

Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

SEACAR Habitat Analyses

Last compiled on 08 October, 2025

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Funding & Acknowledgements

The data used in this analysis is from the Export Standardized Tables in the SEACAR Data Discovery Interface (DDI). Documents and information available through the SEACAR DDI are owned by the data provider(s) and users are expected to provide appropriate credit following accepted citation formats. Users are encouraged to access data to maximize utilization of gained knowledge, reducing redundant research and facilitating partnerships and scientific innovation.

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Threshold Filtering

Threshold filters, following the guidance of Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (*FDEP*) Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration (*DEAR*) are used to exclude specific results values from the SEACAR Analysis. Based on the threshold filters, Quality Assurance / Quality Control (*QAQC*) Flags are inserted into the *SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode* and *SEACAR_QAQC_Description* columns of the export data. The *Include* column indicates whether the *QAQC* Flag will also indicate that data are excluded from analysis. No data are excluded from the data export, but the analysis scripts can use the *Include* column to exclude data (1 to include, 0 to exclude).

Table 1: Continuous Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	-0.000001	50
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	-0.000001	500
Salinity	ppt	-0.000001	70
Turbidity	NTU	-0.000001	4000
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5.000000	45
pH	None	2.000000	14

Table 2: Discrete Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Ammonia, Un-ionized (NH3)	mg/L	-	-
Ammonium, Filtered (NH4)	mg/L	-	-
Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin	ug/L	-	-
Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin	ug/L	-	-
Colored Dissolved Organic Matter	PCU	-	-

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	-0.000001	25
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	-0.000001	310
Fluorescent Dissolved Organic Matter	QSE	-	-
Light Extinction Coefficient	m^-1	-	-
NO2+3, Filtered	mg/L	-	-
Nitrate (NO3)	mg/L	-	-
Nitrite (NO2)	mg/L	-	-
Nitrogen, organic	mg/L	-	-
Phosphate, Filtered (PO4)	mg/L	-	-
Salinity	ppt	-0.000001	70
Secchi Depth	m	0.000001	50
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0.005000	100
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	-	-
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	-	-
Turbidity	NTU	-	-
Water Temperature	Degrees C	3.000000	40
pH	None	2.000000	13

Table 3: Quality Assurance Flags inserted based on threshold checks listed in Table 1 and 2

SEACAR QAQC Description	Include	SEACAR QAQCFlagCode
Exceeds maximum threshold	0	2Q
Below minimum threshold	0	4Q
Within threshold tolerance	1	6Q
No defined thresholds for this parameter	1	7Q

Value Qualifiers

Value qualifier codes included within the data are used to exclude certain results from the analysis. The data are retained in the data export files, but the analysis uses the *Include* column to filter the results.

STORET and WIN value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from *STORET* and *WIN* data are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports.

Table 4: Value Qualifier codes excluded from analysis

Qualifier Source	Value Qualifier	Include	MDL	Description
STORET-WIN	H	0	0	Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate
STORET-WIN	J	0	0	Estimated value
STORET-WIN	V	0	0	Analyte was detected at or above method detection limit
STORET-WIN	Y	0	0	Lab analysis from an improperly preserved sample; data may be inaccurate

Discrete Water Quality Value Qualifiers

The following value qualifiers are highlighted in the Discrete Water Quality section of this report. An exception is made for **Program 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network** and data flagged with Value Qualifier **H** are included for this program only.

H - Value based on field kit determiniation; results may not be accurate. This code shall be used if a field screening test (e.g., field gas chromatograph data, immunoassay, or vendor-supplied field kit) was used to generate the value and the field kit or method has not been recognized by the Department as equivalent to laboratory methods.

I - The reported value is greater than or equal to the laboratory method detection limit but less than the laboratory practical quantitation limit.

Q - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time. This code shall be used if the value is derived from a sample that was prepared or analyzed after the approved holding time restrictions for sample preparation or analysis.

S - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody. The value reported is the depth of the waterbody at the location of the Secchi disk measurement.

U - Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. This symbol shall be used to indicate that the specified component was not detected. The value associated with the qualifier shall be the laboratory method detection limit. Unless requested by the client, less than the method detection limit values shall not be reported

Systemwide Monitoring Program (SWMP) value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from the *SWMP* continuous program are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports. *SWMP* Qualifier Codes are indicated by *QualifierSource=SWMP*.

Table 5: SWMP Value Qualifier codes

<i>Qualifier Source</i>	<i>Value Qualifier</i>	<i>Include</i>	<i>Description</i>
SWMP	-1	1	Optional parameter not collected
SWMP	-2	0	Missing data
SWMP	-3	0	Data rejected due to QA/QC
SWMP	-4	0	Outside low sensor range
SWMP	-5	0	Outside high sensor range
SWMP	0	1	Passed initial QA/QC checks
SWMP	1	0	Suspect data
SWMP	2	1	Reserved for future use
SWMP	3	1	Calculated data: non-vented depth/level sensor correction for changes in barometric pressure
SWMP	4	1	Historical: Pre-auto QA/QC
SWMP	5	1	Corrected data

Water Column

The water column habitat extends from the water's surface to the bottom sediments, and it's where fish, dolphins, crabs and people swim! So much life makes its home in the water column that the health of marine and coastal ecosystems, as well as human economies, depend on the condition of this vulnerable habitat. Local patterns of rainfall, temperature, winds and currents can rapidly change the condition of the water column, while global influences such as [El Niño/La Niña](#), large-scale fluctuation in sea temperatures and climate change can have long-term effects. Inputs from the prosperity of our day-to-day lives including farming, mining and forestry, and emissions from power generation, automobiles and water treatment can also alter the health of the water column. Acting alone or together, each input can have complex and lasting effects on habitats and ecosystems.

SEACAR evaluates water column health with several essential parameters. These include nutrient surveys of nitrogen and phosphorus, and water quality assessments of salinity, dissolved oxygen, pH, and water temperature. Water clarity is evaluated with Secchi depth, turbidity, levels of chlorophyll a, total suspended solids, and colored dissolved organic matter. Additionally, the richness of nekton is indicated by the abundance of free-swimming fishes and macroinvertebrates like crabs and shrimps.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Analysis

Indicators must have a minimum of five to ten years, depending on the habitat, of data within the geographic range of the analysis to be included in the analysis. Ten years of data are required for discrete parameters, and five years of data are required for continuous parameters. If there are insufficient years of data, the number of years of data available will be noted and labeled as "insufficient data to conduct analysis". Further, for the preferred Seasonal Kendall-Tau test, there must be data from at least two months in common across at least two consecutive years within the RCP managed area being analyzed. Values that pass both of these tests will be included in the analysis and be labeled as *Use_In_Analysis = TRUE*. Any that fail either test will be excluded from the analyses and labeled as *Use_In_Analysis = FALSE*. The points for all Water Column plots displayed in this section are monthly averages. Trend significance will be denoted as "Significant Trend" (when $p < 0.05$), or "Non-significant Trend" (when $p \geq 0.05$). Any parameters with insufficient data to perform Seasonal Kendall-Tau test will have their monthly averages plotted without a corresponding trend line.

Water Quality - Discrete

The following files were used in the discrete analysis:

- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_corrected_for_pheophytin-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_uncorrected_for_pheophytin-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Colored_dissolved_organic_matter_CDOM-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_pH-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Salinity-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Secchi_Depth-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Nitrogen-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Phosphorus-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Suspended_Solids_TSS-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Turbidity-2025-Sep-04.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Water_Temperature-2025-Sep-04.txt*

Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

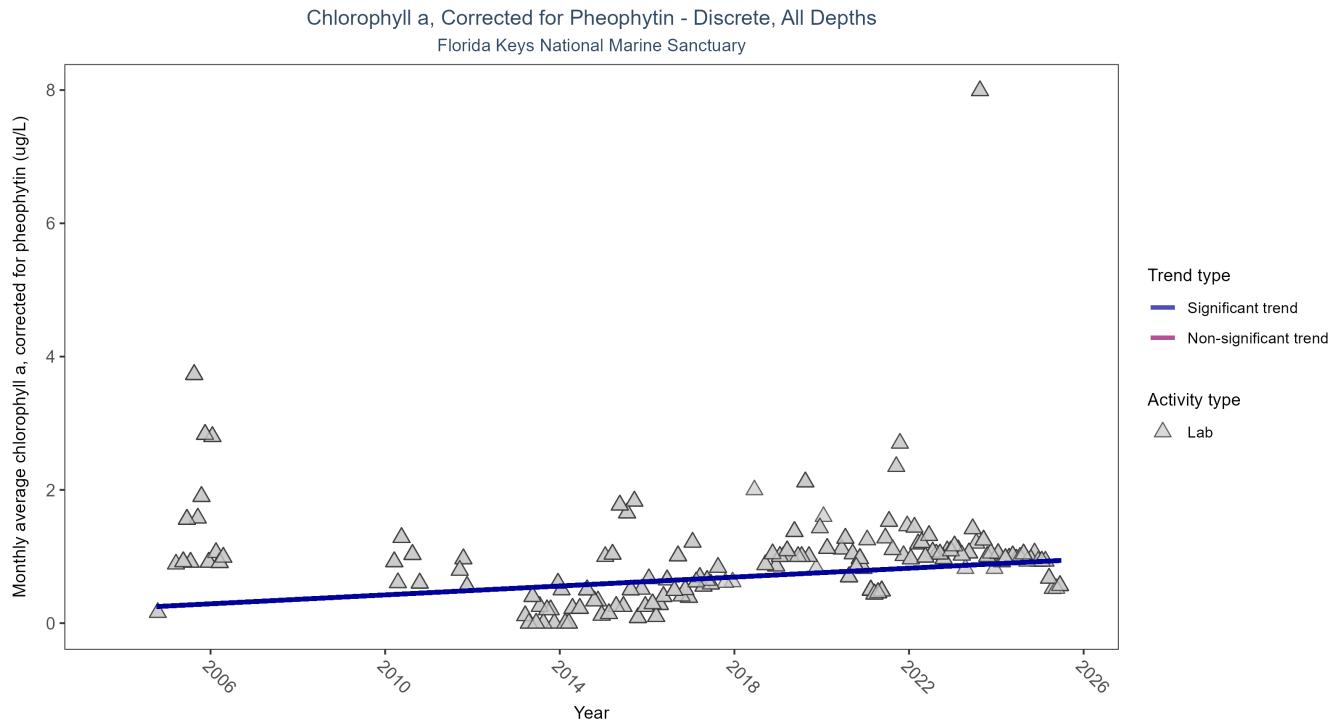


Figure 1: Scatter plot of monthly average levels of chlorophyll a, corrected for pheophytin, over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only laboratory-analyzed chlorophyll a (triangles) is included in the plot.

Table 6: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly increasing trend	2130	18	2004 - 2025	0.6495	0.2411	0.2235	0.0334	0.0001

Monthly average chlorophyll a, corrected for pheophytin, increased by 0.03 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ per year, indicating a decrease in water clarity.

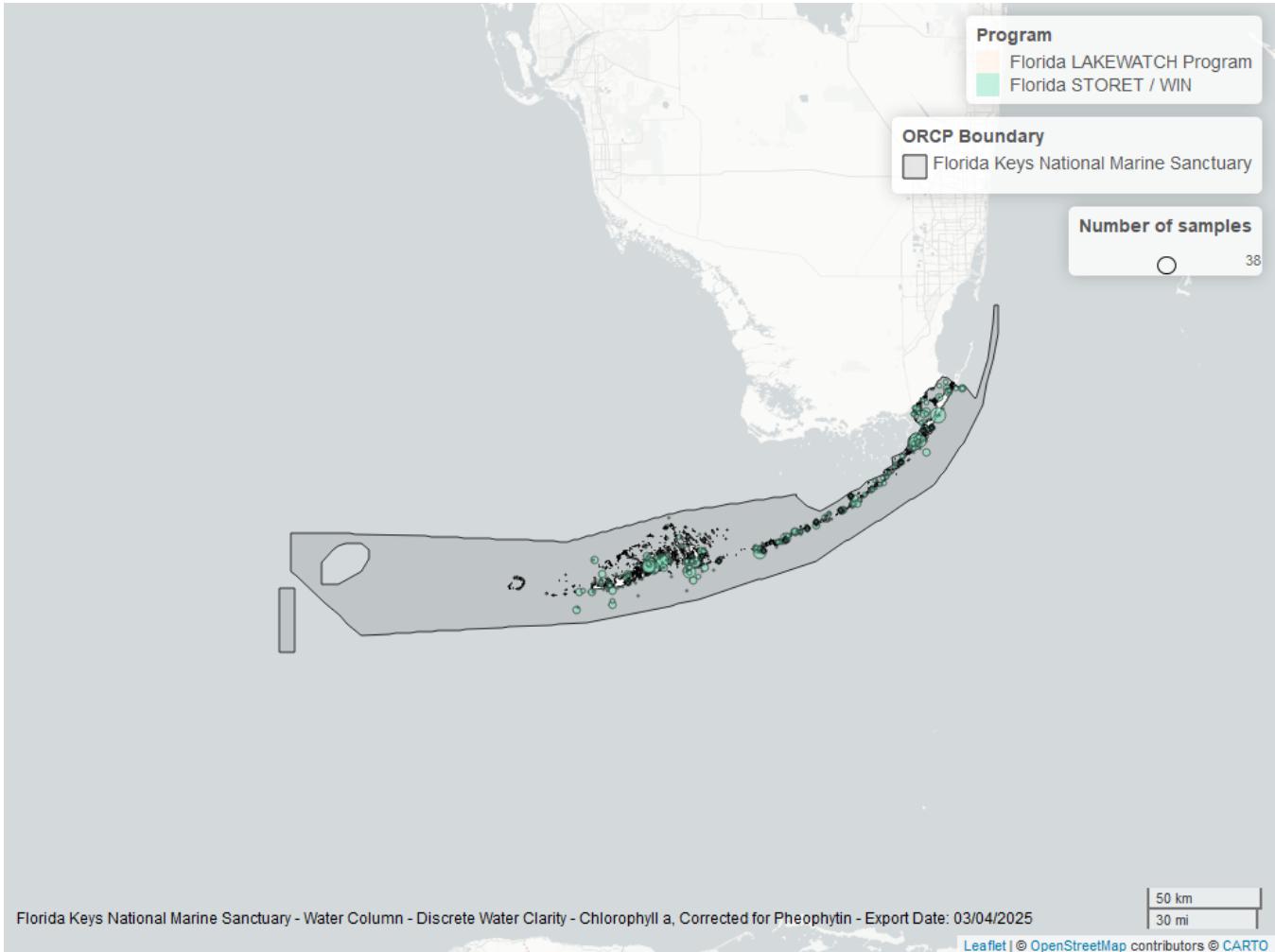


Figure 2: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 7: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	1994	2004	2025
514	230	2018	2024

Program names:

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program¹
 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

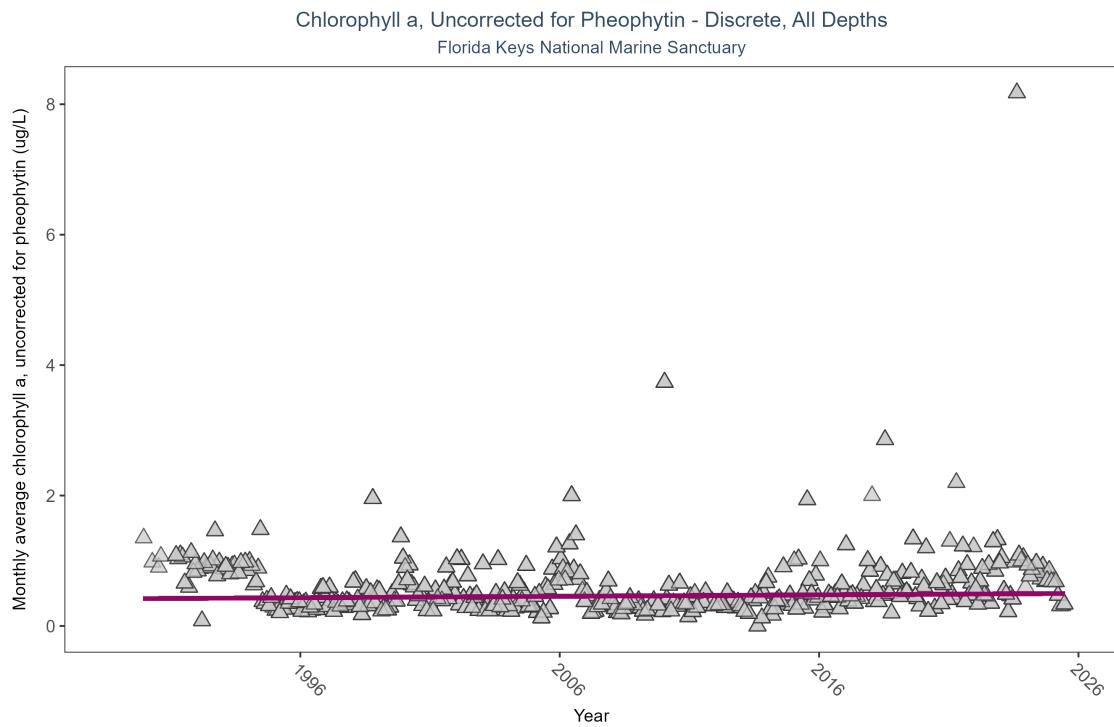


Figure 3: Scatter plot of monthly average levels of chlorophyll a, uncorrected for pheophytin, over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only laboratory-analyzed chlorophyll a (triangles) is included in the plot.

Table 8: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	No significant trend	21214	37	1989 - 2025	0.2978	0.0606	0.4178	0.0022	0.0904

Chlorophyll a, uncorrected for pheophytin, showed no detectable trend between 1989 and 2025.

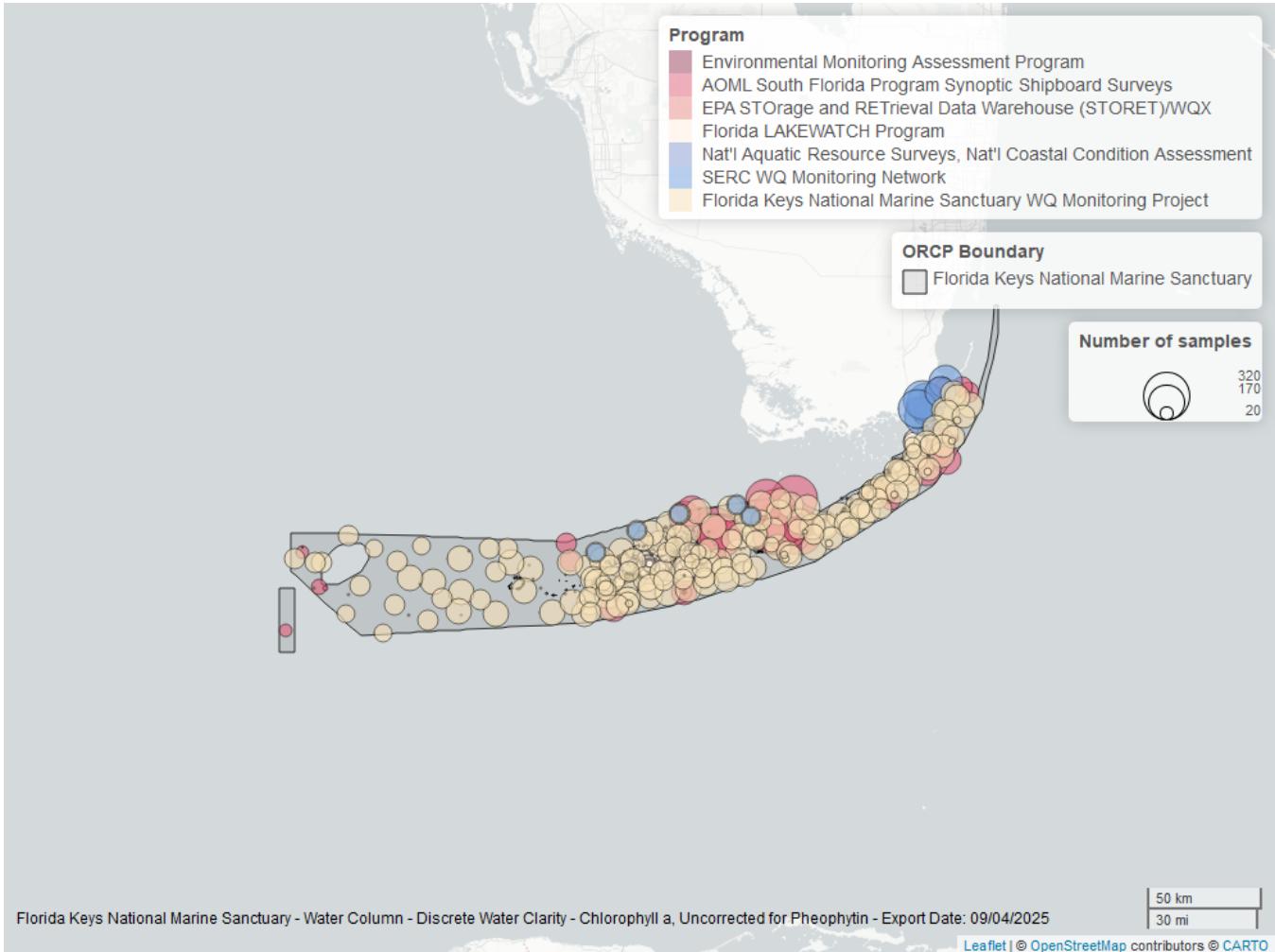


Figure 4: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 9: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
297	16110	1995	2023
3	5242	1998	2024
514	2851	1998	2024
509	1418	1989	2008
5002	1038	2001	2025
60	744	1993	2016
103	58	2000	2015
118	28	2000	2010
115	28	2000	2004

Program names:

3 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard Surveys³

60 - Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) - Gulf of Mexico Fall & Summer

Shrimp/Groundfish Survey⁴

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶

118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment⁷

297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸

509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Colored Dissolved Organic Matter - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

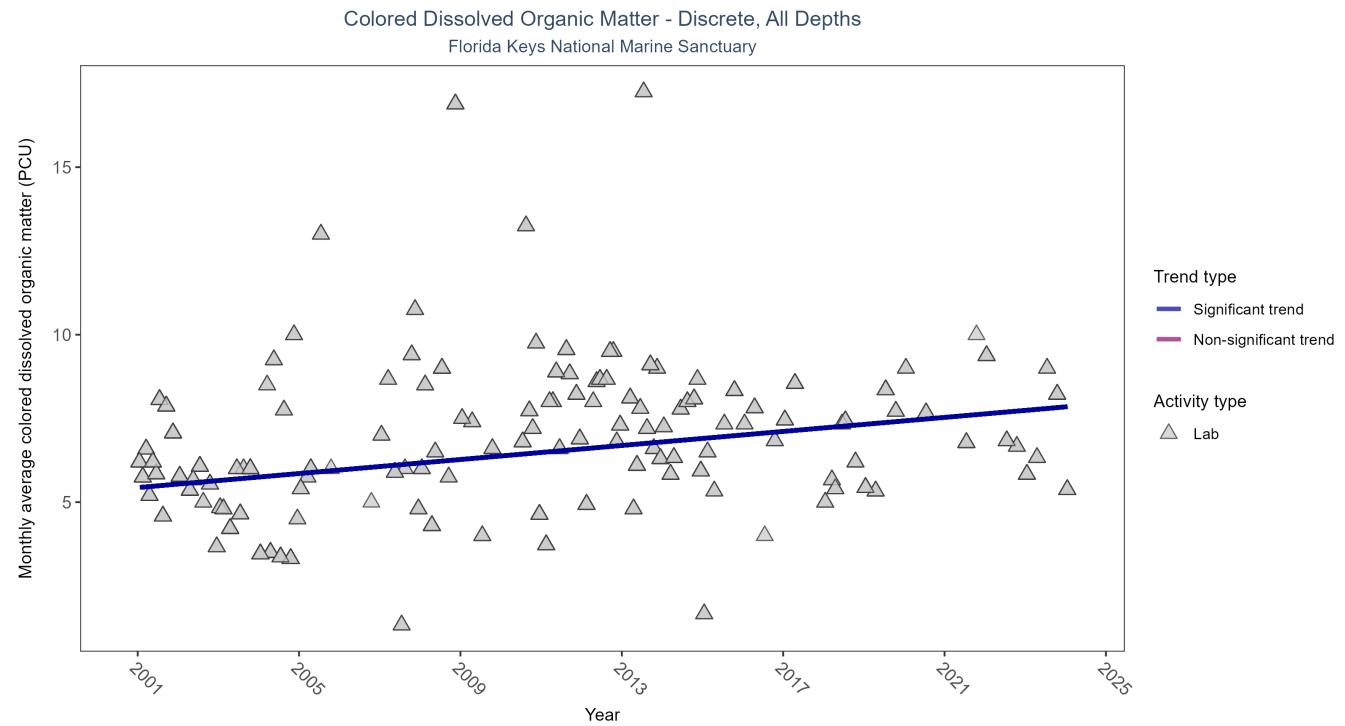


Figure 5: Scatter plot of monthly average colored dissolved organic matter (CDOM) over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only laboratory-analyzed CDOM (triangles) is included in the plot.

Table 10: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly increasing trend	1025	24	2001 - 2024	6	0.2457	5.4354	0.1048	0.0003

Monthly average colored dissolved organic matter increased by 0.1 PCU per year, indicating a decrease in water clarity.

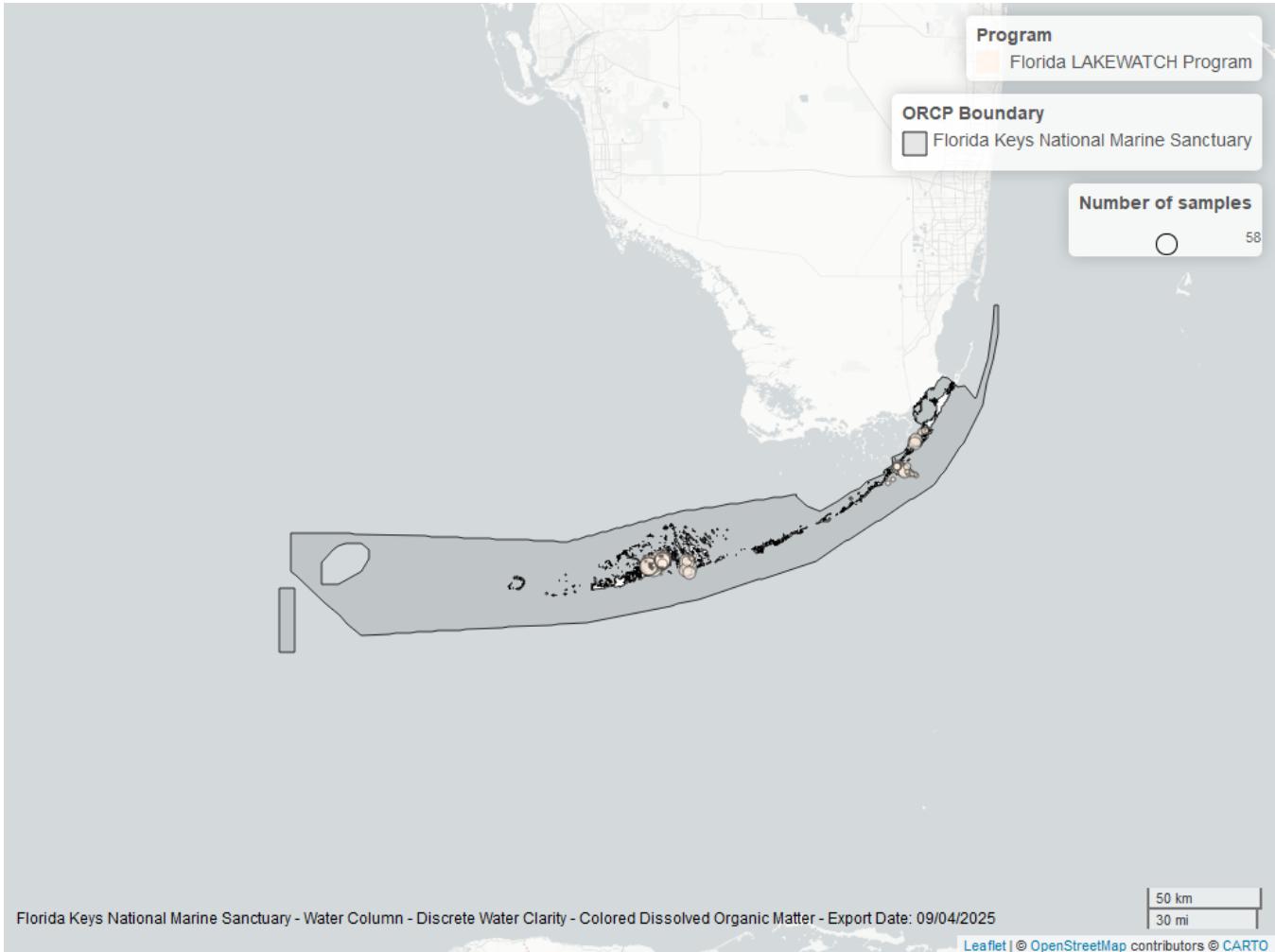


Figure 6: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 11: Programs contributing data for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
514	1025	2001	2024

Program names:

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program¹

Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

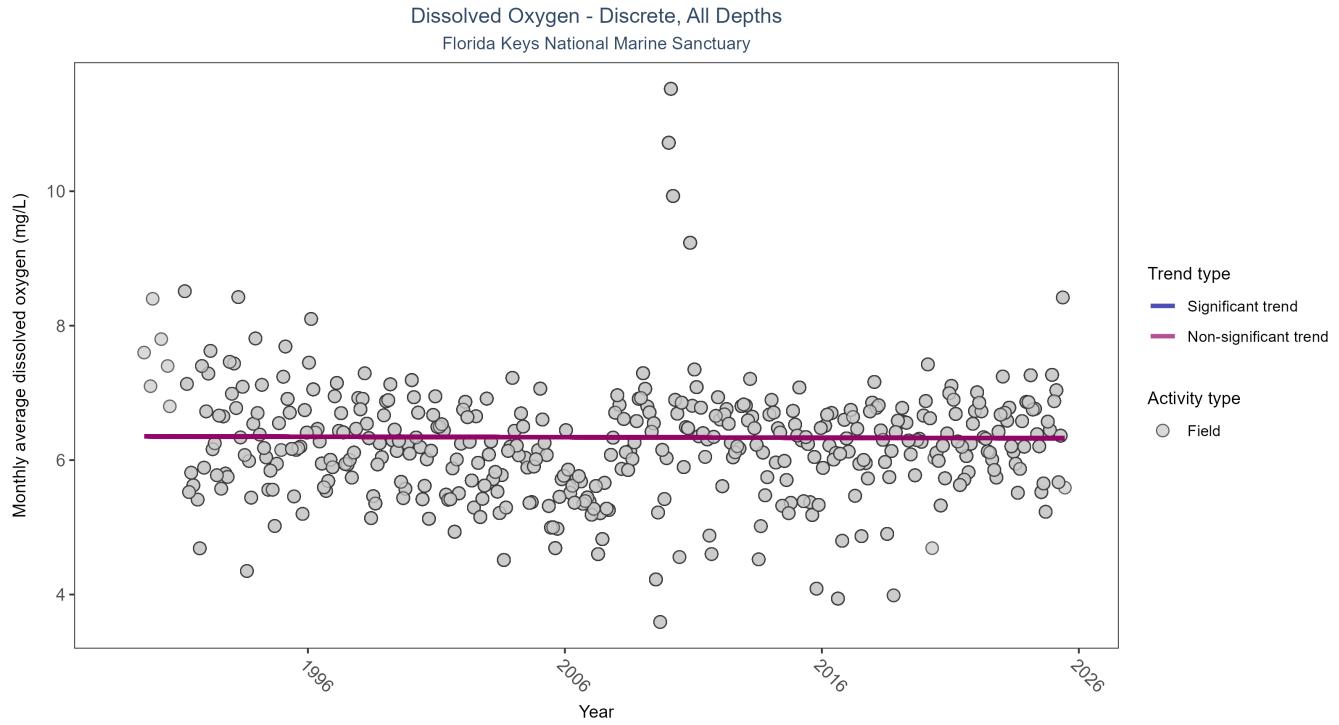


Figure 7: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only dissolved oxygen values measured in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 12: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Dissolved Oxygen

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	No significant trend	52269	37	1989 - 2025	6.3034	-0.009	6.3532	-0.0008	0.7864

Dissolved oxygen showed no detectable trend between 1989 and 2025.

