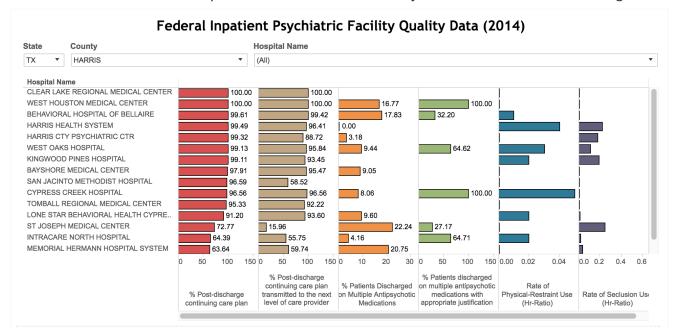
20.3 The Answer, My Friend, Is Tableauing in the Wind

01. Students Do: Psychiatric Health Care (0:30)

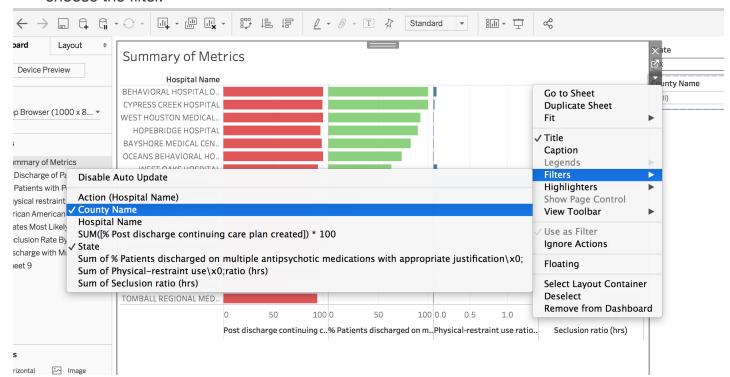
- Instructions: Activities/01-Stu Healthcare/readme.md
- In this warm-up activity, students will work with 2014 data on in-patient psychiatric patient care in hospitals across the United States.
- The data set contains information on, among other things:
 - The number of patients who were discharged with a continuing care plan
 - The number of patients who were discharged with multiple anti-psychotic medications
 - The use of physical restraint
 - The use of seclusion
- Students will first have to clean the data, at a minimum fixing the column headings. They will use
 the included HBIPS_Measure_Sets.pdf to accomplish this task.
 - For example, HBIPS3 in the CSV refers to the use of seclusion, in hours.
- Students should first come up with a dashboard summary that resembles the following.



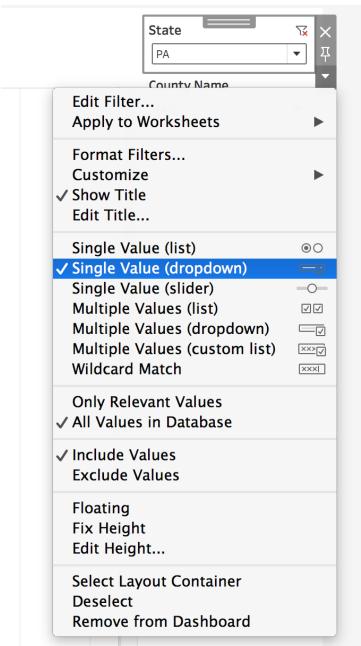
- Afterwards, they will create additional visualizations of their choosing. This activity will focus on data exploration, rather than obtaining pre-defined visualizations. Students are encouraged to come up with interesting and creative visualizations, and they are free to bring additional data sources into the workbook.
- Encourage students to slack out screenshots of interesting visualizations.

02. Instructor Do: Review Activity (0:10)

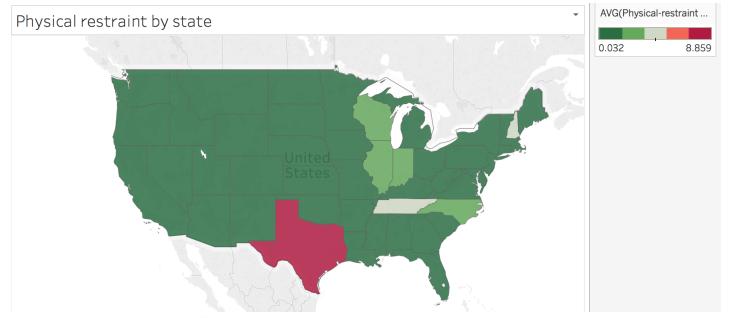
- File: Activities/01-Stu_Healthcare/Solved
- If necessary, take a few minutes to review the basics of creating a dashboard and filters. In the current example, dropdown menus are employed.
 - In the dashboard, click on the downward pointing arrow to access the filters submenu, then choose the filter.



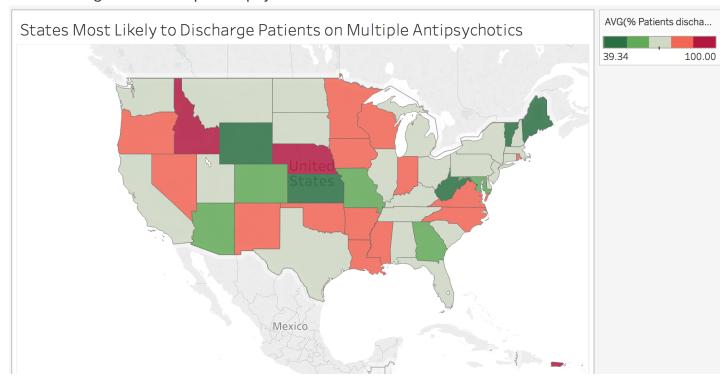
• Then click on the downward pointing arrow in the filter box to choose a dropdown menu.



