

INTRODUCING TO GSC 2025!



FloodSafe

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Theme: Urban Flooding_(Adaptation & Mitigation)

FloodSafe: Table of Contents

1. Executive Summary

Crisis | Solution | Innovation | Impact | Implementation

3. User Research & Existing Solutions

User Journeys: Pain points across vulnerable populations | Benchmarking: 6 platforms (FloodWatch, SACHET, CWC, Google Flood Hub, IMD, Equinoct) | Gap Analysis: Generic warnings vs. actionable hyperlocal guidance

5. Innovation & Creativity

Unique Value: First hyperlocal flood atlas | Technical Innovation: Prophet AI + affordable IoT | User-Centric Design: Dynamic routing, emergency SOS, inclusive accessibility (2G-optimized, regional languages)

7. Impact Assessment

Target Users: 10,000–15,000 (pilot) | Economic: ₹2–6 crore annually saved | Social: 6–12hr advance warnings, zero drowning deaths goal | Metrics: Prediction accuracy, alert effectiveness, user trust, economic benefit | Data Collection: IoT sensors, community reports, SMS surveys, satellite validation

8. Scalability Plan

Geographic: Delhi/Bangalore → Tier-1 → Tier-2/3 cities | Use Cases: Emergency response, infrastructure planning, insurance | Funding Evolution: Govt grants → PPPs → Self-sustaining | Policy: Climate commitments, data privacy | Long-term Benefits: Ecological + social + economic

2. Problem Statement

Context: Delhi & Bangalore flooding crisis | User Segments: 8 personas (auto drivers, delivery partners, students, elderly) | Scale: 71 hotspots, 500K+ daily commuters affected | Critical Impacts: 8 documented (drowning deaths, economic losses, traffic gridlock)

4. Proposed Solution: FloodSafe

Three-Pillar System: Prophet AI (60% better accuracy) + IoT Network (₹3,100 sensors, 85% cost reduction) + Community Intelligence (300–500 ambassadors) | Core Features: Safe route navigation, one-tap SOS, offline capability, SMS/USSD for feature phones

6. Implementation Plan

5-Phase Rollout (Nov 2025 → Feb 2026): Foundation → Delhi Pilot → Bangalore Scale → System Hardening → Pre-Monsoon Ready | Resources: Open-source AI stack, IoT components breakdown, campus ambassador partnerships | Risks & Mitigation: Sensor malfunction, connectivity loss, false positives, alert fatigue

9. Supporting Materials

Mockups, user journeys, technical architecture, research citations

Executive Summary

THE CRISIS

71 documented flood hotspots in Delhi. Lack of integrated warning systems.

- **July 2024:** 3 students drowned in basement coaching center—no evacuation alert
- **Delhi's drainage:** Built 1976 for 50mm/day | Reality: 185.9mm/day (2023)
- **Economic toll:** 71% residents lose money to floods | 500K+ commuters trapped due to flooding
- **Bangalore:** 80% lakes encroached | Only 842km of 1,500km drains exist

CORE INNOVATION

- From warnings to action: Not "it might flood"—but **WHERE** water accumulates, **WHEN** it's dangerous, **HOW** to evacuate safely
- **Dynamic routing:** 3 alternative routes avoiding waterlogged zones
- **One-tap SOS:** GPS distress + offline Bluetooth mesh
- **Inclusive design:** SMS/USSD for feature phones | 2G-optimized | Regional languages

FLOODSAFE SOLUTION

India's first hyperlocal flood atlas: **AI forecasting** + **IoT sensors** + **community intelligence** → **real-time safe route navigation**

Three-Pillar System

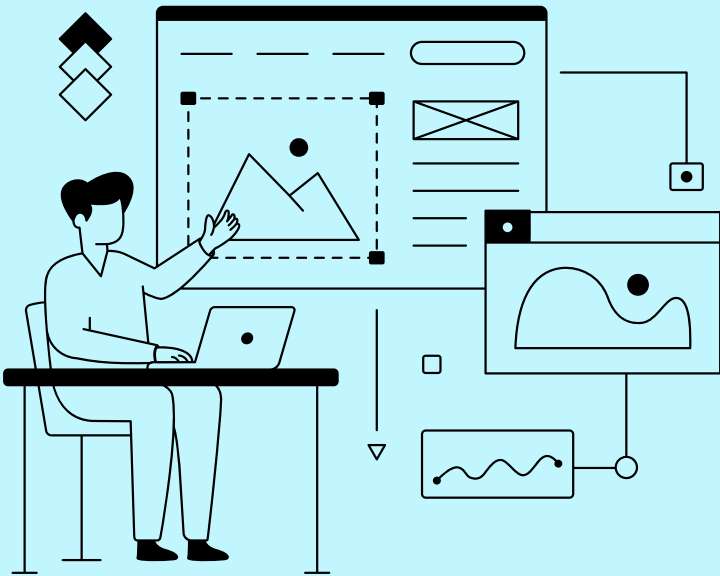
- **Prophet AI Engine:** 60% better accuracy than ARIMA | 48–72hr forecasts with ± 80 uncertainty (vs ± 120 traditional)
- **IoT Network:** ₹3,100 sensors (85% cost reduction) | 15-min data intervals at critical drainage points
- **Community Intelligence:** 300–500 campus ambassadors | GPS-timestamped, photo-verified reports | Gamified engagement

IMPACT (PILOT: DELHI + BANGALORE)

- **Target:** 10,000–15,000 users | Economic benefit: ₹2–6 crore annually
- **Auto drivers:** Save 5–6 work days + ₹3,000–4,000 in repairs per monsoon
- **Delivery partners:** Income loss reduced 45% → 25%
- **Emergency response:** 15–20 min faster (sensor coverage areas)
- Zero drowning deaths in monitored neighborhoods (goal)

IMPLEMENTATION: 5-PHASE ROLLOUT | NOV 2025 → FEB 2026

Phase	Timeline	Milestone
Foundation	3 weeks	MVP Built and Ambassador Recruited
Delhi Pilot	4 weeks	5–6 IoT nodes set + User Testing
Bangalore Scale	4 weeks	10–12 total nodes across cities
System Hardening	3 weeks	Weekly AI retraining + security
Pre-Monsoon Ready	2 week	Full testing + emergency coordination



PROBLEM STATEMENT

Theme: Urban **Flooding** (Adaptation & Mitigation)

Problem: Delhi and Bangalore face severe monsoon flooding with zero advance warning systems, leaving millions vulnerable to sudden waterlogging that paralyzes urban life and claims lives.

Delhi experiences flooding across 71 documented hotspots, yet operates on a 1976 drainage plan designed for 50mm/day—inadequate for the 185.9mm/day recorded in 2023. The 2024 Old Rajinder Nagar coaching center tragedy killed 3 students trapped in a flooded basement when sudden rainfall inundated the building within minutes, exposing the deadly consequences of delayed warnings.

Bangalore has seen 80% of lakes encroached, reducing natural flood absorption capacity while the city has only 842 km of the required 1,500 km stormwater drains. The May 2025 floods recorded 130mm in 12 hours, submerging 500+ homes and tech parks.



WHEN IT RAINS, WE DROWN IN SILENCE

In July 2024, three students sat in a basement coaching center, studying for their futures. Minutes later, rainwater rushed in. They drowned—no warning, no alert, no chance to run. This isn't rare. It's every monsoon.



A pregnant woman's ambulance can't reach her through flooded streets. A delivery driver loses a day's wages, stranded on a waterlogged road. A father misses his child's hospital appointment because he had no way to know which routes were passable.

71% of Delhi residents lose money to floods they never saw coming. Street vendors pack up early, going home with empty pockets. Elderly people in basement apartments sit in rising water, hoping it stops. Hospitals evacuate patients mid-surgery, doctors wading through sewage-mixed floodwater.

Our drainage system was built in 1976. It can't handle today's rains. Every year, the same streets flood, the same drains overflow, the same neighborhoods become islands. Disease spreads through contaminated water, but there's no one to warn.

The real problem isn't just water—it's the silence around it.

People can't report floods as they happen. Neighborhoods can't help each other. And when someone's in danger, there's no safety net to catch them.



CRITICAL IMPACTS

1. Life-Threatening Delays: Basement Drowning Incidents

Basement dwellers and coaching center students receive no evacuation alerts, risking drowning incidents during flash floods. The July 2024 Old Rajinder Nagar coaching center tragedy killed 3 students (Tanya Soni, 21; Shreya Yadav, 25; Nevin Delvin, 29) trapped in a flooded basement when sudden rainfall inundated the building within minutes.

Sources:

- NDTV (July 26, 2024) - "Students Trapped In Popular Coaching Centre's Flooded Basement In Delhi" <https://www.ndtv.com/india-news/students-trapped-in-popular-coaching-centres-flooded-basement-in-delhi-1-dead-6203340>
- BBC (July 29, 2024) - "Anger after students drown in Delhi building basement" <https://www.bbc.com/news/articles/c0xjll8l24o>
- Indian Express (July 28, 2024) - "UPSC coaching centre deaths: How was the basement flooded" <https://indianexpress.com/article/cities/delhi/upsc-coaching-centre-deaths-how-it-was-flooded-9482077/>

2. Economic Paralysis: Financial Losses from Waterlogged Roads

71% of Delhi NCR residents report financial losses from missed flights, trains, and commitments due to waterlogged roads. The 2023 Delhi floods caused traffic jams and business interruptions with long-term productivity losses across trading hubs like Model Town, Yamuna Bazaar, and Geeta Colony.

Sources:

- Business Standard (Aug 11, 2024) - "71% of Delhi NCR residents report financial losses due to waterlogging" https://www.business-standard.com/india-news/71-of-delhi-ncr-residents-report-financial-losses-due-to-waterlogging-124081200531_1.html



CRITICAL IMPACTS

3. Traffic Gridlock: Commute Times Doubled

500,000+ daily commuters trapped on flooded routes with commute times doubling from 1 hour to 2+ hours during monsoon waterlogging, causing severe productivity losses. The 2023 Delhi floods created complete traffic standstills across major arterial roads.

Sources:

- *Times of India* (Aug 14, 2024) – "Flooding hits patients at AIIMS, RML" <https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/city/delhi/flooding-hits-patients-at-aiims-rml/articleshow/123309531.cms>
- *GoAid Ambulance Service* (May 6, 2025) – "Success Stories in Delhi: Waterlogging delays" <https://www.goaid.in/success-stories-in-delhi/>

4. Livelihood Disruption: Informal Workers Lose Daily Income

Informal workers (delivery personnel, street vendors, gig economy workers) lose 4–6 hours of daily income when stranded by sudden flooding. The 2023 Delhi floods resulted in business interruption and stoppage of production particularly affecting marketplace closures and income loss.

Sources:

- *Drishti IAS* (May 28, 2025) – "Urban Flooding in India" <https://www.drishtiias.com/daily-updates/daily-news-analysis/urban-flooding-in-india>
- *LAEX.in* (Sept 26, 2025) – "Urban Floods in India: Causes, Impacts & Resilient Strategies" <https://laex.in/daily-mains-question/urban-floods-in-india-causes-impacts-resilient-strategies/>



CRITICAL IMPACTS

5. Emergency Response Failures: Ambulances Delayed

Ambulances and rescue services cannot navigate impassable roads, causing 45+ minute delays in critical medical emergencies. During the 2017 Pune monsoon, 4 ambulance services were stuck for extended periods in waterlogged areas, with potential drastic consequences for patients.

Sources:

- Rediff (July 28, 2024) - "What led to basement flooding which killed 3 students" <https://www.rediff.com/news/report/what-led-to-basement-flooding-which-killed-3-students/20240729.htm>
- Times of India (July 5, 2025) - "Old Rajendra Nagar deaths: Flooded once, forgotten forever" <https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/city/delhi/old-rajendra-nagar-deaths-flooded-once-forgotten-forever-year-on-drainage-clogged-and-so-is-the-system/articleshow/122262858.cms>

6. Public Health Crisis: Disease Outbreaks

Floodwaters mix with sewage and industrial waste, creating breeding grounds for waterborne diseases. The 2005 Mumbai floods led to a leptospirosis outbreak, while the 2019 Patna floods caused huge outbreaks of malaria and diarrhea across villages.

Sources:

- Hindustan Times (Aug 10, 2005) - "Waterborne disease kills 25 in Mumbai" <https://hindustantimes.com/mumbai/waterborne-disease-kills-25-in-mumbai/>
- ADRC Asia (July 26, 2005) - "India: Flood: 2005/07/27" (Disaster Database) <https://adrc.asia> (Complete timeline of 2005 Mumbai floods waterborne disease deaths and casualties)



CRITICAL IMPACTS



7. Infrastructure Damage: Multi-Billion Dollar Losses

Urban flooding inflicts severe economic damage with the 2005 Mumbai floods causing USD 2 billion in losses and the 2015 Chennai floods causing USD 3 billion in damages. The World Bank estimates that by 2050, flood damage could cost USD 1 trillion annually worldwide without preventive actions.

Sources:

- *Drishti IAS (May 28, 2025) – "Urban Flooding in India" Drishti IAS (Sept 15, 2024): <https://www.drishtiias.com/daily-updates/daily-news-editorials/urban-flooding-a-looming-threat>*
- *LAEX.in (Sept 26, 2025) – "Urban Floods in India: Causes, Impacts & Resilient Strategies" Drishti IAS (Sept 15, 2024): <https://www.drishtiias.com/daily-updates/daily-news-editorials/urban-flooding-a-looming-threat>*

8. Drowning Deaths: Climate-Related Water Disasters

Between 2001 and 2018, 74% of disasters were water-related including floods and cyclones, significantly increasing drowning risks. Climate change has intensified water-related physical events leading to increased drowning burdens across India.

Sources:

- *PMC/NCBI (Aug 31, 2024) – "Impact of climate change on water-related physical events, consequent human migration, and burden of drowning in India" <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC11384623/>*
- *AGU Publications (Sept 30, 2024) – "Land and Atmospheric Drivers of the 2023 Flood in India" <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1029/2024EA003750>*



USER SEGMENTS

Ramesh – The Daily Commuter

Ramesh drives his auto-rickshaw from Lajpat Nagar to Connaught Place every day. He knows the city's roads like the back of his hand — until the monsoon begins. When sudden downpours flood low-lying streets, he's trapped for hours in knee-deep water. His phone has no internet, his income vanishes, and every day feels uncertain.



Problems faced:

- No real-time flood route information
- Gets stuck in traffic jams for 2–3 hours daily
- Loses ₹500–700 per day in earnings
- Frequent vehicle damage and stress during monsoon

Inspector Meena – Emergency Responder

Inspector Meena leads a flood response unit at DDMA. When disaster strikes, she's one of the first to act — but the chaos is massive.

Every minute counts, yet her vehicles are delayed by flooded intersections and blocked roads.



Problems faced:

- Lacks real-time flood depth or location verification
- Rescue routes blocked by unexpected flooding
- Delays of 30–60 minutes in reaching victims
- Inefficient coordination between teams

USER SEGMENTS

🛵 Priya – The Food Delivery Partner

Priya delivers food orders on her bike across Delhi, working 8–10 hours daily to earn ₹1,500–2,000. During monsoons, her income drops by 40–60%. Roads flood, orders cancel, and she must work through dangerous conditions just to survive.



Problems faced:

- Loses ₹500–800 per day during heavy rainfall
- Wades through waist-deep water, risking electrocution and infections
- Bike engine stalls; repairs cost ₹3,000–8,000
- No insurance or safety protection from employers

🚌 Arjun – The College Student

Arjun travels from the suburbs to his engineering college daily, a 1.5-hour commute that doubles during monsoons. Waterlogged streets, suspended buses, and late arrivals threaten his attendance record.



Problems faced:

- Commute time doubles or triples during monsoon (1.5 hrs → 3–4 hrs)
- Buses and metros often suspended due to flooding
- Forced to book costly cabs/autos (3–5× normal rate)

USER SEGMENTS

Geeta – The Street Vendor

Geeta sells fruits and flowers on the roadside. Her daily profit of ₹200–400 disappears on rain days. Waterlogging ruins her stock and forces her into debt.



Problems faced:

- Sales drop 50–70% on heavy rain days
- Stock worth ₹1,000–2,000 spoils daily in rain
- No covered stall; goods get soaked and wasted
- Forced to borrow money .

Rajesh – The Auto-Rickshaw Driver

Rajesh drives 12–14 hours a day. Flooded roads stall his vehicle, costing him up to ₹5,000 in repairs and 5–7 days of income.



Problems faced:

- Engine failure and stalling in flooded streets
- Flood-related repairs cost ₹2,000–5,000 per incident
- Loses 3–7 days of income while vehicle is repaired

USER SEGMENTS

👩 Meera – The Pregnant Woman

Meera is 8 months pregnant and lives 4 km from the nearest hospital. During monsoons, she often cannot reach the clinic due to flooded roads.



Problems faced:

- Misses prenatal check-ups due to inaccessible roads
- Risks emergency labor without transport
- Poor sanitation increases infection risk
- Flooded homes prevent proper hygiene and rest

🏗️ Suresh – The Construction Worker

Suresh works as a daily wager. When construction halts during heavy rain, he loses all income for weeks.



Problems faced:

- Complete income loss when construction halts during rain
- No job security when work resumes after floods
- Temporary housing collapses in heavy rainfall

USER SEGMENTS

👵 Mrs. Sharma – The Elderly Resident

Mrs. Sharma, aged 72, lives alone in a ground-floor flat. During monsoons, flooding isolates her and cuts off medicine access.