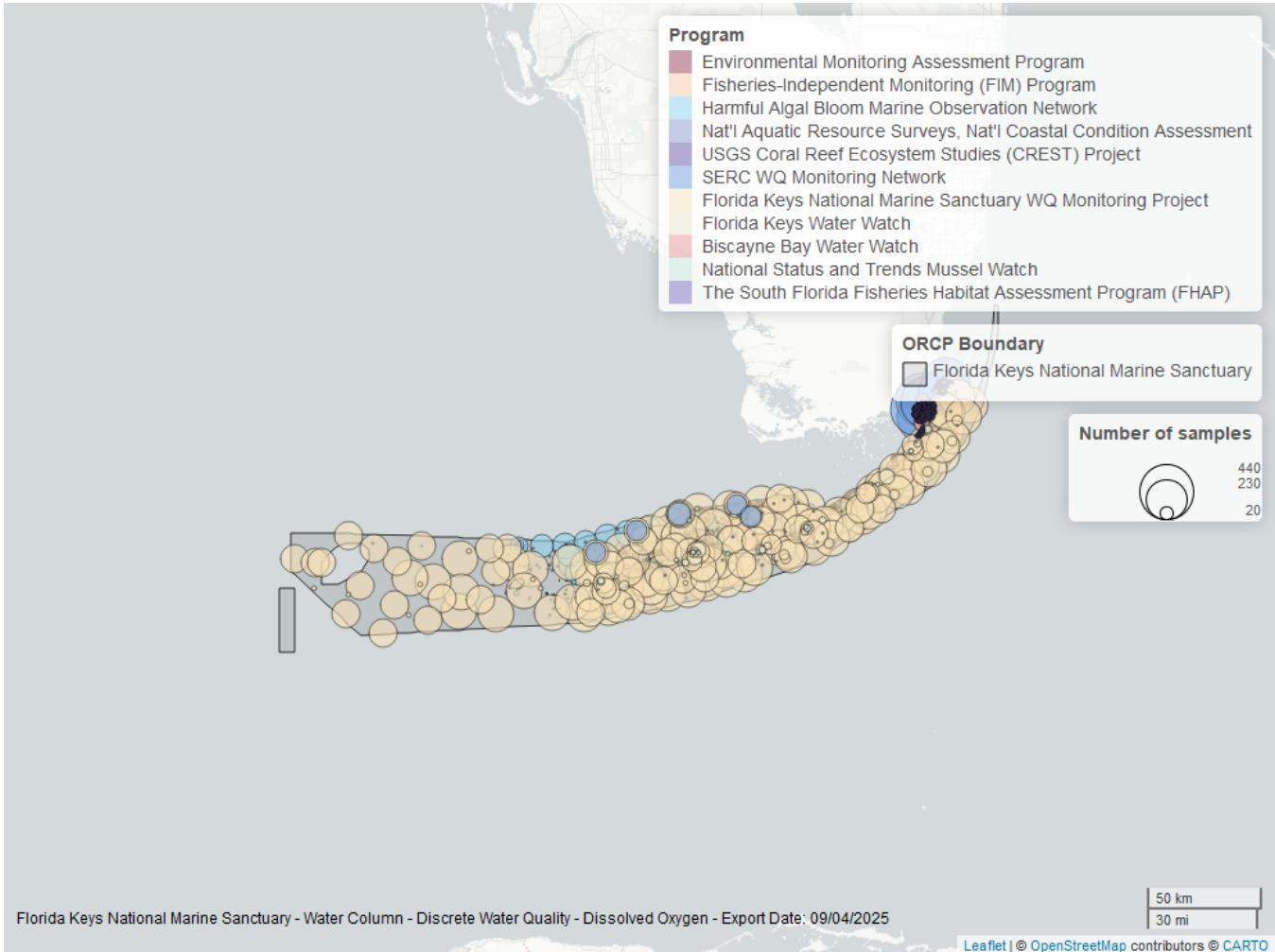


Figure 8: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 13: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
297	32169	1995	2023
5002	5434	2003	2025
103	5153	2008	2015
60	2910	1993	2024
509	2701	1989	2008
69	1770	1997	2024
95	1560	1994	2018
4049	1024	2006	2023
3000	377	2015	2018
118	104	2000	2021
899	93	2014	2015
115	89	2000	2004
4057	59	2015	2018
102	42	1996	2000

Program names:

- 60 - Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) - Gulf of Mexico Fall & Summer Shrimp/Groundfish Survey⁴
 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program¹⁰
 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network¹¹
 102 - National Status and Trends Mussel Watch¹²
 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵
 115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶
 118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment⁷
 297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸
 509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹
 899 - USGS Coral Reef Ecosystem Studies (CREST) Project¹³
 3000 - Florida Keys Water Watch¹⁴
 4049 - The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)¹⁵
 4057 - Biscayne Bay Water Watch¹⁶
 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

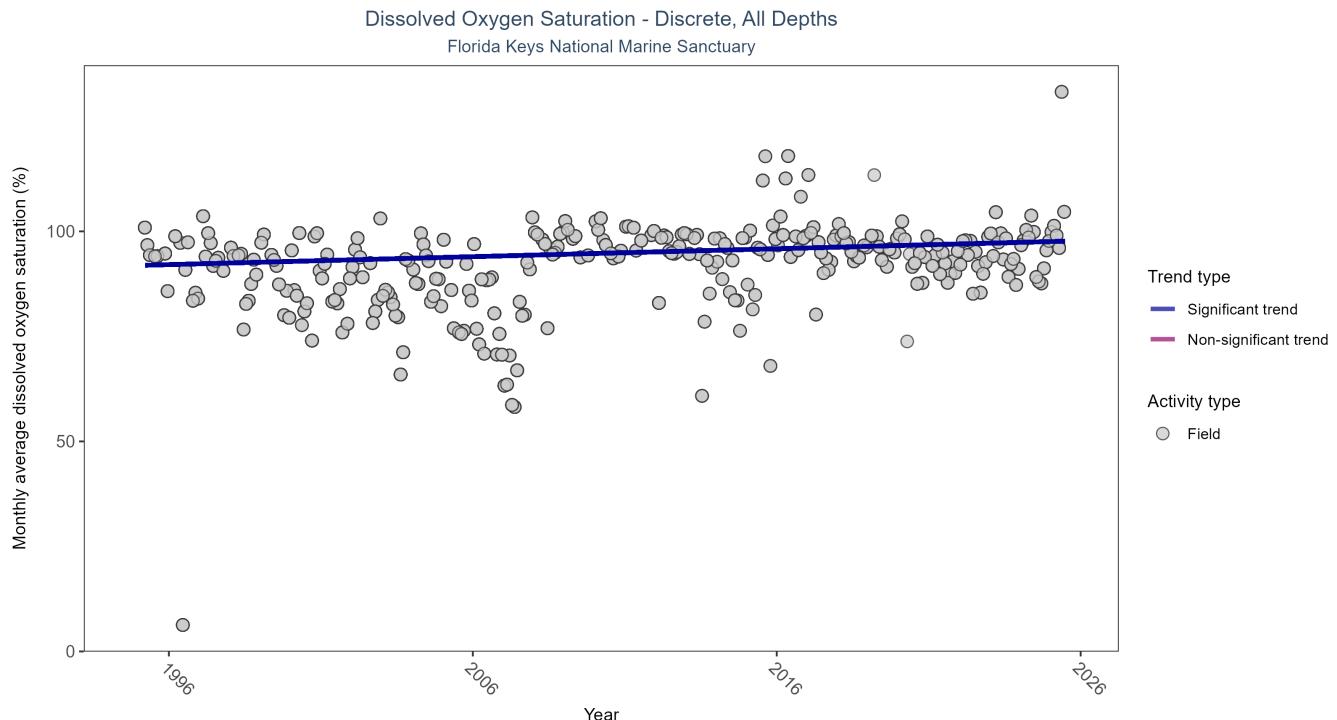


Figure 9: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only dissolved oxygen saturation values measured in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 14: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly increasing trend	29573	31	1995 - 2025	94.7807	0.1915	91.897	0.1891	0

Monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation increased by 0.19% per year.

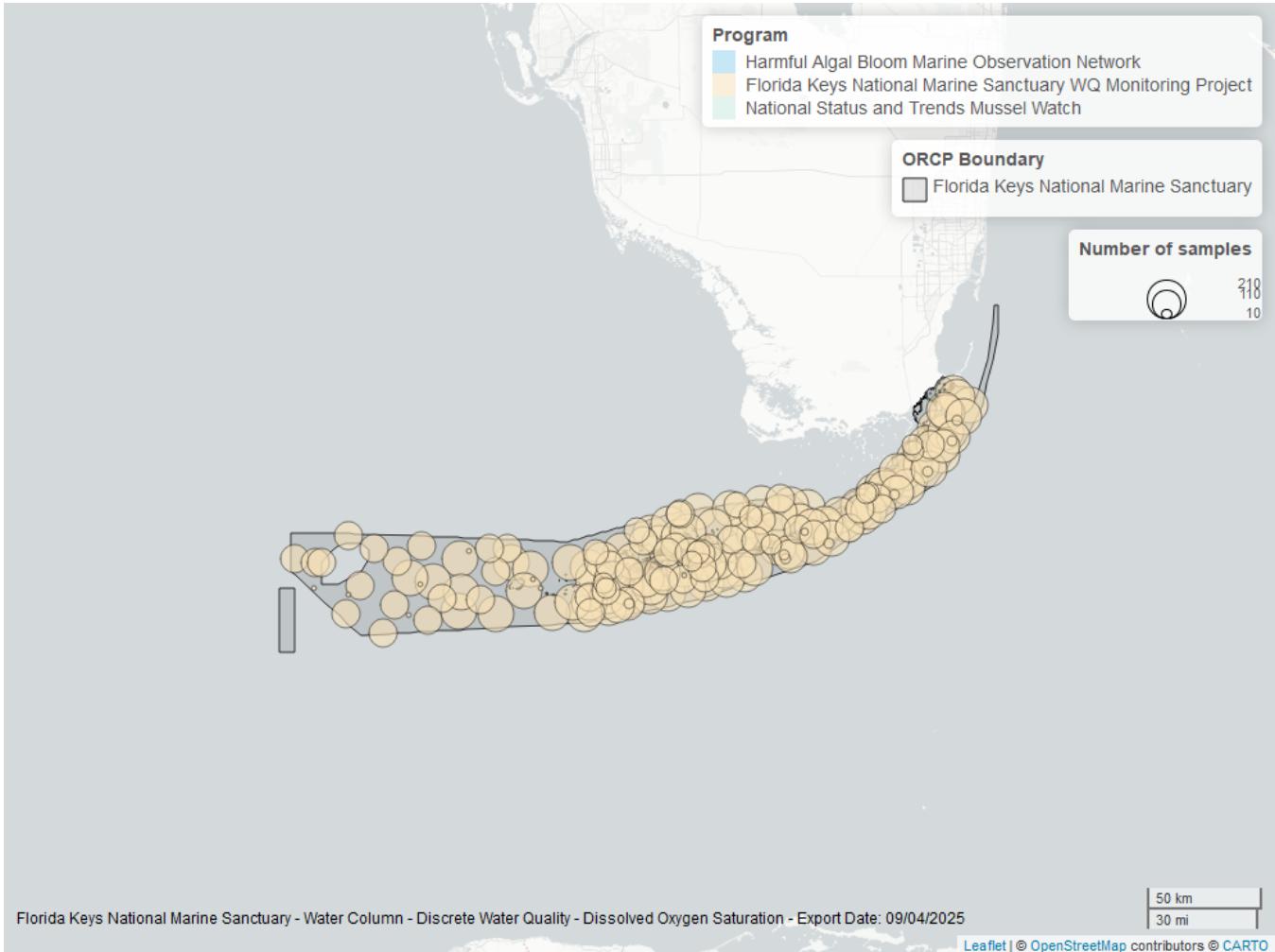


Figure 10: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 15: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
297	25419	1995	2020
5002	4197	2009	2025
102	18	1996	1996
95	1	2017	2017

Program names:

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network¹¹

102 - National Status and Trends Mussel Watch¹²

297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

pH - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

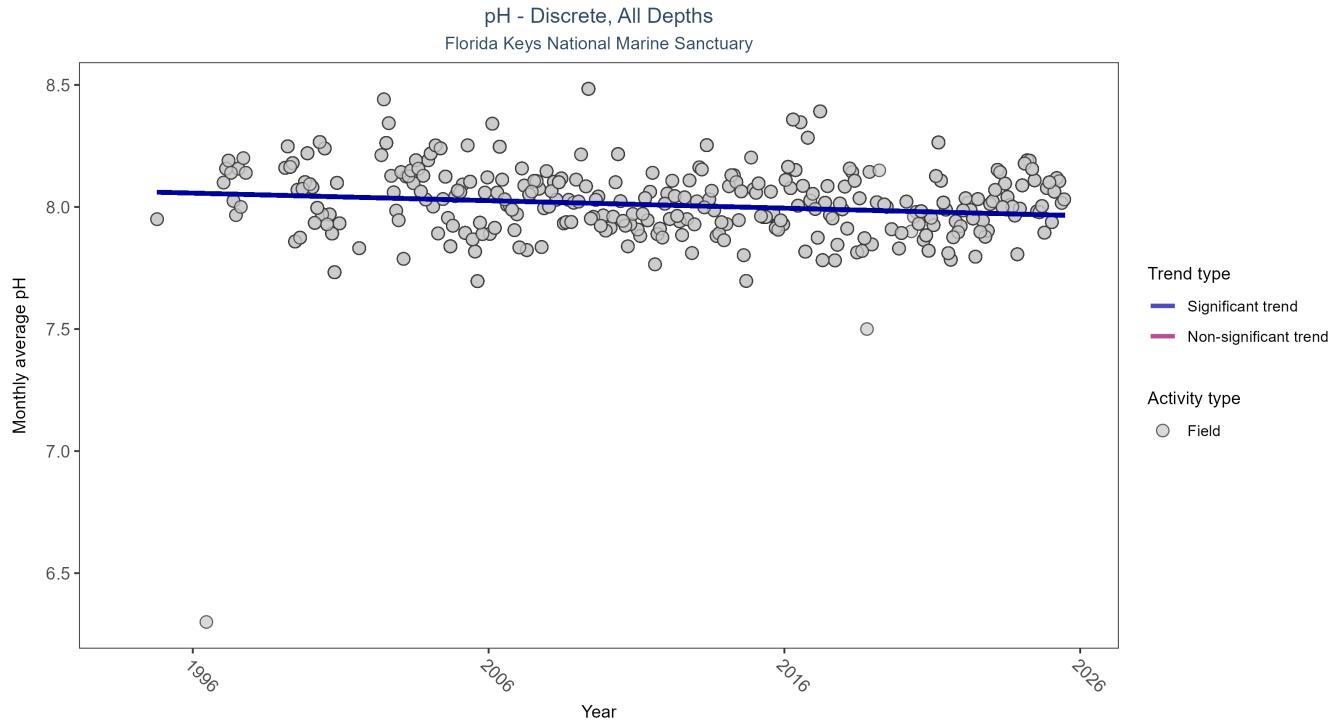


Figure 11: Scatter plot of monthly average pH over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only pH values measured in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 16: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for pH

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly decreasing trend	10078	30	1994 - 2025	8.04	-0.1446	8.0629	-0.0031	0.0004

Monthly average pH decreased by less than 0.01 pH units per year.

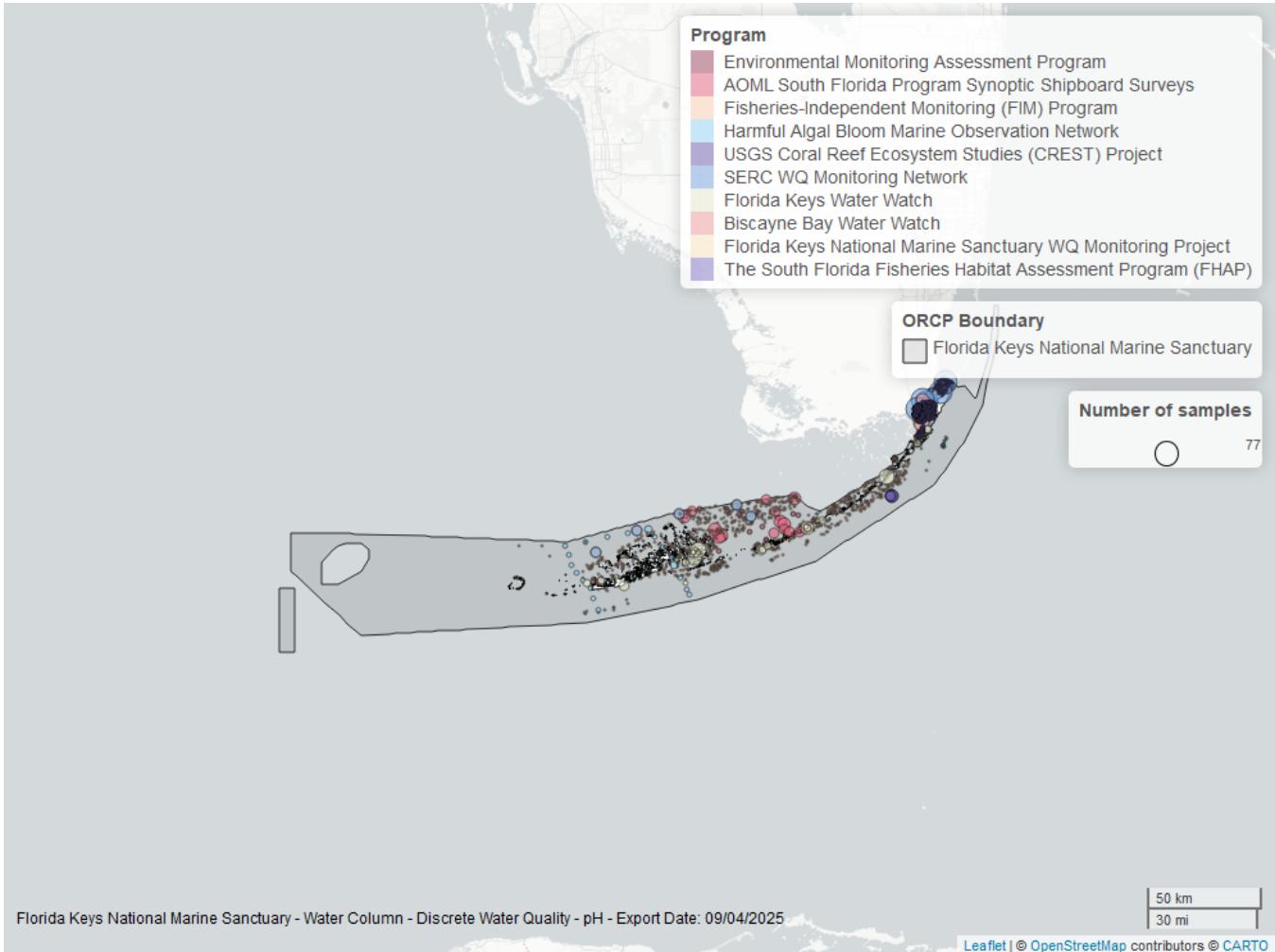


Figure 12: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 17: Programs contributing data for pH

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	5609	2003	2025
69	1760	1997	2024
4049	1103	2005	2023
509	545	2002	2008
3000	377	2015	2018
3	287	2009	2012
95	142	1994	2018
297	114	2003	2011
115	89	2000	2004
899	88	2014	2015
4057	59	2015	2018
103	30	2015	2015

Program names:

- 3 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard Surveys³
 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program¹⁰
 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network¹¹
 103 - EPA STOREt and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵
 115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶
 297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸
 509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹
 899 - USGS Coral Reef Ecosystem Studies (CREST) Project¹³
 3000 - Florida Keys Water Watch¹⁴
 4049 - The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)¹⁵
 4057 - Biscayne Bay Water Watch¹⁶
 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Salinity - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

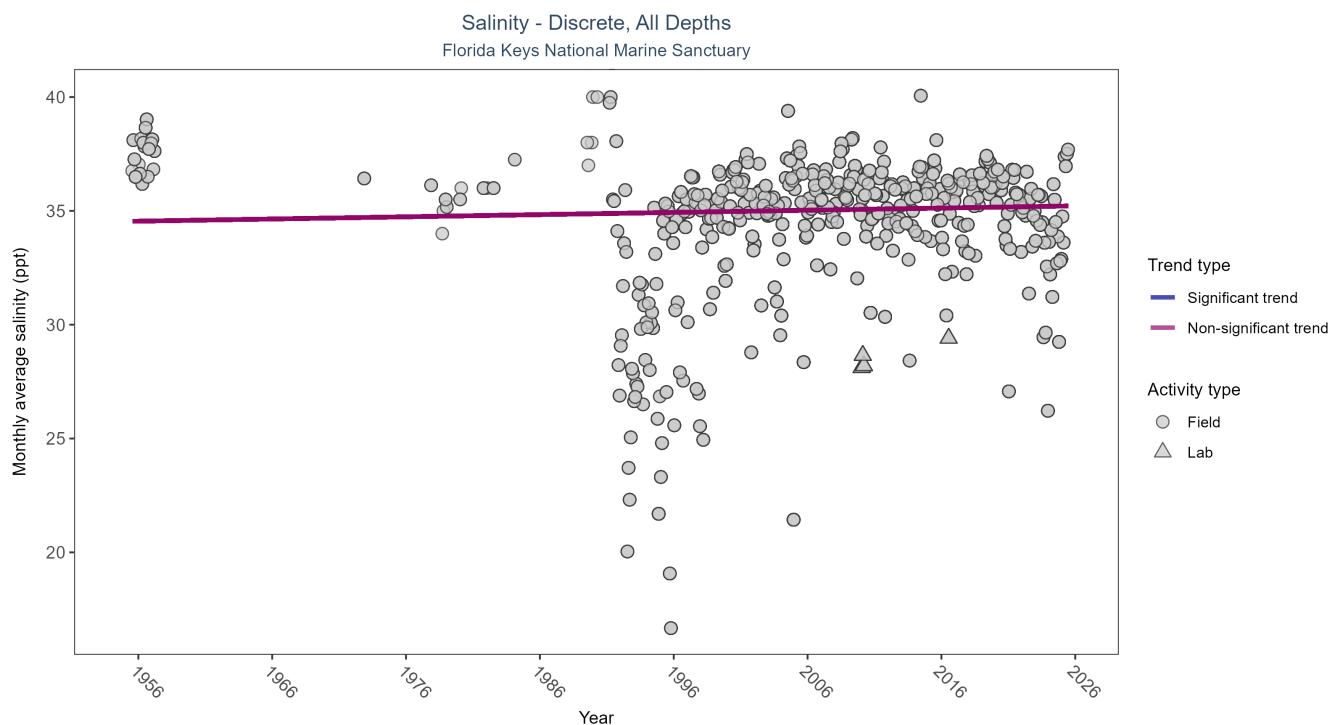


Figure 13: Scatter plot of monthly average salinity over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines are also shown. Discrete salinity values derived from grab samples analyzed in the field (circles) or the laboratory (triangles) are both included in the plot.

Table 18: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Salinity

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
All	No significant trend	56024	48	1955 - 2025	36.1848	0.0374	34.5379	0.0096	0.279

Salinity showed no detectable trend between 1955 and 2025.

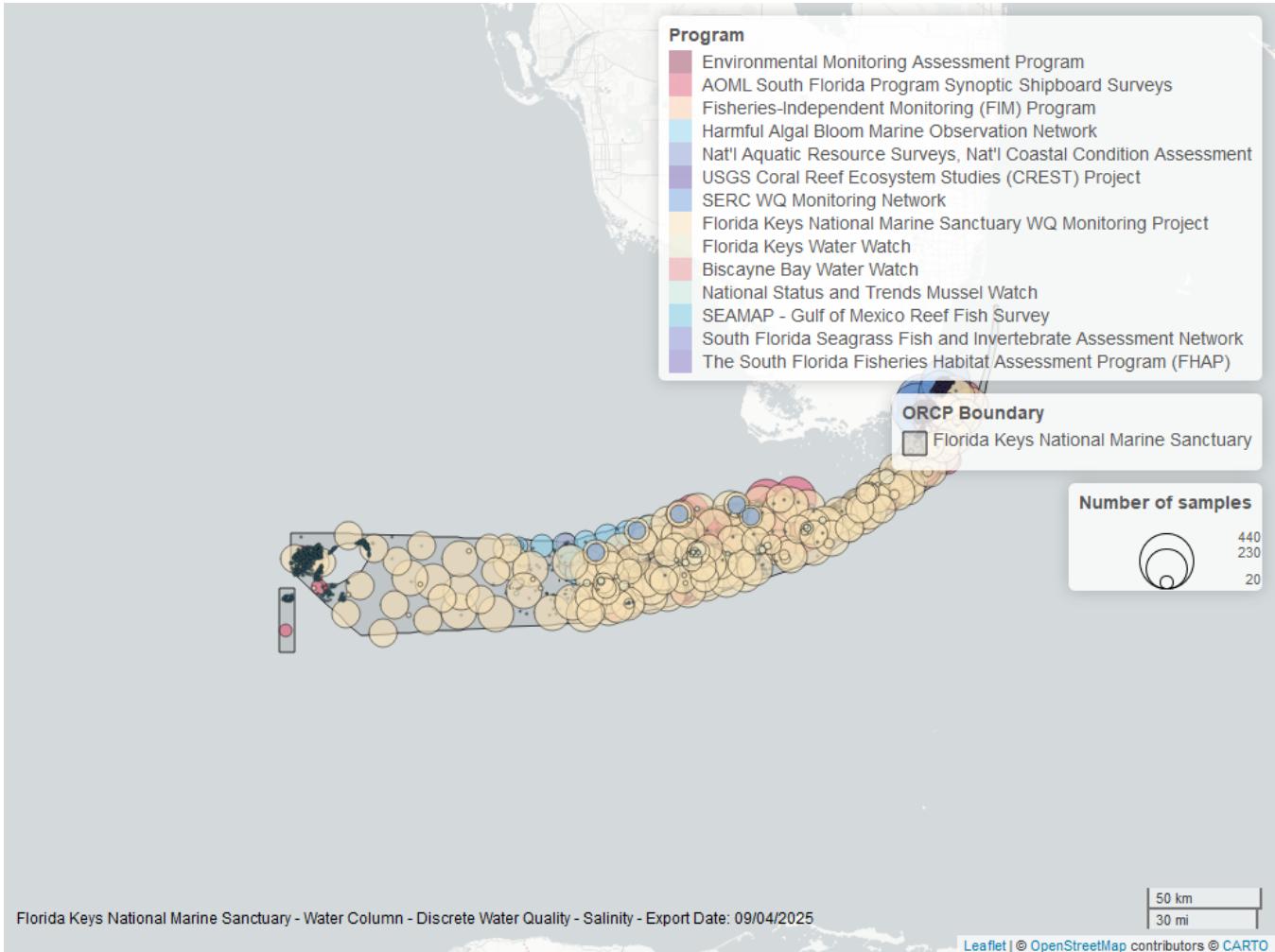


Figure 14: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 19: Programs contributing data for Salinity

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
297	31841	1995	2023
5002	5606	2003	2025
3	5058	1998	2024
509	2581	1989	2008
965	2317	2005	2011
95	1889	1955	2018
60	1875	1993	2024
69	1768	1997	2024
62	1168	1993	2019
4049	1168	2005	2023
3000	379	2015	2018
118	109	2015	2021
115	89	2000	2004
899	82	2014	2015
102	60	1996	2000

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
4057	59	2015	2018

Program names:

- 3 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard Surveys³
 60 - Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) - Gulf of Mexico Fall & Summer Shrimp/Groundfish Survey⁴
 62 - Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) - Gulf of Mexico Reef Fish Survey¹⁷
 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program¹⁰
 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network¹¹
 102 - National Status and Trends Mussel Watch¹²
 115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶
 118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment⁷
 297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸
 509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹
 899 - USGS Coral Reef Ecosystem Studies (CREST) Project¹³
 965 - South Florida Seagrass Fish and Invertebrate Assessment Network¹⁸
 3000 - Florida Keys Water Watch¹⁴
 4049 - The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)¹⁵
 4057 - Biscayne Bay Water Watch¹⁶
 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Secchi Depth - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

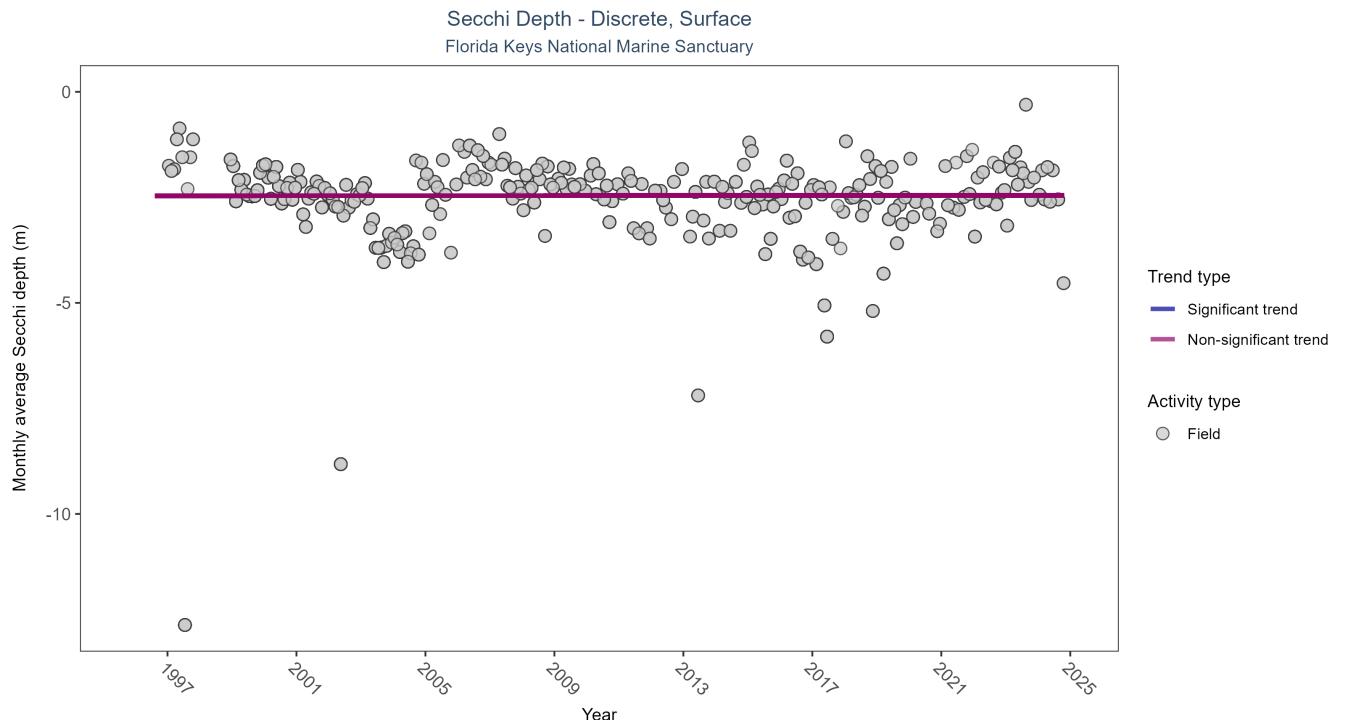


Figure 15: Scatter plot of monthly average Secchi depth over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Secchi depth is only measured in the field (circles).

