

REPORT 60F85298C1C74200189763B0

Created	Wed Jul 21 2021 17:00:08 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Number of analyses	1
User	60b6a744a6e1845c77c6e3dc

## REPORT SUMMARY

Analyses ID	Main source file	Detected vulnerabilities
<a href="#">7ae72c68-2fce-466c-8cf8-155c6ac51ecb</a>	/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol	74

Started	Wed Jul 21 2021 17:00:11 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Finished	Wed Jul 21 2021 17:16:28 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Mode	Standard
Client Tool	Mythx-Vscode-Extension
Main Source File	/Contracts-V1/Masterchef.Sol

DETECTED VULNERABILITIES

HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW
0	34	40

ISSUES

MEDIUM

Function could be marked as external.  
The function definition of "renounceOwnership" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

SWC-000

Source file  
/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol  
Locations

```
359  * thereby removing any functionality that is only available to the owner.  
360  */  
361  function renounceOwnership() public virtual onlyOwner {  
362      emit OwnershipTransferred(_owner, address(0));  
363      _owner = address(0);  
364  }  
365  
366  /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "transferOwnership" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
368 | * Can only be called by the current owner.
369 | */
370 | function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual onlyOwner {
371 |     require(newOwner != address(0), "Ownable: new owner is the zero address");
372 |     emit OwnershipTransferred(_owner, newOwner);
373 |     _owner = newOwner;
374 | }
375 | }
376 |
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "decimals" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1073 | * @dev Returns the token decimals.
1074 | */
1075 | function decimals() public override view returns (uint8) {
1076 |     return _decimals;
1077 | }
1078 |
1079 | /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "symbol" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1080 | * @dev Returns the token symbol.
1081 | */
1082 | function symbol() public override view returns (string memory) {
1083 |     return _symbol;
1084 | }
1085 |
1086 | /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000 The function definition of "transfer" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1106 * - the caller must have a balance of at least `amount`.
1107 */
1108 function transfer(address recipient, uint256 amount) public override returns (bool) {
1109     transfer(msgSender(), recipient, amount);
1110     return true;
1111 }
1112
1113 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000 The function definition of "allowance" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1114 * @dev See {BEP20-allowance}.
1115 */
1116 function allowance(address owner, address spender) public override view returns (uint256) {
1117     return _allowances[owner][spender];
1118 }
1119
1120 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000 The function definition of "approve" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1125 * - `spender` cannot be the zero address.
1126 */
1127 function approve(address spender, uint256 amount) public override returns (bool) {
1128     approve(msgSender(), spender, amount);
1129     return true;
1130 }
1131
1132 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "transferFrom" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1142 * `amount`.
1143 */
1144 function transferFrom
1145 address sender
1146 address recipient
1147 uint256 amount
1148 public override returns (bool) {
1149     transfer(sender, recipient, amount);
1150     approve(
1151         sender,
1152         msgSender(),
1153         allowances[sender][msgSender()].sub(amount, "BEP20: transfer amount exceeds allowance")
1154     );
1155     return true;
1156 }
1157
1158 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "increaseAllowance" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1168 * - `spender` cannot be the zero address.
1169 */
1170 function increaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 addedValue) public returns (bool) {
1171     approve(msgSender(), spender, _allowances[msgSender()][spender].add(addedValue));
1172     return true;
1173 }
1174
1175 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "decreaseAllowance" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1187 * `subtractedValue`.
1188 */
1189 function decreaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 subtractedValue) public returns (bool) {
1190     approve(
1191         msgSender(),
1192         spender
1193     );
1194     _allowances[msgSender()][spender] -= subtractedValue;
1195     return true;
1196 }
1197 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "mint" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1204 * - `msg.sender` must be the token owner
1205 */
1206 function mint(uint256 amount) public onlyOwner returns (bool) {
1207     _mint(msgSender(), amount);
1208     return true;
1209 }
1210
1211 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "mint" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1400
1401 /// @notice Creates `_amount` token to `_to`. Must only be called by the owner (MasterChef).
1402 function mint(address _to, uint256 _amount) public onlyOwner {
1403     _mint(_to, _amount);
1404     _moveDelegates(address(0), _delegates[_to], _amount);
1405 }
1406
1407 /// @dev overrides transfer function to meet tokenomics of TFLASH
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "isExcludedFromAntiWhale" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1517 * @dev Returns the address is excluded from antiWhale or not.
1518 */
1519 function isExcludedFromAntiWhale(address _account) public view returns (bool) {
1520     return _excludedFromAntiWhale[_account];
1521 }
1522
1523 // To receive BNB from flashSwapRouter when swapping
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateTransferTaxRate" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1528 * Can only be called by the current operator.
1529 */
1530 function updateTransferTaxRate(uint16 _transferTaxRate) public onlyOperator {
1531     require(_transferTaxRate <= MAXIMUM_TRANSFER_TAX_RATE, "TFLASH::updateTransferTaxRate: Transfer tax rate must not exceed the maximum rate.");
1532     emit TransferTaxRateUpdated(msg.sender, transferTaxRate, _transferTaxRate);
1533     transferTaxRate = _transferTaxRate;
1534 }
1535
1536 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateBurnRate" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1538 * Can only be called by the current operator.
1539 */
1540 function updateBurnRate(uint16 _burnRate) public onlyOperator {
1541     require(_burnRate <= 100, "TFLASH::updateBurnRate: Burn rate must not exceed the maximum rate.");
1542     emit BurnRateUpdated(msg.sender, burnRate, _burnRate);
1543     burnRate = _burnRate;
1544 }
1545
1546 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateMaxTransferAmountRate" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1548 * Can only be called by the current operator.
1549 */
1550 function updateMaxTransferAmountRate(uint16 _maxTransferAmountRate) public onlyOperator {
1551     require(_maxTransferAmountRate <= 10000, "FLASH::updateMaxTransferAmountRate: Max transfer amount rate must not exceed the maximum rate.");
1552     emit MaxTransferAmountRateUpdated(msg.sender, maxTransferAmountRate, _maxTransferAmountRate);
1553     maxTransferAmountRate = _maxTransferAmountRate;
1554 }
1555
1556 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateMinAmountToLiquify" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1558 * Can only be called by the current operator.
1559 */
1560 function updateMinAmountToLiquify(uint256 _minAmount) public onlyOperator {
1561     emit MinAmountToLiquifyUpdated(msg.sender, minAmountToLiquify, _minAmount);
1562     minAmountToLiquify = _minAmount;
1563 }
1564
1565 /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setExcludedFromAntiWhale" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1567 * Can only be called by the current operator.
1568 */
1569 function setExcludedFromAntiWhale(address _account, bool _excluded) public onlyOperator {
1570     excludedFromAntiWhale[_account] = _excluded;
1571 }
1572
1573 /**
```



## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateSwapAndLiquifyEnabled" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1575 | * Can only be called by the current operator .
1576 | */
1577 | function updateSwapAndLiquifyEnabled(bool _enabled) public onlyOperator {
1578 |     emit SwapAndLiquifyEnabledUpdated(msg.sender, _enabled);
1579 |     swapAndLiquifyEnabled = _enabled;
1580 | }
1581 |
1582 | /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateflashSwapRouter" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1584 | * Can only be called by the current operator .
1585 | */
1586 | function updateflashSwapRouter(address _router) public onlyOperator {
1587 |     flashSwapRouter = IUniswapV2Router02(_router);
1588 |     flashSwapPair = IUniswapV2Factory(flashSwapRouter.factory()).getPair(address(this), flashSwapRouter.WETH());
1589 |     require(flashSwapPair != address(0), "FLASH::updateflashSwapRouter: Invalid pair address.");
1590 |     emit flashSwapRouterUpdated(msg.sender, address(flashSwapRouter), flashSwapPair);
1591 | }
1592 |
1593 | /**
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "transferOperator" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1602 | * Can only be called by the current operator .
1603 | */
1604 | function transferOperator(address newOperator) public onlyOperator {
1605 |     require(newOperator != address(0), "FLASH::transferOperator: new operator is the zero address");
1606 |     emit OperatorTransferred(_operator, newOperator);
1607 |     _operator = newOperator;
1608 | }
1609 |
1610 | // Copied and modified from YAM code:
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "add" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1950 // Add a new lp to the pool. Can only be called by the owner.
1951 // XXX DO NOT add the same LP token more than once. Rewards will be messed up if you do.
1952 function add(uint256 _allocPoint, IBEP20 _lpToken, uint16 _depositFeeBP, uint256 _harvestInterval, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner {
1953     require(_depositFeeBP <= 10000, "add: invalid deposit fee basis points");
1954     require(_harvestInterval <= MAXIMUM_HARVEST_INTERVAL, "add: invalid harvest interval");
1955     if (_withUpdate) {
1956         massUpdatePools();
1957     }
1958     uint256 lastRewardBlock = block.number > startBlock ? block.number : startBlock;
1959     totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
1960     poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
1961         lpToken: _lpToken,
1962         allocPoint: _allocPoint,
1963         lastRewardBlock: lastRewardBlock,
1964         accFlashPerShare: 0,
1965         depositFeeBP: _depositFeeBP,
1966         harvestInterval: _harvestInterval
1967     }));
1968 }
1969
1970
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "set" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1970
1971 // Update the given pool's FLASH allocation point and deposit fee. Can only be called by the owner.
1972 function set(uint256 _pid, uint256 _allocPoint, uint16 _depositFeeBP, uint256 _harvestInterval, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner {
1973     require(_depositFeeBP <= 10000, "set: invalid deposit fee basis points");
1974     require(_harvestInterval <= MAXIMUM_HARVEST_INTERVAL, "set: invalid harvest interval");
1975     if (_withUpdate) {
1976         massUpdatePools();
1977     }
1978     totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.sub(poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint).add(_allocPoint);
1979     poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint = _allocPoint;
1980     poolInfo[_pid].depositFeeBP = _depositFeeBP;
1981     poolInfo[_pid].harvestInterval = _harvestInterval;
1982 }
1983
1984 // Return reward multiplier over the given _from to _to block.
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "deposit" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2039
2040 // Deposit LP tokens to MasterChef for FLASH allocation.
2041 function deposit(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount, address _referrer) public nonReentrant {
2042     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
2043     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
2044     updatePool(_pid);
2045     if (_amount > 0 && address(flashReferral) != address(0) && _referrer != address(0) && _referrer != msg.sender) {
2046         flashReferral.recordReferral(msg.sender, _referrer);
2047     }
2048     payOrLockupPendingFlash(_pid);
2049     if (_amount > 0) {
2050         pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender), address(this), _amount);
2051         if (address(pool.lpToken) == address(flash)) {
2052             uint256 transferTax = _amount.mul(flash.transferTaxRate()).div(10000);
2053             _amount = _amount.sub(transferTax);
2054         }
2055         if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {
2056             uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);
2057             pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058             pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
2059             user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060         } else {
2061             user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
2062         }
2063     }
