# TourPlanner – Protocol

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## App Architecture

The TourPlanner application is structured using a three-layer architecture:

* Presentation Layer: This layer is responsible for user interaction and interface elements. It includes components like Views and ViewModels. Views handle the rendering of UI elements, while ViewModels manage the data binding and command execution, enabling a responsive and interactive user experience.
* Business Logic Layer: This layer contains the core functionalities and business rules of the application. It consists of Controllers and Services. Controllers manage the application flow by processing user inputs and orchestrating business operations. Services encapsulate the business logic, ensuring the separation of concerns and facilitating easier maintenance.
* Data Access Layer: This layer is responsible for data storage and retrieval. It includes Repositories and Data Models. Repositories provide an abstraction for data access, allowing the business logic to be decoupled from data storage details. Data Models represent the application's data structures, ensuring consistency and integrity.

The Models define the data structures used throughout the application, with Tour.cs and TourLog.cs being the primary model classes. Configuration and resource management are handled by the Configuration and Resources components, which include files such as appsettings.json and log4net.config. These files store configuration settings and resources used by different parts of the application. The files in the Resources folder are needed for the embedding of the Leaflet-Map.

## Use-Cases

### Use-Case-Diagram

The App supports several use cases, each enhancing the user's experience with the application. The primary use cases include adding, viewing, editing, and deleting tours and tourlogs, as well as generating reports.

For instance, the "Add Tour" use case begins when a user initiates the process through the interface provided by AddTours.xaml. This action triggers a request handled by TourPlannerVM, which then calls the TourService to perform the necessary operations. The TourService interacts with TourRepository to save the new tour to the database, and a confirmation is sent back through the TourPlannerVM to the user interface.

Ein Bild, das Diagramm, Text, Reihe, Plan enthält.

Automatisch generierte Beschreibung

### Sequence-Diagram

Sequence diagrams provide a detailed view of the interactions between different components during these use cases. For the "Add Tour" sequence, the diagram illustrates the flow from the user's initial action, through the various service calls, and back to the user with a confirmation of the added tour.

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Automatisch generierte Beschreibung

## Class-Diagram

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Automatisch generierte Beschreibung

## UX

In the Home Tab, there is a navigation bar at the top of the window featuring three sections: Menu, Tours, and TourLogs. On the left side, there is a hamburger menu that can be toggled open or closed by clicking a button (☰). This menu offers functions such as downloading tour reports, exporting and importing tour data, and exporting data as CSV files.

Beneath the navigation bar, there is a search bar where users can input search terms to filter tours. In the middle section of the window, a list of all tours is displayed. Users can search for tours by name, description and all other attributes. Selecting a tour displays details such as distance, estimated time, popularity, and child-friendliness. On the right side, a view is provided using the WebView2 control, offering a visual representation of the tours. At the bottom of the window, there is a section for tour logs. A table displays various log details, including ID, date, comment, difficulty, total distance, total time, and rating.

The Tour Tab is designed for adding new tours. It includes fields for the tour name, description, start point, destination, transport type (with options such as walking, bicycling, and driving), distance, and estimated time. A list on the right side shows existing tours. At the bottom, there are buttons for clearing the input fields, adding new tours, updating existing tours, and deleting tours.

In the TourLogs Tab, users can add logs to existing tours. This view features dropdown menus and text fields for selecting the tour, date and time, comments, difficulty level (easy, medium, hard), total distance, total time, and rating. At the bottom, there are buttons for adding, updating, and deleting tour logs.

The user experience design of TourPlanner is documented with wireframes that outline the application's layout and user interaction flow. These wireframes serve as blueprints for the interface design, ensuring a consistent and intuitive user experience:

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Automatisch generierte Beschreibung

## Library Decisions / Lessons Learned

Throughout the development of TourPlanner, careful consideration was given to the choice of libraries to enhance functionality and maintainability. For instance, log4net is utilized for logging application events, as configured in log4net.config. This provides robust logging capabilities essential for monitoring and debugging. Additionally, JSON.NET is employed for JSON parsing and serialization, as configured in appsettings.json, facilitating seamless handling of JSON data within the application.

## Implemented Design Pattern

The architecture of TourPlanner is built on several design patterns to ensure a clean and efficient codebase. The MVVM (Model-View-ViewModel) pattern is extensively used, separating the user interface from the business logic and enhancing the testability and maintainability of the code. This is evident in the interaction between the TourPlannerVM ViewModel and the corresponding XAML views. Additionally, the Repository Pattern is implemented to abstract the data access logic, providing a clean API for data operations. This pattern is exemplified in TourRepository.cs, which implements the ITourRepository interface.

