

Code:

ASSUME CS: CODE, DS:DATA

DATA SEGMENT

ASCII DW " "

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

START:MOV AX,DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV AX,ASCII

SUB AX,30H

INT 21H

CODE ENDS

END START

Explanation:

ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

Tell assembler: use CODE for CS and DATA for DS.

DATA SEGMENT

ASCII DW " "

DATA ENDS

Define data segment; ASCII is a word initialized with a space character.

CODE SEGMENT

START: MOV AX, DATA

Get address of DATA segment into AX (prepare DS).

MOV DS, AX

Load DS with that address — now data variables are accessible.

MOV AX, ASCII

Move the 16-bit value at label ASCII into AX.

ADD AX, 30H

Add 30h to AX (intended to convert a ASCII to BCD — operates on whole AX here).

INT 21H

Call DOS interrupt 21h — undefined here because AH (DOS function) and parameter register (e.g. DL) are not set.

CODE ENDS

END START

End code segment; program entry point = START.

Code:

DATA SEGMENT

X DB 0B2H

DB 100 DUP (00)

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS: CODE, DS: DATA

START:MOV AX, DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV AX, 0000H

MOV BX, 0000H

MOV AL, X

MOV CL, 0AH

REPEAT:DIV CL

MOV [BX+8],AH

INC BX

MOV AH, 00H

CMP AL,CL

JMP REPEAT

MOV [BX+8], AL

INT 3H

CODE ENDS

END START

DATA SEGMENT

X DB 0B2H

DB 100 DUP (00)

DATA ENDS

X DB 0B2H → byte X = 0xB2 (178 decimal).

DB 100 DUP (00) → reserve 100 bytes (buffer) initialized to 0.

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS: CODE, DS: DATA

START: MOV AX, DATA

MOV DS, AX

Load DATA segment base into AX, then DS = AX → DS points to data.

MOV AX, 0000H

MOV BX, 0000H

AX = 0x0000, BX = 0x0000 (BX used as byte-index into buffer).

MOV AL, X

AL = [DS:offset of X] = 0xB2 ; AX = 0x00B2.

MOV CL, 0AH

CL = 10 (divisor for decimal digit extraction).

REPEAT: DIV CL

DIV CL divides AX by CL (unsigned):

Quotient → AL, Remainder → AH.

Example 1st iter: 178 / 10 → AL = 17, AH = 8.

MOV [BX+8], AH

Store remainder (digit) at memory DS:[BX+8].

First store at offset 8, then 9, etc.

INC BX

BX = BX + 1 (move to next buffer slot).

MOV AH, 00H

Clear AH so next DIV uses AX = 0x00?? where ?? = previous AL (quotient).

CMP AL, CL

JMP REPEAT

CMP AL,CL compares quotient with 10.

BUG: JMP REPEAT is unconditional → infinite loop.

Intended: repeat only if quotient ≥ 10 (i.e., need more digits). Use conditional jump, e.g. `CMP AL,CL / JAE REPEAT` (unsigned) or `CMP AL,10 / JAE REPEAT`.

`MOV [BX+8], AL`

`INT 3H`

After loop: store final quotient (single most-significant digit) at `DS:[BX+8]`.

`INT 3H` — breakpoint.