

Lab: MongoDB Advanced

1. Go the testDB database using the following command
use testDB
2. Use insertMany() to create a collection orders and populate the collection

```
db.orders.insertMany( [  
  { cust_id: "A123", amount: 500, status: "A" },  
  { cust_id: "A123", amount: 250, status: "A" },  
  { cust_id: "B212", amount: 200, status: "A" },  
  { cust_id: "A123", amount: 300, status: "D" }  
]);
```

3. \$match stage

```
db.orders.aggregate( [  
  { $match : { status : "A" } }  
]);
```

```
db.orders.aggregate( [  
  { $match : { cust_id: "A123" , status : "A" } }  
]);
```

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $match : { $or: [ {amount: {$gte: 300}} , {status : "D"}] } }  
]);
```

4. \$group stage

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $group: { _id: "$cust_id", total: { $sum: "$amount" } } }  
]);
```

What is the equivalent SQL?

5. Aggregation pipeline

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $match : { status : "A" } },  
  { $group: { _id: "$cust_id", total: { $sum: "$amount" } } }  
]);
```

6. \$count

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $match : { status : "A" } }, { $group: { _id: null, count: { $sum: 1 } } }  
]);
```

7. \$sort

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $match : { status : "A" } },  
  { $group: { _id: "$cust_id", total: { $sum: "$amount" } } },  
  { $sort : { _id : 1 } }  
]);
```

8. \$min, \$max, \$avg

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $match : { status : "A" } },  
  { $group: { _id: null, avg_amount: { $avg: "$amount" } } }  
]);
```

```
db.orders.aggregate ( [  
  { $group: { _id: "$cust_id", max_amount: { $max: "$amount" } } }  
]);
```

9. A MapReduce example

```
db.orders.mapReduce (   
  function() {emit( this.cust_id , this.amount ); },  
  function(key,values) {return Array.sum( values );},  
  {  
    query: { status: "A" },  
    out: "order_totals"  
  }  
);
```

Check the results

```
db.order_totals.find()
```

Or you can try

```
db.orders.mapReduce (
  function() {emit( this.cust_id , this.amount ); },
  function(key,values) {return Array.sum( values )},
  {
    query: { status: "A" },
    out: { inline: 1 }
  }
);
```

10. \$lookup for Join

Go the joinDB database using the following command

use joinDB

Create a collection orders with the following documents:

```
db.orders.insertMany([
  { "_id" : 1, "item" : "almonds", "price" : 12, "quantity" : 2 },
  { "_id" : 2, "item" : "pecans", "price" : 20, "quantity" : 1 },
  { "_id" : 3 }
]);
```

Create another collection inventory with the following documents:

```
db.inventory.insertMany([
  { "_id" : 1, "sku" : "almonds", description: "product 1", "instock" : 120 },
  { "_id" : 2, "sku" : "bread", description: "product 2", "instock" : 80 },
  { "_id" : 3, "sku" : "cashews", description: "product 3", "instock" : 60 },
  { "_id" : 4, "sku" : "pecans", description: "product 4", "instock" : 70 },
  { "_id" : 5, "sku": null, description: "Incomplete" },
  { "_id" : 6 }
]);
```

Join on item=sku

```
db.orders.aggregate([
  {
    $lookup:
    {
      from: "inventory",
      localField: "item",
      foreignField: "sku",
      as: "inventory_docs"
    }
  }
]);
```

The operation would correspond to the following pseudo-SQL statement:

```
SELECT    *, inventory_docs
FROM      orders
WHERE     inventory_docs IN (SELECT *
                             FROM inventory
                             WHERE sku= orders.item);
```

11. Use \$lookup with \$mergeObjects

```
db.orders.aggregate([
  {
    $lookup:
    {
      from: "inventory",
      localField: "item",
      foreignField: "sku",
      as: "inventory_docs"
    }
  },
  {
    $replaceRoot: { newRoot: { $mergeObjects: [ { $arrayElemAt: [ "$inventory_docs", 0 ] },
    "$$ROOT" ] } }
  },
  { $project: { inventory_docs: 0 } }
]);
```

References

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/mongodb/mongodb_aggregation.htm

<https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/>

<https://appdividend.com/2018/10/25/mongodb-aggregate-example-tutorial/>

<https://appdividend.com/2018/10/26/mongodb-mapreduce-example-tutorial/>

<http://learnmongodbthehardway.com/schema/schemabasics/>