

# Hybrid Taint Analysis for Java EE

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# About Me

## ❖ Florian Loch

- ❖ Based in Karlsruhe, Germany
- ❖ M. Sc. in computer science
- ❖ Avid software engineer
- ❖ Focus on applied security (research)
- ❖ Currently taking a year off, looking for new opportunities in 2021
- ❖ <https://fdlo.ch>



- ❖ This work is based on my master thesis *“Juturna: Lightweight, Pluggable and Selective Taint Tracking for Java”*

# Motivation

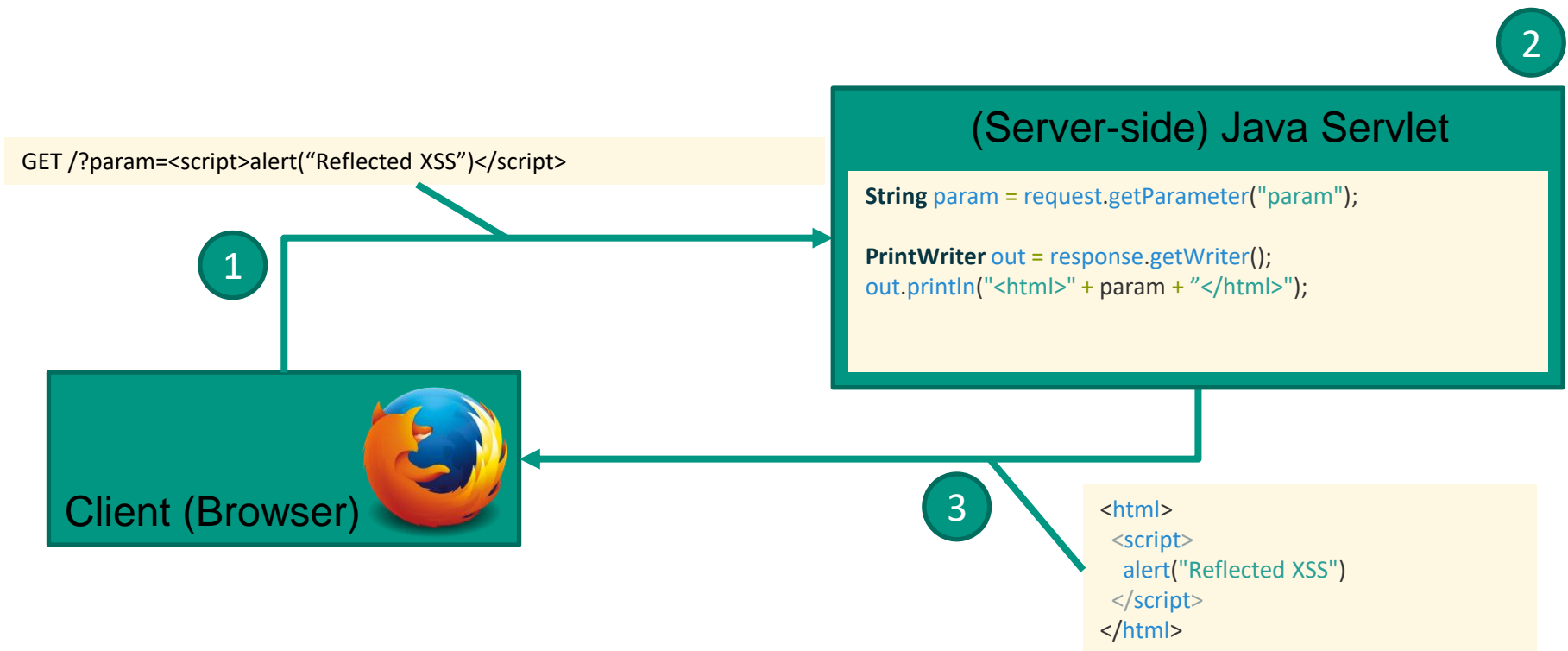


- ❖ **Injection attacks** are emerging together with modern web applications
- ❖ → Attacker is able to control applications behaviour in malicious ways
- ❖ Underlying problem: **Improper Input Validation** (CWE-20)
- ❖ Many manifestations
  - ❖ Cross-Site-Scripting (XSS) (CWE-79)
  - ❖ OS Command Injection (CWE-78)
  - ❖ SQL Injection (CWE-89)
  - ❖ ...