Problems faced:

- High risk of falling or slipping in flooded stairways
- Cannot reach pharmacy or doctor for check-ups
- Medicines often damaged by water seepage

👪 Raj & Priya – The Young Couple

Raj (IT professional) and Priya (teacher) manage jobs, a toddler, and their new home near a drain. Monsoons bring stress and fear of property loss.



Problems faced:

- Home near drain prone to waterlogging and property damage
- Childcare disrupted by daycare/school closure
- Both parents struggle with work commitments during floods

FloodSafe: Hyperlocal Flood Resilience Platform

Introducing FloodSafe!

India's first hyperlocal flood atlas combining AI forecasting, affordable IoT sensors, gamified youth community reporting and real-time safe route navigation—transforming generic flood warnings into actionable life-saving guidance piloting for Delhi and Bangalore's most vulnerable communities.

High-Level Architecture & Working

Three-Pillar Intelligence System

- AI Prediction Engine Facebook Prophet algorithm trained on 810 days of historical monsoon data
- Achieves 60% better accuracy than traditional ARIMA models
- Provides 48–72 hour forecasts with narrow uncertainty bounds (± 80 vs ± 120 range)
- IoT Ground Truth Network Real-time water level monitoring at critical drainage points
- 85% cost reduction: ₹3,100 sensors vs ₹50,000+ commercial systems
- 15-minute data transmission intervals for continuous validation
- Community Verification Layer 300–500 campus ambassadors provide GPS-timestamped, photo-verified reports
- Human-AI collaboration: When reports diverge from AI by $>30\%$, analysts verify via CCTV
- Gamified engagement prevents false alarms while sustaining participation



The Point: From Warnings to Action

Traditional flood alerts tell you "it might flood." **FloodSafe** shows you where water will accumulate, when it will reach dangerous levels, and when to evacuate safely—with three alternative routes that avoid waterlogged zones, one-tap emergency SOS, and offline functionality for 2G networks.

Community Intelligence & Reporting System

Why Community-Driven Intelligence?

Satellites and IoT sensors cannot detect clogged drains, localized waterlogging in informal settlements, or sudden infrastructure failures. Community reports fill these critical gaps while validating AI predictions in real-time.

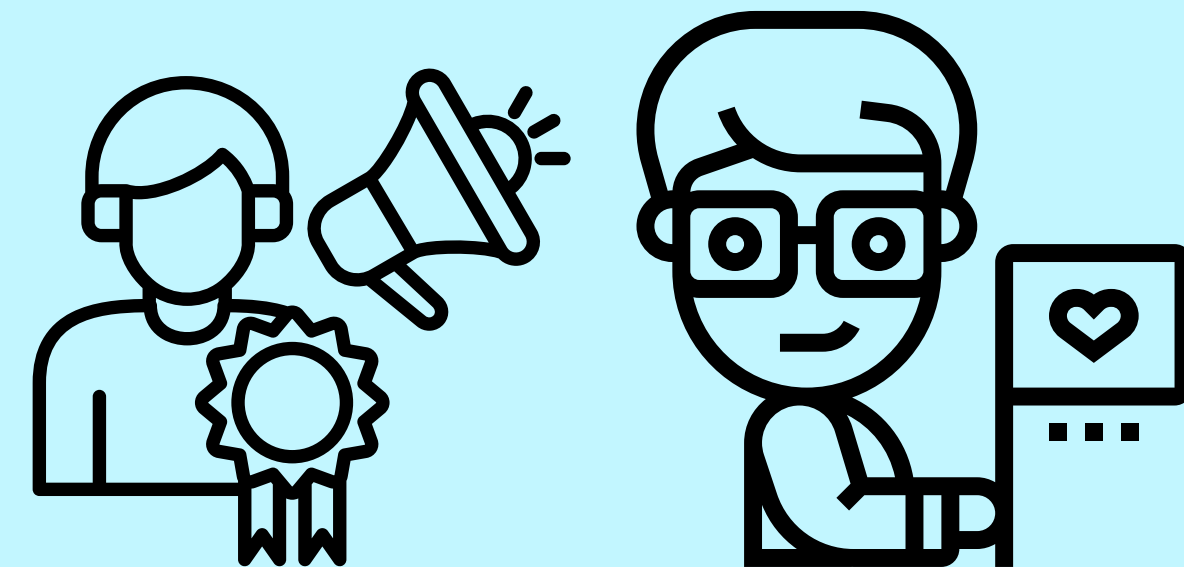
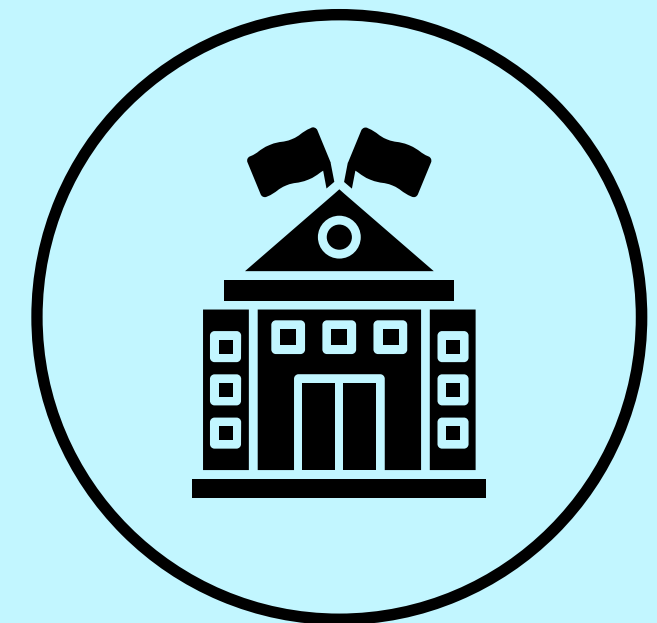
Campus Ambassador Network

Recruitment & Scale

- 300–500 university students from 15–20 colleges across Delhi and Bangalore
- NSS/NCC partnerships with academic credit for service hours
- 2–3 ambassadors assigned per flood-prone neighborhood
- Rotating cohorts ensure institutional sustainability

Training & Responsibilities

- Field training on flood pattern identification and reporting protocols
- Door-to-door awareness campaigns in 10–15 vulnerable settlements
- Real-time ground validation during monsoon events
- Mentorship: Delhi volunteers train Bangalore expansion teams



Community Intelligence & Reporting System

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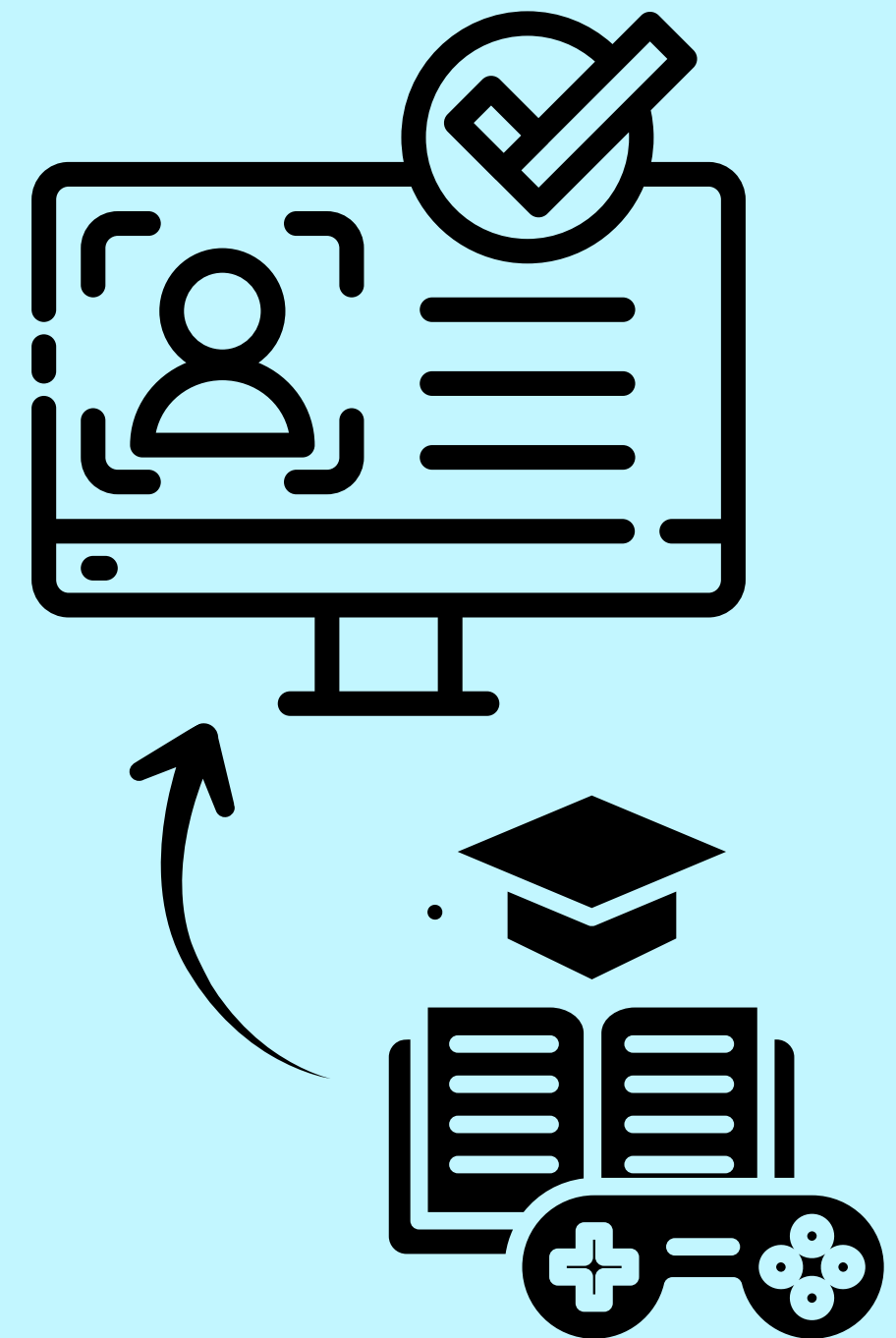
Gamified Verification System

Trust-Building Mechanisms

- Photo-Documented Reports: GPS timestamps + visual evidence required
- Reputation Scoring: 1-100 scale with achievement badges and leaderboards
- Blockchain Verification: Immutable contribution histories prevent false alarms
- Public Recognition: "Flood Champion" awards and community acknowledgment

Engagement Sustainability

- Seasonal monsoon challenge competitions
- Point rewards for verified, actionable reports
- Real-time feedback loop: See how your report improved community safety



Community Intelligence & Reporting System

Why Community-Driven Intelligence?

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Human-AI Collaboration Protocol

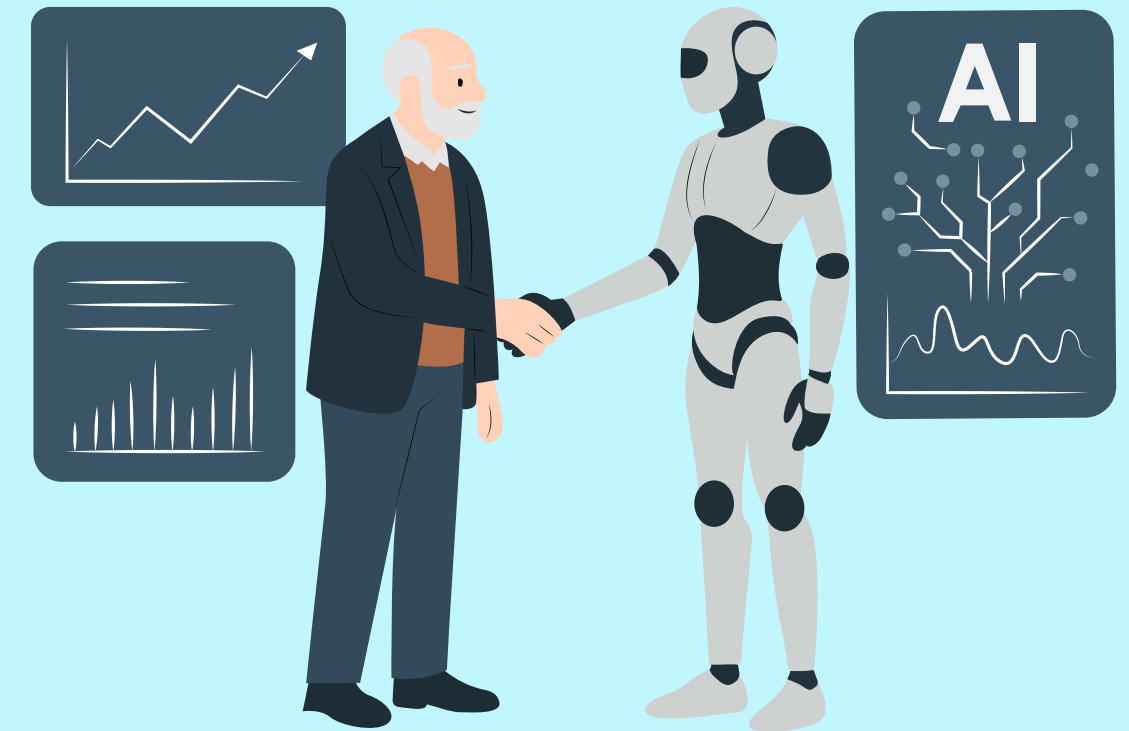
Conflict Resolution System

When community reports diverge from AI predictions by >30% over 5 hours:

- Notifications sent to ambassadors to cross verify such reports
- Ambassador teams cross validate area reports
- Alert issued only after consensus confirmation
- Prevents both false alarms AND missed warnings

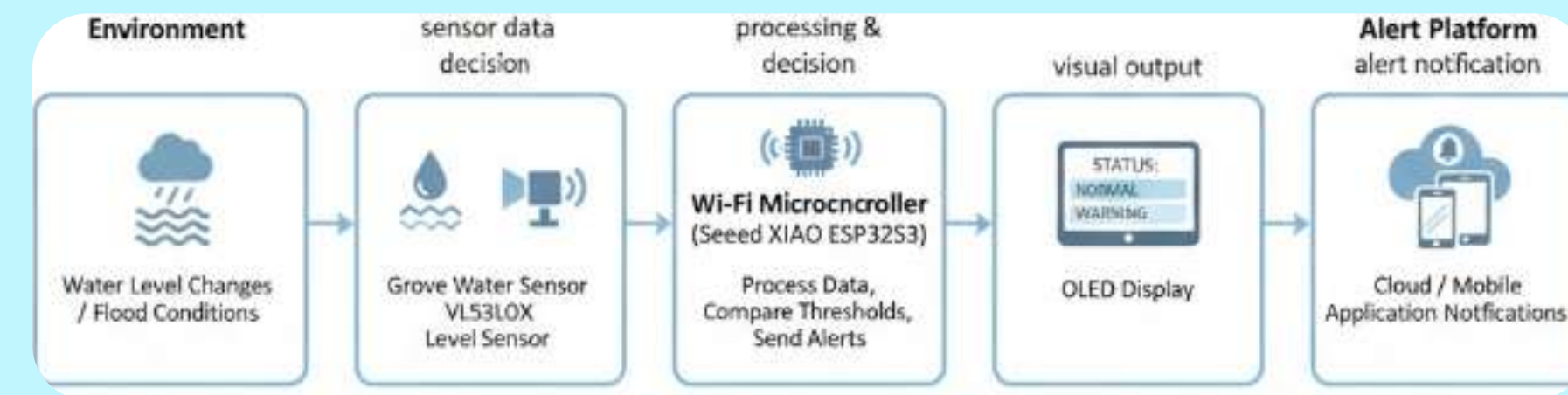
Continuous Model Improvement

- Weekly Prophet model retraining with validated observations
- Community feedback directly improves prediction accuracy
- Bidirectional intelligence: AI forecasts → Community validates → Model learns



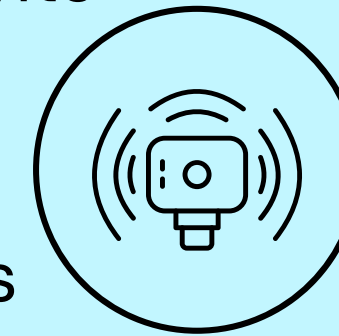
IoT Hardware Architecture

Four-Stage Operation Pipeline



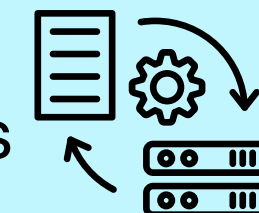
1. Sensing Stage

- Grove Water Sensor provides binary detection: water present/absent at ground level
- VL53LOX Distance Sensor takes continuous ranging measurements (millimeter precision)
- Both sensors operate simultaneously for redundant validation
- Readings captured every 15 minutes and during threshold events



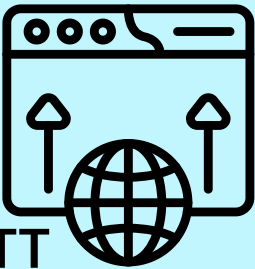
2. Data Processing Stage

- Seeed XIAO ESP32S3 receives raw data from both sensors via I2C protocol
- Microcontroller compares readings against predefined thresholds:
 - Normal: Distance $>$ safe threshold, no ground contact
 - Warning: Distance approaching threshold OR intermittent ground contact
 - Flood: Distance $<$ critical threshold AND sustained ground contact
- Low-power design enables solar/battery operation in remote locations



