MapReduce & YARN
Hands-on Lab Exercise 1
Simple MapReduce program in
Java





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Lab 1 MapReduce using Java

For this exercise, you must have installed PuTTY and WinSCP.

In this exercises, the student develops a MapReduce application that finds the highest average monthly temperature using Java.

After completing this hands-on lab, you'll be able to:

Code a MapReduce application using Java

Allow 45 to 60 minutes to complete this lab.

This version of the Hands-On Lab has been updated to use the VM version of the IBM BigInsights 4.1 Quick Start Edition on the cloud.

For a tutorial on setting up PuTTY, WinSCP, and Big SQL Technology Sandbox please refer to the Lab Setup Instructions on your course page.

The assumption is that you have secured and downloaded the file **BDU_MapReduce_and_YARN.tar** data in that tar file is required by this exercise.

Since you will have access to only a command-line, you can use notepad and transfer the files over with WinSCP or you can use the default editor vi that comes with UNIX (Tutorial here) to edit your text files.

Since Eclipse is not currently installed in this VM Image, we will create our files using an ordinary editor (vi) and not the Eclipse Java environment. If you are familiar enough with Eclipse, including installation in Linux, you can choose to use that instead.

1.1 Load and examine the sample data

1. You should start with a window like this after you log in

```
Using username "wongk".

wongk@iop-bi-master.imdemocloud.com's password:

Last login: Thu Feb 25 10:14:43 2016 from 32.97.110.55

dirname: invalid option -- 'b'

Try `dirname --help' for more information.

dirname: invalid option -- 'b'

Try `dirname --help' for more information.

[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$
```

__2. In the PuTTY window, examine the directory structure of the hadoop file system of your directory. Type:

hdfs dfs -ls

```
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls
Found 6 items
drwx----+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-02-25 13:02 .Trash
drwx----+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-02-25 11:34 .staging
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-19 10:55 TempData

    wongk wongk

                                   0 2016-01-28 12:18 flume
drwxrwx--x+
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-18 12:24 oozieWF
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-18 09:05 test
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$
```

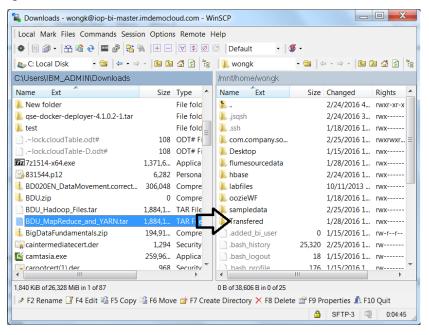
You want to make a new directory to store the sample data files that you will use for this exercise.

3. Make a new directory called sampledata/, and verify that it was created. Type:

```
hdfs dfs -mkdir sampledata
hdfs dfs -ls
hdfs dfs -chmod 777 sampledata
```

```
Found 7 items
drwx----+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-02-25 13:02 .Trash
                                   0 2016-02-25 11:34 .staging
drwx----+
            - wongk wongk
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-19 10:55 TempData
drwxrwx--x+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-28 12:18 flume
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-18 12:24 oozieWF
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-02-25 13:10 smapledata
drwxrwx---+ - wongk wongk
                                   0 2016-01-18 09:05 test
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$
```

__4. Now, to move BDU_MapReduce_and_YARN.tar file into cloud. Open up WinSCP and transfer the file to your home directory. Just drag the file from the left side to the home directory on the right side.



Then extract the file.

cd ~

tar -xvf BDU MapReduce and YARN.tar

```
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/src/com/
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/src/com/ibm/
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/src/com/ibm/dw61/
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/src/com/ibm/dw61/MaxTempReducer.java labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/src/com/ibm/dw61/MaxTempMapper.java
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/src/com/ibm/dw61/MaxMonthlyTemp.java
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/.project
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/.settings/
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/.settings/org.eclipse.core.resources.prefs
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/.biginsights
labfiles/MapReduce/LoadMaxTemp/.textanalytics
labfiles/SampleData/
labfiles/SampleData/reviews.csv
labfiles/SampleData/books.csv
labfiles/SampleData/Twitter Search.json
labfiles/SampleData/bookreviews.json
 labfiles/SampleData/pig bookreviews.json
labfiles/examples/
labfiles/examples/WordCount.java
labfiles/examples/WordCount.jar
labfiles/copyright.txt
labfiles/GutenbergDocs/
labfiles/GutenbergDocs/last of the mohicans.txt
labfiles/GutenbergDocs/walden.txt
```

Now your window should show something similar when it's done extracting the files.

