# Salesforce OAuth 2.0 JWT Bearer Flow for Server-to-Server Integration

# **Prepared By**

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Sometimes you want to authorize servers to access data without interactively logging in each time the servers exchange information. For these cases, you can use the OAuth 2.0 JSON Web Token (JWT) bearer flow. This flow uses a certificate to sign the JWT request and doesn't require explicit user interaction. With the OAuth 2.0 JWT bearer token flow, the client posts a JWT to the Salesforce OAuth token endpoint. Salesforce processes the JWT, which includes a digital signature, and issues an access token based on prior approval of the app.

Let's go over each step of this authorization flow.

### 1. Create Digital Signature

We will OpenSSL to generate digital signature.

- Download OpenSSL (e.g. from <a href="https://www.softpedia.com/get/Programming/Components-Libraries/OpenSSL.shtml#download">https://www.softpedia.com/get/Programming/Components-Libraries/OpenSSL.shtml#download</a>)
- Install OpenSSL then run start.bat
- Generate RSA private key: openssl genrsa -des3 -passout pass:Your\_Password -out APICert.pass.key 2048 replace password using any string password. replace APICert using any string name you want.
- Create RSA key: openssl rsa -passin pass:Your\_Password -in APICert.pass.key -out APICert.key
- Generate Certificate Signing Request
   openssl req -new -key APICert.key -out APICert.csr

   The second of the second APICert.csr

   (DA)

Enter some values in Distingused Name (DN), you also can leave some field blank (some field has it's own default values)

```
C:\Users\flore>openssl req -new -key APICert.key -out APICert.csr
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:id
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:
Locality Name (eg, city) []:
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:
Email Address []:

Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:password
An optional company name []:metrodata
```

• Create certificate file:

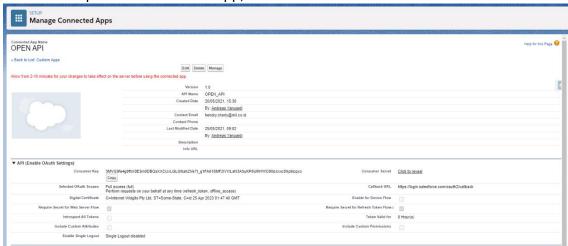
openssl x509 -req -sha256 -days 365 -in APICert.csr -signkey APICert.key -out APICert.crt

-day 365 means certificate will be expired after 356 days, define how long your certification valid by changing the number

🙀 APICert	25/05/2021 8:47	Security Certificate	2 KB
APICert.csr	25/05/2021 8:46	CSR File	2 KB
APICert	25/05/2021 8:38	key	2 KB
APICert.pass	25/05/2021 8:37	key	2 KB
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# 2. Upload the certificate file to Salesforce Connected App

- Login to Salesforce then navigate Setup -> Apps -> App Manager.
- Find a prebuild connected app, click Edit.



• Below 'Use digital signature', click 'Choose File' then upload .crt file generated before.

## 3. Generate Json Web Token (JWT)

This step should be done programmatically, but we will simulate JWT generation using <a href="https://jwt.io">https://jwt.io</a>.

- Construct a JWT header with this format: {"alg":"RS256"}
- Construct a JSON Claims Set for the JWT with the following parameters.

### PARAMETER DESCRIPTION The issuer must contain the OAuth client id or the connected app(Consumer Key, see #2) for which you registered the certificate. iss The audience identifies the authorization server as an intended audience. The authorization server must verify that it's an intended audience for the token. Use the authorization server's URL for the audience value: https://login.salesforce.com aud The subject must contain the username of the user if implementing for an Experience Cloud site. For backward compatibility, you can use principal (prn) instead of subject (sub). If both are specified, prn is used. sub The validity must be the expiration time of the assertion within 3 minutes, expressed as the number of seconds from 1970-01-01T0:0:0Z measured in UTC. exp

Here's an example JSON Claim Set for the JWT.

