

**SISTEM TERDISTRIBUSI**  
**“Konfigurasi server DNS dan client”**



**Disusun oleh :**

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**PROGRAM STUDI SISTEM KOMPUTER**  
**FAKULTAS ILMU KOMPUTER**  
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**PALEMBANG**  
**2024**

## 1. Jelaskan perintah berikut untuk install bind9

- apt install bind9

```
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri# apt install bind9
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
bind9 is already the newest version (1:9.18.18-0ubuntu0.22.04.2).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 85 not upgraded.
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri#
```

Jika status firewall pada server aktif maka silahkan di Allow pada port 53 dengan perintah

- ufw allow 53

```
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri# ufw allow 53
Help
Adding existing rule
Adding existing rule (v6)
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri#
```

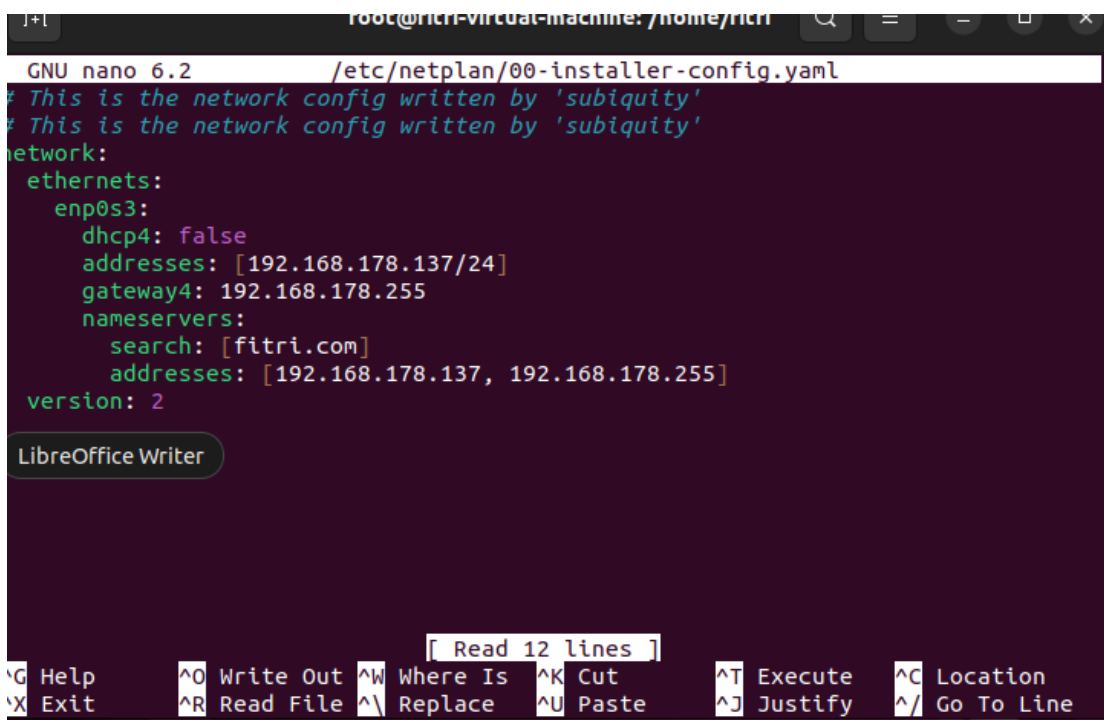
## 2. Konfigurasi Network Interface

Sebelumnya kita konfigurasi IP Address secara Static, Resolv.conf dan hosts seperti dibawah ini.