Deployment Strategy

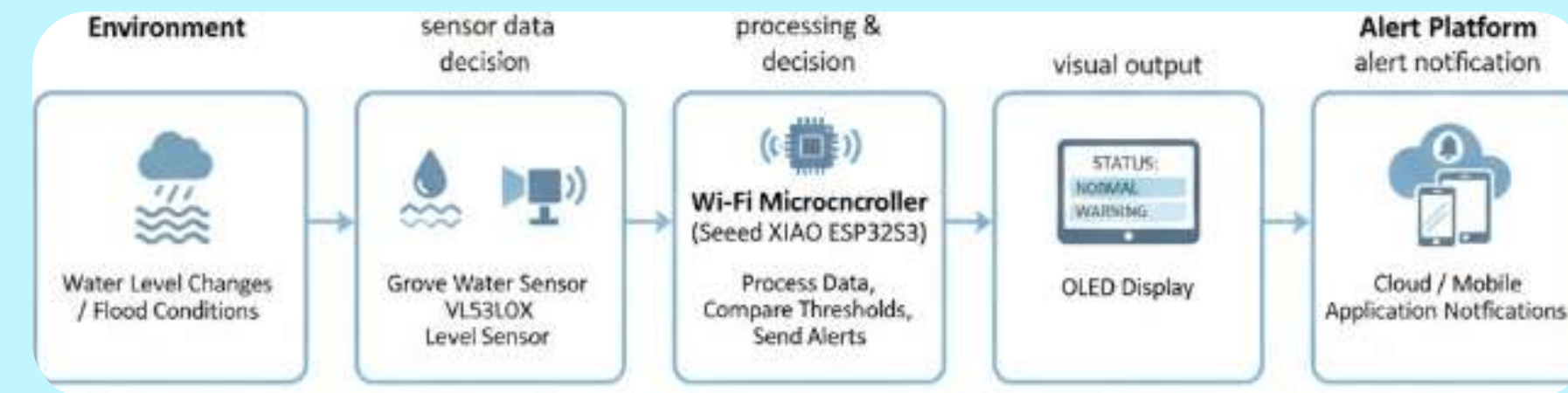
5–6 sensors per city at critical drainage points (Rajendra Nagar, ITO, Minto Bridge in Delhi; Whitefield, Bellandur in Bangalore)



Data transmitted via MQTT protocol to cloud storage
Open-source stack (Docker, PostgreSQL, FastAPI) keeps infrastructure under \$50/month

IoT Hardware Architecture

Four-Stage Operation Pipeline



3. Alert & Display Stage

- OLED screen shows real-time water level measurements and current status color code
- When safe limit exceeded:
 - Local buzzer/LED activation for immediate area warning
 - Wi-Fi notification sent to FloodSafe platform backend
 - Triggers Prophet AI validation and route recalculation
- Multi-channel alerting ensures redundancy during network degradation



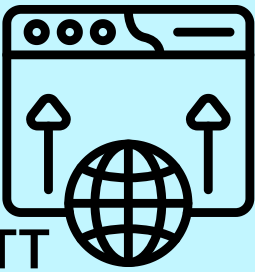
4. Continuous Monitoring Stage

- System operates 24/7 with real-time data pipeline updates
- Thresholds dynamically adjusted based on:
 - Sensor calibration data
 - Historical flood patterns at specific location
 - Seasonal terrain changes (monsoon vs dry season)
 - Manual override by field engineers during maintenance



Deployment Strategy

5–6 sensors per city at critical drainage points (Rajendra Nagar, ITO, Minto Bridge in Delhi; Whitefield, Bellandur in Bangalore)



**Data transmitted via MQTT protocol to cloud storage
Open-source stack (Docker, PostgreSQL, FastAPI) keeps infrastructure under \$50/month**

Prophet AI & Time Series Modeling

Why Meta Prophet?

Superior Accuracy for Urban Flood Forecasting

- 60% better accuracy than traditional ARIMA models (MAE 10.11 vs 34.32)
- Automatic changepoint detection handles Delhi's unpredictable monsoon patterns and Yamuna overflow scenarios
- Narrower uncertainty bounds (± 80 vs ± 120 range) enable confident evacuation decisions
- Handles missing data and outliers robustly—critical for real-world urban environments



Training Data Sources & Architecture

Initial Historical Training (2015–2024)

Government Data Repositories

- India WRIS (Water Resources Information System): River discharge, reservoir levels, drainage basin data
- Source: Point rewards for verified, actionable reports
- Real-time feedback loop: See how your report improved community safety.
- Data.gov.in Rainfall Records: District-level daily rainfall measurements across India
- Source: Point rewards for verified, actionable reports
- Real-time feedback loop: See how your report improved community safety.
- IMD (India Meteorological Department) API: Real-time weather forecasts, monsoon predictions
- Source: Point rewards for verified, actionable reports
- Real-time feedback loop: See how your report improved community safety.



Prophet AI & Time Series Modeling

Training Data Sources & Architecture Initial Historical Training (2015–2024)

Academic Research Datasets

- IIT Delhi HydroSense Platform: Urban hydrology research, storm drainage models
- Source: <https://hydrosense.iitd.ac.in/resources/>
- Zenodo Flood Event Database: Georeferenced historical flood incidents with severity classifications
- Source: <https://zenodo.org/records/14584655>

Feature Engineering

- 810 days of monsoon data with temporal features (hour, day, month, season)
- Geospatial clustering using H3 hexagonal grids at 100m resolution
- Terrain elevation from free DEM data processed via WhiteboxTools
- Historical waterlogging locations from BLR Water Log methodology



Prophet AI & Time Series Modeling

Continuous Learning Pipeline

Hybrid Training Approach

1. **Initial Model:** Trained on 2015–2024 historical flood records + meteorological data
2. **Real-Time Validation:** IoT sensor readings provide ground truth every 15 minutes
3. **Community Refinement:** Verified ambassador reports add localized context (clogged drains, construction disruptions)
4. **Weekly Retraining:** Prophet models updated every week during monsoon, monthly off-season

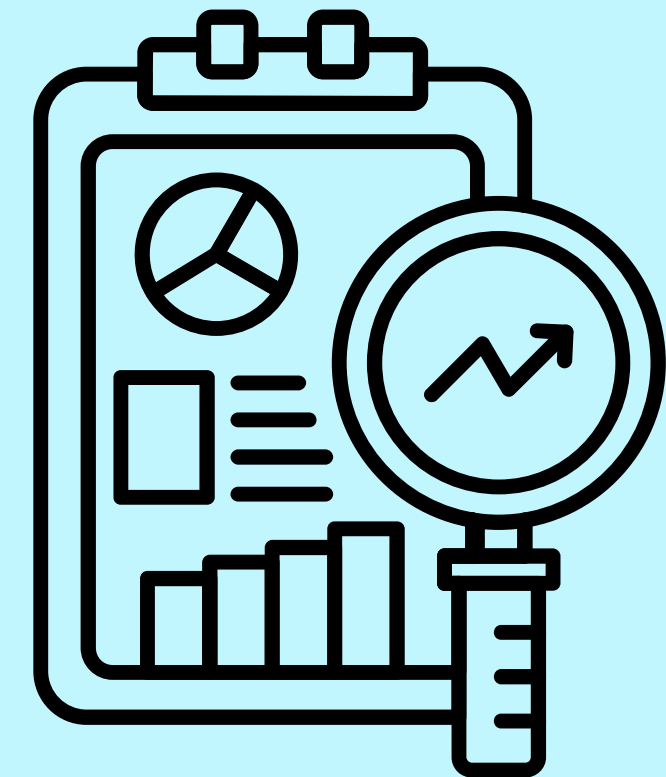


Model Performance Monitoring

- IsolationForest algorithms filter anomalous community reports before training
- Transparent confidence scoring (0–100%) displayed for every forecast
- Graceful degradation: When IoT/community data unavailable, falls back to weather-only predictions

Future Scope

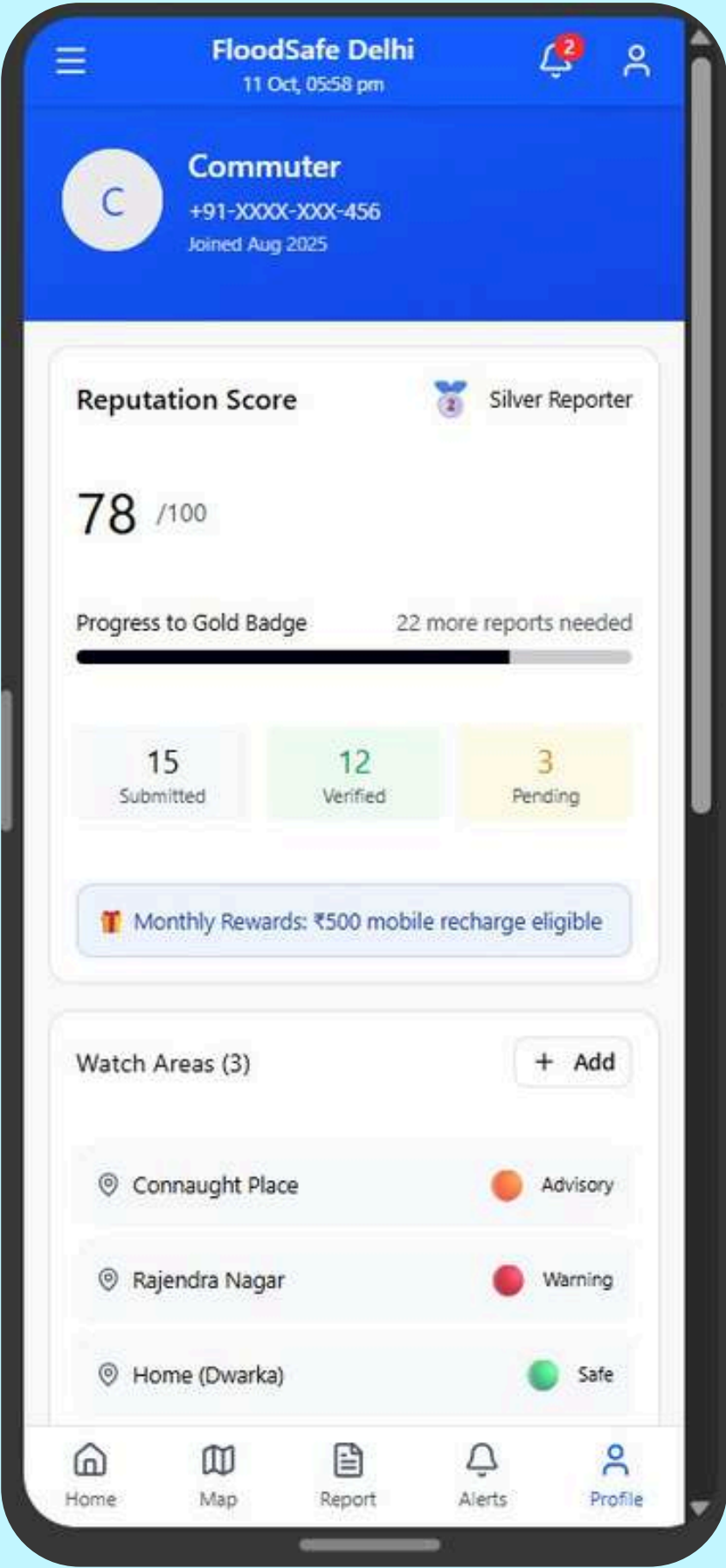
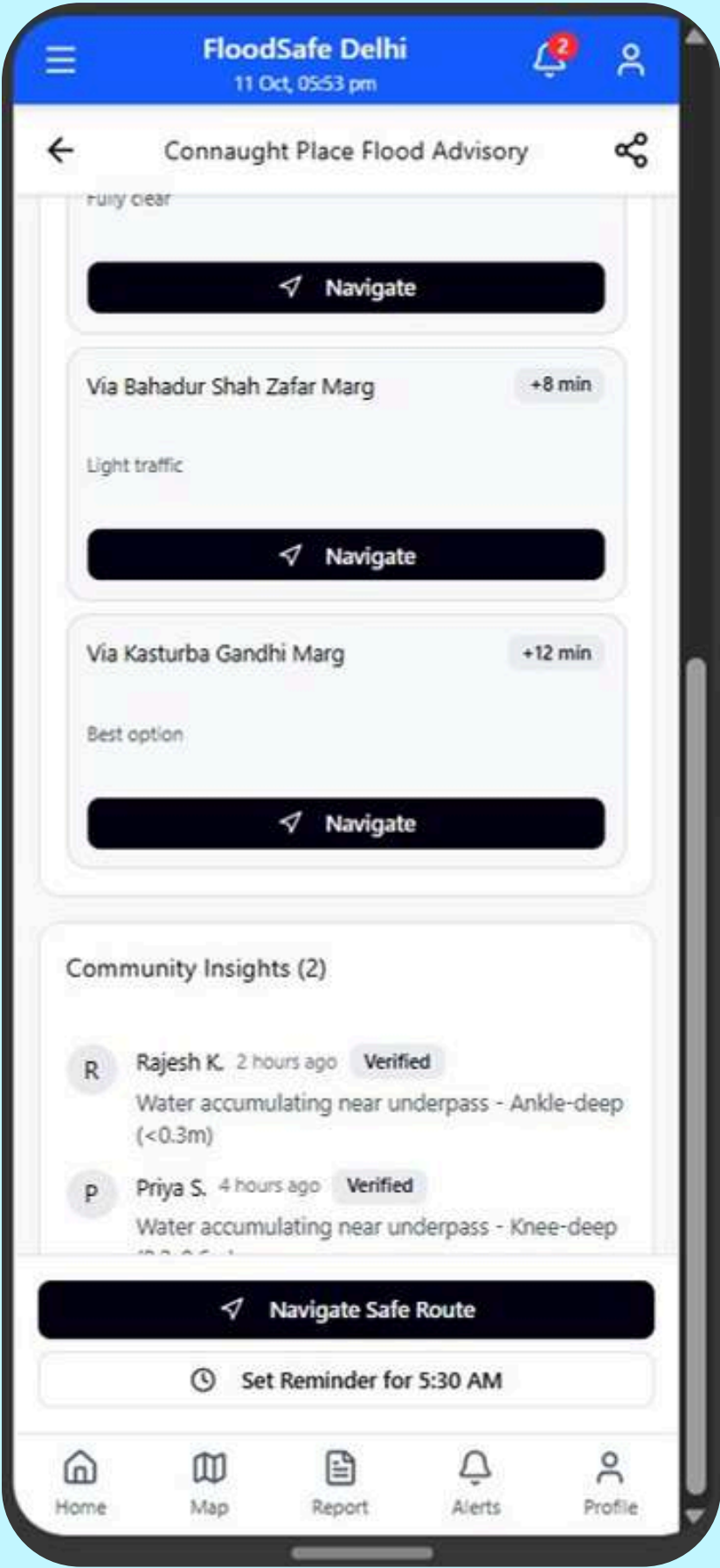
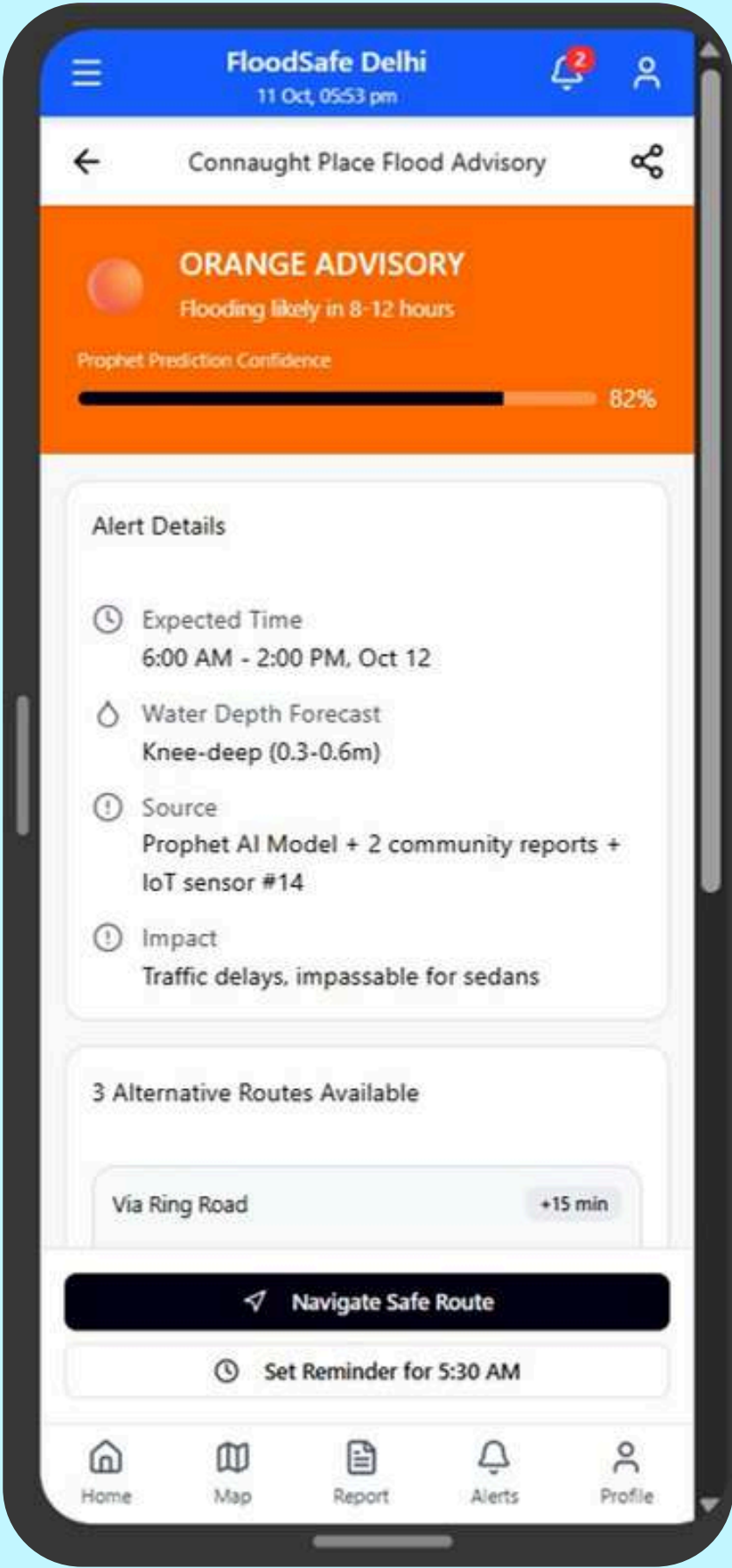
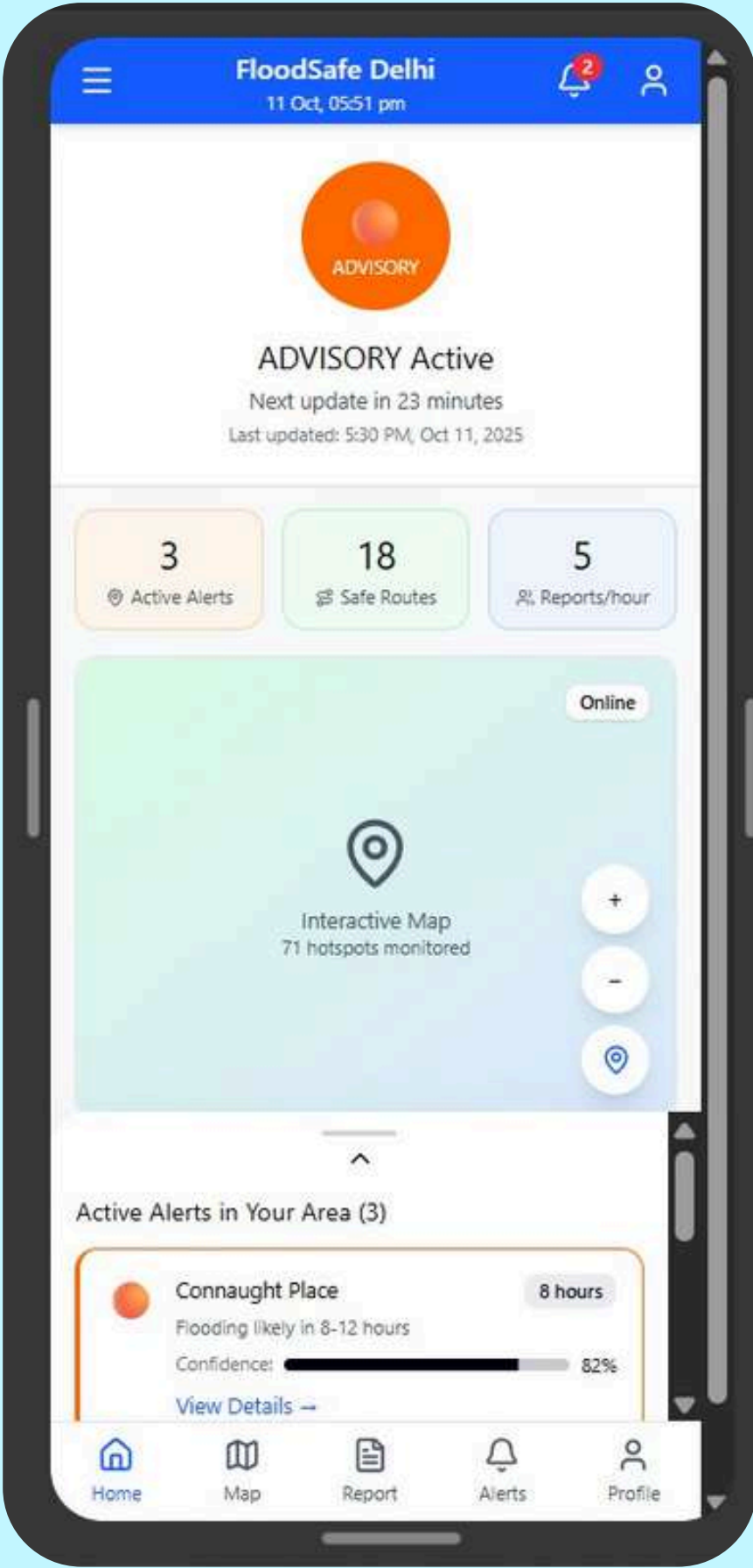
- Multi-season dataset expansion improves year-over-year accuracy
- Cross-city model transfer: Delhi patterns inform Bangalore predictions (and vice versa)
- Integration with satellite precipitation estimates (GPM, IMERG) for extended lead time