2064     user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2065     emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2066 }
2067
2068 // Withdraw LP tokens from MasterChef.
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "withdraw" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2067 |
2068 | // Withdraw LP tokens from MasterChef.
2069 | function withdraw(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public nonReentrant
2070 | PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
2071 | UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
2072 | require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
2073 | updatePool(_pid);
2074 | payOrLockupPendingFlash(_pid);
2075 | if (_amount > 0) {
2076 |     user.amount = user.amount - _amount;
2077 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), _amount);
2078 | }
2079 | user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2080 | emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2081 |
2082 |
2083 | // Withdraw without caring about rewards. EMERGENCY ONLY.
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "emergencyWithdraw" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2082 |
2083 | // Withdraw without caring about rewards. EMERGENCY ONLY.
2084 | function emergencyWithdraw(uint256 _pid) public nonReentrant
2085 | PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
2086 | UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
2087 | uint256 amount = user.amount;
2088 | user.amount = 0;
2089 | user.rewardDebt = 0;
2090 | user.rewardLockedUp = 0;
2091 | user.nextHarvestUntil = 0;
2092 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), amount);
2093 | emit EmergencyWithdraw(msg.sender, _pid, amount);
2094 |
2095 |
2096 | // Pay or lockup pending FLASHs.
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setDevAddress" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2135 |
2136 | // Update dev address by the previous dev.
2137 | function setDevAddress(address _devAddress) public {
2138 |     require(msg.sender == devAddress, "setDevAddress: FORBIDDEN");
2139 |     require(_devAddress != address(0), "setDevAddress: ZERO");
2140 |     devAddress = _devAddress;
2141 | }
2142 |
2143 | // Update marketing address by the previous marketing address.
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setMarketingAddress" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2142 |
2143 | // Update marketing address by the previous marketing address.
2144 | function setMarketingAddress(address _marketingAddress) public {
2145 |     require(msg.sender == marketingAddress, "setMarketingAddress: FORBIDDEN");
2146 |     require(_marketingAddress != address(0), "setMarketingAddress: ZERO");
2147 |     marketingAddress = _marketingAddress;
2148 | }
2149 |
2150 | function setFeeAddrBaMa(address _feeAddBb) public {
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setFeeAddrBaMa" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2148 | }
2149 |
2150 | function setFeeAddrBaMa(address _feeAddBb) public {
2151 |     require(msg.sender == feeAddBb, "setFeeAddrBaMa: FORBIDDEN");
2152 |     require(_feeAddBb != address(0), "setFeeAddrBaMa: ZERO");
2153 |     feeAddBb = _feeAddBb;
2154 | }
2155 |
2156 | function setFeeAddrStMa(address _feeAddSt) public {
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setFeeAddrStMa" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2154     }
2155
2156     function setFeeAddrStMa(address _feeAddSt) public {
2157         require(msg.sender == feeAddSt, "setFeeAddrStMa: FORBIDDEN");
2158         require(_feeAddSt != address(0), "setFeeAddrStMa: ZERO");
2159         feeAddSt = _feeAddSt;
2160     }
2161
2162     // Pancake has to add hidden dummy pools in order to alter the emission, here we make it simple and transparent to all.
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "updateEmissionRate" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2161
2162     // Pancake has to add hidden dummy pools in order to alter the emission, here we make it simple and transparent to all.
2163     function updateEmissionRate(uint256 _flashPerBlock) public onlyOwner {
2164         emit EmissionRateUpdated(msg.sender, flashPerBlock, _flashPerBlock);
2165         flashPerBlock = _flashPerBlock;
2166     }
2167
2168     // Update the flash referral contract address by the owner
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setFlashReferral" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2167
2168     // Update the flash referral contract address by the owner
2169     function setFlashReferral(IFlashReferral _flashReferral) public onlyOwner {
2170         flashReferral = _flashReferral;
2171     }
2172
2173     // Update referral commission rate by the owner
```

## MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setReferralCommissionRate" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2172 |
2173 | // Update referral commission rate by the owner
2174 | function setReferralCommissionRate(uint16 _referralCommissionRate) public onlyOwner {
2175 |     require(_referralCommissionRate <= MAXIMUM_REFERRAL_COMMISSION_RATE, "setReferralCommissionRate: invalid referral commission rate basis points");
2176 |     referralCommissionRate = _referralCommissionRate;
2177 | }
2178 |
2179 | // Pay referral commission to the referrer who referred this user.
```

