

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

SEACAR Habitat Analyses

Last compiled on 18 March, 2024

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Threshold Filtering

Threshold filters, following the guidance of Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (*FDEP*) Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration (*DEAR*) are used to exclude specific results values from the SEACAR Analysis. Based on the threshold filters, Quality Assurance / Quality Control (*QAQC*) Flags are inserted into the *SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode* and *SEACAR_QAQC_Description* columns of the export data. The *Include* column indicates whether the *QAQC* Flag will also indicate that data are excluded from analysis. No data are excluded from the data export, but the analysis scripts can use the *Include* column to exclude data (1 to include, 0 to exclude).

Table 1: Continuous Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold	Sensor Type
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0	50	YSI EXOs
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0	50	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0	50	6600 Series
Salinity	ppt	0	70	6600 Series
Salinity	ppt	0	70	YSI EXOs
Salinity	ppt	0	70	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5	45	YSI EXOs
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5	45	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5	45	6600 Series
pH	pH	2	14	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
pH	pH	2	14	6600 Series
pH	pH	2	14	YSI EXOs
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0	500	YSI EXOs
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0	500	6600 Series
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0	500	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0	100	6600 Series
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0	200	YSI EXOs
Turbidity	NTU	0	4000	YSI EXOs
Turbidity	NTU	0	1000	6600 Series
Turbidity	NTU	0	4000	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04

Table 2: Discrete Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.000001	22
Salinity	ppt	0	70
Water Temperature	Degrees C	3	40
pH		2	13
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0.000001	310
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0.005000001	100
Turbidity	NTU	0	-
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	0	-
Chlorophyll a uncorrected for pheophytin	ug/L	0	-
Chlorophyll a corrected for pheophytin	ug/L	0	-
Secchi Depth	m	0.000001	50
Light Extinction Coefficient	m^1	0	-
Colored dissolved organic matter, CDOM	PCU	0	-
Fluorescent dissolved organic matter, FDOM	QSE	0	-
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	0	-
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen TKN	mg/L	0	-
NO2+3 Filtered	mg/L	0	-
NH4 Filtered	mg/L	0	-
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	0	-

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
PO4 Filtered	mg/L	0	-
Ammonia- Un-ionized (NH3)	mg/L	0	-
Nitrate (N)	mg/L	0	-
Nitrite (N)	mg/L	0	-
Nitrogen, organic	mg/L	0	-

Table 3: Quality Assurance Flags inserted based on threshold checks listed in Table 1 & 2

SEACAR QAQC Description	Include	SEACAR QAQCFlagCode
Exceeds Maximum threshold. Not verified in raw data	No	2Q
Exceeds Maximum threshold. Verified in raw data	No	3Q
Below Minimum threshold. Not verified in raw data	No	4Q
Below Minimum threshold. Verified in raw data	No	5Q
Within threshold tolerance	Yes	6Q
No defined thresholds for this parameter	Yes	7Q

Value Qualifiers

Value qualifier codes included within the data are used to exclude certain results from the analysis. The data are retained in the data export files, but the analysis uses the *Include* column to filter the results.

STORET and WIN value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from *STORET* and *WIN* data are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports.

Table 4: Value Qualifier codes excluded from analysis

Qualifier Source	Value Qualifier	Include	MDL	Description
STORET-WIN	H	No	0	Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate
STORET-WIN	J	No	0	Estimated value
STORET-WIN	V	No	0	Analyte was detected at or above method detection limit
STORET-WIN	Y	No	0	Lab analysis from an improperly preserved sample; data may be inaccurate

Discrete Water Quality Value Qualifiers

The following value qualifiers are highlighted in the Discrete Water Quality section of this report. An exception is made for **Program 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network** and data flagged with Value Qualifier **H** are included for this program only.

H - Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate. This code shall be used if a field screening test (e.g., field gas chromatograph data, immunoassay, or vendor-supplied field kit) was used to generate the value and the field kit or method has not been recognized by the Department as equivalent to laboratory methods.

I - The reported value is greater than or equal to the laboratory method detection limit but less than the laboratory practical quantitation limit.

Q - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time. This code shall be used if the value is derived from a sample that was prepared or analyzed after the approved holding time restrictions for sample preparation or analysis.

S - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody. The value reported is the depth of the waterbody at the location of the Secchi disk measurement.

U - Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. This symbol shall be used to indicate that the specified component was not detected. The value associated with the qualifier shall be the laboratory method detection limit. Unless requested by the client, less than the method detection limit values shall not be reported.

Systemwide Monitoring Program (SWMP) value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from the *SWMP* continuous program are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports. *SWMP* Qualifier Codes are indicated by *QualifierSource=SWMP*.

Table 5: SWMP Value Qualifier codes

<i>Qualifier Source</i>	<i>Value Qualifier</i>	<i>Include</i>	<i>Description</i>
SWMP	-1	Yes	Optional parameter not collected
SWMP	-2	No	Missing data
SWMP	-3	No	Data rejected due to QA/QC
SWMP	-4	No	Outside low sensor range
SWMP	-5	No	Outside high sensor range
SWMP	0	Yes	Passed initial QA/QC checks
SWMP	1	No	Suspect data
SWMP	2	Yes	Reserved for future use
SWMP	3	Yes	Calculated data: non-vented depth/level sensor correction for changes in barometric pressure
SWMP	4	Yes	Historical: Pre-auto QA/QC
SWMP	5	Yes	Corrected data

Water Column

The water column habitat extends from the surface of all water bodies to the bottom sediments and encompasses the different features found in the water at different depths (National Oceanographic Center, 2016). The water column habitat must be viewed in relation to its interconnectedness with other habitats. A healthy water column is an integral component in ensuring a healthy marine and coastal ecosystem. Having a flourishing marine and coastal ecosystem in Florida is necessary to support a strong economy. The health of the water column is dependent upon factors as diverse as land use (e.g., agriculture, mining, forestry practices); human population growth; emissions, (e.g., power plants, automobiles, wastewater); climate (e.g., rainfall, temperature, winds and currents); and decadal trends (e.g., El Niño/La Niña, Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation, climate change).

