SEACAR Discrete Water Quality Analysis: Bottom Total Nitrogen

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Purpose

The purpose of this script is to analyze the discrete bottom total nitrogen data that is created from the SEACAR database, apply filtering criteria, create summary plots, and perform seasonal Kendall Tau analysis for each program location and summary statistics for values measured at the desired depth.

All scripts and outputs can be found on the SEACAR GitHub repository:

 $https://github.com/FloridaSEACAR/SEACAR_Panzik$

Note: The top 2% of data is excluded when computing mean and standard deviations in plotting sections solely for the purpose of getting y-axis scales. The exclusion of the top 2% is not used in any statistics that are exported.

Adjustable Inputs

This is placed early so that is is easier to edit parameters that users may want to adjust.

The first variable is whether you want to create the summary plots in the appendices. If you want to see all appendix plots, set APP_Plots to TRUE. If you would like to only perform the analysis and export the data files with minimal plots, set APP_Plots to FALSE. This option is available because generating the plots in the appendices increases the processing time significantly.

Since the file names all have similar structure with only the parameter name being varied, the code below sets variables to include standard string information that is the same across all data files.

This includes: the raw data directory (in_dir), output file directory (out_dit), file prefix (file_pref), date the files were created from the database (file_date), the name of the parameter of interest (param_name), and the relative depth of interest (depth). The complete file name is created by pasting all of the strings together with the specific parameter name without spaces (paste0 command).

```
APP_Plots <- TRUE
in_dir <- "data/"
out_dir <- "output/"
file_pref <- "Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_"
file_date <- "2022-Apr-01"
param_name <- "Total_Nitrogen"
depth <- "Bottom"</pre>
```

Libraries

Loads libraries used in the script. The inclusion of scipen option limits how frequently R defaults to scientific notation.

```
library(knitr)
library(data.table)
library(dplyr)
library(lubridate)
library(ggplot2)
library(ggpubr)
library(scales)
library(tidyr)
options(scipen = 999)
```

File Import

Creates file name from inputs above and read in the file from txt format with pipe delimiters.

The code creates output directories for the output files if they don't exist in the directory.

The command fread is used because of its improved speed while handling large data files. Only columns that are used by the script are imported from the file, and are designated in the select input.

The script then gets the units of the parameter, sets the SampleDate as a date object, and creates various scales of the date to be used by plotting functions.

Data Filtering and Data Impacted by Specific Value Qualifiers

Most data filtering is performed on export from the database, and is indicated by the Include variable. Include values of 1 indicate the data should be used for analysis, values of 0 indicate the data should not be used for analysis. Documentation on the database filtering is provided here: SEACAR Documentation-Analysis Filters and Calculations.docx

The filtering that is performed by the script at this point removes rows that are missing values for ResultValue, and only keeps data that is measured at the relative depth (surface, bottom, etc.) of interest. This is partly handled on export with the RelativeDepth variable, but there are some measurements that are considered both surface and bottom based on measurement depth and total depth. By default, these are marked as Surface for RelativeDepth and receive a SEACAR_QAQCFlag indicator of 12Q. Data passes the filtering the process if it is from the correct depth and has an Include value of 1.

After the initial filtering, a second filter variable is created to determine whether enough time is represented in the managed area, which is that each managed area has 10 year or more of unique year entries for observation that pass the initial filter. If data passes the first set of filtering criteria and the time criteria, they are used in the analysis.

After filtering, the amount of data impacted by the H (for dissolved oxygen & pH in program 476), I, Q, and U value qualifiers. A variable is also created that determines if scatter plot points should be a different color based on value qualifiers of interest.

```
if(depth=="Bottom"){
   data$RelativeDepth[grep("12Q", data$SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode[
      data$RelativeDepth == "Surface"])] <- "Bottom"</pre>
}
data$Include <- as.logical(data$Include)</pre>
data <- data[!is.na(data$ResultValue),]</pre>
data <- data[!is.na(data$RelativeDepth) & data$RelativeDepth==depth,]</pre>
if(param_name == "Water_Temperature"){
   data <- data[data$ResultValue>=-2,]
} else{
   data <- data[data$ResultValue>=0,]
data$Include[grep("H", data$ValueQualifier[data$ProgramID==476])] <- TRUE
MA_Years <- data[data$Include == TRUE, ] %>%
   group_by(ManagedAreaName) %>%
   summarize(N = length(unique(Year)))
MA_Years <- as.data.table(MA_Years[order(MA_Years$ManagedAreaName), ])
MA_Years$Enough_Time <- ifelse(MA_Years$N < 10, FALSE, TRUE)
data$Exclude_ManagedArea <- is.element(data$ManagedAreaName,</pre>
                                          MA Years$ManagedAreaName[
                                             MA_Years$Enough_Time == FALSE])
data$Use In Analysis <- ifelse(data$Include == TRUE &
                                    data$Exclude_ManagedArea == FALSE,
                                 TRUE, FALSE)
total <- length(data$Include)</pre>
pass_filter <- length(data$Include[data$Include==TRUE])</pre>
count_H <- length(grep("H", data$ValueQualifier[data$ProgramID==476]))</pre>
perc_H <- 100*count_H/length(data$ValueQualifier)</pre>
count_I <- length(grep("I", data$ValueQualifier))</pre>
perc_I <- 100*count_I/length(data$ValueQualifier)</pre>
count_Q <- length(grep("Q", data$ValueQualifier))</pre>
perc_Q <- 100*count_Q/length(data$ValueQualifier)</pre>
count_U <- length(grep("U", data$ValueQualifier))</pre>
perc_U <- 100*count_U/length(data$ValueQualifier)</pre>
data$VQ_Plot <- data$ValueQualifier</pre>
inc_H <- ifelse(param_name=="pH" | param_name=="Dissolved_Oxygen" |</pre>
                    param_name=="Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation", TRUE, FALSE)
if (inc_H==TRUE){
   data$VQ_Plot <- gsub("[^HU]+", "", data$VQ_Plot)</pre>
   data$VQ_Plot <- gsub("UH", "HU", data$VQ_Plot)</pre>
   data$VQ_Plot[data$ProgramID!=476] <- gsub("[^U]+", "",</pre>
```

```
data$VQ_Plot[data$ProgramID!=476])
   data$VQ_Plot[data$VQ_Plot==""] <- NA</pre>
   cat(paste0("Number of Measurements: ", total,
              ", Number Passed Filter: ", pass_filter, "\n",
              "Program 476 H Codes: ", count_H, " (", round(perc_H, 6), "%)\n",
              "I Codes: ", count_I, " (", round(perc_I, 6), "%)\n",
              "Q Codes: ", count_Q, " (", round(perc_Q, 6), "%)\n",
              "U Codes: ", count U, " (", round(perc U, 6), "%)"))
} else{
   data$VQ Plot <- gsub("[^U]+", "", data$VQ Plot)</pre>
   data$VQ_Plot[data$VQ_Plot==""] <- NA</pre>
   cat(paste0("Number of Measurements: ", total,
              ", Number Passed Filter: ", pass_filter, "\n",
              "I Codes: ", count_I, " (", round(perc_I, 6), "%)\n",
              "Q Codes: ", count_Q, " (", round(perc_Q, 6), "%)\n",
              "U Codes: ", count_U, " (", round(perc_U, 6), "%)"))
}
## Number of Measurements: 11165, Number Passed Filter: 11131
## I Codes: 3 (0.02687%)
## Q Codes: 5 (0.044783%)
## U Codes: 86 (0.770264%)
```

Managed Area Statistics

Gets summary statistics for each managed area. Excluded managed areas are not included into whether the data should be used or not. Uses piping from dplyr package to feed into subsequent steps. The following steps are performed:

- 1. Take the data variable and only include rows that have a Use_In_Analysis value of TRUE
- 2. Group data that have the same ManagedAreaName, Year, and Month.
 - Second summary statistics do not use the Month grouping and are only for ManagedAreaName and Year.
 - Third summary statistics do not use Year grouping and are only for ManagedAreaName and Month
- 3. For each group, provide the following information: Number of Entries (N), Lowest Value (Min), Largest Value (Max), Median, Mean, Standard Deviation, and a list of all Program IDs included in these measurements.
- 4. Sort the data in ascending (A to Z and 0 to 9) order based on ManagedAreaName then Year then Month
- 5. Write summary stats to a pipe-delimited .txt file in the output directory
 - Click this text to open Git directory with output files

```
MA_names <- unique(data$ManagedAreaName[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE])
MA_names <- MA_names[order(MA_names)]
n <- length(MA_names)

MA_YM_Stats <- data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE, ] %>%
    group_by(ManagedAreaName, Year, Month) %>%
```

```
summarize(N = length(ResultValue),
             Min = min(ResultValue),
             Max = max(ResultValue),
             Median = median(ResultValue),
             Mean = mean(ResultValue),
             StandardDeviation = sd(ResultValue),
             ProgramIDs = paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing = FALSE),
                                collapse = ', '))
MA_YM_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_YM_Stats[order(MA_YM_Stats$ManagedAreaName,
                                               MA YM Stats$Year,
                                               MA_YM_Stats$Month), ])
fwrite(MA_YM_Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/", param_name, "_", file_date, "_", depth,
                           "-ManagedArea YearMonth Stats.txt"), sep = "|")
MA_Y_Stats <- data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE, ] %>%
   group_by(ManagedAreaName, Year) %>%
   summarize(N = length(ResultValue),
             Min = min(ResultValue),
             Max = max(ResultValue),
             Median = median(ResultValue),
             Mean = mean(ResultValue),
             StandardDeviation = sd(ResultValue),
             ProgramIDs = paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing = FALSE),
                                collapse = ', '))
MA_Y_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_Y_Stats[order(MA_Y_Stats$ManagedAreaName,
                                             MA Y Stats$Year), ])
fwrite(MA_Y_Stats, pasteO(out_dir,"/", param_name, "_", file_date, "-", depth,
                          "-ManagedArea_Year_Stats.txt"), sep = "|")
MA_M_Stats <- data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE, ] %>%
   group_by(ManagedAreaName, Month) %>%
   summarize(N = length(ResultValue),
             Min = min(ResultValue),
             Max = max(ResultValue),
             Median = median(ResultValue),
             Mean = mean(ResultValue),
             StandardDeviation = sd(ResultValue),
             ProgramIDs = paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing = FALSE),
                                collapse = ', '))
MA_M_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_M_Stats[order(MA_M_Stats$ManagedAreaName,
                                             MA_M_Stats$Month), ])
fwrite(MA_M_Stats, pasteO(out_dir,"/", param_name, "_", file_date, "-", depth,
                          "-ManagedArea Month Stats.txt"), sep = "|")
```

Monitoring Location Statistics

Gets monitoring location statistics, which is defined as a unique combination of ManagedAreaName, ProgramID, ProgramAreaName, and ProgramLocationID, using piping from dplyr package. The following steps are performed:

- 1. Take the data variable and only include rows that have a Use_In_Analysis value of TRUE
- 2. Group data that have the same ManagedAreaName, ProgramID, ProgramName, and ProgramLocationID.
- 3. For each group, provide the following information: Earliest Sample Date (EarliestSampleDate), Latest Sample Date (LastSampleDate), Number of Entries (N), Lowest Value (Min), Largest Value (Max), Median, Mean, and Standard Deviation.
- 4. Sort the data in ascending (A to Z and 0 to 9) order based on ManagedAreaName then ProgramName then ProgramID then ProgramLocationID
- 5. Write summary stats to a pipe-delimited .txt file in the output directory
 - Click this text to open Git directory with output files

```
Mon Stats <- data[data$Use In Analysis == TRUE, ] %>%
   group_by(ManagedAreaName, ProgramID, ProgramName, ProgramLocationID) %>%
   summarize(EarliestSampleDate = min(SampleDate),
             LastSampleDate = max(SampleDate),
             N = length(ResultValue),
             Min = min(ResultValue),
             Max = max(ResultValue),
             Median = median(ResultValue),
             Mean = mean(ResultValue),
             StandardDeviation = sd(ResultValue))
Mon_Stats <- as.data.table(Mon_Stats[order(Mon_Stats$ManagedAreaName,</pre>
                                               Mon_Stats$ProgramName,
                                               Mon_Stats$ProgramID,
                                               Mon_Stats$ProgramLocationID), ])
fwrite(Mon_Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/", param_name, "_", file_date, "-", depth,
                          "-MonitoringLoc_Stats.txt"), sep = "|")
```

Seasonal Kendall Tau Analysis

Gets seasonal Kendall Tau statistics using the kendallSeasonalTrendTest from the EnvStats package. The Trend parameter is determined from a user-defined function based on the median, Senn slope, and p values from the data. Analysis modified from that performed at The Water Atlas: https://sarasota.wateratlas.usf.edu/water-quality-trends/#analysis-overview

The following steps are performed:

- 1. Define the trend function.
- 2. Check to see if there are any groups to run analsis on.
- 3. Take the data variable and only include rows that have a Use_In_Analysis value of TRUE
- 4. Group data that have the same ManagedAreaName.
- 5. For each group, provides the following information: Earliest Sample Date (EarliestSampleDate), Latest Sample Date (LastSampleDate), Number of Entries (N), Lowest Value (Min), Largest Value (Max), Median, Mean, Standard Deviation,
- 6. For each group, a temporary variable is created to run the kendallSeasonalTrendTest function using the Year values for year, and Month as the seasonal qualifier, and Trend.