__6. Now that the files are extracted, we will upload the temperature data from the local file system to the HDFS using the following commands:

```
hdfs dfs -put ~/labfiles/SumnerCountyTemp.dat sampledata
```

```
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$ hdfs dfs -put ~/labfiles/SumnerCountyTemp.dat sampledat
a
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$
```

7. Test to see that the file was uploaded correctly by typing the following command:

hdfs dfs -ls sampledata

```
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls sampledata
-rw-rw---+ 3 wongk wongk 240900 2016-02-25 13:25 sampledata
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$
```

Notice that your SumnerCountyTemp.dat files was uploaded correctly.

__8. You can view this data by executing the following command:

```
hdfs dfs -cat sampledata/SumnerCountyTemp.dat | more
```

352		113			441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100107	263		178	122		80
352		113			441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100108	263		178	123		80
352	242	113		400	441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100109	263		178	123		79
352		113			441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100110	263		178	123		79
352		113			441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100111	263		178	123		79
352		113			441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100112	263		178	123		79
352		113			441	
119 GHCND:USC00407359 20100113	263		178	122		79
MoreL		113			442	

The values in the 95th column (354, 353, 353, 352, ...) are the average daily temperatures. They are the result of multiplying the actual average temperature value times 10. (Incidentally, that way you don't have to worry about working with decimal points.)

__9. Press the spacebar a few times to scroll through the data and observe the temperature patterns by date. When you are satisfied, press **Ctrl+c** to break out of the piped output.

1.2 Start your Java project

__1. Create a directory to hold the three Java files that you will be making and make it accessible. The directory will be used to hold program artifacts and to separate it from the other things in the file system.

cd ~
mkdir com.company.name
cd com.company.name

1.3 Create the Java file for the mapper class

1. Create a new Java file, MaxTempMapper.java:

```
vi MaxTempMapper.java
```

There is a standard set of imports that will also be used for the other two Java files that you create.

The data type for the input key to the mapper will be *LongWritable*. The data itself will be of type *Text*. The output key from the mapper will be of type *Text*. And the data from the mapper (the temperature) will be of type *IntWritable*.

You need a public class with name MaxTempMapper. For this class,

- ___a. You will need to import java.io.IOException.
 __b. Extend Mapper<LongWritable, Text, IntWritable>
 __c. Define a public class called map.
- ___d. Your code should look like the following:

In the next section you will define the map method.

Note: You can also create the .java file in notepad and transfer it via WinSCP

1.4 Complete the mapper

Your program will read in a line of data as a string so that you can do string manipulation. You will want to extract the month and average temperature for each record.

The month begins at the 22th character of the record (zero offset) and the average temperature begins at the 95th character. (Remember that the average temperature value is three digits, with implied one decimal place).

__1. In the *map* method, add the following code (or whatever code you think is required):

```
String line = value.toString();
String month = line.substring(22,24);
int avgTemp;
avgTemp = Integer.parseInt(line.substring(95,98));
context.write(new Text(month), new IntWritable(avgTemp));
```

__2. From this document, you may wish to copy the entire content of the file into Windows Notepad where you can insert the code for the map method. Then transfer the java file (for ex: MaxTempMapper.java) to your com.company.name folder.

If you are using vi, press **Esc**, and then type :wq to write and exit the vi editor and write your file or

Press Esc then hit Shift + z twice.

1.5 Create the reducer class

__1. Create a new Java file, MaxTempMapper.java:

```
vi MaxTempReducer.java
```

You need a public class with name **MaxTempReducer** and the data type for the input key to the reducer will be *Text*. The data itself will be of type *IntWritable*. The output key from the reducer will be of type *Text*. And the data from the reducer will be of type *IntWritable*.

For your class,

- a. You will need to import java.io.IOException
- b. Extend Reducer<Text, LongWritable, Text, IntWritable>
- c. Define a public class called reduce.
- d. Your code should look like the following:

1.6 Complete the reducer

__1. For the reducer, you want to iterate through all values for a given key. For each value found, check to see if it is higher than any of the other values.

