Computer Network Security

TE - IT

Lecture -12
08/08/2022

Session: 12:00 - 1:00 PM

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Module-2

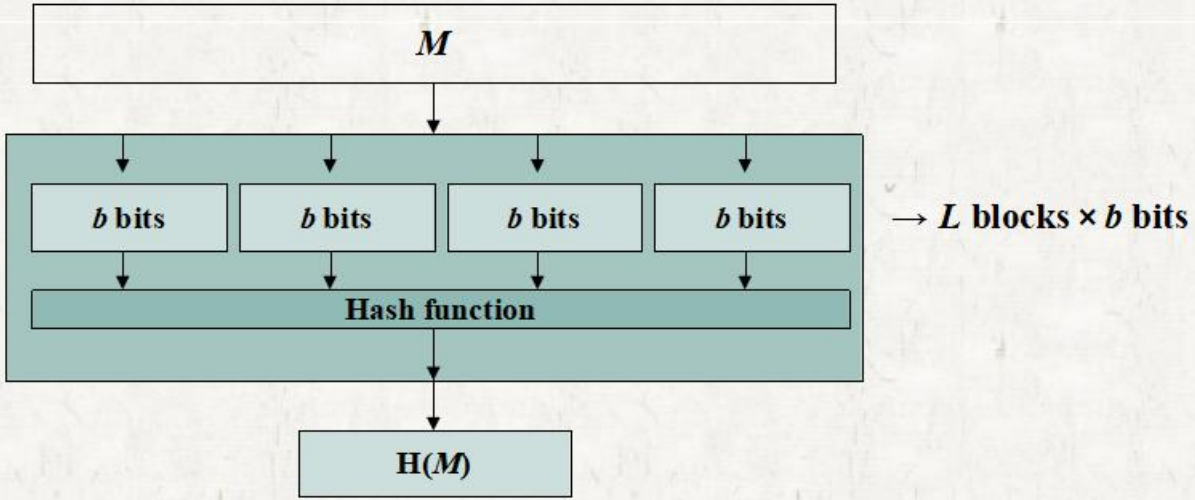
Authentication Algorithms

Hash Functions

- ✓ SHA - 512
- ✓ SHA - 256

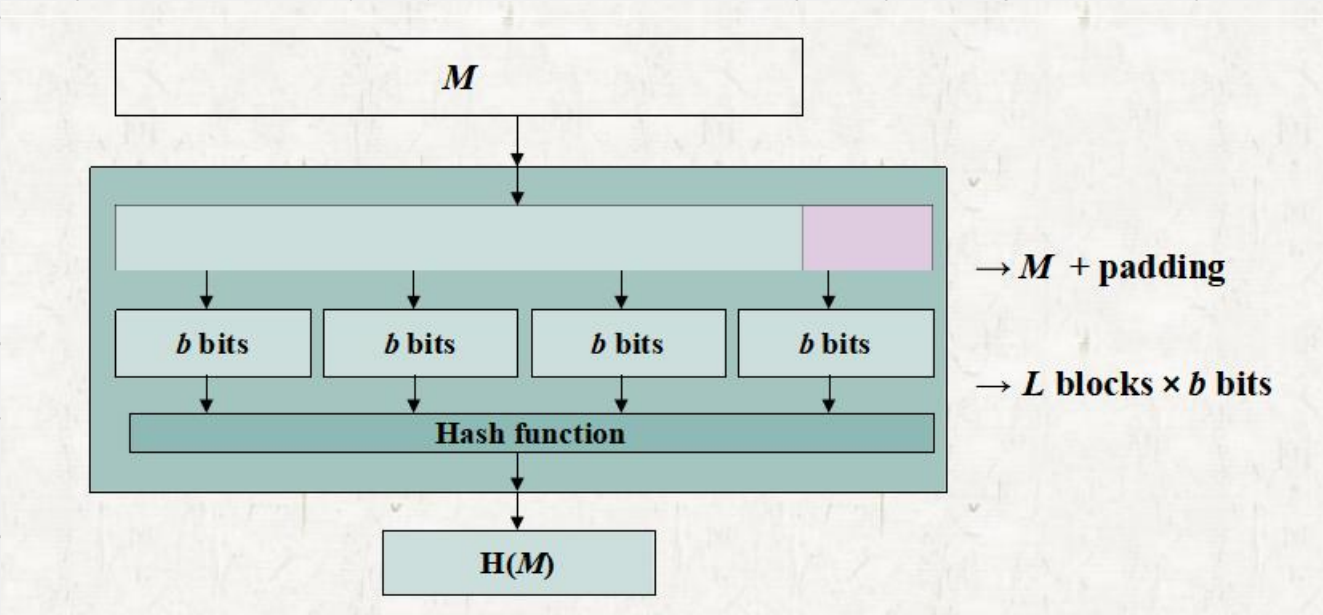
Module-2

Hash Algorithm: It has no Key and No encryption and decryption
It generated fixed length of codes