- An independent.obs value of TRUE indicates that the data should be treated as not being serially auto-correlated. An independent.obs value of FALSE indicates that it is treated as being serially auto-correlated, but also requires one observation per season per year for the full time of observation.
- tau, Senn Slope (SennSlope), Senn Intercept (SennIntercept), and p are extracted from the model results.
- 7. The two stats tables are merged based on similar groups, and then Trend is determined from the user-defined function.
- 8. Write summary stats to a pipe-delimited .txt file in the output directory
 - Click this text to open Git directory with output files

```
trend_calculator <- function(slope, median_value, p) {</pre>
   trend <-
      if (p < .05 & abs(slope) > abs(median_value) / 10.) {
         if (slope > 0) {
            2
         }
         else {
            -2
         }
   else if (p < .05 & abs(slope) < abs(median_value) / 10.) {</pre>
      if (slope > 0) {
         1
      }
      else {
         -1
   }
   else
      0
   return(trend)
}
if(n==0){
   KT.Stats <- data.frame(matrix(ncol=14, nrow=0))</pre>
   colnames(KT.Stats) <- c("ManagedAreaName", "EarliestSampleDate",</pre>
                            "LastSampleDate", "N", "Min", "Max", "Median",
                            "Mean", "StandardDeviation", "tau", "SennSlope",
                            "SennIntercept", "p", "Trend")
   fwrite(KT.Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/", param_name, "_", file_date, "-", depth,
                         "-KendallTau_Stats.txt"), sep = "|")
} else {
KT.Stats <- data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE, ] %>%
      group_by(ManagedAreaName) %>%
      summarize(EarliestSampleDate = min(SampleDate),
                 LastSampleDate = max(SampleDate), N = length(ResultValue),
                 Min = min(ResultValue), Max = max(ResultValue),
                 Median = median(ResultValue), Mean = mean(ResultValue),
                 StandardDeviation = sd(ResultValue))
```

```
temp.stat <- data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE, ] %>%
   group_by(ManagedAreaName) %>%
   summarize(z=kendallSeasonalTrendTest(y=ResultValue, season=Month, year=Year,
                                         independent.obs=TRUE) [c("estimate",
                                                                  "p.value")]) %>%
   unnest_wider(z)
colnames(temp.stat)[6] <- "p"</pre>
temp.stat <- temp.stat %>% group_by(ManagedAreaName) %>%
   summarize(tau = unique(na.omit(tau)), SennSlope = unique(na.omit(slope)),
             SennIntercept = unique(na.omit(intercept)), p = unique(na.omit(p)))
KT.Stats <- merge(KT.Stats, temp.stat, by="ManagedAreaName")</pre>
rm(temp.stat)
KT.Stats <- KT.Stats %>% group_by(ManagedAreaName) %>%
  mutate(Trend = trend_calculator(slope=SennSlope, median_value=Median, p=p))
KT.Stats$tau <- round(KT.Stats$tau, digits=4)</pre>
KT.Stats$p <- round(KT.Stats$p, digits=4)</pre>
fwrite(KT.Stats, pasteO(out_dir,"/", param_name, "_", file_date, "-", depth,
                         "-KendallTau_Stats.txt"), sep = "|")
```

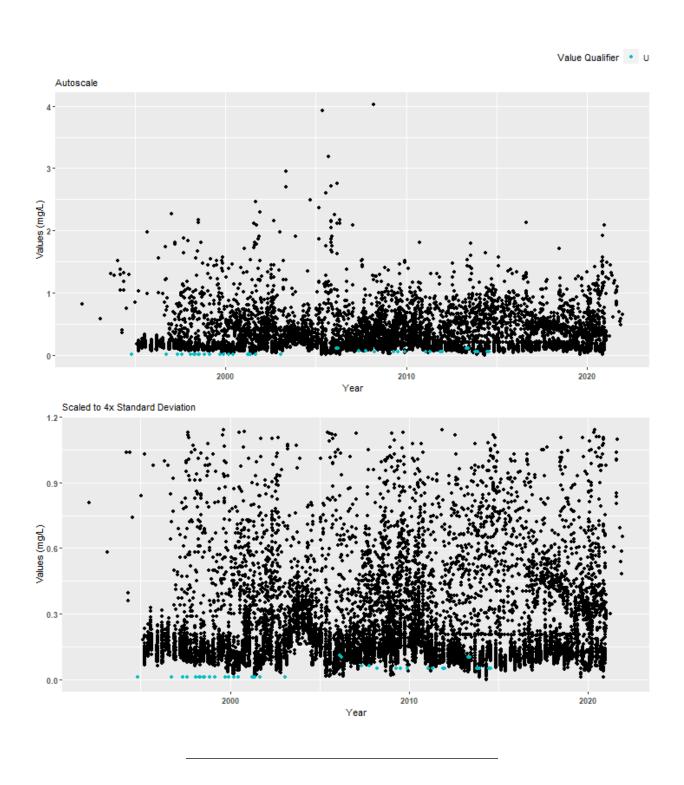
'summarise()' has grouped output by 'ManagedAreaName'. You can override using the '.groups' argument

Appendix I: Scatter Plot of Entire Dataset

This part will create a scatter plot of the all data that passed initial filtering criteria with points colored based on specific value qualifiers. The values determined at the beginning (year_lower, year_upper, min_RV, mn_RV, x_scale, and y_scale) are solely for use by the plotting functions and are not output as part of the computed statistics.

```
color="Value Qualifier") +
   theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
         legend.justification = "right",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face="bold")) +
   scale_x_date(labels = date_format("%Y")) +
   {if(inc_H==TRUE){
      scale_color_manual(values = c("H"= "#F8766D", "U"= "#00BFC4",
                                     "HU" = "#7CAE00"), na.value="black")
      scale_color_manual(values = c("U"= "#00BFC4"), na.value="black")
  }}
p2 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include==TRUE,],</pre>
             aes(x = SampleDate, y = ResultValue,
                 color=VQ_Plot)) +
   geom_point(size = 1.5) +
  ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
  labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
   theme(legend.position = "none",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold")) +
   scale x date(labels = date format("%Y")) +
   {if(inc H==TRUE){
      scale color manual(values = c("H"= "#F8766D", "U"= "#00BFC4",
                                     "HU" = "#7CAE00"), na.value="black")
   } else {
      scale_color_manual(values = c("U"= "#00BFC4"), na.value="black")
leg <- get_legend(p1)</pre>
pset <- ggarrange(leg, p1 + theme(legend.position = "none"), p2,</pre>
                  ncol = 1, heights = c(0.1, 1, 1))
p0 <- ggplot() + labs(title = "Scatter Plot for Entire Dataset") +</pre>
   theme_bw() + theme(plot.title = element_text(face="bold"),
                      panel.border = element_blank(),
                      panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
                      panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
                      axis.line = element_blank())
ggarrange(p0, pset, ncol = 1, heights = c(0.1, 1))
```

Scatter Plot for Entire Dataset



Appendix II: Dataset Summary Box Plots

Box plots are created by using the entire data set and excludes any data that has been previously filtered out. The scripts that create plots follow this format

- 1. Use the data set that only has Use_In_Analysis of TRUE
- 2. Set what values are to be used for the x-axis, y-axis, and the variable that should determine groups for the box plots
- 3. Set the plot type as a box plot with the size of the outlier points
- 4. Create the title, x-axis, y-axis, and color fill labels
- 5. Set the y and x limits
- 6. Make the axis labels bold
- 7. Plot the arrangement as a set of panels

This set of box plots are grouped by year.

```
min RV <- min(data$ResultValue[data$Include == TRUE])</pre>
mn RV <- mean(data$ResultValue[data$Include == TRUE &</pre>
                                   data$ResultValue <
                                   quantile(data$ResultValue, 0.98)])
sd RV <- sd(data$ResultValue[data$Include == TRUE &</pre>
                                 data$ResultValue <</pre>
                                 quantile(data$ResultValue, 0.98)])
y_scale \leftarrow mn_RV + 4 * sd_RV
p1 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],</pre>
             aes(x = Year, y = ResultValue, group = Year)) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(subtitle = "Autoscale", x = "Year",
        y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p2 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],
             aes(x = Year, y = ResultValue, group = Year)) +
   geom boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation", x = "Year",
        y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p3 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],
             aes(x = as.integer(Year), y = ResultValue, group = Year)) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation, Last 10 Years",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
  ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(max(data$Year) - 10.5, max(data$Year)+1),
                      breaks = seq(max(data$Year) - 10, max(data$Year), 2)) +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
```

This set of box plots are grouped by year and month with the color being related to the month.

```
p1 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],</pre>
             aes(x = YearMonthDec, y = ResultValue,
                 group = YearMonth, color = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(subtitle = "Autoscale", x = "Year",
        y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), color="Month") +
   theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold")) +
   guides(color = guide_legend(nrow = 1))
p2 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],</pre>
             aes(x = YearMonthDec, y = ResultValue,
                 group = YearMonth, color = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   theme(legend.position = "none", axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p3 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],
             aes(x = YearMonthDec, y = ResultValue,
                 group = YearMonth, color = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation, Last 10 Years",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
  ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(max(data$Year) - 10.5, max(data$Year)+1),
                      breaks = seq(max(data$Year) - 10, max(data$Year), 2)) +
   theme(legend.position = "none", axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
leg <- get_legend(p1)</pre>
set <- ggarrange(leg, p1 + theme(legend.position = "none"), p2, p3, ncol = 1,</pre>
                 heights = c(0.1, 1, 1, 1)
p0 <- ggplot() + labs(title = "Summary Box Plots for Entire Data",
                      subtitle = "By Year & Month") + theme_bw() +
   theme(plot.title = element_text(face="bold"),
         panel.border = element blank(), panel.grid.major = element blank(),
         panel.grid.minor = element_blank(), axis.line = element_blank())
```

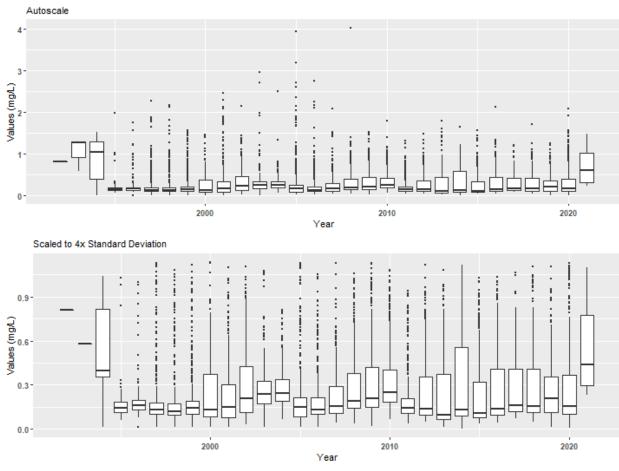
```
YMset <- ggarrange(p0, set, ncol=1, heights = c(0.07, 1))
```

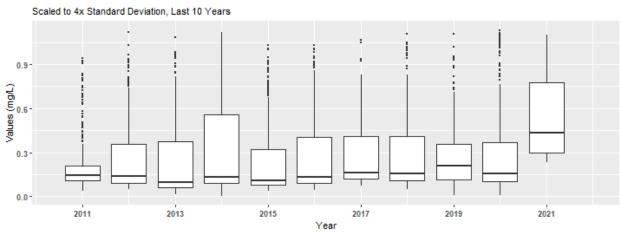
The following box plots are grouped by month with fill color being related to the month. This is designed to view potential seasonal trends.

```
p1 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],
             aes(x = Month, y = ResultValue,
                 group = Month, fill = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Autoscale", x = "Month",
        y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), fill="Month") +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0, 13), breaks = seq(3, 12, 3)) +
   theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
         axis.text.x = element text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold")) +
   guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 1))
p2 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE, ],</pre>
             aes(x = Month, y = ResultValue,
                 group = Month, fill = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
        x = "Month", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
  ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x continuous(limits = c(0, 13), breaks = seq(3, 12, 3)) +
   theme(legend.position = "none", axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p3 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Include == TRUE &
                            data$Year >= max(data$Year) - 10, ],
             aes(x = Month, y = ResultValue,
                 group = Month, fill = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation, Last 10 Years",
        x = "Month", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
  ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x continuous(limits = c(0, 13), breaks = seq(3, 12, 3)) +
   theme(legend.position = "none", axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
leg <- get_legend(p1)</pre>
set <- ggarrange(leg, p1 + theme(legend.position = "none"), p2, p3, ncol = 1,</pre>
                 heights = c(0.1, 1, 1, 1)
p0 <- ggplot() + labs(title = "Summary Box Plots for Entire Data",
                      subtitle = "By Month") + theme_bw() +
   theme(plot.title = element_text(face="bold"),
         panel.border = element_blank(), panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
         panel.grid.minor = element blank(), axis.line = element blank())
Mset <- ggarrange(p0, set, ncol=1, heights = c(0.07, 1))</pre>
```