Table 20: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Secchi Depth

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	No significant trend	5102	29	1996 - 2024	-2.1336	0.0017	-2.4626	0.0004	0.924

Secchi depth showed no detectable trend between 1996 and 2024.

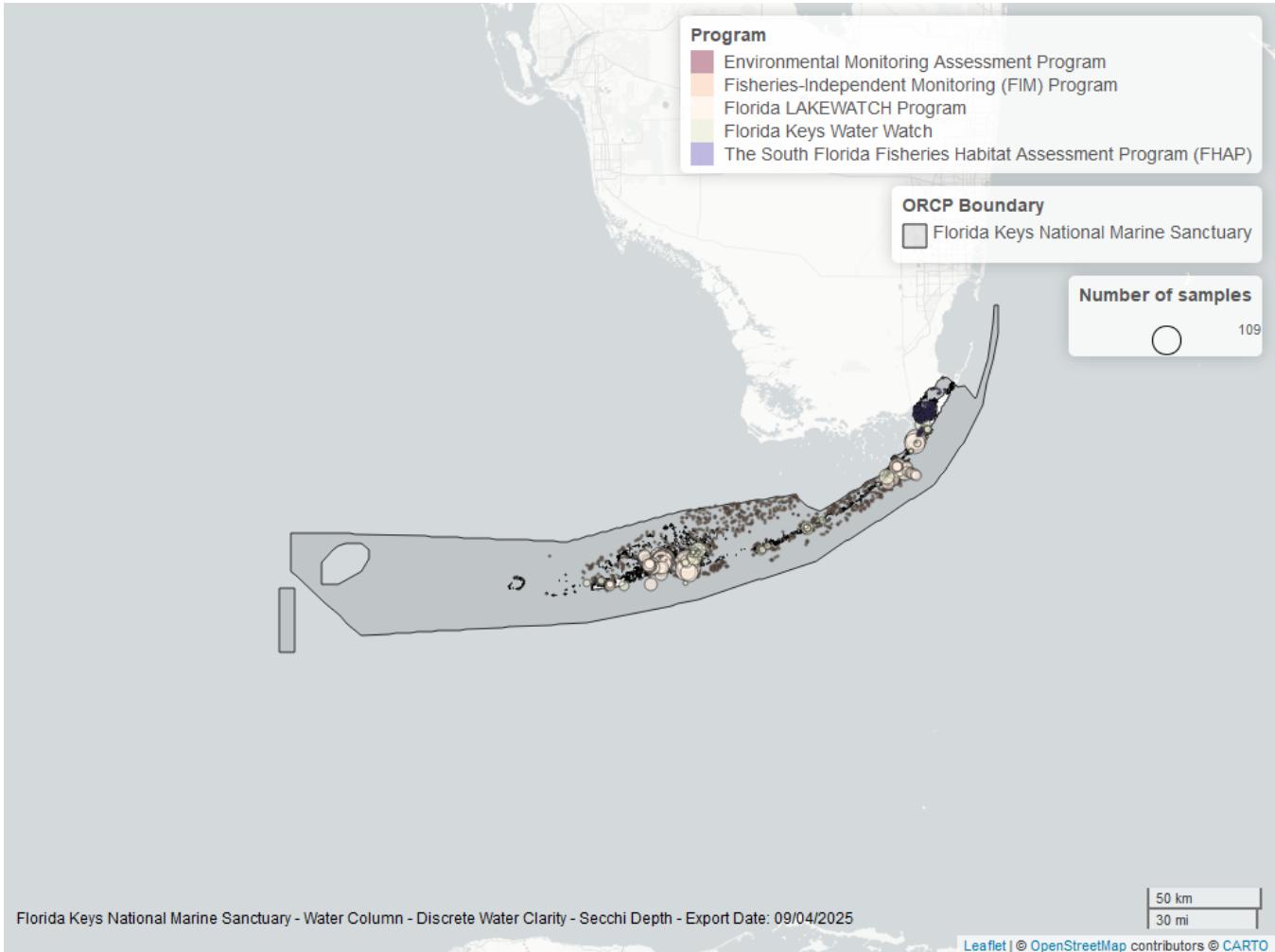


Figure 16: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 21: Programs contributing data for Secchi Depth

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
514	2529	1998	2024
69	1777	1997	2024
3000	373	2015	2018
5002	352	2005	2022
4049	252	2005	2023
60	29	1996	2024
115	21	2000	2004
103	3	2000	2015

Program names:

- 60 - Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) - Gulf of Mexico Fall & Summer Shrimp/Groundfish Survey⁴
- 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program¹⁰
- 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program¹

3000 - Florida Keys Water Watch¹⁴

4049 - The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)¹⁵

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Total Nitrogen - Discrete

Total Nitrogen Calculation:

The logic for calculated Total Nitrogen was provided by Kevin O'Donnell and colleagues at FDEP (with the help of Jay Silvanima, Watershed Monitoring Section). The following logic is used, in this order, based on the availability of specific nitrogen components.

- 1) $TN = TKN + NO_3O_2;$
- 2) $TN = TKN + NO_3 + NO_2;$
- 3) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3O_2;$
- 4) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_2 + NO_3;$
- 5) $TN = TKN + NO_3;$
- 6) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3;$

Additional Information:

- Rules for use of sample fraction:
 - Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) report that if both “Total” and “Dissolved” components are reported, only “Total” is used. If the total is not reported, then the dissolved components are used as a best available replacement.
 - Total nitrogen calculations are done using nitrogen components with the same sample fraction, nitrogen components with mixed total/dissolved sample fractions are not used. In other words, total nitrogen can be calculated when TKN and NO₃O₂ are both total sample fractions, or when both are dissolved sample fractions. *Future calculations of total nitrogen values may be based on components with mixed sample fractions.*
- Values inserted into data:
 - ParameterName = “Total Nitrogen”
 - SEACAR_QAACFlagCode = “1Q”
 - SEACAR_QAAC>Description = “SEACAR Calculated”

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

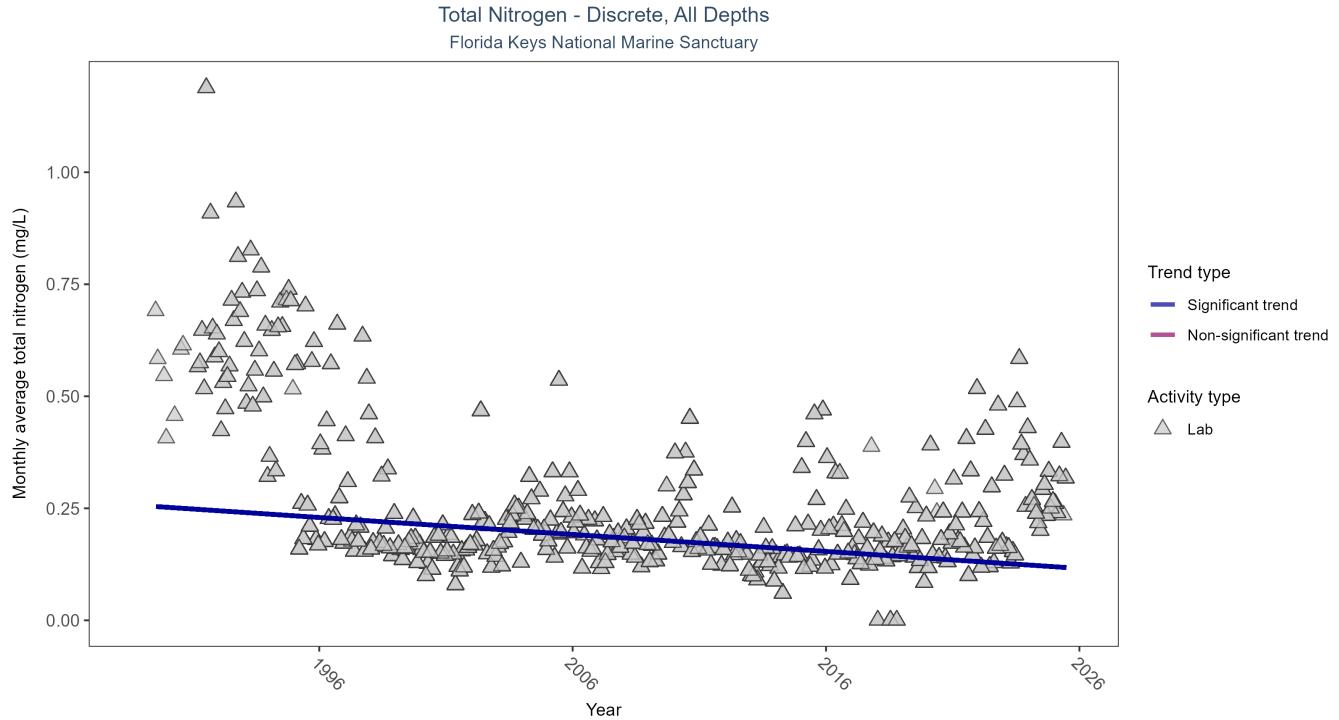


Figure 17: Scatter plot of monthly average total nitrogen over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only nitrogen values obtained from laboratory analyses (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 22: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Nitrogen

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly decreasing trend	34692	37	1989 - 2025	0.1464	-0.2415	0.256	-0.0038	0

Monthly average total nitrogen decreased by less than 0.01 mg/L per year.

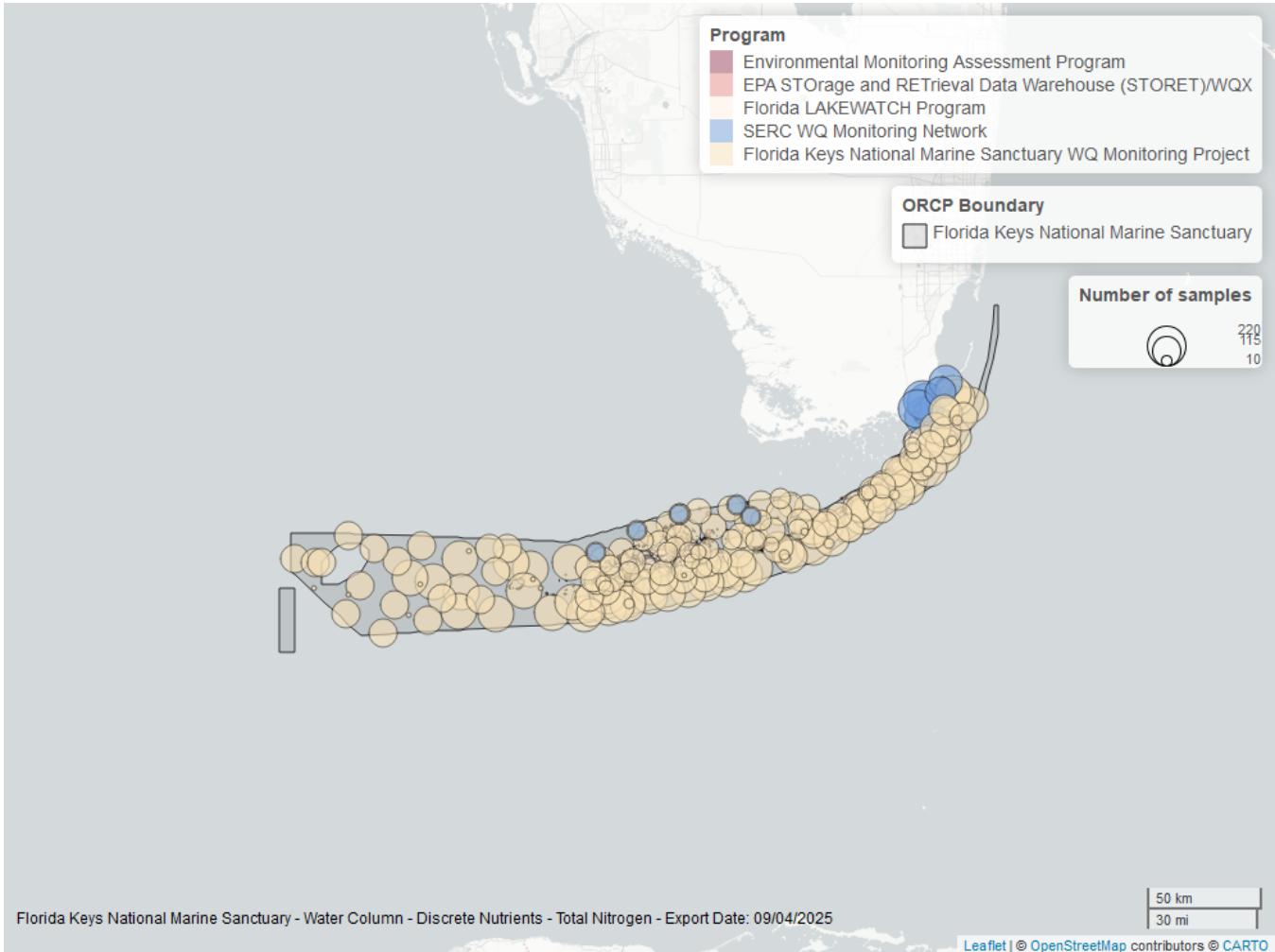


Figure 18: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 23: Programs contributing data for Total Nitrogen

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
297	26114	1995	2023
5002	4987	1998	2025
514	2929	1998	2024
509	1424	1989	2008
103	97	2000	2006
115	28	2000	2004

Program names:

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶

297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸

509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Total Phosphorus - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

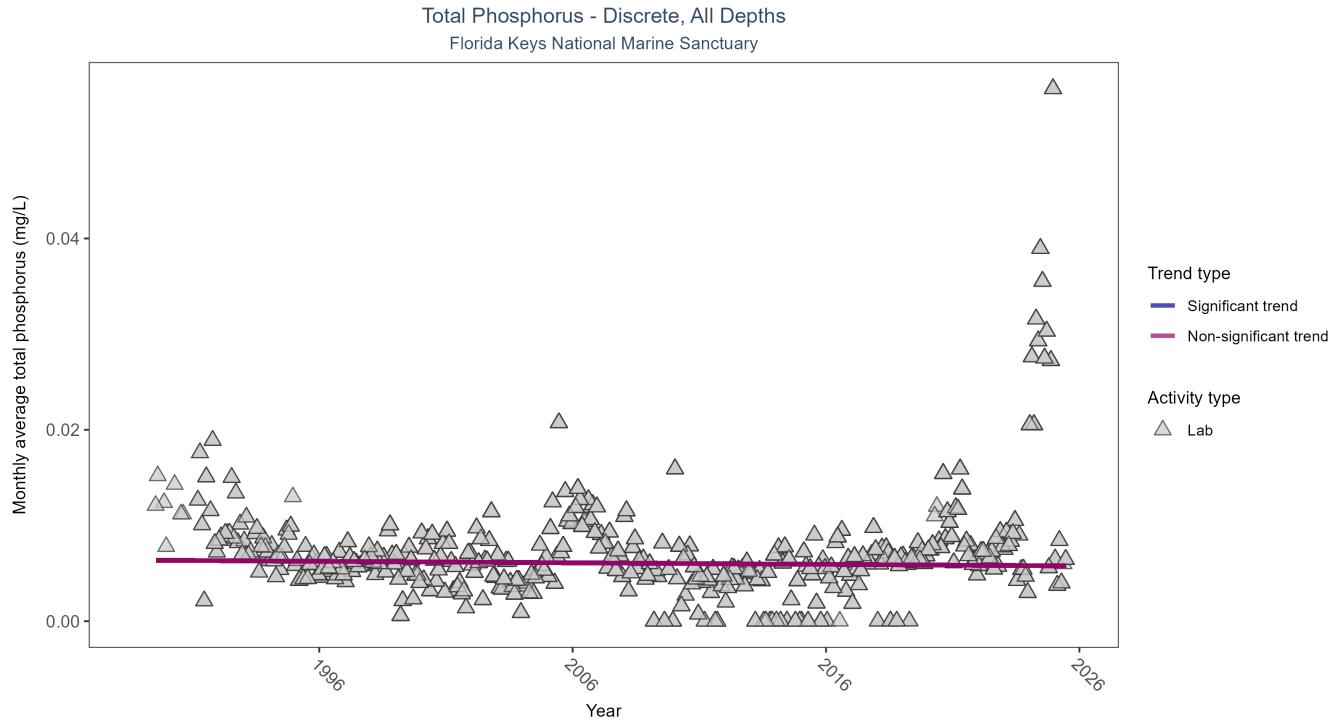


Figure 19: Scatter plot of monthly average total phosphorus over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only phosphorus values obtained from laboratory analyses (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 24: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Phosphorus

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	No significant trend	32400	37	1989 - 2025	0.0059	-0.0405	0.0064	0	0.2519

Total phosphorus showed no detectable trend between 1989 and 2025.

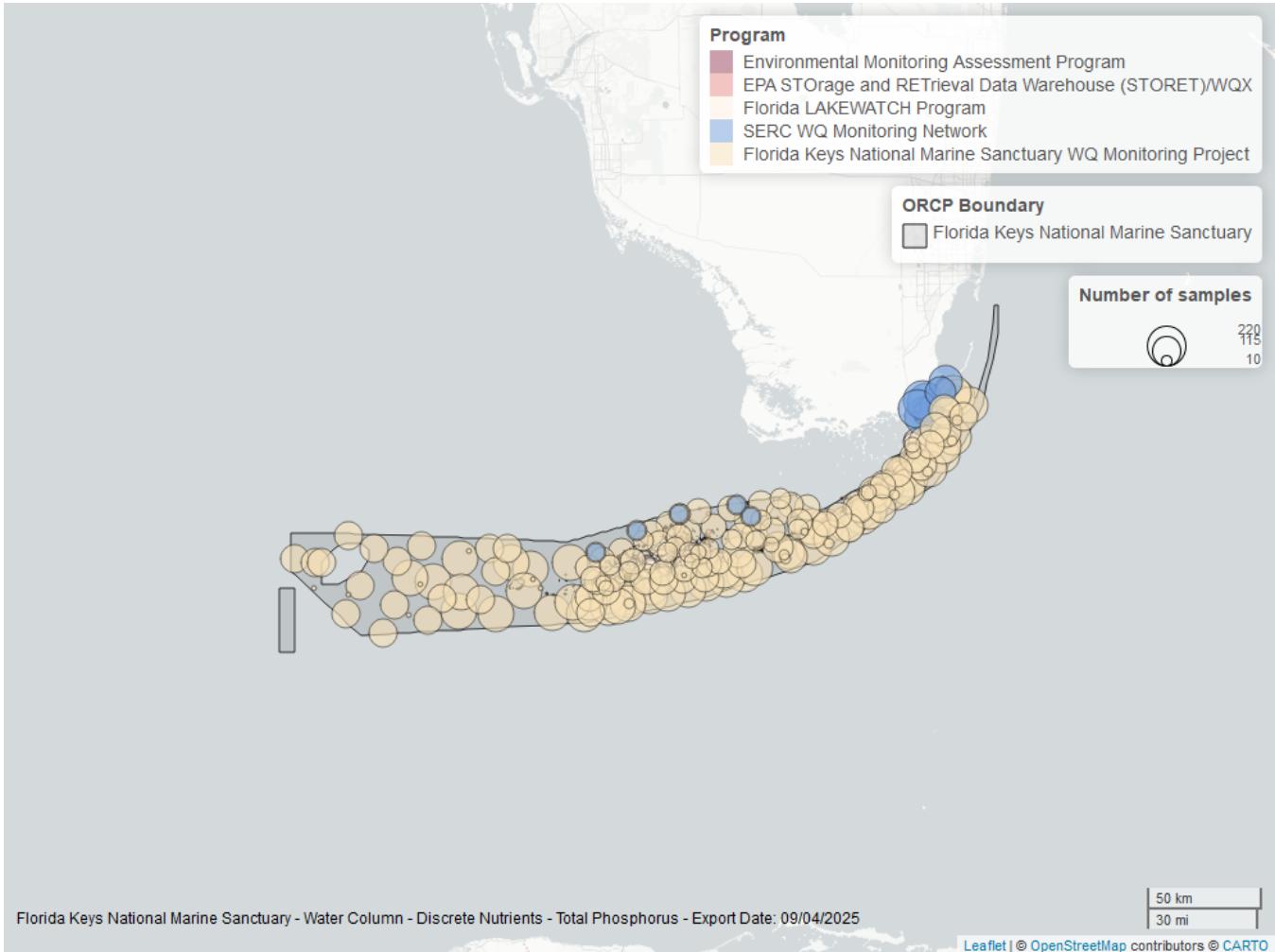


Figure 20: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 25: Programs contributing data for Total Phosphorus

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
297	26166	1995	2023
514	2942	1998	2024
5002	2311	2005	2025
509	1425	1989	2008
103	88	2000	2015
115	28	2000	2004

Program names:

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶

297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸

509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Total Suspended Solids - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

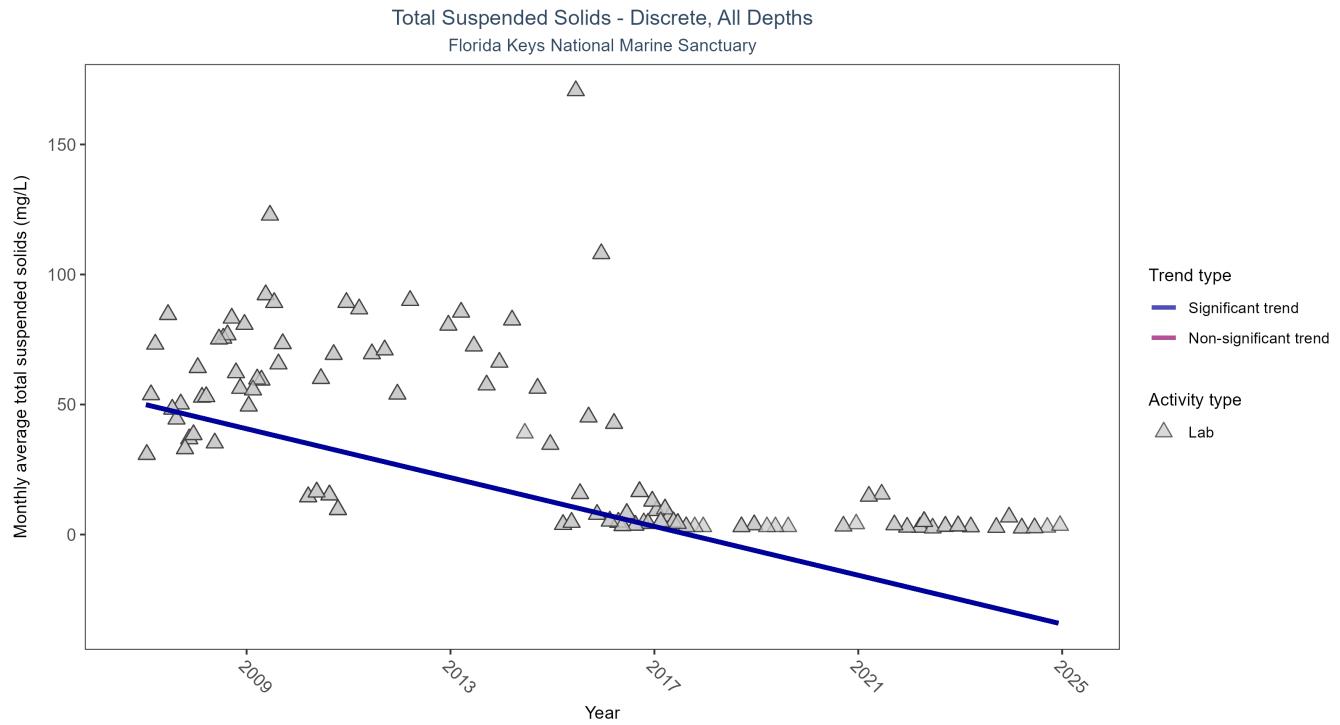


Figure 21: Scatter plot of monthly average total suspended solids (TSS) over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only TSS values obtained from laboratory analyses (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 26: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Suspended Solids

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly decreasing trend	537	18	2007 - 2024	12	-0.5984	50.053	-4.6933	0

Monthly average total suspended solids decreased by 4.69 mg/L per year, indicating an increase in water clarity.



Figure 22: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 27: Programs contributing data for Total Suspended Solids

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
3	1391	2001	2012
5002	549	2007	2024

Program names:

3 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard Surveys³

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Turbidity - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

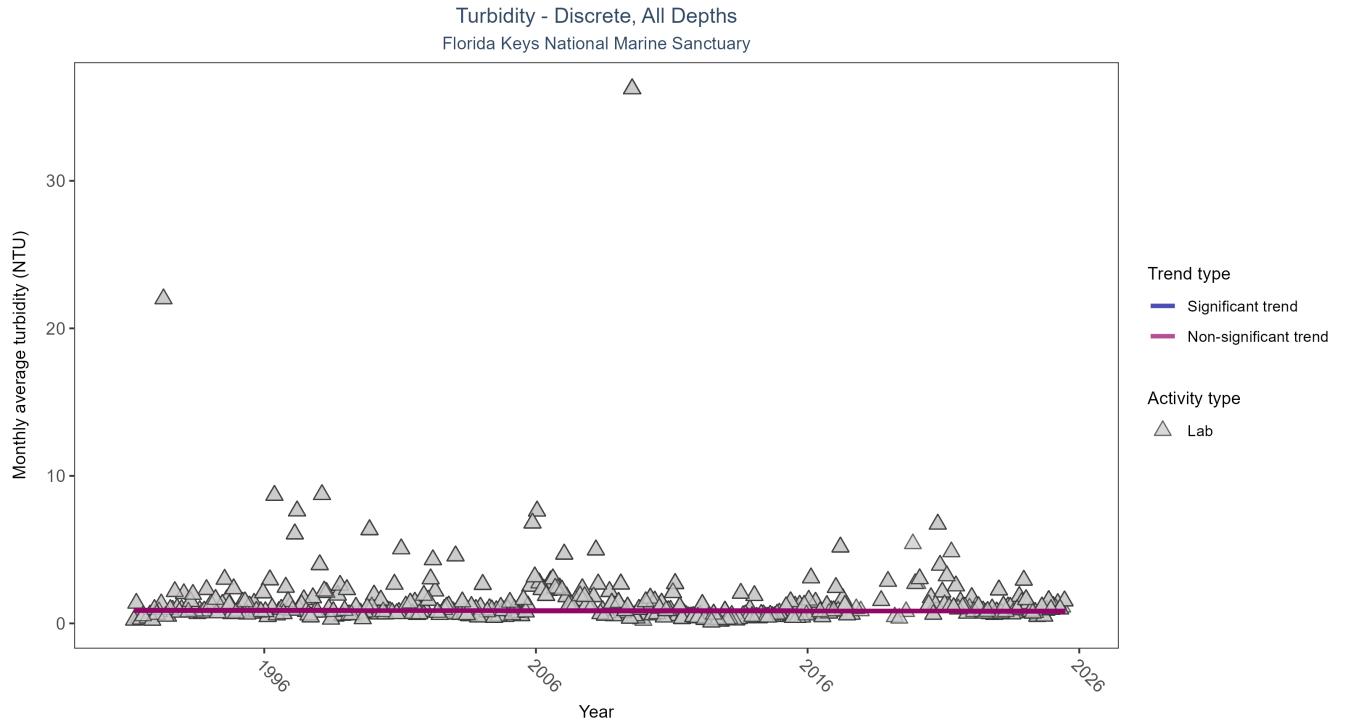


Figure 23: Scatter plot of monthly average turbidity over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only turbidity values measured in the laboratory (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 28: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Turbidity

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	No significant trend	8296	35	1991 - 2025	0.66	-0.0229	0.8873	-0.0017	0.531

Turbidity showed no detectable trend between 1991 and 2025.