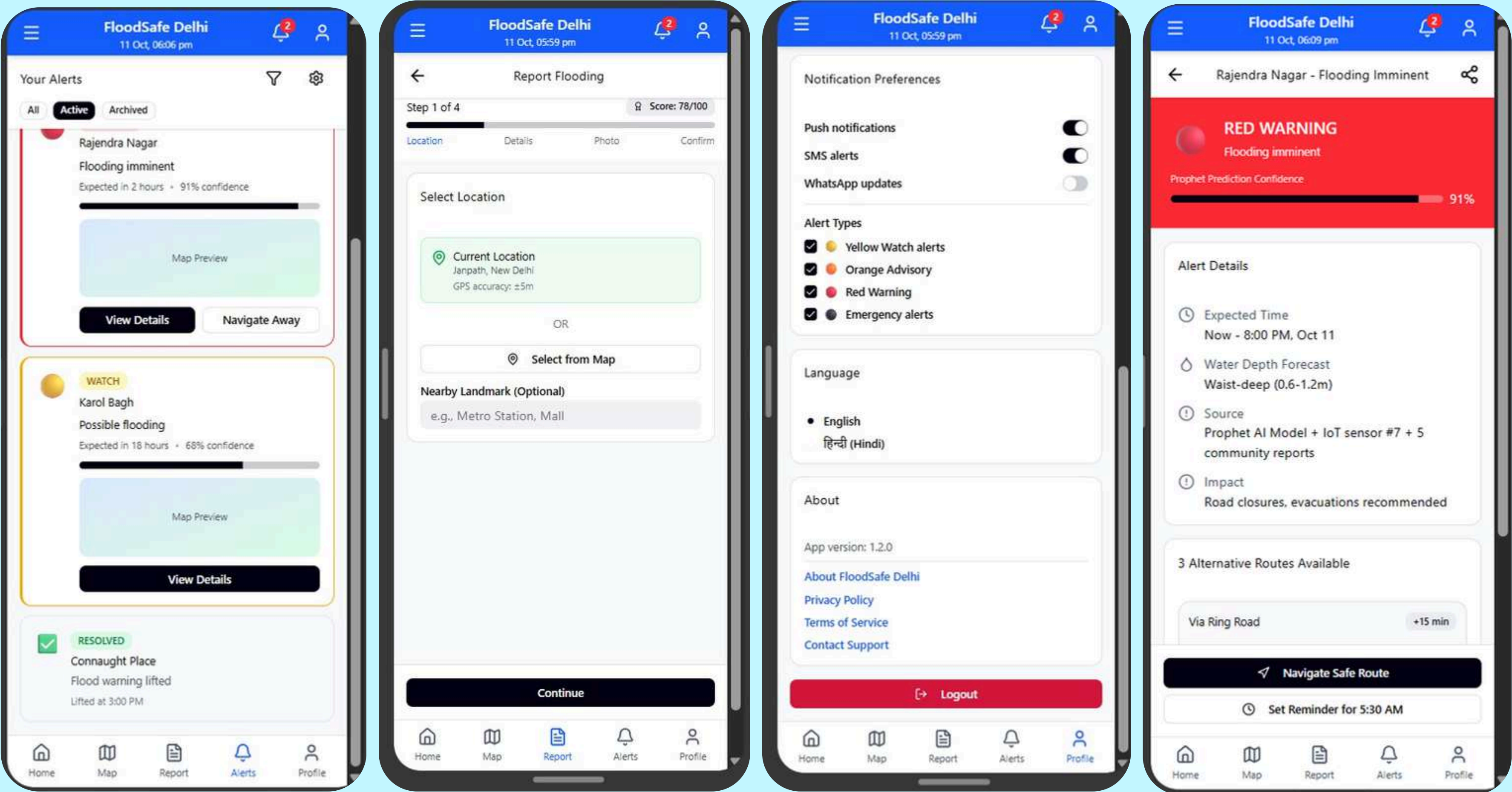


MOCKUPS AND DESIGNS

Click This to test out the FloodSafe mockup app :)

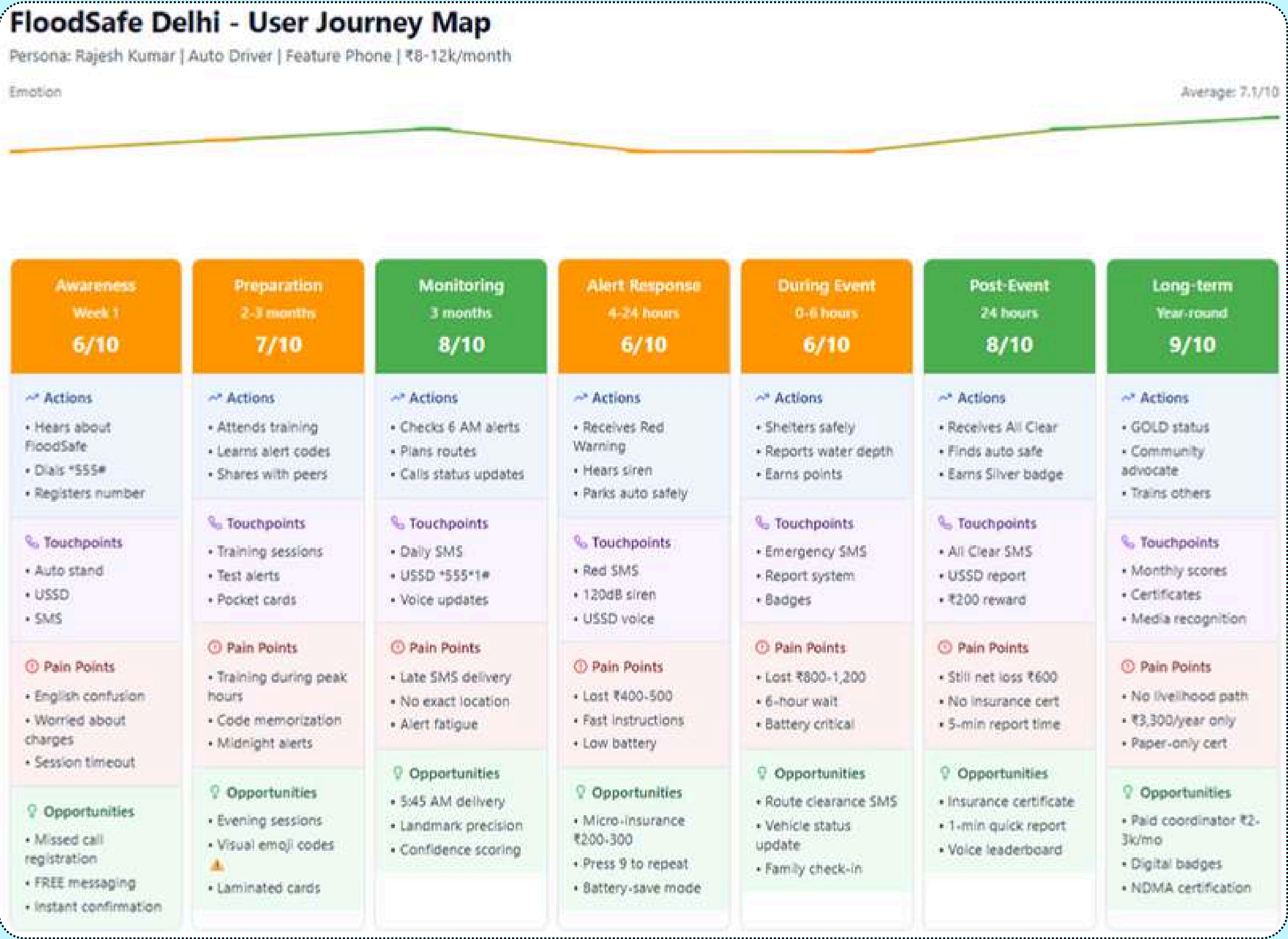
<https://check-dot-62214608.figma.site>



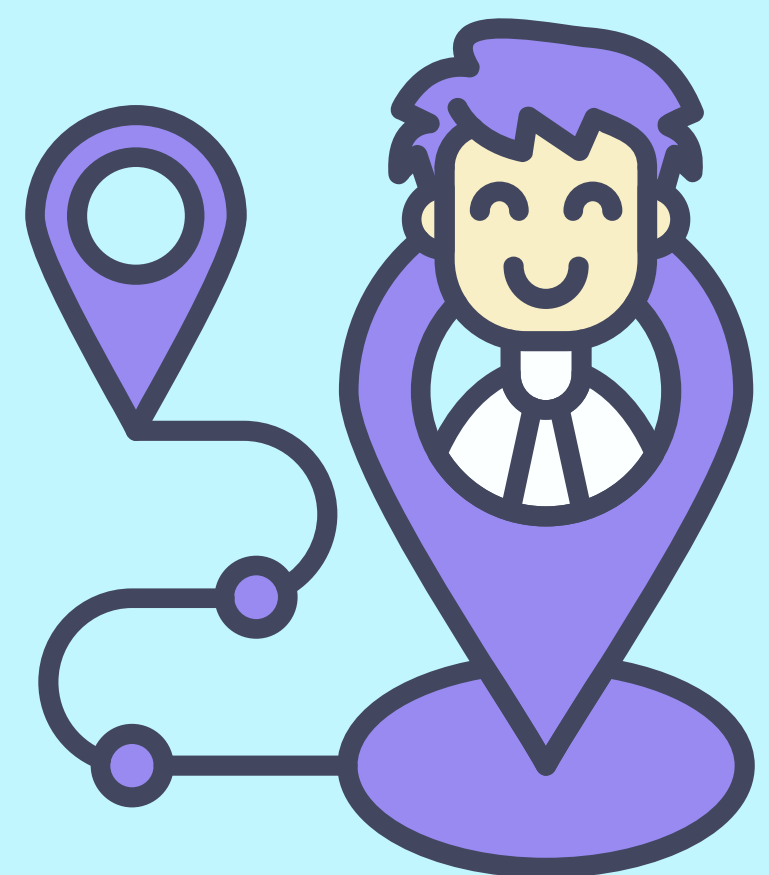


Please use the link to view our actual figma mockup, in case the image is not clear!

FloodSafe User Journey: From Awareness to Advocacy



A 7-phase user journey mapping how auto driver Rajesh Kumar transforms from flood-vulnerable commuter to community champion, saving ₹10,000+ in vehicle damage through feature phone-accessible SMS alerts, USSD menus, and gamified community reporting.



Currently still tentative :)

BENCHMARKING SIMILAR PLATFORMS

1

FloodWatch India App – Google Play Store

Link: <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=in.gov.affcwc>

Status: Active and downloadable

Details: Official app by Central Water Commission with 10K+ downloads, bilingual support (English/Hindi), 7-day flood forecasts, real-time monitoring of 392 stations, reservoir storage information for 150 major reservoirs.



2

SACHET – National Disaster Alert Portal

Link: <https://sachet.ndma.gov.in/>

Status: Fully operational

Details: Details: CAP-based integrated alert system with dashboard showing current alerts, supports SMS, mobile app, browser notifications, and RSS feeds. Integrates data from NDMA, IMD, CWC, INCOIS, FSI, and DGRE.



BENCHMARKING SIMILAR PLATFORMS

3

Central Water Commission (CWC)

Link: <https://cwc.gov.in/>

Flood Forecasting Portal: <https://ffs.india-water.gov.in>

Status: Active government portal

Details: Main portal for flood forecasting, hydrological observation, monitoring water quality, dam safety, and river basin management. Central Flood Control Room operates during monsoon period.



4

Google Flood Hub

Link: <https://sites.research.google/floods/>

Status: Operational globally

Details: flood forecasting platform with map-based visualization, covering India and 80+ countries, reaching 700+ million people worldwide



BENCHMARKING SIMILAR PLATFORMS

5

Equinoct

Link: <https://equinoct.com/>

Status: Active

Details: Offers real-time flood monitoring system, community-sourced web-based decision support, climate data portal, and energy conservation modules. UNICEF Venture Fund-backed initiative



6

India Meteorological Department (IMD)

Link: <https://mausam.imd.gov.in/>

Status: Fully functional

Details: Provides flash flood bulletins (national and South Asia), district-wise warnings, nowcasts, rainfall information, specialized forecasts



Innovation and Creativity: FloodSafe's Pragmatic Climate Resilience Solution



WHAT MAKES FLOODSAFE UNIQUE?