# XSS: Injection Attacks in the Web

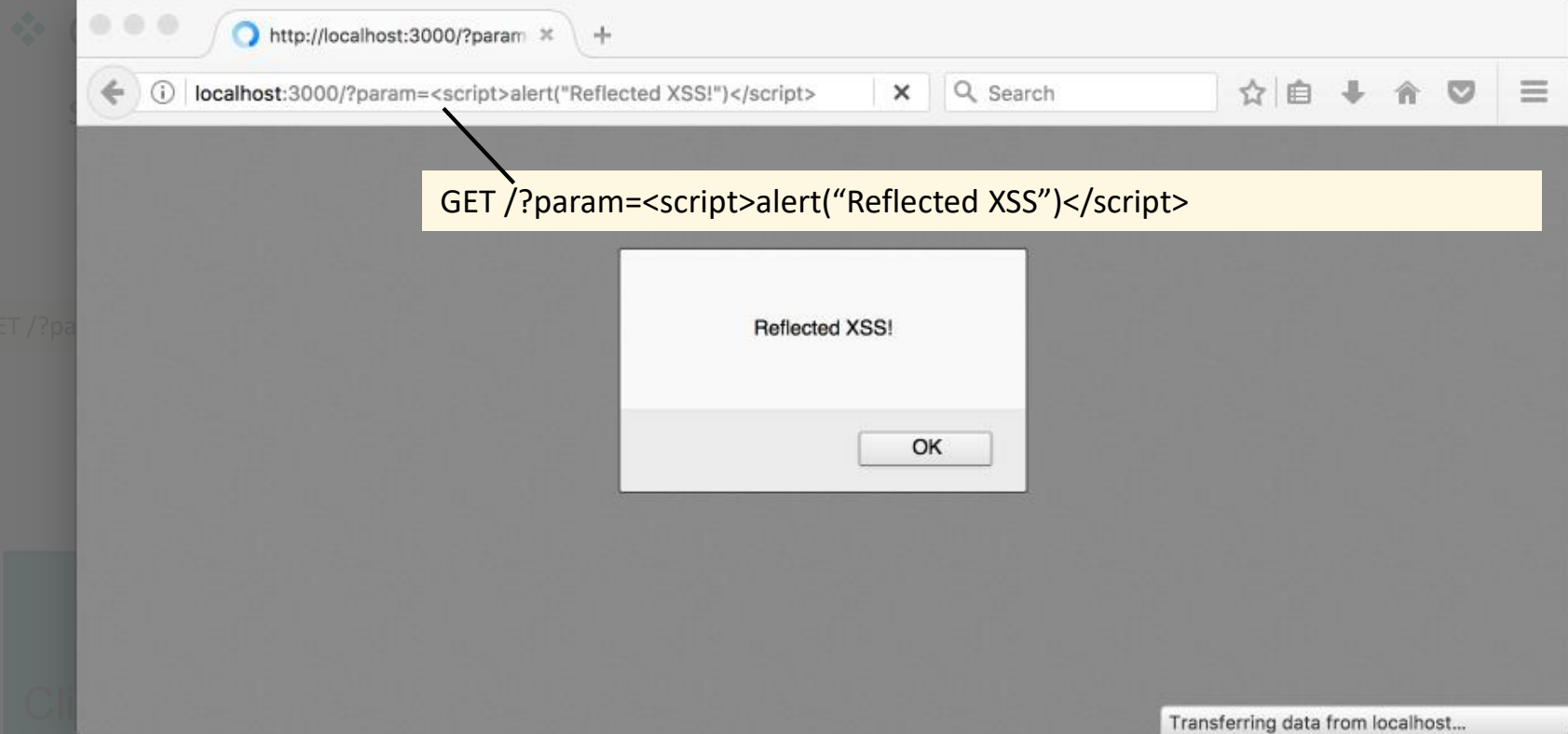
## ❖ XSS: *Cross-site Scripting*

- ❖ Goal: Attacker tries to execute JavaScript code in a users browser (in a specific security-context)



