# SEACAR Coastal Wetlands Analysis: Species Richness

### Last compiled on 27 January, 2025

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### Important Notes

The purpose of this script is to determine species richness by species group, create managed area statistics, generate summary plots, and create reports in pdf form for Coastal Wetlands data.

These scripts were created by J.E. Panzik (jepanzik@usf.edu) for SEACAR. Updated by T.G. Hill (Tyler.Hill @FloridaDEP.gov).

All scripts and outputs can be found on the SEACAR GitHub repository:

https://github.com/FloridaSEACAR/SEACAR\_Trend\_Analyses

This markdown file is designed to be compiled by CW\_Plot\_Render.R (https://github.com/FloridaSEAC AR/SEACAR\_Trend\_Analyses/blob/main/Coastal\_Wetlands/CW\_Plot\_Render.R).

# Libraries and Settings

Loads libraries used in the script. The inclusion of scipen option limits how frequently R defaults to scientific notation. Sets default settings for displaying warning and messages in created document, and sets figure dpi.

### File Import

Imports file that is determined in the CW\_Plot\_Render.R script.

The command fread is used because of its improved speed while handling large data files. Only columns that are used by the script are imported from the file, and are designated in the select input.

The script then gets the name of the parameter as it appears in the data file and units of the parameter.

The latest version of Coastal Wetlands data is available at:  $\frac{https:}{/usf.box.com/s/jpwsi8kram54xt6zyma5wo} 9mgferddcn$ 

The file being used for the analysis is: All\_CW\_Parameters-2024-Dec-08.txt

### **Data Filtering**

The processing and filtering that is done to the data is as follows:

- 1. Only take data rows that are percent cover
- 2. Only keep data rows that are Marsh, Marsh succulents, and Mangroves and associates
- 3. Set parameter names to Species Richness
- 4. Sets units
- 5. Removes rows that contains NA values in ManagedAreaName, GenusName, SpeciesName, Month, Year, SpeciesGroup1, and removes invasive species data
- 6. Sets ResultValue to be numeric values and removes rows where percent cover is 0
- 7. Removes duplicates (MADup==1)
- 8. Combines genus and species names
- 9. Corrects some managed area names to match what is being used with other habitats
- 10. Creates species richness dataset
  - Grouped based on common ManagedAreaName, ProgramID, ProgramName, ProgramLocationID, and SampleDate
  - SpeciesRichness determined based on the number of unique species (gensp) in each group
- 11. Writes to file with "\_UsedData" file name to indicate what data was used for species richness.

```
# Only interested in Percent Cover measurements
data <- data[ParameterName=="Percent Cover", ]
# Only keep data rows that are Marsh, Marsh succulents, and Mangroves and assoc.
keep_spg <- c("Marsh", "Marsh succulents", "Mangroves and associates")
data <- data[SpeciesGroup1 %in% keep_spg, ]
# Create ParameterName Column
data$ParameterName <- "Species Richness"
parameter <- "Species Richness"

# Sets units for species richness
unit <- "# of species"
data$ParameterUnits <- unit

# Remove rows with missing ManagedAreaName
data <- data[!is.na(data$ManagedAreaName),]
data <- data[data$ManagedAreaName!="NA",]</pre>
```

```
# Remove rows with missing GenusName
data <- data[!is.na(data$GenusName),]</pre>
# Remove rows with missing SpeciesName
data <- data[!is.na(data$SpeciesName),]</pre>
# Remove rows with missing Months
data <- data[!is.na(data$Month),]</pre>
# Remove rows with missing Years
data <- data[!is.na(data$Year),]</pre>
# Set ResultValue to be a number value
data$ResultValue <- as.numeric(data$ResultValue)</pre>
# Remove rows where ResultValue is 0
data <- data[data$ResultValue!=0,]</pre>
# Remove duplicate rows
data <- data[data$MADup==1,]</pre>
# Create variable that combines the genus and species name
data$gensp <- paste(data$GenusName, data$SpeciesName, sep=" ")</pre>
# Create Species Richness values for groups of unique combinations of
# ManagedAreaName, ProgramID, ProgramName, ProgramLocationID, and SampleDate.
data <- data %>%
  group by (ManagedAreaName, ProgramID, ProgramName, ProgramLocationID,
           SampleDate, SpeciesGroup1) %>%
  summarise(ParameterName=parameter,
            Year=unique(Year), Month=unique(Month),
            SpeciesRichness=length(unique(gensp)))
# Adds AreaID for each managed area by combining the MA_All datatable to the
# data based on ManagedAreaName
data <- merge.data.frame(MA_All[,c("AreaID", "ManagedAreaName")],</pre>
                          data, by="ManagedAreaName")
# Writes this data that is used by the rest of the script to a text file
fwrite(data, paste0(out_dir,"/CoastalWetlands_", param_file, "_UsedData.txt"),
       sep="|")
# Makes sure SampleDate is being stored as a Date object
data$SampleDate <- as.Date(data$SampleDate)</pre>
# Creates a variable with the names of all the managed areas that contain
# species observations
cw_MA_Include <- unique(data$ManagedAreaName[!is.na(data$SpeciesRichness)])</pre>
# Puts the managed areas in alphabetical order
cw_MA_Include <- cw_MA_Include[order(cw_MA_Include)]</pre>
# Determines the number of managed areas used
n <- length(cw_MA_Include)</pre>
```