## MEDIUM Multiple calls are executed in the same transaction.

SWC-113

This call is executed following another call within the same transaction. It is possible that the call never gets executed if a prior call fails permanently. This might be caused intentionally by a malicious callee. If possible, refactor the code such that each transaction only executes one external call or make sure that all callees can be trusted (i.e. they're part of your own codebase).

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
514 |
515 | // solhint-disable-next-line avoid-low-level-calls
516 | (bool success, bytes memory returndata) = target.call(value value, data);
517 | return _verifyCallResult(success, returndata, errorMessage);
518 | }
```

## LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.5.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
3 | // File: @uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Factory.sol
4 |
5 | pragma solidity >=0.5.0
6 |
7 | interface IUniswapV2Factory {
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.5.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
23 | // File: @uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Pair.sol
24 |
25 | pragma solidity >=0.5.0
26 |
27 | interface IUniswapV2Pair {
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.2"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
78 | // File: @uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router01.sol
79 |
80 | pragma solidity >=0.6.2;
81 |
82 | interface IUniswapV2Router01 {
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.2"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
176 | // File: @uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol
177 |
178 | pragma solidity >=0.6.2;
179 |
180 | interface IUniswapV2Router02 is IUniswapV2Router01 {
```



LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.6.0<0.8.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
221 | // File: @openzeppelin/contracts/Utils/ReentrancyGuard.sol
222 |
223 | pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0
224 |
225 | /**
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.6.0<0.8.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
284 | // File: @openzeppelin/contracts/Utils/Context.sol
285 |
286 | pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0
287 |
288 | /*
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.6.0<0.8.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
309 | // File: @openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol
310 |
311 | pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0
312 |
313 | /**
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.6.2<0.8.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
398 | // File: @openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Address.sol
399 |
400 | pragma solidity >=0.6.2 <0.8.0
401 |
402 | /**
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `"^0.6.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
588 | // File: contracts/libs/SafeBEP20.sol
589 |
590 | pragma solidity ^0.6.0
591 |
592 | /**
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.4.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
686 | // File: contracts/libs/IBEP20.sol
687 |
688 | pragma solidity >=0.4.0
689 |
690 | interface IBEP20 {
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.6.0<0.8.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
785 | // File: @openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol
786 |
787 | pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0
788 |
789 | /**
```

LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is `">=0.4.0"`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1001 | // File: contracts/libs/BEP20.sol
1002 |
1003 | pragma solidity >=0.4.0;
1004 |
1005 | /**
```

LOW

Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2049 | if (_amount > 0) {
2050 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender), address(this), _amount);
2051 |     if (address(pool.lpToken) == address(flash)) {
2052 |         uint256 transferTax = _amount.mul(flash.transferTaxRate()).div(10000);
2053 |         _amount = _amount.sub(transferTax);
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2049 | if (_amount > 0) {  
2050 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender), address(this), _amount);  
2051 |     if (address(pool.lpToken) == address(flash)) {  
2052 |         uint256 transferTax = _amount.mul(flash.transferTaxRate()).div(10000);  
2053 |         _amount = _amount.sub(transferTax);
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2053 |     _amount = _amount.sub(transferTax);  
2054 | }  
2055 | if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {  
2056 |     uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);  
2057 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2059 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);  
2060 | } else {  
2061 |     user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);  
2062 | }  
2063 | }
```

LOW

Write to persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2059 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060 | } else {
2061 |   user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
2062 | }
2063 | }
```

LOW

Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2062 | }
2063 | }
2064 | user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2065 | emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2066 | }
```

LOW

Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2062 | }
2063 | }
2064 | user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2065 | emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2066 | }
```

