

Intermediate Representation Trees

Dr. Mattox Beckman

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

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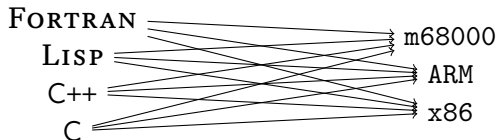
Intermediate Representation Trees

Objectives

- ▶ What is an IR tree?
- ▶ Why do we need them?
- ▶ What do we do with them?

The Problem

- ▶ Problem of complexity
 - ▶ The initial language we want to compile is huge and complex.
 - ▶ The machine code we want to generate is a simple language.
- ▶ Problem of Number
 - ▶ We have many languages we would like to compile.
 - ▶ We have many CPUs we would like to target.



The Solution

- ▶ Introduce an intermediate tree.
 - ▶ More complex than assembly, easy to translate *to*.
 - ▶ Simpler than Tiger, easy to translate *from*.
 - ▶ We can also *reuse different back-ends*.

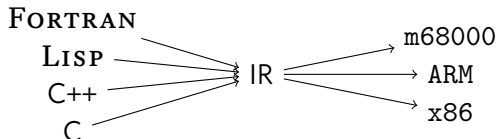


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Expressions

- ▶ We have a type for *expressions*:
 - ▶ Constants (integer)
 - ▶ Names (a label)
 - ▶ Temp (a temporary variable)
 - ▶ Binop (a binary operation and two expressions)
 - ▶ Mem (an expression)
 - ▶ Call (an expression and a list of expressions)
 - ▶ ESeq (a statement and an expression)
- ▶ The label and variable types could be just strings. But you might want something more complex.

Statements

- ▶ We have a type for *statements*:
 - ▶ Move (two expressions)
 - ▶ Exp (an expression)
 - ▶ Jump (an expression and a set of labels)
 - ▶ CJump (a relation, two expressions, and a set of labels.)
 - ▶ Seq (a list of statements)
 - ▶ Label (a label)

Binary Operations

- ▶ Plus
- ▶ Minus
- ▶ Mul
- ▶ Div
- ▶ And
- ▶ Or
- ▶ LShift
- ▶ RShift
- ▶ ARShift
- ▶ XOR

In CLOJURE...

```
1    {:binop :xor}
```

Relational Operations

- ▶ Eq, Ne
- ▶ Lt, Gt
- ▶ Le, Ge
- ▶ ULt, ULe, UGt, Uge

In CLOSURE...

```
1    { :relop :ult }
```

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Time to break ground

- ▶ We will create a new **CLOJURE** project.
- ▶ `lein new app tiger`
- ▶ To start with IR Trees: create the file `src/tiger/ir.clj`.
- ▶ Namespace: `tiger.ir`.
- ▶ You can use `core.typed` if you want. I highly recommend it.

Using `core.typed`

- ▶ In your `project.clj` add the dependency:

```
[org.clojure/core.typed "0.2.77"]
```

- ▶ In your namespace require:

```
(:require [clojure.core.typed :as t])
```

```
1 (t/defalias exp (t/U '[:exp ':const ....] ... ))
```

- ▶ The expression and statement types are mutually recursive: we may have to fudge this. More details later.

Your Work

- ▶ Decide on a representation for each of these types.
- ▶ Write **CLOJURE** functions that construct these for us.

```
1 tiger.ir> (seq [(move (temp "t1") (temp "t2")),
2                (jump (name "L1") #{"L1"})])
3 ; => {:stm :seq
4       :stms [{:stm :move
5                :e1  {:exp :temp, :name "t1"}
6                :e2  {:exp :temp, :name "t2"}},
7              {:stm :jump
8                :dest {:exp :name, :name "L1"}
9                :targets #{"L1"}}]}
```

- ▶ You will also write a function `canonicalize`. I'll explain this next time.