### Managed Area Statistics

Gets summary statistics for each managed area. Uses piping from dplyr package to feed into subsequent steps. The following steps are performed:

- 1. Group data that have the same ManagedAreaName, Year, Month, and SpeciesGroup.
  - Second summary statistics do not use the Month grouping and are only for ManagedAreaName, Year, and SpeciesGroup..
  - Third summary statistics do not use Year grouping and are only for ManagedAreaName, Month, and SpeciesGroup.
  - Fourth summary statistics are only grouped based on ManagedAreaName and SpeciesGroup.
    - Determines the years that the minimum and maximum species richness occurred
- 2. For each group, provide the following information: Parameter Name (ParameterName), Number of Entries (N\_Data), Lowest Value (Min), Largest Value (Max), Median, Mean, Standard Deviation, and a list of all Programs included in these measurements.
- 3. Sort the data in ascending (A to Z and 0 to 9) order based on ManagedAreaName then Year then Month
- 4. Write summary stats to a pipe-delimited .txt file in the output directory
  - Coastal Wetlands Output Files in SEACAR GitHub (https://github.com/FloridaSEACAR/SEA CAR\_Trend\_Analyses/tree/main/Coastal\_Wetlands/output)

```
# Create summary statistics for each managed area based on Year and Month
# intervals.
MA_YM_Stats <- data %>%
  group_by(AreaID, ManagedAreaName, Year, Month, SpeciesGroup1) %>%
  summarize(ParameterName=parameter,
            N_Data=length(na.omit(SpeciesRichness)),
            Min=min(SpeciesRichness),
            Max=max(SpeciesRichness),
            Median=median(SpeciesRichness),
            Mean=mean(SpeciesRichness),
            StandardDeviation=sd(SpeciesRichness),
            Programs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramName), decreasing=FALSE),
                           collapse=', '),
            ProgramIDs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing=FALSE),
                             collapse=', '))
# Puts the data in order based on ManagedAreaName, Year, then Month
MA_YM_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_YM_Stats[order(MA_YM_Stats$ManagedAreaName,
                                               MA_YM_Stats$Year,
                                               MA_YM_Stats$Month), ])
# Writes summary statistics to file
fwrite(MA_YM_Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/CoastalWetlands_", param_file,
                           "_MA_MMYY_Stats.txt"), sep="|")
# Removes variable storing data to improve computer memory
rm(MA YM Stats)
# Create summary statistics for each managed area based on Year intervals
MA Y Stats <- data %>%
  group_by(AreaID, ManagedAreaName, Year, SpeciesGroup1) %>%
  summarize(ParameterName=parameter,
            N_Data=length(na.omit(SpeciesRichness)),
            Min=min(SpeciesRichness),
            Max=max(SpeciesRichness),
            Median=median(SpeciesRichness),
            Mean=mean(SpeciesRichness),
            StandardDeviation=sd(SpeciesRichness),
            Programs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramName), decreasing=FALSE),
                           collapse=', '),
            ProgramIDs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing=FALSE),
                             collapse=', '))
```

```
# Puts the data in order based on ManagedAreaName then Year
MA_Y_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_Y_Stats[order(MA_Y_Stats$ManagedAreaName,
                                             MA Y Stats$Year), ])
# Writes summary statistics to file
fwrite(MA_Y_Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/CoastalWetlands_", param_file,
                          "_MA_Yr_Stats.txt"), sep="|")
# Create summary statistics for each managed area based on Month intervals.
MA M Stats <- data %>%
  group_by(AreaID, ManagedAreaName, Month, SpeciesGroup1) %>%
