



# Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	1.6 s	Time to Interactive	1.6 s
Speed Index	1.6 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
▲ Largest Contentful Paint	6.8 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.133

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

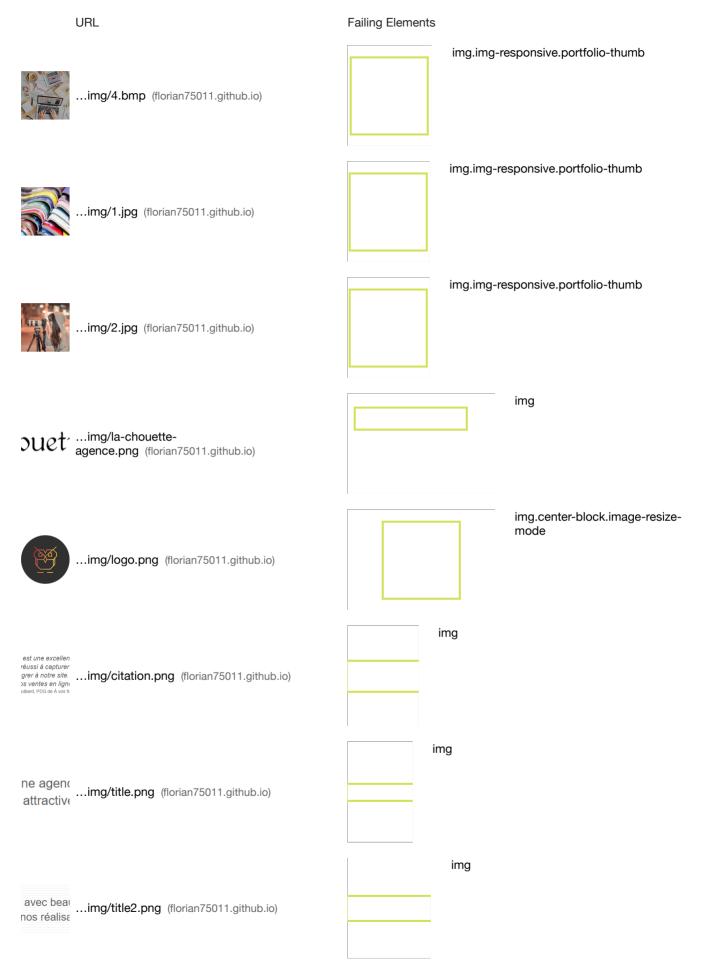
# View Original Trace



**Diagnostics** — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 19 resources found		^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Show 3rd party	resources (0)
URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
img/image-de-presentation.bmp (florian75011.github.io)	10 m	2,103 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (florian75011.github.io)	10 m	601 KiB
img/1.jpg (florian75011.github.io)	10 m	267 KiB

	URL		Cache TTL	Transfer Size
	img/4.bmp (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	219 KiB
	img/3.bmp (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	167 KiB
	img/2.jpg (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	107 KiB
	img/texture-paper.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	94 KiB
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (florian75011	.github.io)	10 m	76 KiB
	fonts/et-line.woff (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	54 KiB
	img/la-chouette-agence.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	27 KiB
	img/logo.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	25 KiB
	css/bootstrap.css (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	22 KiB
	img/citation.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	11 KiB
	img/title.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	10 KiB
	img/title2.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	8 KiB
	css/font-awesome.css (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	7 KiB
	/Florian75/style.css (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	4 KiB
	css/et-line.css (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	2 KiB
	img/lines-h2-bg.png (florian75011.github.io)		10 m	1 KiB
<b>A</b>	Ensure text remains visible during webfont load			^
	Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is use	r-visible while webfo	onts are loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	
			Show 3rd party	resources (0)
	URL			Potential Savings
	fonts/et-line.woff (florian75011.github.io)			120 ms
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (florian75011	.aithub.io)		120 ms
		J 1,		
	Image elements do not have explicit width and height			^
	Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce	ce layout shifts and	improve CLS. <u>Learn more</u>	
			Show 3rd party	resources (0)
	URL	Failing Elements		
	img/3.bmp (florian75011.github.io)		img.img-responsive.portfolio-t	humb



Avoid enormous network payloads - Total size was 3,825 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Transfer Size
img/image-de-presentation.bmp (florian75011.github.io)	2,102.7 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (florian75011.github.io)	600.8 KiB
img/1.jpg (florian75011.github.io)	266.9 KiB
img/4.bmp (florian75011.github.io)	219.4 KiB
img/3.bmp (florian75011.github.io)	166.7 KiB
img/2.jpg (florian75011.github.io)	107.0 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (florian75011.github.io)	94.1 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (florian75011.github.io)	75.5 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (florian75011.github.io)	54.2 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence.png (florian75011.github.io)	26.9 KiB

#### Avoid chaining critical requests - 11 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 420 ms

Initial Navigation

```
/Florian75.../ (florian75011.github.io)
```

```
...css/bootstrap.css (florian75011.github.io) - 100 ms, 21.73 KiB
```