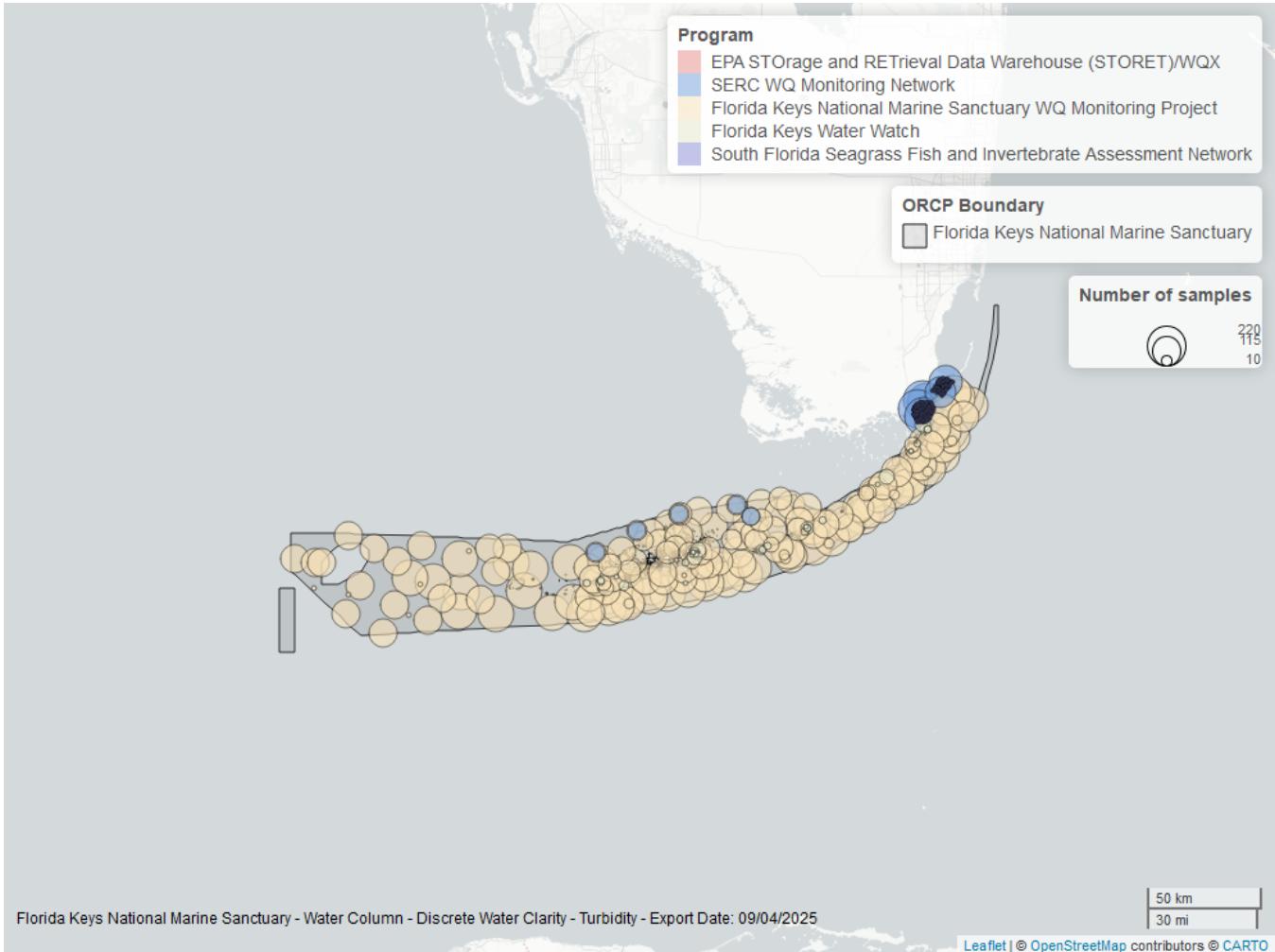


Figure 24: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 29: Programs contributing data for Turbidity

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
297	26741	1995	2023
103	4589	2005	2013
5002	2343	1994	2025
509	1404	1991	2008
965	1157	2005	2011
3000	370	2015	2018

Program names:

- 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵
- 297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸
- 509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹
- 965 - South Florida Seagrass Fish and Invertebrate Assessment Network¹⁸
- 3000 - Florida Keys Water Watch¹⁴
- 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Water Temperature - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

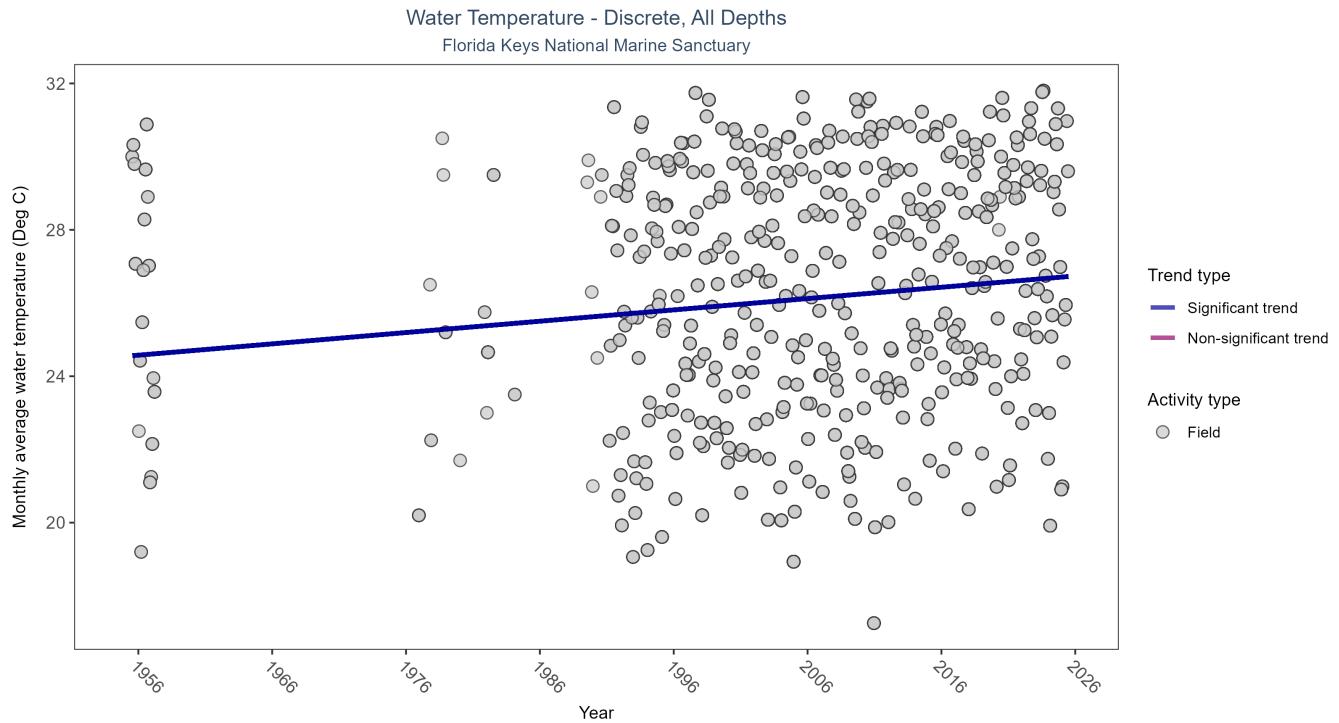


Figure 25: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only water temperature measurements taken in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 30: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Water Temperature

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly increasing trend	61726	47	1955 - 2025	27.3	0.2399	24.5444	0.0309	0

Monthly average water temperature increased by 0.03°C per year.

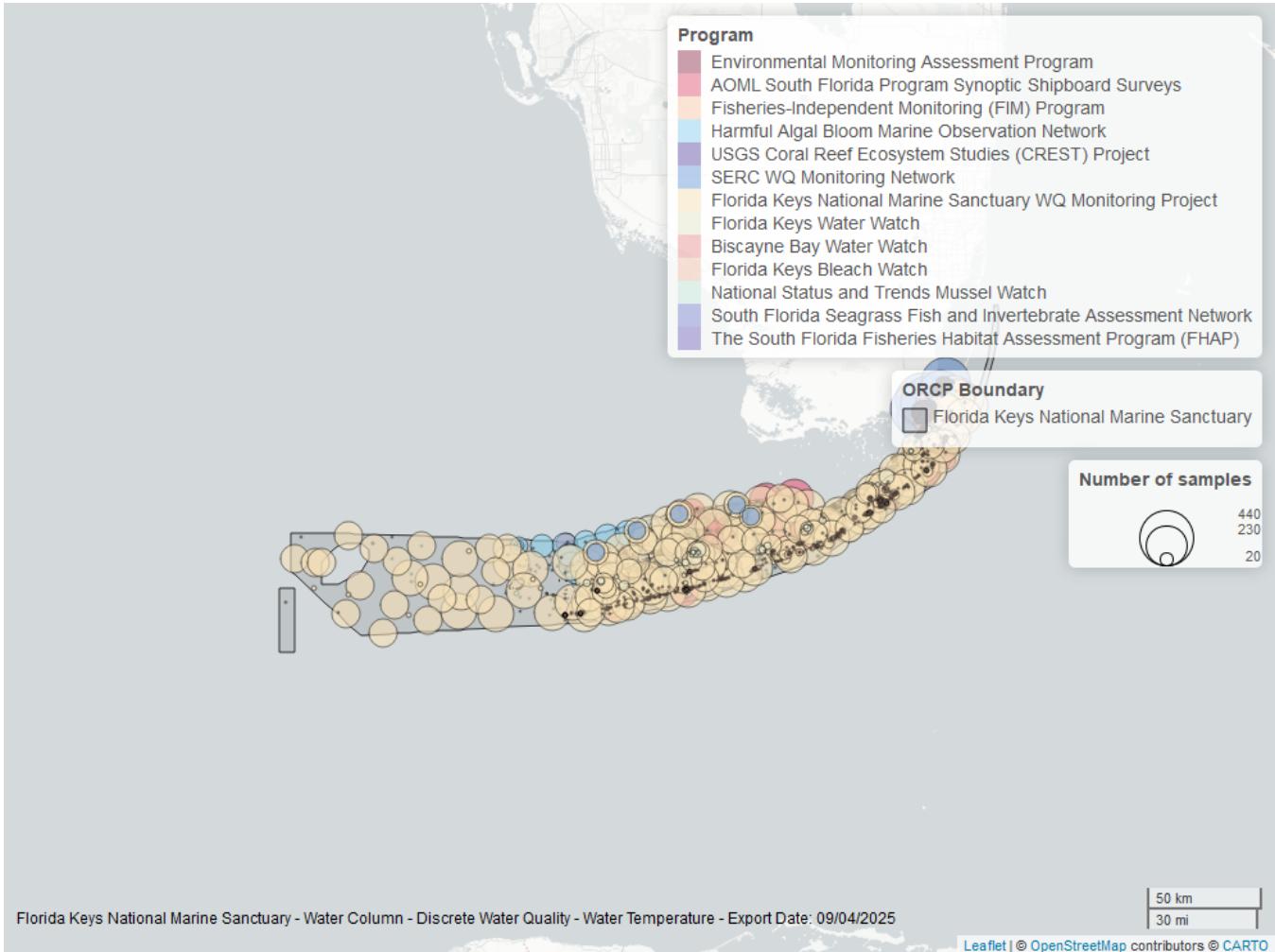


Figure 26: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 31: Programs contributing data for Water Temperature

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
297	31803	1995	2023
5002	6047	2003	2025
103	5354	2008	2013
3	3492	1998	2024
60	3383	1993	2024
509	2591	1989	2008
965	2317	2005	2011
95	1957	1955	2018
69	1803	1997	2024
982	1200	2014	2024
4049	1168	2005	2023
3000	374	2015	2018
115	89	2000	2004
899	85	2014	2015
4057	59	2015	2018

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
102	43	1996	2000

Program names:

- 3 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard Surveys³
- 60 - Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) - Gulf of Mexico Fall & Summer Shrimp/Groundfish Survey⁴
- 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program¹⁰
- 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network¹¹
- 102 - National Status and Trends Mussel Watch¹²
- 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵
- 115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program⁶
- 297 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Water Quality Monitoring Project⁸
- 509 - SERC Water Quality Monitoring Network⁹
- 899 - USGS Coral Reef Ecosystem Studies (CREST) Project¹³
- 965 - South Florida Seagrass Fish and Invertebrate Assessment Network¹⁸
- 982 - Florida Keys Bleach Watch¹⁹
- 3000 - Florida Keys Water Watch¹⁴
- 4049 - The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)¹⁵
- 4057 - Biscayne Bay Water Watch¹⁶
- 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

Water Quality - Continuous

The following files were used in the continuous analysis:

- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Dissolved_Oxygen_SE-2025-Sep-19.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation_SE-2025-Sep-19.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_pH_SE-2025-Sep-19.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Salinity_SE-2025-Sep-19.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Turbidity_SE-2025-Sep-19.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Water_Temperature_SE-2025-Sep-19.txt*

Continuous monitoring locations in Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

Table 32: Station overview for Continuous parameters by Program

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>ProgramLocationID</i>	<i>Years of Data</i>	<i>Use in Analysis</i>	<i>Parameters</i>
2	1B	6	TRUE	Sal , TempW
5	KYWF1	21	TRUE	TempW
5	LONF1	28	TRUE	TempW
5	MLRF1	33	TRUE	TempW
5	SANF1	15	TRUE	TempW
5	SMKF1	21	TRUE	TempW
7	245323080410100	3	FALSE	Sal , TempW
7	245622080364200	3	FALSE	Sal , TempW
296	214	18	TRUE	TempW
296	215	16	TRUE	TempW
296	216	17	TRUE	TempW
296	220	17	TRUE	TempW
296	223	18	TRUE	TempW
296	225	18	TRUE	TempW
296	227	17	TRUE	TempW
296	235	18	TRUE	TempW
296	237	18	TRUE	TempW
296	239	17	TRUE	TempW
296	241	18	TRUE	TempW
296	243	18	TRUE	TempW
296	248	18	TRUE	TempW
296	255	18	TRUE	TempW
296	260	18	TRUE	TempW
296	267	18	TRUE	TempW
296	269	18	TRUE	TempW
296	271	18	TRUE	TempW
296	273	18	TRUE	TempW
296	276	18	TRUE	TempW
296	284	18	TRUE	TempW
296	285	18	TRUE	TempW
296	287	18	TRUE	TempW
296	291	18	TRUE	TempW
296	294	18	TRUE	TempW
296	296	18	TRUE	TempW
296	305	18	TRUE	TempW
296	307	18	TRUE	TempW
296	309	18	TRUE	TempW
296	314	18	TRUE	TempW
296	500	8	TRUE	TempW
296	501	7	TRUE	TempW
296	502	4	FALSE	TempW
296	503	1	FALSE	TempW
296	504	1	FALSE	TempW
296	506	8	TRUE	TempW
296	507	8	TRUE	TempW
296	508	8	TRUE	TempW
296	509	8	TRUE	TempW
296	SB	19	TRUE	TempW
899	Crocker	10	TRUE	TempW
899	Molasses	5	TRUE	TempW
899	Sombrero	14	TRUE	TempW
986	10	5	TRUE	TempW
986	11	22	TRUE	TempW
986	12	17	TRUE	TempW
986	14	23	TRUE	TempW
986	15	19	TRUE	TempW
986	18	9	TRUE	TempW
986	21	937	TRUE	TempW
986	22	16	TRUE	TempW
986	23	13	TRUE	TempW

Program names:

- 2 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Moored Instrument Array²⁰
- 5 - National Data Buoy Center²¹
- 7 - National Water Information System²²
- 296 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Seagrass Monitoring Project²³
- 899 - USGS Coral Reef Ecosystem Studies (CREST) Project¹³
- 986 - Water Temperature on Coral Reefs in the Florida Keys²⁴
- 989 - Continuous Bottom Temperature Measurements along the Florida Reef Tract²⁵
- 10004 - Florida Keys Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring²⁶

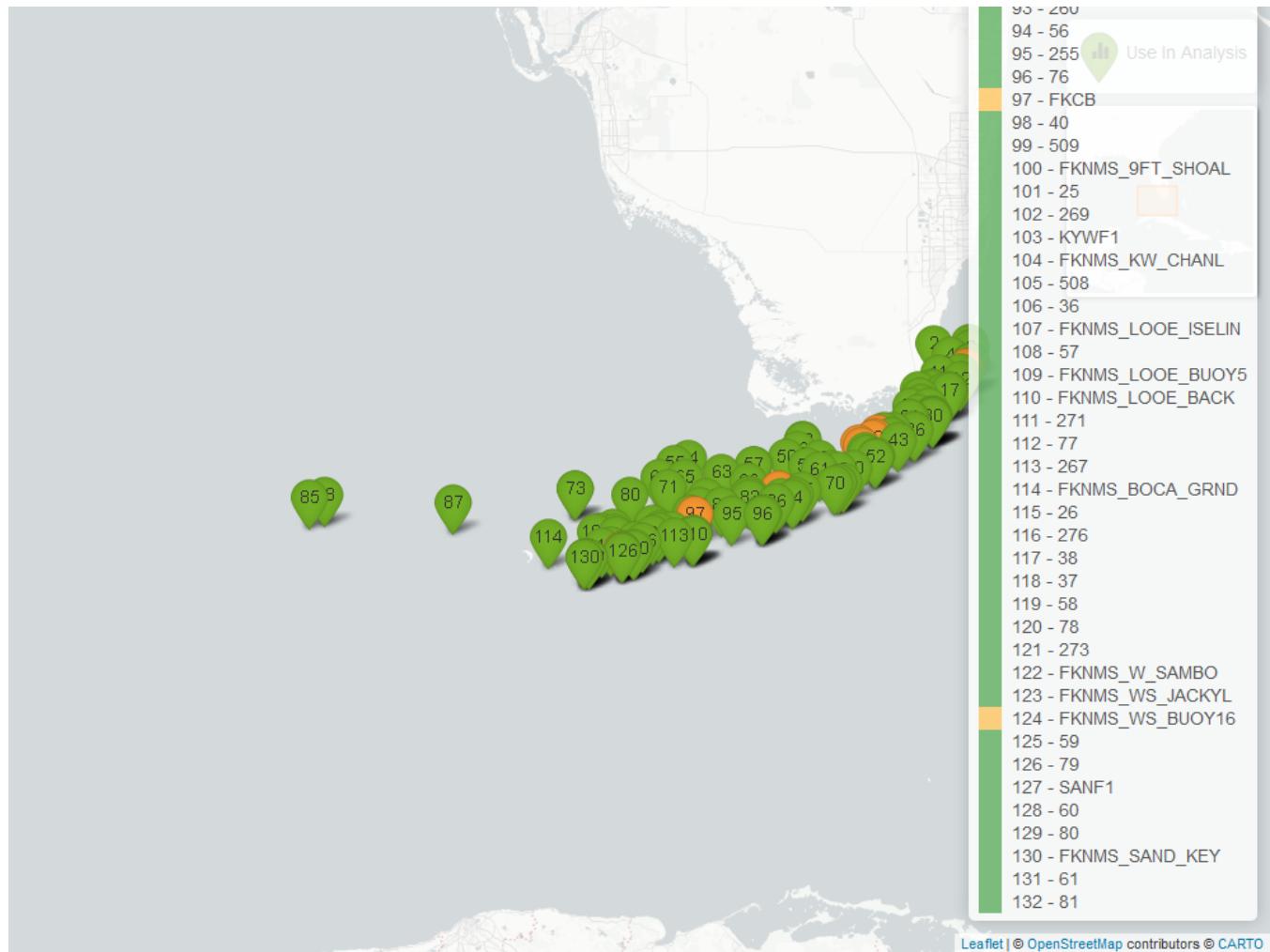


Figure 27: Map showing continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. Sites marked as *Use In Analysis* (green) are featured in this report.

Dissolved Oxygen - Continuous

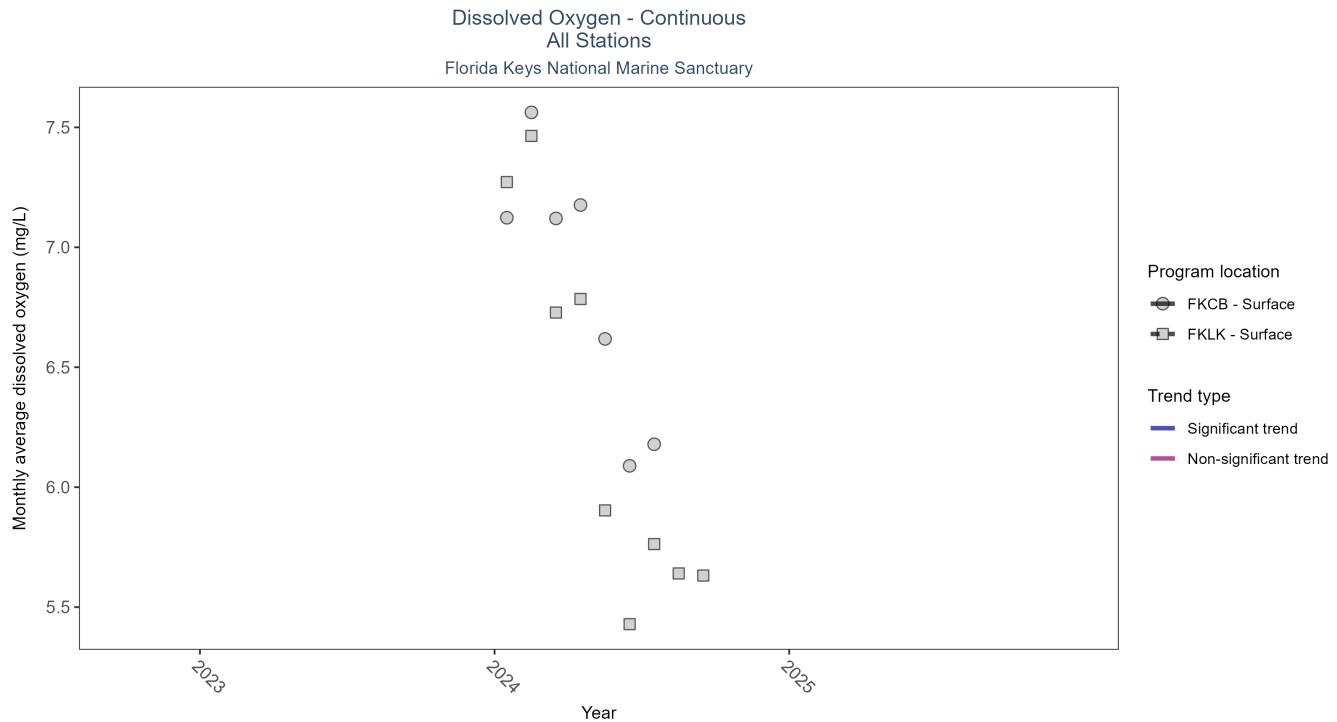


Figure 28: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 33: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Dissolved Oxygen - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
FKLK	Insufficient data to calculate trend	21525	1	2024 - 2024	6.2	-	-	-	-
FKCB	Insufficient data to calculate trend	16262	1	2024 - 2024	6.8	-	-	-	-

There was insufficient data to fit a model for two locations.



Figure 29: Map showing location of dissolved oxygen continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Continuous

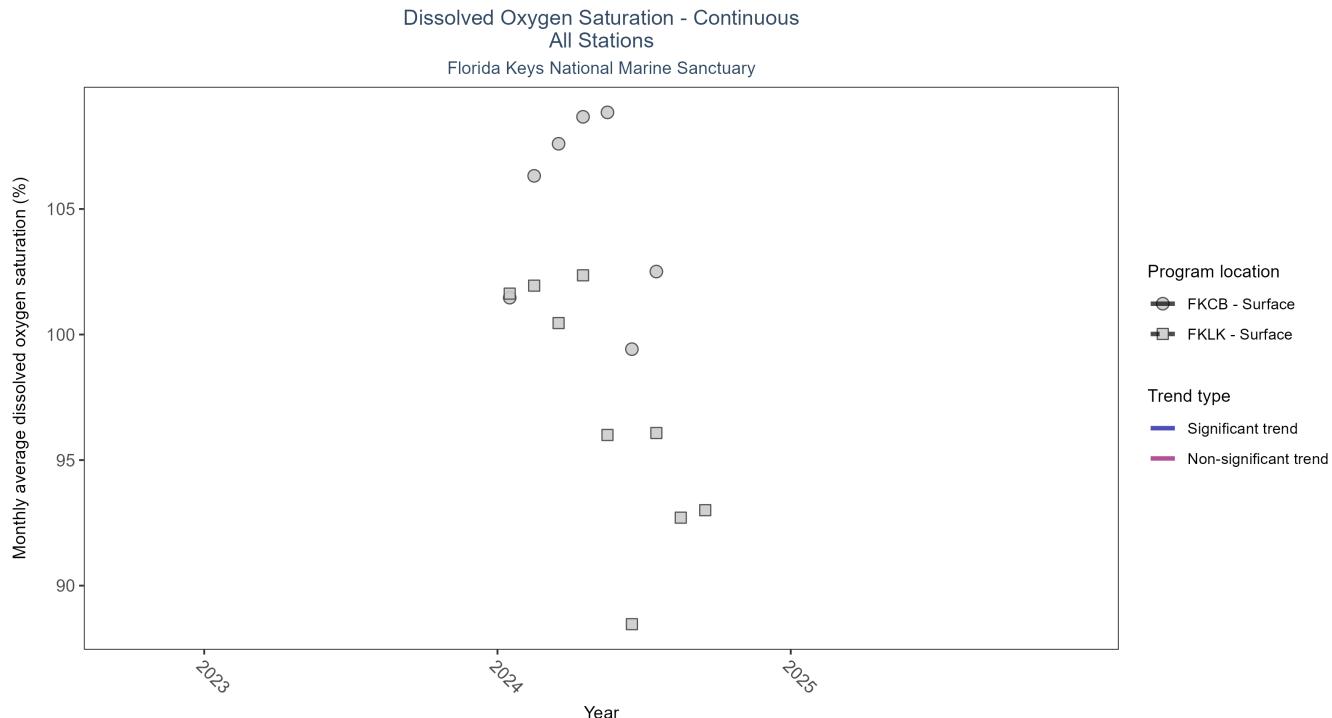


Figure 30: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 34: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
FKLK	Insufficient data to calculate trend	21525	1	2024 - 2024	91.9	-	-	-	-
FKCB	Insufficient data to calculate trend	16263	1	2024 - 2024	103.3	-	-	-	-

There was insufficient data to fit a model for two locations.

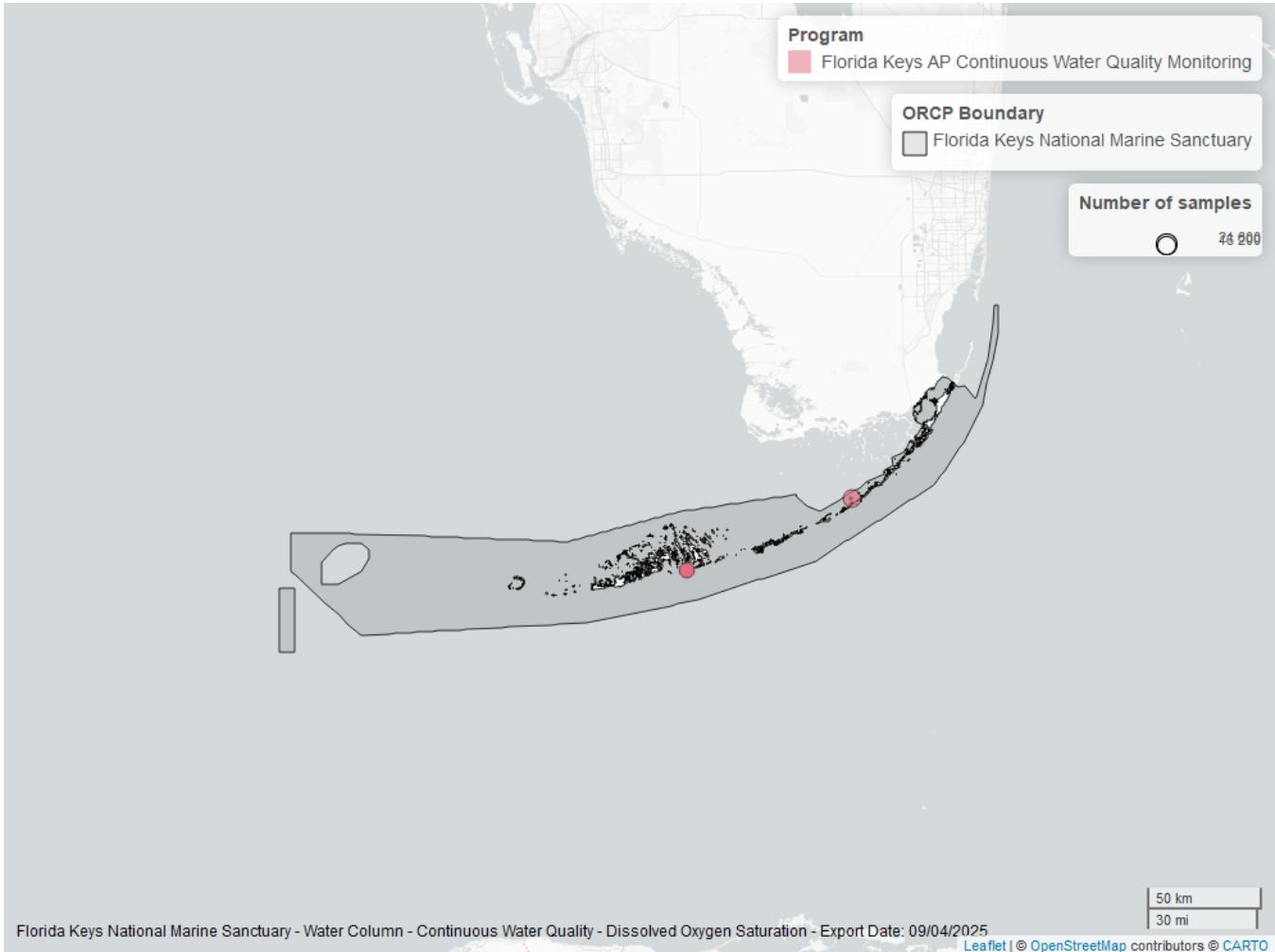


Figure 31: Map showing location of dissolved oxygen saturation continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

pH - Continuous

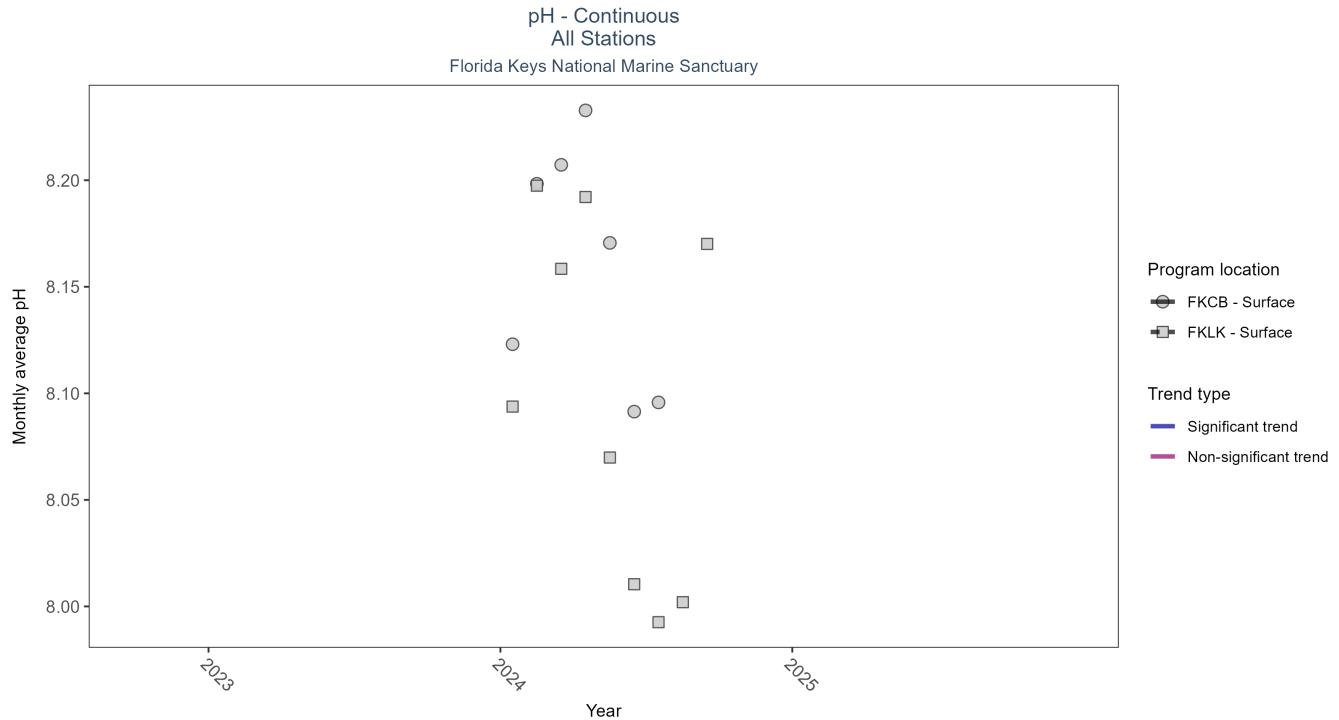


Figure 32: Scatter plot of monthly average pH over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 35: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for pH - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
FKLK	Insufficient data to calculate trend	21517	1	2024 - 2024	8.1	-	-	-	-
FKCB	Insufficient data to calculate trend	16263	1	2024 - 2024	8.2	-	-	-	-

There was insufficient data to fit a model for two locations.