  summarize(ParameterName=parameter,
            N_Data=length(na.omit(SpeciesRichness)),
            Min=min(SpeciesRichness),
            Max=max(SpeciesRichness),
            Median=median(SpeciesRichness),
            Mean=mean(SpeciesRichness),
            StandardDeviation=sd(SpeciesRichness),
            Programs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramName), decreasing=FALSE),
                           collapse=', '),
            ProgramIDs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing=FALSE),
                             collapse=', '))
# Puts the data in order based on ManagedAreaName then Month
MA_M_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_M_Stats[order(MA_M_Stats$ManagedAreaName,
                                             MA_M_Stats$Month), ])
# Writes summary statistics to file
fwrite(MA_M_Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/CoastalWetlands_", param_file,
                          "_MA_Mo_Stats.txt"), sep="|")
# Removes variable storing data to improve computer memory
rm(MA_M_Stats)
# Create summary overall statistics for each managed area.
MA_Ov_Stats <- data %>%
  group_by(AreaID, ManagedAreaName, SpeciesGroup1) %>%
  summarize(ParameterName=parameter,
           N_Years=length(unique(na.omit(Year))),
           EarliestYear=min(Year),
            LatestYear=max(Year),
            N Data=length(na.omit(SpeciesRichness)),
            Min=min(SpeciesRichness),
            Max=max(SpeciesRichness),
            Median=median(SpeciesRichness),
            Mean=mean(SpeciesRichness),
            StandardDeviation=sd(SpeciesRichness),
            Programs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramName), decreasing=FALSE),
                           collapse=', '),
            ProgramIDs=paste(sort(unique(ProgramID), decreasing=FALSE),
                             collapse=', '))
# Puts the data in order based on ManagedAreaName
MA_Ov_Stats <- as.data.table(MA_Ov_Stats[order(MA_Ov_Stats$ManagedAreaName), ])
# Creates Year_MinRichness and Year_MaxRichness columns
MA_Ov_Stats$Year_MinRichness <- NA
MA_Ov_Stats$Year_MaxRichness <- NA
```

```
# Loops through each ManagedAreaName.
# Determines what year the minimum and maximum species richness occurred
for(m in 1:nrow(MA Ov Stats)){
  # Stores ManagedAreaName for this row
  ma <- MA Ov Stats Managed Area Name [m]
  # Skips to next row if there are no data for this combination
  if (MA_Ov_Stats$N_Data[m]==0) {
    next
  }
  # Gets subset of data from MA_Y_Stats (yearly summary stats) with this
  # ManagedAreaName
  ds <- MA_Y_Stats[MA_Y_Stats$ManagedAreaName==ma,]</pre>
  # Gets the minimum and maximum Mean (yearly averages)
  min <- min(ds$Mean)
  max <- max(ds$Mean)</pre>
  #Determines what years those minimum and maximum values occured
  year_min <- ds$Year[ds$Mean==min]</pre>
  year_max <- ds$Year[ds$Mean==max]</pre>
  # Stores the occurrence years of the minimum and maximum into the overall
  # stats for this row
 MA Ov Stats$Year MinRichness[m] <- year min
 MA_Ov_Stats$Year_MaxRichness[m] <- year_max</pre>
# Replaces blank ProgramIDs with NA (missing values)
MA Ov Stats$ProgramIDs <- replace(MA Ov Stats$ProgramIDs,
                                   MA_Ov_Stats$ProgramIDs=="", NA)
MA_Ov_Stats$Programs <- replace(MA_Ov_Stats$Programs,</pre>
                                 MA_Ov_Stats$Programs=="", NA)
# Write overall statistics to file
fwrite(MA_Ov_Stats, paste0(out_dir,"/CoastalWetlands_", param_file,
                            "_MA_Overall_Stats.txt"), sep="|")
# Removes entries from the overall statistics that do not have data.
# Based on presence or absence of EarliestYear
MA_Ov_Stats <- MA_Ov_Stats[!is.na(MA_Ov_Stats$EarliestYear), ]</pre>
```

# Appendix I: Managed Area Species Richness

The plots shown here are the species richness for each managed area with a yearly average.