/Florian75.../style.css (florian75011.github.io) - 100 ms, 4.11 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (florian75011.github.io)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (florian75011.github.io) - 120 ms, 75.54 KiB

...css/et-line.css (florian75011.github.io)

...fonts/et-line.woff (florian75011.github.io) - 120 ms, 54.23 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (florian75011.github.io) - 10 ms, 0.15 KiB

...js/blocs.js (florian75011.github.io) - 10 ms, 0.17 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (florian75011.github.io) - 10 ms, 0.11 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (florian75011.github.io) - 80 ms, 0.24 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (florian75011.github.io) - 80 ms, 0.14 KiB

...js/blocs.js (florian75011.github.io) - 80 ms, 0.18 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (florian75011.github.io) - 80 ms, 0.19 KiB

#### Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small − 30 requests • 3,825 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type Requests Transfer Size

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	30	3,825.0 KiB
Image	13	3,639.3 KiB
Font	2	129.8 KiB
Stylesheet	4	34.8 KiB
Script	10	17.8 KiB
Document	1	3.4 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Other	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	1	16.1 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found		

#### Largest Contentful Paint element - 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More

#### Element



 $\label{loc-bg-bannier} {\ \ } \text{div\#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bg-dark-slate-blue.bg-banniere.d-bloc.bg-t-edge.bloc-bg-texture.texture-paper.b-parallax}$ 

## Avoid large layout shifts - 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.

Element CLS Contribution

div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc

0.065

div.text-center

0.027

Element	CLS	Contribution
h1.text-center.hero-bloc-text.tc-white		
		0.014
div.col-sm-4		
		0.006
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 1 long task found		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input	ut delay. <u>Learn more</u>	
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL	Start Time	Duration
/Florian75/ (florian75011.github.io)	898 ms	362 ms
Passed audits (28)		^
Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 0 ms		^
Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS in JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u> .	line and deferring all nor	n-critical
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (florian75011.github.io)	21.7 KiB	150 ms
/Florian75/style.css (florian75011.github.io)	4.1 KiB	150 ms
Properly size images — Potential savings of 7 KiB		^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Lea	arn more.	
	Show 3rd party re	esources (0)
URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img/1.jpg (florian75011.github.io)	266.5 KiB	6.9 KiB
Defer offscreen images		^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finishe interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	ed loading to lower time	to

Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB		^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more.		
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (florian75011.github.io)	21.7 KiB	4.3 KiB
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 21 KiB		^
Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	e-fold content to reduce	
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (florian75011.github.io)	21.7 KiB	20.9 KiB
Remove unused JavaScript		^
Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Efficiently encode images		^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.		
Serve images in next-gen formats		^
Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression the faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	nan PNG or JPEG, which	means
Enable text compression		^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minim more.	nize total network bytes.	<u>Learn</u>
Preconnect to required origins		^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connection origins. Learn more.	ons to important third-pa	urty
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 100 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests d	lepend on it. <u>Learn more</u>	
	Show 3rd party re	esources (0)
URL		Time Spent
/Florian75/ (florian75011.github.io)		100 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects		^

05/2021			
Redirects introduce additional delays	before the page can be load	led. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Preload key requests		•	^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to more.	prioritize fetching resources	that are currently requested later in page load. Learn	
Use HTTP/2		•	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HT	TP/1.1, including binary hea	ders and multiplexing. Learn more.	
Use video formats for animated con	tent		^
Large GIFs are inefficient for deliverin PNG/WebP for static images instead		er using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and s. Learn more	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaS	Script bundles		^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript n	nodules from bundles to red	uce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.	
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to r	nodern browsers	•	^
modern browsers. For your bundled	JavaScript, adopt a modern	Script features. However, many aren't necessary for script deployment strategy using module/nomodule rn browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers.	
Preload Largest Contentful Paint ima	age		^
Preload the image used by the LCP e	element in order to improve y	our LCP time. <u>Learn more</u> .	
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)	)
URL		Potential Saving	35
img/la-chouette-agence-	-banniere.jpg (florian75011.git	hub.io) 0 ms	3
Avoids an excessive DOM size - 1	125 elements		^
A large DOM will increase memory us	age, cause longer <u>style calc</u>	ulations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more.	
Statistic	Element	Valu	JE
Total DOM Elements		125	5
		span.fa.fa-twitter.icon-md	
Maximum DOM Depth		11	1
	div.page-container		
Maximum Child Elements		7	7

#### User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### JavaScript execution time - 0.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/Florian75/ (florian75011.github.io)	615 ms	125 ms	163 ms
Unattributable	350 ms	9 ms	1 ms

#### Minimizes main-thread work - 1.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>

Category	Time Spent
Other	432 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	167 ms
Script Evaluation	138 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	122 ms
Rendering	117 ms
Style & Layout	44 ms

#### Minimize third-party usage

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn more.

#### Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

#### Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn more</u>



# Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

**Contrast** — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

<b>A</b>	Background and foreg	ground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.	^
	Low-contrast text is dif	fficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Failing Elements		
		div.keywords	
		p.text-center.white	
Na	vigation - These are o	opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	
<b>A</b>	Heading elements are	not in a sequentially-descending order	^
		ngs that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate	
	and understand when i	using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Failing Elements		
		h3.mg-md.text-center	

**Internationalization and localization** — These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

<html> element does not have a valid value for its [lang] attribute.

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Failing Elements

html

Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	
	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-in elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	teractive
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assisting Learn more.</nav></main>	ve technology.
acced audita (9)	
ooeu auuito (o)	^
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	^
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document</body>	^
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document Learn more.</body>	ent ` <body>`.</body>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document Learn more.  Buttons have an accessible name  When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable to the content of the con</body>	ent ` <body>`.</body>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document Learn more.  Buttons have an accessible name  When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable rely on screen readers. Learn more.</body>	ent ` <body>`.  for users who</body>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document Learn more.  Buttons have an accessible name  When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable rely on screen readers. Learn more.  The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region</body>	ent ` <body>`.  for users who</body>
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when 'aria-hidden="true"' is set on the docume Learn more.  Buttons have an accessible name  When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable rely on screen readers. Learn more.  The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region  Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.	ent ` <body>`.  for users who</body>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document Learn more.  Buttons have an accessible name  When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable rely on screen readers. Learn more.  The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region  Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.  Document has a <title> element  The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine the search engine users rely on the search engine users rely&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ent `&lt;body&gt;`.  for users who&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document &lt;body&gt;  Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document Learn more.  Buttons have an accessible name  When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable rely on screen readers. Learn more.  The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region  Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.  Document has a &lt;title&gt; element  The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to deterpage is relevant to their search. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ent `&lt;body&gt;`.  for users who  mine if a&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title></body>	

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more.

#### Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Not applicable (32)

#### [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>.

#### [aria-\*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA 'role' supports a specific subset of 'aria-\*' attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the 'aria-\*' attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

#### [role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### [role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

#### ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### [aria-\*] attributes have valid values

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.

#### [aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.

#### <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

#### Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements

Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn</u> more.

#### No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more.

#### <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

#### <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.

List items (<1i>) are contained within <u1> or <o1> parent elements

Screen readers require list items (') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. <u>Learn</u> more.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more</u>.



# **Best Practices**

**User Experience** 

#### Serves images with low resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> more.

Show	3rd-	party	resources	(0)
		l)		(-)

URL	Displayed size	Actual size	Expected size
ne agencimg/title.png (florian75011.github.io)	613 x 84	613 x 84	1226 x 168

#### General

Source

#### Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Description

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

/Florian75011-P4_tess/jquery-2.1.0.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 ()
/Florian75011-P4_tesf/js/bootstrap.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of $404$ ()
/Florian75011-P4_tesratif/js/blocs.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of $404$ ()
/Florian75011-P4_tesratif/js/gmaps.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of $404$ ()
/Florian75011-P4_tes ery.touchSwipe.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 ()
/Florian75011-P4_tesf/js/bootstrap.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 ()
/Florian75011-P4_tesratif/js/blocs.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of $404$ ()
/Florian75011-P4_tesratif/js/gmaps.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of $404$ ()
/Florian75011-P4_tes ery.touchSwipe.js:1	Failed to load resource: the server responded with a status of 404 ()

#### Passed audits (15)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more **Avoids Application Cache** Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more. No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Add 'rel="noopener"' or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities.

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

# Not applicable (1) Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



### **SEO**

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content Best Practices - Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

▲ Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

**Mobile Friendly** — Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Document doesn't use legible font sizes - 27.45% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
style.css:679	р	69.91%	11px
/Florian75/ (florian75011.gith ub.io)	<pre><div class="keywords" style="color:#ccccc;font- size:1px;"></div></pre>	1.32%	1px
/Florian75/ (florian75011.gith ub.io)	<pre><div class="keywords" style="color:#cccccc;font- size:1px;"></div></pre>	1.32%	1px
Legible text		27.45%	≥ 12px

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Structured data is valid	^
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Passed audits (10)	^
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page has successful HTTP status code&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links have descriptive text&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links are crawlable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements line to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ıks&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page isn't blocked from indexing&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn mo&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;u&gt;ore&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Image elements have [alt] attributes&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;alt&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document has a valid hreflang&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.  &lt;u&gt;Learn more.&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document avoids plugins&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;эе&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Not applicable (2)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;robots.txt is valid&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>	

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



# Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

#### Installable

Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements - 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

#### **PWA Optimized**

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

#### Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

	Does not	provide a	a valid	apple	-touch-icon
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For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

#### Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u>.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

#### Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

#### Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more.</u>

#### **Runtime Settings**

URL https://florian75011.github.io/Florian75011-P4\_test\_comparatif/

**Fetch Time** May 19, 2021, 11:36 AM GMT+2

**Device** Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

**CPU throttling** 4x slowdown (Simulated)

**Channel** devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10\_15\_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4430.212 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 2130

Axe version 4.1.2