- nano /etc/netplan/00-installer-config.yaml

```
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri# nano /etc/netplan/00-installer-config.yaml
```

Konfigurasi interface



```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/netplan/00-installer-config.yaml
# This is the network config written by 'subiquity'
# This is the network config written by 'subiquity'
network:
  ethernets:
    enp0s3:
      dhcp4: false
      addresses: [192.168.178.137/24]
      gateway4: 192.168.178.255
      nameservers:
        search: [fitri.com]
        addresses: [192.168.178.137, 192.168.178.255]
  version: 2
```

Konfigurasi Resolv.conf

- nano /etc/resolv.conf

```
nameserver 192.168.178.137
nameserver 192.168.178.255
options edns0 trust-ad
search fitri.com
```

## Konfigurasi Hosts

- **nano /etc/hosts**

```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1    localhost
127.0.1.1    fitri-virtual-machine
192.168.178.137 fitri.com
```

## 3. Konfigurasi DNS Server

- **nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local**

Pada bagian ini BIND9 akan dikonfigurasi sebagai server utama dengan contoh nama domain menggunakan nama aspal.com. rekan-rekan cukup mengganti fitri.com dengan FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name)

```
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri# cp /etc/bind/db.local /etc/bind/db.fitri
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri#
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/bind/named.conf.local *
// Consider adding the 1918 zones here, if they are not used in your
// organization
//include "/etc/bind/zones.rfc1918";
zone "fitri.com" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.fitri";
};
zone "2.in-addr.arpa" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.192";
};
```

selanjutnya gunakan file zone yang sudah ada sebagai template untuk membuat file /etc/bind/db.fitri

- **cp /etc/bind/db.local /etc/bind/db.fitri**

edit seperti dibawah ini. Untuk Coomon Record Types

```
root@fitri-virtual-machine:/home/fitri# nano /etc/bind/db.fitri
```

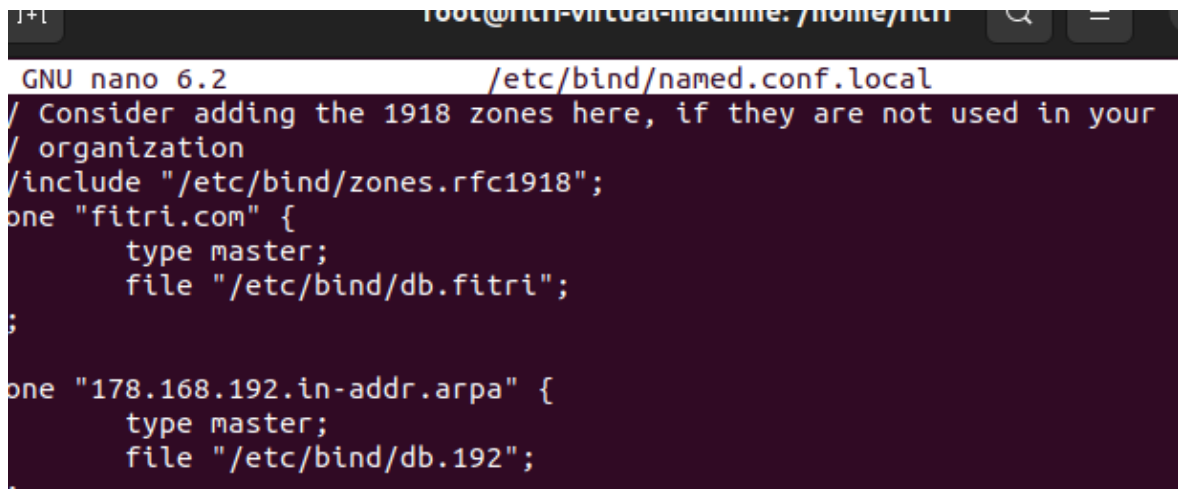
```
root@fitri-virtual-machine: /home/fitri
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/bind/db.fitri
;
; BIND data file for local loopback interface
;
$TTL      604800
@ IN SOA localhost. root.localhost. (
    2      ; Serial
    604800 ; Refresh
    86400  ; Retry
    2419200 ; Expire
    604800 ) ; Negative Cache TTL
;
@ IN NS  localhost.
@ IN A   127.0.0.1
@ IN AAAA ::1
```

Simpan perubahan lalu restart service BIND9

- **systemctl restart bind9.service**

Selanjutnya kita akan membuat Reverse zone file. Reverse zone perlu ditambahkan untuk memungkinkan DNS untuk me resolv dari IP Address ke nama domain. Edit file /etc/bind/named.conf.local lalu Tambahkan script dibawah ini.