## LOW Write to persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2062 | }
2063 | }
2064 | user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2065 | emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2066 | }
```

## LOW Write to persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
278 | // By storing the original value once again, a refund is triggered (see
279 | // https://eips.ethereum.org/EIPS/eip-2200)
280 | status = _NOT_ENTERED;
281 | }
282 | }
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2054 | }
2055 | if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {
2056 |     uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);
2057 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
}
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2055 | if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {  
2056 |     uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);  
2057 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);  
2058 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);  
2059 |     user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2055 | if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {  
2056 |     uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);  
2057 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);  
2058 |     pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);  
2059 |     user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
510 | */  
511 | function functionCallWithValue(address target, bytes memory data, uint256 value, string memory errorMessage) internal returns (bytes memory) {  
512 |     require(address(this).balance >= value, "Address: insufficient balance for call");  
513 |     require(isContract(target), "Address: call to non-contract");  
514 |
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2056 | uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);
2057 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
2059 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060 | } else {
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2056 | uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);
2057 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
2059 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060 | } else {
```

## LOW Read of persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2057 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
2059 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060 | } else {
2061 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
```



## LOW Write to persistent state following external call.

SWC-107

The contract account state is accessed after an external call. To prevent reentrancy issues, consider accessing the state only before the call, especially if the callee is untrusted. Alternatively, a reentrancy lock can be used to prevent untrusted callees from re-entering the contract in an intermediate state.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2057 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058 | pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
2059 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060 | } else {
2061 | user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1742 | returns (uint256)
1743 | {
1744 | require(blockNumber < block.number, "TFLASH::getPriorVotes: not yet determined");
1745 |
1746 | uint32 nCheckpoints = numCheckpoints[account];
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1815 | internal
1816 | {
1817 | uint32 blockNumber = safe32(block.number, "TFLASH::writeCheckpoint: block number exceeds 32 bits");
1818 |
1819 | if (nCheckpoints > 0 && checkpoints[delegatee][nCheckpoints - 1].fromBlock == blockNumber) {
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1956 | massUpdatePools();
1957 | }
1958 | uint256 lastRewardBlock = block.number > startBlock ? block.number : startBlock;
1959 | totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
1960 | poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1956 | massUpdatePools();
1957 | }
1958 | uint256 lastRewardBlock = block.number > startBlock ? block.number : startBlock;
1959 | totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
1960 | poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1993 | uint256 accFlashPerShare = pool.accFlashPerShare;
1994 | uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
1995 | if (block.number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
1996 |     uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
1997 |     uint256 flashReward = multiplier.mul(flashPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1994 | uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
1995 | if (block.number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
1996 |     uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
1997 |     uint256 flashReward = multiplier.mul(flashPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
1998 |     accFlashPerShare = accFlashPerShare.add(flashReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2019 | function updatePool(uint256 _pid) public {
2020 |     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
2021 |     if (block.number <= pool.lastRewardBlock) {
2022 |         return;
2023 |     }
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2024 | uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
2025 | if (lpSupply == 0 || pool.allocPoint == 0) {
2026 |     pool.lastRewardBlock = block.number;
2027 |     return;
2028 | }
```

LOW

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2029 |  
2030 | // Mint  
2031 | uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);  
2032 | uint256 flashReward = multiplier.mul(flashPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);  
2033 | flash.mint(marketingAddress, flashReward.div(30));
```

LOW

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2035 | flash.mint(address(this), flashReward);  
2036 | pool.accFlashPerShare = pool.accFlashPerShare.add(flashReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));  
2037 | pool.lastRewardBlock = block.number;  
2038 | }  
2039 |
```

LOW

Requirement violation.

A requirement was violated in a nested call and the call was reverted as a result. Make sure valid inputs are provided to the nested call (for instance, via passed arguments).

SWC-123

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
2022 | return;
2023 | }
2024 | uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
2025 | if (lpSupply == 0 || pool.allocPoint == 0) {
2026 |     pool.lastRewardBlock = block.number;
```

Source file

/contracts-v1/masterchef.sol

Locations