Module-2

Hash Algorithm: If necessary the last bit is added with the padding bits



SHA - 512

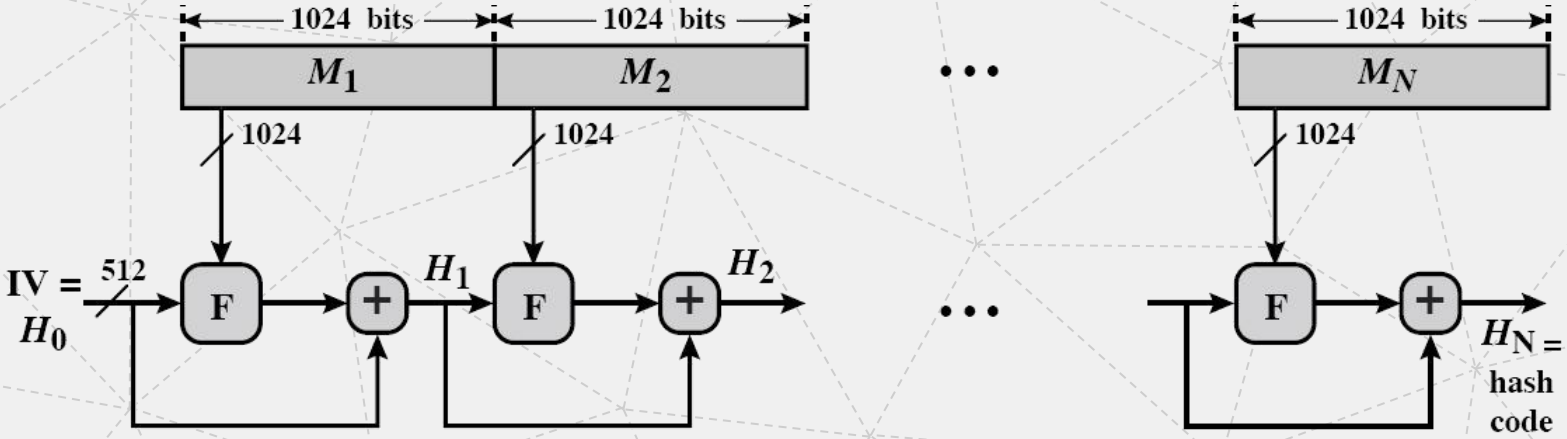
1. Plain Text Block Size = 1024 bits
2. Number of rounds = 80
3. Each round processed with QWORD and CONSTANTS
QWORD = It is generated from PlainText
4. Each Round has buffers (a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h)
5. In SHA - 512 - 8 Buffers which is used to store intermediate results and output of each block.
6. Each buffer size = 64 bit

SHA - 512

1. Pad the bits 10000... so that the length of PT is 128 < multiple of 1024 bits
2. Append 128 bit representation of original PT such that length = multiple of 1024 bits
3. Initialize the buffers (a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h) 64 bits of hexadecimal values
4. Process each block of PT in 80 rounds
5. Output in Buffers is a Hash code (512 bits)

SHA - 512

SHA - 512 Architecture Diagram:



SHA - 512

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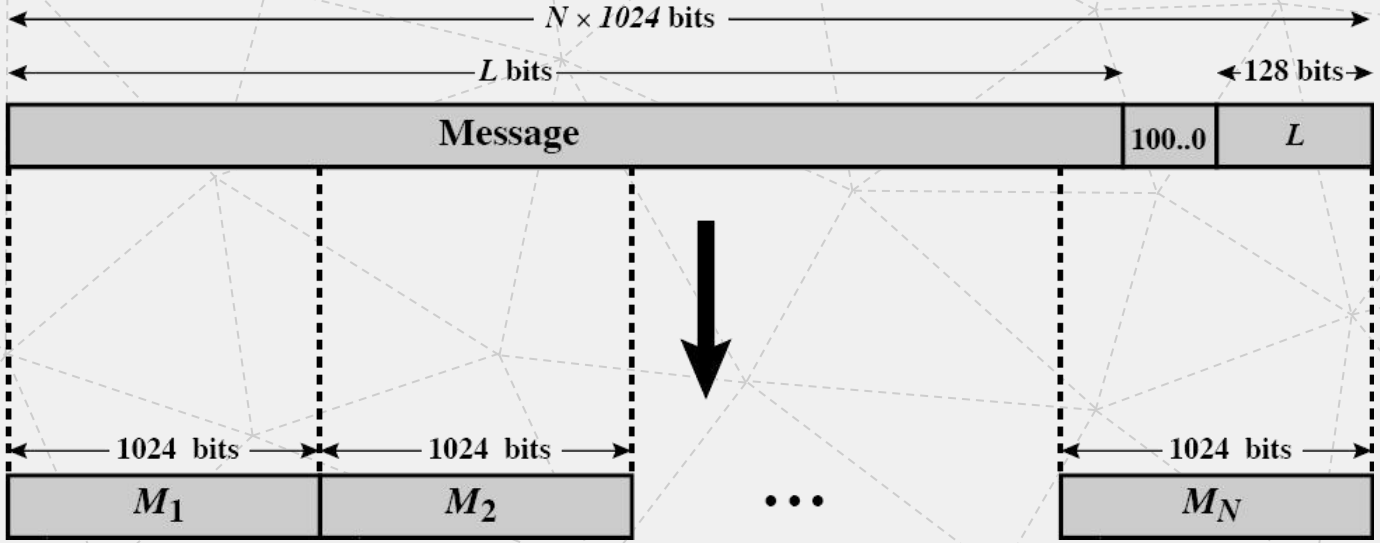
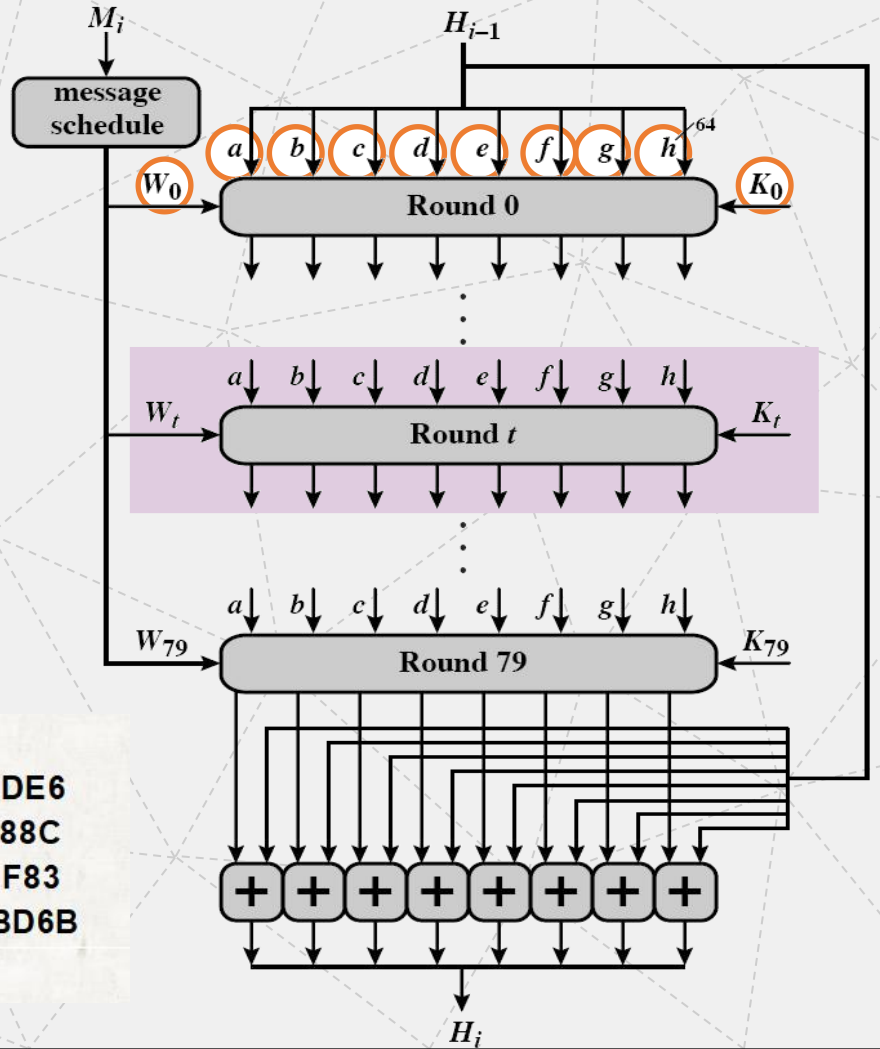