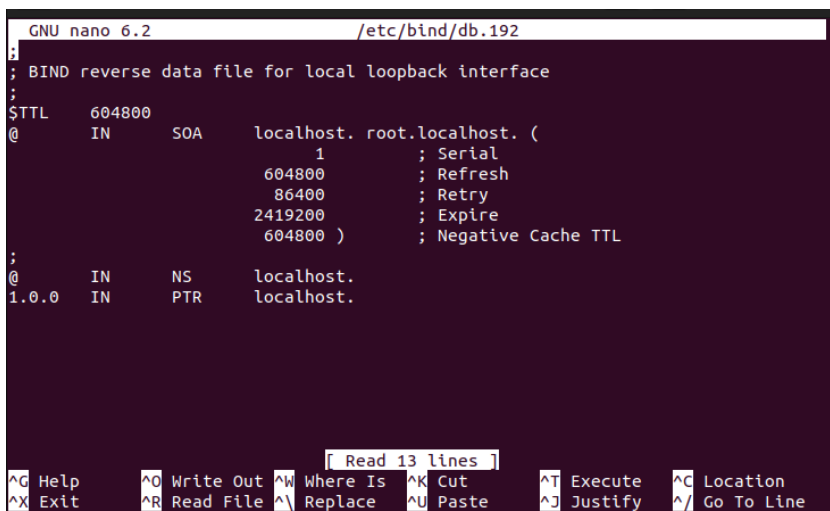
- **nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local**
- **nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local**

A screenshot of a terminal window showing the nano 6.2 text editor editing the file /etc/bind/named.conf.local. The terminal has a dark background with light-colored text. The file content includes a comment about adding 1918 zones, an include statement for zones.rfc1918, and two zone definitions: one for 'fitri.com' and another for '178.168.192.in-addr.arpa'. Both are configured as master zones with specific database files.

```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/bind/named.conf.local
/ Consider adding the 1918 zones here, if they are not used in your
/ organization
/include "/etc/bind/zones.rfc1918";
zone "fitri.com" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.fitri";
};
zone "178.168.192.in-addr.arpa" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.192";
};
```

Selanjutnya buat file /etc/bind/db.192

- **cp /etc/bind/db.127 /etc/bind/db.192**
- **nano /etc/bind/db.192**

A screenshot of a terminal window showing the nano 6.2 text editor editing the file /etc/bind/db.192. The terminal has a dark background with light-colored text. The file content is a BIND reverse data file for the local loopback interface, containing SOA and NS/PTR records for localhost and 1.0.0.

```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/bind/db.192
;
; BIND reverse data file for local loopback interface
;
$TTL      604800
@        IN      SOA      localhost. root.localhost. (
                        1      ; Serial
                        604800  ; Refresh
                        86400   ; Retry
                        2419200 ; Expire
                        604800 ) ; Negative Cache TTL
;
@        IN      NS       localhost.
1.0.0    IN      PTR      localhost.
```

Simpan perubahan lalu restart service BIND9

- **systemctl restart bind9.service**
- **nano /etc/bind/named.conf.options**

```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/bind/named.conf.options
If your ISP provided one or more IP addresses for stable
// nameservers, you probably want to use them as forwarders.
// Uncomment the following block, and insert the addresses replacing
// the all-0's placeholder.

// forwarders {
//     0.0.0.0;
// };
```

Simpan perubahan lalu restart service BIND9

- **systemctl restart bind9.service**

#### 4. Pengetesan

pengkonfigurasi ip pada pc client disini saya menggunakan windows sebagai client

```
C:\Users\LENOVO>ping 192.168.178.137

Pinging 192.168.178.137 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.178.137: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.178.137: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.178.137: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.178.137: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.178.137:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 1ms

C:\Users\LENOVO>ping www.fitri.com

Pinging www.fitri.com [13.248.169.48] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 13.248.169.48: bytes=32 time=19ms TTL=249
Reply from 13.248.169.48: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=249
Reply from 13.248.169.48: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=249
Reply from 13.248.169.48: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=249

Ping statistics for 13.248.169.48:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 14ms, Maximum = 19ms, Average = 15ms

C:\Users\LENOVO>
```

Telihat disana saat pengetesan ping pada ip 192.168.178.137 bisa. Ping pada situs www.fitri.com pun selesai dan pc client pun terhubung