Add the following code (or your variation) to the reduce method.

```
int maxTemp = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
for (IntWritable value: values) {
maxTemp = Math.max(maxTemp, value.get());
}
context.write(key, new IntWritable(maxTemp));
```

__2. Assemble your file in the vi editor, notepad or any way you choose, and remember to save your work.

1.7 Create the driver

__1. Create a new Java file, MaxMonthTemp.java:

```
vi MaxMonthTemp.java
```

You need a public class with name **MaxMonthTemp** and the standard set of import files.

The *GenericOptionsParser()* will extract any input parameters that are not system parameters and place them in an array. In your case, two parameters will be passed to your application. The first parameter is the input file. The second parameter is the output directory. (This directory must not exist or your MapReduce application will fail.)

Your code should look like this:

```
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Job;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.util.GenericOptionsParser;
public class MaxMonthTemp {
   public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
      Configuration conf = new Configuration();
      String[] programArgs =
          new GenericOptionsParser(conf, args).getRemainingArgs();
      if (programArgs.length != 2) {
         System.err.println("Usage: MaxTemp <in> <out>");
         System.exit(2);
      Job job = Job.getInstance(conf, "Monthly Max Temp");
      job.setJarByClass(MaxMonthTemp.class);
      job.setMapperClass(MaxTempMapper.class);
      job.setReducerClass(MaxTempReducer.class);
      job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
      job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
      FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(programArgs[0]));
      FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(programArgs[1]));
      // Submit the job and wait for it to finish.
      System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1);
```

__2. Assemble your file in the vi editor any way you choose, and remember to save your work.

1.8 Compile your Java files & create the JAR file

__1. Compile all three Java files with one statement as the root user and then list your directory to see that you now have three Java source files and three Java class files. Type:

```
cd ~/com.company.name
javac -cp `hadoop classpath` *.java
ls -1
```

Note that the quotes here are *back-quotes* (the key to top left corner of your keyboard, to the left of the one-key ["1"}). The command *hadoop classpath* is executed to list the required classpath information needed by the compiler; the result of this is passed to javac with the classpath option (-cp).

```
[wongk@iop-bi-master ~]$ cd ~/com.company.name
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ javac -cp `hadoop classpath` *.java
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ ls -l
total 24
-rw------ 1 wongk wongk 1778 Feb 25 13:44 MaxMonthTemp.class
-rw------ 1 wongk wongk 1268 Jan 21 13:33 MaxMonthTemp.java
-rw------ 1 wongk wongk 1608 Feb 25 13:44 MaxTempMapper.class
-rw------ 1 wongk wongk 616 Jan 21 13:33 MaxTempMapper.java
-rw------ 1 wongk wongk 1673 Feb 25 13:44 MaxTempReducer.class
-rw------ 1 wongk wongk 549 Jan 21 13:33 MaxTempReducer.java
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$
```

Note: If you get this error:

This meant that you copied & pasted directly from this document while using a program that converted some of the whitespaces into a different format. To correct this, open notepad from windows and/or vi and delete the characters that give you an error and replace it with a typed character of itself. (Ex, replace the above boxes, which show up as spaces on your editor with spaces typed from your keyboard).

__2. Create a Java Archive File (jar cf, where c = create, f = file) from the three class files. Then list the manifest (jar tf) of the archive file:

```
jar cf MaxMT.jar *.class
ls
jar tf *.jar
```

```
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ jar cf MaxMT.jar *.class
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ ls
MaxMonthTemp.class MaxTempMapper.class MaxTempReducer.java
MaxMonthTemp.java MaxTempMapper.java
MaxMT.jar MaxTempReducer.class
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ jar tf *.jar
META-INF/
META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
MaxMonthTemp.class
MaxTempMapper.class
MaxTempReducer.class
MaxTempReducer.class
```

__3. The Java Archive File was created in the directory where the .java and .class files reside. But when we use Hadoop MapReduce to run the jar, Hadoop does not like to have the .class files in the same directory. Therefore you want to move the file to the parent directory, where we will run it in the next step:

```
cp *.jar ..
cd ..
```

1.9 Run the JAR file

Run the application. Type:

hadoop jar ./MaxMT.jar MaxMonthTemp sampledata/SumnerCountyTemp.dat sampledata/TempOut

You will see the following output in that terminal window (but your results will be slightly different, of course):

Your results are certainly different, but the final lines of output will probably be similar.

