B is unified to c"a"
- Decompilation will assign  $\lambda x.a$  to X

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>after a  $\beta$ -reduction step

### Going further: the Constraint Handling Rules

- Elpi has a CHR for goal suspension and resumption
- This fits well our notion of link: a suspended unification problem

This can easily introduce new unification behaviors

- We can for example mimic the unification of the ol
- Add heuristic for HO unification outside the pattern fragment

% By def, R is not in the pattern fragment
link-llam L R :- not (var L), unif-heuristic L R.

#### Conclusion

- Takes advantage of the unification capabilities of the meta language at the price of handling problematic sub-terms on the side.
- It is worth mentioning that we replace terms with variables only when it is strictly needed, leaving the rest of the term structure intact and hence *indexable*.
- Our approach is flexible enough to accommodate different strategies and *heuristics* to handle terms outside the pattern fragment