

Johnson bound

In applied mathematics, the **Johnson bound** (named after **Selmer Martin Johnson**) is a limit on the size of **error-correcting codes**, as used in **coding theory** for **data transmission** or communications.

1 Definition

Let C be a q -ary **code** of length n , i.e. a subset of \mathbb{F}_q^n . Let d be the minimum distance of C , i.e.

$$d = \min_{x, y \in C, x \neq y} d(x, y),$$

where $d(x, y)$ is the **Hamming distance** between x and y .

Let $C_q(n, d)$ be the set of all q -ary codes with length n and minimum distance d and let $C_q(n, d, w)$ denote the set of codes in $C_q(n, d)$ such that every element has exactly w nonzero entries.

Denote by $|C|$ the number of elements in C . Then, we define $A_q(n, d)$ to be the largest size of a code with length n and minimum distance d :

$$A_q(n, d) = \max_{C \in C_q(n, d)} |C|.$$

Similarly, we define $A_q(n, d, w)$ to be the largest size of a code in $C_q(n, d, w)$:

$$A_q(n, d, w) = \max_{C \in C_q(n, d, w)} |C|.$$

Theorem 1 (Johnson bound for $A_q(n, d)$):

If $d = 2t + 1$,

$$A_q(n, d) \leq \frac{q^n}{\sum_{i=0}^t \binom{n}{i} (q-1)^i + \frac{\binom{n}{t+1} (q-1)^{t+1} - \binom{d}{t} A_q(n, d, d)}{A_q(n, d, t+1)}}$$

If $d = 2t$,

$$A_q(n, d) \leq \frac{q^n}{\sum_{i=0}^t \binom{n}{i} (q-1)^i + \frac{\binom{n}{t+1} (q-1)^{t+1}}{A_q(n, d, t+1)}}.$$

Theorem 2 (Johnson bound for $A_q(n, d, w)$):

(i) If $d > 2w$,

$$A_q(n, d, w) = 1.$$

(ii) If $d \leq 2w$, then define the variable e as follows. If d is even, then define e through the relation $d = 2e$; if d is odd, define e through the relation $d = 2e - 1$. Let $q^* = q - 1$. Then,

$$A_q(n, d, w) \leq \left\lfloor \frac{nq^*}{w} \left\lfloor \frac{(n-1)q^*}{w-1} \left\lfloor \dots \left\lfloor \frac{(n-w+e)q^*}{e} \right\rfloor \dots \right\rfloor \right\rfloor \right\rfloor$$

where $\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$ is the **floor function**.

Remark: Plugging the bound of Theorem 2 into the bound of Theorem 1 produces a numerical upper bound on $A_q(n, d)$.

2 See also

- Singleton bound
- Hamming bound
- Plotkin bound
- Elias Bassalygo bound
- Gilbert–Varshamov bound
- Griesmer bound

3 References

- Johnson, Selmer Martin (April 1962). "A new upper bound for error-correcting codes". *IRE Transactions on Information Theory*: 203–207.
- Huffman, William Cary; Pless, Vera S. (2003). *Fundamentals of Error-Correcting Codes*. Cambridge University Press. ISBN 978-0-521-78280-7.

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4.1 Text

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