- 1. Set common plot theme.
- 2. Determine the earliest and latest year of the data to create x-axis scale and intervals
- 3. Determine the upper and lower limit of the plot for better y-axis labels
- 4. Determines what species groups are present and adjusts legend entries
- 5. Add the plot line
- 6. Set the plot type as a point plot with the size of the points
- 7. Create the title, x-axis, y-axis, and color fill labels
- 8. Set the y and x limits
- 9. Apply common plot theme
- 10. Add table with summary statistics below each figure
- Numerical non-integer values are rounded to 2 decimal places
- StandardDeviation is renamed StDev for space reasons

- 11. Create file name to save figure
- 12. Save figure as png file
  - Coastal Wetlands Figures in SEACAR GitHub (https://github.com/FloridaSEACAR/SEACAR\_Tren d\_Analyses/tree/main/Coastal\_Wetlands/output/Figures)

```
# Defines standard plot theme: black and white, no major or minor grid lines,
# Arial font. Title is centered, size 12, and blue (hex coded). Subtitle is
# centered, size 10, and blue (hex coded). Legend title is size 10 and the
# legend is left-justified. X-axis title is size 10 and the margins are padded
# at the top and bottom to give more space for angled axis labels. Y-axis title
# is size 10 and margins are padded on the right side to give more space for
# axis labels. Axis labels are size 10 and the x-axis labels are rotated -45
# degrees with a horizontal justification that aligns them with the tick mark
plot_theme <- theme_bw() +</pre>
  theme(panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
        text=element_text(family="Arial"),
        plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12, color="#314963"),
        plot.subtitle=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=10, color="#314963"),
        legend.title=element_text(size=10),
        legend.text = element text(hjust=0),
        axis.title.x = element text(size=10, margin = margin(t = 5, r = 0,
                                                               b = 10, 1 = 0)),
        axis.title.y = element text(size=10, margin = margin(t = 0, r = 10,
                                                               b = 0, 1 = 0)),
        axis.text=element text(size=10),
        axis.text.x=element_text(angle = -45, hjust = 0))
# Color palette for SEACAR
color_palette <- c("#005396", "#0088B1", "#00ADAE", "#65CCB3", "#AEE4C1",</pre>
                   "#FDEBA8", "#F8CD6D", "#F5A800", "#F17B00")
# All unique SpeciesGroup1 values get assigned a shape and color
cw_groups <- sort(unique(MA_Y_Stats$SpeciesGroup1), decreasing = T)</pre>
group_colors <- color_palette[seq_len(length(cw_groups))]</pre>
group_shapes \leftarrow c(21,22,24,25)
names(group_colors) <- cw_groups</pre>
names(group shapes) <- cw groups</pre>
# Loop that cycles through each managed area with data
if(n==0){
  # Prints a statement if there are no managed areas with appropriate data
  print("There are no monitoring locations that qualify.")
} else {
  for (i in 1:n) {
    ma_i <- cw_MA_Include[i]</pre>
    ma_abrev <- MA_All[ManagedAreaName==ma_i, Abbreviation]</pre>
    # Gets data for target managed area
    plot_data <- MA_Y_Stats[MA_Y_Stats$ManagedAreaName==ma_i]</pre>
    # Determines most recent year with available data for managed area
    t_max <- max(MA_Ov_Stats$LatestYear[MA_Ov_Stats$ManagedAreaName==
                                           ma i])
    # Determines earliest recent year with available data for managed area
```

```
t_min <- min(MA_Ov_Stats$EarliestYear[MA_Ov_Stats$ManagedAreaName==
# Determines how many years of data are present
t <- t_max-t_min
# Creates break intervals for plots based on number of years of data
if(t>=30){
  # Set breaks to every 10 years if more than 30 years of data
  brk <- -10
}else if(t<30 & t>=10){
  # Set breaks to every 5 years if between 30 and 10 years of data
  brk <- -5
}else if(t<10 & t>=4){
  # Set breaks to every 2 years if between 10 and 4 years of data
  brk <- -2
else if(t<4 & t>=2){
  # Set breaks to every year if between 4 and 2 years of data
  brk <- -1
}else if(t<2){</pre>
  # Set breaks to every year if less than 2 years of data
  brk <- -1
  # Sets t_max to be 1 year greater and t_min to be 1 year lower
  # Forces graph to have at least 3 tick marks
 t_max <- t_max+1
  t min <- t min-1
}
# Determine range of data values for the managed area
y_range <- max(plot_data$Mean) - min(plot_data$Mean)</pre>
# Determines lower bound of y-axis based on data range. Set based on
# relation of data range to minimum value. Designed to set lower boundary
# to be 10% of the data range below the minimum value
y_min <- if(min(plot_data$Mean)-(0.1*y_range)<0){</pre>
  # If 10% of the data range below the minimum value is less than 0,
  # set as 0
 y_min <- 0
} else {
  # Otherwise set minimum bound as 10% data range below minimum value
  y_min <- min(plot_data$Mean)-(0.1*y_range)</pre>
}
# Sets upper bound of y-axis to be 10% of the data range above the
# maximum value.
y_max <- max(plot_data$Mean)+(0.1*y_range)</pre>
# Determines what combination of groups are present for managed area
# and subsets color and shape scheme to be used by plots.
# Used so only group combinations present for managed area appear in
# the legend.
group_colors_plot <- group_colors[unique(plot_data$SpeciesGroup1)]</pre>
group_shapes_plot <- group_shapes[unique(plot_data$SpeciesGroup1)]</pre>
# Creates plot object using plot_data.
```

```
# Data is plotted as symbols with connected lines.
  p1 <- ggplot(data=plot_data, group=as.factor(SpeciesGroup1)) +</pre>
    geom_line(aes(x=Year, y=Mean, color=as.factor(SpeciesGroup1)),
              size=0.75, alpha=1) +
    geom_point(aes(x=Year, y=Mean, fill=as.factor(SpeciesGroup1),
                   shape=as.factor(SpeciesGroup1)), size=2,
               color="#333333", alpha=1) +
    labs(title="Coastal Wetlands Species Richness",
         subtitle=ma i,
         x="Year", y="Richness (# of species)",
         fill="Species group", color="Species group",
         shape="Species group") +
    scale_x_continuous(limits=c(t_min-0.25, t_max+0.25),
                       breaks=seq(t_max, t_min, brk)) +
    scale_y_continuous(limits=c(y_min, y_max),
                       breaks=pretty_breaks(n=5)) +
    scale_fill_manual(values=group_colors_plot) +
    scale_color_manual(values=group_colors_plot) +
    scale_shape_manual(values=group_shapes_plot) +
    plot_theme
  # Sets file name of plot created
  outname <- paste0("CoastalWetlands_", param_file, "_", ma_abrev, ".png")
  # Saves plot as a png image
  png(paste0(out_dir, "/Figures/", outname),
      width = 8,
     height = 4,
     units = "in",
     res = 200)
  print(p1)
  dev.off()
}
```