Summary Box Plots for Entire Data

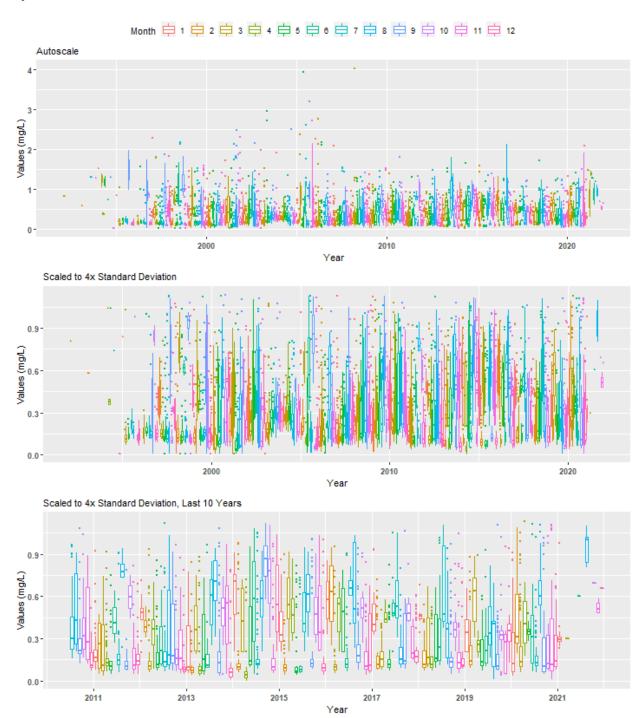
By Year





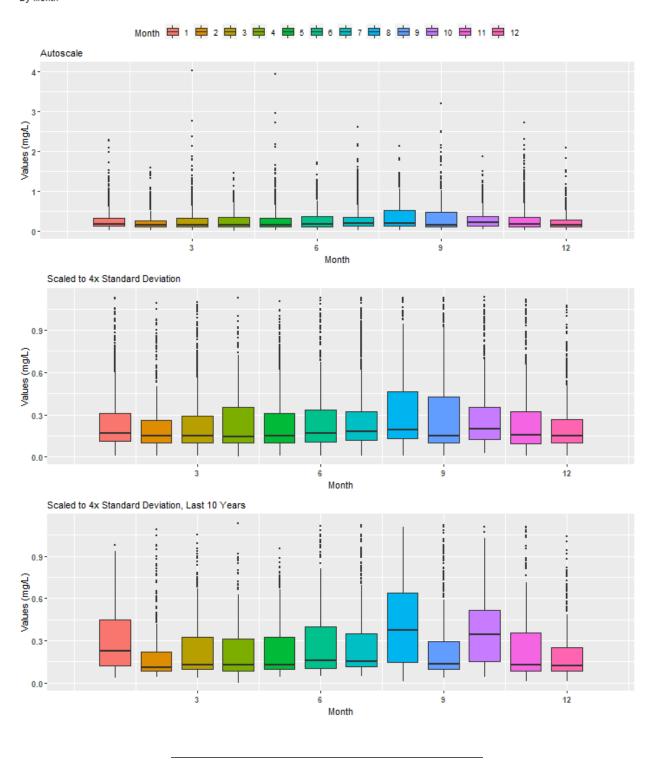
Summary Box Plots for Entire Data

By Year & Month



Summary Box Plots for Entire Data

By Month

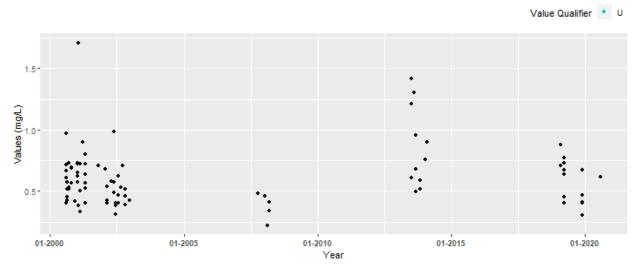


Appendix III: Excluded Managed Areas

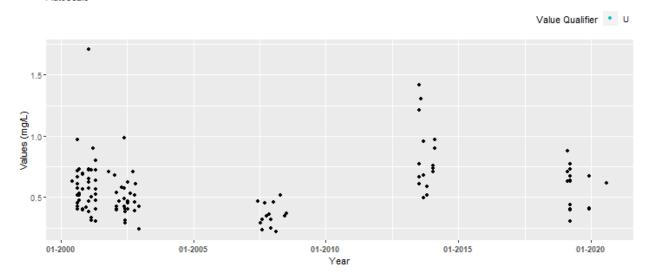
Scatter plots of data values are created for managed areas that have fewer than 10 separate years of data entries. Data points are colored based on specific value qualifiers of interest.

```
MA_Exclude <- MA_Years[MA_Years$Enough_Time==FALSE,]</pre>
MA_Exclude <- MA_Exclude[order(MA_Exclude$ManagedAreaName),]</pre>
z=length(MA Exclude$ManagedAreaName)
if(z==0){
  print("There are no managed areas that qualify.")
} else {
  for(i in 1:z){
      p1<-ggplot(data=data[data$ManagedAreaName==MA_Exclude$ManagedAreaName[i]&
                              data$Include == TRUE, ],
                 aes(x = SampleDate, y = ResultValue, color=VQ_Plot)) +
         geom_point() +
         labs(title = paste0("Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area\n",
                             MA_Exclude$ManagedAreaName[i], " (",
                             MA_Exclude$N[i], " Unique Years)"),
              subtitle="Autoscale", x = "Year",
              y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), color="Value Qualifier") +
         theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
               legend.justification = "right",
               axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold")) +
         scale_x_date(labels = date_format("%m-%Y")) +
         {if(inc_H==TRUE){
            scale_color_manual(values = c("H"= "#F8766D", "U"= "#00BFC4",
                                           "HU" = "#7CAE00"), na.value="black")
            scale_color_manual(values = c("U"= "#00BFC4"), na.value="black")
         }}
      print(p1)
  }
```

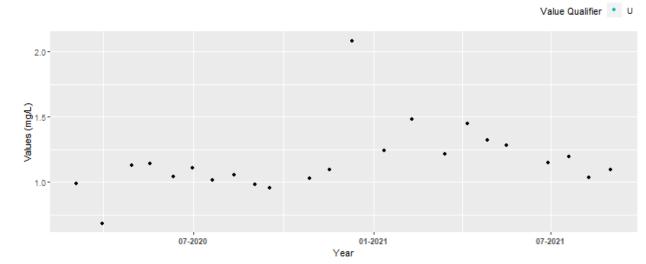
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Apalachicola Bay Aquatic Preserve (9 Unique Years) Autoscale



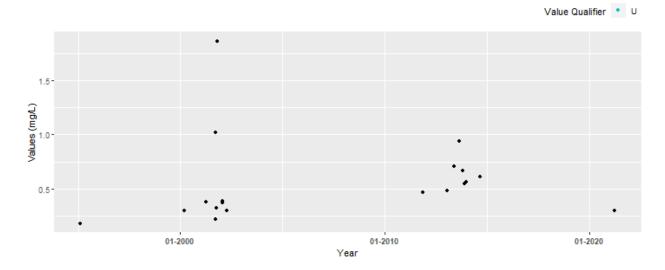
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve (9 Unique Years) Autoscale



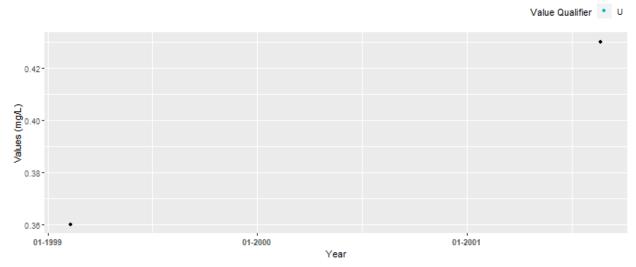
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Banana River Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years) Autoscale



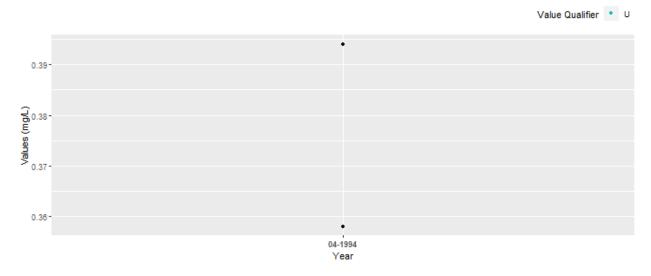
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserve (8 Unique Years) Autoscale



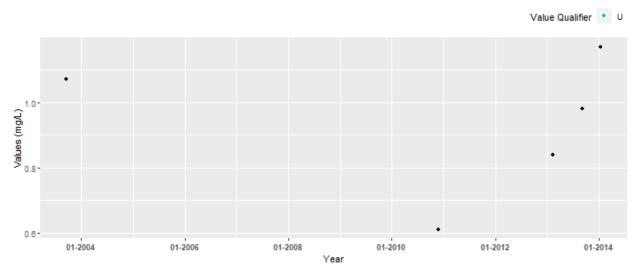
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Boca Ciega Bay Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years)



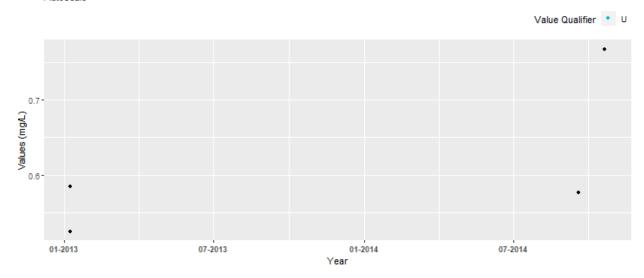
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Cape Romano-Ten Thousand Islands Aquatic Preserve (1 Unique Years) Autoscale



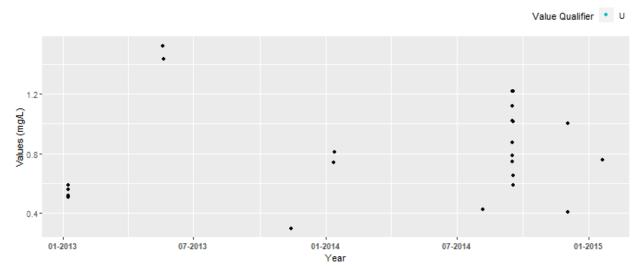
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Cockroach Bay Aquatic Preserve (4 Unique Years) Autoscale



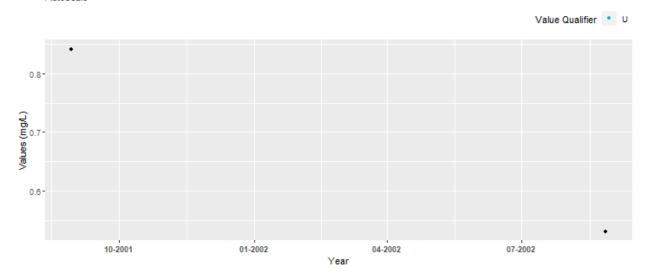
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Guana River Marsh Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years) Autoscale



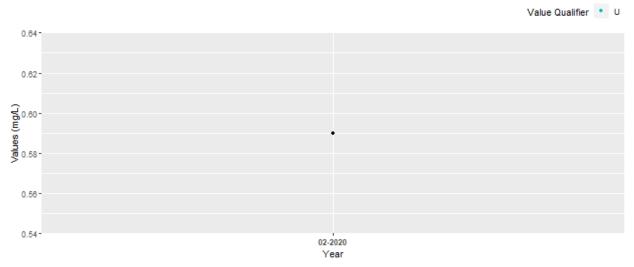
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve (3 Unique Years) Autoscale



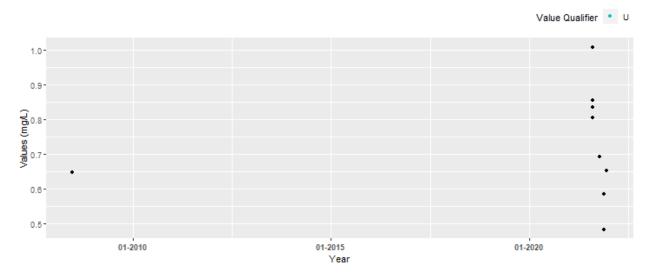
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Indian River-Vero Beach to Ft. Pierce Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years) Autoscale



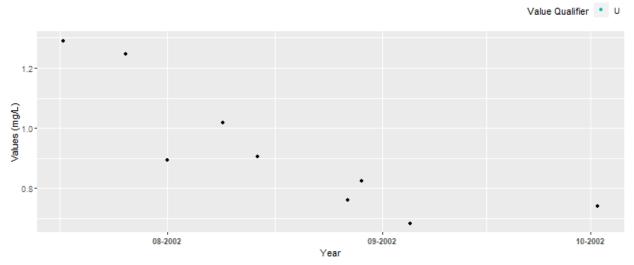
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve (1 Unique Years) Autoscale



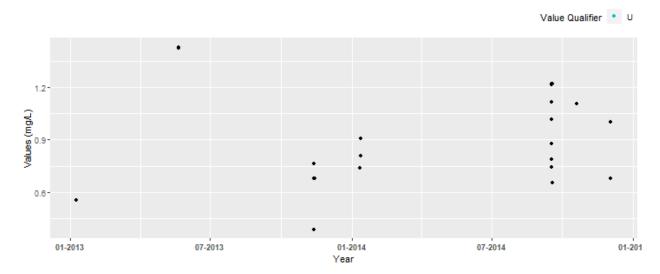
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Matlacha Pass Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years) Autoscale



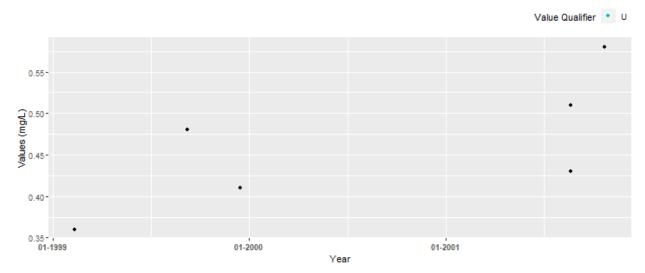
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area North Fork St. Lucie Aquatic Preserve (1 Unique Years) Autoscale



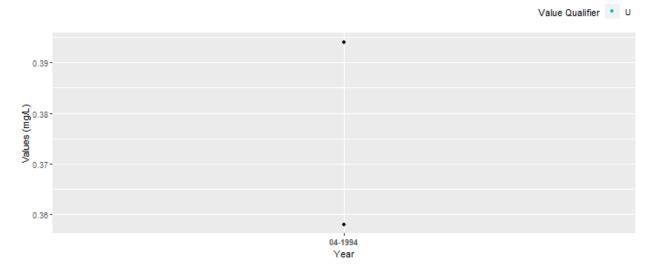
Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Pellicer Creek Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years) Autoscale

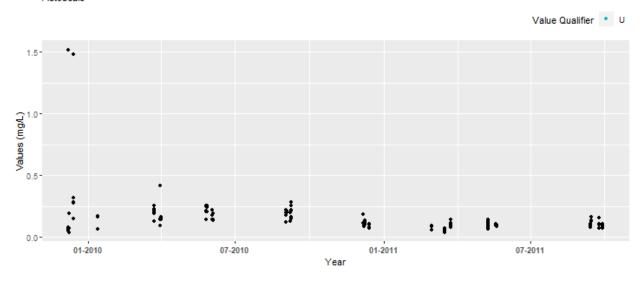


Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Pinellas County Aquatic Preserve (2 Unique Years) Autoscale



Scatter Plot of Excluded Managed Area Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve (1 Unique Years) Autoscale





Appendix IV: Managed Area Trendlines

The plots created in this section are designed to show the general trend of the data. Data is taken and grouped by ManagedAreaName. The trendlines on the plots are created using the Senn slope and intercept from the seasonal Kendall Tau analysis. The scripts that create plots follow this format

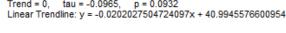
- 1. Use the data set that only has Use_In_Analysis of TRUE for the desired managed area
- 2. Determine the earliest and latest year of the data to create x-axis scale and intervals
- 3. Determine the minimum, mean, and standard deviation for the data to be used for y-axis scales
 - Excludes the top 2% of values to reduce the impact of extreme outliers on the y-axis scale
- 4. Set what values are to be used for the x-axis, y-axis, and the variable that should determine groups for the plots
- 5. Set the plot type as a point plot with the size of the points
- 6. Add the linear trend
- 7. Create the title, x-axis, y-axis, and color fill labels
- 8. Set the y and x limits
- 9. Make the axis labels bold
- 10. Plot the arrangement as a set of panels

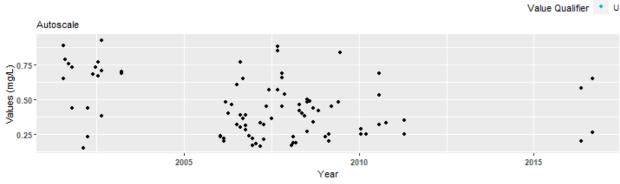
```
MA_names[i]])
min_RV <- min(data$ResultValue[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &</pre>
                                   data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i]])
mn_RV <- mean(data$ResultValue[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &</pre>
                                   data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i] &
                                   data$ResultValue <</pre>
                                   quantile(data$ResultValue, 0.98)])
sd RV <- sd(data$ResultValue[data$Use In Analysis == TRUE &
                                 data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i] &
                                 data$ResultValue <
                                 quantile(data$ResultValue, 0.98)])
x_scale <- ifelse(year_upper - year_lower > 30, 10, 5)
y_scale \leftarrow mn_RV + 4 * sd_RV
tau <- KT.Stats$tau[KT.Stats$ManagedAreaName==MA_names[i]]
s_slope <- KT.Stats$SennSlope[KT.Stats$ManagedAreaName==MA_names[i]]</pre>
s_int <- KT.Stats$SennIntercept[KT.Stats$ManagedAreaName==MA_names[i]]</pre>
trend <- KT.Stats$Trend[KT.Stats$ManagedAreaName==MA_names[i]]</pre>
p <- KT.Stats$p[KT.Stats$ManagedAreaName==MA_names[i]]</pre>
model <- lm(ResultValue ~ DecDate,</pre>
            data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i]])
m_int <- coef(model)[[1]]</pre>
m_slope <- coef(model)[[2]]</pre>
p1 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                             data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
             aes(x = DecDate, y = ResultValue,
                 color=VQ_Plot)) +
   geom_point(size = 1.5) +
   geom_abline(aes(slope=s_slope, intercept=s_int),
               color="red", size=1.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Autoscale",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"),
        color="Value Qualifier") +
   theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
         legend.justification = "right",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face="bold")) +
   {if(inc_H==TRUE){
      scale_color_manual(values = c("H"= "#F8766D", "U"= "#00BFC4",
                                     "HU" = "#7CAE00"), na.value="black")
   } else {
      scale_color_manual(values = c("U"= "#00BFC4"), na.value="black")
   }}
p2 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                             data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
             aes(x = DecDate, y = ResultValue,
                 color=VQ_Plot)) +
   geom_point(size = 1.5) +
   geom_abline(aes(slope=s_slope, intercept=s_int),
               color="red", size=1.5) +
```