## Unit-Testing Decisions

The **TourPlannerVMTests** class focuses on testing the functionalities of the TourPlannerVM ViewModel in the Tour Planner application. The AddTour method verifies that adding a new tour increases the count of tours in the ViewModel, ensuring that tours are correctly added. The UpdateTour method tests the functionality of updating an existing tour by checking if the ViewModel updates the tour details correctly. The DeleteTour method ensures that a tour can be successfully removed from the ViewModel. Similarly, the AddTourLog and UpdateTourLog methods test the addition and updating of tour logs within a selected tour. Finally, the DeleteTourLog method confirms that a tour log can be correctly removed from a tour's log list.

The ICommandTests class is dedicated to testing the commands in the TourPlannerVM ViewModel, which implement the ICommand interface. The AddTourCommand\_CanExecute method tests whether the AddTourCommand can execute given valid input, ensuring the command is enabled only when necessary inputs are provided. The AddTourCommand\_Execute method confirms that executing the command adds a new tour to the ViewModel. The UpdateTourCommand\_CanExecute and UpdateTourCommand\_Execute methods verify that the update command is enabled when a tour is selected and correctly updates the selected tour. The DeleteTourCommand\_CanExecute and DeleteTourCommand\_Execute methods ensure that the delete command is enabled when a tour is selected and successfully removes the selected tour. Additionally, the AddTourLogCommand and DeleteTourLogCommand methods test the execution and enabling of commands related to tour logs, ensuring logs can be added and removed as expected. The SaveTourLogCommand methods confirm that tour logs can be updated correctly.

The ServiceTests class evaluates the functionality of the TourService class, which handles business logic and data interactions. The AddTour method tests that a tour can be added to the database through the service, ensuring data is persisted correctly. The UpdateTour method verifies that updates to tour details are correctly reflected in the database. The DeleteTour method ensures that a tour can be removed from the database using the service. Finally, the GetAllTours method tests that the service retrieves all tours from the database, confirming that the service can correctly access and return stored data. These tests collectively ensure that the TourService class functions as intended, providing reliable data operations for the application.

## Unique Feature

As part of our enhanced feature set, we've introduced the capability to export tour data in three distinct formats: CSV, XML, and JSON.

**CSV Exporter:** This method meticulously constructs a CSV file, organizing tour details into rows and columns. The initial line specifies column headers such as "Name," "Description," "From," "To," "Distance," "EstimatedTime," "Popularity," and "ChildFriendliness," separated by semicolons. It then iterates through each tour in the collection, appending the relevant data on each line. The file is saved with a timestamp in the user's Documents folder for easy access.

**XML Exporter:** With this exporter, tour data is serialized into XML format, facilitating easy storage and transfer. The method employs XmlSerializer to convert the list of tours into structured XML data. Once serialized, the XML content is saved to a file in the user's Documents folder, named with a timestamp for clarity.

**JSON Exporter:** Utilizing the capabilities of the Newtonsoft.Json library, this exporter converts tour data into JSON format. The method serializes the tour list, ensuring that complex data structures are accurately represented. The resulting JSON content is written to a file in the user's Documents folder, incorporating a timestamp to differentiate files.

## Tracked Time

Kastl Tobias

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Time** | **Description** |
| < 30.05.2024 | ?h | Intermediate |
| 30.05.2024 | 11h | OpenRouteservice (Select Tour, Refresh-Btn), Report Generator Update, WebView2 for showing route, more Seeding-Data |
| 31.05.2024 | 12h | Started with Protocol, Input-Validation-Fix, Report-Generator-Formatting, Distance & Estimated-Time Fix (UTC formatting), Text-Search-Filter |
| 01.06.2024 | 10h | Create UnitTests, Create Unique-Feature, Computed Values added, Code-Cleanup, Protocol |

Poppinger Florian

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Time** | **Description** |
| < 25.05.2024 | ?h | Intermediate |
| 25.05.2024 | 11 | DB Connection, Postgres Container, Layers, DAL, BL |
| 28.05.2024 | 6 | DB Functions |
| 29.05.2024 | 8 | Log4net, Export Import Service |
| 31.05.2024 | 3 | String to Enum Changes, Code Fixes |
| 01.06.2024 | 6 | Bug Fixing, Code Cleaning, Protocol |

## Link to GIT

<https://github.com/FloberPoP/Swen2-Tour_Planner.git>