SHA - 512

3. Initialize the buffers (a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h) 64 bits of hexadecimal values for the round function
4. Process each block of PT in 80 rounds

- **three inputs required**

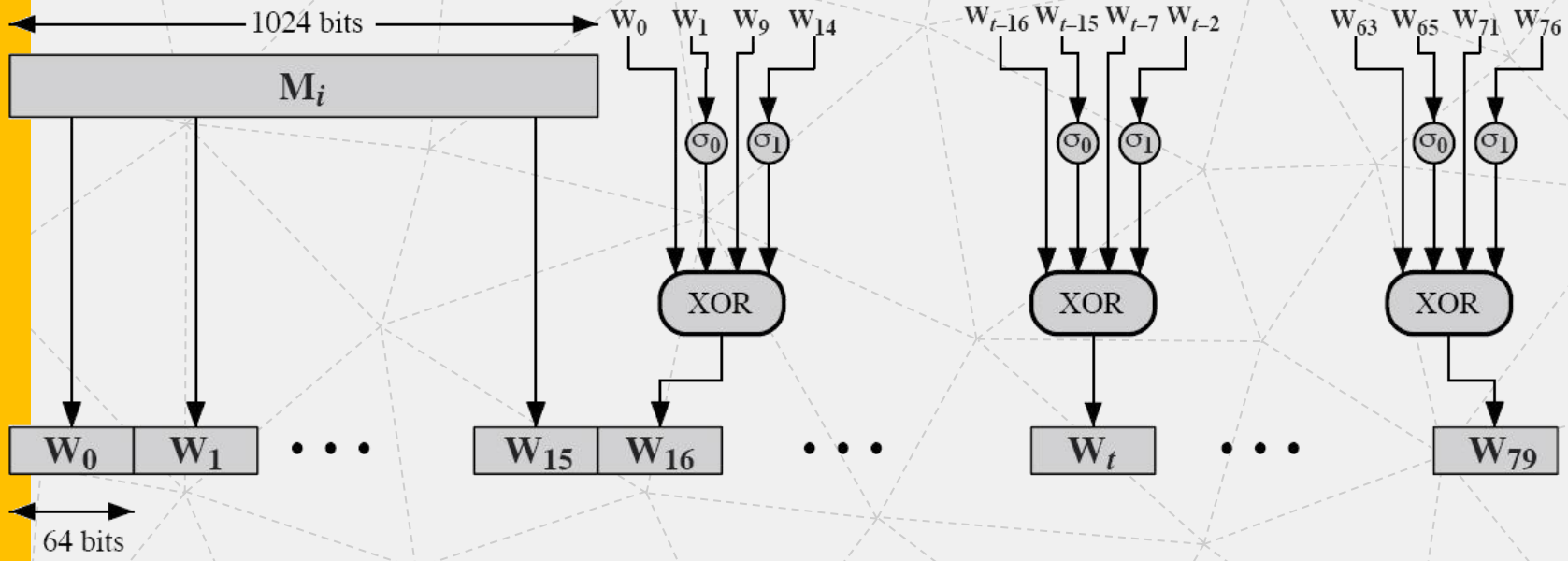
Word = W0 - W79
constant = KO - K79
Buffer = a - h



a	=	6A09 E667 F3BC	e	=	510E 527F ADE6
b	=	C908 BB67 AE85	f	=	82D1 9B05 688C
c	=	84CA A73B 3C6E	g	=	2B3E 6C1F 1F83
d	=	F372 FE94 F82B	h	=	D9AB FB41 BD6B