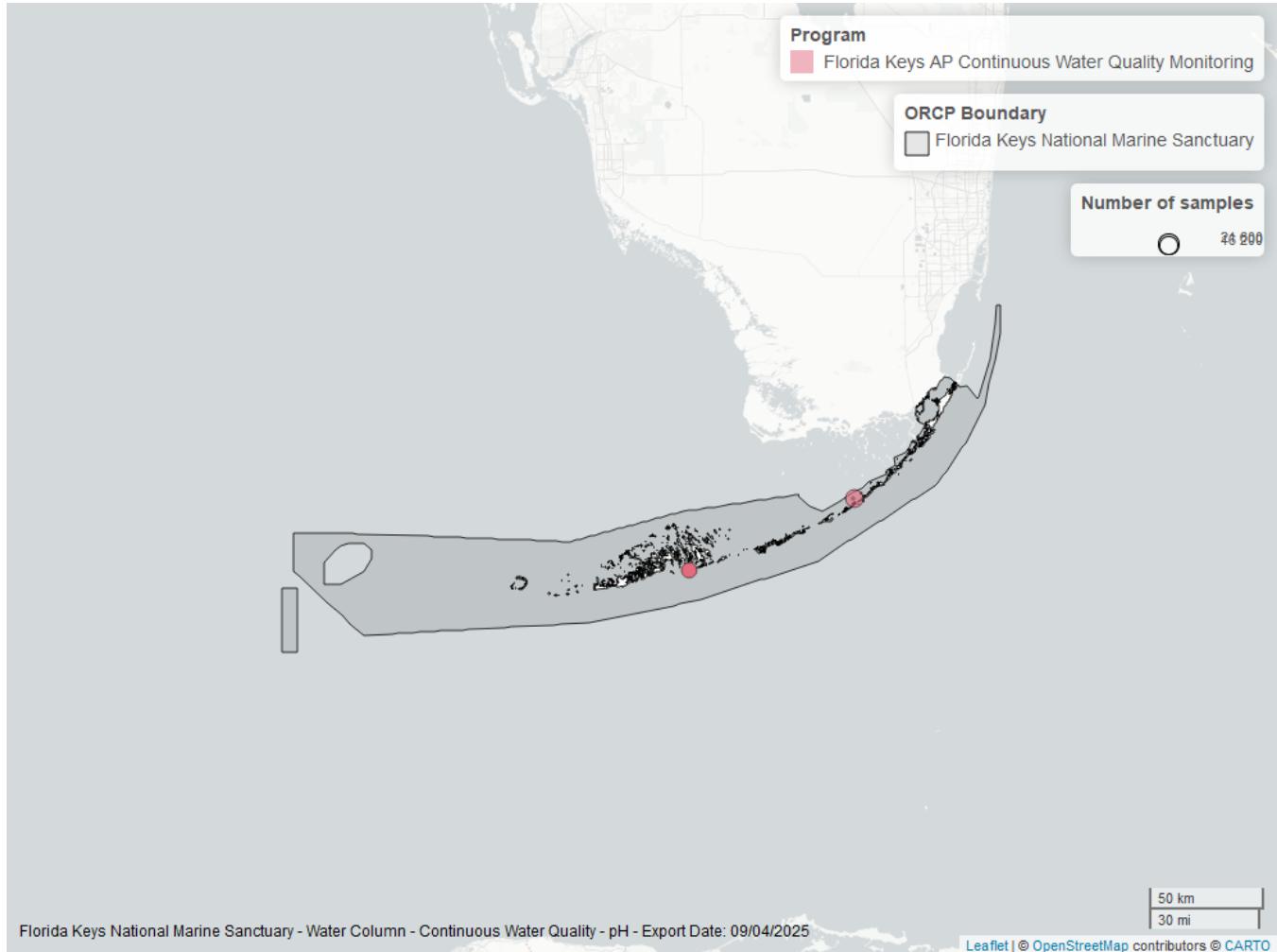


Figure 33: Map showing location of ph continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Salinity - Continuous

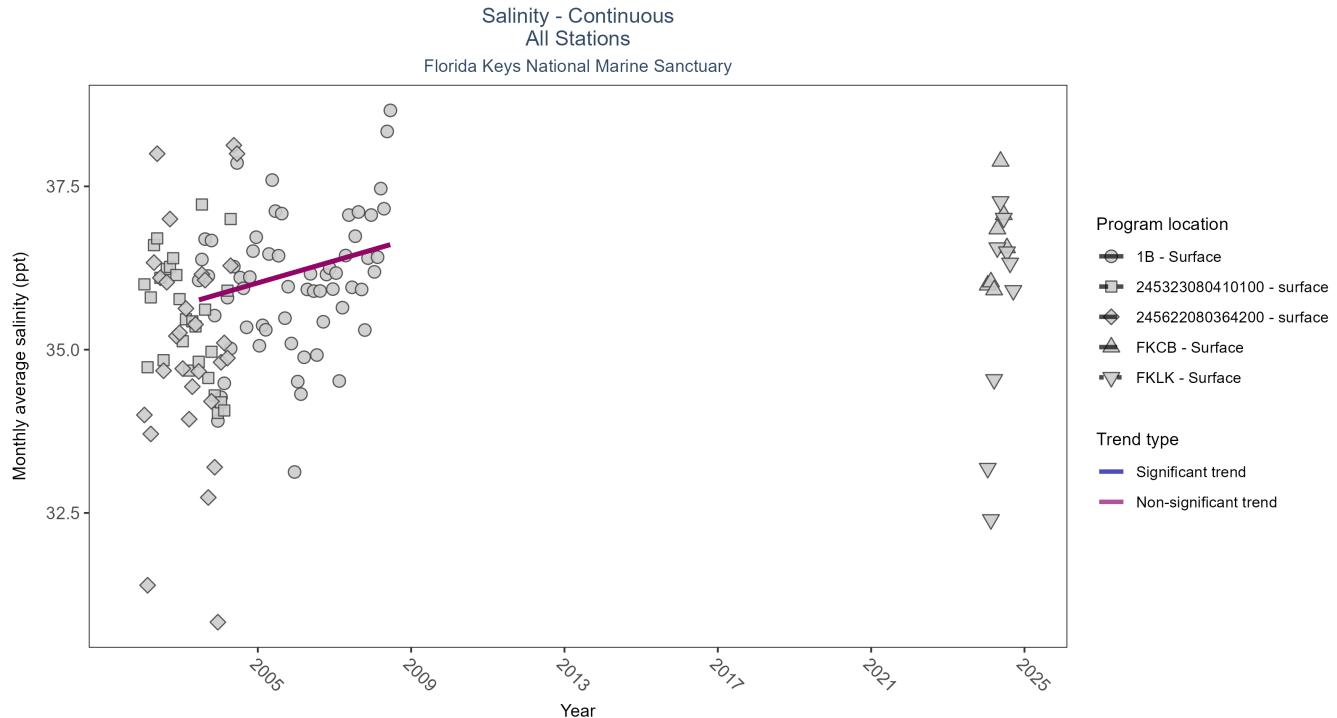


Figure 34: Scatter plot of monthly average salinity over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 36: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Salinity - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
1B	No significant trend	86204	6	2003 - 2008	36.07	0.24	35.68	0.17	0.05
245622080364200	Insufficient data to calculate trend	764	3	2002 - 2004	35.00	-	-	-	-
245323080410100	Insufficient data to calculate trend	746	3	2002 - 2004	35.00	-	-	-	-
FKLK	Insufficient data to calculate trend	21517	1	2024 - 2024	36.10	-	-	-	-
FKCB	Insufficient data to calculate trend	16258	1	2024 - 2024	36.50	-	-	-	-

No detectable change in monthly average salinity was observed at one location. There was insufficient data to fit a model for four locations.

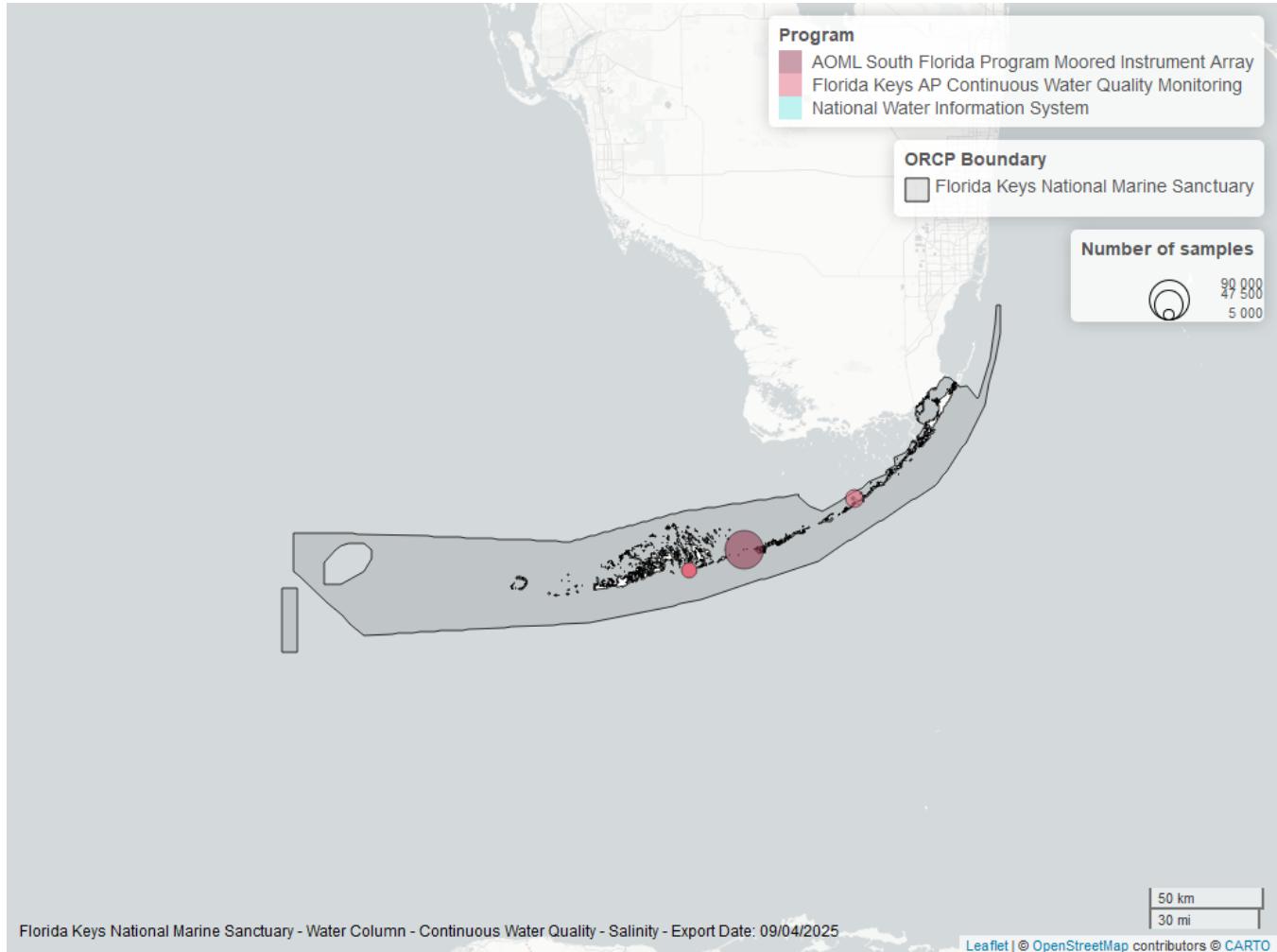


Figure 35: Map showing location of salinity continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Turbidity - Continuous

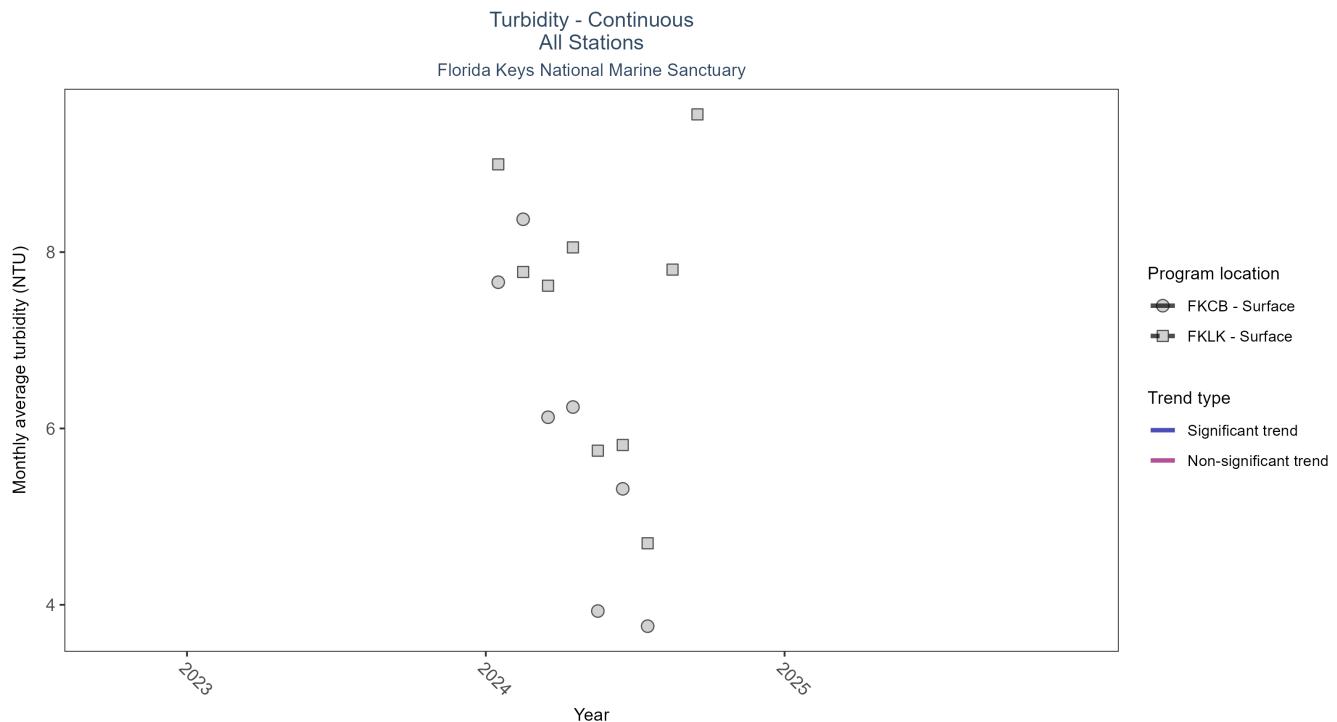


Figure 36: Scatter plot of monthly average turbidity over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 37: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Turbidity - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
FKLK	Insufficient data to calculate trend	21399	1	2024 - 2024	6	-	-	-	-
FKCB	Insufficient data to calculate trend	16240	1	2024 - 2024	4	-	-	-	-

There was insufficient data to fit a model for two locations.

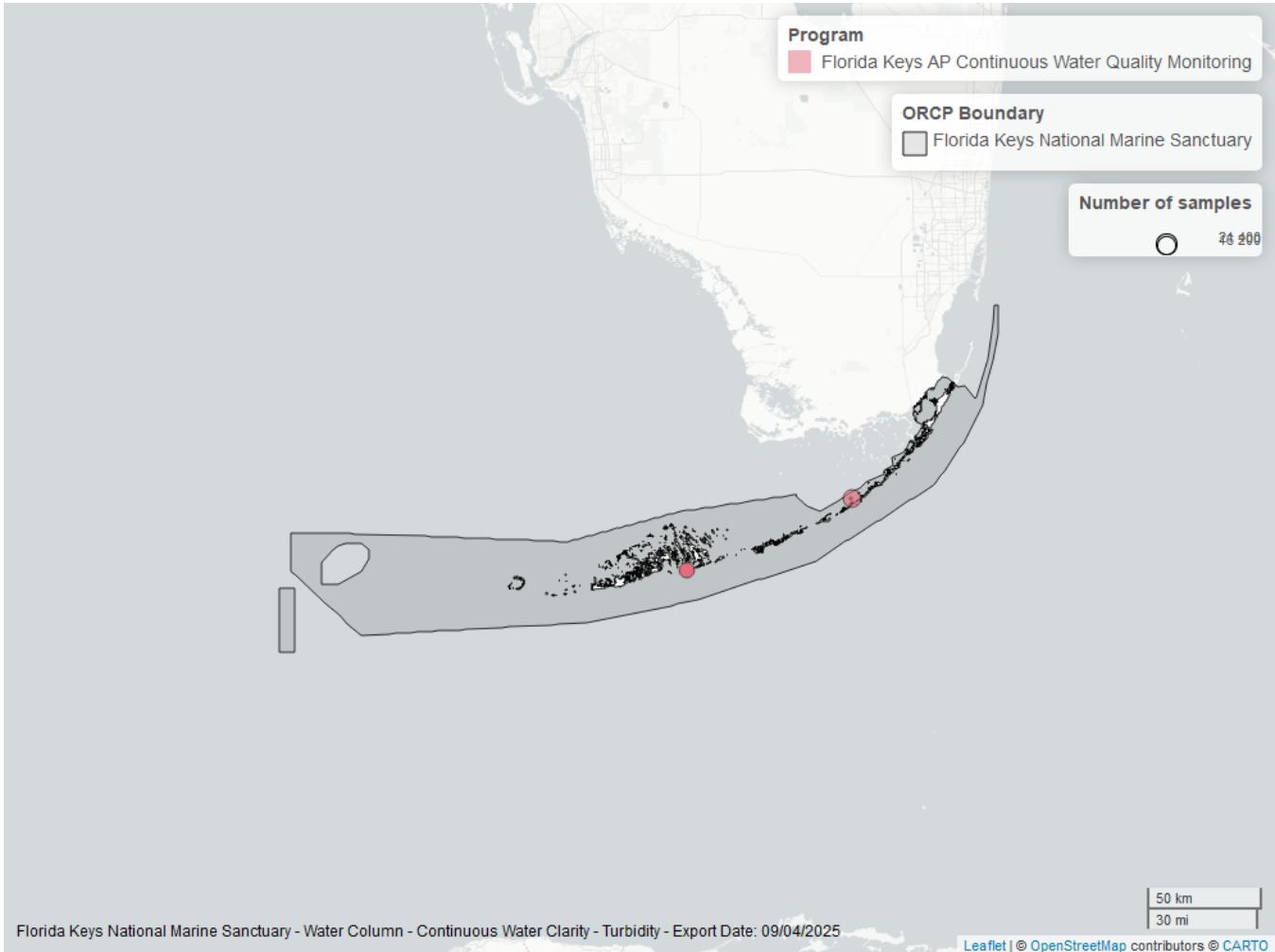


Figure 37: Map showing location of turbidity continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 2

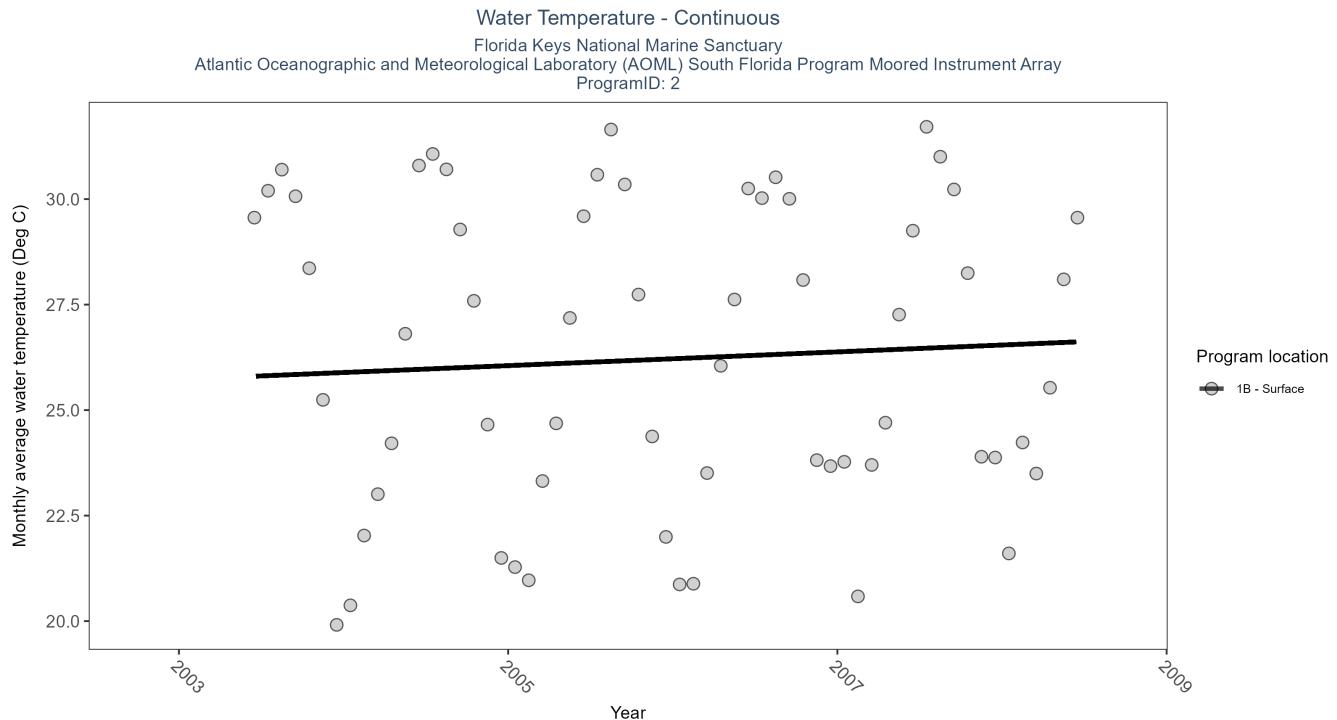


Figure 38: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 38: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 2

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
1B	Significantly increasing trend	86204	6	2003 - 2008	26.38	0.26	25.73	0.16	0.04

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 5

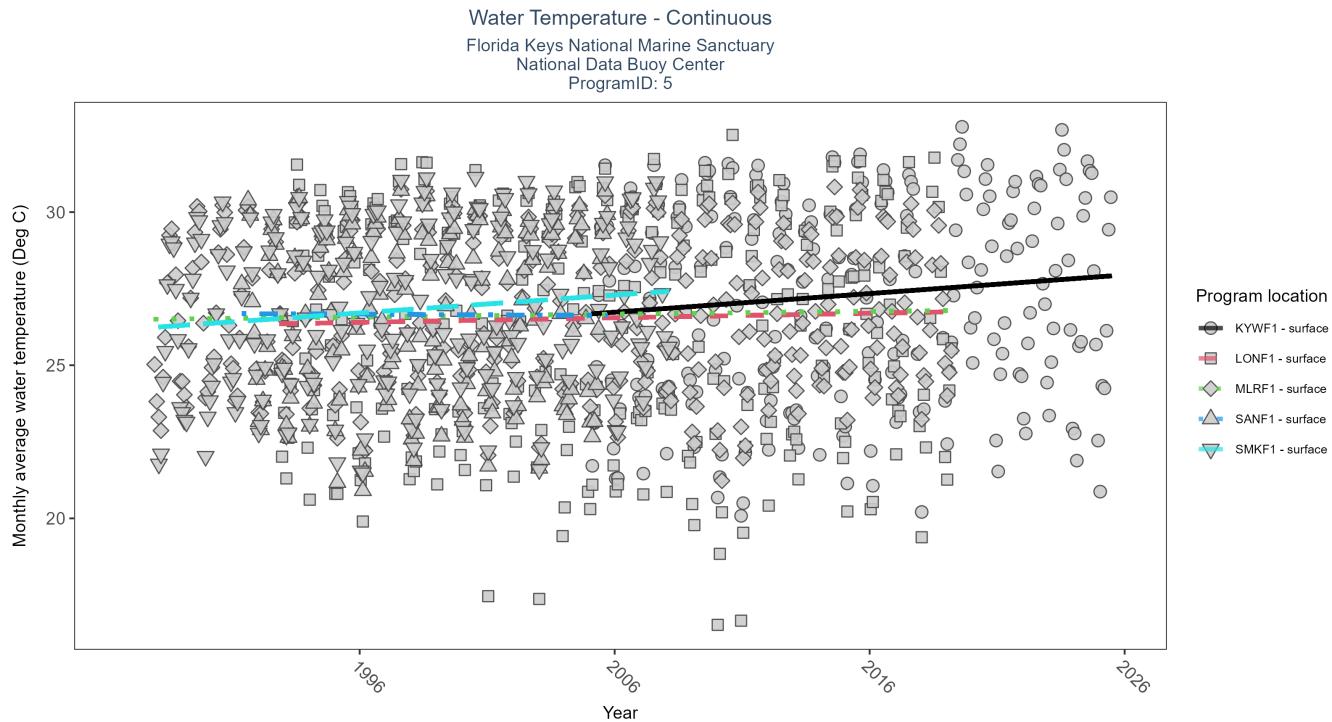


Figure 39: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 39: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 5

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
KYWF1	Significantly increasing trend	1522889	21	2005 - 2025	27.5	0.29	26.67	0.06	0.00
LONF1	No significant trend	205971	28	1992 - 2019	26.6	0.07	26.34	0.01	0.08
MLRF1	Significantly increasing trend	256798	33	1987 - 2019	26.5	0.10	26.49	0.01	0.00
SMKF1	Significantly increasing trend	154326	21	1988 - 2008	26.8	0.34	26.24	0.06	0.00
SANF1	No significant trend	117833	15	1991 - 2005	26.7	-0.03	26.69	0.00	0.62

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 7

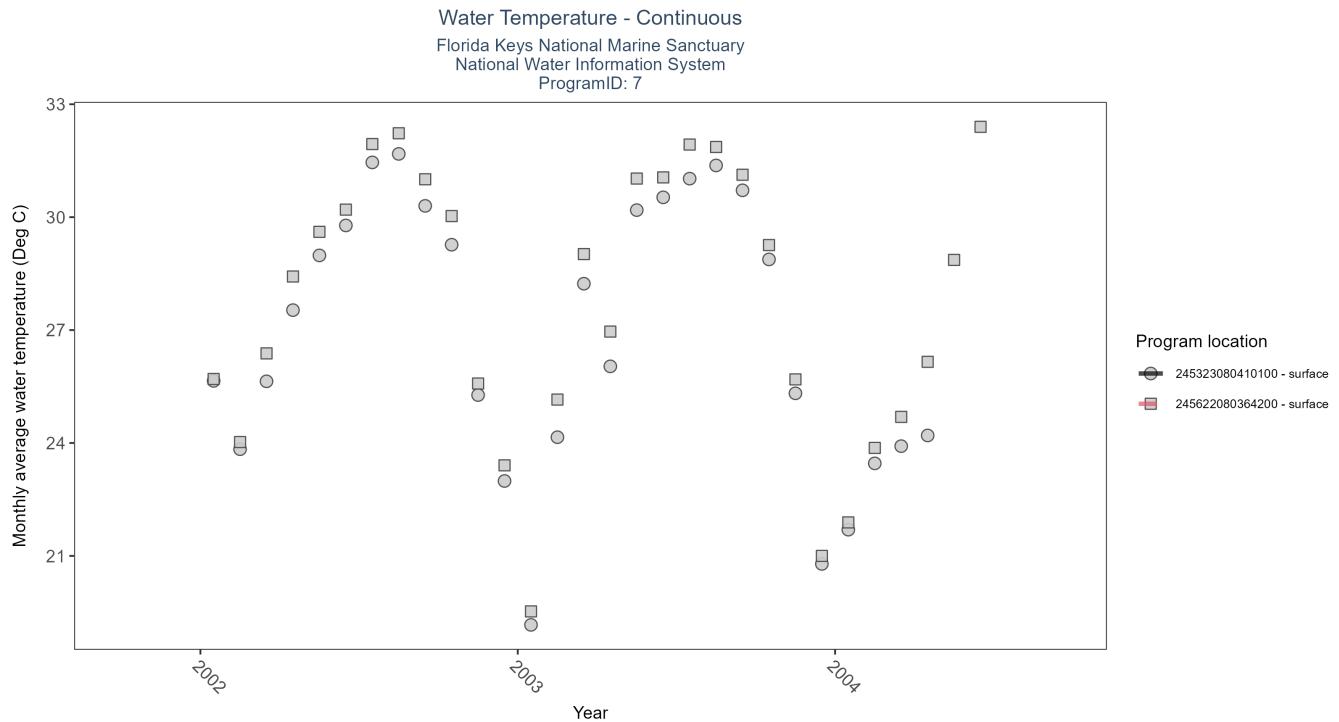


Figure 40: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 40: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 7

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
245622080364200	Insufficient data to calculate trend	853	3	2002 - 2004	28.3	-	-	-	-
245323080410100	Insufficient data to calculate trend	791	3	2002 - 2004	27.9	-	-	-	-

