## **NMAP SCANNING**

# Riepilogo

SOURCE	TARGET	SCAN TYPE	RESULTS	
192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	nmap 192.168.50.101 -sT	12 porte well-known	
			aperte	
192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	sudo nmap 192.168.50.101 -sS	12 porte well-known	
			aperte	
192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	nmap 192.168.50.101 -A	12 porte well-known	
			aperte	

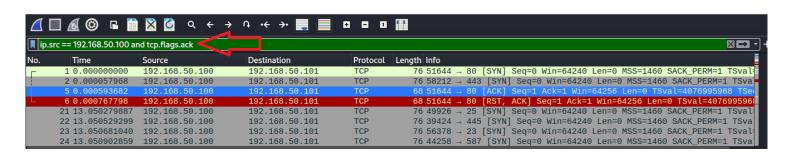
PORT	STATUS	SERVICE		
21/tcp	Open	ftp		
22/tcp	Open	Ssh		
23/tcp	Open	telnet		
25/tcp	Open	Smtp		
53/tcp	Open	Domain		
80/tcp	Open	http		
111/tcp	Open	Rpcbind		
139/tcp	Open	Netbios-ssn		
445/tcp	Open	Microsoft-ds		
512/tcp	Open	Exec		
513/tcp	Open	Logic		
514/tcp	Open	shell		

### 1. TCP CONNECT SCAN

Avviamo la scansione eseguendo il comando nmap 192.168.50.101 -sT

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~]
s nmap 192.168.50.101 -p 0-1023 -sT
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-10 09:44 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101
Host is up (0.00089s latency).
Not shown: 1012 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
        STATE SERVICE
PORT
21/tcp open
             ftp
       open
22/tcp
              ssh
23/tcp
              telnet
        open
25/tcp
        open
              smtp
53/tcp
       open
              domain
80/tcp open
              http
111/tcp open
              rpcbind
139/tcp open
              netbios-ssn
445/tcp open
             microsoft-ds
512/tcp open
              exec
513/tcp open
              login
514/tcp open
              shell
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.40 seconds
```

Analizzando il traffico TCP con Wireshark e applicando un filtro sul **source IP** ed uno sui **pacchetti ACK**, possiamo notare la presenza di pacchetti TCP con flag **ACK** inviati dalla macchina Kali 192.168.50.100 a Metasploitable 192.168.50.101, in quanto questo tipo di scansione completa tutti i passaggi del three-way handshake.



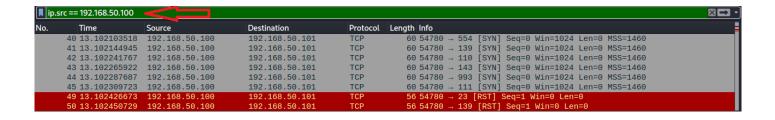
No.	Time 🔻	Source	Destination 🔻	Protocol 💌	Length 💌	Info		Τ.
5	0,000593682	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	51644 > 80	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4076995968 TSecr=487210
33	13,05289871	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	49926 > 25	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009020 TSecr=488514
34	13,05291376	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	39424 > 44	[ACK]	Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009020 TSecr=488514
35	13,05291872	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	56378 > 23	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009020 TSecr=488514
42	13,05509756	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	58452 > 139	[ACK]	Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009022 TSecr=488515
61	13,05898314	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	59096 > 80	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009026 TSecr=488515
62	13,05899924	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	50880 > 53	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009026 TSecr=488515
66	13,05978926	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	49178 > 11:	[ACK]	Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009027 TSecr=488515
72	13,06093745	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	50742 > 22	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009028 TSecr=488515
73	13,06104522	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	53870 > 21	ACK]	eq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009028 TSecr=488515
150	13,07655851	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	54556 > 513	[ACK]	Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009044 TSecr=488517
329	13,09041006	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	49144 > 514	[ACK]	Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009058 TSecr=488518
856	13,11858184	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	42076 > 51	[ACK	Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=4077009086 TSecr=488521

#### 2. TCP SYN SCAN

Avviamo la scansione eseguendo il comando sudo nmap 192.168.50.101 -sS

```
-(kali⊕kali)-[~]
sudo nmap 192.168.50.101 -p 0-1023 -sS
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-10 10:01 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101
Host is up (0.0013s latency).
Not shown: 1012 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
        STATE SERVICE
21/tcp
       open ftp
22/tcp
        open
              ssh
23/tcp
        open
              telnet
25/tcp
              smtp
        open
53/tcp
        open
              domain
80/tcp
       open
             http
111/tcp open
             rpcbind
139/tcp open
             netbios-ssn
445/tcp open
             microsoft-ds
512/tcp open
             exec
513/tcp open
              login
514/tcp open
              shell
MAC Address: 08:00:27:05:79:1F (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.43 seconds
```

Questo tipo di scansione è più leggera e non completa i passaggi del three-way handshake, in quanto la macchina con source IP 192.168.50.100 chiude la connessione inviando pacchetti con flag **RST.** Non viene inviato quindi nessun pacchetto ACK.



No. ▼	Time 🔻	Source 🔻	Destination 🔻	Protocol 🗷	Length 💌	Info		▼
15	13,09889137	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 199	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
16	13,0991182	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 80	SYN] S	eq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
17	13,09916103	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 21	SYN] S	eq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
18	13,09933649	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 13	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
19	13,09937506	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 250	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
21	13,09959425	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 25	SYN] S	eq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
24	13,09991715	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	56	54780 > 80	RST] S	eq=1 Win=0 Len=0
25	13,09994951	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	56	54780 > 21	RST] S	eq=1 Win=0 Len=0
29	13,1001394	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	56	54780 > 25	RST] S	eq=1 Win=0 Len=0
30	13,10111666	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 58	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
31	13,10115551	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 11	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
32	13,10117279	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 44	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
33	13,10118761	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 22	SYN] S	eq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
38	13,10169758	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	56	54780 > 22	RST] S	eq=1 Win=0 Len=0
39	13,10191641	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 23	SYN] S	eq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
40	13,10210352	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 554	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
41	13,10214495	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 139	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
42	13,10224177	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	60	54780 > 110	[SYN]	Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460

#### 3. AGGRESSIVE SCAN

Avviamo la scansione eseguendo il comando nmap 192.168.50.101 -A

Questo tipo di scansione, oltre alle informazioni sullo stato delle porte, analizza informazioni aggiuntive. In figura 2 possiamo ad esempio vedere che vengono anche rilevate le specifiche relative al **Sistema Operativo** 

Figura 1

```
Host script results:
| smb-os-discovery:
| OS: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
| Computer name: metasploitable
| NetBIOS computer name:
| Domain name: localdomain
| FQDN: metasploitable.localdomain
| System time: 2022-11-10T10:46:33-05:00
| nbstat: NetBIOS name: METASPLOITABLE, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: <unknown> (unknown)
| smb-security-mode:
| account_used: <blank>
| authentication_level: user
| challenge_response: supported
| message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
| _clock-skew: mean: 2h30m01s, deviation: 3h32m08s, median: 0s
| _smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
```

Figura 2