# XSS: injection attacks in the Web

## ❖ XSS: Cross-Site-Scripting

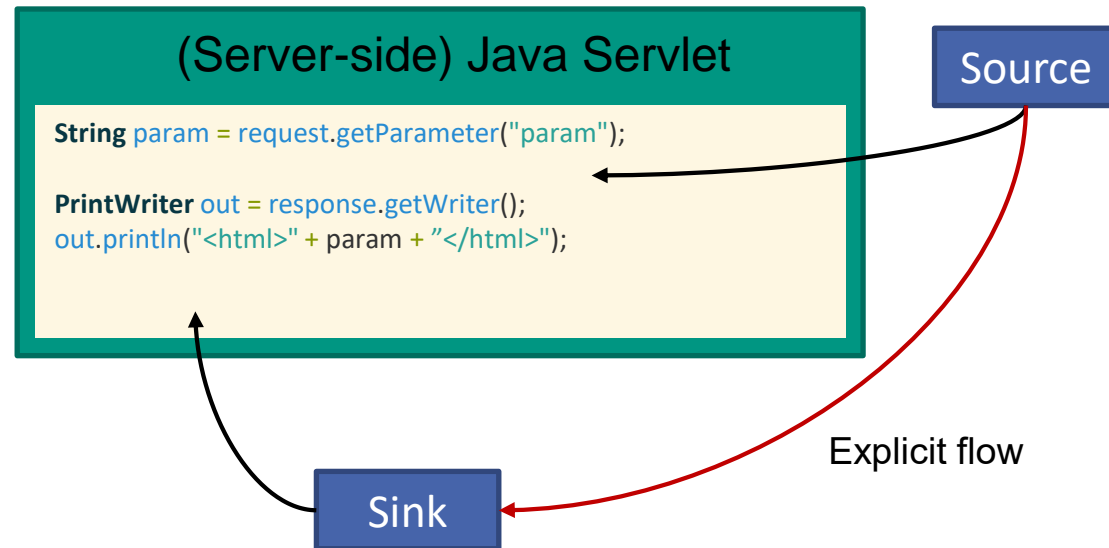


```
alert("Reflected XSS")  
</script>  
</html>
```

# Analyzing the problem

- ❖ Untrusted input influences behavior of application inadvertently
- ❖ → Typical **Information Flow Control (IFC)** problem
  - ❖ Need to check application for **integrity**
- ❖ **Static** and **dynamic** techniques available
- ❖ Dynamic approach has been chosen as foundation, static methods as extension
- ❖ **Taint tracking** has been proven to be an effective measure to detect/block such attacks [2, 3, 4]
  - ❖ Adds metadata to a variable's content and tracks it during program execution

# Analyzing the problem (II)



# Current state



- ❖ Taint tracking is not a new concept, also there are implementations in Java
- ❖ But: present taint tracking systems got some serious drawbacks
  - ❖ Adds (massive) **memory and computation overhead**
  - ❖ Often needs **modifications to the runtime** on a low level; most nowadays implementations massively **touch the JRE or require special JREs/JVMs**
- ❖ Objective of this work was to tackle these issues and integrate new concepts