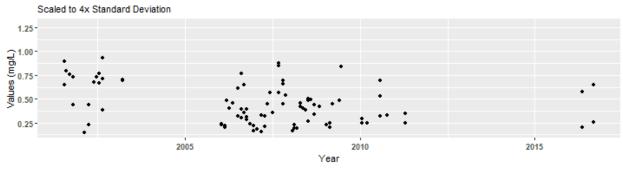
```
ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
         labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
              x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
         theme(legend.position = "none",
               axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
               axis.text.y = element_text(face="bold")) +
         {if(inc_H==TRUE){
            scale color manual(values = c("H"= "#F8766D", "U"= "#00BFC4",
                                          "HU" = "#7CAE00"), na.value="black")
            scale_color_manual(values = c("U"= "#00BFC4"), na.value="black")
         }}
      leg <- get_legend(p1)</pre>
      KTset <- ggarrange(leg, p1 + theme(legend.position = "none"), p2,</pre>
                         ncol = 1, heights = c(0.1, 1, 1))
      p0 <- ggplot() + labs(title = paste0("Data Points with Trendlines for ",
                                            MA_names[i]),
                            subtitle =paste0("Senn Slope = ", s_slope,
                                                    Senn Intercept = ", s_int,
                                              "\nTrend = ", trend,
                                              ", tau = ", tau,
                                                   p = ", p,
                                              "\nLinear Trendline: ",
                                              "y = ", m_slope, "x + ", m_int)) +
         theme_bw() + theme(plot.title = element_text(face="bold"),
                            panel.border = element_blank(),
                            panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
                            panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
                            axis.line = element_blank())
      print(ggarrange(p0, KTset, ncol = 1, heights = c(0.15, 1)))
  }
}
```

Data Points with Trendlines for Alligator Harbor Aquatic Preserve

Senn Slope = -0.014, Senn Intercept = 16.9967857142857Trend = 0, tau = -0.0965, p = 0.0932Linear Trendline: y = -0.0202027504724097x + 40.9945576600954



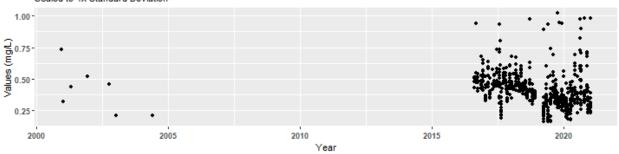




Data Points with Trendlines for Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve

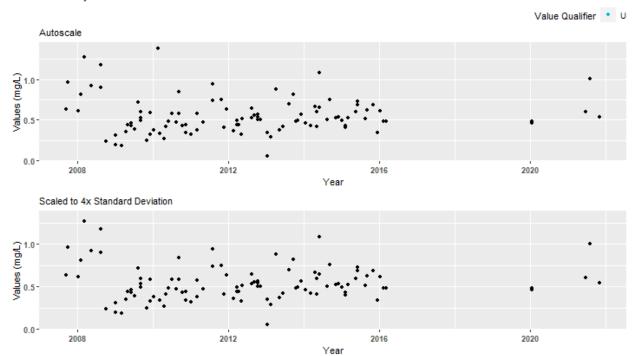
Senn Slope = -0.031, Senn Intercept = 83.956375 Trend = -1, tau = -0.2443, p = 0 Linear Trendline: y = -0.00778934430820282x + 16.1645635301757





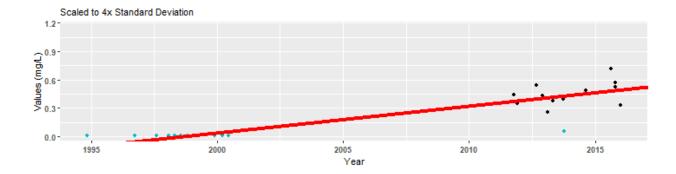
Data Points with Trendlines for Cape Haze Aquatic Preserve

Senn Slope = 0.015, Senn Intercept = -33.824Trend = 0, tau = 0.1779, p = 0.0551 Linear Trendline: y = -0.000326836898201404x + 1.20791682471508



Data Points with Trendlines for Estero Bay Aquatic Preserve

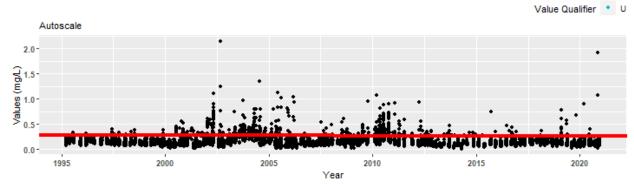
Value Qualifier . U Autoscale 0.6 Values (mg/L) 0.0 2005 1995 2000 2010 2015

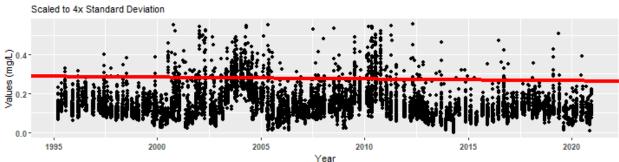


Year

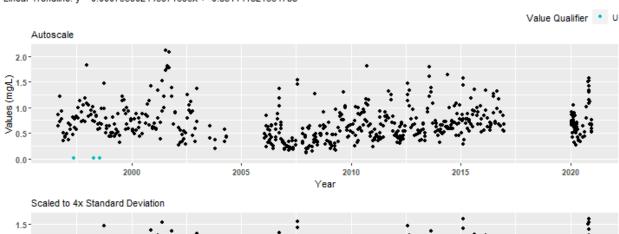
Data Points with Trendlines for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

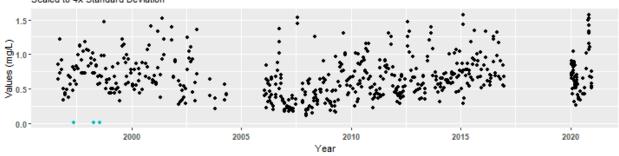
Senn Slope = -0.000888635, Senn Intercept = 2.06156224424076Trend = -1, tau = -0.0707, p = 0 Linear Trendline: y = -0.00146122067727919x + 3.08796483692998





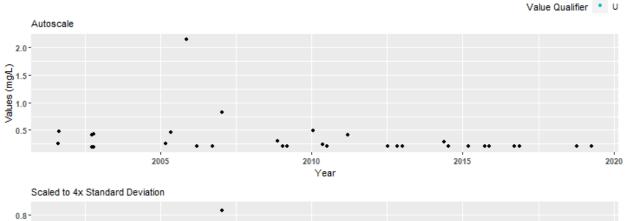
Data Points with Trendlines for Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve

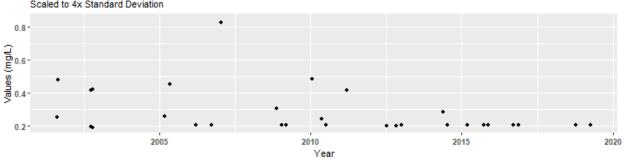




Data Points with Trendlines for Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve

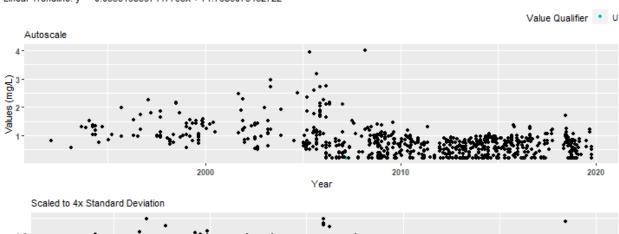
Senn Slope = -0.001, Senn Intercept = 12.9051875Trend = 0, tau = -0.3036, p = 0.112Linear Trendline: y = -0.0183824183677137x + 37.2902750889044

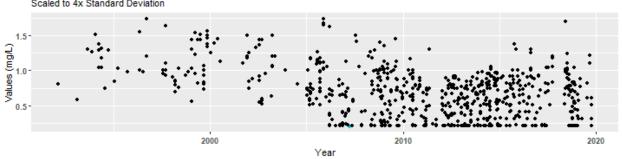




Data Points with Trendlines for Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve

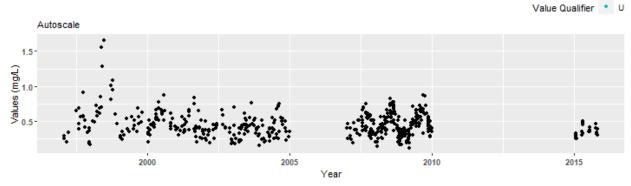
Senn Slope = -0.0301666666666667, Senn Intercept = 54.5074578088578 Trend = -1, tau = -0.2493, p = 0 Linear Trendline: y = -0.0353168367447753x + 71.7686073462722

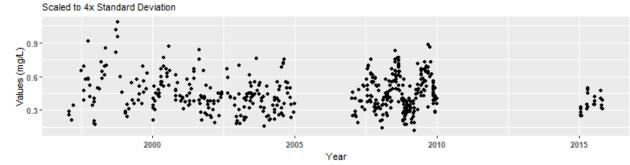




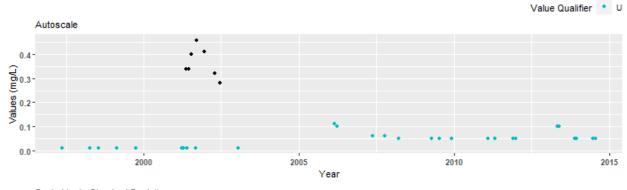
Data Points with Trendlines for Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

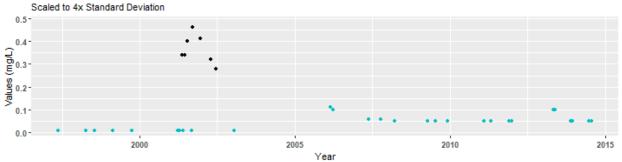
Senn Slope = 0, Senn Intercept = 2.09875Trend = 0, tau = -0.0287, p = 0.5363Linear Trendline: y = -0.00556554701937705x + 11.6171794891474





Data Points with Trendlines for Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve

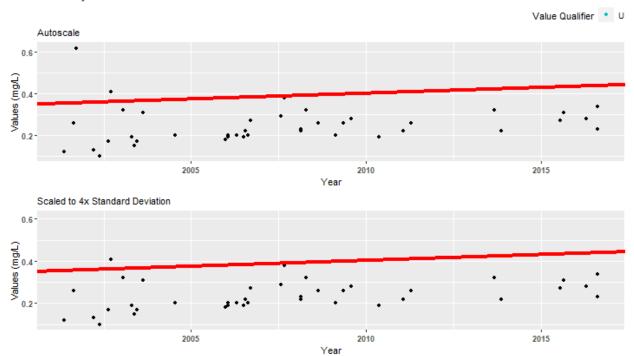




Data Points with Trendlines for St. Joseph Bay Aquatic Preserve

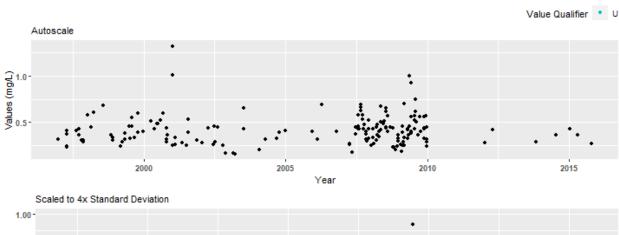
Senn Slope = 0.00555555555555555556, Senn Intercept = -10.762380952381 Trend = 0, tau = 0.1869, p = 0.1535 Linear Trendline: y = 0.0028002183197421x + -5.37473397094443

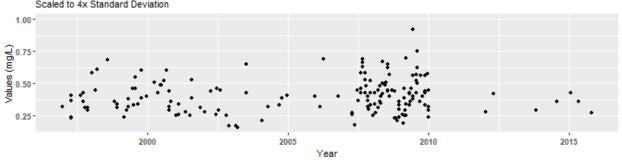




Data Points with Trendlines for St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

Senn Slope = 0.0025, Senn Intercept = -13.3898035714286 Trend = 0, tau = 0.0901, p = 0.1801Linear Trendline: y = 0.00144600984042106x + -2.4832577647931





Appendix V: Managed Area Summary Box Plots

Data is taken and grouped by ManagedAreaName. The scripts that create plots follow this format

- 1. Use the data set that only has Use_In_Analysis of TRUE for the desired managed area
- 2. Determine the earliest and latest year of the data to create x-axis scale and intervals
- 3. Determine the minimum, mean, and standard deviation for the data to be used for y-axis scales
 - Excludes the top 2% of values to reduce the impact of extreme outliers on the y-axis scale
- 4. Set what values are to be used for the x-axis, y-axis, and the variable that should determine groups for the box plots
- 5. Set the plot type as a box plot with the size of the outlier points
- 6. Create the title, x-axis, y-axis, and color fill labels
- 7. Set the y and x limits
- 8. Make the axis labels bold
- 9. Plot the arrangement as a set of panels

The following plots are arranged by ManagedAreaName with data grouped by Year, then Year and Month, then finally Month only. Each managed area will have 3 sets of plots, each with 3 panels in them. Each panel goes as follows:

- 1. Y-axis autoscaled
- 2. Y-axis set to be mean + 5 time the standard deviation
- 3. Y-axis set to be mean + 5 time the standard deviation for most recent 10 years of data

```
if(n==0){
   print("There are no managed areas that qualify.")
} else {
   for (i in 1:n) {
      year_lower <- min(data$Year[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &</pre>
                                       data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i]])
      year_upper <- max(data$Year[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &</pre>
                                       data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i]])
      min_RV \leftarrow min(data\$ResultValue[data\$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                                          data$ManagedAreaName == MA names[i]])
      mn_RV <- mean(data$ResultValue[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &</pre>
                                          data$ManagedAreaName == MA names[i] &
                                          data$ResultValue <</pre>
                                          quantile(data$ResultValue, 0.98)])
      sd_RV <- sd(data$ResultValue[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &</pre>
                                        data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i] &
                                        data$ResultValue <</pre>
                                        quantile(data$ResultValue, 0.98)])
      x_scale <- ifelse(year_upper - year_lower > 30, 10, 5)
      y_scale <- mn_RV + 4 * sd_RV</pre>
      ##Year plots
      p1 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                                   data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
                    aes(x = Year, y = ResultValue, group = Year)) +
         geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
         labs(subtitle = "Autoscale",
              x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
```

```
scale_x_continuous(limits = c(year_lower - 1, year_upper + 1),
                      breaks = rev(seq(year_upper,
                                       year_lower, -x_scale))) +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p2 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA names[i], ],
             aes(x = Year, y = ResultValue, group = Year)) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(year_lower - 1, year_upper + 1),
                      breaks = rev(seq(year_upper,
                                       year_lower, -x_scale))) +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p3 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i] &
                            data$Year>=year_upper-10, ],
             aes(x = Year, y = ResultValue, group = Year)) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation, Last 10 Years",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")")) +
   ylim(min RV, y scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(year_upper - 10.5, year_upper + 1),
                      breaks = rev(seq(year_upper, year_upper - 10,-2))) +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
Yset <- ggarrange(p1, p2, p3, ncol = 1)</pre>
p0 <- ggplot() + labs(title = paste0("Summary Box Plots for ",
                                     MA_names[i]), subtitle = "By Year") +
   theme_bw() + theme(plot.title = element_text(face="bold"),
                      panel.border = element_blank(),
                      panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
                      panel.grid.minor = element_blank(), axis.line = element_blank())
## Year & Month Plots
p4 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
             aes(x = YearMonthDec, y = ResultValue,
                 group = YearMonth, color = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Autoscale",
        x = "Year", y = pasteO("Values (", unit, ")"), color = "Month") +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(year_lower - 1, year_upper + 1),
                      breaks = rev(seq(year_upper,
                                       year_lower, -x_scale))) +
```

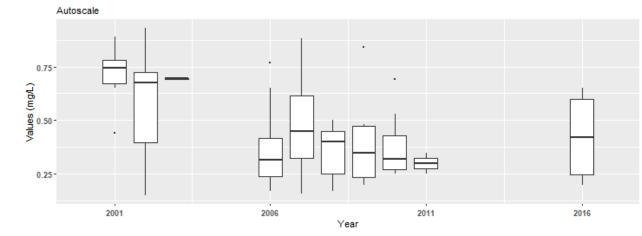
```
theme(legend.position = "none",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p5 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA names[i], ],
             aes(x = YearMonthDec, y = ResultValue,
                 group = YearMonth, color = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), color = "Month") +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(year_lower - 1, year_upper + 1),
                      breaks = rev(seq(year_upper,
                                       year_lower, -x_scale))) +
   theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold")) +
   guides(color = guide_legend(nrow = 1))
p6 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
             aes(x = YearMonthDec, y = ResultValue,
                 group = YearMonth, color = as.factor(Month)
             )) +
   geom boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation, Last 10 Years",
        x = "Year", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), color = "Month") +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(year_upper - 10.5, year_upper + 1),
                      breaks = rev(seq(year_upper, year_upper - 10,-2))) +
   theme(legend.position = "none",
        axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
leg1 <- get_legend(p5)</pre>
YMset <- ggarrange(leg1, p4, p5 + theme(legend.position = "none"), p6,
                   ncol = 1, heights = c(0.1, 1, 1, 1)
p00 <- ggplot() + labs(title = paste0("Summary Box Plots for ",
                                      MA_names[i]),
                       subtitle = "By Year & Month") + theme_bw() +
   theme(plot.title = element_text(face="bold"),
         panel.border = element_blank(),
         panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank(), axis.line = element_blank())
## Month Plots
p7 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
             aes(x = Month, y = ResultValue,
                 group = Month, fill = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
```

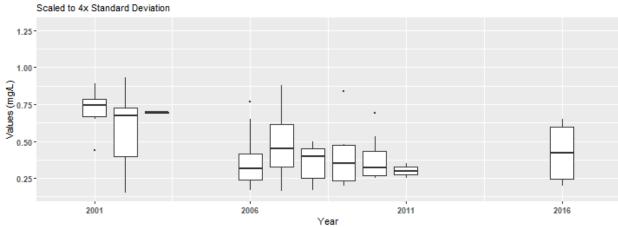
```
labs(subtitle = "Autoscale",
        x = "Month", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), fill = "Month") +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0, 13), breaks = seq(3, 12, 3)) +
   theme(legend.position = "none",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
p8 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use In Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA_names[i], ],
             aes(x = Month, y = ResultValue,
                 group = Month, fill = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom_boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation",
        x = "Month", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), fill = "Month") +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0, 13), breaks = seq(3, 12, 3)) +
   theme(legend.position = "top", legend.box = "horizontal",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold")) +
   guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 1))
p9 <- ggplot(data = data[data$Use_In_Analysis == TRUE &
                            data$ManagedAreaName == MA names[i] &
                            data$Year >= year_upper - 10, ],
             aes(x = Month, y = ResultValue,
                 group = Month, fill = as.factor(Month))) +
   geom boxplot(outlier.size = 0.5) +
   labs(subtitle = "Scaled to 4x Standard Deviation, Last 10 Years",
        x = "Month", y = paste0("Values (", unit, ")"), fill = "Month") +
   ylim(min_RV, y_scale) +
   scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0, 13), breaks = seq(3, 12, 3)) +
   theme(legend.position = "none",
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold"),
         axis.text.y = element_text(face = "bold"))
leg2 <- get_legend(p8)</pre>
Mset <- ggarrange(leg2, p7, p8 + theme(legend.position = "none"), p9,</pre>
                  ncol = 1, heights = c(0.1, 1, 1, 1)
p000 <- ggplot() + labs(title = paste0("Summary Box Plots for ",
                                       MA_names[i]),
                        subtitle = "By Month") + theme_bw() +
   theme(plot.title = element text(face="bold"),
         panel.border = element_blank(),
         panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
         panel.grid.minor = element_blank(), axis.line = element_blank())
print(ggarrange(p0, Yset, ncol = 1, heights = c(0.07, 1)))
print(ggarrange(p00, YMset, ncol = 1, heights = c(0.07, 1)))
print(ggarrange(p000, Mset, ncol = 1, heights = c(0.07, 1, 0.7)))
```

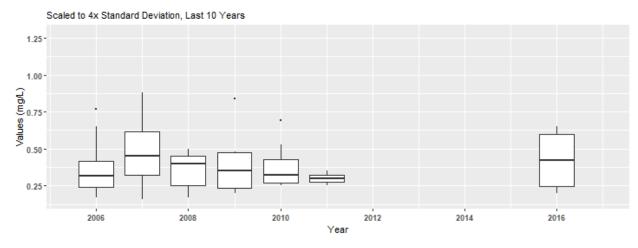
}

Summary Box Plots for Alligator Harbor Aquatic Preserve

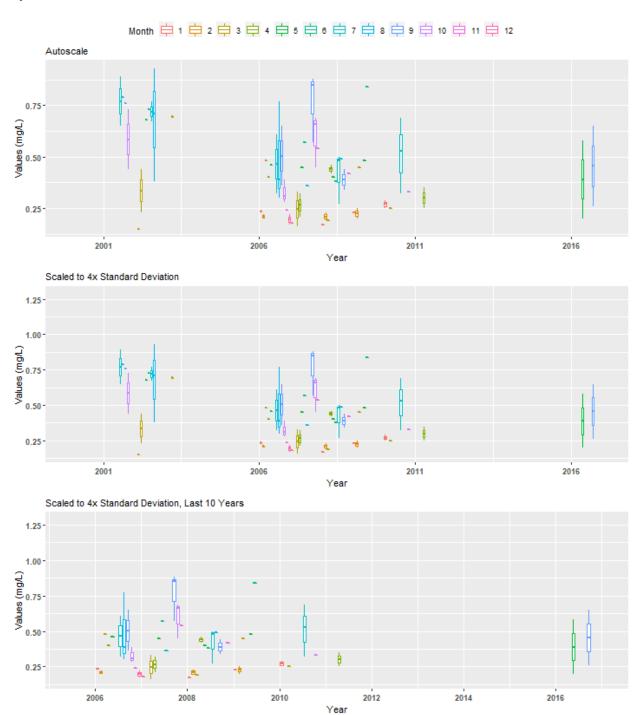
By Year



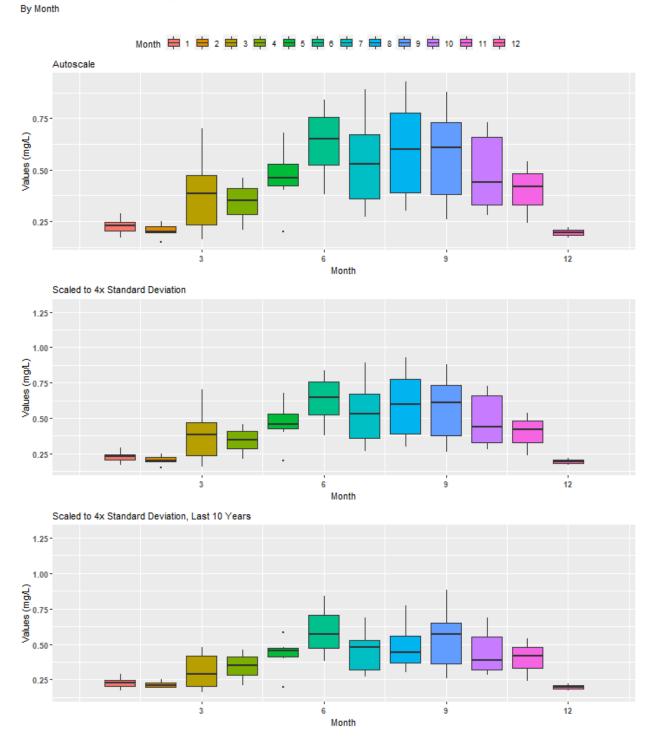




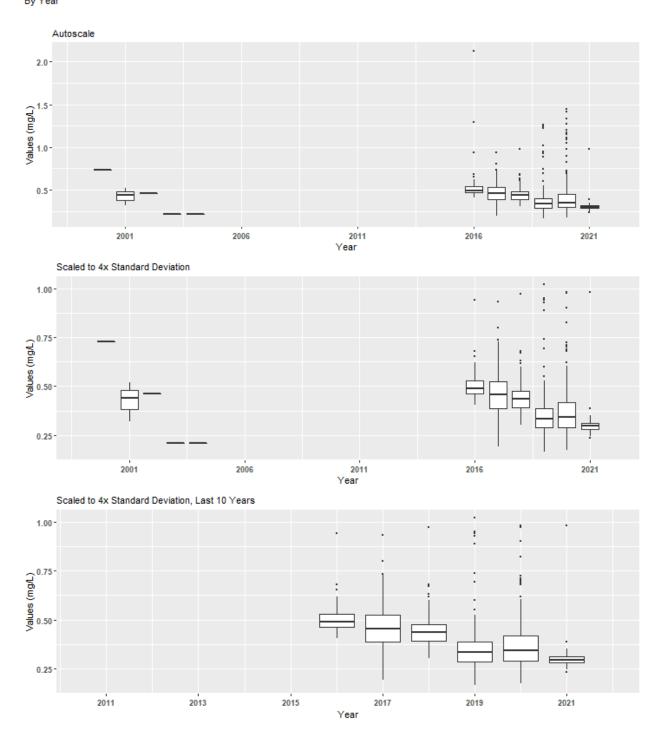
Summary Box Plots for Alligator Harbor Aquatic Preserve



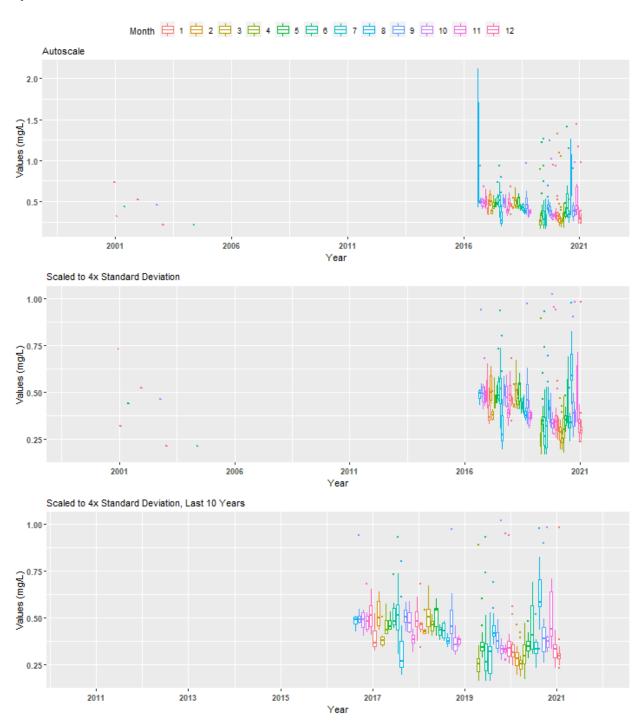
Summary Box Plots for Alligator Harbor Aquatic Preserve



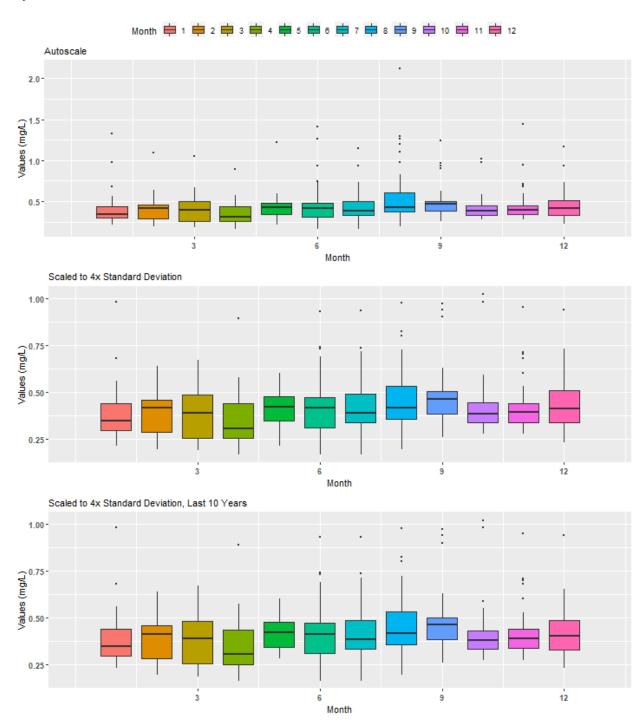
Summary Box Plots for Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve By Year