FloodSafe delivers India's first hyperlocal flood atlas platform combining Prophet AI forecasting, affordable IoT infrastructure, and real-time evacuation intelligence—transforming flood warnings from generic alerts into actionable navigation for Delhi and Bangalore's most vulnerable populations.

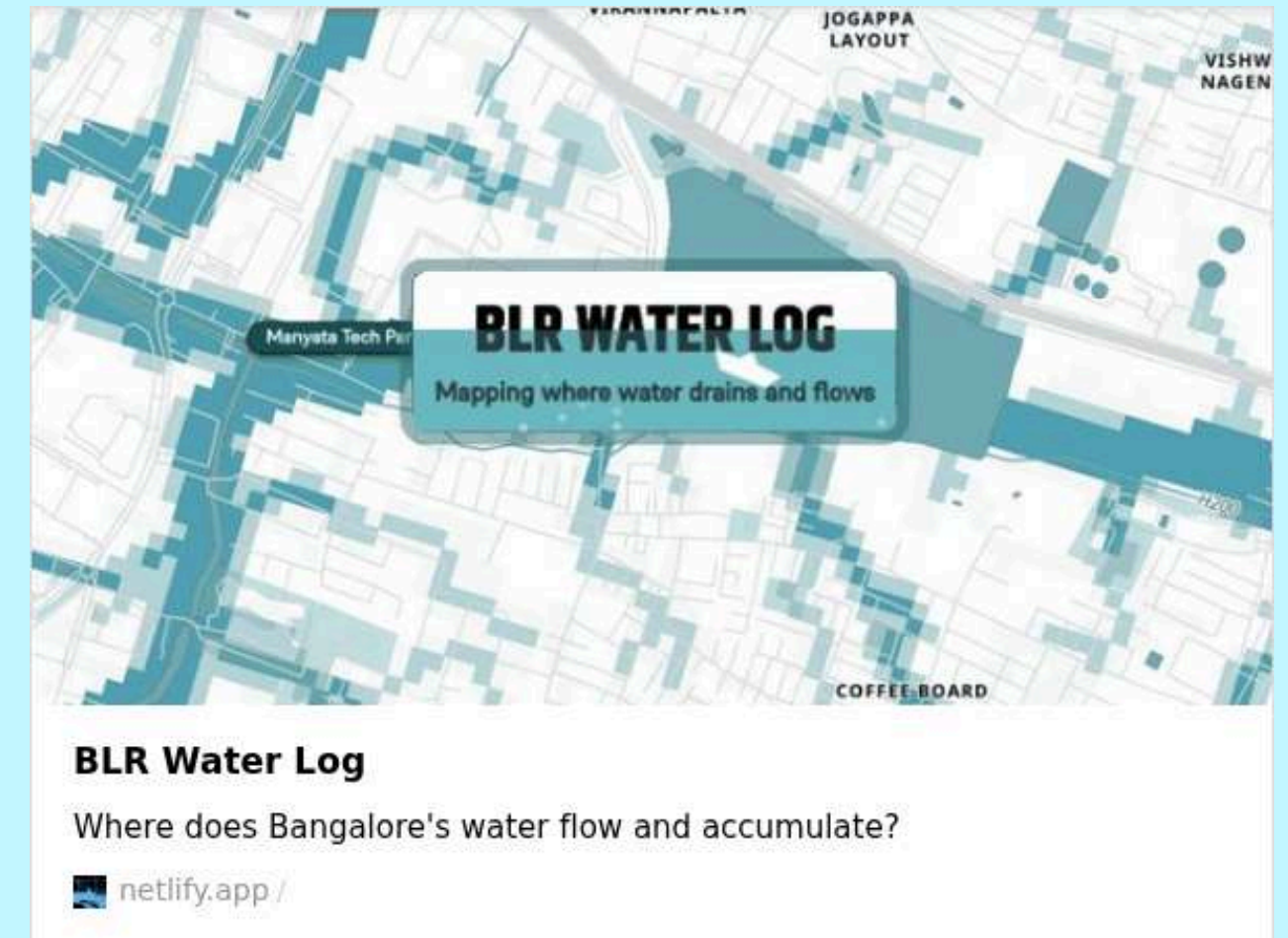
Core Innovation: The Flood Atlas Approach

FloodSafe adapts the proven BLR Water Log methodology to build interactive flood atlases for Delhi and Bangalore, enabling rapid Pareto hotspot identification. We don't need to guess where Delhi/Bangalore floods worst—the terrain-based atlas mathematically identifies natural accumulation zones, historical data confirms recurrence, and IoT sensors validate predictions. This triangulation ensures our 80–20 targeting is defensible and data-driven.

Technical Innovation: Affordable IoT + Superior AI

Prophet AI Forecasting

FloodSafe deploys Facebook's Prophet algorithm, which research demonstrates achieves 60% better accuracy than traditional ARIMA models (MAE 10.11 vs 34.32). Prophet's automatic changepoint detection handles Delhi's unpredictable monsoon patterns and Yamuna overflow scenarios, while its narrower uncertainty bounds (± 80 vs ± 120 range) enable confident evacuation decisions.



Innovation and Creativity: FloodSafe's Pragmatic Climate Resilience Solution



Technical Innovation: Affordable IoT + Superior AI

Cost-Optimized IoT Network

Unlike commercial flood monitoring systems (₹50,000+ per station), FloodSafe deploys ₹3,100 sensor units at critical drainage points.

This 85% cost reduction democratizes flood monitoring infrastructure for resource-constrained urban areas, making comprehensive coverage financially feasible.



User-Centric Innovation: Safe Route Navigation

FloodSafe's differentiator is transforming flood predictions into turn-by-turn navigation:

- Dynamic route optimization: Integrates Prophet AI predictions with OpenStreetMap data to calculate safest paths avoiding predicted waterlogging zones
- Multi-exit scenarios: Provides 3 alternative evacuation routes accounting for road closures and traffic congestion

Evacuation systems with dynamic route planning improve efficiency and significantly reduce panic.



Emergency SOS Functionality

Critical for vulnerable populations, FloodSafe's one-tap SOS system provides:

- GPS-based distress signaling: Sends precise location to emergency services even with degraded cellular networks
- Offline capability: Functions via Bluetooth mesh networking when internet connectivity fails
- Community response network: Alerts nearby registered volunteers and campus ambassadors
- Multi-language voice guidance: Assists elderly and low-literacy users with voice-activated emergency protocols



Innovation and Creativity: FloodSafe's Pragmatic Climate Resilience Solution



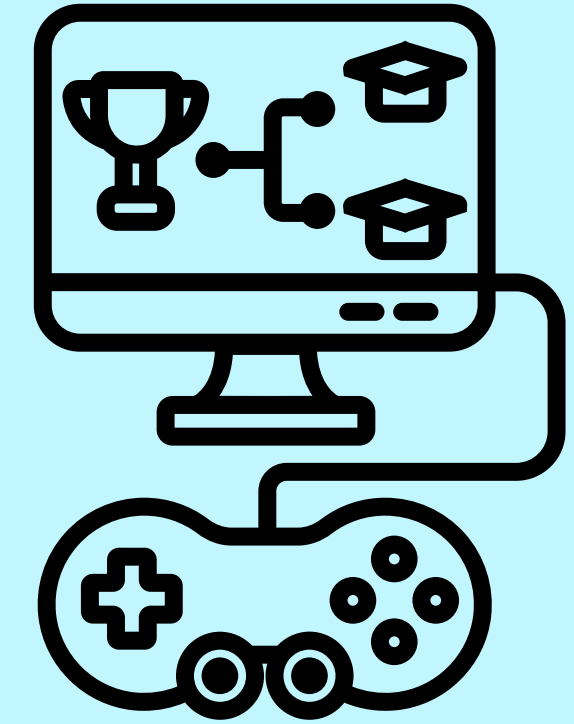
WHAT MAKES FLOODSAFE UNIQUE?

Community Engagement: Gamified Ground Truth

FloodSafe's gamification layer addresses a critical gap—satellite and IoT sensors cannot detect clogged drains, localized waterlogging, or informal settlement conditions:

- Verified reporting system: Citizens earn points for photo-documented flood reports with GPS timestamps
- Campus ambassador networks: University students become neighborhood "flood scouts" validating AI predictions
- Trust scoring: Blockchain-verified contribution histories prevent false alarms while maintaining engagement
- Challenge missions: Seasonal monsoon competitions incentivize sustained community participation

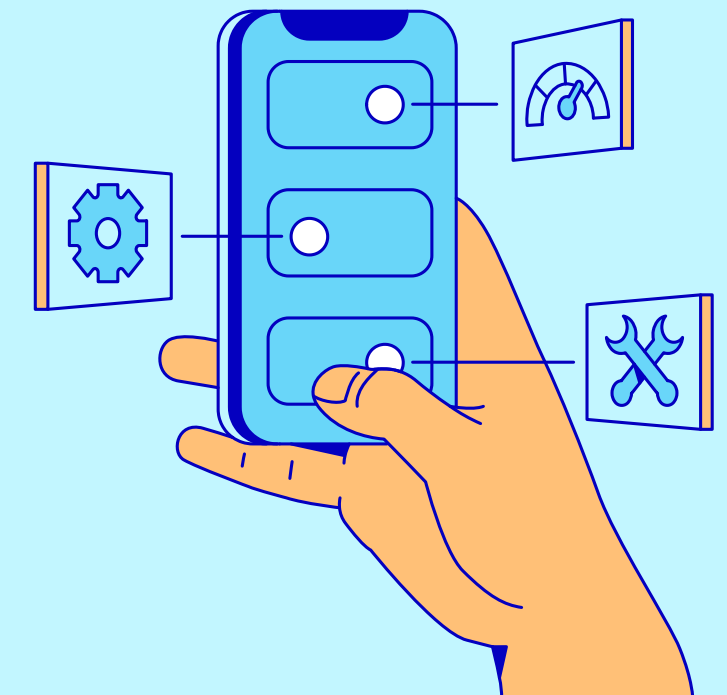
This creates bidirectional intelligence flow—Prophet AI provides 48–72 hour forecasts while community reports validate/refine predictions in real-time, improving model accuracy iteratively.



Design for Constraints: Inclusive Climate Tech

FloodSafe explicitly addresses India's technical realities:

- Low-bandwidth optimization: Progressive Web App architecture caches evacuation maps offline, functioning with 2G connectivity
- SMS fallback system: Critical alerts sent via text message to basic feature phones (60%+ of vulnerable populations)
- Regional language support: Hindi, Punjabi, Urdu, Kannada, Tamil interfaces with voice navigation
- Shared device compatibility: WhatsApp-based alert groups for households without smartphones





Innovation and Creativity: FloodSafe In Brief

Universal Accessibility

Ensures inclusivity by working seamlessly across digital, offline, and physical channels, optimized for low-connectivity and minimal cloud cost environments.

1

2

Adaptive Learning

Continuously refines predictions using real-world feedback and IoT data, preventing model drift and improving accuracy with each monsoon season.

Transparent Confidence Scoring

Displays clear reliability indicators for every AI forecast, empowering users to make informed and confident decisions during emergencies.

3

4

Community Sustainability

Continuously refines predictions using real-world feedback and IoT data, preventing model drift and improving accuracy with each monsoon season.

Terrain-Based Atlas

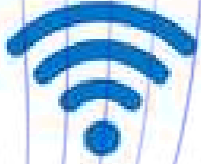
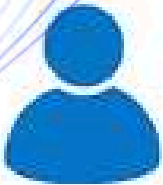


Interactive flood maps using free DEM data identify critical 20% hotspots, validating AI predictions with physical geography and historical patterns.

5

Emergency Navigation

Evacuation/Safe routes with one-tap GPS SOS, transforming generic flood warnings into actionable life-saving guidance.

Key Design Motivations

	Technical Realities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Connectivity: Unreliable/low-bandwidth internet• Devices: Basic smartphones or feature phones/shared• Power reliability: Frequent power outages
	User Context	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Digital literacy: Limited tech familiarity• Language: Must support regional languages• Trust: Skepticism toward new technologies
	Resource Limitations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Economic: Low ability to pay for services• Data: Sparse historical data for AI model training• Expertise: Limited on-ground technical support
	Ethical Considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Privacy and Security: Protect sensitive data and ensure informed consent• Transparency: AI decision-making processes understandable to users• Bias Mitigation: Test for and address algorithmic biases• Sustainability: Design for long-term community owner-



Implementation Plan

🌱 PHASE 1 — FOUNDATION & SETUP

 November 8–30, 2025 (3 Weeks)

Core Activities

■ Building the Base

- Set up cloud servers and real-time data systems
- Collect 2015–2024 flood records for AI model training
- Configure automated data pipelines for continuous updates

■ Campus Ambassador Drive

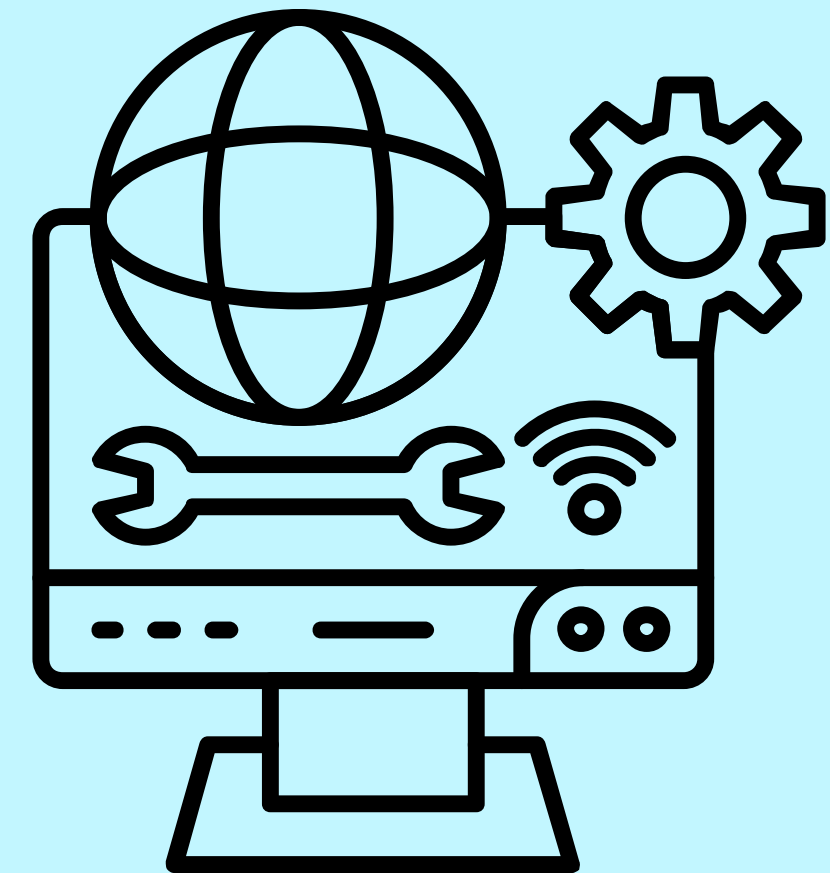
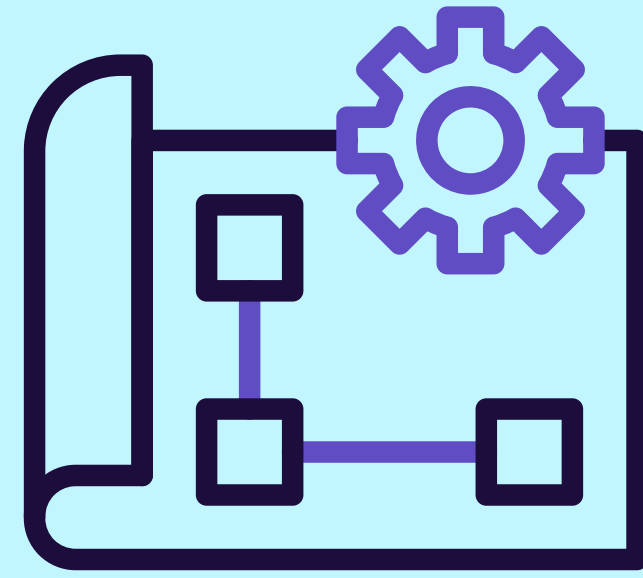
- Partner with 10–15 colleges across Delhi & Bangalore
- Recruit 300–500 student ambassadors (NSS/NCC)
- Offer service hours, certificates, and field training

■ Community Mapping

- Identify 10–15 flood-prone neighborhoods
- Connect with RWAs and local community centers

✓ Key Outcomes

- AI models trained & platform ready
- 300–500 ambassadors onboarded
- Community networks initiated



Implementation Plan

PHASE 2 — DELHI PILOT LAUNCH

 December 1–31, 2025 (4 Weeks)

Core Activities

■ IoT Deployment

- Install 5–6 flood sensors (Rajendra Nagar, ITO, Minto Bridge)
- Send real-time water level data every 15 minutes

