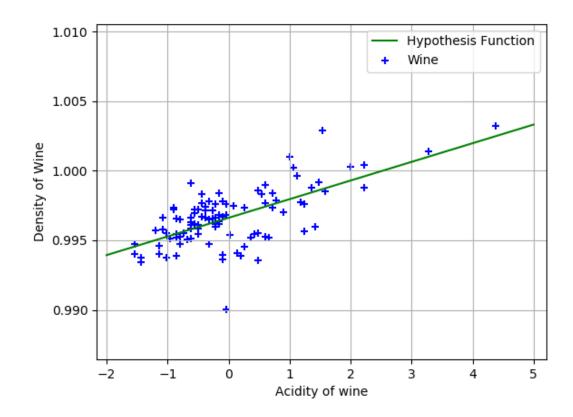
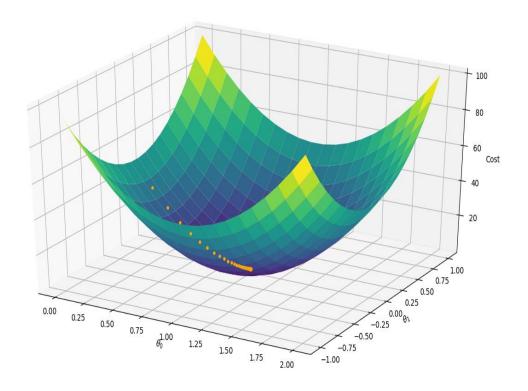
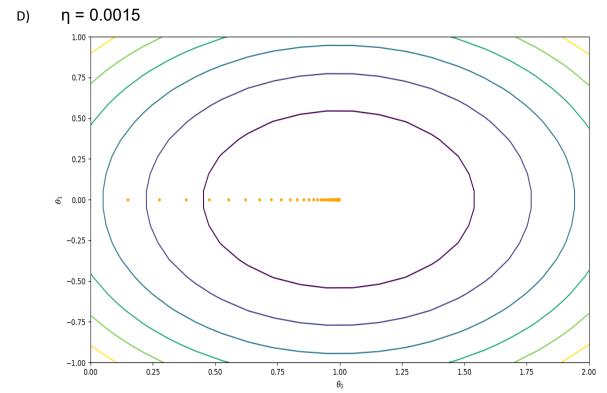
## COL 774: Machine Learning. Assignment 1

1. A) Learning rate = 0.0015, theta =  $[0.9966201\ 0.0013402]^T$  Convergence Condition: error < 0.001 or # of iterations > 1000 B)





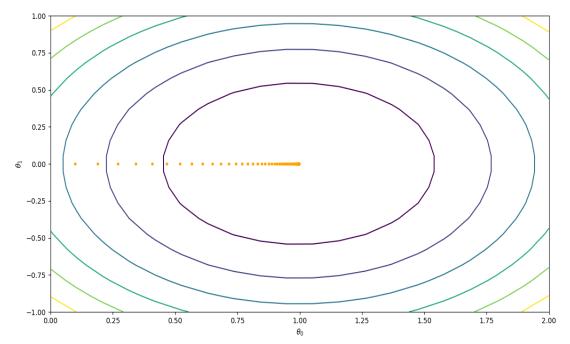


1.50

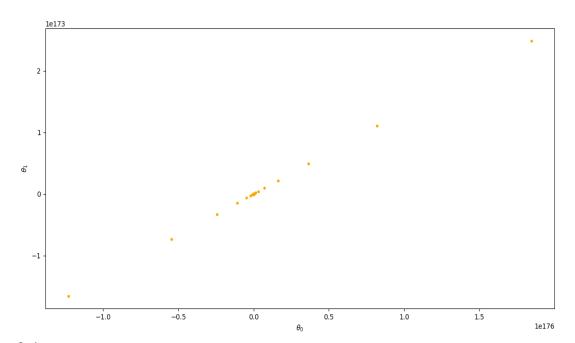
2.00

E)  $\eta = 0.001$ 

0.25

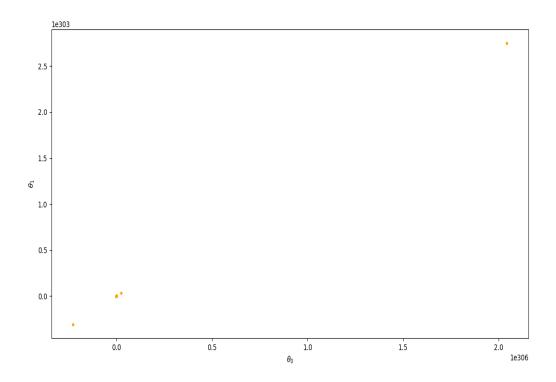


 $\eta = 0.025$ 

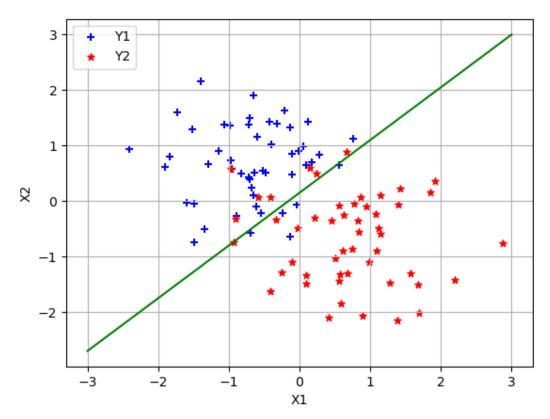


 $\eta = 0.1$ 

We observe that as the learning rate increases beyond a point the cost function starts diverging. Like for  $\eta$  = 0.001 its converging but diverging for  $\eta$  = 0.025 , 0.1 . Initially there are small oscillations and the function still converges . As  $\eta$  increases there are more oscillations near the minimum, each time overshooting even more .



