



## SI4 - CRÉATION DE MONDES VIRTUELS THE ANIMATION PIPELINE

Hui-Yin (Helen) Wu

Chargée de recherche (ISFP), Centre Inria d'Université Côte d'Azur

### **PLAN**

- 1. 3D animation pipeline
- 2. Squash and stretch
- 3. Walking, squirming, and swimming

In general, 3D animation is a subfield of 3D computer graphics which uses 3D animation software and hardware for various applications in:

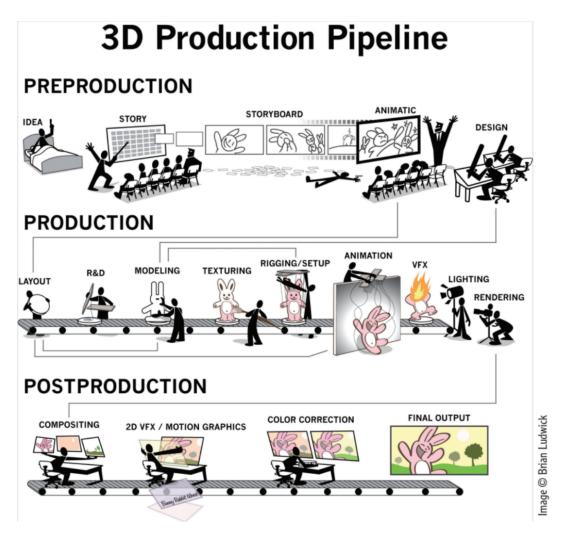
- Entertainment such as movies, advertisements, and video games
- Science and research such as simulation and visualization
- Industrial production such as architecture design and 3D printing
- Education such as training and rehabilitation
- Other areas







Example applications in 3D animations from left to right: medical, law forensics, and training



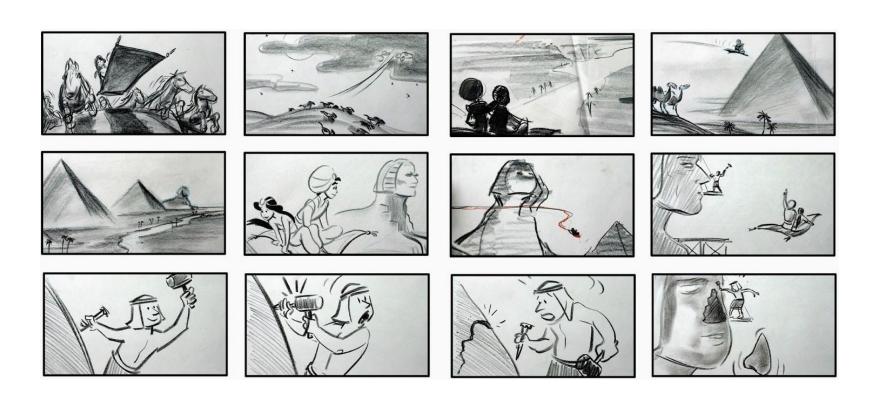
Beane, A. (2012). 3D animation essentials. John Wiley & Sons.

## THE 3D ANIMATION PIPELINE ANIMATION PRE-PRODUCTION

Ideation: project-level brainstorming of an animation project

#### ANIMATION PRE-PRODUCTION

Storyboarding: shot-to-shot sequence showing the motion



Storyboard of Aladdin (1992)

#### ANIMATION PRE-PRODUCTION

Animatic: A first draft of the animation

Quiet - Matilda Musical Animatic

A fan-made animatic for the musical Mathilda

#### **PRODUCTION**

**Layout (Final)**: Using simple geometry (boxes, spheres for example) to previsualize the animation

**Modeling & Texturing**: Creating the 3D mesh and adding materials and textures (TD1 + TD2)

#### **PRODUCTION**

Rigging: Adding the bone structure to prepare for animation (TD2)

**Animation**: Keyframing movements to create motion (TD2)

**VFX, Lighting, Rendering**: Final steps of using the 3D animation software (TD3)

## THE 3D ANIMATION PIPELINE POST-PRODUCTION

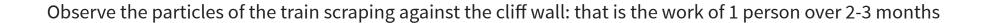
Compositing: Layers that will adjust the rendered scene

Other treatments: 2D VFX, color correction, film-editing

#### TWO THINGS TO NOTE

1. It is a **highly technical** domain

Wanted - Le Train (Scène Mythique)



## THE 3D ANIMATION PIPELINE TWO THINGS TO NOTE

2. It is a highly interdisciplinary and labor intensive domain

Take a look at the VFX credits of Dr. Strange Multiverse of Madness: https://youtu.be/fYjuFa3JNZo?t=409

There are therefore strong intuitives for R&D to develop more **automated** approaches to content creation, including:

- object or scene reconstruction from lidar cameras
- physics particles: hair, liquids, fire
- cinematography: real-time camera motion (e-sports)

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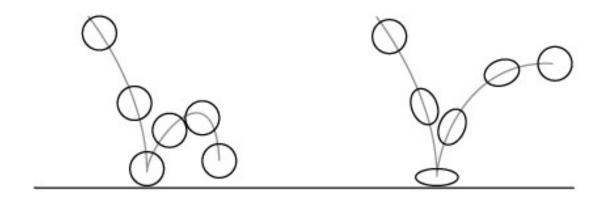
#### Motivation:

- take into account the physics of real world
- give life to characters and objects



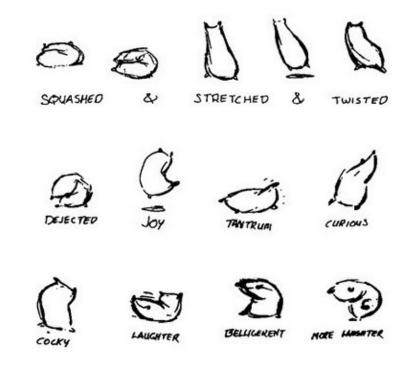
Squash and stretch of Scrat from the animation Ice Age (Source: Animation mentor)

#### Classical example:



A simple ball with and without squash and stretch

Classical example:



Squash and stretch of Disney's flour sack

What elements go into a squash and stretch animation?

- Volume: the overall models should be preserved to ensure realism
- Gravity: influencing the ballistic trajectory of the object (realistic physics)
- Restitution: taking into account energy loss on collision
- Maximum stretch/minimum squash: how much the object can be squashed and stretched
- Stretch/squash rate: how fast the object stretches/squashes before and after the collision

Chenney, S., Pingel, M., Iverson, R., & Szymanski, M. (2002, June). Simulating cartoon style animation. In Proceedings of the 2nd International Symposium on Non-photorealistic Animation and Rendering (pp. 133-138).

Explanation video:

1. Squash & Stretch - 12 Principles of Animation

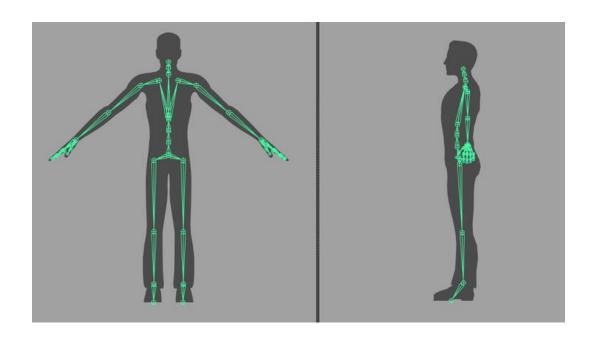


TD for today: squash and stretch in Blender while maintaining volume

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Animations on animate characters such as humans and other creatures are done through a process called **rigging**, which is adding a skeleton to the character.



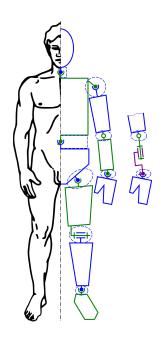
Procedural animation: instead of manually defining each keyframe of the animation (for hundreds of bones!), we can try to programmatically generate animations!

Evolution of biped animation (2010): planner with fine-grained control to take as input terrain, and plan trajectory, foot swings and positions, joint motions...

SIGGRAPH 2010: Terrain-Adaptive Bipedal Locomotion Control

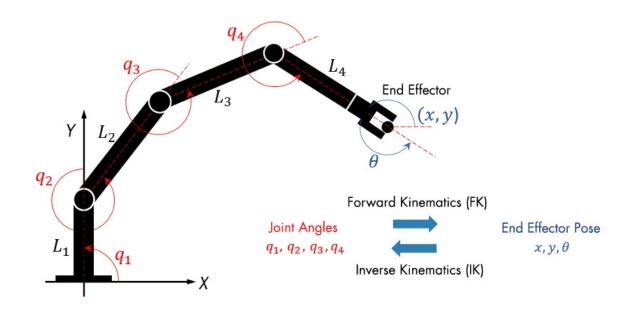


**Inverse kinematics (IK)**: mathematical procedure to calculate joint parameters in a kinematic chain from the end desired position



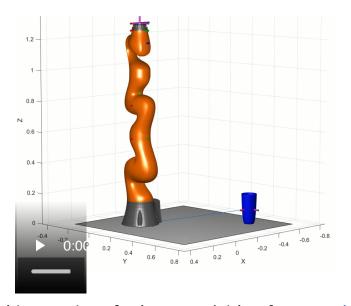
Human kinematic chain (image from Wikipedia)

**Inverse kinematics (IK)**: mathematical procedure to calculate joint parameters in a kinematic chain from the end desired position



Inverse kinematics of robot arm (image from Mathworks)

**Inverse kinematics (IK)**: mathematical procedure to calculate joint parameters in a kinematic chain from the end desired position



Inverse kinematics of robot arm (video from Mathworks)

Evolution of biped animation (2018): pose extraction from videos, and then using deep reinforcement learning, learn animations and allow retargeting

SIGGRAPH Asia 2018: Skills from Videos paper (main video)

Karl Sims, Evolving virtual creatures (1994): swimming, "walking" and grabbing

- Goal to create virtual creatures that move in 3D physical worlds
- Genetic language for representing primitive elements as directed graphs
- Various complex locomotion strategies

Karl Sims, Evolving virtual creatures (1994): swimming, "walking" and grabbing

Karl Sims - Evolved Virtual Creatures, Evolution Simulation, 199

# TD2: BLENDER SCRIPTING AND ANIMATION DEMO