# Implementation of the Taint Tracking System



## ❖ **Augmentation** of Java's standard class library

- ❖ Adding code for storing and propagating taint information (**taint ranges**)
- ❖ **String-only tracking**, considering the scenario this trade-off between **correctness**, **recall** and **performance** seems acceptable.
- ❖ **Character-granularity** allows very high precision
- ❖ Using "**bootclasspath override**", no modifications to JRE
- ❖ Support for **Java Reflection**

## ❖ **Bytecode instrumentation**

- ❖ Instrumenting sources, sinks and sanitization functions
- ❖ Happens on-the-fly (**Java Agent**), no pre-processing step needed

# Selective Taint Tracking

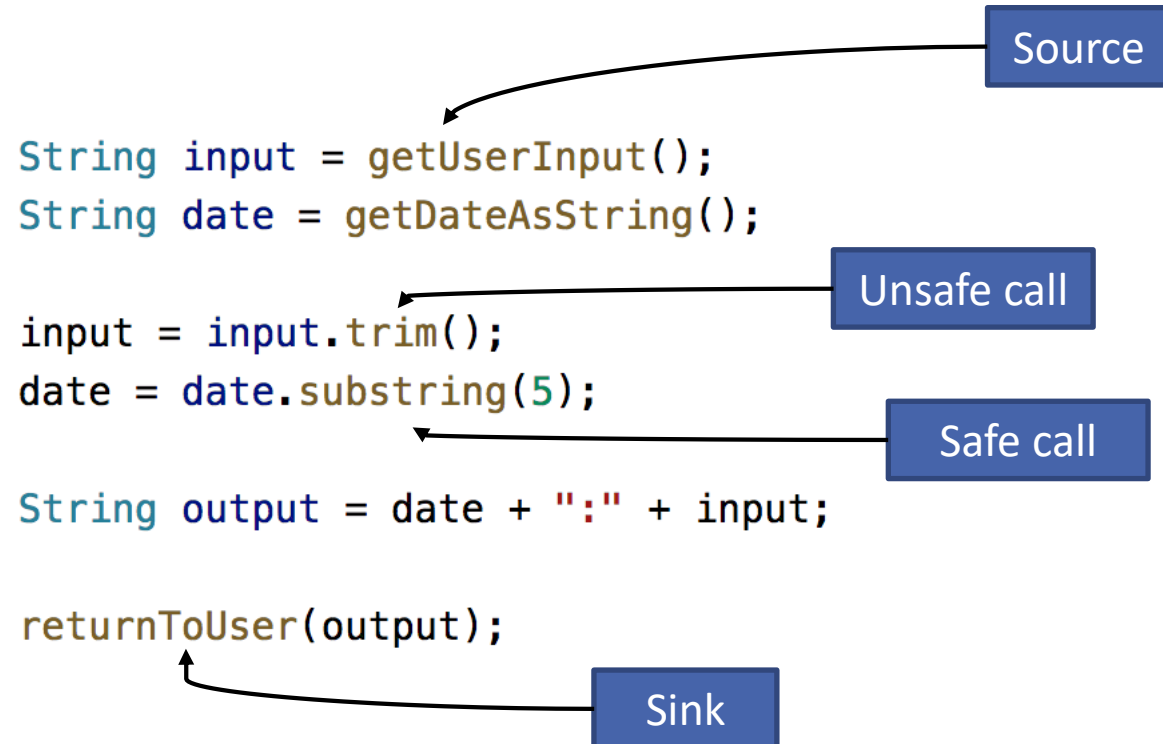
- ❖ **Overhead intrinsic** to taint tracking, so how to reduce it significantly?
- ❖ Idea: reduce overhead by **reduced taint tracking/reduced augmentation!**
- ❖ Some parts of the application are not relevant for security and do not need to be taint-aware
  - ❖ Parts that provably never get in touch with tainted data
  - ❖ Parts operating on tainted-data that provably never reaches a sink
  - ❖ → Deactivate taint tracking for these parts
  - ❖ → But dynamic analysis cannot deliver these insights a priori
- ❖ → Use **static IFC** to determine such parts!