__2. You want to examine the output that was produced:

```
hdfs dfs -cat sampledata/TempOut/*
```

The result of this run should be similar to:

Be aware that if you cut & paste from this file, sometimes Microsoft and Adobe software change a single dash ("-") to an en-dash ("-") or an em-dash ("-"). Linux is not kind to these characters.

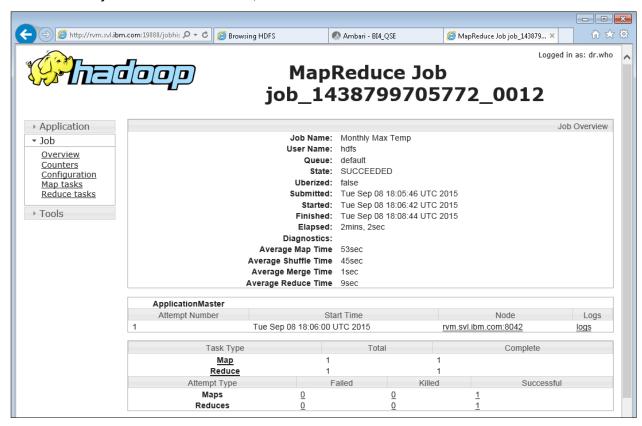
You can see that the maximum temperature for January (01) was 36.7 F — this is the coldest month of Winter in Sumner County as evidenced by the data — and the maximum temperature for July (07) was 78.5 F for the County (a rather cool summer, it appears).

__3. Examine the job status. Scroll up and notice that your output displayed a line of text similar to the following:

16/02/25 14:01:36 INFO mapreduce.Job: The url to track the job: http://iop-bi-master.imdemocloud.com:8088/proxy/application 1453821486875 0655/

Open a new tab in your Web browser and browse to the URL listed in YOUR output. Remember that it will differ slightly from the URL used in this example.

Note: You may be able to access this, but here's what it would look like



Next, you will make some changes to your program to make it more efficient in a large cluster. You will add a Combiner class and then re-run the application.

Since you are running Hadoop v2.6 with YARN, this MapReduce job was run under the control of YARN and used MapReduce 2.6.

1.10 Add a combiner function

 Return to your Java development environ 	nment
---	-------

You will add a combiner function to your application. In a real world multi-node cluster, this would let reducing functions take place on the mapper node and lessen the amount of network traffic.

__2. Use the vi editor to examine the code for MaxMonthTemp.java, and then add the following statement after the *job.setMapperClass(MaxTempMapper.class)*; statement.

```
job.setCombinerClass(MaxTempReducer.class);
```

This statement is added to the Driver code. Note that you have not changed the Mapper class, but this code will cause Hadoop to invoke the Reducer code inside the Mapper task before file(s) are passed from Mapper(s) to Reducer(s).

- __3. Save your work (write, quit).
- __4. Switch back to the root user and recompile this Java file:

```
javac -cp `hadoop classpath` MaxMonthTemp.java
```

[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]\$ javac -cp `hadoop classpath` MaxMonthTem p.java

1.11 Recreate the JAR file & re-run your application

__1. Create a Java Archive File (jar cf, where c = create, f = file) from the three class files. Then list the manifest (jar tf) of the archive file:

```
jar cf MaxMT.jar *.class
jar tf *.jar
```

```
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ jar cf MaxMT.jar *.class
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$ jar tf *.jar
META-INF/
META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
MaxMonthTemp.class
MaxTempMapper.class
MaxTempReducer.class
[wongk@iop-bi-master com.company.name]$
```

__2. The Java Archive File was created in the directory where the .java and .class files reside. But when we use Hadoop MapReduce to run the jar, Hadoop does not like to have the .class files in the same directory. Thus will move the file to the parent directory, where we will run it in the next step:

```
\operatorname{cp} *.jar .. (type y at the overwrite confirmation if prompt) \operatorname{cd} ..
```