```
1850 | //
1851 | // Have fun reading it. Hopefully it's bug-free. God bless.
1852 | contract MasterChef is Ownable, ReentrancyGuard {
1853 |     using SafeMath for uint256;
1854 |     using SafeBEP20 for IBEP20;
1855 |
1856 |     // Info of each user.
1857 |     struct UserInfo {
1858 |         uint256 amount; // How many LP tokens the user has provided.
1859 |         uint256 rewardDebt; // Reward debt. See explanation below.
1860 |         uint256 rewardLockedUp; // Reward locked up.
1861 |         uint256 nextHarvestUntil; // When can the user harvest again.
1862 |     }
1863 |     // We do some fancy math here. Basically, any point in time, the amount of FLASHs
1864 |     // entitled to a user but is pending to be distributed is:
1865 |     //
1866 |     // pending reward = (user.amount * pool.accFlashPerShare) - user.rewardDebt
1867 |     //
1868 |     // Whenever a user deposits or withdraws LP tokens to a pool. Here's what happens:
1869 |     // 1. The pool's 'accFlashPerShare' (and 'lastRewardBlock') gets updated.
1870 |     // 2. User receives the pending reward sent to his/her address.
1871 |     // 3. User's 'amount' gets updated.
1872 |     // 4. User's 'rewardDebt' gets updated.
1873 | }
1874 |
1875 | // Info of each pool.
1876 | struct PoolInfo {
1877 |     IBEP20 lpToken; // Address of LP token contract.
1878 |     uint256 allocPoint; // How many allocation points assigned to this pool. FLASHs to distribute per block.
1879 |     uint256 lastRewardBlock; // Last block number that FLASHs distribution occurs.
1880 |     uint256 accFlashPerShare; // Accumulated FLASHs per share, times 1e12. See below.
1881 |     uint16 depositFeeBP; // Deposit fee in basis points
1882 |     uint256 harvestInterval; // Harvest interval in seconds
1883 | }
1884 |
1885 | // The FLASH TOKEN!
1886 | TheFlashToken public flash;
1887 | // Dev address.
1888 | address public devAddress;
1889 | // Marketing address.
1890 | address public marketingAddress;
1891 | // Deposit Fee address
1892 | address public feeAddBb;
1893 | address public feeAddSt;
1894 | // FLASH tokens created per block.
```

```

1895 uint256 public flashPerBlock;
1896 // Bonus multiplier for early flash makers.
1897 uint256 public constant BONUS_MULTIPLIER = 1;
1898 // Max harvest interval: 14 days.
1899 uint256 public constant MAXIMUM_HARVEST_INTERVAL = 14 days;
1900
1901 // Info of each pool.
1902 PoolInfo[] public poolInfo;
1903 // Info of each user that stakes LP tokens.
1904 mapping(uint256 => mapping(address => UserInfo)) public userInfo;
1905 // Total allocation points. Must be the sum of all allocation points in all pools.
1906 uint256 public totalAllocPoint = 0;
1907 // The block number when FLASH mining starts.
1908 uint256 public startBlock;
1909 // Total locked up rewards
1910 uint256 public totalLockedUpRewards;
1911
1912 // Flash referral contract address.
1913 IFlashReferral public flashReferral;
1914 // Referral commission rate in basis points.
1915 uint16 public referralCommissionRate = 300;
1916 // Max referral commission rate: 10%.
1917 uint16 public constant MAXIMUM_REFERRAL_COMMISSION_RATE = 1000;
1918
1919 event Deposit(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amount);
1920 event Withdraw(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amount);
1921 event EmergencyWithdraw(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amount);
1922 event EmissionRateUpdated(address indexed caller, uint256 previousAmount, uint256 newAmount);
1923 event ReferralCommissionPaid(address indexed user, address indexed referrer, uint256 commissionAmount);
1924 event RewardLockedUp(address indexed user, uint256 indexed pid, uint256 amountLockedUp);
1925
1926 constructor() {
1927     TheFlashToken _flash;
1928     uint256 _startBlock;
1929     uint256 _flashPerBlock;
1930     address _devAddress;
1931     address _marketingAddress;
1932     address _feeAddBb;
1933     address _feeAddSt;
1934     public {
1935         flash = _flash;
1936         startBlock = _startBlock;
1937         flashPerBlock = _flashPerBlock;
1938     }
1939     devAddress = _devAddress;
1940     marketingAddress = _marketingAddress;
1941
1942     feeAddBb = _feeAddBb;
1943     feeAddSt = _feeAddSt;
1944 }
1945
1946 function poolLength() external view returns (uint256) {
1947     return poolInfo.length;
1948 }
1949
1950 // Add a new lp to the pool. Can only be called by the owner.
1951 // XXX DO NOT add the same LP token more than once. Rewards will be messed up if you do.
1952 function add(uint256 _allocPoint, IBEP20 _lpToken, uint16 _depositFeeBP, uint256 _harvestInterval, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner {
1953     require(_depositFeeBP <= 10000, "add: invalid deposit fee basis points");
1954     require(_harvestInterval <= MAXIMUM_HARVEST_INTERVAL, "add: invalid harvest interval");
1955     if (!_withUpdate) {
1956         massUpdatePools();
1957     }

```