# Selective Taint Tracking (II)

- ❖ Due to modified standard classes all operations on strings are taint-aware by default (“secure by default”)
- ❖ Invocations of an augmented method on a variable (not an instance!)  $v$  can be replaced with calls to an unaugmented method in case:
  - ❖  $o \notin chop(S_{source}, S_{sink}) ; \forall o \in pointsTo(v)$
  - ❖  $S_{source}$  and  $S_{sink}$  are sets comprising all sources and sinks
- ❖ Such invocations can be determined by the JOANA-Adapter using JOANA’s PDG-based analysis
- ❖ An additional bytecode instrumenter modifies call instructions
- ❖ Prerequisite: Unaugmented methods need to be available



# Selective Taint Tracking (III)

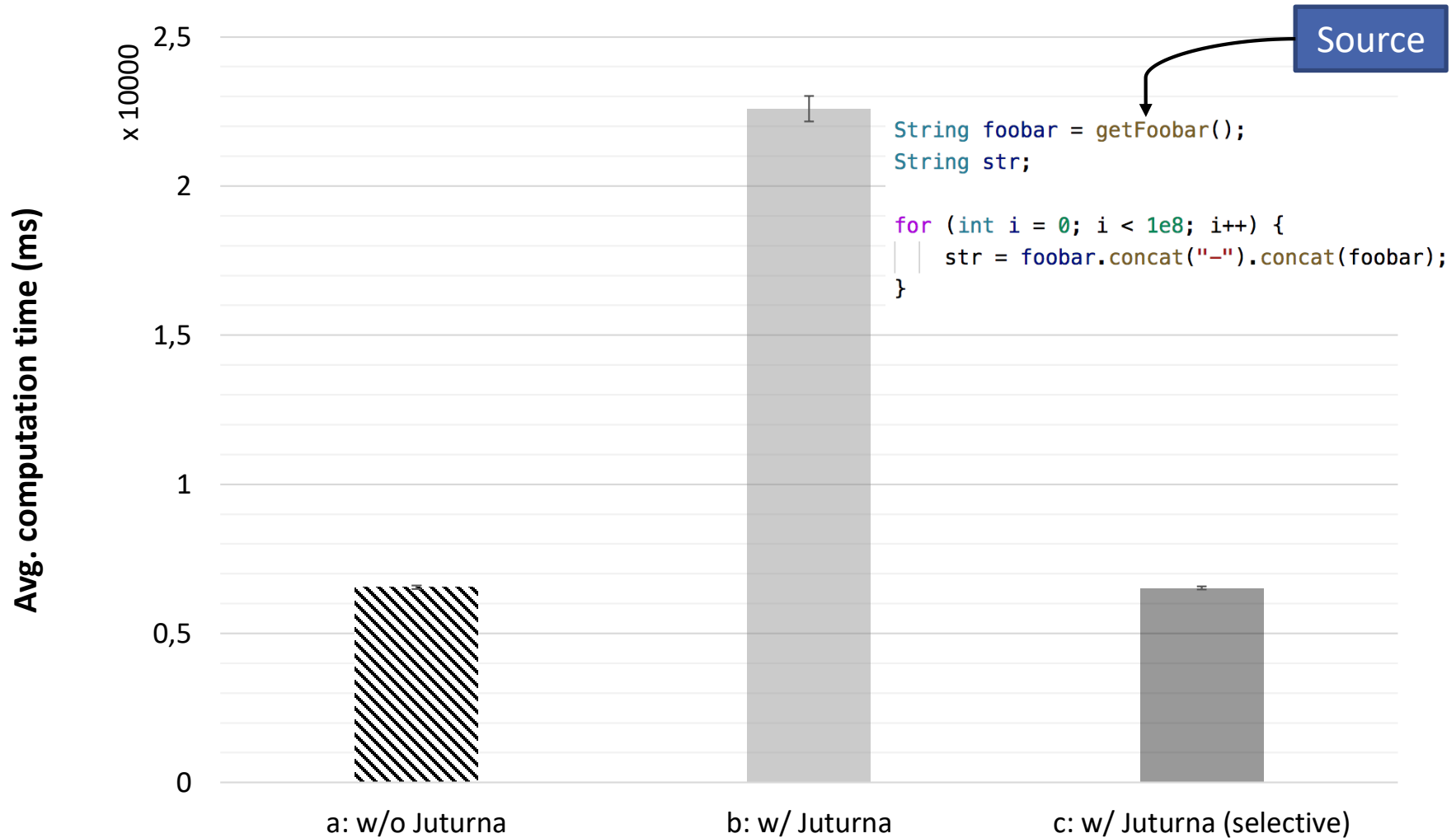


# Selective Taint Tracking (IV)

```
0 invokestatic #2 <Mixed.getUserInput>
3 astore_1
4 invokestatic #3 <Mixed.getDateAsString>
7 astore_2
8 aload_1
9 invokevirtual #4 <java/lang/String.trim>
12 astore_1
13 aload_2
14 iconst 5
15 invokevirtual #5 <java/lang/String.substring>
18 astore_2
19 new #6 <java/lang/StringBuilder>
22 dup
23 invokespecial #7 <java/lang/StringBuilder.<init>>
26 aload_2
27 invokevirtual #8 <java/lang/StringBuilder.append>
30 ldc #9 <:>
32 invokevirtual #8 <java/lang/StringBuilder.append>
35 aload_1
36 invokevirtual #8 <java/lang/StringBuilder.append>
39 invokevirtual #10 <java/lang/StringBuilder.toString>
42 astore_3
43 aload_3
44 invokestatic #11 <Mixed.returnToUser>
47 return
```

```
0 invokestatic #15 <Mixed.getUserInput>
3 astore_1
4 invokestatic #18 <Mixed.getDateAsString>
7 astore_2
8 aload_1
9 invokevirtual #23 <java/lang/String.trim>
12 astore_1
13 aload_2
14 iconst 5
15 istore 5
17 astore 4
19 aconst_null