- Also go over the visualizations in the instructor example, as well as visualizations created by students.
 - For example, Texas stands out as a state in which physical restraint is used, or at least reported, more than in other states.



 Nebraska, Idaho, and Puerto Rico stand out as places where patients are likelier to be discharged with multiple antipsychotic medications.

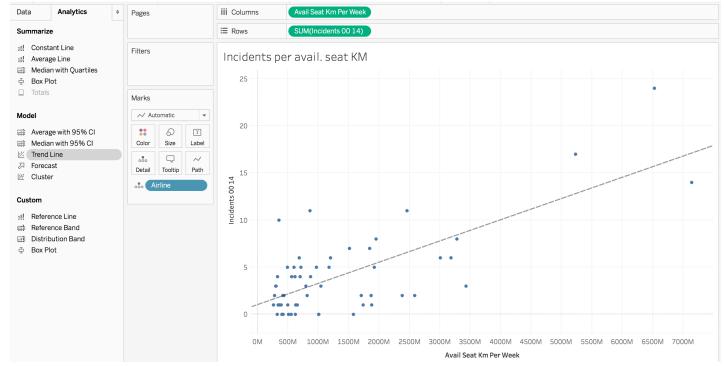


03. Students Do: Airline Safety (0:15)

- Instructions: Activities/02-Stu Airline/readme.md
- In this activity, students will explore the safety of the world's airlines. The data set used here is from fivethirtyeight.com
- It will be an open-ended exploration of the data, but some questions to consider might be:
 - What are the safest airlines in the world, and how do we define the idea of safety?
 - Can we group airlines by region to determine whether some regions have better track records than others? What are some possible fallacies of this approach?

04. Instructor Do: Review Activity (0:05)

- File: Activities/02-Stu_Airline/Solved/airline.twbx
- Spend a few minutes reviewing the activity, and having students share their results.
- As noted in the associated article, it may be preferable to take incidents into account, rather than
 fatalities, as fatalities comprise only a quarter of the total incidents.
- In one of the tabs in the instructor solution, airlines from east and southeast Asia were grouped together in a set, and measured against the rest. The Asian airlines show higher fatalities per available seat kilometer, but it is worth noting that the results amount to a difference of about one in ten million, and it is not immediately clear whether they are statistically significant.
- The last visualization plots the number of incidents against available seat kilometer across all airlines in a scatter plot.



- o It appears, as we might predict, that the number of incidents goes up with more miles flown.
- To create a regression line, click on the Analytics tab next to the Data tab, and click on Trend Line.

05. BREAK (0:40)

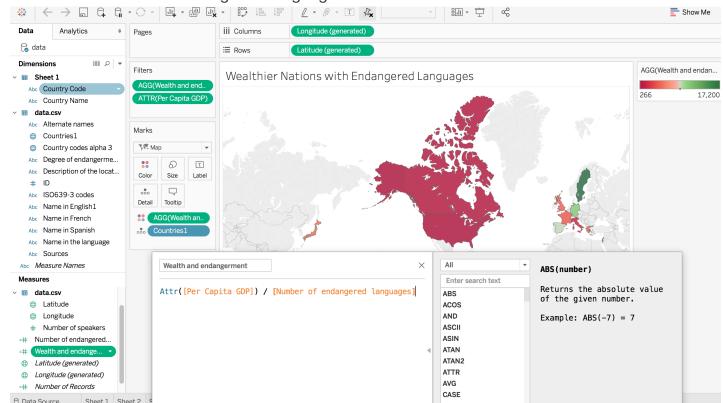
06. Students Do: Endangered Languages (0:20)

Instructions: Activities/03-Stu_Languages/readme.md

• In this activity, students will be required to visualize data on the world's endangered languages. In addition, they will join additional data to their data set to create extra visualizations.

07. Instructor Do: Review Activity (0:10)

- File: Activities/03-Stu_Languages/Solved/languages.twbx
- Take a few minutes to review the activity. In the instructor solution, Countries.csv is data downloaded from the World Bank. It was joined to the data.csv to create the map in the final tab: Wealthier Nations with Endangered Languages.



- A custom field was made to divide a country's per capita GDP by its number of endangered languages. This index is meant to highlight the wealthiest countriest with the largest number of endangered languages: in other words, countries that have the greatest responsibility to preserve their dying languages, and have the means to do so.
- A filter has also been applied to select for countries with a minimum per capita GDP of \$15,000 USD.
- The lower the index, the greater the urgency.
- The per capita GDP must be made into an attribute.
- Solicit students for any interesting visualizations they might have created, and discuss them.

08. Students Do: Mini Project (0:55)

 In this open-ended activity, students will use their Tableau skills to explore data and create visualizations.

• Students will work in pairs or groups of three.

- They must use at least two data sources.
- They may use their previous group projects for inspiration. However, they should not simply replicate their old projects in Tableau.
- When working with data, they may need to clean it with a tool like Pandas before bringing it into Tableau.
- They will give a brief (3-5 minutes) presentation to the class with a summary of their visualizations and findings.

09. Students Do: Presentations (0:55)

• Groups will deliver a brief presentation of their findings.

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