

WEB DEV SEMINAR

DAY 07 - JAVASCRIPT

HTML



JS



CSS



WEB DEV SEMINAR

Contents

The firsts 7 tasks are provided as HTML pages. You have to interact with the HTML code given to solve the exercises. These very HTML files will be used to correct your exercises, so make sure that your JavaScript files do not require to edit the HTML code.



No edition of HTML code is necessary. In fact you must not add them in your delivery.



The use of any external library or any code that you may have copy/pasted from the Internet is forbidden.



Today, Javascript is much more powerful than when jQuery came out, **17 years ago**.

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Task 01

Delivery: `script/task01.js`

Resource: `task01.html`

Display the number of clicks made in the white box block.

Task 02

Delivery: `script/task02.js`

Resource: `task02.html`

Make a dialog box appear, prompting “What’s your name ?” when one clicks on the white block.

If no name is filled, the dialog must keep showing up until a name is filled.

Once a name is filled, make a confirmation box appear, displaying “Are you sure that **name** is your name ?”

If the name is confirmed, an alert box with the content “Hello **name** !” must be displayed. That content will also be displayed in the white box.

Task 03

Delivery: `script/task03.js`

Resource: `task03.html`

Display in the white box the last 42 characters entered from the keyboard on this page.

Task 04

Delivery: `script/task04.js`

Resource: `task04.html`

The + and - buttons must respectively increase or decrease the page's font size.

The dropdown menu must change the page background color.

Task 05

Delivery: `script/task05.js`

Resource: `task05.html`

Draw a white triangle inside the canvas with:

- ✓ a 1px border ;
- ✓ the following coordinates: {6, 6}, {14, 10}, {6, 14}.

A click on the play button must play the music found at [this URL](#).

Finally, make the control buttons for Pause, Stop and Mute work as expected.

Task 06

Delivery: `script/task06.js`

Resource: `task06.html`

Make sure you can drag the black square inside the white box to move it.

Then, display in the second white box the relative position of the black square, replacing the “?”s with its x and y coordinates.

Task 07

Delivery: `script/task07.js`

Resource: `task07.html`

When the link in the white box is clicked:

- ✓ a cookie `acceptsCookies` is created ;
- ✓ it expires in 1 day ;
- ✓ its value is `true`.

The message in the white box must not be displayed if:

- ✓ the cookie is already defined ;
- ✓ its value is `true`.

However, you will need to make a second white box appear with a button “Delete the cookie”.

When this button is clicked:

- ✓ the second white box is deleted ;
- ✓ the cookie is deleted ;
- ✓ the first message reappears.

From now on, you will have to write your own HTML along with the corresponding Javascript file.

For each exercise, create a `.js` file and the appropriate `index.html` to show that your script works.



In the following exercises, the instructions must be executed after the page is fully loaded.



If you feel you are doing a bit of magic, fear not!!! That's because you *are* doing magic!
Remember, you are the master of all things, a master among masters.
The DOM shall bow before you.
PS: Try not to get yourself hurt!



Task 08

Delivery: task08/index.html, task08/selector.js

This JS file contains a function that:

- ✓ selects all elements of hyperlink type that do not have the target="_blank" attribute ;
- ✓ makes them semi-transparent with 50% opacity.

Task 09

Delivery: task09/index.html, task09/event.js

This JS file contains a function that:

- ✓ assigns a “click” event on the first “button” element of the page ;
- ✓ makes all paragraphs of the page disappear when the event is triggered.

Task 10

Delivery: `task10/index.html`, `task10/append.js`

In your page, add a text input with the id “listItem” and a button ;

Write a function that:

- ✓ is called when the button is clicked ;
- ✓ takes the input’s content as an argument ;
- ✓ adds a div after this element, containing the value of the argument.

Task 11

Delivery: `task11/index.html`, `task11/blue.js`

This JS file contains a function that:

- ✓ adds the “blue” class to a paragraph when hovering over it ;
- ✓ toggles the “highlighted” class on a paragraph when clicking it.

Task 12

Delivery: task12/index.html, task12/script.js, task12/style.css

Define a few CSS classes:

- ✓ **note** sets the border of the element to blue ;
- ✓ **email** sets the border of the element to green ;
- ✓ **todo** sets the border of the element to red.

Then, create a form:

- ✓ with a text input ;
- ✓ with a dropdown, containing 3 options (note, email and todo) ;
- ✓ with a button to submit the form ;
- ✓ when submitted, adds the text:
 - to a bullet list displayed under the form ;
 - with the correct css class assigned to it based on the option selected.

Task 13

Delivery: task13/index.html, task13/script.js, task13/style.css



This task is a direct follow-up to the previous one.

Implement a form that will be used to perform searches amongst the created items.

The form should have a dropdown, a “search” button and a “reset” button.



As of now you only need to handle a search by types using a dropdown input with the 3 options. You will implement a search by words in the following exercise.

While searching for “email”, only the corresponding elements remain visible.

The others (note and todo) are not deleted. They are shown again when the search is reset.

The same goes for the other options.

Task 14

Delivery: task14/index.html, task14/script.js, task14/style.css



This task is a direct follow-up to the previous one.

Upgrade your search feature.

Allow the user to search for any string contained in the elements (case insensitively).

For instance, searching for “rick” should display items like:

- ✓ an email from “rick@sanchez.com” ;
- ✓ a todo “Trick Patrick and Derrick with some bricks” ;
- ✓ a note “Awesome list of real pricks” ;
- ✓ ...

Add the possibility to combine your search with words and types, such as:

- ✓ note containing rick ;
- ✓ todo containing trick ;
- ✓ email not containing rick ;
- ✓ ...

Task 15

Delivery: `task15/index.html`, `task15/script.js`, `task15/style.css`



This task is a direct follow-up to the previous one.

Finally, make it possible to add tags to an element of the list.

The tags must also be displayed.

It should be possible to:

- ✓ add multiple tags to the same element, even after its creation.
- ✓ search for “tags” ;
- ✓ search for multiple types of elements simultaneously, such as:
 - email and todo containing rick or trick with tag urgent
 - note or todo containing rick with tag urgent and no tag done
 - ...

If you’ve gotten this far, congratulations!
You now have a basic item list with a search engine.
All done in HTML, CSS and Javascript.