■ Ambassador Mobilization

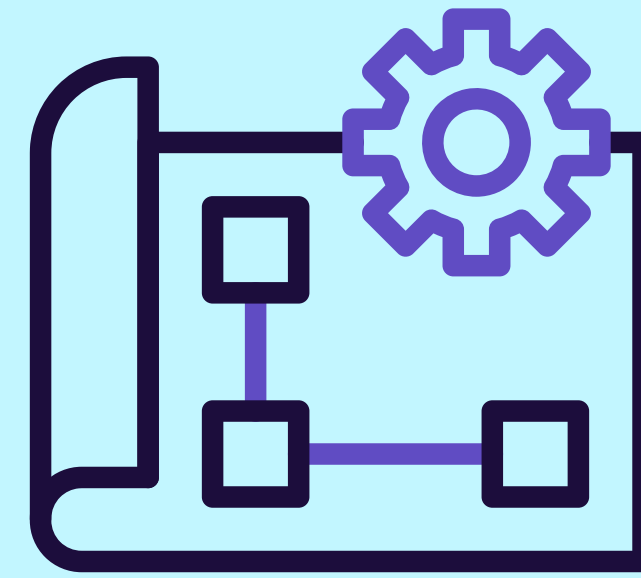
- Train 100–150 ambassadors on reporting & outreach
- Assign 2–3 per neighborhood

■ App & Outreach

- Launch offline-enabled app with alerts & safe route maps
- Door-to-door awareness in 10–12 settlements
- Explain alerts: ● Prepare, ● Plan, ● Avoid


✓ Key Outcomes

- 5–6 IoT nodes active
- 1,000+ users onboarded
- Verified flood alerts reaching citizens



Implementation Plan

PHASE 3 — BANGALORE EXPANSION

 January 1–15, 2026 (2 Weeks)

Core Activities

■ Replication & Scaling

- Install 5–6 sensors in flood-prone zones (Whitefield, Bellandur)
- Recruit 100–150 new ambassadors

■ Localization

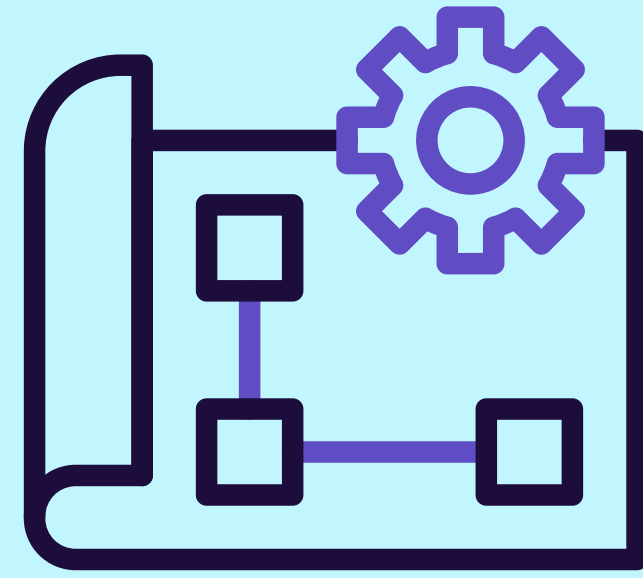
- Retrain AI models on Bangalore data
- Enable bilingual alerts (English/Kannada)

■ Cross-City Collaboration

- Delhi volunteers mentor new teams
- Unified dashboard for both cities


✓ Key Outcomes

- 10–12 IoT nodes across two cities
- 400–500 ambassadors active
- AI models localized for both cities



Implementation Plan

PHASE 4 — SYSTEM STRENGTHENING

 January 16–31, 2026 (2 Weeks)

Core Activities

■ Security & Accuracy

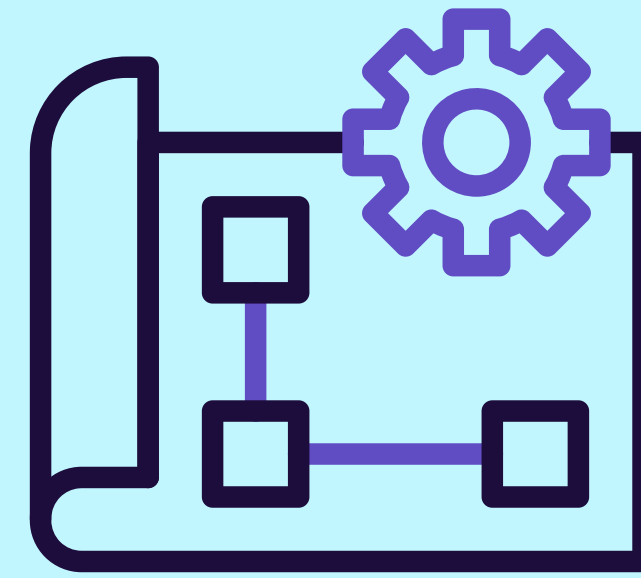
- Add privacy protections & anti-spam filters
- Introduce human verification for AI conflicts
- Retrain models weekly for precision

■ Transparency & Retention

- Public dashboard for system metrics
- Recognition & rewards for top ambassadors


Key Outcomes

- Secure, verified, and transparent platform
- Reliable flood alerts with human-AI balance
- High ambassador engagement



Implementation Plan

PHASE 5 — PRE-MONSOON READINESS

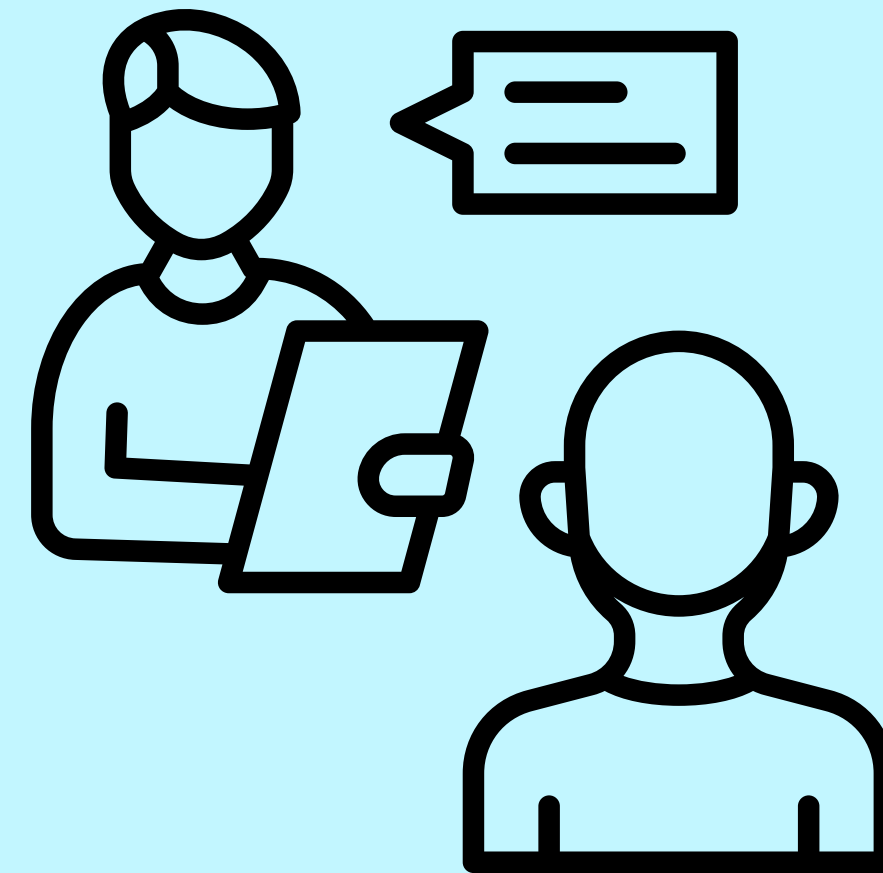
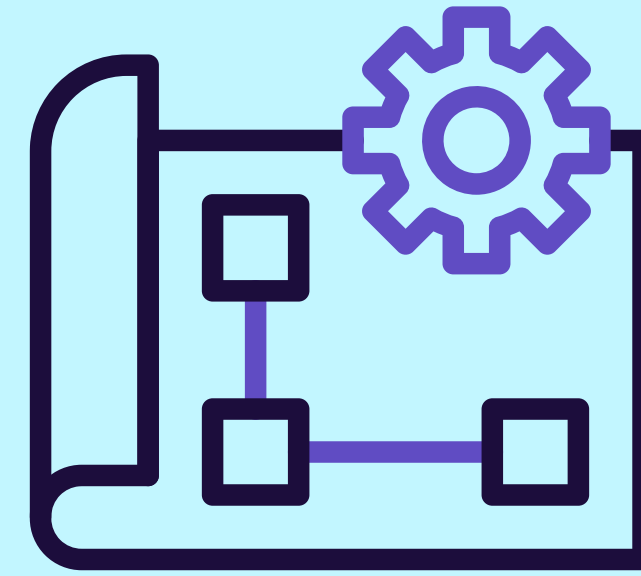
 February 1–7, 2026 (1 Week)

Core Activities

- Final Testing
 - Simulate heavy load and multi-channel alerts
 - Verify offline features and backups
- Community & Coordination
 - Refresher training for all ambassadors
 - Establish direct contact with local emergency teams
- Recognition & Validation
 - Announce “Flood Champion” awards
 - Validate AI model accuracy using latest data

✓ Key Outcomes

- Fully tested & operational system
- 400–500 trained ambassadors
- Monsoon-ready platform across Delhi & Bangalore



What Specific Change Does FloodSafe Create?

FloodSafe creates a community-driven flood intelligence platform where real-time IoT data, campus ambassador networks, and AI predictions combine to provide safer route alternatives and crowdsourced flood reporting—reducing economic losses and improving commute predictability during monsoons.



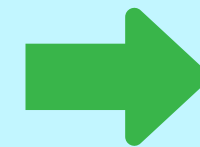
Who Benefits? User Impact Stories



Ramesh – Auto-Rickshaw Driver

Before: "Every monsoon I get stuck for 2–3 hours in flooded streets. Lost ₹500–700 daily. Engine repairs cost ₹3,000–5,000."

After: "SMS alerts show me 3 alternative routes avoiding waterlogged areas. I lost only 2 work days this monsoon versus 7–8 last year. Saved ₹4,000 in repairs. I report floods through USSD menu—earned 45 points as Bronze reporter."



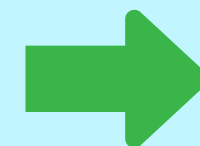
Measured Impact:

- 5–6 work days saved per monsoon season
- ₹3,000–4,000 reduction in vehicle damage
- 30–45 minute average route delay reduction (vs 2–3 hour baseline)

Inspector Meena – Emergency Responder

Before: "No real-time flood data. We try 2–3 routes before finding passable roads. 30–45 minute delays are common."

After: "IoT sensors show exact water depth at 5–6 critical points. Campus ambassadors verify community reports. We saved 15–20 minutes on 3 emergency calls last month. Still learning optimal routes—the system needs more sensors for full coverage."



Measured Impact:

- 15–20 minute response improvement (limited to sensor coverage areas)
- 3 verified faster responses out of 12 flood-related calls
- 60% confidence in route recommendations (improving with data)

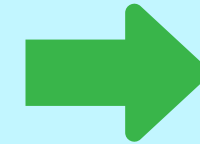
Who Benefits? User Impact Stories



Priya – Food Delivery Partner

Before: "Lost 40–50% income during heavy rain days. Roads flood unexpectedly."

After: "App shows flooded zones 6–12 hours ahead based on IoT + community reports. I reject orders in risky areas. Income loss reduced to 25–30% on bad days. Works only where sensors are deployed—need more coverage."



Measured Impact:

- Income loss reduced from 45% to 25–30% during floods
- ₹3,000–4,000 additional earnings over monsoon season
- Route planning effective in 5–6 monitored zones only

Mrs. Sharma – Elderly Resident

Before: "Live alone, ground floor. No warning when street floods. Can't reach pharmacy."

After: "Neighbor set up WhatsApp alerts. Got 8–10 hour warning before last flood—grandson moved medicines upstairs. Campus volunteer checked on me next day. SOS button untested but gives confidence."



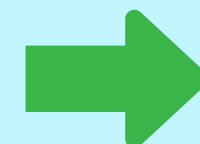
Measured Impact:

- 8–10 hour advance notice (vs zero)
- 1 successful pre-flood preparation
- Community check-in within 24 hours (not emergency response)

Arjun – College Student & Campus Ambassador

Before: "Commute doubles to 3 hours during monsoon. No way to know which routes are flooded."

After: "As ambassador, I report floods in my neighborhood—validated 12 reports this season. Earned 40 service hours. The app helps me avoid 2–3 major waterlogging spots on my route. Commute still extends to 2–2.5 hours on bad days, but predictable now."



Measured Impact:

- 40 service hours + IoT maintenance training
- 12 verified flood reports helping 200–300 local residents
- Commute reduced from 3 hours to 2–2.5 hours (30-minute improvement)
- Practical skills: sensor calibration, community mobilization

Realistic Scale of Impact

Economic Impact

- **Target:** 10,000–15,000 direct users in monitored neighborhoods (Delhi + Bangalore)
- **Income protection:** ₹2,000–4,000 per user per monsoon season (informal workers, drivers)
- **Total economic benefit:** ₹2–6 crore annually across both cities
- **Vehicle damage reduction:** 30–40% fewer repairs in covered areas

Environmental Impact

- **Proactive drain maintenance:** Community reports identify 50–70 clogged drains pre-monsoon
- **Data-driven infrastructure:** IoT validates which 20% of locations cause 80% of problems
- **Reduced panic traffic:** Better route planning decreases emissions from gridlock

Social Impact

- **Advance notice:** 6–12 hours reliable warning (depends on IoT coverage)
- **Route alternatives:** 3 options provided, 60–70% accuracy in avoiding floods
- **Community reporting:** 300–500 ambassadors generating 2,000–3,000 verified reports per season
- **Digital inclusion:** SMS/USSD reaches 40–50% of feature phone users in pilot areas



What Does **Success** Looks Like?

Technical **Success**

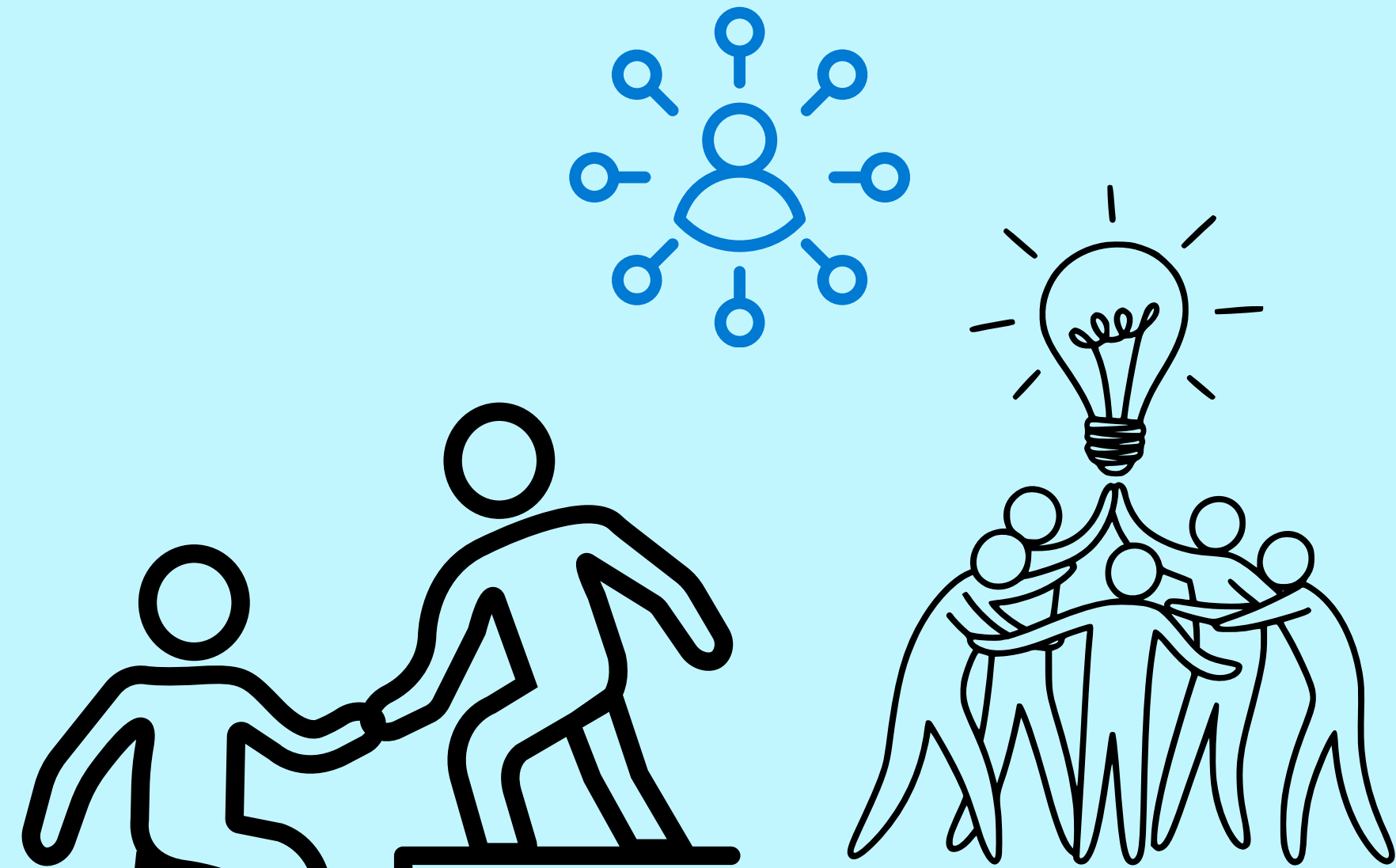
- **IoT reliability:** 85%+ uptime across 10–12 sensor nodes
- **AI accuracy:** Prophet models achieve 65–70% prediction accuracy (improving with weekly retraining)
- **Community engagement:** 60–70% ambassador retention over monsoon season

Impact **Success**

- **Zero drowning deaths** in directly monitored neighborhoods (5–10 locations)
- 25–35% reduction in economic losses for **active users**
- **Integration:** Direct coordination with 2–3 emergency response teams

User **Success**

- **Adoption:** 1,000–1,500 active users per city by monsoon 2026
- **Report quality:** 70%+ community reports validated by ambassadors/IoT
- **Trust:** Confidence scoring shows 60–80% reliability on forecasts





Resources required – technical, partnerships, expertise

Connectivity (Unreliable Internet)

- Progressive Web App (PWA): Caches 72-hour flood maps offline via Service Workers.
- SMS/USSD: Works on feature phones (*123#) without internet.
- WhatsApp Integration: Uses existing community groups for free alerts.
- IoT Sensors: ESP8266 WiFi modules with SMS fallback during outages.