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 296

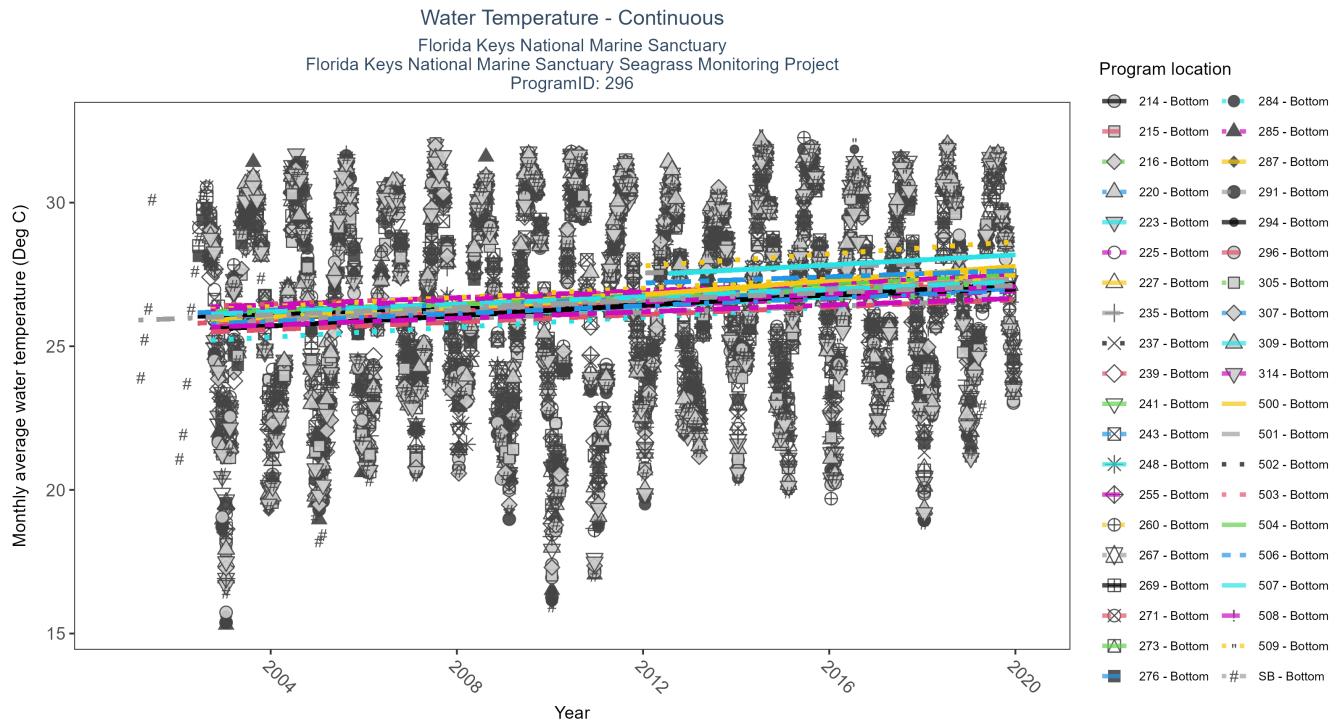


Figure 41: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 41: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 296

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
276	Significantly increasing trend	123833	18	2002 - 2019	26.87	0.21	26.15	0.05	0
287	Significantly increasing trend	133008	18	2002 - 2019	26.87	0.29	25.84	0.08	0
291	Significantly increasing trend	116240	18	2002 - 2019	26.38	0.26	25.72	0.09	0
305	Significantly increasing trend	122296	18	2002 - 2019	26.43	0.22	26.07	0.06	0
307	Significantly increasing trend	110802	17	2002 - 2019	26.74	0.22	25.73	0.07	0
SB	Significantly increasing trend	145514	19	2001 - 2019	26.34	0.23	25.9	0.06	0
214	Significantly increasing trend	136333	18	2002 - 2019	26.52	0.27	25.84	0.07	0
225	Significantly increasing trend	117692	17	2002 - 2019	26.82	0.32	26.32	0.06	0
235	Significantly increasing trend	128499	18	2002 - 2019	27.14	0.28	25.77	0.08	0
237	Significantly increasing trend	122250	18	2002 - 2019	26.38	0.31	25.74	0.09	0
239	Significantly increasing trend	111523	17	2002 - 2018	26.92	0.24	25.96	0.07	0
241	Significantly increasing trend	127914	18	2002 - 2019	27.26	0.27	25.91	0.09	0
243	Significantly increasing trend	121593	18	2002 - 2019	26.62	0.3	26	0.07	0
248	Significantly increasing trend	111702	18	2002 - 2019	26.79	0.31	25.54	0.08	0
255	Significantly increasing trend	119939	18	2002 - 2019	26.35	0.24	25.73	0.07	0
260	Significantly increasing trend	97832	16	2002 - 2019	27.07	0.28	26.22	0.08	0
267	Significantly increasing trend	99735	18	2002 - 2019	26.57	0.24	25.64	0.05	0
269	Significantly increasing trend	106458	17	2002 - 2019	26.74	0.21	26.02	0.05	0
271	Significantly increasing trend	133627	18	2002 - 2019	26.92	0.26	25.77	0.07	0
273	Significantly increasing trend	129817	18	2002 - 2019	27.16	0.24	26.16	0.05	0
223	Significantly increasing trend	133082	18	2002 - 2019	26.89	0.3	25.84	0.08	0
227	Significantly increasing trend	105351	17	2003 - 2019	26.67	0.29	26.06	0.08	0
220	Significantly increasing trend	126033	17	2003 - 2019	26.52	0.25	25.94	0.06	0
215	Significantly increasing trend	133286	16	2003 - 2018	26.74	0.26	26.42	0.05	0
284	Significantly increasing trend	123977	17	2002 - 2019	26.86	0.28	25.14	0.09	0
285	Significantly increasing trend	121423	18	2002 - 2019	26.86	0.25	26.17	0.07	0
309	Significantly increasing trend	107410	18	2002 - 2019	27.85	0.27	26.07	0.06	0
216	Significantly increasing trend	98535	17	2002 - 2018	26.26	0.31	25.86	0.06	0
314	Significantly increasing trend	110686	18	2002 - 2019	27.41	0.23	25.63	0.06	0
294	Significantly increasing trend	112348	18	2002 - 2019	26.92	0.27	25.52	0.09	0
296	Significantly increasing trend	114497	17	2002 - 2019	27.36	0.21	25.45	0.07	0
500	Significantly increasing trend	69048	8	2012 - 2019	27.33	0.23	26.79	0.12	0.01
506	No significant trend	35198	7	2012 - 2019	27.41	0.04	27.2	0.05	0.74
507	No significant trend	47517	8	2012 - 2019	27.36	0.18	27.48	0.09	0.12
508	No significant trend	24021	6	2012 - 2019	26.67	0.33	26.54	0.07	0.29
509	No significant trend	38607	8	2012 - 2019	27.70	0.05	27.79	0.11	0.47
502	Insufficient data to calculate trend	22765	4	2016 - 2019	26.70	-	-	-	-
501	No significant trend	34805	5	2012 - 2018	27.48	0.11	27.55	0.05	0.65
503	Insufficient data to calculate trend	7490	1	2016 - 2016	28.74	-	-	-	-
504	Insufficient data to calculate trend	4339	1	2018 - 2018	29.84	-	-	-	-

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 899

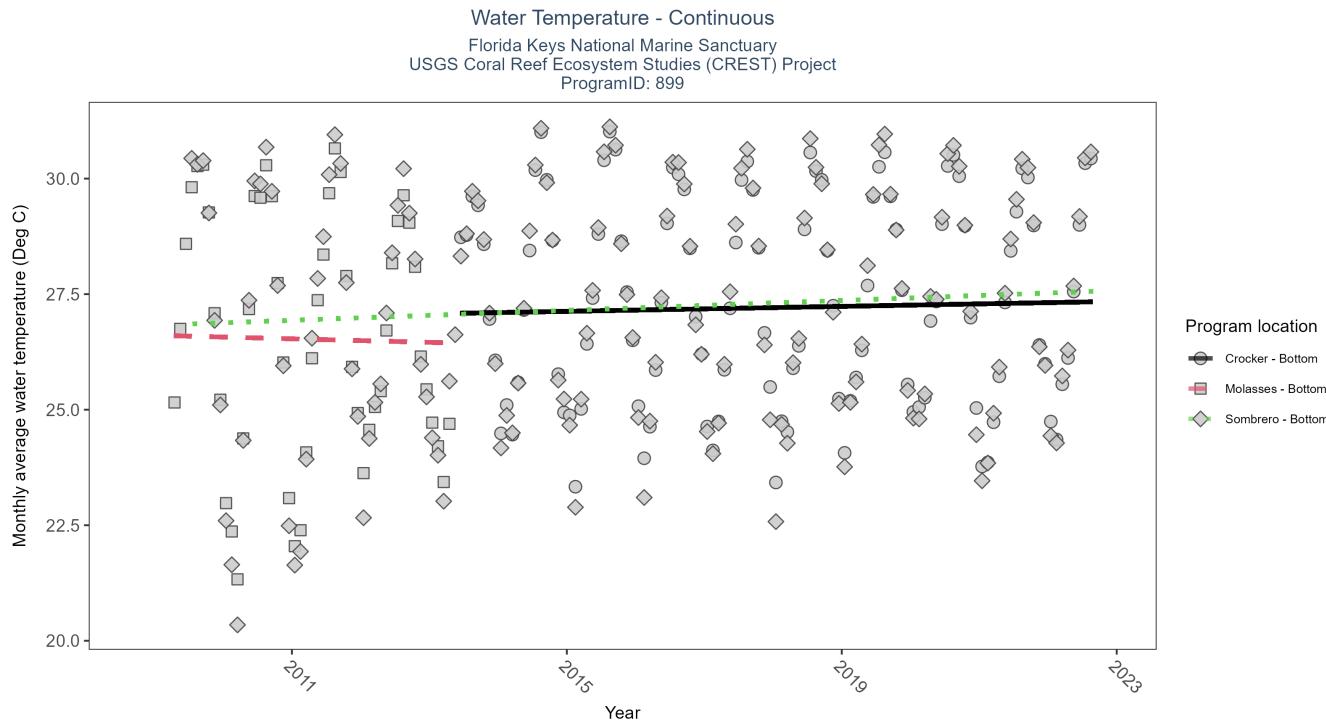


Figure 42: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 42: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 899

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Sombrero	Significantly increasing trend	459354	14	2009 - 2022	27.16	0.26	26.83	0.05	0.00
Molasses	No significant trend	140713	5	2009 - 2013	26.72	-0.03	26.61	-0.04	0.92
Crocker	Significantly increasing trend	322670	10	2013 - 2022	27.32	0.15	27.07	0.03	0.04

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 986

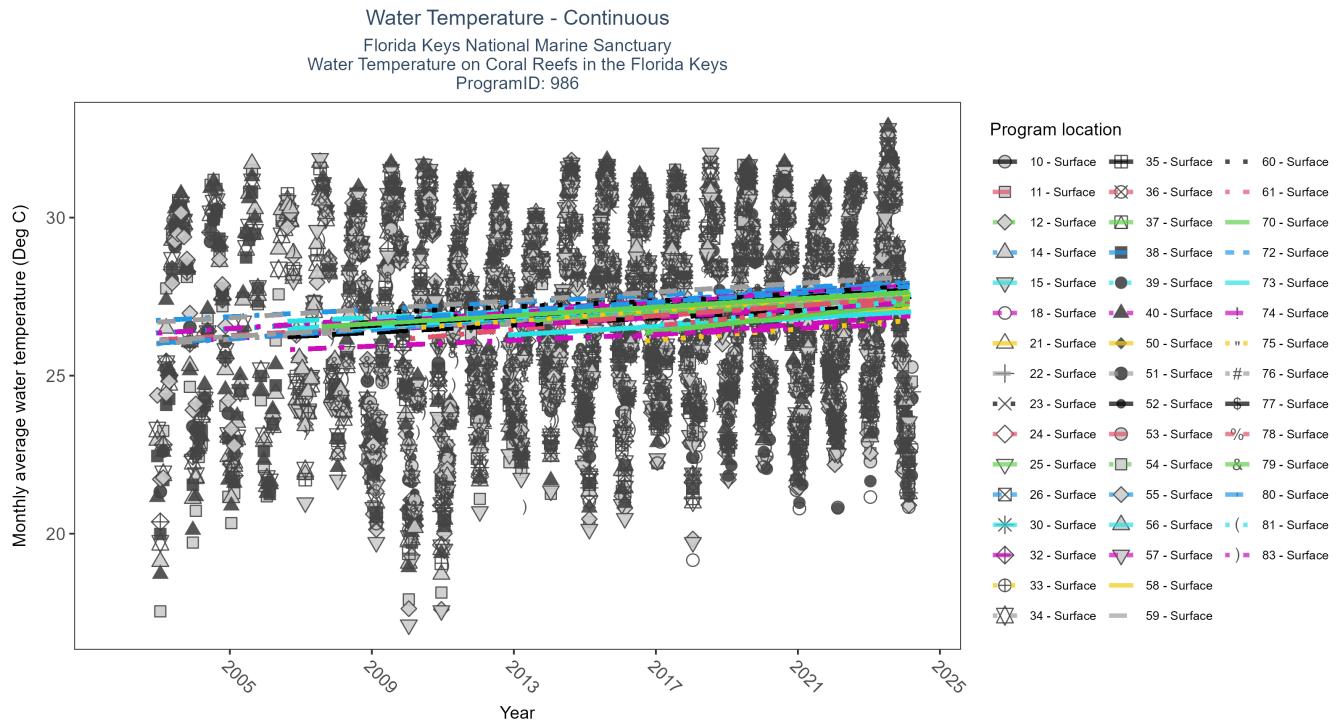


Figure 43: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 43: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 986

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
55	Significantly increasing trend	231874	23	2002 - 2024	26.94	0.33	26.69	0.06	0.00
15	Significantly increasing trend	218855	19	2006 - 2024	27.04	0.23	26.45	0.06	0.00
79	Significantly increasing trend	190275	18	2007 - 2024	26.94	0.33	26.51	0.07	0.00
40	Significantly increasing trend	259048	23	2002 - 2024	26.89	0.33	26.28	0.07	0.00
38	Significantly increasing trend	271179	23	2002 - 2024	26.59	0.35	25.96	0.07	0.00
73	Significantly increasing trend	193376	17	2008 - 2024	26.81	0.40	26.47	0.08	0.00
34	Significantly increasing trend	289051	23	2002 - 2024	26.84	0.36	25.94	0.07	0.00
56	Significantly increasing trend	190431	19	2006 - 2024	26.81	0.28	26.69	0.05	0.00
59	Significantly increasing trend	206603	20	2002 - 2024	26.96	0.37	26.63	0.07	0.00
36	Significantly increasing trend	207795	18	2007 - 2024	27.01	0.32	26.43	0.07	0.00
53	Significantly increasing trend	193391	17	2008 - 2024	27.06	0.42	26.53	0.08	0.00
57	Significantly increasing trend	202888	17	2008 - 2024	27.08	0.38	26.61	0.08	0.00
12	Significantly increasing trend	152036	15	2008 - 2024	27.18	0.26	26.41	0.07	0.00
35	Significantly increasing trend	232782	19	2006 - 2024	26.98	0.28	26.19	0.06	0.00
11	Significantly increasing trend	243135	20	2003 - 2024	26.84	0.34	26.13	0.07	0.00
14	Significantly increasing trend	238807	21	2002 - 2024	26.96	0.31	26.29	0.06	0.00
26	Significantly increasing trend	156891	16	2009 - 2024	27.08	0.31	26.74	0.08	0.00
52	Significantly increasing trend	202154	17	2008 - 2024	27.01	0.40	26.61	0.08	0.00
24	Significantly increasing trend	126389	13	2010 - 2024	27.08	0.40	26.16	0.10	0.00
77	Significantly increasing trend	203309	17	2008 - 2024	27.01	0.36	26.51	0.07	0.00
54	Significantly increasing trend	142926	13	2012 - 2024	27.09	0.31	26.64	0.06	0.00
78	Significantly increasing trend	102736	11	2014 - 2024	27.16	0.27	26.66	0.08	0.00
22	Significantly increasing trend	185473	16	2009 - 2024	26.96	0.28	26.35	0.07	0.00
50	Significantly increasing trend	118231	12	2013 - 2024	27.11	0.33	26.82	0.07	0.00
72	Significantly increasing trend	198393	16	2008 - 2023	26.86	0.47	26.39	0.08	0.00
32	Significantly increasing trend	237317	20	2003 - 2024	26.74	0.36	26.04	0.07	0.00
80	Significantly increasing trend	182341	16	2009 - 2024	27.03	0.33	26.77	0.07	0.00
30	Significantly increasing trend	131074	13	2012 - 2024	26.67	0.26	26.23	0.06	0.00
60	Significantly increasing trend	156278	16	2009 - 2024	27.01	0.23	26.99	0.05	0.00
83	Significantly increasing trend	139311	17	2006 - 2023	25.86	0.19	25.79	0.05	0.00
74	Significantly increasing trend	142860	13	2012 - 2024	26.94	0.31	26.52	0.06	0.00
76	Significantly increasing trend	183695	16	2009 - 2024	26.98	0.35	26.63	0.07	0.00
25	Significantly increasing trend	132181	14	2010 - 2024	27.28	0.21	26.73	0.07	0.00
18	Significantly increasing trend	59983	9	2016 - 2024	27.18	0.20	26.21	0.08	0.03
51	Significantly increasing trend	237296	20	2003 - 2024	26.74	0.37	26.11	0.06	0.00
70	Significantly increasing trend	119048	12	2013 - 2024	27.01	0.33	26.73	0.06	0.00
61	Significantly increasing trend	68996	9	2016 - 2024	27.35	0.39	26.46	0.11	0.00
23	Significantly increasing trend	128184	13	2012 - 2024	27.43	0.27	26.73	0.08	0.00
75	Significantly increasing trend	159540	15	2010 - 2024	27.23	0.39	26.49	0.08	0.00
37	Significantly increasing trend	67333	9	2016 - 2024	27.03	0.30	26.27	0.12	0.00
58	Significantly increasing trend	87137	11	2014 - 2024	27.35	0.25	26.94	0.07	0.00
81	Significantly increasing trend	68931	9	2016 - 2024	27.35	0.39	26.48	0.11	0.00
39	No significant trend	48939	7	2018 - 2024	27.06	0.09	27.06	0.08	0.45
21	Significantly increasing trend	69835	9	2016 - 2024	27.23	0.20	26.46	0.08	0.03
33	No significant trend	50595	8	2016 - 2024	27.06	0.17	26.04	0.09	0.18
10	No significant trend	32760	5	2020 - 2024	27.48	0.23	26.68	0.20	0.18

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 989

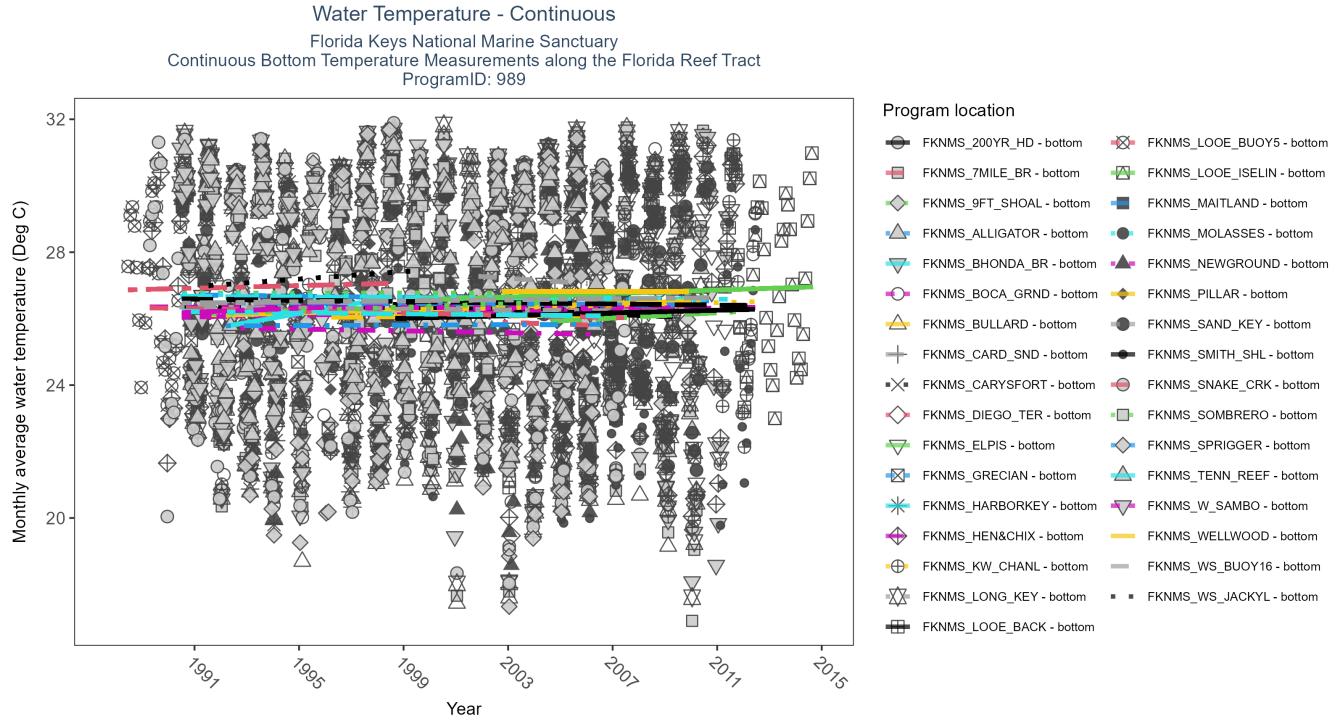


Figure 44: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 44: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 989

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
FKNMS-GRECIAN	No significant trend	51723	18	1990 - 2010	26.65	-0.03	26.48	0	0.66
FKNMS-KW-CHANL	No significant trend	123578	18	1991 - 2012	26.27	0.1	26.11	0.02	0.08
FKNMS-LONG-KEY	No significant trend	69656	19	1990 - 2010	26.64	-0.03	26.35	-0.01	0.58
FKNMS-7MILE-BR	No significant trend	73055	19	1991 - 2010	26.66	0.05	26.22	0.01	0.35
FKNMS-BULLARD	Significantly increasing trend	66230	18	1992 - 2009	26.31	0.12	26.11	0.02	0.03
FKNMS-SAND-KEY	No significant trend	59287	18	1990 - 2010	26.70	0.05	26.46	0.01	0.32
FKNMS-BHONDA-BR	No significant trend	77111	22	1990 - 2011	26.60	-0.02	26.67	0	0.66
FKNMS-LOOE-ISELIN	No significant trend	194367	13	1999 - 2014	26.88	0.13	26.55	0.03	0.08
FKNMS-ALLIGATOR	No significant trend	65144	19	1990 - 2010	26.55	-0.06	26.72	-0.01	0.23
FKNMS-HEN-and-CHIX	No significant trend	72285	21	1989 - 2011	26.50	-0.01	26.35	0	0.88
FKNMS-9FT-SHOAL	No significant trend	80299	21	1990 - 2010	26.50	0	26.76	0	0.99
FKNMS-SMITH-SHL	No significant trend	94527	10	1998 - 2012	25.45	0.13	25.99	0.02	0.19
FKNMS-LOOE-BACK	No significant trend	84984	18	1990 - 2012	26.80	-0.06	26.6	-0.01	0.42
FKNMS-BOCA-GRND	No significant trend	73434	17	1990 - 2012	26.14	0.08	26.04	0.01	0.17
FKNMS-200YR-HD	No significant trend	44601	12	1998 - 2009	26.10	-0.1	26.45	-0.04	0.17
FKNMS-CARYSFORT	No significant trend	55001	16	1990 - 2006	26.40	-0.03	26.38	0	0.64
FKNMS-SPRIGGER	No significant trend	41834	13	1992 - 2006	26.10	0.02	25.78	0	0.86
FKNMS-TENN-REEF	No significant trend	63260	16	1990 - 2006	26.70	-0.06	26.22	-0.01	0.27
FKNMS-SOMBRERO	No significant trend	48974	13	1991 - 2005	26.50	0.13	26.14	0.03	0.05
FKNMS-ELPIS	No significant trend	31035	8	2004 - 2011	26.35	0.06	25.9	0.04	0.53
FKNMS-LOOE-BUOY5	No significant trend	35252	10	1988 - 1998	26.90	0.05	26.86	0.02	0.36
FKNMS-PILLAR	No significant trend	40805	11	1996 - 2006	26.24	0.02	26.04	0.01	0.94
FKNMS-WS-JACKYL	No significant trend	29557	9	1991 - 1999	26.40	0.17	26.96	0.06	0.09
FKNMS-MOLASSES	No significant trend	36146	13	1990 - 2002	26.70	-0.05	26.74	-0.01	0.48
FKNMS-SNAKE-CRK	No significant trend	56777	19	1989 - 2007	26.16	-0.06	26.33	-0.02	0.28
FKNMS-CARD-SND	No significant trend	18249	6	2001 - 2006	26.52	-0.05	27.32	-0.05	0.79
FKNMS-NEWGROUND	No significant trend	35329	12	1992 - 2006	25.49	-0.05	25.73	-0.01	0.52
FKNMS-WELLWOOD	No significant trend	30427	8	2002 - 2009	26.43	0	26.82	0	1
FKNMS-DIEGO-TER	No significant trend	16693	5	2002 - 2006	25.58	-0.05	25.91	-0.03	0.84
FKNMS-WS-BUOY16	Insufficient data to calculate trend	8123	3	2003 - 2005	25.99	-	-	-	-
FKNMS-MAITLAND	Insufficient data to calculate trend	12421	4	2004 - 2007	26.07	-	-	-	-
FKNMS-W-SAMBO	No significant trend	18786	6	1990 - 1995	26.90	0.09	26.16	0.03	0.56
FKNMS-HARBORKEY	No significant trend	15407	5	1992 - 1997	26.50	0.14	25.74	0.14	0.33

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

Water Temperature - Continuous - Program 10004

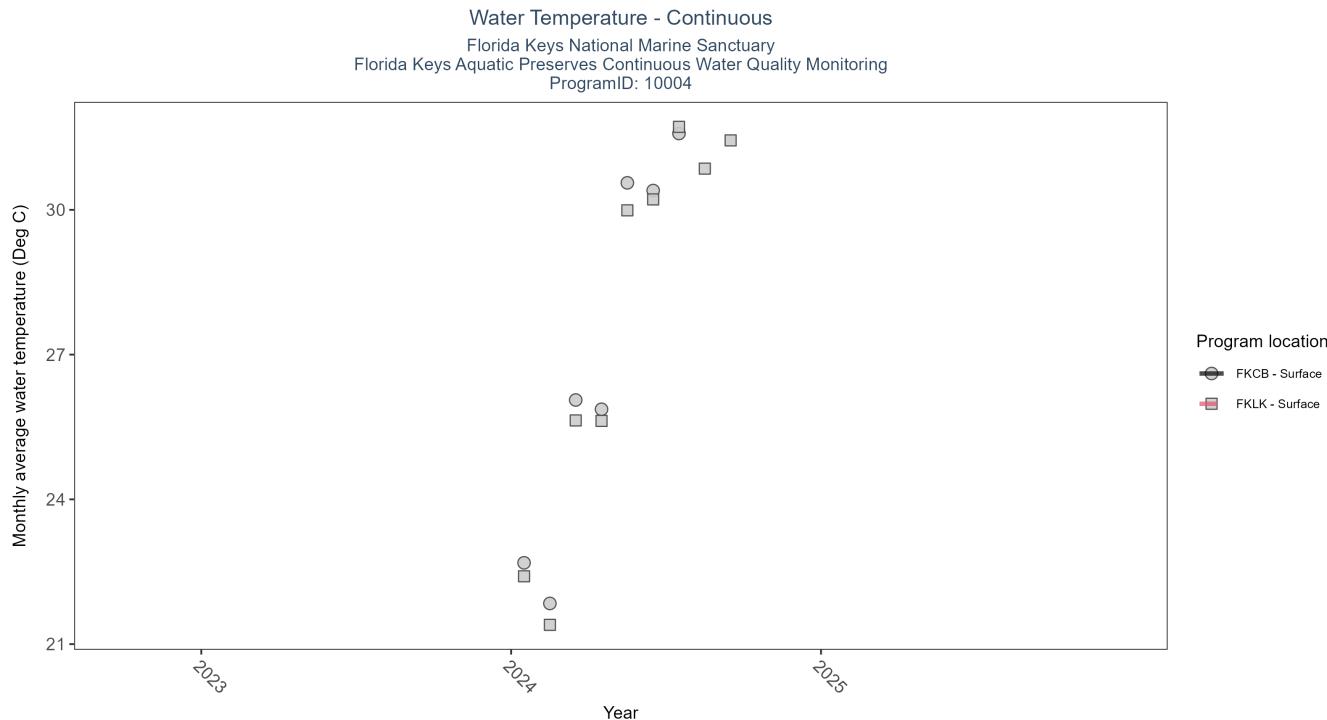


Figure 45: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 45: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Program 10004

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
FKCB	Insufficient data to calculate trend	16263	1	2024 - 2024	26.8	-	-	-	-
FKLK	Insufficient data to calculate trend	21517	1	2024 - 2024	29.0	-	-	-	-

At eighty-two program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.01 and 0.16°C per year. No detectable change in monthly average water temperature was observed at forty-one locations. There was insufficient data to fit a model for nine locations.