Paste .crt file to Certificate and .key file to private key in Verify Signature

```
eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiJ9.eyJpc3Mi0iIzTVZHOW
Z1NGc5ZmhYMEU1bTBEQ1FzWFhDVXZMR0xHTmFoW
1Z1N3RfZzFGQTYx0E1GMmxZbDFMYU4zQTV1S1A2
VVJIV085MGRKeHhvM05w0WljcXhvIiwic3ViIjo
iYWRtaW5kc2FAdGVsa29tLmNvLmlkIiwiYXVkIj
oiaHR0cHM6Ly9sb2dpbi5zYWxlc2ZvcmN1LmNvb
SIsImV4cCI6IjE2MjE4MDQ1NzkifQ.VNW-
_4v5htRtpBkgtXXS1CaD7lpADC0i9rcmXWbVfkd
SADgWb8_HymVghBwuCdrUguDz_yzDnCojV3Y8Fa
1CAnYiLVbDZTnrWbqbo6q5KutWMtJojbc7Im77H
AZnuwc-hhQlyjVBicO1b2XAqIX19jZQsPu--
rs2H8-V6mAXND__6ivPDJDkHjwS8qd-
_uZi4hXWuf0BRCMDwjtHgMZVDQJ0mVsNX8P5DC7
_Izsxv3wVbgWuFVTRY50HAGbPgruI7AxKKEJAfI
YARBu5Op1RzpehDmBy_7UyWhbu04Yrz4z444Fty
6Cy3XDR112JPcqhsb3e5UaRa5v16Mv6_14BIA
```

```
HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE
 {"alg":"RS256"}
PAYLOAD: DATA
 F21Y11LaN3A5uKP6URHW090dJxxo3Np9icqxo",
 "sub": "admindsa@telkom.co.id",
"aud": "https://login.salesforce.com",
 "exp":"1621804579"
VERIFY SIGNATURE
RSASHA256(
  base64Ur1Encode(header) + "." +
   base64UrlEncode(payload),
   ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
   MIIDHTCCAgUCFC5EK2HXVUoDtK//
   LRVKS9GSzxkuMA0GCSaGSIb3D0EB
   CwUAMEsx
   ----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY--
   MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEAxUPbXHv1uoni
   8hCHc3AHQUY7jGmzzRwH7nESiH2y
   M5qYi669
```

JWT generated

This Java code is a simple example of constructing a JWT bearer token.

```
import org.apache.commons.codec.binary.Base64;
import java.io.*;
import java.security.*;
import java.text.MessageFormat;
public class JWTExample {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   String header = "{\"alg\":\"RS256\"}";
   String claimTemplate = "'{'\"iss\": \"{0}\", \"sub\": \"{1}\", \
"aud\": \"{2}\", \"exp\": \"{3}\", \"jti\": \"{4\"'}'";
   try {
     StringBuffer token = new StringBuffer();
     //Encode the JWT Header and add it to our string to sign
     token.append(Base64.encodeBase64URLSafeString(header.getBytes(
"UTF-8")));
     //Separate with a period
     token.append(".");
     //Create the JWT Claims Object
     String[] claimArray = new String[4];
```

```
claimArray[1] = "admin@mii.co.id";
      claimArray[2] = "https://login.salesforce.com";
      claimArray[3] = Long.toString( ( System.currentTimeMillis()/10
00) + 300);
     claimArray[4]=<JTI>
     MessageFormat claims;
     claims = new MessageFormat(claimTemplate);
      String payload = claims.format(claimArray);
      //Add the encoded claims object
      token.append(Base64.encodeBase64URLSafeString(payload.getBytes
("UTF-8")));
      //Load the private key from a keystore
      KeyStore keystore = KeyStore.getInstance("JKS");
      keystore.load(new FileInputStream("./path/to/keystore.jks"), "
keystorepassword".toCharArray());
     PrivateKey privateKey = (PrivateKey) keystore.getKey("certalia
s", "privatekeypassword".toCharArray());
      //Sign the JWT Header + "." + JWT Claims Object
      Signature signature = Signature.getInstance("SHA256withRSA");
      signature.initSign(privateKey);
      signature.update(token.toString().getBytes("UTF-8"));
      String signedPayload = Base64.encodeBase64URLSafeString(signat
ure.sign());
      //Separate with a period
      token.append(".");
      //Add the encoded signature
      token.append(signedPayload);
      System.out.println(token.toString());
    } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
  }
```

