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Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Internet Protocol (DoIP) —

Part 1: General information and use case definition

*Véhicules routiers — Communication de diagnostic au travers du
protocole internet (DoIP) —*

Partie 1: Informations générales et définition de cas d'usage



Reference number
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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13400-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Electrical and electronic equipment*.

ISO 13400 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Internet Protocol (DoIP)*:

- *Part 1: General information and use case definition*
- *Part 2: Transport protocol and network layer services*
- *Part 3: Wired vehicle interface based on IEEE 802.3*

The following parts are under preparation:

- *Part 4: Ethernet Diagnostic Connector*
- *Part 5: Conformance test specification*

Introduction

Vehicle diagnostic communication has been developed starting with the introduction of the first legislated emissions-related diagnostics and has evolved over the years, now covering various use cases ranging from emissions-related diagnostics to vehicle manufacturer specific applications like calibration or electronic component software updates.

With the introduction of new in-vehicle network communication technologies the interface between the vehicle's electronic control units and the external test equipment has been adapted several times to address the specific characteristics of each new network communication technology requiring optimized data link layer definitions and transport protocol developments in order to make the new in-vehicle networks usable for diagnostic communication.

With increasing memory size of electronic control units and the demand to update this increasing amount of software and an increasing number of functions provided by these control units, technology of the connecting network and buses has been driven to a level of complexity and speed similar to computer networks. New applications (x-by-wire, infotainment) require high band-width and real time networks (like FlexRay, MOST) which cannot be adapted to provide the direct interface to a vehicle. This requires gateways to route and convert messages between the in-vehicle networks and the vehicle interface to external test equipment.

The intent of ISO 13400 (all parts) is to describe a standardized vehicle interface which

- separates in-vehicle network technology from the external test equipment vehicle interface requirements to allow for a long-term stable external vehicle communication interface,
- utilizes existing industry standards to define a long-term stable state-of-the-art communication standard usable for legislated diagnostic communication as well as for manufacturer-specific use cases, and
- can be easily adapted to new physical and data link layers, including wired and wireless connections using existing adaptation layers.

To achieve this, all parts of ISO 13400 are based on the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Basic Reference Model specified in ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 10731, which structures communication systems into seven layers. Where mapped on this model, the services specified by ISO 14229-1, ISO 14229-2 and ISO 14229-5 are divided into

- a) unified diagnostic services (layer 7), specified in ISO 14229-1, ISO 14229-5 and ISO 27145-3,
- b) presentation (layer 6):
 - 1) for enhanced diagnostics, specified by the vehicle manufacturer;
 - 2) for WWH-OBD (World-Wide Harmonized On-Board Diagnostics), specified in ISO 27145-2, SAE J1930-DA, SAE J1939:2011, Appendix C (SPNs), and SAE J1939-73:2010, Appendix A (FMI), SAE J1979-DA, SAE J2012-DA,
- c) session layer services (layer 5), specified in ISO 14229-2,
- d) transport protocol (layer 4), specified in ISO 13400-2,
- e) network layer (layer 3) services, specified in ISO 13400-2, and
- f) physical and data link services (layers 1 and 2), specified in ISO 13400-3,

in accordance with Table 1.

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Table 1 — Enhanced and legislated WWH-OBd diagnostic specifications applicable to the OSI layers

Applicability	OSI seven layers	Vehicle manufacturer enhanced diagnostics	WWH-OBd reference
Seven layers according to ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 10731	Application (layer 7)	ISO 14229-1/ISO 14229-5	ISO 14229-1/ISO 27145-3
	Presentation (layer 6)	Vehicle manufacturer specific	ISO 27145-2, SAE J1930-DA, SAE J1939:2011, Appendix C (SPNs), SAE J1939-73:2010, Appendix A (FMIIs), SAE J1979-DA, SAE J2012-DA
	Session (layer 5)	ISO 14229-2	ISO 14229-2
	Transport (layer 4)	ISO 13400-2	ISO 13400-2
	Network (layer 3)		
	Data link (layer 2)	ISO 13400-3	ISO 13400-3
	Physical (layer 1)		

The application layer services covered by ISO 14229-5 have been defined in compliance with diagnostic services established in ISO 14229-1, but are not limited to use only with them.

The transport and network layer services covered by ISO 13400-2 have been defined to be independent of the physical layer implemented.

For other application areas, ISO 13400-3 can be used with any Ethernet physical layer.

Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Internet Protocol (DoIP) —

Part 1: General information and use case definition

IMPORTANT — The electronic file of this part of ISO 13400 contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of the document. Users should therefore consider printing this part of ISO 13400 using a colour printer.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 13400 describes the general use cases and communication scenarios which are covered by an Internet Protocol-based vehicle communication standard. Each use case drives specific communication capabilities of the vehicle communication interface, for instance in order to be interoperable in an existing computer network.

The diagnostic communication over Internet Protocol (DoIP) protocol supports the standardized service primitive interface as specified in ISO 14229-2.

The descriptions in this part of ISO 13400 cover different application layer implementations, such as:

- enhanced vehicle diagnostics (system diagnostics beyond legislated functionality, non-emissions-related system diagnostics);
- WWH-OBD as specified in ISO 27145-2 and ISO 27145-3.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14229-1, *Road vehicles — Unified diagnostic services (UDS) — Part 1: Specification and requirements*

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 10731, *Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Basic Reference Model — Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 14229-1 and the following apply.

3.1.1

controller area network

CAN

network with ECUs exchanging data frames

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3.1.2

DoIP entity

host that implements the DoIP-protocol

NOTE A DoIP entity is either a DoIP node or a DoIP gateway.

3.1.3

DoIP gateway

host inside the vehicle which implements the DoIP-protocol and thereby provides access to itself and the ECUs of its connected vehicle subnetworks

3.1.4

DoIP node

host inside the vehicle which implements the DoIP-protocol to provide access to itself but does not route DoIP protocol data to the vehicle subnetworks

3.1.5

external programming equipment

off-vehicle device which is used to programme vehicle subsystem ECUs with changed software; a subset of external test equipment

3.1.6

external test equipment

off-vehicle device which is used to obtain information from vehicle subsystems during the act of performing manufacturing, maintenance, diagnostics and repair

3.1.7

Internet Protocol

IP

protocol for packet-switched end-to-end data communication over various transport media

3.1.8

network address translation

NAT

process of modifying network addresses in IP datagram headers while routing

3.1.9

transport control protocol

TCP

transport protocol for connection-oriented data communication via an IP network

3.1.10

user datagram protocol

UDP

transport protocol for connectionless data communication via an IP network

3.2 Abbreviated terms

CAN	controller area network
ECU	electronic control unit
FMI	failure mode indicator
IP	Internet Protocol
NAT	network address translation
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
PC	personal computer