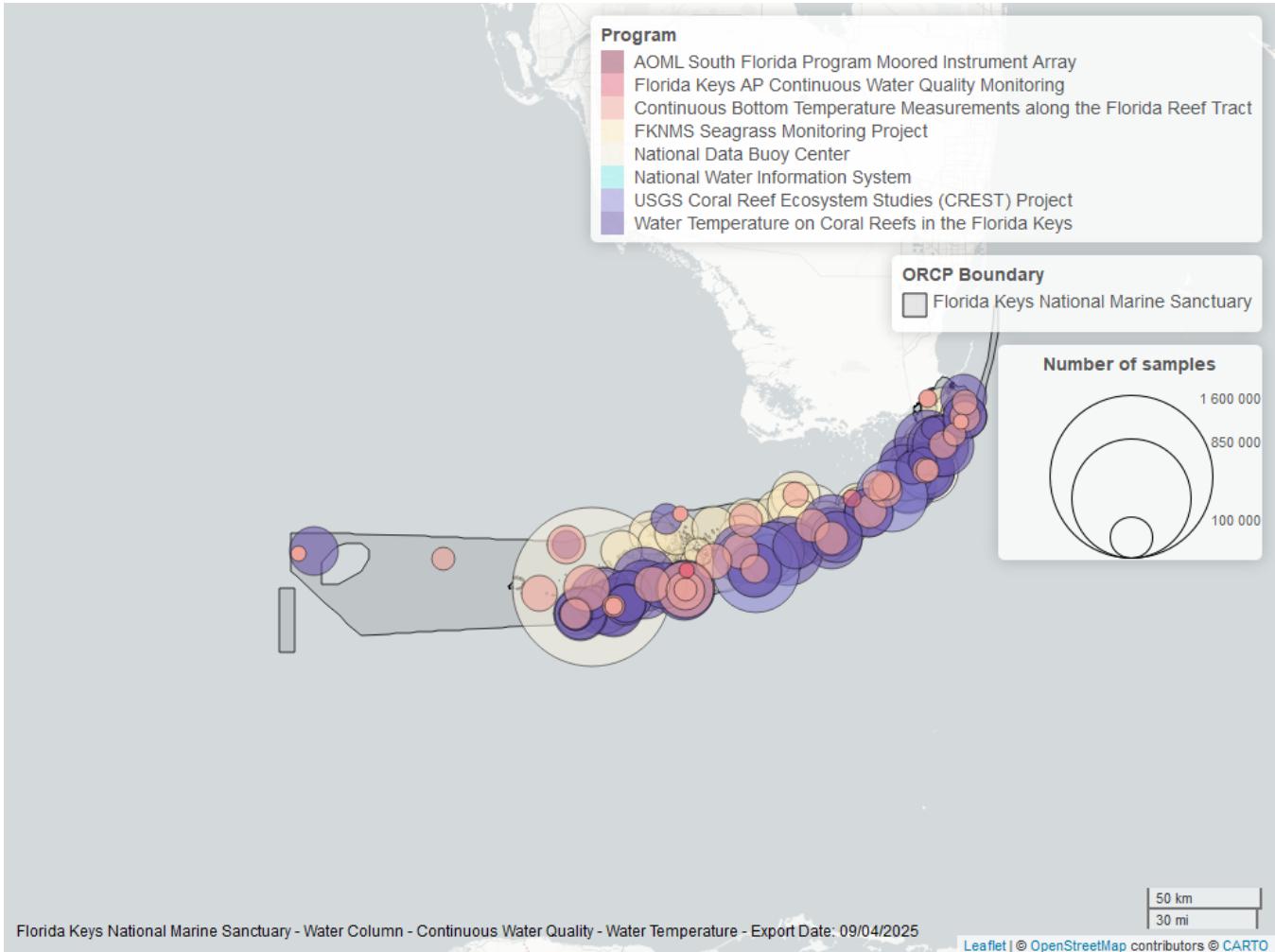


Figure 46: Map showing location of water temperature continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

The data file used is: All_SAV_Parameters-2025-Sep-04.txt

Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) refers to plants and plant-like macroalgae species that live entirely underwater. The two primary categories of SAV inhabiting Florida estuaries are *benthic macroalgae* and *seagrasses*. They often grow together in dense beds or meadows that carpet the seafloor. *Macroalgae* include multicellular species of green, red and brown algae that often live attached to the substrate by a holdfast. They tend to grow quickly and can tolerate relatively high nutrient levels, making them a threat to seagrasses and other benthic habitats in areas with poor water quality. In contrast, *seagrasses* are grass-like, vascular, flowering plants that are attached to the seafloor by extensive root systems. *Seagrasses* occur throughout the coastal areas of Florida, including protected bays and lagoons as well as deeper offshore waters on the continental shelf. *Seagrasses* have taken advantage of the broad, shallow shelf and clear water to produce two of the most extensive seagrass beds anywhere in continental North America.

Parameters

Percent Cover measures the fraction of an area of seafloor that is covered by SAV, usually estimated by evaluating multiple small areas of seafloor. Percent cover is often estimated for total SAV, individual types of vegetation (seagrass, attached algae, drift algae) and individual species.

Frequency of Occurrence was calculated as the number of times a taxon was observed in a year divided by the number of sampling events, multiplied by 100. Analysis is conducted at the quadrat level and is inclusive of all quadrats (i.e., quadrats evaluated using Braun-Blanquet, modified Braun-Blanquet, and percent cover.)

Species

Turtle grass (*Thalassia testudinum*) is the largest of the Florida seagrasses, with longer, thicker blades and deeper root structures than any of the other seagrasses. It is considered a climax seagrass species.

Shoal grass (*Halodule wrightii*) is an early colonizer of vegetated areas and usually grows in water too shallow for other species except *widgeon grass*. It can often tolerate larger salinity ranges than other seagrass species. *Shoal grass* is characterized by thin, flat blades, that are narrower than *turtle grass* blades.

Manatee grass (*Syringodium filiforme*) is easily recognizable because its leaves are thin and cylindrical instead of the flat, ribbon-like form shared by many other seagrass species. The leaves can grow up to half a meter in length. *Manatee grass* is usually found in mixed seagrass beds or small, dense monospecific patches.

Widgeon grass (*Ruppia maritima*) grows in both fresh and salt water and is widely distributed throughout Florida's estuaries in less saline areas, particularly in inlets along the east coast. This species resembles *shoal grass* in certain environments but can be identified by the pointed tips of its leaves.

Three species of *Halophila spp.* are found in Florida - **Star grass** (*Halophila engelmannii*), **Paddle grass** (*Halophila decipiens*), and **Johnson's seagrass** (*Halophila johnsonii*). These are smaller, more fragile seagrasses than other Florida species and are considered ephemeral. They grow along a single long rhizome, with short blades. These species are not well-studied, although surveys are underway to define their ecological roles.

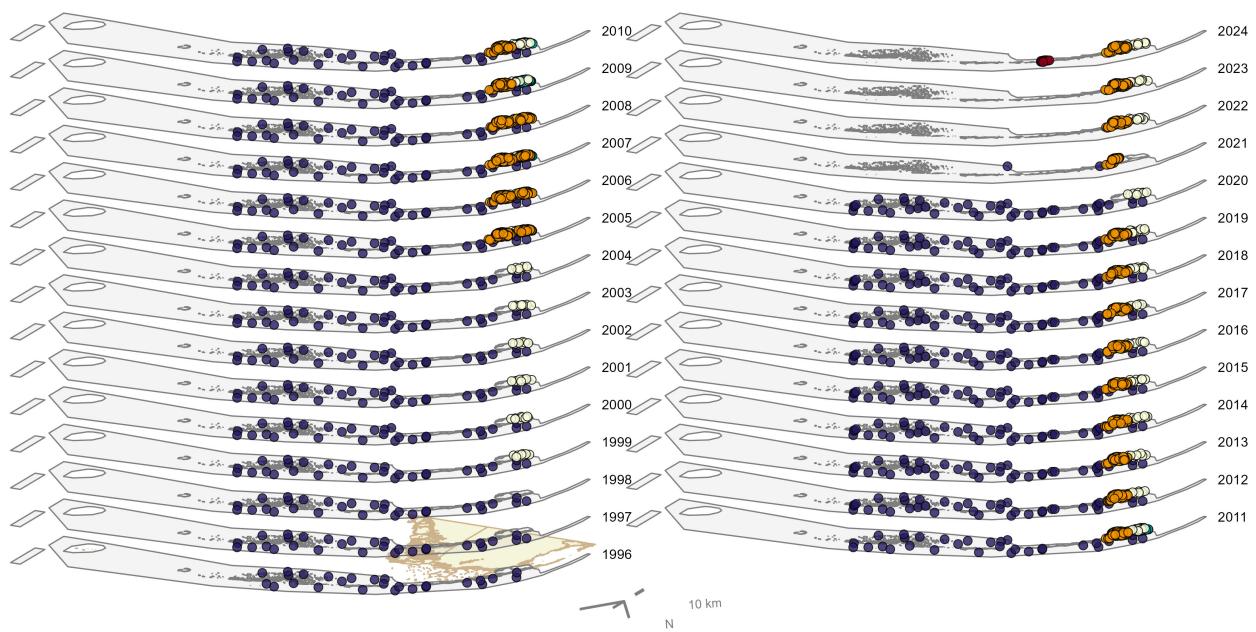
Notes

Star grass, *Paddle grass*, and *Johnson's seagrass* will be grouped together and listed as **Halophila spp.** in the following managed areas. This is because several surveys did not specify to the species level:

- Banana River Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Malabar to Vero Beach Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Vero Beach to Ft. Pierce Aquatic Preserve
- Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve
- Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve
- Mosquito Lagoon Aquatic Preserve

- Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve
- Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary
SAV Percent Cover - Sample Locations



Program name

- Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Seagrass Monitoring Project
- Miami-Dade County DERM Benthic Habitat Monitoring Program
- South Florida Seagrass Fish and Invertebrate Assessment Network
- The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)
- Florida Keys Aquatic Preserves Seagrass Monitoring

Figure 47: Maps showing the temporal scope of SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary* by Program name.

Click [here](#) to view spatio-temporal plots on GitHub.

Sampling locations by Program:

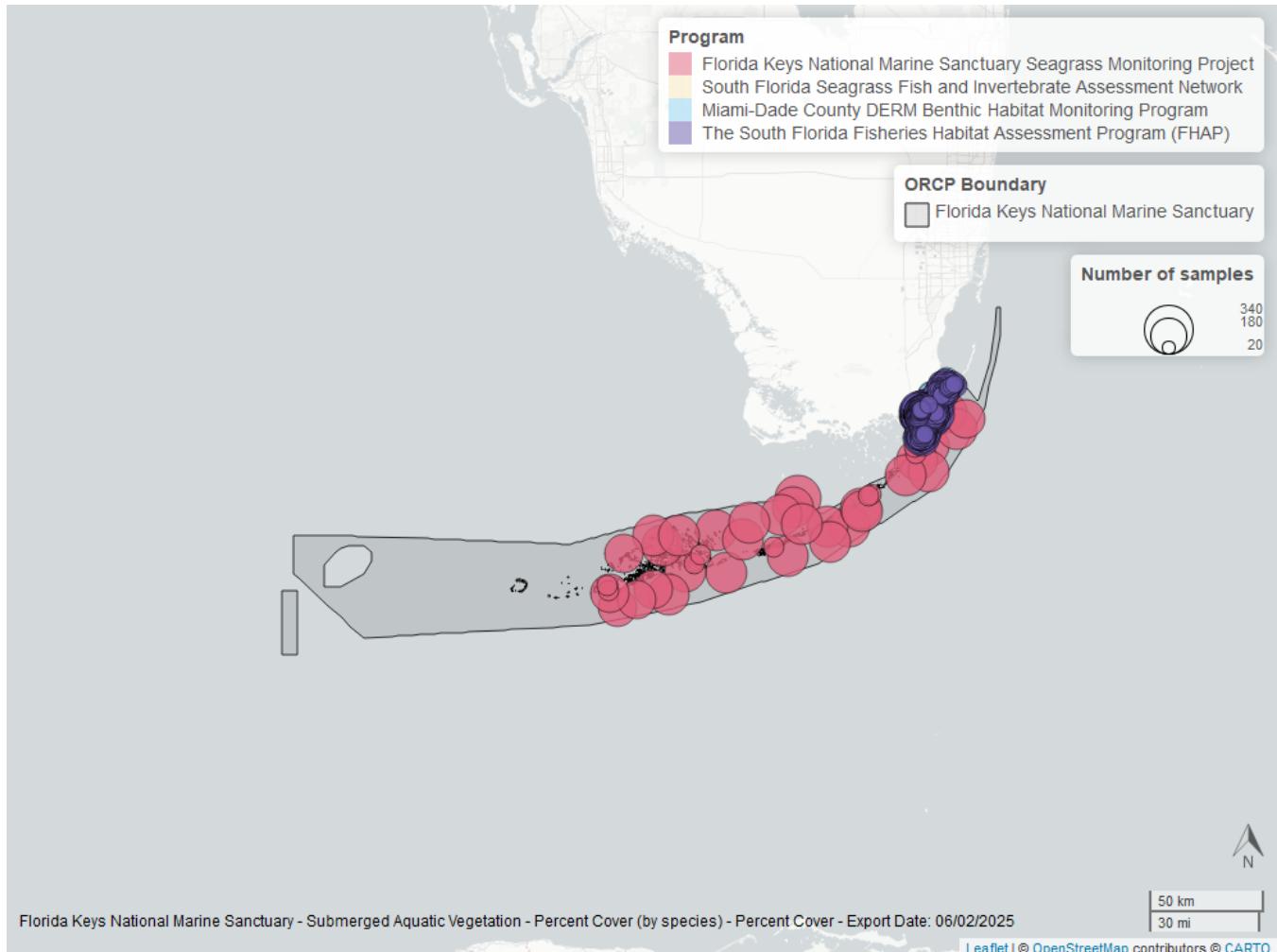


Figure 48: Map showing SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The point size reflects the number of samples at a given sampling site.

Table 46: Program Information for Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

ProgramID	N-Data	YearMin	YearMax	method	Sample Locations
296	4200	1996	2021	Braun Blanquet	40
965	65538	2005	2011	Braun Blanquet	87
4018	4328	1999	2024	Braun Blanquet	120
4049	104563	2005	2024	Braun Blanquet	1267
10007	229	2024	2024	Braun Blanquet	16
4018	279	1999	2007	Percent Cover	67
10007	486	2024	2024	Percent Cover	16

Program names:

296 - Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Seagrass Monitoring Project²³

965 - South Florida Seagrass Fish and Invertebrate Assessment Network¹⁸

- 4018 - Miami-Dade County DERM Benthic Habitat Monitoring Program²⁷
 4018 - Miami-Dade County DERM Benthic Habitat Monitoring Program²⁷
 4049 - The South Florida Fisheries Habitat Assessment Program (FHAP)¹⁵
 10007 - Florida Keys Aquatic Preserves Seagrass Monitoring[@]
 10007 - Florida Keys Aquatic Preserves Seagrass Monitoring[@]

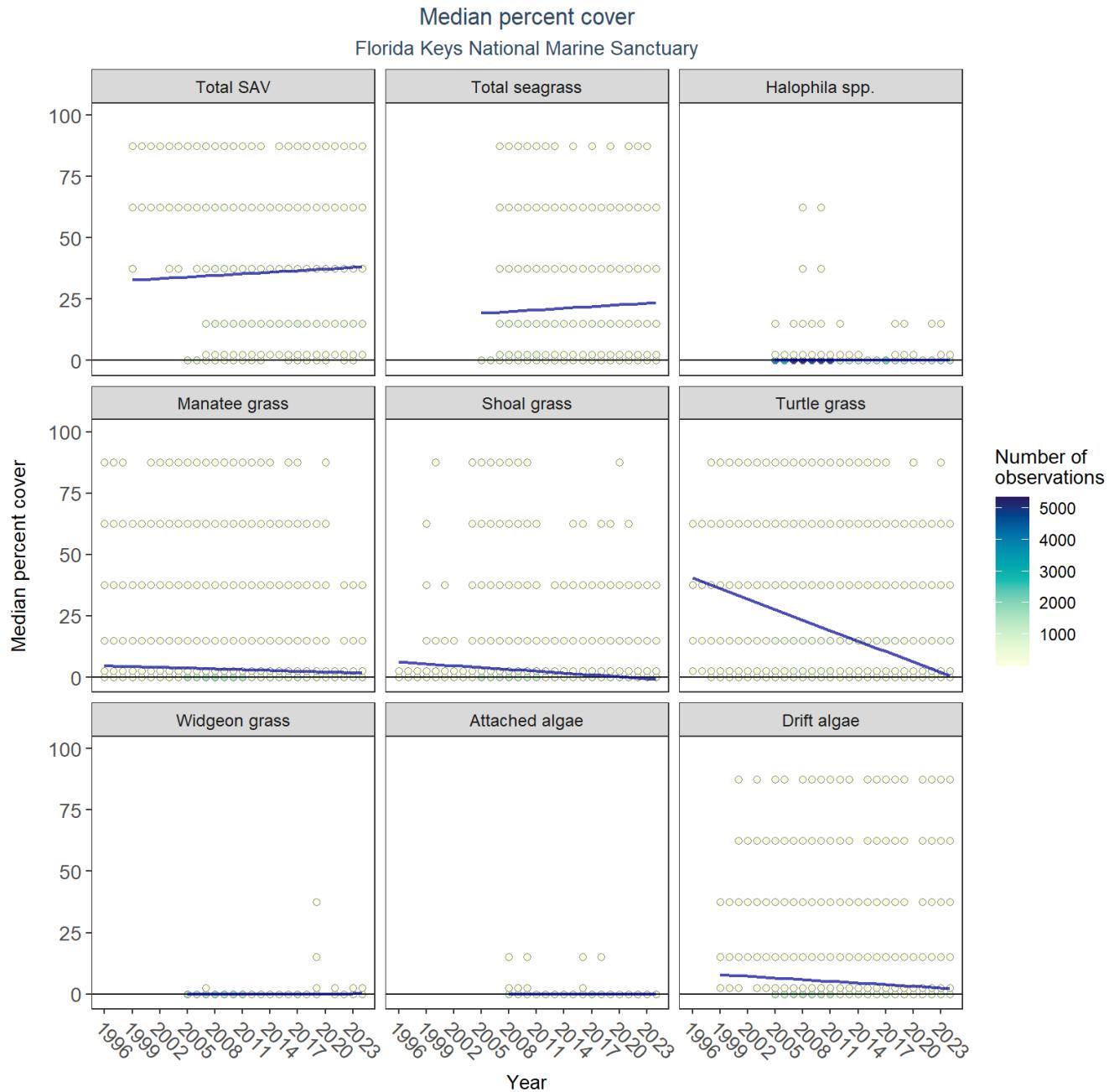


Figure 49: Scatter plots of median percent cover of submerged aquatic vegetation over time by group. Plots for time series that included five or more years of observations show the estimated trend as a blue line.

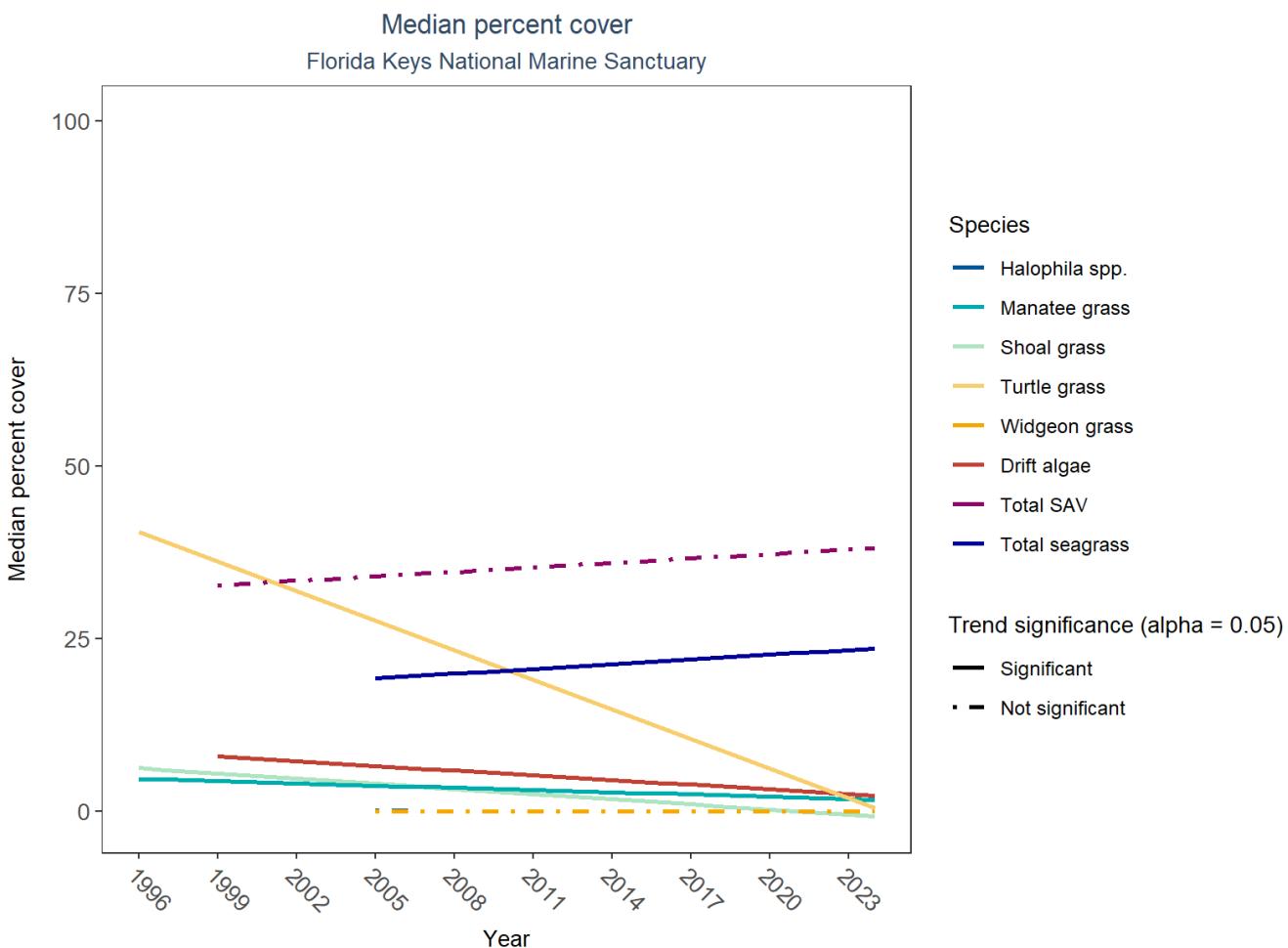


Figure 50: Trends in median percent cover for various seagrass species in Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary - simplified

Table 47: Percent Cover Trend Analysis for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

Common Name	Trend Significance (0.05)	Period of Record	LME-Intercept	LME-Slope	p
Attached algae	No significant trend	2008 - 2024	0.0758368	-0.0025288	0.2118930
Drift algae	Significantly decreasing trend	1999 - 2024	9.0325731	-0.2250310	0.0000182
Shoal grass	Significantly decreasing trend	1996 - 2024	6.7348617	-0.2493274	0.0002221
Halophila spp.	No significant trend	2005 - 2024	0.0759972	-0.0023621	0.3030577
Widgeon grass	No significant trend	2005 - 2024	-0.0376202	0.0027684	0.1049883
Manatee grass	Significantly decreasing trend	1996 - 2024	4.8876182	-0.1064017	0.0205244
Turtle grass	Significantly decreasing trend	1996 - 2024	43.3088391	-1.4266490	0.0000000
Total SAV	No significant trend	1999 - 2024	31.6516900	0.2156674	0.1645461
Total seagrass	Significantly increasing trend	2005 - 2024	16.7192043	0.2289359	0.0095302

An annual increase in percent cover was observed for total seagrass (0.2%). Annual decreases in percent cover were observed for manatee grass (-0.1%), shoal grass (-0.2%), turtle grass (-1.4%), and drift algae (-0.2%). Total SAV, *Halophila* spp., widgeon grass, and attached algae showed no detectable change in percent cover.

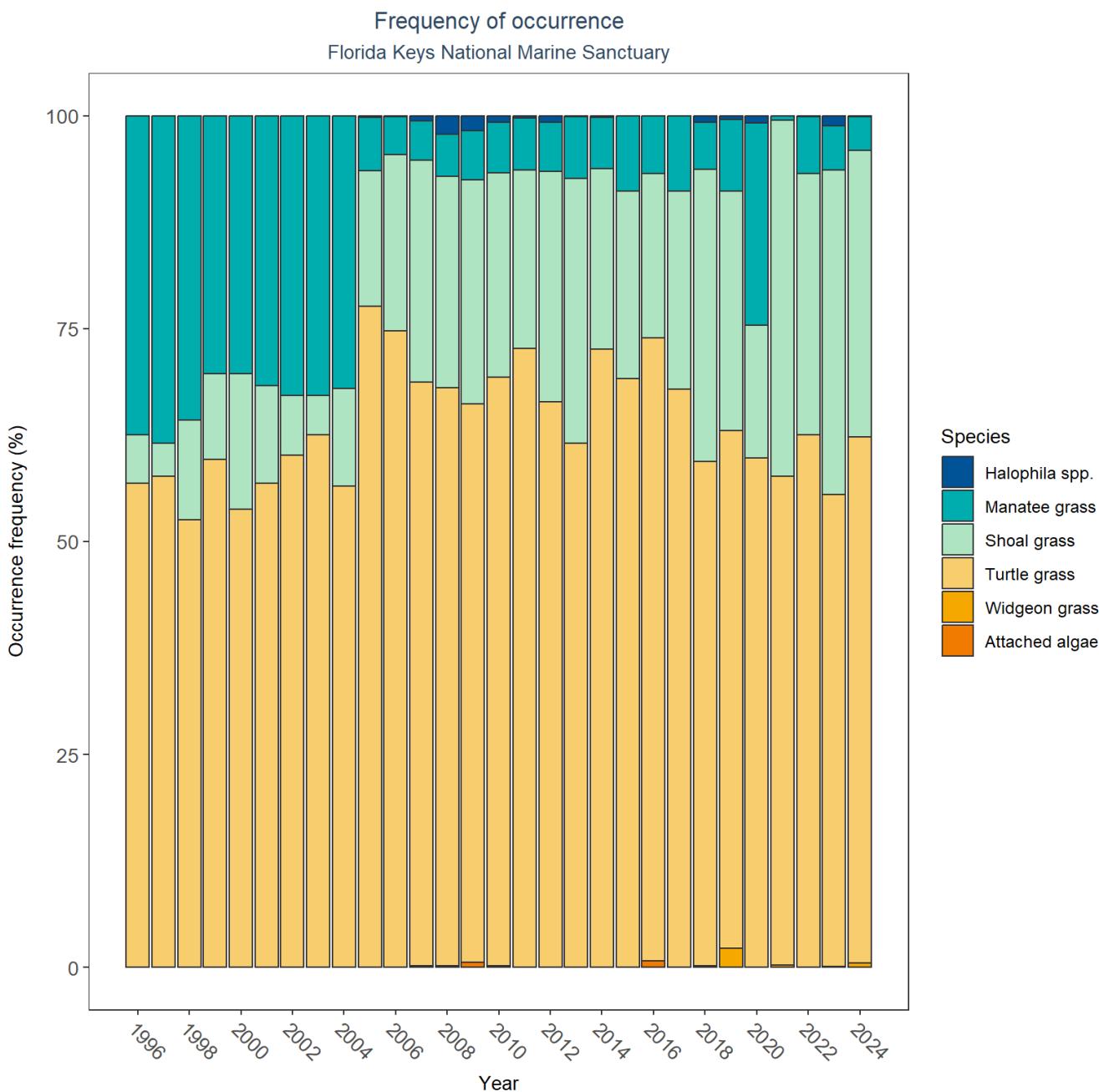


Figure 51: Frequency of occurrence for various seagrass species in Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

SAV Water Column Analysis

The following parameters are available for Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary within the SAV_WC_Report:

- Colored Dissolved Organic Matter
- Chlorophyll a
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Dissolved Oxygen Saturation
- pH
- Salinity

- Secchi Depth
- Water Temperature
- Total Nitrogen
- Total Suspended Solids
- Turbidity

Access the reports here: [DRAFT_SAV_WC_Report_2024-11-20.pdf](#)

Coral Reef

The data file used is: All_CORAL_Parameters-2025-Sep-04.txt

Percent Cover

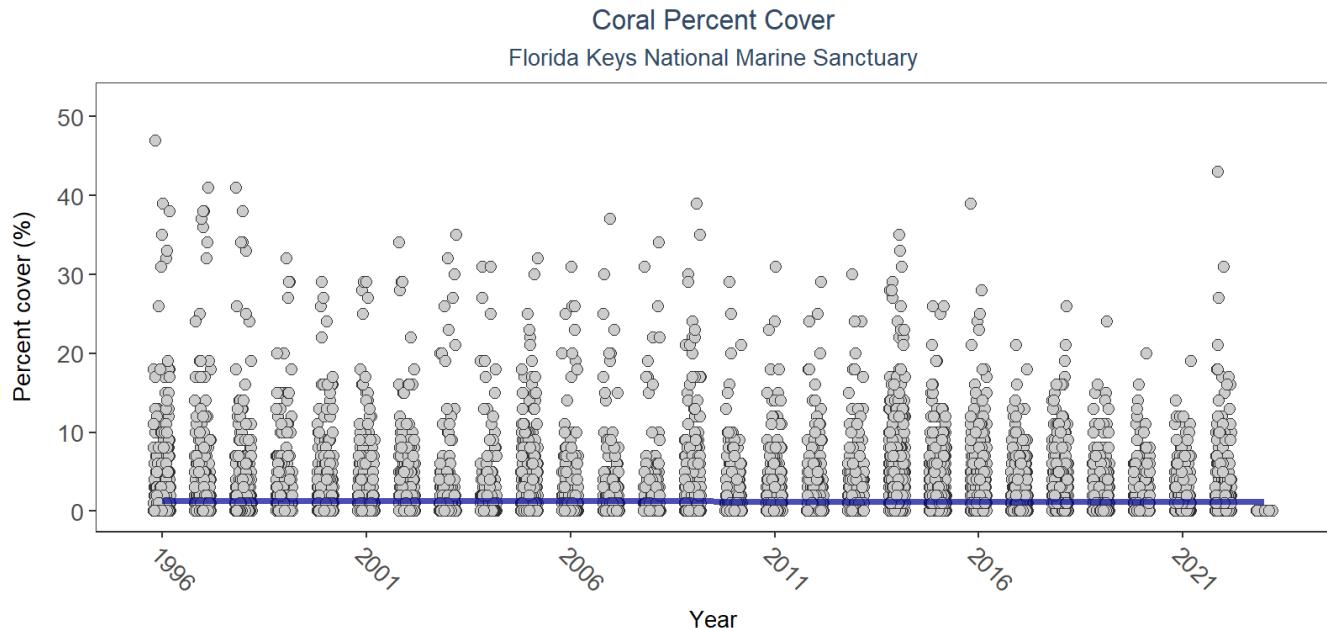


Figure 52: Scatter plot of live coral coverage over time as a percent of reef surface. Species groups include octocorals, milleporans, and scleractinians. If the time series included five or more years of observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Data points are jittered horizontally to reduce overlap.

Table 48: Coral Percent Cover

Statistical Trend	Period of Record	LME Intercept	LME Slope	p
Significantly decreasing trend	1996 - 2023	10.78212	-0.00473	0

Annual average percent cover decreased by less than 0.01% between 1996 and 2023.