SHA - 512

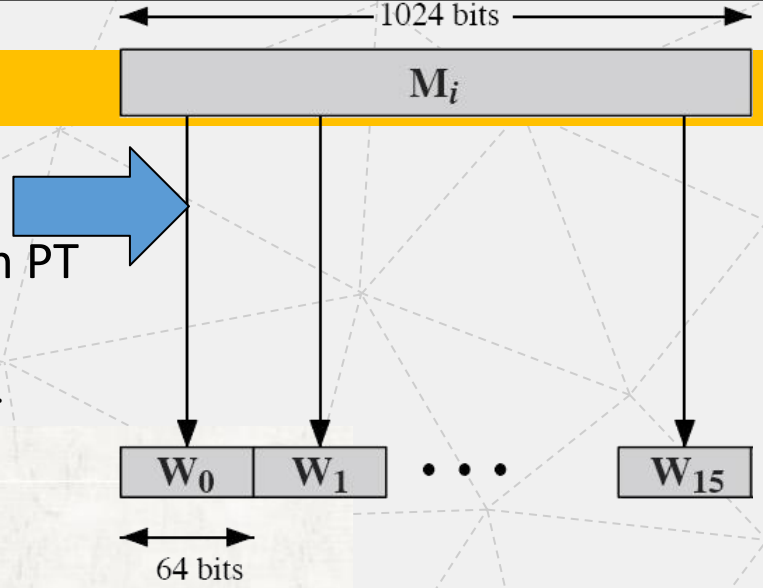
Word Generation:



64 bits x 16 bits = 1024 bits

SHA - 512

Word Generation: W_0 to W_{15} generated from PT



The remaining W_{16} - W_{79} values are defined as follows.

$$W_t = W_{t-16} + \sigma_0^{512}(W_{t-15}) + W_{t-7} + \sigma_1^{512}(W_{t-2})$$

where

$$\sigma_0^{512}(x) = \mathrm{ROTR}^1(x) \oplus \mathrm{ROTR}^8(x) \oplus \mathrm{SHR}^7(x)$$

$$\sigma_1^{512}(x) = \mathrm{ROTR}^{19}(x) \oplus \mathrm{ROTR}^{61}(x) \oplus \mathrm{SHR}^6(x)$$

$\mathrm{SHR}^n(x)$ = left shift of the 64-bit argument x by n bits with padding *by zeroes on the right*