```

1958 uint256 lastRewardBlock = block.number > startBlock ? block.number : startBlock;
1959 totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
1960 poolInfo.push(PoolInfo{
1961     lpToken: _lpToken
1962     allocPoint: _allocPoint
1963     lastRewardBlock: lastRewardBlock
1964     accFlashPerShare: 0
1965     depositFeeBP: _depositFeeBP
1966     harvestInterval: _harvestInterval
1967 });
1968 }
1969
1970
1971 // Update the given pool's FLASH allocation point and deposit fee. Can only be called by the owner.
1972 function set(uint256 _pid, uint256 _allocPoint, uint16 _depositFeeBP, uint256 _harvestInterval, bool _withUpdate, public onlyOwner)
1973     require(_depositFeeBP <= 10000, "set: invalid deposit fee basis points")
1974     require(_harvestInterval <= MAXIMUM_HARVEST_INTERVAL, "set: invalid harvest interval")
1975     if (_withUpdate) {
1976         massUpdatePools();
1977     }
1978     totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.sub(poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint).add(_allocPoint);
1979     poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint = _allocPoint;
1980     poolInfo[_pid].depositFeeBP = _depositFeeBP;
1981     poolInfo[_pid].harvestInterval = _harvestInterval;
1982 }
1983
1984 // Return reward multiplier over the given _from to _to block.
1985 function getMultiplier(uint256 _from, uint256 _to) public pure returns (uint256) {
1986     return _to.sub(_from).mul(BONUS_MULTIPLIER);
1987 }
1988
1989 // View function to see pending FLASHs on frontend.
1990 function pendingFlash(uint256 _pid, address _user) external view returns (uint256) {
1991     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
1992     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][_user];
1993     uint256 accFlashPerShare = pool.accFlashPerShare;
1994     uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
1995     if (block.number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
1996         uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
1997         uint256 flashReward = multiplier.mul(flashPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
1998         accFlashPerShare = accFlashPerShare.add(flashReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
1999     }
2000     uint256 pending = user.amount.mul(accFlashPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
2001     return pending.add(user.rewardLockedUp);
2002 }
2003
2004 // View function to see if user can harvest FLASHs.
2005 function canHarvest(uint256 _pid, address _user) public view returns (bool) {
2006     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][_user];
2007     return block.timestamp >= user.nextHarvestUntil;
2008 }
2009
2010 // Update reward variables for all pools. Be careful of gas spending!
2011 function massUpdatePools() public {
2012     uint256 length = poolInfo.length;
2013     for (uint256 pid = 0; pid < length; ++pid) {
2014         updatePool(pid);
2015     }
2016 }
2017
2018 // Update reward variables of the given pool to be up-to-date.
2019 function updatePool(uint256 _pid) public {
2020     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];

```

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2021 if block.number <= pool.lastRewardBlock {
2022     return
2023 }
2024 uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
2025 if lpSupply == 0 || pool.allocPoint == 0 {
2026     pool.lastRewardBlock = block.number;
2027     return;
2028 }
2029
2030 // Mint
2031 uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
2032 uint256 flashReward = multiplier.mul(flashPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
2033 flash.mint(marketingAddress, flashReward.div(30));
2034 flash.mint(devAddress, flashReward.mul(2).div(30));
2035 flash.mint(address(this), flashReward);
2036 pool.accFlashPerShare = pool.accFlashPerShare.add(flashReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
2037 pool.lastRewardBlock = block.number;
2038 }
2039
2040 // Deposit LP tokens to MasterChef for FLASH allocation.
2041 function deposit(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount, address _referrer) public nonReentrant {
2042     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
2043     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
2044     updatePool(_pid);
2045     if (_amount > 0 && address(flashReferral) != address(0) && _referrer != address(0) && _referrer != msg.sender) {
2046         flashReferral.recordReferral(msg.sender, _referrer);
2047     }
2048     payOrLockupPendingFlash(_pid);
2049     if (_amount > 0) {
2050         pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender), address(this), _amount);
2051         if (address(pool.lpToken) == address(flash)) {
2052             uint256 transferTax = _amount.mul(flash.transferTaxRate()).div(10000);
2053             _amount = _amount.sub(transferTax);
2054         }
2055         if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {
2056             uint256 depositFee = _amount.mul(pool.depositFeeBP).div(2).div(10000);
2057             pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddBb, depositFee);
2058             pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(feeAddSt, depositFee);
2059             user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee).sub(depositFee);
2060         } else {
2061             user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
2062         }
2063     }
2064     user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2065     emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2066 }
2067
2068 // Withdraw LP tokens from MasterChef.
2069 function withdraw(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public nonReentrant {
2070     PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
2071     UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
2072     require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
2073     updatePool(_pid);
2074     payOrLockupPendingFlash(_pid);
2075     if (_amount > 0) {
2076         user.amount = user.amount.sub(_amount);
2077         pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), _amount);
2078     }
2079     user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12);
2080     emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
2081 }
2082
2083 // Withdraw without caring about rewards. EMERGENCY ONLY.