3. Use the hdfs user to re-run this application now:

```
hadoop jar ./MaxMT.jar MaxMonthTemp sampledata/SumnerCountyTemp.dat sampledata/TempOut2
```

Notice that we created a second output directory (TempOut2). MapReduce expects that the output directory does not exist.

```
- - X
 Indfs@rvm ~1$ hadoop jar ./MaxMT.jar MaxMonthTemp /sampledata/SumnerCountyTemp.dat /sampledata/TempOut2
15/09/08 19:32:16 INFO impl.TimelineClientImpl: Timeline service address: http://0.0.0.8188/ws/v1/timeline/
15/09/08 19:32:19 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at rvm.svl.ibm.com/172.17.0.2:8050
15/09/08 19:32:29 INFO input.FileInputFormat: Total input paths to process: 1
15/09/08 19:32:31 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:1
15/09/08 19:32:33 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_14
38799705772_0013
15/09/08 19:32:36 INFO impl.YarnClientImpl: Submitted application application_14
38799705772_0013
15/09/08 19:32:37 INFO mapreduce.Job: The url to track the job: http://rvm.svl.ibm.com:8088/proxy/application_1438799705772_0013
15/09/08 19:32:37 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job_1438799705772_0013
15/09/08 19:32:37 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job_1438799705772_0013
15/09/08 19:33:49 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job_1438799705772_0013
            MINGW32:/c/vm images/Products/MR YARN
                                                           false
3 19:33:49
3 19:34:45
3 19:35:34
3 19:35:39
                                                                                                                                    INFO
INFO
INFO
INFO
                                                                                                                                                                          mapreduce.Job: map 0% reduce 0%
mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 100%
mapreduce.Job: Job job_1438799705772_0013 completed succe
 55 fully
15/09/08
                                                           3 19:35:40 INFO mapreduce.Job: Counters: 49
File System Counters

FILE: Number of bytes read=114
FILE: Number of bytes written=230711
FILE: Number of read operations=0
FILE: Number of large read operations=0
HDFS: Number of write operations=0
HDFS: Number of bytes read=241024
HDFS: Number of bytes written=84
HDFS: Number of read operations=6
HDFS: Number of large read operations=0
HDFS: Number of write operations=2
Job Counters
                                                            Job Counters
                                                                                                                       ters
Launched map tasks=1
Launched reduce tasks=1
Data-local map tasks=1
Total time spent by all ma
Total time spent by all ma
Total time spent by all ma
Total time spent by all re
Total vcore-seconds taken
Total vcore-seconds taken
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     maps in occupied slots (ms)=48225
reduces in occupied slots (ms)=47767
map tasks (ms)=48225
reduce tasks (ms)=47767
en by all map tasks=48225
en by all reduce tasks=4767
                                                       Total vcore-seconds taken by all map tasks=48275
Total vcore-seconds taken by all reduce tasks=47767
Total megabyte-seconds taken by all map tasks=24691200
Total megabyte-seconds taken by all reduce tasks=24456704

Map-Reduce Framework

Map input records=1095
Map output records=1095
Map output bytes=7665
Map output materialized bytes=114
Input split bytes=124
Combine input records=12
Reduce input groups=12
Reduce shuffle bytes=114
Reduce input records=12
Reduce output records=12
Spilled Records=24
Shuffled Maps =1
Failed Shuffles=0
Merged Map outputs=1
GC time elapsed (ms)=529
CPU time spent (ms)=11490
Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=492523520
Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=2737389568
Total committed heap usage (bytes)=491257856

Shuffle

Shuffle

Shuffle
                                                         Total committed head
Shuffle Errors
BAD ID=0
CONNECTION=0
IO_ERROR=0
WRONG_LENGTH=0
WRONG_MAP=0
WRONG_REDUCE=0
File Input Format Counters
Bytes Read=240900
File Output Format Counters
Bytes Written=84
[hdfs@rvm ~]$
```

4.	Examine the Combine input records and Combine output records of your output and notice the
	difference in using the combiner function.

The original execution produced this output:

The subsequent execution, using the combiner, produced this output:

- __5. Feel free to use the GUI via the Web browser to validate your job.
- __6. Feel free to cat the TempOut2 directory if you like to view the results.

End of this Hands-On Lab Exercise

NOTES

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NOTES

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