Taiga: Setup development environment

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1. Introduction

This documentation explains how to setup the Taiga development environment.

The Taiga platform consists of three main components:

- taiga-back (backend/api)
- taiga-front (frontend)
- taiga-events (websockets gateway) (optional)

And each one has its own dependencies, at compile time and runtime.

2. Before starting

This tutorial assumes that you are using a clean, recently updated, **Ubuntu 20.04** image. Notes for Debian installations are included at the end of the appropriate sections.

Taiga installation must be done with a "normal" user, never with root.

3. Backend environment

This section helps with the download and configuration of the backend (api) Taiga service.

3.1. Install dependencies

The backend is written mainly in python (>= 3.8, < 3.12) but for some third party libraries we need to install a C compiler and development headers.

```
sudo apt-get install -y build-essential binutils-doc autoconf flex bison libjpeg-dev sudo apt-get install -y libfreetype6-dev zlib1g-dev libzmq3-dev libgdbm-dev libncurses5-dev sudo apt-get install -y automake libtool libffi-dev libssl-dev curl git tmux gettext
```

3.2. Setup a database

taiga-back also requires postgresql (>= 9.4, < 14) as a database

Install postgresql:

```
sudo apt-get install -y postgresql postgresql-contrib
sudo apt-get install -y postgresql-doc postgresql-server-dev-all
```

And setup the initial user, database, and permissions:

```
sudo -u postgres psql -c "CREATE ROLE taiga LOGIN PASSWORD 'changeme';"
sudo -u postgres createdb taiga -0 taiga --encoding='utf-8' --locale=en_US.utf8
--template=template0
echo 'local all taiga peer' | sudo -u postgres tee -a $(sudo -u postgres psql -t -P
format=unaligned -c 'show hba_file') > /dev/null
sudo service postgresql reload
```

3.3. Setup python environment

To run **taiga-back** you should have python (>=3.8, < 3.12) installed along with some other third party libraries. As a first step, start installing python:

```
sudo apt-get install -y python3 python3-pip python3-virtualenv python-dev python3-dev python-pip python-virtualenv sudo apt-get install -y libxml2-dev libxslt-dev
```

NOTE

Between November 2018 and May 2020, taiga-back relied on pipenv to manage dependencies and its virtualenv. Currently, taiga-back uses pip and pip-tools to

manage dependecies and venv to create its virtualenv.

The next step is to download the code from GitHub and install its dependencies:

Download the code

```
cd ~
git clone https://github.com/kaleidos-ventures/taiga-back.git taiga-back
cd taiga-back
git checkout main
```

Create a new virtualenv, activate it and install taiga-back base requirements

```
python -m venv .venv
source .venv/bin/activate
python -m pip install --upgrade pip setuptools wheel
python -m pip install --upgrade pip-tools
```

NOTE

We are using the venv module, included in the standard library, to manage the taigaback virtual environment but you can choose other ways to manage the virtual environment like virtualenvwrapper or pew.

Install dependencies

```
python -m pip install -r requirements.txt -r requirements-devel.txt
```

Adjust Django Configuration

You can tune your own environment configuration by editing a settings/local.py configuration file to overwrite any setting in settings/common.py.

For a basic configuration that works with these instructions, simply copy settings/local.py.example to settings/local.py (but remember to edit your postgresql password, to match what you picked for the CREATE ROLE taiga LOGIN PASSWORD command above).

Otherwise, just put this in your own ~/taiga-back/settings/local.py

```
from .common import *

# YOUR OWN CONFIGURATION HERE
```

Populate the database with initial basic data

```
python manage.py migrate --noinput
python manage.py loaddata initial_user
python manage.py loaddata initial_project_templates
python manage.py compilemessages
python manage.py collectstatic --noinput
```

```
python manage.py sample_data
```

This creates a new user **admin** with password **123123** and some sample data.

3.4. Run

To run the development environment you can run:

```
python manage.py runserver
```

Then you should be able to see a json represention of the list of endpoints at the url http://localhost:8000/api/v1/

3.5. Async tasks (Optional)

The default behavior in Taiga is to do all tasks synchronously, but some of them can be completely asynchronous (for example webhooks or import/export). To do this, you have to configure and install the celery service requirements.

Install rabbitmq-server and redis-server:

```
sudo apt-get install -y rabbitmq-server redis-server
```

To run celery with Taiga you have to include the following line in your local.py:

```
CELERY_ENABLED = True
```

You can configure other broker or results backends as needed. If you need more info about configuration you can check the celery documentation web page: http://docs.celeryproject.org/en/latest/index.html

Once you have configured celery on Taiga, you have to run celery to process the tasks. You can run celery with:

```
python -m celery -A taiga worker -l info -E
```

3.6. Debian installation notes

Debian stable (Jessie) provides all needed requirements, but old-stable (Wheezy) does not.

The latest Python available from Wheezy's apt repositories is only 3.1 and insufficient for taigaback. You must build Python (>= 3.8, < 3.12) from source (see https://www.python.org/downloads/source/ for links). When building from source, if the bz2 development libraries are not already

present on your system, then you must first:

```
sudo apt-get install libbz2-dev
```

Or else Python will build without the bz2 module necessary for some pip installed requirements.