```



```

2084 function emergencyWithdraw(uint256 _pid, public nonReentrant
2085 PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid],
2086 UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender],
2087 uint256 amount = user.amount,
2088 user.amount = 0,
2089 user.rewardDebt = 0,
2090 user.rewardLockedUp = 0,
2091 user.nextHarvestUntil = 0,
2092 pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), amount),
2093 emit EmergencyWithdraw(msg.sender, _pid, amount),
2094 )
2095
2096 // Pay or lockup pending FLASHs.
2097 function payOrLockupPendingFlash(uint256 _pid, internal
2098 PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid],
2099 UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender],
2100
2101 if (user.nextHarvestUntil == 0) {
2102     user.nextHarvestUntil = block.timestamp.add(pool.harvestInterval),
2103 }
2104
2105 uint256 pending = user.amount.mul(pool.accFlashPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt),
2106 if (canHarvest(_pid, msg.sender)) {
2107     if (pending > 0 || user.rewardLockedUp > 0) {
2108         uint256 totalRewards = pending.add(user.rewardLockedUp),
2109
2110 // reset lockup
2111 totalLockedUpRewards = totalLockedUpRewards.sub(user.rewardLockedUp),
2112 user.rewardLockedUp = 0,
2113 user.nextHarvestUntil = block.timestamp.add(pool.harvestInterval),
2114
2115 // send rewards
2116 safeFlashTransfer(msg.sender, totalRewards),
2117 payReferralCommission(msg.sender, totalRewards),
2118 }
2119 else if (pending > 0) {
2120     user.rewardLockedUp = user.rewardLockedUp.add(pending),
2121     totalLockedUpRewards = totalLockedUpRewards.add(pending),
2122     emit RewardLockedUp(msg.sender, _pid, pending),
2123 }
2124 }
2125
2126 // Safe flash transfer function, just in case if rounding error causes pool to not have enough FLASHs.
2127 function safeFlashTransfer(address _to, uint256 _amount, internal
2128 uint256 flashBal = flash.balanceOf(address(this)),
2129 if (_amount > flashBal) {
2130     flash.transfer(_to, flashBal),
2131 } else {
2132     flash.transfer(_to, _amount),
2133 }
2134 }
2135
2136 // Update dev address by the previous dev.
2137 function setDevAddress(address _devAddress) public {
2138     require(msg.sender == devAddress, "setDevAddress: FORBIDDEN"),
2139     require(_devAddress != address(0), "setDevAddress: ZERO"),
2140     devAddress = _devAddress,
2141 }
2142
2143 // Update marketing address by the previous marketing address.
2144 function setMarketingAddress(address _marketingAddress) public {
2145     require(msg.sender == marketingAddress, "setMarketingAddress: FORBIDDEN"),
2146     require(_marketingAddress != address(0), "setMarketingAddress: ZERO"),

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```

2147 marketingAddress = _marketingAddress;
2148
2149
2150 function setFeeAddrBaMa(address _feeAddBb) public {
2151     require(msg.sender == feeAddBb, "setFeeAddrBaMa: FORBIDDEN");
2152     require(!_feeAddBb != address(0), "setFeeAddrBaMa: ZERO");
2153     feeAddBb = _feeAddBb;
2154 }
2155
2156 function setFeeAddrStMa(address _feeAddSt) public {
2157     require(msg.sender == feeAddSt, "setFeeAddrStMa: FORBIDDEN");
2158     require(!_feeAddSt != address(0), "setFeeAddrStMa: ZERO");
2159     feeAddSt = _feeAddSt;
2160 }
2161
2162 // Pancake has to add hidden dummy pools in order to alter the emission, here we make it simple and transparent to all.
2163 function updateEmissionRate(uint256 _flashPerBlock) public onlyOwner {
2164     emit EmissionRateUpdated(msg.sender, flashPerBlock, _flashPerBlock);
2165     flashPerBlock = _flashPerBlock;
2166 }
2167
2168 // Update the flash referral contract address by the owner
2169 function setFlashReferral(IFlashReferral _flashReferral) public onlyOwner {
2170     flashReferral = _flashReferral;
2171 }
2172
2173 // Update referral commission rate by the owner
2174 function setReferralCommissionRate(uint16 _referralCommissionRate) public onlyOwner {
2175     require(_referralCommissionRate <= MAXIMUM_REFERRAL_COMMISSION_RATE, "setReferralCommissionRate: invalid referral commission rate basis points");
2176     referralCommissionRate = _referralCommissionRate;
2177 }
2178
2179 // Pay referral commission to the referrer who referred this user.
2180 function payReferralCommission(address _user, uint256 _pending) internal {
2181     if (address(flashReferral) != address(0) && referralCommissionRate > 0) {
2182         address referrer = flashReferral.getReferrer(_user);
2183         uint256 commissionAmount = _pending.mul(referralCommissionRate).div(10000);
2184
2185         if (referrer != address(0) && commissionAmount > 0) {
2186             flash.mint(referrer, commissionAmount);
2187             flashReferral.recordReferralCommission(referrer, commissionAmount);
2188             emit ReferralCommissionPaid(_user, referrer, commissionAmount);
2189         }
2190     }
2191 }
2192

```