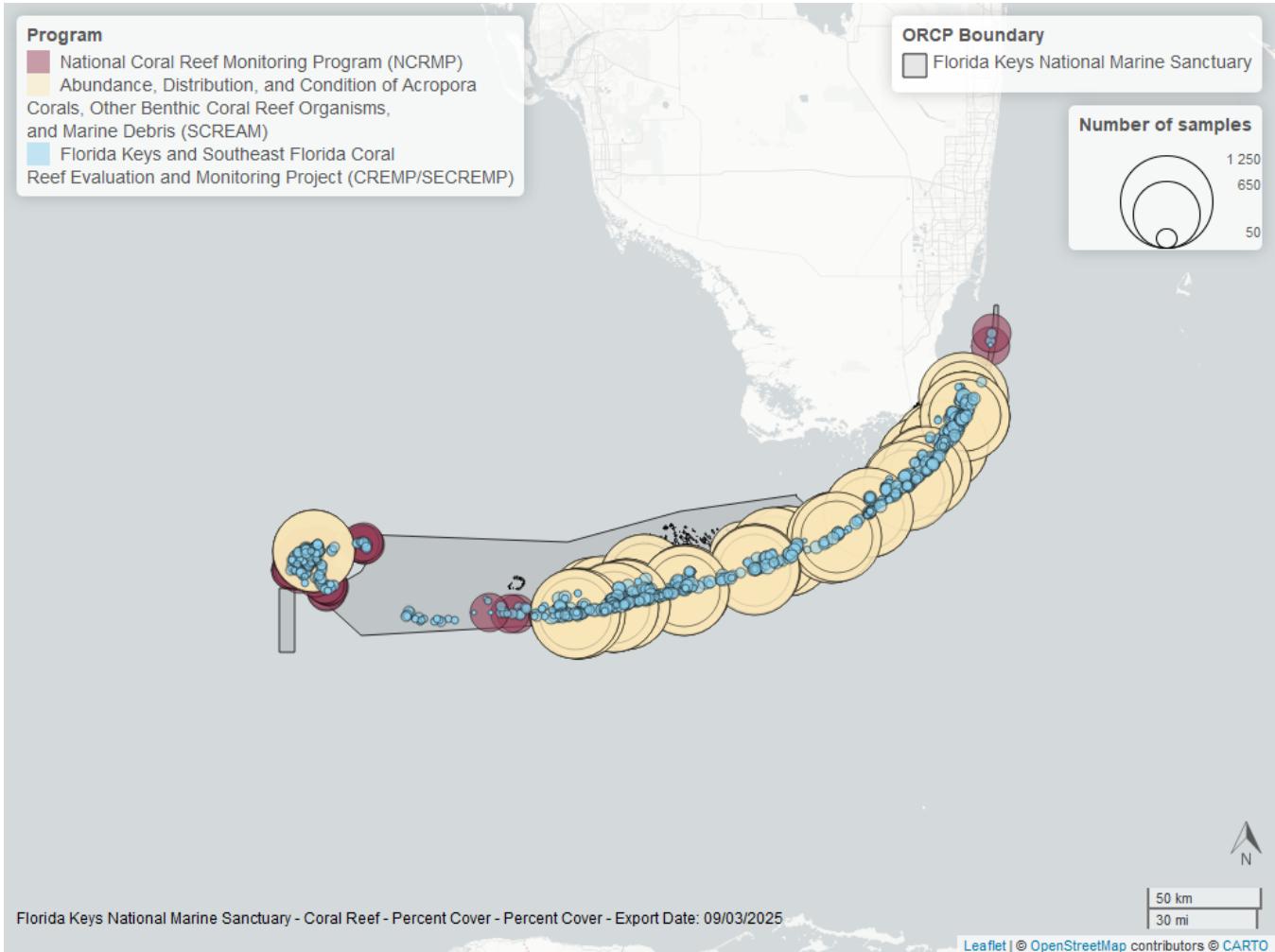


Figure 53: Map showing location of coral percent cover sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Species Richness

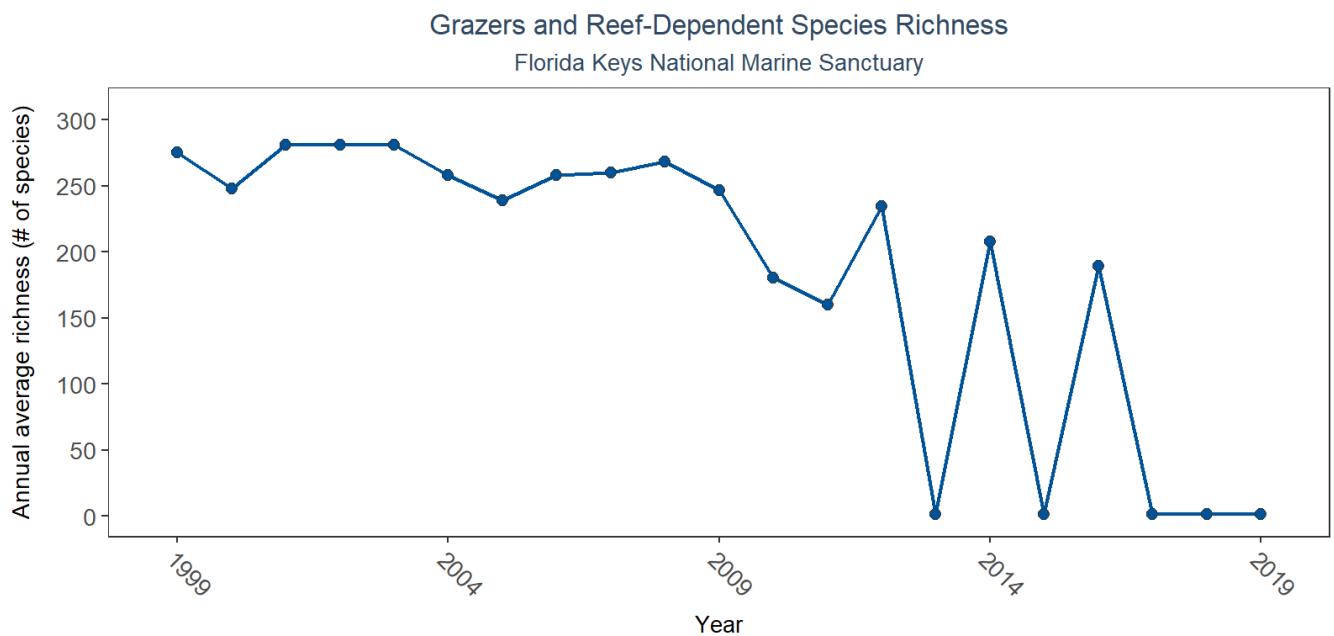


Figure 54: Line graph of annual average species richness of grazers and reef-dependent species over time. If the time series included more than one year of observations, a line connects the data points for visualization.

Table 49: Coral Species Richness

Sample Count	Number of Years	Period of Record	Median N of Taxa	Mean N of Taxa
11167	21	1999 - 2019	281	220.2253

The median annual number of taxa was 281 based on 11,167 observations collected between 1999 and 2019.

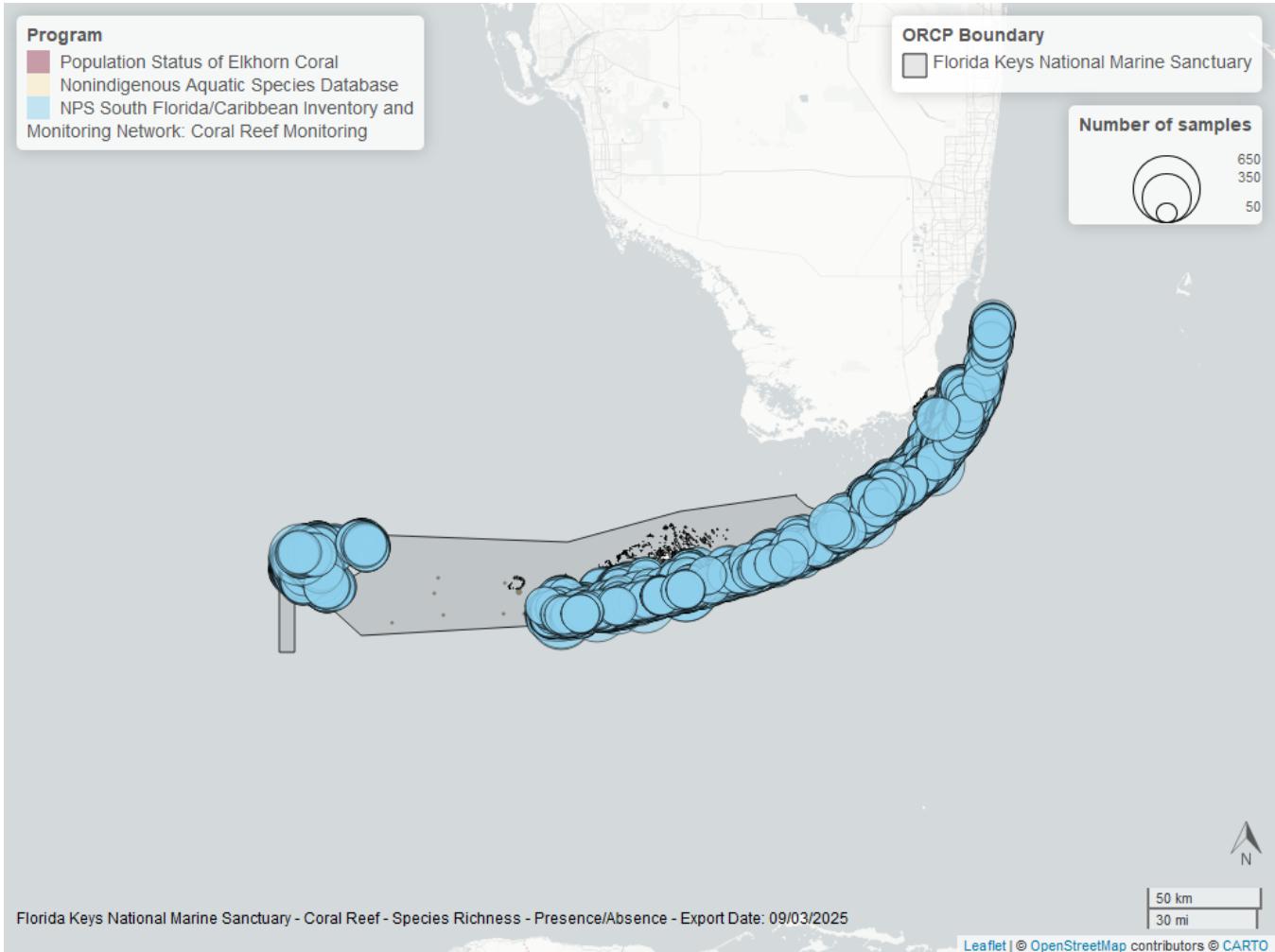


Figure 55: Map showing location of coral species richness sampling locations within the boundaries of *Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Species list

Abudefdup saxatilis ²	Epinephelus itajara ²	Padina gymnospora ¹
Acanthemblemaria aspera ²	Epinephelus morio ²	Pagrus pagrus ²
Acanthemblemaria chaplini ²	Epinephelus striatus ²	Palythoa mammillosa
Acanthemblemaria maria ²	Eques lanceolatus ²	Palythoa spp.
Acanthemblemaria spinosa ²	Equetus punctatus ²	Pandaros acanthifolium
Acanthocybium solandri	Ernadesmis sp. ¹	Parablennius marmoreus ²
Acanthophora muscoides ¹	Erylus formosus	Paraclinus marmoratus ²
Acanthophora sp. ¹	Erythropodium caribaeorum ³	Paraclinus nigripinnis ²
Acanthostacion polygonum ²	Eucinostomus argenteus	Paralichthys alboguttata ²
Acanthostacion quadricornis ²	Eucinostomus gula	Paranthias furcifer ²
Acanthurus bahianus ²	Eucinostomus jonesii	Pareques acuminatus ²
Acanthurus chirurgus ²	Eunicea calyculata ³	Pareques umbrosus ²
Acanthurus coeruleus ²	Eunicea flexuosa ³	Pempheris schomburgkii ²
Acanthurus sp. ²	Eunicea fusca ³	Penaeus monodon
Acetabularia sp. ¹	Eunicea knighti ³	Penicillllus sp. ¹
Acetabularia spp. ¹	Eunicea laciniata ³	Penicillllus spp. ¹
Acropora cervicornis ³	Eunicea laxispica ³	Peyssonnelia
Acropora palmata ³	Eunicea mammosa ³	Phaeoptyx xenus ²
Acropora prolifera ³	Eunicea palmeri ³	Phorbas sp.
Actiniaria	Eunicea succinea ³	Phyllangia americana ³
Aetobatus narinari	Eunicea tourneforti ³	Phymanthus crucifer
Agardhiella ramosissima ¹	Eusmilia fastigiata ³	Plakortis angulospiculatus
Agaricia agaricites ³	Euthynnus alletteratus	Plexaura homomalla ³
Agaricia fragilis ³	Favia fragum ³	Plexaura kuna ³
Agaricia grahamae ³	Fine turf	Plexaurella dichotoma ³
Agaricia humilis ³	Fistularia tabacaria ²	Plexaurella grandiflora ³
Agaricia lamarckii ³	Fowlerichthys ocellatus ²	Plexaurella grisea ³
Agaricia sp.	Galaxaura spp.	Plexaurella nutans ³
Agaricia spp. ³	Galeocerdo cuvier ²	Polysiphonia sp. ¹
Agaricia tenuifolia	Geodia gibberosa	Pomacanthus arcuatus ²
Agaricia undata ³	Geodia neptuni	Pomacanthus paru ²
Agelas clathrodes	Gerres cinereus	Porifera
Agelas conifera	Ginglymostoma cirratum	Porifera spp.
Agelas dispar	Gnatholepis thompsoni ²	Porites astreoides ³
Agelas schmidti	Gobioclinus bucciferus ²	Porites branneri ³
Agelas wiedenmayeri	Gobioclinus filamentosus ²	Porites cf. branneri
Ahlia egmontis	Gobioclinus gobio ²	Porites colonensis ³
Aiolochroia crassa	Gobioclinus kalisherae ²	Porites divaricata ³
Albula vulpes	Gobiosoma sp. ²	Porites furcata ³
Alcyonacea sp. ³	Gorgonia flabellum ³	Porites porites ³
Alectis ciliaris ²	Gorgonia mariae ³	Porites sp.
Alphestes afer ²	Gorgonia ventalina ³	Porites spp. ³
Aluterus monoceros ²	Gracilaria sp. ¹	Priacanthus arenatus ²
Aluterus schoepfii ²	Gramma loreto ²	Priolepis hipoliti ²
Aluterus scriptus ²	Grateloupia ¹	Prionotus ophryas ²
Aluterus sp. ²	Griffithsia ¹	Prionotus rubio ²
Amblycirrhitus pinos ²	Gymnothorax funebris ²	Pristipomoides aquilonaris ²
Amphimedon compressa	Gymnothorax miliaris ²	Pristis pectinata
Amphimedon viridis	Gymnothorax moringa ²	Prognathodes aculeatus ²
Amphiroa spp. ¹	Gymnothorax nigromarginatus ²	Pseudobatos lentiginosus
Anadyomene linkiana ¹	Gymnothorax saxicola ²	Pseudodiploria clivosa ³
Anadyomene spp. ¹	Gymnothorax vicinus ²	Pseudodiploria strigosa ³
Anadyomene stellata ¹	Haemulon album ²	Pseudoplexaura crucis ³
Anchoa lyolepis	Haemulon aurolineatum ²	Pseudoplexaura flagellosa ³

Anisotremus surinamensis ²	Haemulon carbonarium ²	Pseudoplexaura porosa ³
Anisotremus virginicus ²	Haemulon flavolineatum ²	Pseudoplexaura wagenaari ³
Antillogorgia acerosa ³	Haemulon macrostomum ²	Pseudupeneus maculatus ²
Antillogorgia americana ³	Haemulon melanurum ²	Ptereleotris calliura
Antillogorgia bipinnata ³	Haemulon parra ²	Ptereleotris helenae
Antillogorgia kallos ³	Haemulon plumieri ²	Pterocladiella sanctarum ¹
Antillogorgia rigida ³	Haemulon scirurus ²	Pterogorgia anceps ³
Aplysina archeri	Haemulon sp. ²	Pterogorgia citrina ³
Aplysina cauliformis	Haemulon striatum ²	Pterogorgia guadalupensis ³
Aplysina fistularis	Haemulon vittatum ²	Pterois miles ²
Aplysina fulva	Halichoeres bivittatus ²	Pterois volitans ²
Aplysina lacunosa	Halichoeres caudalis ²	Ptilocaulis sp.
Apogon aurolineatus ²	Halichoeres cyanocephalus ²	Rachycentron canadum
Apogon binotatus ²	Halichoeres garnoti ²	Ramicrusta spp.
Apogon maculatus ²	Halichoeres maculipinna ²	Razorfish sp. ²
Apogon phenax ²	Halichoeres pictus ²	Red calcareous branching algae
Apogon pseudomaculatus ²	Halichoeres poeyi ²	Red frondose algae
Apogon quadrisquamatus ²	Halichoeres radiatus ²	Remora remora
Apogon townsendi ²	Haliclona (Reneira) aquaeductus	Rhinoptera bonasus
Archosargus probatocephalus ²	Haliclona (Reniera) tubifera	Rhipocephalus ¹
Archosargus rhomboidalis ²	Haliclona sp.	Rhipocephalus phoenix ¹
Arturia canariensis	Halimeda spp. ¹	Rhipocephalus spp. ¹
Ascidiae	Halisarca sp.	Rhodactis osculifera
Astrapogon puncticulatus ²	Halodule wrightii ¹	Rhomboplites aurorubens ²
Astrapogon sp. ²	Halophila decipiens ¹	Ricordea florida
Astrapogon stellatus ²	Halophila engelmannii ¹	Rubble
Astroscopus guttatus	Halophila johnsonii ¹	Ruppia maritima ¹
Atherinomorus stipes	Halophila sp. ¹	Rypticus bistrispinus ²
Aulostomus maculatus ²	Harengula humeralis	Rypticus maculatus ²
Avrainvillea ¹	Harengula jaguana	Rypticus saponaceus ²
Avrainvillea levii ¹	Helioseris cucullata ³	Sand-sand
Axinellida	Hemiemblemaria simula ²	Sand on hard-bottom
Azurina cyanea ²	Hemiramphus brasiliensis	Sardinella aurita
Balistes capriscus ²	Heterconger longissimus	Sargassum sp. ¹
Balistes sp. ²	Heteropriacanthus cruentatus ²	Sargassum spp. ¹
Balistes vetula ²	Hexacorallia	Sargocentron bullisi ²
Bare substrate	Higginsia strigilata	Sargocentron coruscum ²
Bartholomea annulata	Hippocampus erectus ²	Sargocentron vexillarium ²
Batophora oerstedii ¹	Hippocampus reidi ²	Scartella cristata ²
Batophora spp. ¹	Hippospongia sp.	Scarus coeruleus ²
Blenniidae sp. ²	Holacanthus bermudensis ²	Scarus guacamaia ²
Bodianus pulchellus ²	Holacanthus ciliaris ²	Scarus iseri ²
Bodianus rufus ²	Holacanthus tricolor ²	Scarus sp. ²
Bollmannia boqueronensis ²	Holocentrus adscensionis ²	Scarus taeniopterus ²
Bothus lunatus ²	Holocentrus rufus ²	Scarus vetula ²
Bothus ocellatus ²	Hydrozoa	Schizothrix calcicola
Brachygenys chrysargyreum ²	Hypanus americanus	Schultzea beta ²
Branching gorgonian ³	Hypselochilus bermudensis ²	Scianid sp. ²
Briareum asbestinum ³	Hypnea ¹	Scleractinia ³
Brockius nigricinctus ²	Hypoatherina harringtonensis	Scolymia cubensis ³
Brotula barbata	Hypoglossum ¹	Scolymia lacera
Brown algae ¹	Hypoplectrus chlorurus ²	Scolymia sp. ³
Bryopsis ¹	Hypoplectrus gemma ²	Scolymia spp. ³
Bryozoa	Hypoplectrus gummigutta ²	Scomberomorus cavalla
Calamus bajonado ²	Hypoplectrus guttavarius ²	Scomberomorus maculatus
Calamus calamus ²	Hypoplectrus hybrid ²	Scomberomorus regalis
Calamus leucosteus ²	Hypoplectrus indigo ²	

Calamus nodosus ²	Hypoplectrus nigricans ²	Scopalina ruetzleri
Calamus penna ²	Hypoplectrus puella ²	Scorpaena plumieri ²
Calamus proridens ²	Hypoplectrus sp. ²	Scorpaenodes caribbaeus ²
Calcareous green algae ¹	Hypoplectrus tann ²	Selachii
Callionymus bairdi ²	Hypoplectrus unicolor ²	Selene vomer ²
Callyspongia (Callyspongia) fallax	Hyporthodus flavolimbatus ²	Seriola dumerili ²
Callyspongia (Cladochalina) aculeata	Hyporthodus niveatus ²	Seriola rivoliana ²
Callyspongia (Cladochalina) plicifera	Hyrtios violaceus	Seriola sp. ²
Callyspongia (Cladochalina) tenerima	Iciligorgia schrammi ³	Seriola zonata ²
Calyx podatypa	Iotrochota birotulata	Serranid sp. ²
Cantherhines macrocerus ²	Ircinia campana	Serranus annularis ²
Cantherhines pullus ²	Ircinia felix	Serranus baldwini ²
Canthidermis sufflamen ²	Ircinia strobilina	Serranus phoebe ²
Canthigaster rostrata ²	Ircinia variabilis	Serranus subligarius ²
Caranx bartholomaei ²	Isophyllia rigida ³	Serranus tabacarius ²
Caranx crysos ²	Isophyllia sinuosa ³	Serranus tigrinus ²
Caranx hippos ²	Isophyllia sp.	Serranus tortugaram ²
Caranx latus ²	Istiophorus platypterus	Siderastrea radians ³
Caranx lugubris ²	Jania spp. ¹	Siderastrea siderea ³
Caranx ruber ²	Jenkinsia sp.	Siderastrea sp.
Caranx sp. ²	Kallymenia spp.	Siderastrea spp.
Carcharhinus falciformis	Kyphosus sectatrix ²	Silt on hard-bottom
Carcharhinus leucas	Labrisomidae sp. ²	Siphonodictyon coralliphagum
Carcharhinus limbatus	Labrisomus nuchipinnis ²	Siphonodictyon siphonum
Carcharhinus obscurus	Lachnolaimus maximus ²	Snapper sp. ²
Carcharhinus perezii	Lactophrys bicaudalis ²	Solenastrea bournoni ³
Carcharhinus plumbeus	Lactophrys trigonus ²	Solenastrea hyades ³
Caulerpa spp. ¹	Lactophrys triqueter ²	Solenastrea sp.
Centroceras sp. ¹	Lagodon rhomboides ²	Solenastrea spp. ³
Centropomus undecimalis	Laurencia spp. ¹	Sparidae sp. ²
Centropristis ocyurus ²	Lebrunia neglecta	Sparisoma atomarium ²
Centropristis striata ²	Liagora spp.	Sparisoma aurofrenatum ²
Centropyge argi ²	Liopropoma eukrines ²	Sparisoma chrysopterum ²
Cephalopholis cruentata ²	Liopropoma mowbrayi ²	Sparisoma radians ²
Cephalopholis fulva ²	Liopropoma rubre ²	Sparisoma rubripinne ²
Ceramium ¹	Lobophora spp.	Sparisoma sp. ²
Chaenopsis limbaughi ²	Lutjanus analis ²	Sparisoma viride ²
Chaetodipterus faber	Lutjanus apodus ²	Spermothamnion ¹
Chaetodon capistratus ²	Lutjanus buccanella ²	Spheciospongia vesparium
Chaetodon ocellatus ²	Lutjanus campechanus ²	Sphoeroides ²
Chaetodon sedentarius ²	Lutjanus cyanopterus ²	Sphoeroides nephelus ²
Chaetodon striatus ²	Lutjanus griseus ²	Sphoeroides spengleri ²
Chaetomorpha linum ¹	Lutjanus jocu ²	Sphoeroides testudineus ²
Champia parvula ¹	Lutjanus mahogoni ²	Sphyraena barracuda ²
Chara spp. ¹	Lutjanus synagris ²	Sphyraena guachancho
Chilomycterus antennatus ²	Macroalgae	Sphyraena picudilla
Chilomycterus reticulatus ²	Madracis auretenra ³	Sphyraena lewini
Chilomycterus schoepfii ²	Madracis carmabi ³	Sphyraena mokarran
Chloroscombrus chrysurus ²	Madracis decactis ³	Sphyraena tiburo
Chondria capillaris ¹	Madracis formosa ³	Spirastrella coccinea
Chondria spp. ¹	Madracis myriaster ³	Spirastrella mollis
Chondrilla nucula	Madracis senaria ³	Spongia sp.
Chondrosia sp.	Madracis sp.	Spyridia filamentosa ¹
Chriodorus atherinoides	Madracis spp. ³	Squirrelfish sp. ²
Chromis encrysurus ²	Malacanthus plumieri	Stegastes adustus ²
Chromis insolata ²	Malacoctenus aurolineatus ²	Stegastes diencaeus ²
Chromis multilineata ²	Malacoctenus gilli ²	Stegastes leucostictus ²

Chromis scotti ²	Malacoctenus macropus ²	Stegastes partitus ²
Cinachyra sp.	Malacoctenus triangulatus ²	Stegastes planifrons ²
Cladocephalus ¹	Malacoctenus versicolor ²	Stegastes sp. ²
Cladocora arbuscula ³	Manicina areolata ³	Stegastes variabilis ²
Cladophora ¹	Meandrina jacksoni	Stephanocoenia intersepta ³
Clathria (Thalysias) venosa	Meandrina meandrites ³	Stephanolepis hispida ²
Clathria (Thalysias) virgultosa	Megalops atlanticus	Stichodactyla helianthus
Clathria sp.	Melichthys niger ²	Strongylacidon sp.
Clepticus parrae ²	Menidia sp.	Strongylura notata ²
Cliona caribbaea	Microgobius carri ²	Strongylura timucu
Cliona delitrix	Microgobius microlepis ²	Stygnobrotula latebricola
Cliona sp.	Microspathodon chrysurus ²	Stypopodium spp.
Cliona spp.	Millepora alcicornis ³	Substrate
Cliona varians	Millepora complanata ³	Syacium micrurum ²
Colpophyllia natans ³	Millepora spp. ³	Syngnathus scovelli ²
Colpophyllia spp. ³	Mobula birostris	Syngnathus sp. ²
Condylactis gigantea	Monacanthus ciliatus ²	Synodus foetens ²
Corallimorpharians	Monacanthus tuckeri ²	Synodus intermedius ²
Coralliophila erosa	Monanchora arbuscula	Synodus synodus ²
Coryphopterus dicrost ²	Montastraea cavernosa ³	Syringodium filiforme ¹
Coryphopterus eidolon ²	Mulloidichthys martinicus ²	Tectitethya crypta
Coryphopterus glaucofraenum ²	Muraena retifera ²	Tedania (Tedania) ignis
Coryphopterus lipernes ²	Muricea atlantica ³	Tethya diploderma
Coryphopterus personatus ²	Muricea elongata ³	Thalassia testudinum ¹
Coryphopterus punctipectophorus ²	Muricea laxa ³	Thalassoma bifasciatum ²
Coryphopterus sp. ²	Muricea muricata ³	Thick turf
Cribrochalina vasculum	Muricea pinnata ³	Tigrigobius macrodon ²
Crustose coralline algae ¹	Muriceopsis flavidia ³	Tigrigobius saucrus ²
Cryptotomus roseus ²	Mussa angulosa ³	Total brown algae ¹
Ctenogobius saepepallens ²	Mycale (Mycale) laevis	Total calcareous green algae ¹
Cyanobacteria	Mycale sp.	Total green algae ¹
Cyanophyta spp.	Mycetophyllia aliciae ³	Total macroalgae ¹
Dactylopterus volitans	Mycetophyllia danaana ³	Total other green algae ¹
Dasya sp. ¹	Mycetophyllia ferox ³	Total other red algae ¹
Dasycladus ¹	Mycetophyllia lamarckiana ³	Total SAV ¹
Decapterus macarellus ²	Mycetophyllia sp.	Total seagrass ¹
Decapterus punctatus ²	Mycetophyllia spp. ³	Trachinotus falcatus ²
Decapterus sp. ²	Mycteroperca acutirostris ²	Trachinotus goodei ²
Dendrogyra cylindrus ³	Mycteroperca bonaci ²	Trachurus lathami ²
Derbesia ¹	Mycteroperca interstitialis ²	Trachyteleia hispida
Dermatolepis inermis ²	Mycteroperca microlepis ²	Tunicata
Desmapsamma anchorata	Mycteroperca phenax ²	Turbinaria turbinata
Diadema antillarum	Mycteroperca tigris ²	Turf algae free of sediment
Dichocoenia stokesii ³	Mycteroperca venenosa ²	Turf algae with sediment
Dictyosphaeria ¹	Myrichthys breviceps	Tylosurus crocodilus
Dictyota spp. ¹	Myrichthys ocellatus	Udotea ¹
Diodon holocanthus ²	Myripristis jacobus ²	Udotea spp. ¹
Diodon hystrix ²	Narcine bancroftii	Ulaema lefroyi
Diodon sp. ²	Needlefish sp.	Ulva sp. ¹
Diplastrella megastellata	Negaprion brevirostris	Umbrina coroides ²
Diplectrum formosum ²	Neofibularia nolitangere	Undaria sp.
Diplodus argenteus ²	Neomeris ¹	Unidentified mangrove
Diplodus holbrookii ²	Neoniphon marianus ²	Unidentified species
Diploria labyrinthiformis ³	Neopetrosia carbonaria	Unknown barrel sponge
Diploria sp.	Nes longus ²	Unknown black smooth encrusting sponge
Diploria spp. ³	Nicholsina usta ²	Unknown bowling ball sponge
Discosoma carlgreni	Niphates amorphus	Unknown brown encrusting sponge

Doratonotus megalepis ²	Niphates digitalis	Unknown brown smooth sponge
Dragmacidon lunaecharta	Niphates erecta	Unknown brown tube sponge
Drift red algae ¹	Oceanapia peltata	Unknown brown vein sponge
Dysidea etheria	Octocorallia ³	Unknown encrusting sponge
Dysidea fragilis	Oculina diffusa ³	Unknown finger/branching sponge
Dysidea janiae	Oculina robusta ³	Unknown green encrusting sponge
Echeneis naucrates	Oculina sp.	Unknown olive sponge
Echeneis neucratoides	Ocyurus chrysurus ²	Unknown orange encrusting sponge
Echinoidea	Odontoscion dentex ²	Unknown orange massive sponge
Ectyoplasia ferox	Ogcoccephalus nasutus ²	Unknown pink lumpy sponge
Elacatinus dilepis ²	Ogcoccephalus sp.	Unknown red encrusting sponge
Elacatinus evelynae ²	Oligoplites saurus ²	Unknown red lumpy tube sponge
Elacatinus horsti ²	Ophioblennius macclurei ²	Unknown red squishy sponge
Elacatinus oceanops ²	Opistognathus aurifrons	Unknown tube sponge
Elacatinus randalli ²	Opistognathus macrognathus	Upeneus parvus ²
Elacatinus xanthiprora ²	Opistognathus sp.	Urobatis jamaicensis
Elagatis bipinnulata ²	Opistognathus whitehursti	Valonia ¹
Elops saurus	Opsanus tau ²	Verongula gigantea
Emblemaria pandionis ²	Orcicella annularis ³	Verongula reiswigi
Emblemariopsis bahamensis ²	Orcicella faveolata ³	Verongula rigida
Emmelichthys atlanticus ²	Orcicella franksi ³	Wrightiella ¹
Enchelycore carychroa ²	Orcicella sp.	Xestospongia muta
Enchelycore nigricans ²	Orthopristis chrysoptera ²	Xyrichtys martinicensis ²
Encrusting gorgonian ³	Other calcareous macroalgae	Xyrichtys novacula ²
Enneanectes altivelis	Other coral	Xyrichtys splendens ²
Enneanectes boehlkei	Other fleshy macroalgae	Zanclus cornutus
Epinephelus adscensionis ²	Other green algae ¹	Zoanthidae
Epinephelus drummondhayi ²	Other red algae ¹	Zoanthids
Epinephelus guttatus ²	Oxyurichthys stigmalophius ²	Abudefduf saxatilis ²

1 - Submerged Aquatic Vegetation, 2 - Coral Reef - Species Richness, 3 - Coral Reef - Percent Cover

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