The latest Postgresql available for Wheezy is 9.1, but a fully Wheezy-compatible 9.4 build is available from the official Postgresql apt repositories, however:

```
echo "deb http://apt.postgresql.org/pub/repos/apt/ wheezy-pgdg main" | sudo tee -a /etc/apt/sources.list sudo apt-get update
```

4. Frontend environment

This section helps you install the frontend application

4.1. Install dependencies

The frontend application runs entirely in a browser, and thus must be deployed as javascript, css and html. In the case of **taiga-front** we have used other languages. Because of this, you will need to install some additional dependencies that compile **taiga-front** code into something the browser can understand.

4.1.1. NodeJS and friends

NodeJS is used to execute **gulp**, a task execution tool used mainly for executing deployment and compilation tasks.

Install nodejs

```
sudo apt-get install -y nodejs npm
```

Make sure your bash responds to the node command to have a smooth installation of gulp

```
node
```

If you get a "Command not found" error, then run

```
sudo update-alternatives --install /usr/bin/node nodejs /usr/bin/nodejs 100
```

(If you're on Debian, see the Debian-specific installation notes below.)

Install gulp using the recently installed npm

```
sudo npm install -g gulp
```

Download the code

```
cd ~
git clone https://github.com/kaleidos-ventures/taiga-front.git taiga-front
cd taiga-front
git checkout stable
```

Install all dependencies needed to run gulp and compile taiga-front

```
npm install
```

4.2. Debian installation notes

While Debian stable (Jessie), provides a nodejs package out of the box, old-stable (Wheezy) does not. You can access one via the wheezy-backports apt repository, however, which can be added to your system as follows:

```
echo "deb http://ftp.us.debian.org/debian wheezy-backports main" | sudo tee -a /etc/apt/sources.list
```

Then, after a:

```
sudo apt-get update
```

You can:

```
sudo apt-get install nodejs
```

Note that Debian installs the executable as nodejs not node, so you will need to provide this alias by issuing the following command:

```
sudo update-alternatives --install /usr/bin/node nodejs /usr/bin/nodejs 100
```

Stable (Jessie) also provides an npm package, but npm is not available for old-stable (Wheezy), not even from wheezy-backports. Thus, you will need to install it manually via:

```
curl https://www.npmjs.com/install.sh | sudo sh
```

4.3. Final steps

Having installed all the dependencies, all you have left to do is to run the code itself.

Run

```
cd ~/taiga-front
npm start
```

And now, you can configure it copying the dist/conf.example.json to dist/conf.json and editing it.

Copy and edit initial configuration on ~/taiga-front/dist/conf.json

```
{
    "api": "http://localhost:8000/api/v1/",
    "eventsUrl": null,
    "eventsMaxMissedHeartbeats": 5,
    "eventsHeartbeatIntervalTime": 60000,
    "debug": true,
    "debugInfo": false,
    "defaultLanguage": "en",
    "themes": ["taiga"],
    "defaultTheme": "taiga",
    "publicRegisterEnabled": true,
    "feedbackEnabled": true,
    "privacyPolicyUrl": null,
    "termsOfServiceUrl": null,
    "maxUploadFileSize": null,
    "contribPlugins": []
}
```

Now, you can access http://localhost:9001 for access to taiga-front.

NOTE

If you have npm errors when executing gulp delete the tmp files and install the dependencies again.

```
rm -rf ~/.npm; rm -rf node_modules
npm install
gulp
```

5. Events installation

This step is completelly optional and can be skipped

Taiga events needs rabbitmq (the message broker) to be installed

```
sudo apt-get install rabbitmq-server
```

Creating a rabbitmquser named taiga and virtualhost for rabbitmq

```
sudo rabbitmqctl add_user rabbitmquser rabbitmqpassword
sudo rabbitmqctl add_vhost taiga
sudo rabbitmqctl set_permissions -p taiga rabbitmquser ".*" ".*" ".*"
```

Update your taiga-back settings to include the following lines in your local.py:

```
EVENTS_PUSH_BACKEND = "taiga.events.backends.rabbitmq.EventsPushBackend"
EVENTS_PUSH_BACKEND_OPTIONS = {"url":
    "amqp://rabbitmquser:rabbitmqpassword@rabbitmqhost:5672/taiga"}
```

The next step is downloading the code from GitHub and installing the dependencies:

Download the code

```
cd ~
git clone https://github.com/kaleidos-ventures/taiga-events.git taiga-events
cd taiga-events
```

Install all the javascript dependencies needed

```
npm install
sudo npm install -g coffee-script
```

Copy config.example.json to config.json and edit it to update the values for your rabbitmq uri and secret key.

```
cp config.example.json config.json
```

Your config.json should look something like:

```
"url": "amqp://rabbitmquser:rabbitmqpassword@rabbitmqhost:5672/taiga",
    "secret": "taiga-back-secret-key",
    "webSocketServer": {
        "port": 8888
    }
}
```

Now run the taiga events service

```
coffee index.coffee
```