Summary Box Plots for Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve

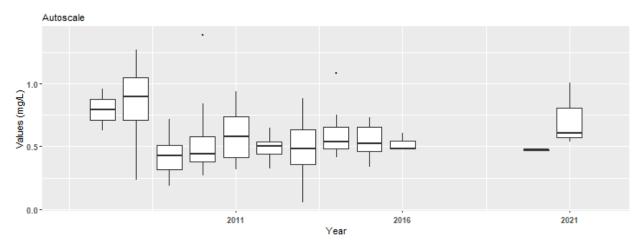


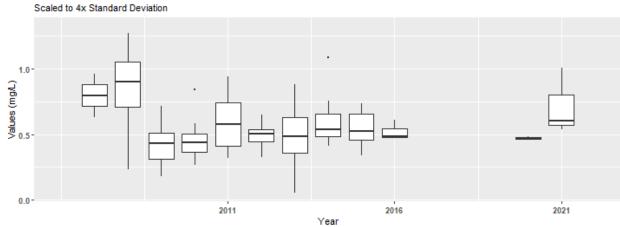
Summary Box Plots for Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve

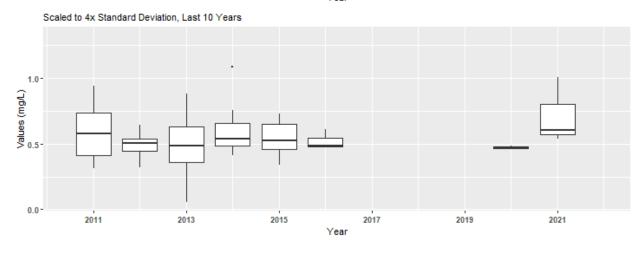


Summary Box Plots for Cape Haze Aquatic Preserve

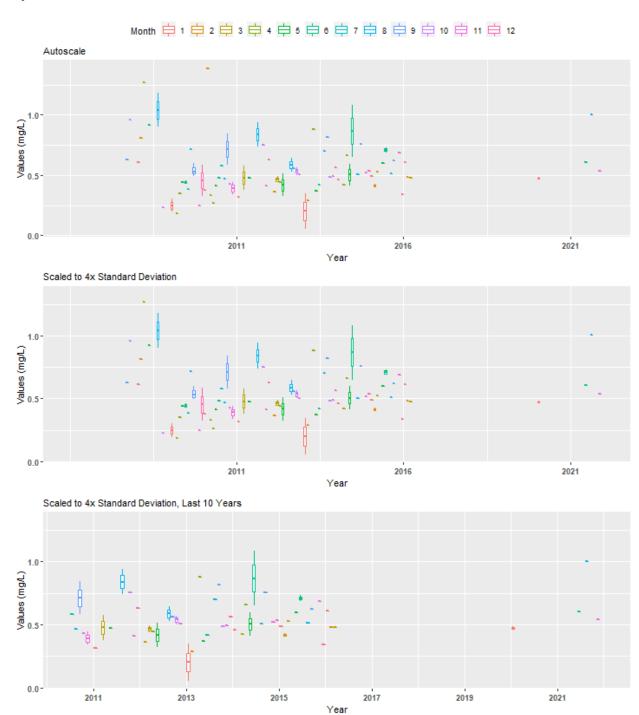
By Year



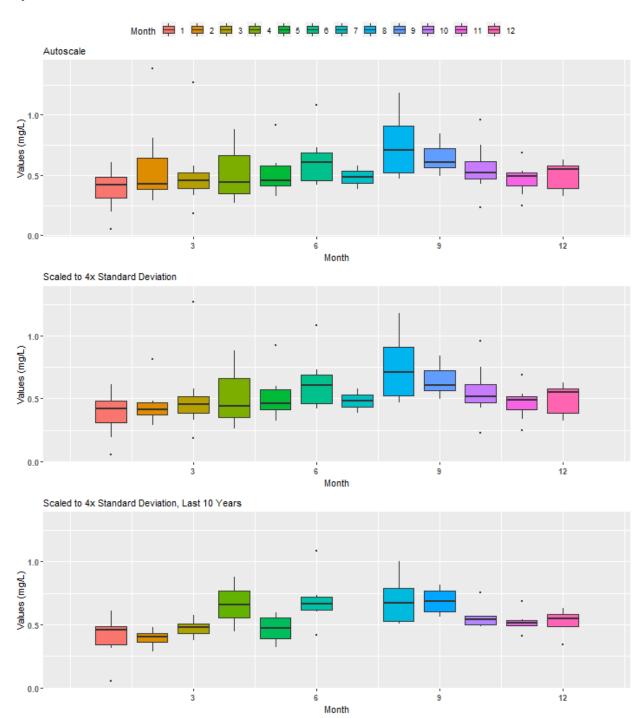




Summary Box Plots for Cape Haze Aquatic Preserve



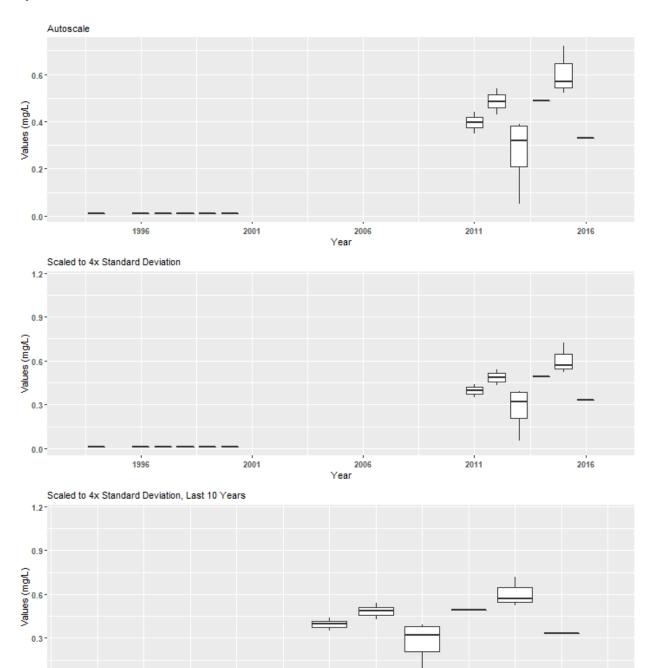
Summary Box Plots for Cape Haze Aquatic Preserve



Summary Box Plots for Estero Bay Aquatic Preserve

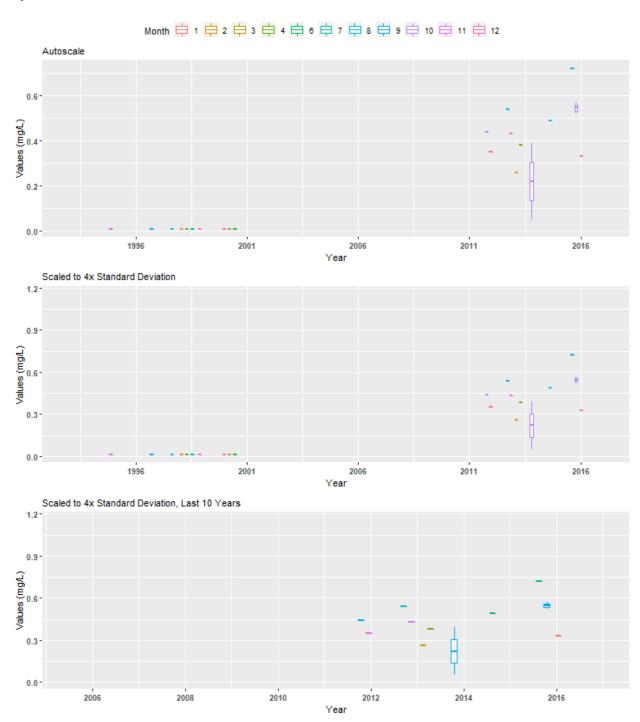
By Year

0.0-

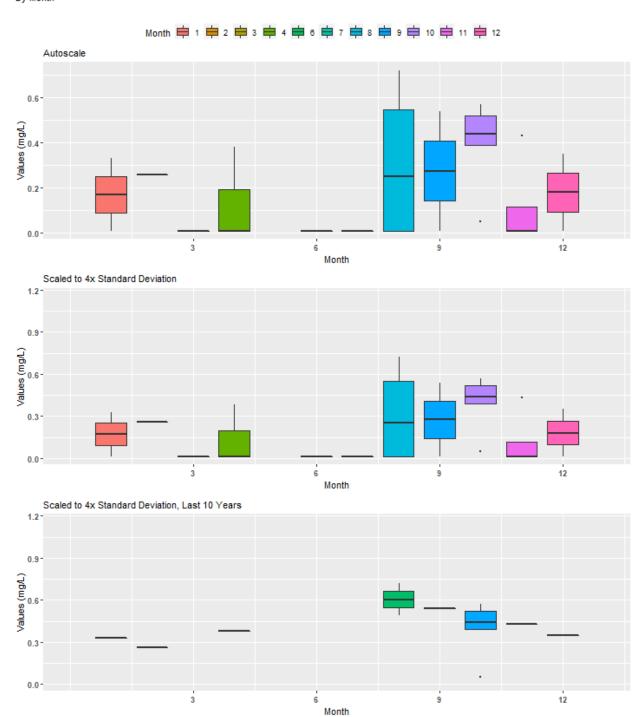


Year

Summary Box Plots for Estero Bay Aquatic Preserve

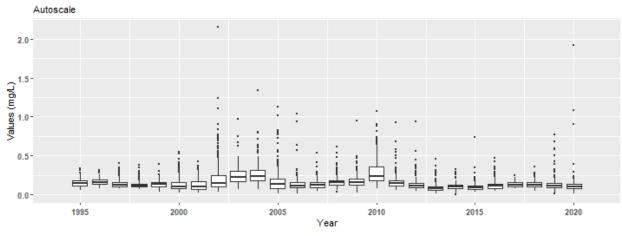


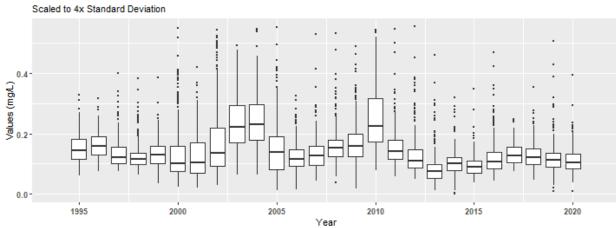
Summary Box Plots for Estero Bay Aquatic Preserve

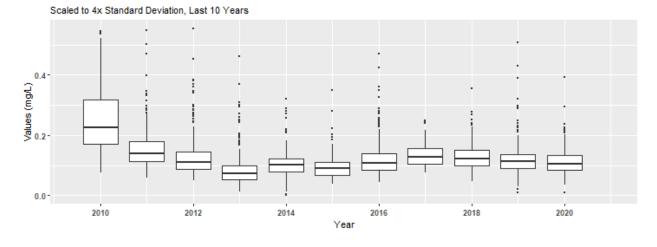


Summary Box Plots for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

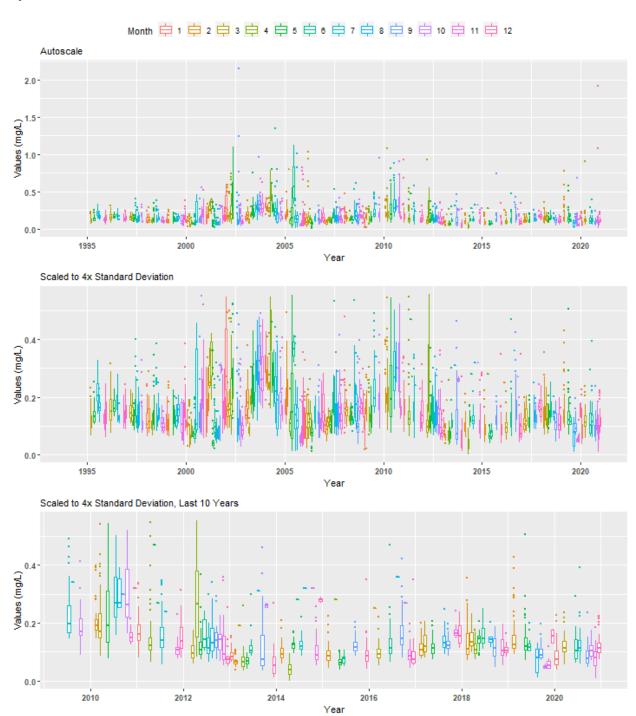
By Year



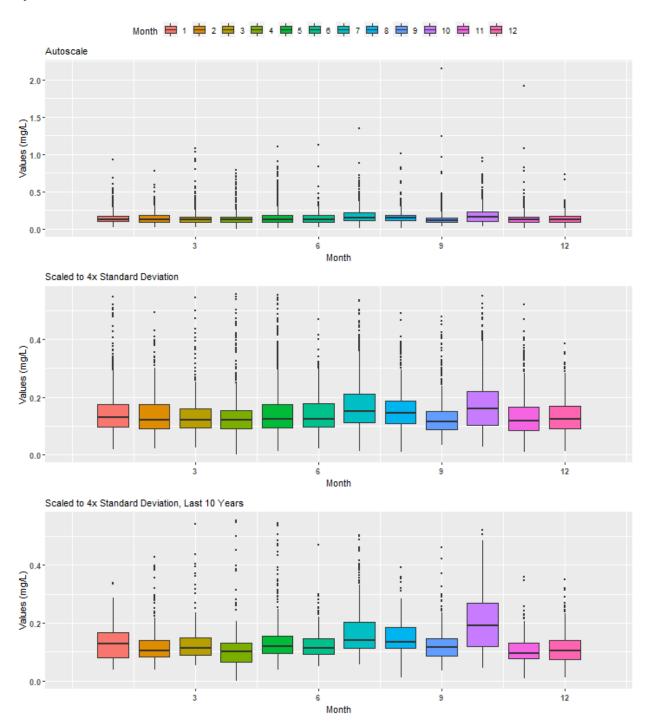




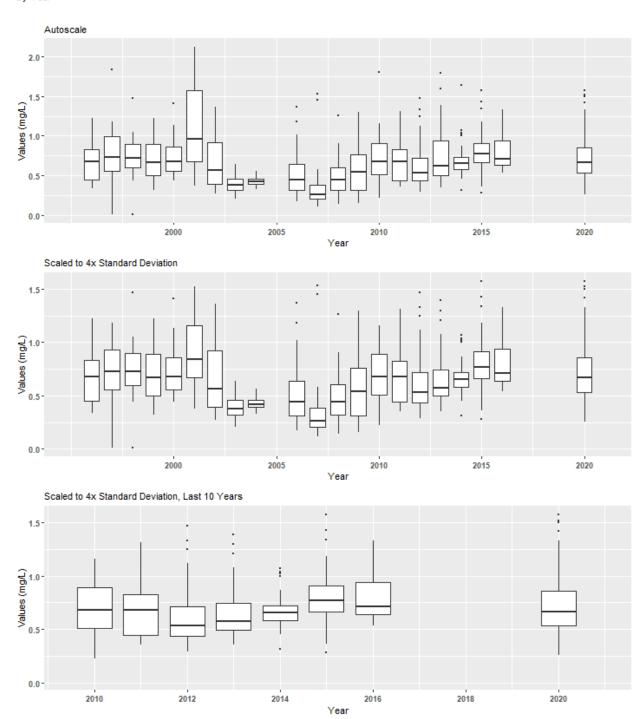
Summary Box Plots for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary



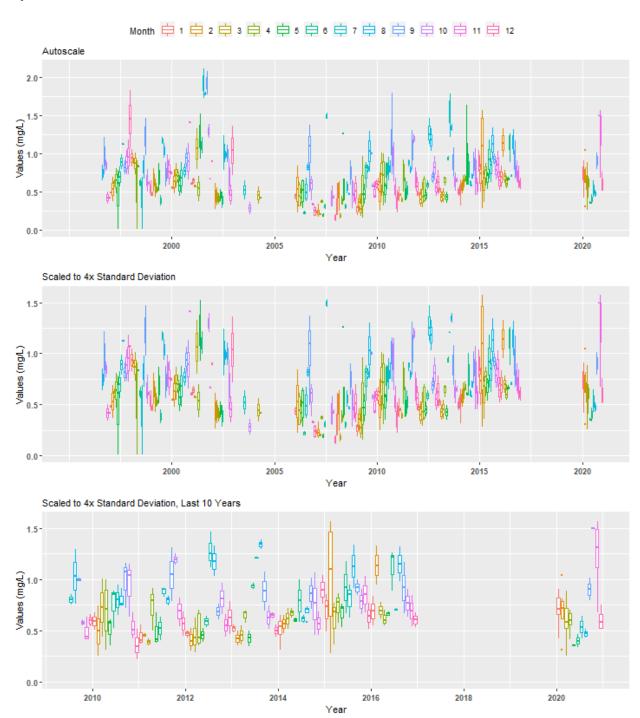
Summary Box Plots for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary



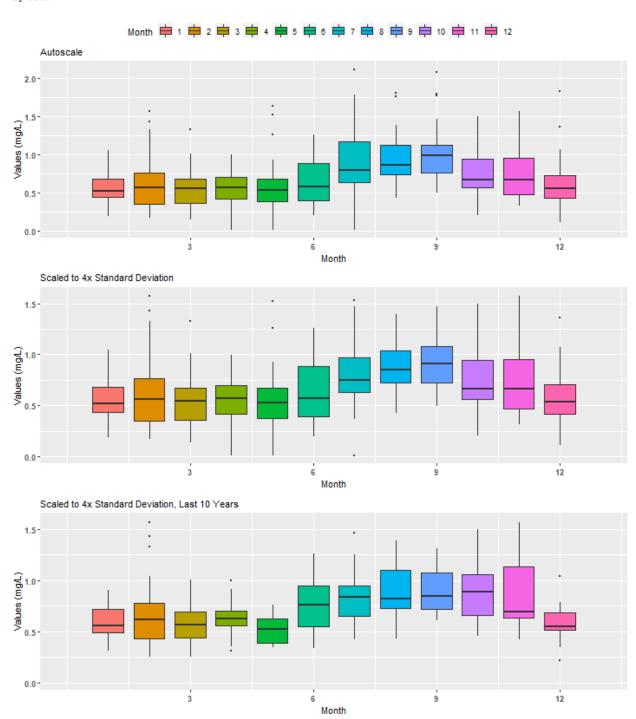
Summary Box Plots for Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve $\ensuremath{\mathsf{By\,Year}}$



Summary Box Plots for Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve

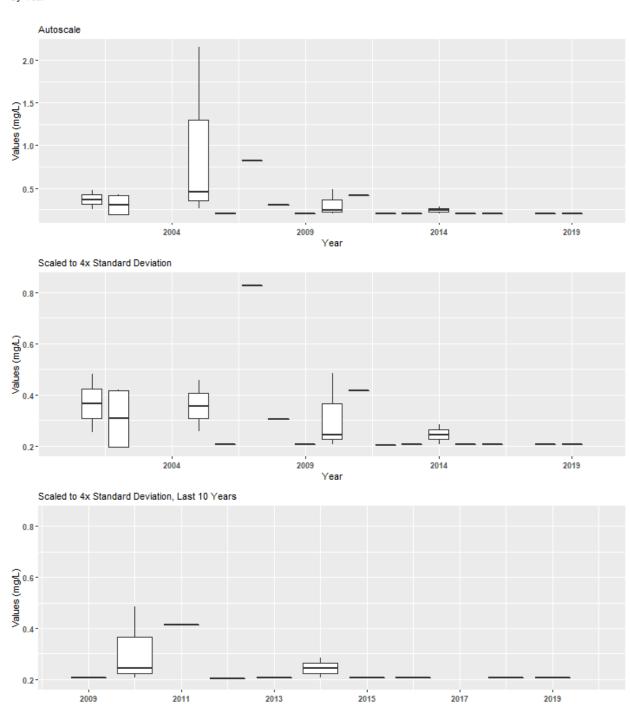


Summary Box Plots for Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve By Month



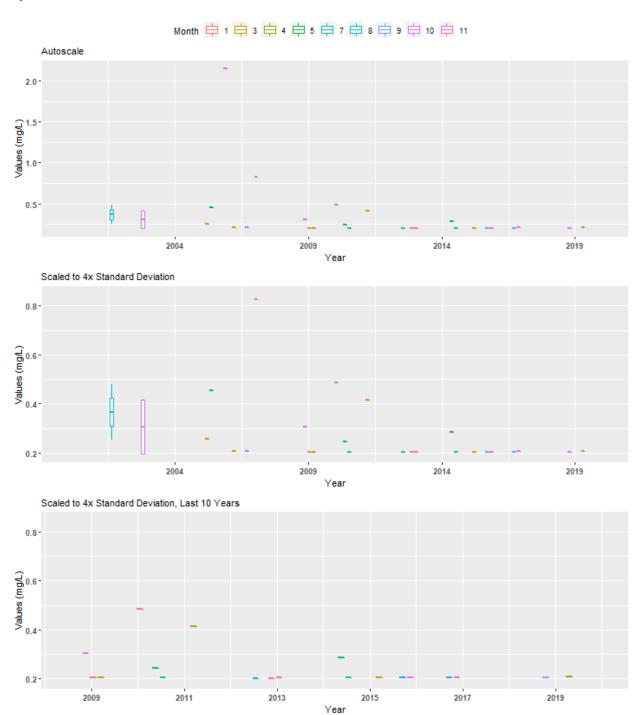
Summary Box Plots for Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve By Year

2011

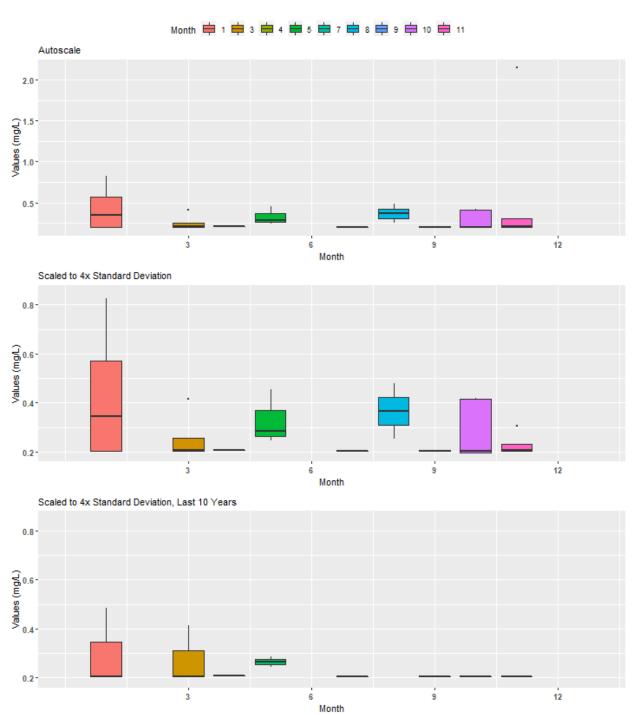


Year

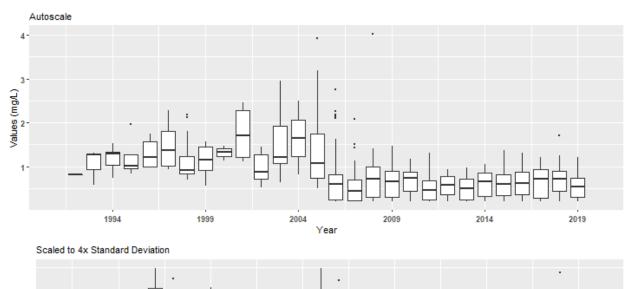
Summary Box Plots for Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve

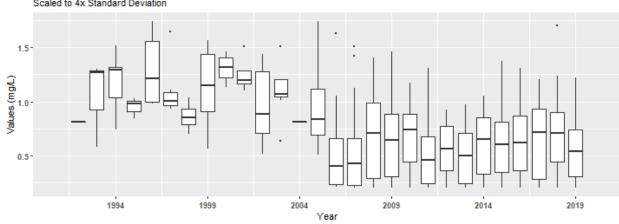


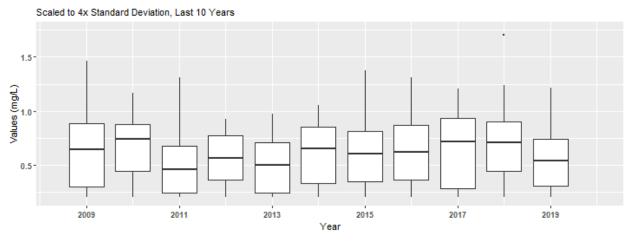
Summary Box Plots for Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve By Month



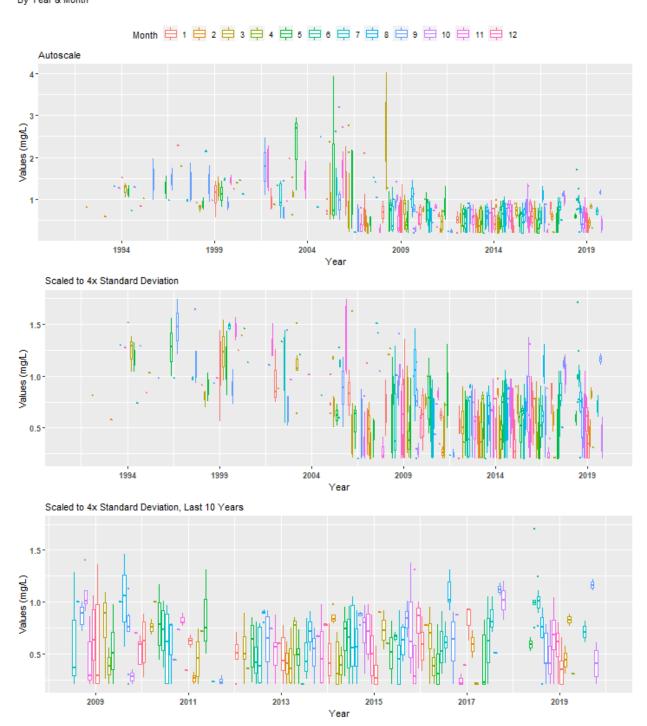
Summary Box Plots for Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve By Year



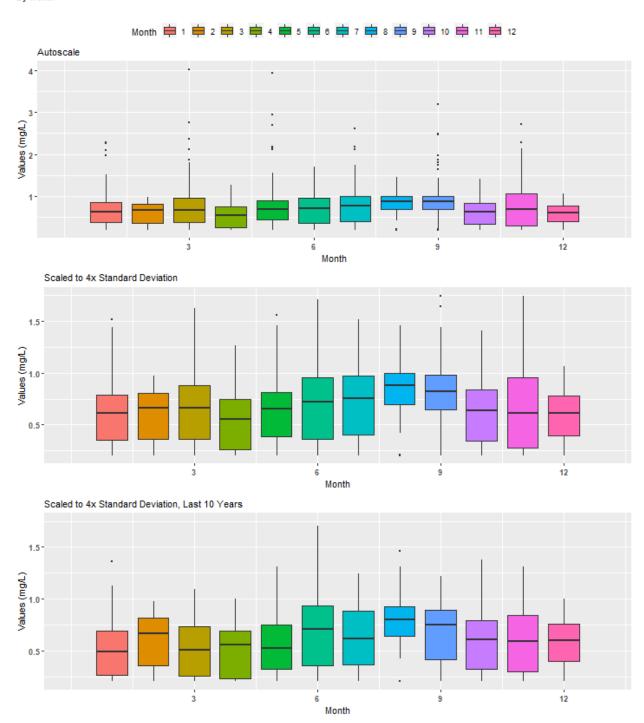




Summary Box Plots for Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve By Year & Month

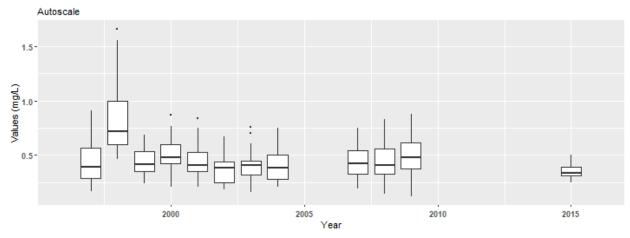


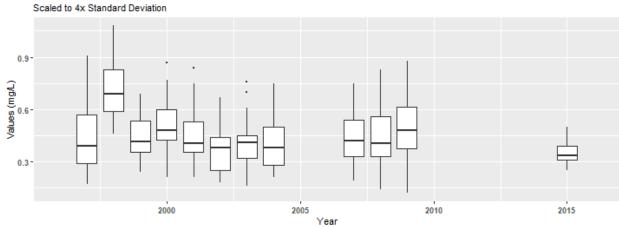
Summary Box Plots for Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve By Month