20 astore 6
22 aload 4
24 iload 5
26 invokevirtual #27 <java/lang/String.__substring>
29 astore 6
31 aload 6
33 astore_2
34 new #29 <java/lang/StringBuilder>
37 dup
38 invokespecial #30 <java/lang/StringBuilder.<init>>
41 aload_2
42 invokevirtual #34 <java/lang/StringBuilder.append>
45 ldc #36 <:>
47 invokevirtual #34 <java/lang/StringBuilder.append>
50 aload_1
51 invokevirtual #34 <java/lang/StringBuilder.append>
54 invokevirtual #39 <java/lang/StringBuilder.toString>
57 astore_3
58 aload_3
59 invokestatic #43 <Mixed.returnToUser>
62 return
```

# Selective Taint Tracking (V)



# Summary



- ❖ **Reduced memory footprint** by using taint ranges
- ❖ **Portable** and **non-invasive**, JRE never gets touched
- ❖ Flexible, configurable and extensible
- ❖ Evaluation of the taint tracking system showed **reasonable performance**
- ❖ Vulnerabilities in test cases have been detected, interoperation with Java EE Servlet Container is working
- ❖ **Hybrid approach** is working, depending on scenario it might reduce overhead massively
  - ❖ Joining Juturna's dynamic capabilities with JOANA's static analysis

# Thank you for your kind attention!

Florian Loch

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# References

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# References



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# Pictorial Sources



Picture on title slide: <https://www.pexels.com/de/foto/bohlen-koffein-kaffee-tasse-34079/>

Icon of Firefox: The Mozilla Foundation, CC BY 3.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=29365482>

Logo of JOANA: IPD Snelting, <https://pp.ipd.kit.edu/projects/joana/joana-logo-250.png>