

# Webhooks

## Table of Contents

1. What is a webhook: .....	1
2. Configure the third party service .....	1
3. Configure webhooks in Taiga .....	2
4. Developing your own integration .....	4

Taiga comes with an easy third party integration system based on webhooks. Some applications can be integrated with it, and you can configure each one in Taiga.

## 1. What is a webhook:

A webHook is an HTTP callback: an HTTP POST that occurs when something happens; a simple event-notification via HTTP POST. A web application implementing webHooks will POST a message to a URL when certain things happen.

In other words a webhook is a way for an app to provide other applications with real-time information. A webhook delivers data to other applications as it happens, meaning you get data immediately.

Taiga emits a webhook when

- a sprint is created, updated or deleted.
- a user story is created, updated or deleted.
- a task is created, updated or deleted.
- an issue is created, updated or deleted.
- a wiki page is created, updated or deleted.

## 2. Configure the third party service

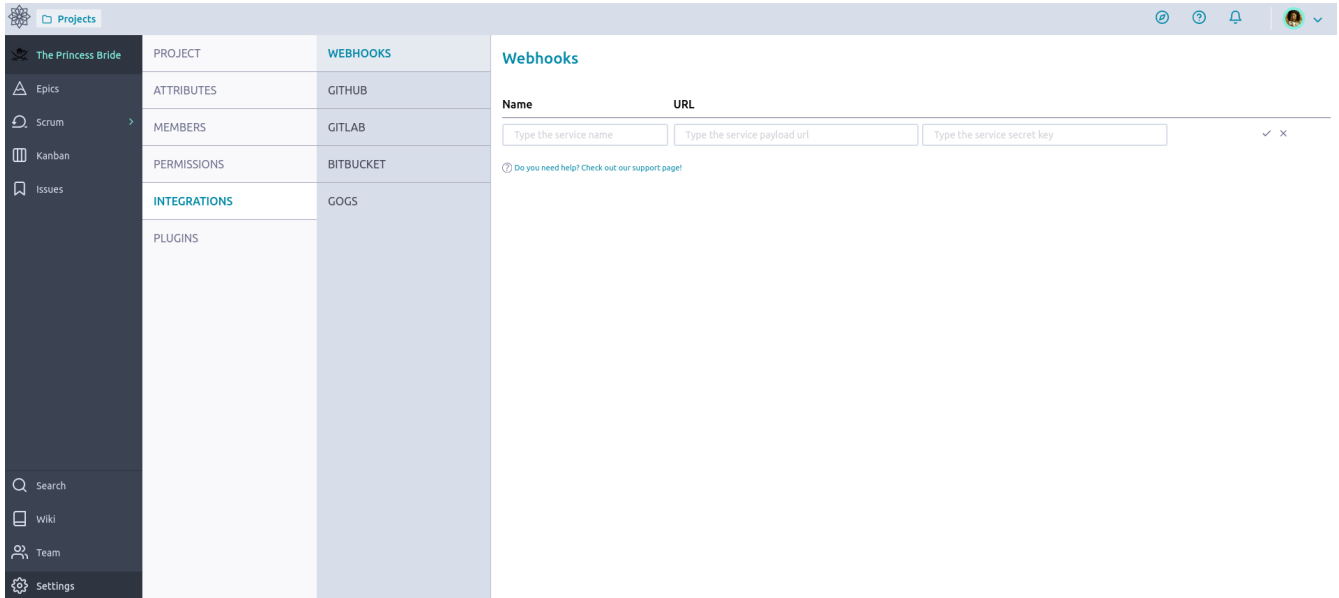
First of all, be sure that the service supports the Taiga webhooks and it's able to understand and process the messages Taiga sends. If we are sure that it's possible we can start:

1. Go to your service and search for support about how to enable Taiga webhooks, and do it.
2. After enabling it, you need to Copy the **payload url** for the webhook and the **secret key**.
  - The **payload url** is the service endpoint that will receive the information sent by Taiga.

- A **secret key** is a string (long is better) that is used to encrypt and decrypt a message so that only those who know the key can decrypt and read it.