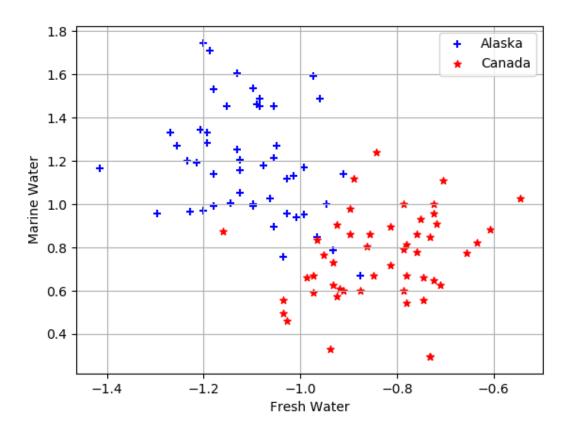
3.)  $a) \ \ \text{theta} = [\ 0.40125316 \ \ 2.5885477 \ \ -2.72558849]^T$ 

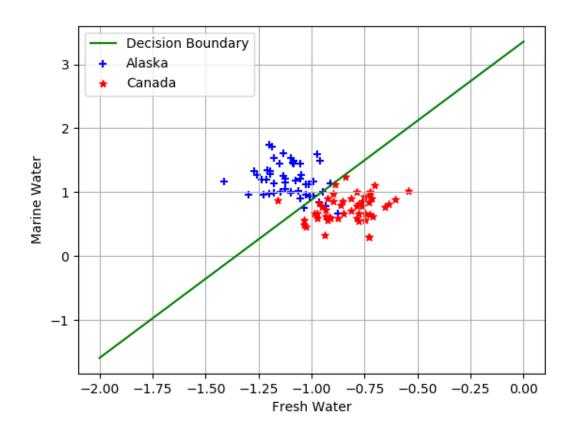


The green line is the decision Boundary

4.)

a) 
$$\mu_0 = [-1.10106488 \ 1.18368785]^T$$
 
$$\mu_1 = [-0.8315402 \ 0.74891723]^T$$
 
$$\Sigma = [[\ 0.0136741 \ -0.00127227] \ [-0.00127227 \ 0.05342744]]$$
 y[i] = 0 corresponds to Alaska





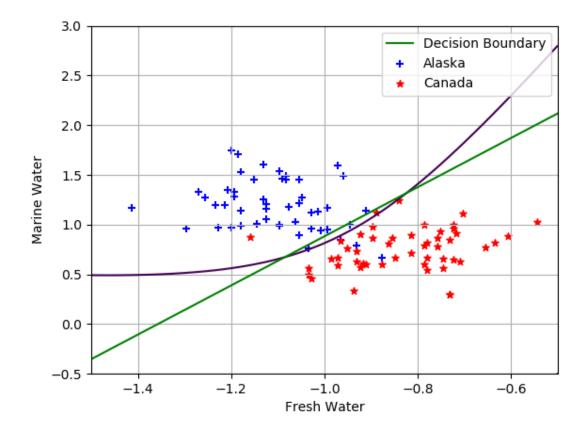
d)

$$\Sigma_0 = \hbox{\tt [[\,0.0121479\,\,-0.0087677\,\,]\,\,[-0.0087677\,\,\,0.06521665]]}$$

 $\Sigma_1 \ = \ [[0.01520029 \ 0.00622316] \quad [0.00622316 \ 0.04163824]]$ 

 $\mu_0 = \, [-1.10106488 \,\, 1.18368785]^T$ 

 $\mu_1 = \ [-0.8315402 \ \ 0.74891723]^T$ 



f) Quadratic decision Boundary does a better job than the linear decision boundary (Logistic Regression). The assumption that the underlying data belong to gaussian distribution is valid to a great extent.

2)

b) [3.00371 0.99475 1.9981] 65183 1

[2.999 0.99 1.99] 28455 100

[2.922 1.01 1.99] 13100 10000

 $[2.983 \ 1.1081 \ 1.99547] \ 6674 \ 1000000$ 

Theta (# of iteration) r

c)Number of iterations inversely proportional to r

The value of theta very close to the given theta

## Speed of convergence is inversely proportional to r

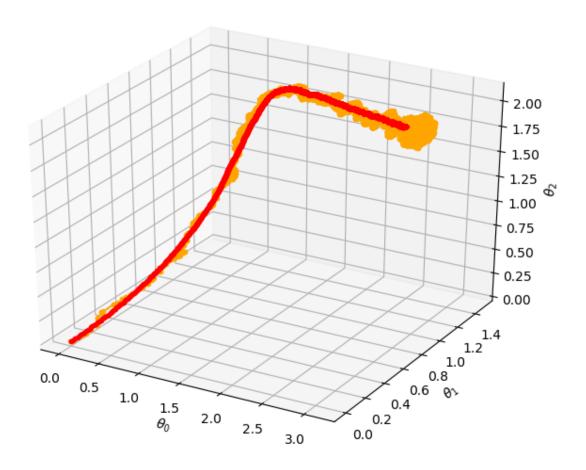
0.9850678759592312 - error for r = 1

0.9958009697879703 - error for r = 100

0.98 - error for original Hypothesis

SGD Converges to the original Hypothesis

d)



red corresponds to r = 100orange corresponds to r = 1 It is noticed that SGD gets theta close to minimum but the parameters keep oscillating near the minimum value.

Report By:

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2017CS10378