# Coastal Wetlands Species Richness

# Apalachicola Bay Aquatic Preserve



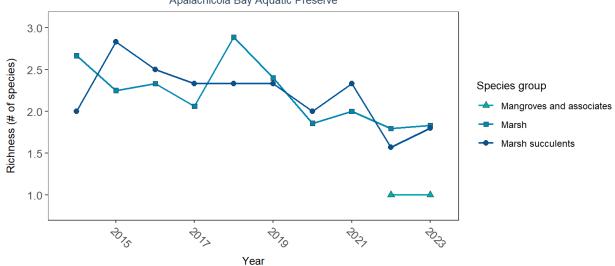


Table 1: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Apalachicola Bay Aquatic Preserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	EarliestYear	LatestYear	N-Data	Min	Max	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{StDev}$	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Mangroves and associates	2	2022	2023	4	1	1	1.0	1.00	0.00	2022	2018
Marsh	10	2014	2023	144	1	5	1.5	2.08	1.21	2022	2018
Marsh succulents	10	2014	2023	56	1	3	3.0	2.20	0.96	2022	2018

### Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserve

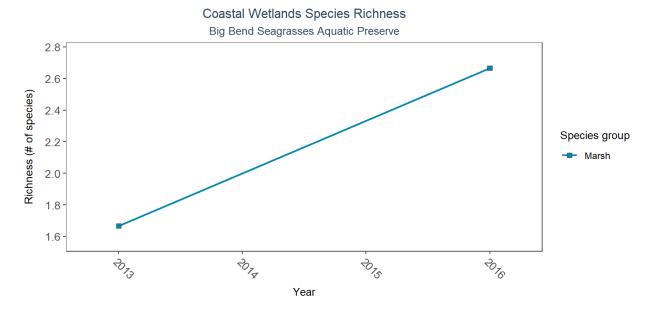


Table 2: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	${\bf Earliest Year}$	LatestYear	N-Data	Min	Max	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{StDev}$	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Marsh	2	2013	2016	6	1	3	2	2.17	0.75	2013	2016

Coastal Wetlands Species Richness

Year

### Cockroach Bay Aquatic Preserve

# Cockroach Bay Aquatic Preserve 2.04 (\$\frac{1}{2}\) 2.02 \$\frac{1}{2}\) 1.98 1.96-

Table 3: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Cockroach Bay Aquatic Preserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	${\bf Earliest Year}$	${\bf LatestYear}$	N-Data	$\operatorname{Min}$	Max	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{StDev}$	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Mangroves and associates	1	2015	2015	1	2	2	2	2	-	2015	2015