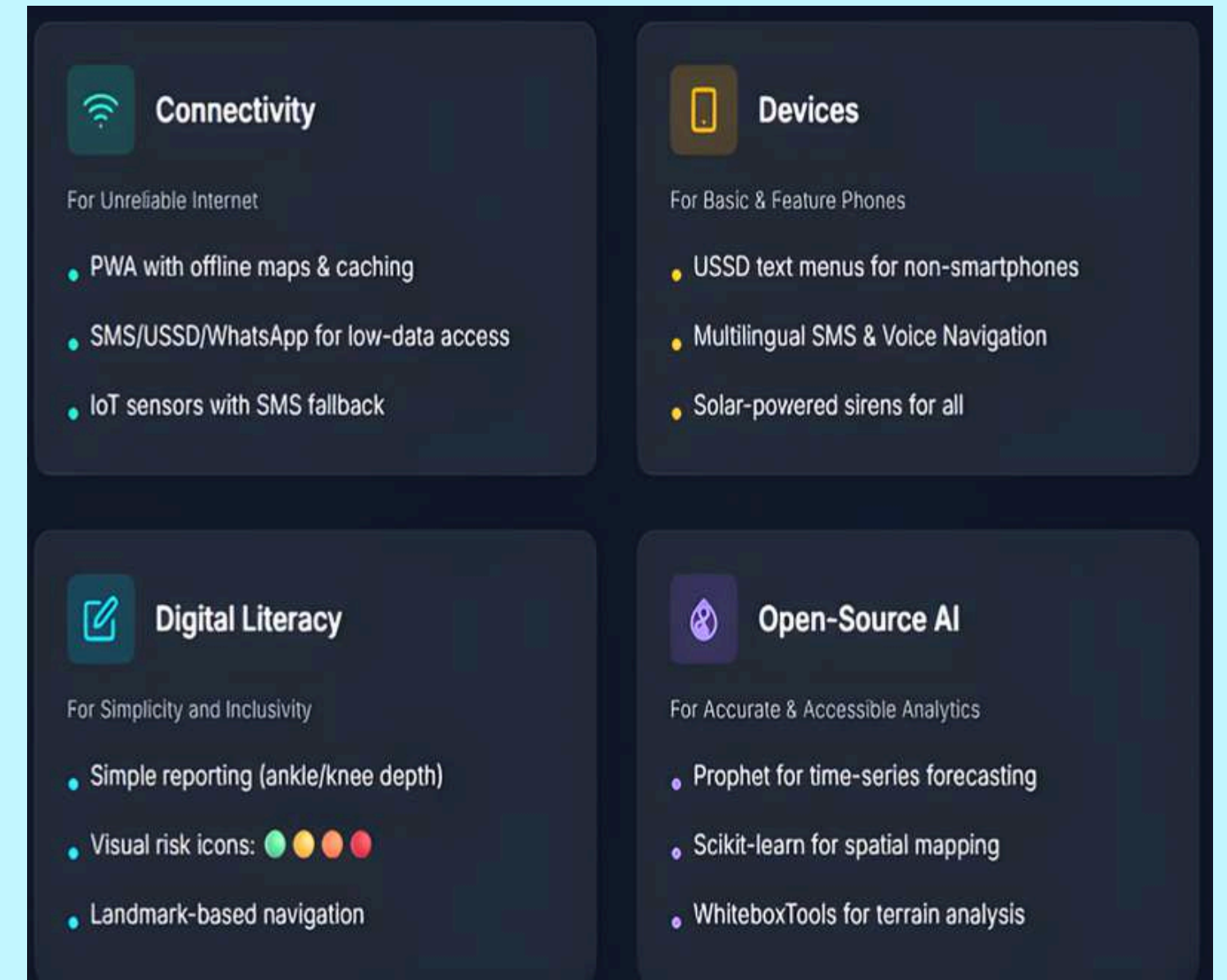
Devices (Basic Phones)

- USSD Menus: Accessible on ₹1000 feature phones.
- SMS Alerts: Bilingual warnings – “बाढ़ चेतावनी: CP क्षेत्र 3 घंटे।” / “Flood Warning: CP area 3hrs. Avoid Janpath. Alt: Ring Rd.”
- Voice Navigation: Regional language guidance for accessibility.
- Solar Sirens: Audio alerts for phone-less or offline communities.



Digital Literacy

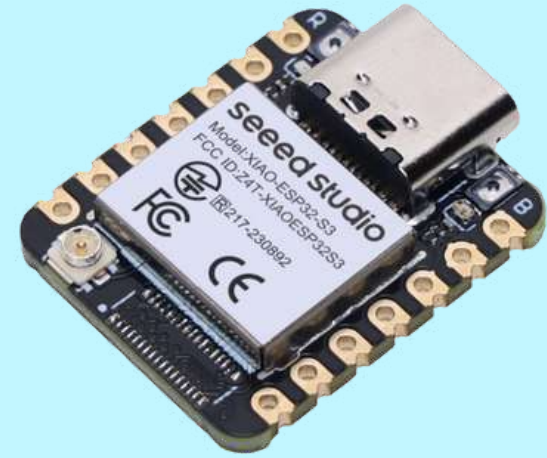
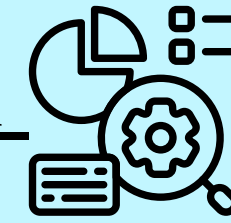
- Simplified Reporting: Users choose water depth (ankle/knee/waist) instead of numbers.
- Visual Icons:  for clear flood risk levels.
- Community Support: Ambassadors help neighbors set up alerts.
- Landmark Navigation: “Avoid CP area” instead of GPS coordinates.



Open-Source AI Stack

- Prophet (Facebook): Time-series forecasting with 70% higher accuracy than ARIMA.
- Scikit-learn: For spatial clustering & anomaly detection.
- WhiteboxTools: DEM-based terrain and elevation analysis.

Technical and Financial Analysis: IOT Section



Seed Studio XIAO ESP32-S3 – (Compact ESP32-S3 microcontroller board)

Cost: ₹1200 approx.

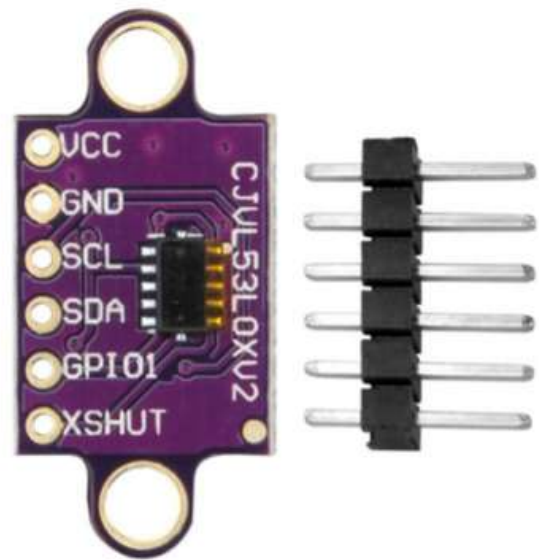
Seed Studio Expansion Board Base for XIAO with Grove OLED

Cost: ₹ 1300 approx.



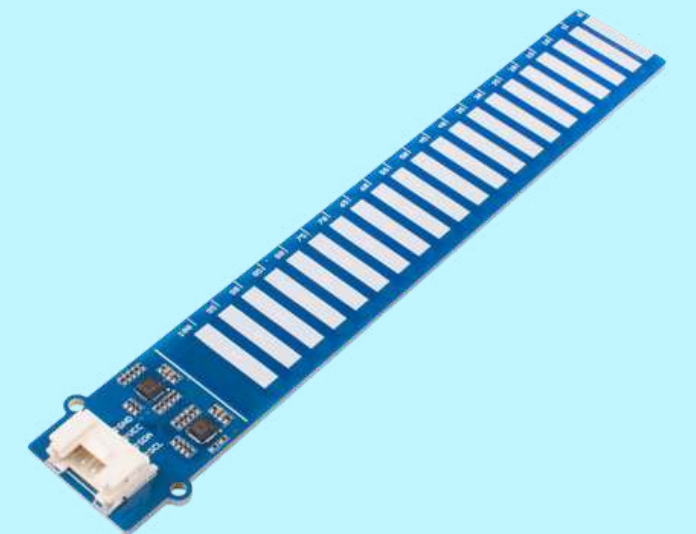
VL53LOX TOF Based LIDAR Laser Distance Sensor

Cost: ₹400 approx.



Grove – Water Level Sensor

Cost: ₹110 approx.



Supporting Research and Results

F. V. da Silva Júnior, M. X. C. da Cunha, and M. F. de Souza Júnior, "IOTFlood: Hardware and software platform using Internet of Things to monitor floods in real time," Revista Ambiente & Água - An Interdisciplinary Journal of Applied Science, vol. 16, no. 4, e2675, 2021, doi: 10.4136/ambi-agua.2675.

- The system used multiple low-cost sensors — ultrasonic (water level), barometric BMP280 (pressure and temperature), 9SS18 (rain detection), LA16M-40 (level threshold), and Neo-6M GPS (location and time) — all interfaced with a LoPy4 microcontroller for continuous environmental data acquisition.
- Data from sensors were transmitted via LoRaWAN, a long-range, low-power IoT protocol, to a FiPy gateway that connected to the Internet using Wi-Fi or cellular networks, ensuring reliable operation even in remote areas.
- The gateway sent sensor data to The Things Network (TTN), which routed it to Cayenne, an IoT dashboard enabling real-time visualization, graphing, and alert generation on web and mobile platforms.
- Laboratory mock-ups and field tests on the Mundaú River (Brazil) confirmed stable data transmission, low power consumption, and reliable real-time flood monitoring using affordable IoT hardware and open-source software.

J. P. Jose and J. Joseph, "Real-Time IoT-Based Flood Detection Using ESP32: A Scalable and Low-Power Solution for Risk Mitigation," International Journal of Science and Research (IJSR), vol. 14, no. 4, pp. 1977–1981, Apr. 2025, doi: 10.21275/SR25417203249.

- The system uses multiple sensors — HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensor (water level), YFS201 flow sensor (water flow rate), raindrop sensor (rain intensity), DHT11 (temperature and humidity), and an analog water level sensor — all connected to an ESP32 microcontroller for real-time data collection.
- The ESP32, known for low power consumption and built-in Wi-Fi, processes sensor data and sends it to the ThingSpeak cloud platform for storage and visualization via graphs, charts, and gauges.
- When predefined threshold levels are crossed, the system triggers buzzer, LED, and cloud-based alerts (SMS/email) to warn users and authorities of potential flood risks.
- The system was tested under simulated flood conditions to verify sensor accuracy and response time. Deep sleep mode minimized power use, making it suitable for solar or battery operation in remote areas.

What Will We Actually Measure?

1. Prediction Accuracy

- Metric: Did AI forecast match observed water levels?
- Target: 75%+ accuracy (within $\pm 5\text{cm}$)
- How: Compare sensor readings to AI predictions hourly

2. Alert Effectiveness

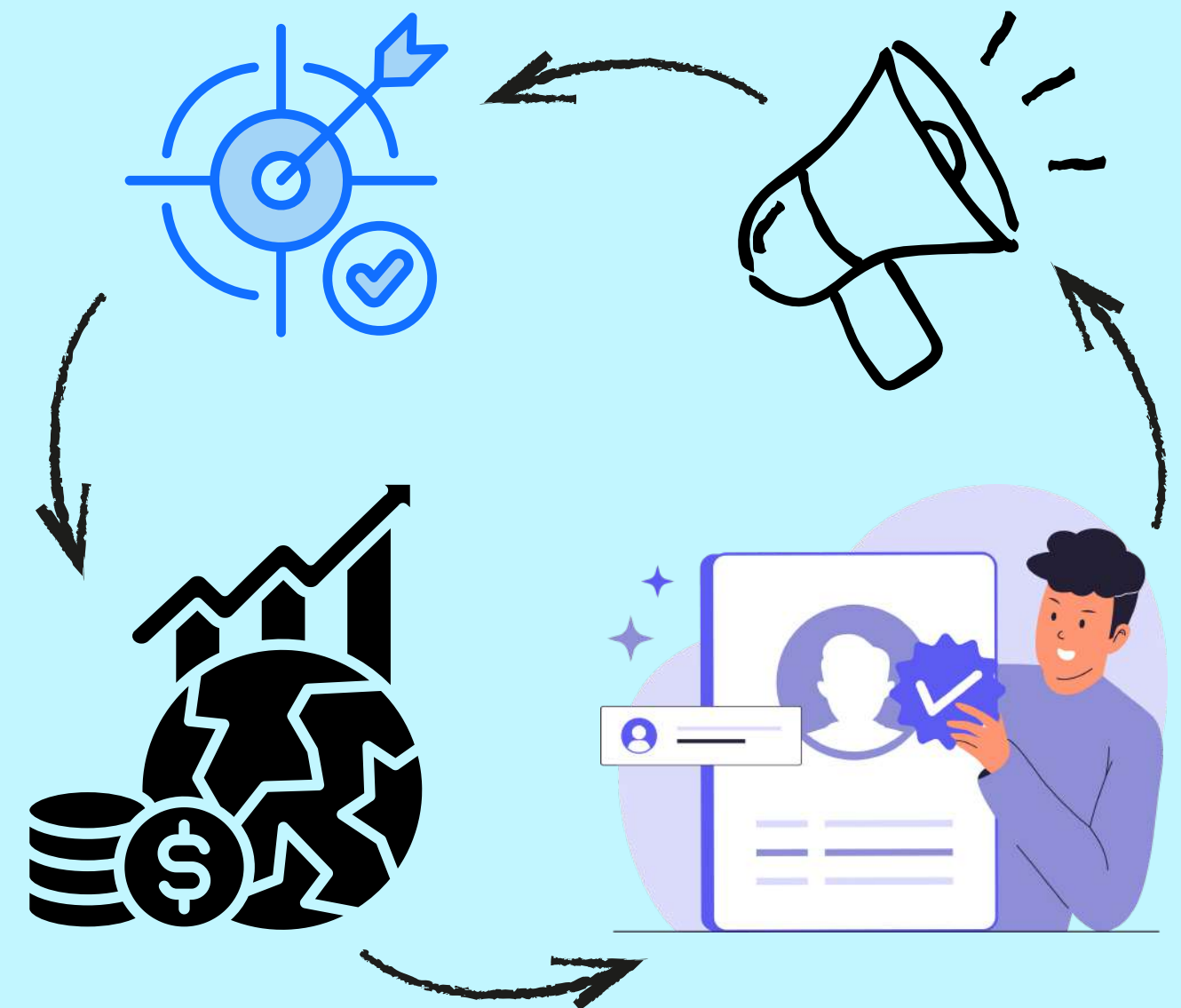
- Metric: % of users who received alerts 24+ hours in advance
- Target: 60%+ reach among registered users
- How: SMS delivery logs + post-alert surveys

3. Economic Impact (Self-Reported)

- Metric: Did alerts help reduce lost income?
- Baseline: ₹600/day lost during floods (auto/delivery workers)
- Target: 30% reduction (₹180 savings per flood day)
- How: Before/after SMS surveys (3 questions max)

4. User Trust

- Metric: Would you recommend FloodSafe? (Yes/No)
- Target: 70%+ "Yes" responses
- How: Post-monsoon USSD survey (*123#)



What Is Our **Data Collection** Process?