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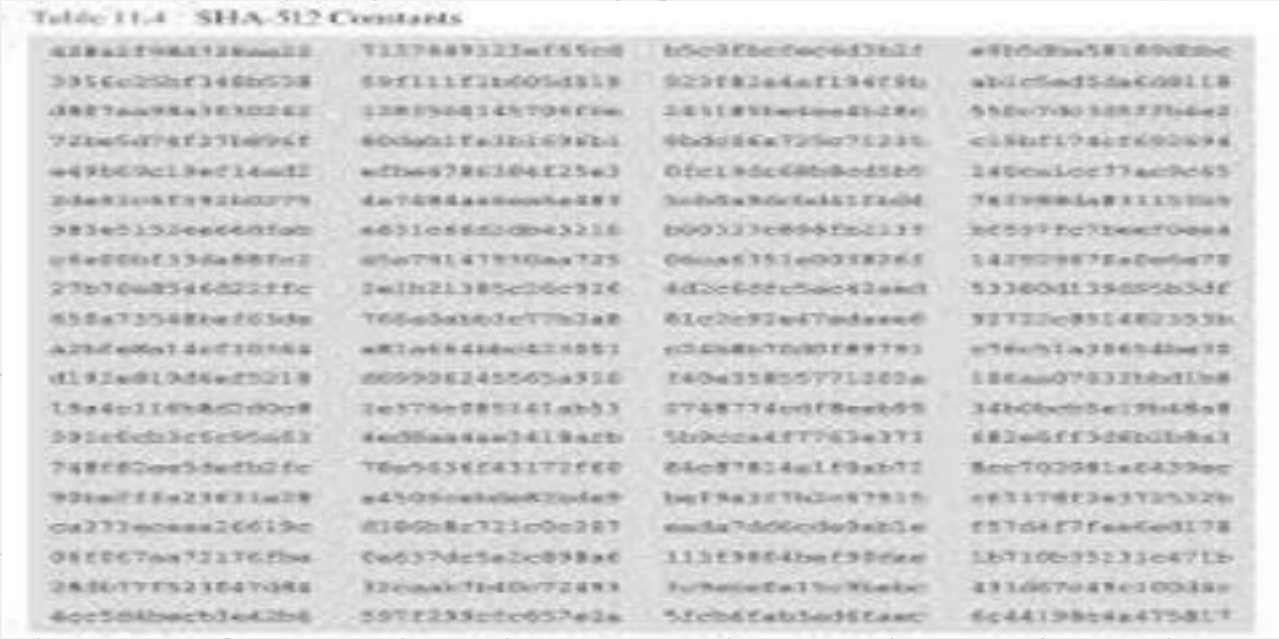
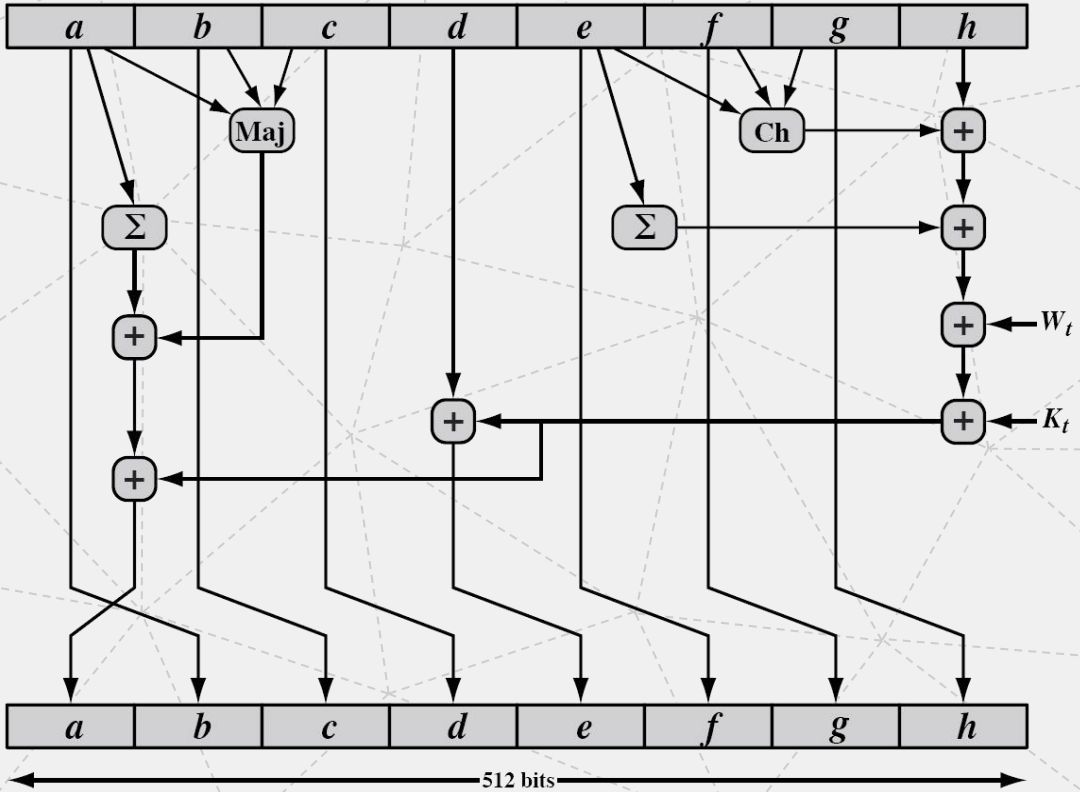
Constants: K_0 - K_{79}



SHA - 512

Processing the Round Function:



$$a = T_1 + T_2 \qquad e = d + T_1$$

$$b = a \qquad f = e$$

$$c = b \qquad g = f$$

$$d = c \qquad h = g$$

SHA - 512

$$T_1 = h + Ch(e,f,g) + (\sum_1^{512} e) + W_t + K_t$$

$$T_2 = (\sum_0^{512} a) + Maj(a,b,c)$$

t = step number; $0 \le t \le 79$

$Ch(e,f,g)$ = (e AND f) $\oplus$ (NOT e AND g)

Maj = (a AND b) $\oplus$ (a AND c) $\oplus$ (b AND c)

$(\sum_0^{512} a)$ = $\text{ROTR}^{28}(a) \oplus \text{ROTR}^{34}(a) \oplus \text{ROTR}^{39}(a)$

$(\sum_1^{512} e)$ = $\text{ROTR}^{14}(e) \oplus \text{ROTR}^{18}(e) \oplus \text{ROTR}^{41}(e)$

$\text{ROTR}^n(x)$ = circular right shift of the 64bit argument x by n bits

W_t = a 64bit word derived from the current 1024bit input block

K_t = a 64bit additive constant

$+$ = addition modulo 2^{64}

THANK YOU