### Guana River Marsh Aquatic Preserve



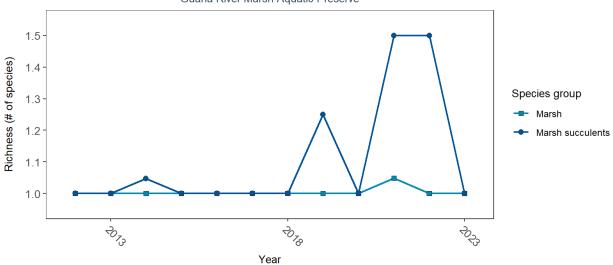


Table 4: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Guana River Marsh Aquatic Preserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	EarliestYear	${\bf LatestYear}$	N-Data	Min	Max	Median	Mean	StDev	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Marsh	12	2012	2023	795	1	3	1	1.0	0.08	2012	2021
Marsh succulents	12	2012	2023	58	1	2	1	1.1	0.31	2012	2021

### Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve

### Coastal Wetlands Species Richness

Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve

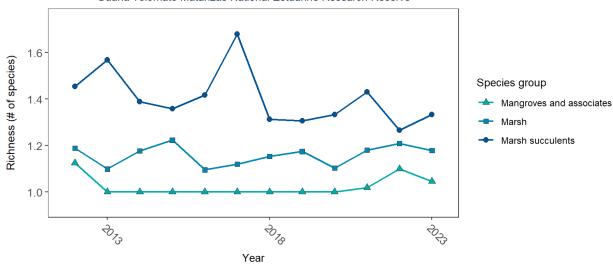


Table 5: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	${\bf Earliest Year}$	${\bf LatestYear}$	N-Data	Min	Max	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{StDev}$	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Mangroves and associates	12	2012	2023	387	1	2	1	1.02	0.14	2013	2017
Marsh	12	2012	2023	1773	1	3	1	1.17	0.38	2013	2017
Marsh succulents	12	2012	2023	810	1	4	1	1.40	0.52	2013	2017

### Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

### Coastal Wetlands Species Richness

Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

1.38
1.36
1.34
# Species group

Mangroves and associates

Marsh

1.28
1.28
Year

Table 6: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	${\bf Earliest Year}$	${\bf LatestYear}$	N-Data	$_{ m Min}$	Max	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{StDev}$	${\bf Year\text{-}MinRichness}$	Year-MaxRichness
Mangroves and associates	1	2020	2020	8	1	2	1	1.38	0.52	2020	2020
Marsh	1	2020	2020	14	1	3	1	1.29	0.61	2020	2020

### Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve

### Coastal Wetlands Species Richness

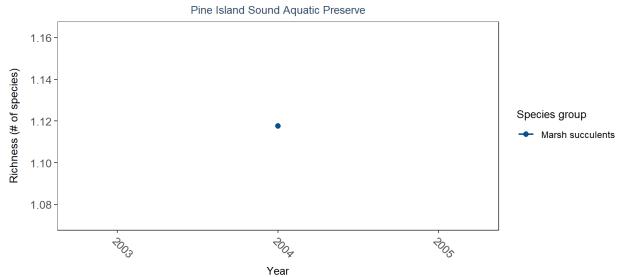


Table 7: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	EarliestYear	LatestYear	N-Data	Min	Max	Median	Mean	StDev	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Marsh succulents	1	2004	2004	17	1	2	1	1.12	0.33	2004	2004

### Pinellas County Aquatic Preserve

# Coastal Wetlands Species Richness Pinellas County Aquatic Preserve 5.0 \$\frac{\sqrt{9}}{4.5} \\ \frac{4}{3.5} \\ \frac{3}{3.0} \\ \frac{1}{3.0} \\ \frac{1}{

Table 8: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness - Pinellas County Aquatic Preserve

Year

SpeciesGroup1	N-Years	${\bf Earliest Year}$	${\bf LatestYear}$	N-Data	Min	Max	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{StDev}$	Year-MinRichness	Year-MaxRichness
Mangroves and associates	1	2014	2014	1	3	3	3	3	-	2014	2014
Marsh	1	2014	2014	1	5	5	5	5	-	2014	2014
Marsh succulents	1	2014	2014	1	3	3	3	3	-	2014	2014