## Vayaishev 5784

פרמישלאן – some of your ancestors come from פרמישלאן. As I've mentioned in previous talks, your פרמישלאן. פרמישלאן – I don't know exactly how many generations back – was a שוחט ה עלטער, עלטער, עלטער, עלטער, עלטער זיידע – I don't know exactly how many generations back – was a bund in erawdhy. This was a very בכבוד'דיג position. (I'm not sure if it was at the same time as ר' מאיר ו doubt it. I assume it was afterward, as it's still within the recollection of the previous דור, and ר' מאיר וי מאיר bived a couple of hundred years ago).

I have a story in a פרשה about the מעשה ביכול, and I want to use this מעשה to make a point about the army of all of our generations. Sometimes, however, people couldn't resist an opportunity to make a fast buck. The הקהל, the official leader of the Jewish community, once secured a lucrative contract with the army to supply tobacco. Seeing a golden opportunity, he decided to substitute sawdust or other fillers in some of the sacks and collect the payment at the rate for tobacco - not a nice thing to do.

This went on for some time until he heard that an inspector was coming to audit his transactions. Panic-stricken, he rushed to ר' מאיר for advice. It was Friday afternoon, and he couldn't see the שבת until after שבת. On שבת morning, the אבת was honored when the בר called him up for ששר – the sixth עלייה – a position of respect in those times (today, שלישי is generally considered more prestigious, but was significant back then). However, he quickly realized that ר' מאיר was not one to overlook wrongdoing.

After אבת, שבת, שבת summoned the rawity and admonished him sternly. He explained the gravity of his actions, warning him that he could endanger the entire Jewish community by stealing from the government. The ראש הקהל accepted the rebuke, promising to act more responsibly in the future. The following day, the inspector informed the ראש הקהל that his audit was postponed due to being reassigned to another area. The last פסוק is (40:23) פרשה is נלא זַכַר שַׂר הַמַּשָׁקִים אֶת יוֹסֶף ווישבחהו, which actually is appropriate to this story. The שר המשקים forgot about יוסף, despite the kindness יוסף had shown him. This פסוק reflects a lack of הכרת הטוב, gratitude, on the part of the שר המשקים. Not only did he forget the יוסף that יוסף gave him, but he also disregarded the and support יוסף had provided. This is a very good פסוק for people in trouble who are being attacked by someone, it can be used as a תפילה that the pursuers "forget" about them and move on to a different focus. I personally recite both of these פסוקים (39:23 & 40:23) regularly sometimes daily, sometimes weekly - along with other פסוקים, and Im Yirtzeh Hashem these pesukim can help us in an עת צרה. The best thing to so in an אין עוד is to keep in mind to אין עוד מְלְבֵדּוֹ, which I've said to you before, and I still believe and hold very shtark, is the right answer for all of our צרות. All the efforts we make - whether for ourselves, our communities, or ישראל - will only succeed if הקדוש ברוך הוא chooses to use them as His שליה. Everything comes from Him, and our role is to focus on השובה, and that in turn should cause Hashem to bring about our ultimate ישועה and גאולה שלמה.