IoT Sensors (3 units at known flood hotspots):

- Grove water sensor + ESP32 microcontroller
- Sends water level every 15 minutes to cloud database
- Weekly manual calibration by ambassador (staff gauge comparison)
- Expected accuracy: $\pm 2\text{cm}$

Community Ambassadors (20 volunteers):

- Submit photo reports via WhatsApp: water depth, location, timestamp
- Verification: 2+ ambassadors must confirm before alert escalation
- Anti-fraud: GPS/timestamp validation; blockchain reputation scoring
- Earn badges (Bronze/Silver) for verified reports

SMS Surveys (500 pilot users):

- Pre-monsoon (Dec 2025): "Normal daily earnings: ₹__"
- During floods (Jan-Feb 2026): "Today's earnings: ₹__"
- Post-monsoon (March 2026): "Did FloodSafe help? 1=Yes, 2=No"
- Response incentive: ₹50 mobile recharge for completion

Satellite Validation (Sentinel-1 SAR – Free):

- Download flood imagery 3–7 days post-event
- Compare to AI-predicted flood zones
- Calculate % overlap (target: 70%+ match)



Month-by-Month Milestones

Month	Activity	Output
Dec 2025	Deploy 3 sensors; recruit 20 ambassadors; onboard 500	Baseline data collection
Jan 2026	Monitor first monsoon events; collect real-time data	AI accuracy assessment
Jan 2026	SMS surveys during floods; ambassador validations	Economic impact data
Jan 2026	Post-monsoon surveys; satellite validation; data analysis	Go/No-Go decision report

Realistic Limitations

Challenge	MVP Reality	Mitigation
Small sample	Only 500 users, 3 sensors	Focus on learning, not scaling
Recall bias	Income data self-reported	Compare before/after trends, not absolute values
Connectivity gaps	SMS may fail during floods	Offline app caching + WhatsApp backup
Satellite lag	3-7 days post-event	Use for retrospective validation only

MVP Success Criteria

- AI accuracy ≥70% (acceptable for early warning)
- SMS alert reach ≥50% (proves delivery works)
- User trust ≥60% (willingness to recommend)
- Economic benefit >₹100/user/flood (self-reported)

Anti-Fraud Safeguards

Sensor Data:

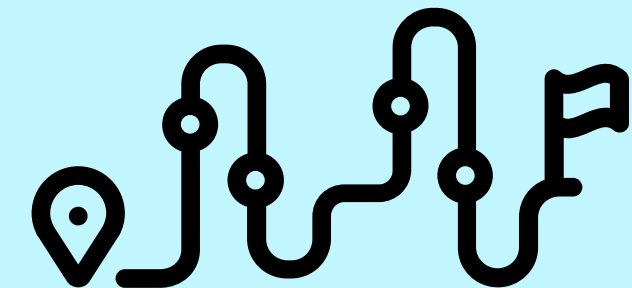
- Cryptographic hashing (tamper-proof logs)
- Anomaly detection (flags impossible readings)

Community Reports:

- Photo metadata validation (GPS/timestamp)
- Consensus requirement (2+ ambassadors)
- Reputation scoring (auto-flags suspicious patterns)

Survey Data:

- Phone number deduplication
- Rate limiting (max 3 responses/day)
- Cross-validation with external data (if available: Zomato/Uber APIs)



SCALABILITY PLAN

Pathways for Scaling

Geographic Expansion

- **Phase 1:** Delhi & Bangalore (10–12 IoT nodes, 400–500 ambassadors)
- **Phase 2:** Other High population density cities (Mumbai, Chennai, Pune, Kolkata)
- **Phase 3:** Expansion to tier 2 and tier 3 cities

Vulnerable Population Reach

- Feature phone users via SMS/USSD (*123#) menus
- Informal workers (delivery partners, street vendors, auto drivers)
- Basement dwellers and elderly residents in flood-prone zones
- Regional language support (Hindi, Kannada, Tamil, Punjabi, Urdu)

Use Case Diversification

- Emergency response coordination (ambulances, rescue teams)
- Infrastructure planning (drain maintenance prioritization)
- Insurance risk assessment and premium optimization



Potential Barriers and Mitigation



Risk	Description	Mitigation
<i>Sensor Malfunction</i>	The Grove water sensor or VL53LOX may give false readings in humid environments or due to impurities on lens leading to false alarms	Use sensor fusion and calibration routines
<i>Wi-Fi or network loss</i>	Alerts won't reach the user if network is down during flood.	Store event logs and retry Wi-Fi connection periodically
<i>False positives</i>	Rain splash or brief contact may trigger the probe	Trigger alarm only if threshold exceeded for N readings.
<i>Alert Fatigue</i>	If alerts trigger too often or without reason, users may ignore real flood warnings.	Threshold tuning and designing multi-level alerts
<i>Cost of Components post scaling</i>	Cost of multiple sensors and Wi-Fi module may increase if scaled	Optimize BOM (Bill of Materials) using bulk ordering

SCALABILITY PLAN

Evolution of Funding Strategy



Phase 1: **Early-Stage** (Years 1–2)

- Government grants and public funding programs
- Development organization partnerships
- Impact investor seed funding
- Community co-investment models

Phase 2: **Growth** (Years 3–5)

- Public-private partnerships
- Climate finance mechanisms
- Export credit guarantees
- Green bonds and blended finance

Phase 3: **Maturity** (Years 5+)

- Commercial bank financing
- Financed through Community
- Self-sustaining user fee models
- Regional replication funding

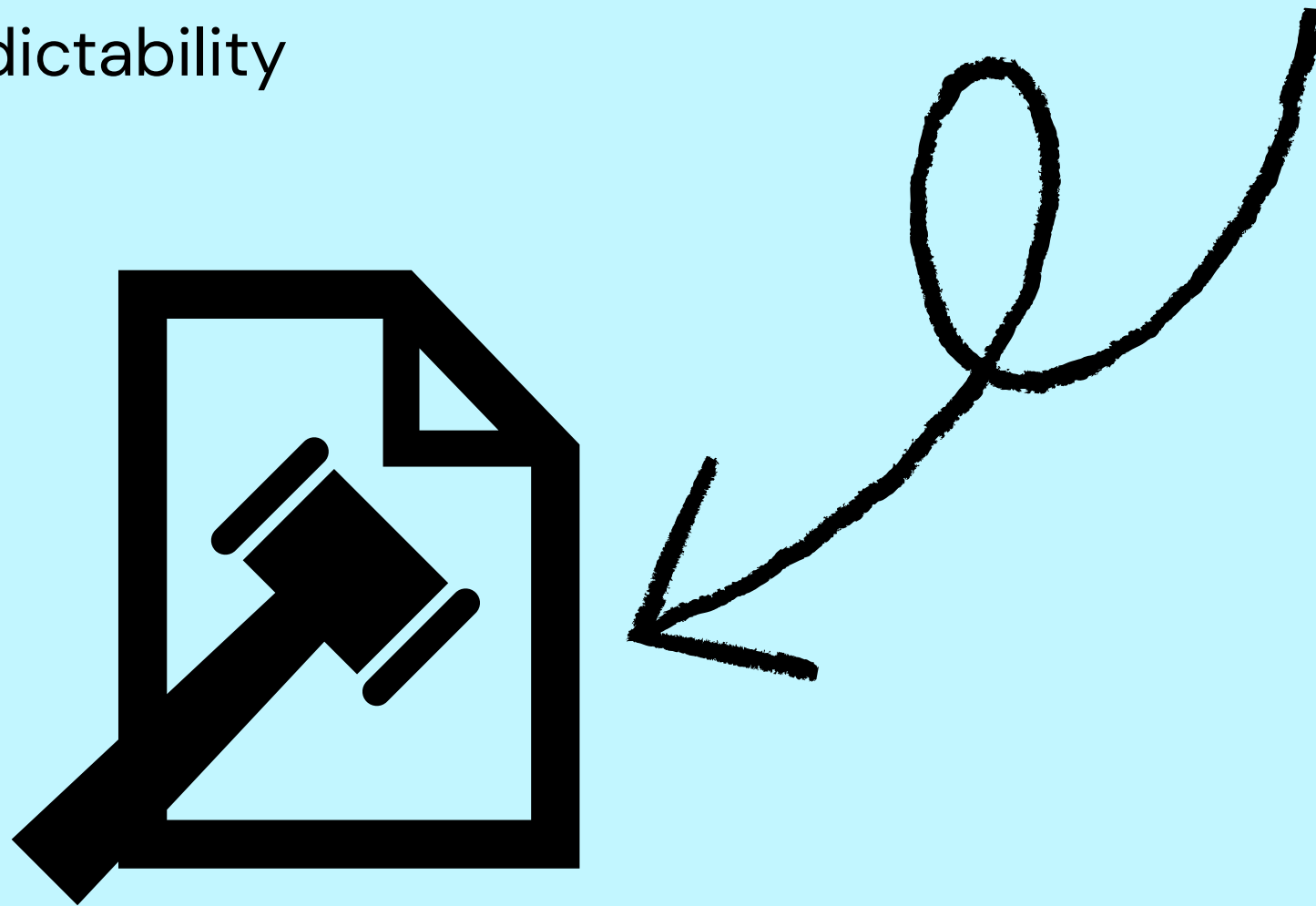


POLICY & REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT



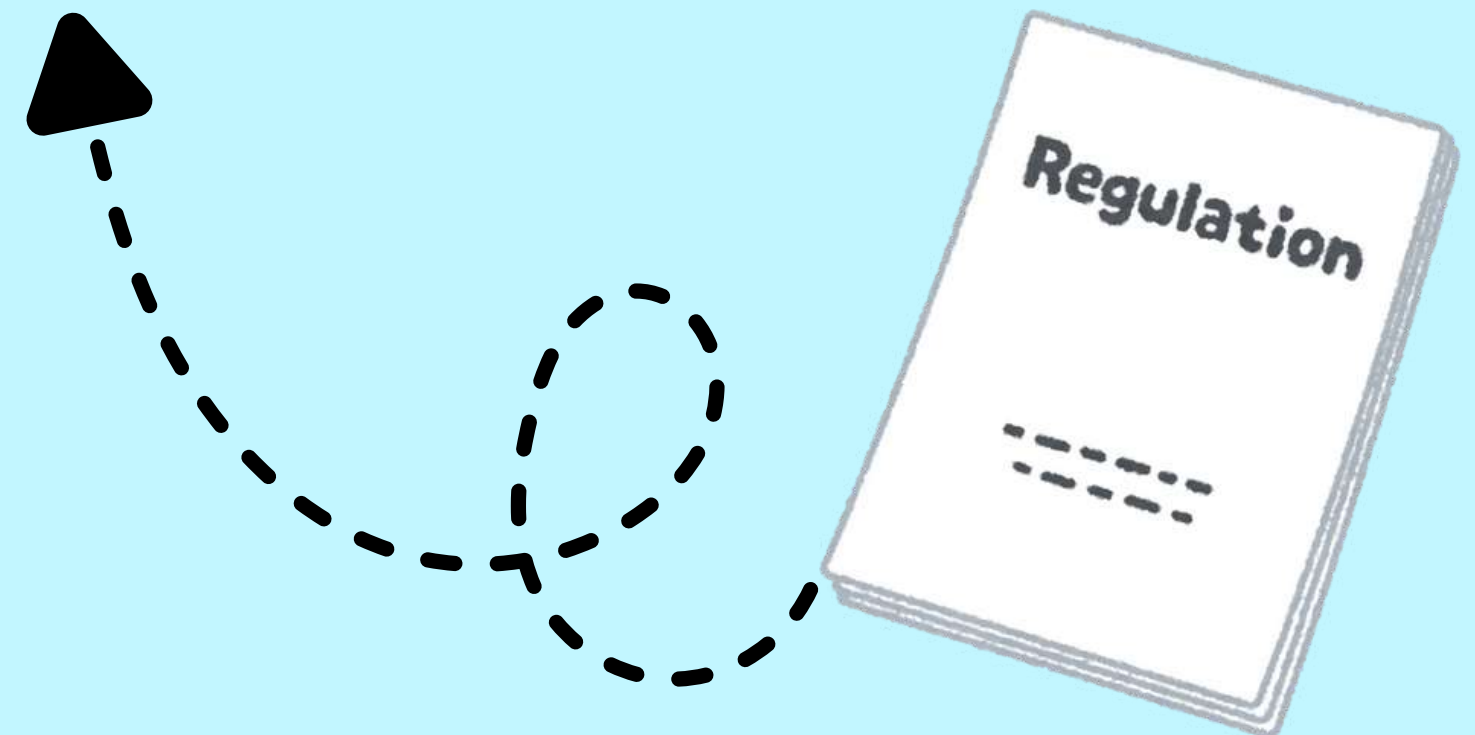
Key Considerations:

- Alignment with national climate commitments (NDCs)
- Integration with UN SDGs and Kunming–Montreal GBF targets
- Compliance with data privacy and environmental regulations
- Support for long-term policy stability and predictability



Enablers:

- Streamlined permitting processes for climate tech deployment
- Tax incentives and subsidies for sustainable technologies
- Innovation funds from government and corporates
- Growing market for Climate-Tech niche solutions



LONG-TERM ECOLOGICAL & SOCIAL BENEFITS



Ecological Benefits:

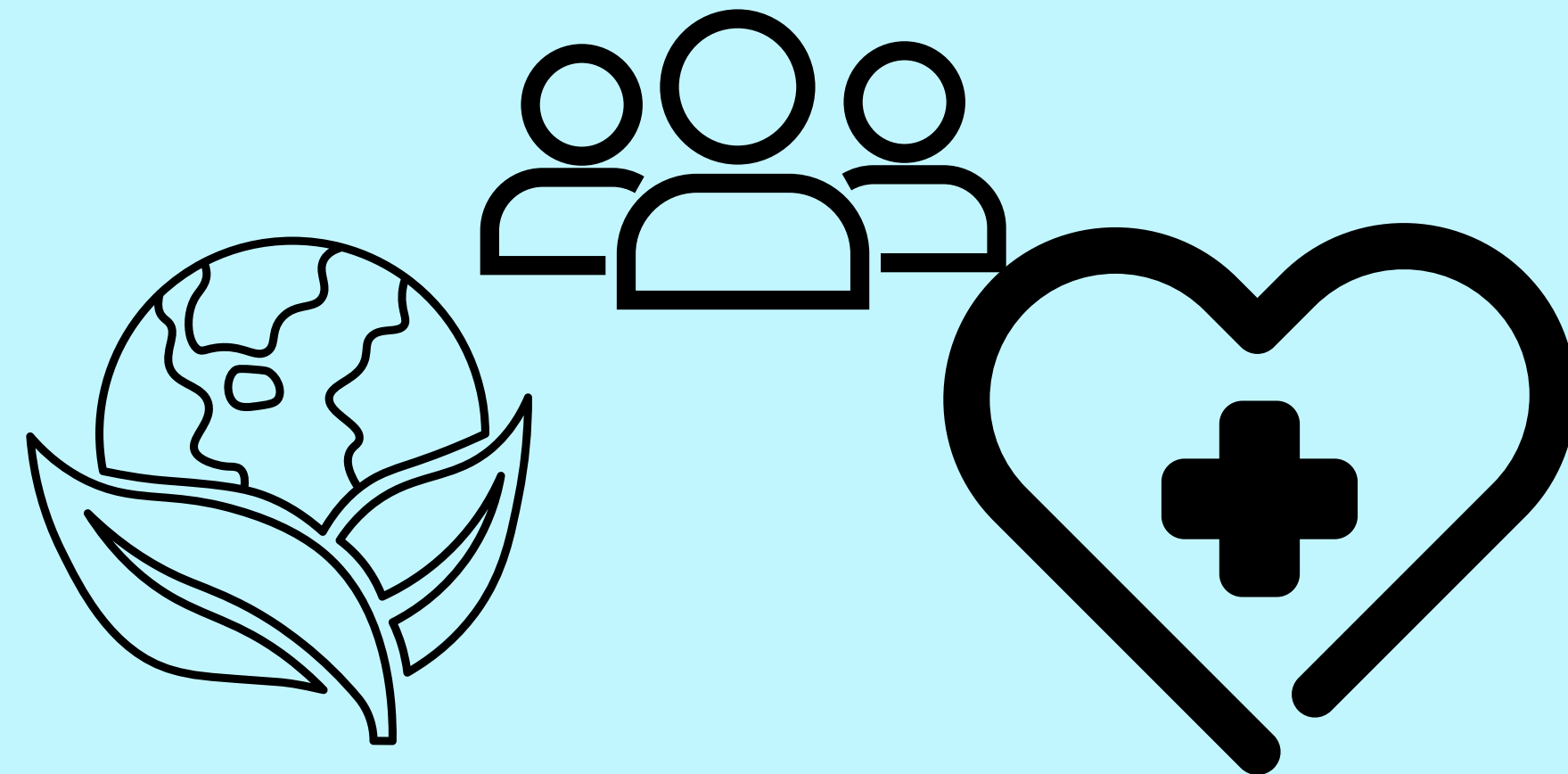
- Reduced greenhouse gas emissions and climate stabilization
- Enhanced ecosystem protection and biodiversity conservation
- Improved air and water quality
- Sustainable resource management and conservation

Systemic Impact:

- Technology transfer and capacity building in vulnerable regions
- Reduced climate-related disasters and associated losses
- Strengthened local ownership and community empowerment
- Contribution to global climate justice and equity

Social Benefits:

- Improved public health outcomes from reduced pollution
- Economic development and job creation opportunities
- Enhanced community resilience to climate impacts
- Greater energy access and reduced energy poverty











References and AI usage

AI has been used for content generation and research amplification, but each claim and fact has been pulled from a reliable news-source/research paper that has been cross-checked.

Below is a list of all the research papers used for inspiration, integrated into building a unified platform.

Our team has strong emphasis on original content and creativity, there would be no fun in building an idea that is not ours.

TITLE		LAST MODIFIED
 A machine learning-based prediction-to-map framework for ra...		Oct 8
 A reinforcement learning-based routing algorithm for large str...		Nov 9
 Analysis and Design of a Crowdsourcing-Based Flooded Roa...		Oct 21
 diagram-chasing-blr-water-log-8a5edab282632443.txt		Oct 7
 EmergiFy_Development_of_a_Real-Time_Mobile_Emergenc...		Nov 8
 Enhancing Flood Forecasting Accuracy Using Prophet A Com...		Oct 8
 improving flood maps with crowdsourcing and semantic segm...		Oct 21
 iot for early flood monitoring system.pdf		Oct 11

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1GesmshIkEWxc7OhucGiXLLJtWnu0pgzR>

THANK YOU!! :).