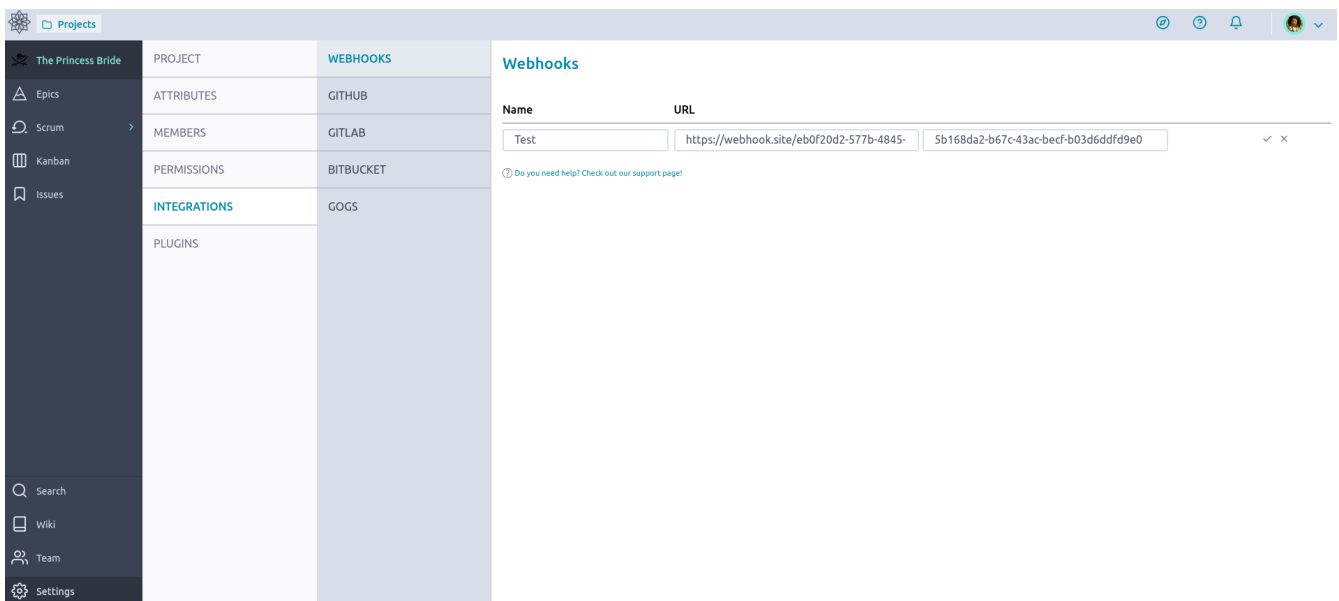
## 3. Configure webhooks in Taiga

- Go to **Admin > Integrations > Webhooks**.



The screenshot shows the Taiga Admin interface. The left sidebar has a navigation menu with 'Integrations' selected. The main content area shows the 'Webhooks' configuration page. The page has a table with columns 'Name' and 'URL'. The 'Name' column has a text input field with placeholder text 'Type the service name'. The 'URL' column has a text input field with placeholder text 'Type the service payload url'. Below the table, there is a text input field for the secret key with placeholder text 'Type the service secret key'. There is also a link to 'Do you need help? Check out our support page!'.

- Fill the **name**, **secret key** and **payload url** based on the data provided by your service.



The screenshot shows the Taiga Admin interface with the 'Webhooks' configuration page. The 'Name' field is filled with 'Test'. The 'URL' field is filled with 'https://webhook.site/eb0f20d2-577b-4845-'. The 'Secret Key' field is filled with '5b168da2-b67c-43ac-becf-b03d6ddfd9e0'. There is also a link to 'Do you need help? Check out our support page!'.

- Save the changes and the webhook will be created.

The screenshot shows the Jira interface for 'The Princess Bride' project. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Epics, Scrum, Kanban, Issues, Search, Wiki, Team, and Settings. The main content area is divided into three sections: 'PROJECT', 'WEBHOOKS', and 'Webhooks'. The 'Webhooks' section displays a table with columns 'Name' and 'URL'. A single entry 'Test' is listed with the URL 'https://webhook.site/eb0f20d2-577b-4845-9916-3550c4056b54'. A button 'ADD A NEW WEBHOOK' is located in the top right corner.

After creating a webhook you'll be able to edit, delete, or test if it works properly.

And you can view the history of the calls done.

The screenshot shows the Jira interface for 'The Princess Bride' project. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Epics, Scrum, Kanban, Issues, Search, Wiki, Team, and Settings. The main content area is divided into three sections: 'PROJECT', 'WEBHOOKS', and 'Webhooks'. The 'Webhooks' section displays a table with columns 'Name' and 'URL'. The 'Test' entry is expanded, showing a history of calls. The first call is dated '01 Feb 2021 at 12:46:07' and the second is '01 Feb 2021 at 12:45:23'. A button 'ADD A NEW WEBHOOK' is located in the top right corner.

The screenshot shows the Jira interface for 'The Princess Bride' project. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Epics, Scrum, Kanban, Issues, Search, Wiki, Team, and Settings. The main content area is divided into three sections: 'PROJECT', 'WEBHOOKS', and 'Webhooks'. The 'Webhooks' section displays a table with columns 'Name' and 'URL'. The 'Test' entry is expanded, showing a detailed view of the request and response. The 'Request' section shows headers and payload. The 'Response' section shows the content. A button 'ADD A NEW WEBHOOK' is located in the top right corner.

## 4. Developing your own integration

If you want to integrate your own system with the Taiga webhooks, you can see the technical documentation about [webhooks system](#).