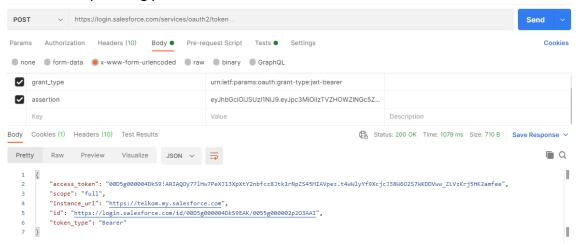
# 4. Request access token

To request an access token, the connected app posts a token request to the Salesforce instance's token endpoint. It includes the JWT in the POST request.

```
POST /services/oauth2/token HTTP/1.1
Host: login.salesforce.com
Header:
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Body:
grant_type= urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:jwt-bearer&
```

### Result example using postman:

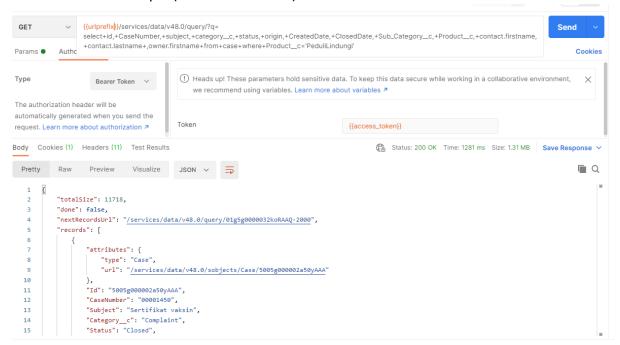


# 5. Using access token

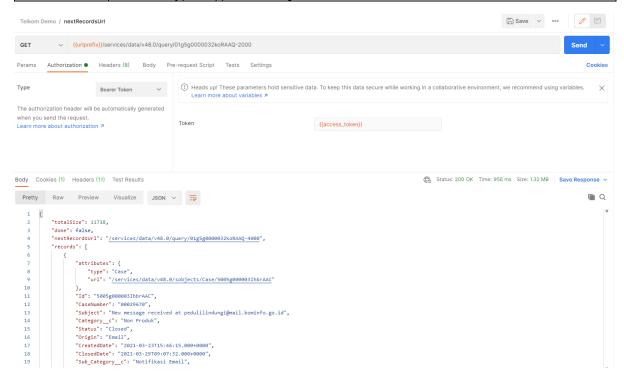
### Let's try fetching Case records

endpoint:	https:// <instance_url>/services/data/v48.0/query/?q=<soql_query></soql_query></instance_url>					
For SOQL query replace space(' ') with plus ('+') then encode to Url format						
	SELECT id,field1_API_Name,field2_API_Name from Object_Name WHERE field_API_Name = 'Keyword'					
SOQL Query:	to:					
	SELECT+id,field1_API_Name,field2_API_Name+from+Object_Name+WHERE+fieldpara meters_API_Name+=+'Keyword'					
method:	GET					
header:	Authorization: Bearer <access_token></access_token>					
	Content-Type: application/json					
Example for Case object:						
endpoint:	https:// <instance_url>/services/data/v48.0/query/?q= select+id,+CaseNumber,+subject,+categoryc,+status,+origin,+CreatedDate,+ ClosedDate,+Sub_Categoryc,+Productc,+contact.firstname,+contact.lastna me+,owner.firstname+from+case+where+Productc='PeduliLindungi'</instance_url>					

### Postman result example (first 2000 records)



endpoint:	https:// <instance_url><nextrecordsurl></nextrecordsurl></instance_url>
method:	GET
header:	Authorization: Bearer <access_token></access_token>
	Content-Type: application/json



### **Reference:**

https://developer.salesforce.com/docs/atlas.enus.soql sosl.meta/soql sosl/sforce api calls soql select.htm

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.1/man1/

https://help.salesforce.com/articleView?id=sf.remoteaccess\_oauth\_jwt\_flow.htm&type=5

https://developer.salesforce.com/docs/atlas.enus.api rest.meta/api rest/resources list.htm