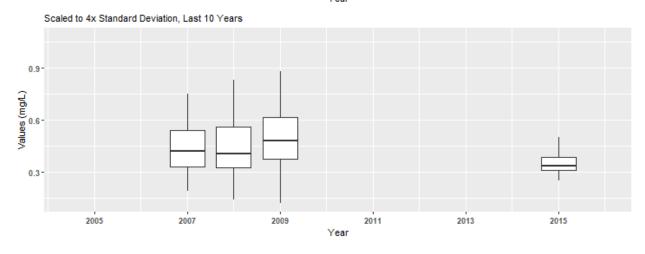


Summary Box Plots for Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

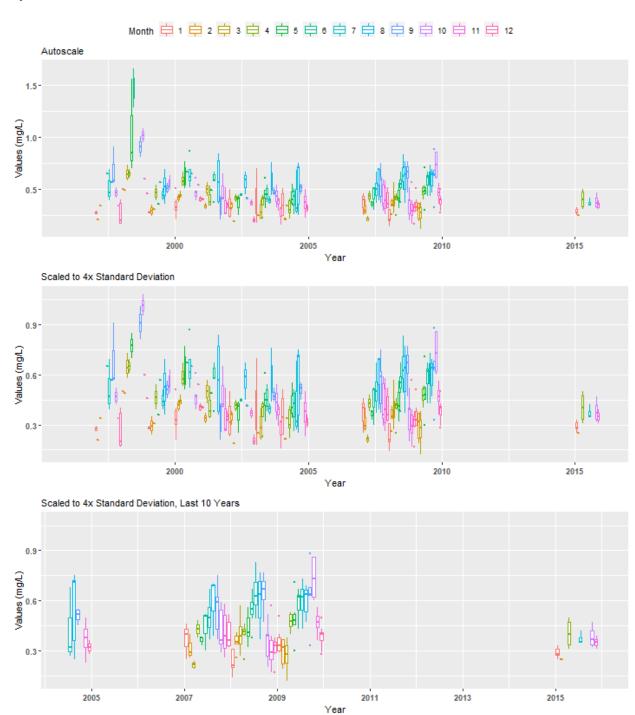
By Year



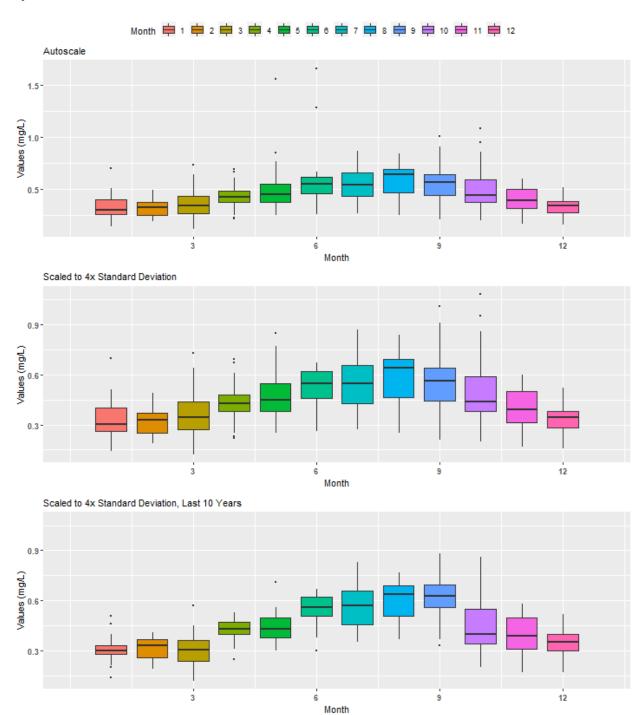




Summary Box Plots for Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

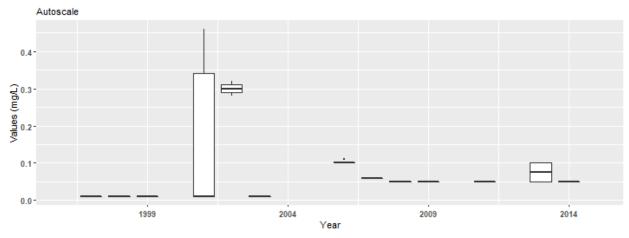


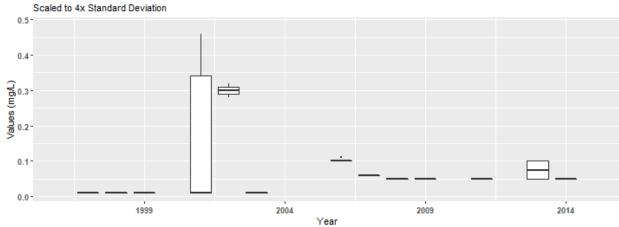
Summary Box Plots for Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

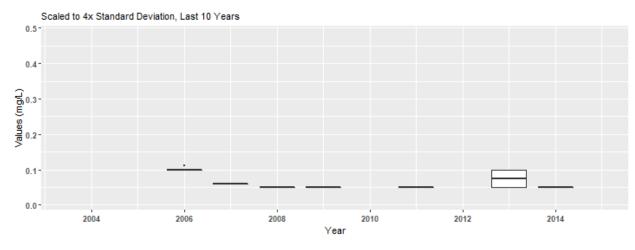


Summary Box Plots for Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve

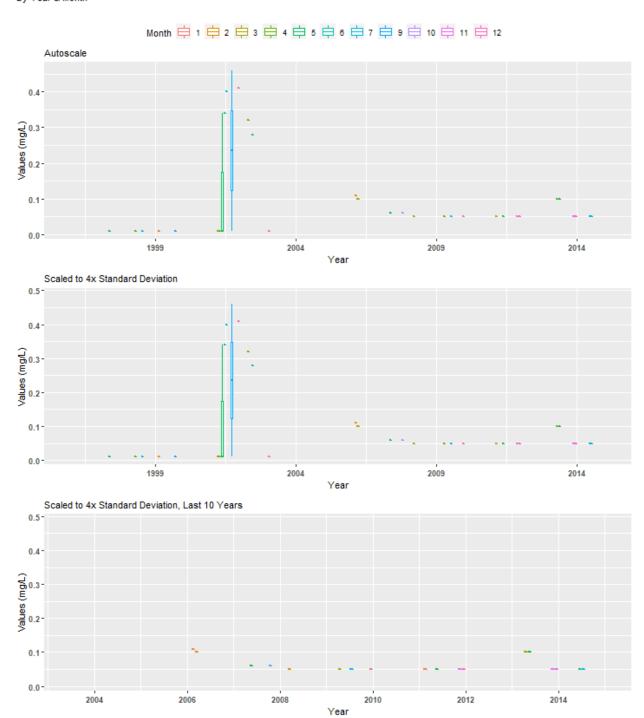
By Year



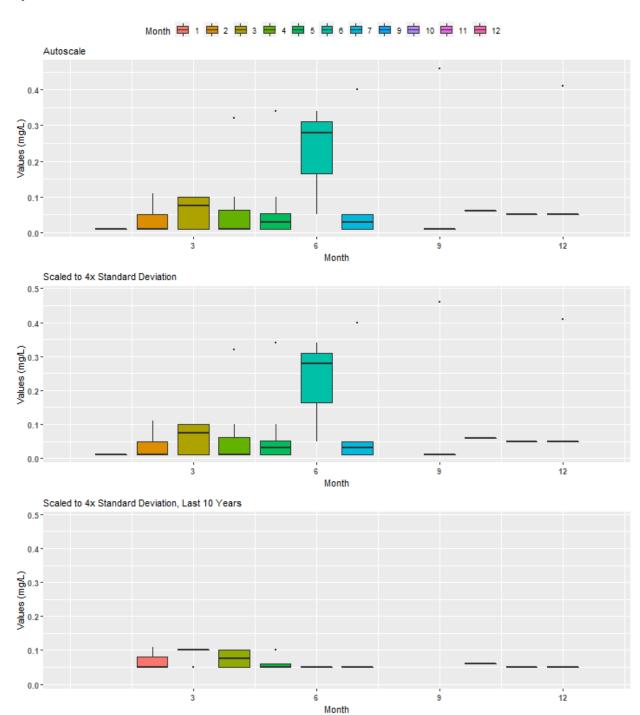




Summary Box Plots for Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve

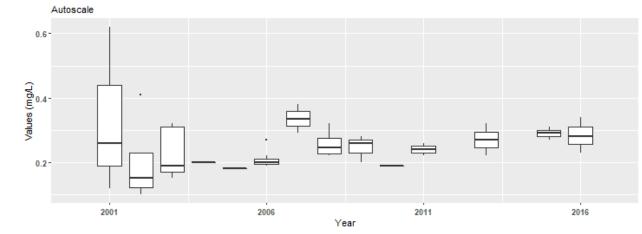


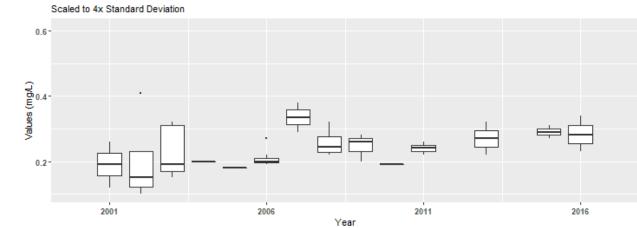
Summary Box Plots for Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve

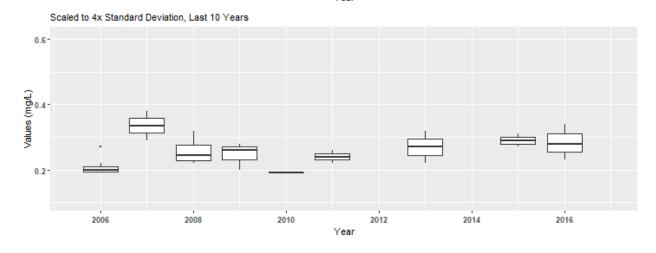


Summary Box Plots for St. Joseph Bay Aquatic Preserve

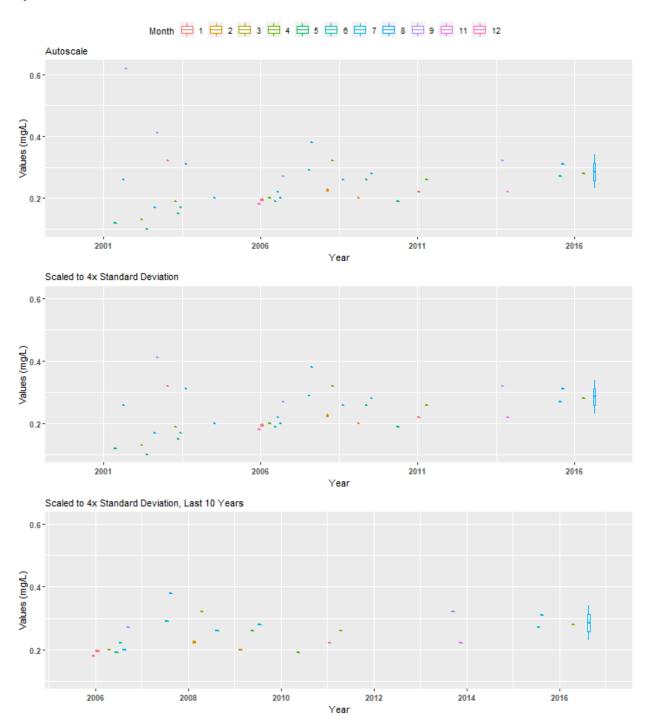
By Year



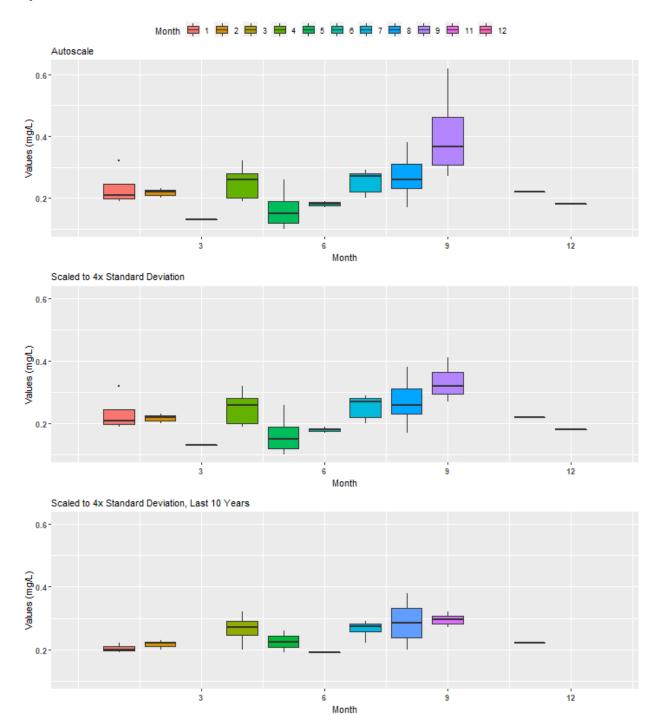




Summary Box Plots for St. Joseph Bay Aquatic Preserve

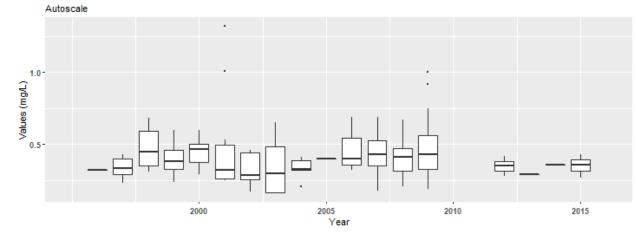


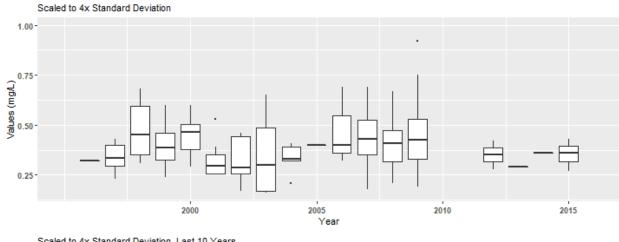
Summary Box Plots for St. Joseph Bay Aquatic Preserve

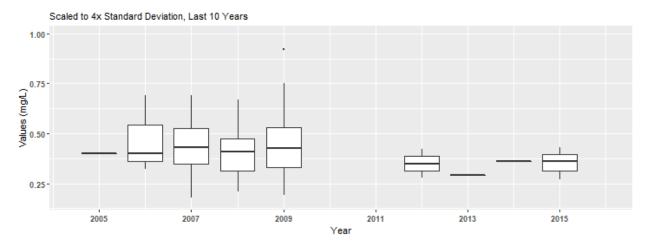


Summary Box Plots for St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

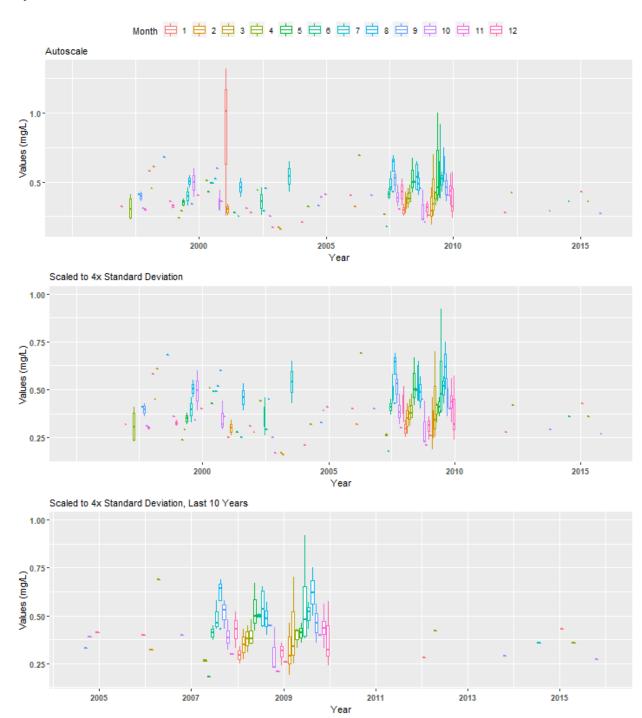
By Year







Summary Box Plots for St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve



Summary Box Plots for St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