The water column is composed of various physical, chemical and biological features, and only a small number of them are adequately monitored. Features of the water column that are monitored are used as indicators of the water column health and help assess the status of other habitats. These indicators include nutrient concentrations (nitrogen and phosphorus); water quality (dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity and pH); water clarity (Secchi depth, turbidity, chlorophyll-a and colored dissolved organic matter); and nekton (fish, macroinvertebrates and megafauna).

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Analysis

Indicators must have a minimum of five to ten years, depending on the habitat, of data within the geographic range of the analysis to be included in the analysis. Ten years of data are required for discrete parameters, and five years of data are required for continuous parameters. If there are insufficient years of data, the number of years of data available will be noted and labeled as “insufficient data to conduct analysis”. Further, for the preferred Seasonal Kendall-Tau test, there must be data from at least two months in common across at least two consecutive years within the RCP managed area being analyzed. Values that pass both of these tests will be included in the analysis and be labeled as *Use_In_Analysis* = **TRUE**. Any that fail either test will be excluded from the analyses and labeled as *Use_In_Analysis* = **FALSE**.

Water Quality - Discrete

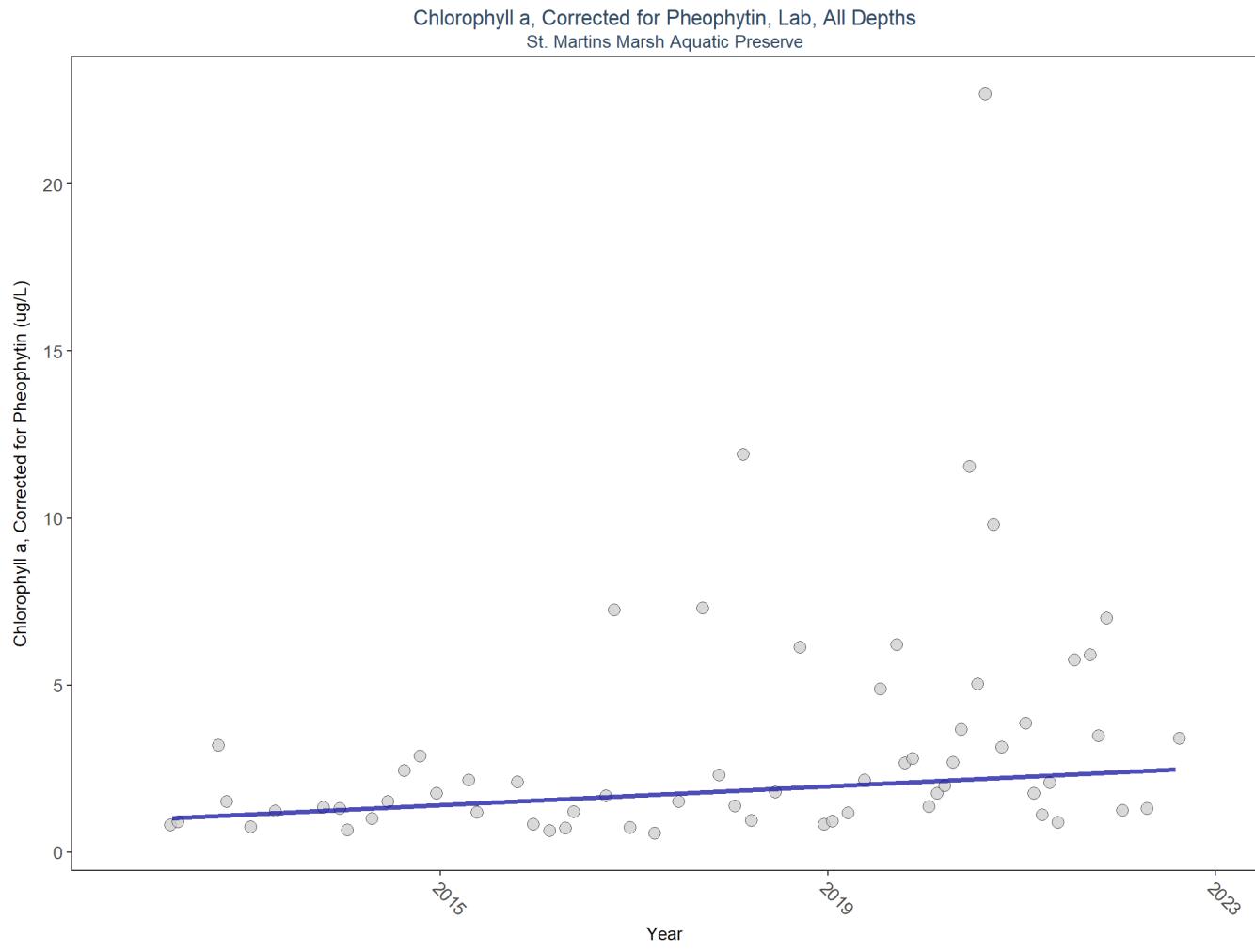
The following files were used in the discrete analysis:

- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_corrected_for_pheophytin-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_uncorrected_for_pheophytin-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Colored_dissolved_organic_matter_CDOM-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_pH-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Salinity-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Secchi_Depth-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Nitrogen-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Phosphorus-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Suspended_Solids_TSS-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Turbidity-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Water_Temperature-2024-Feb-22.txt*

Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality

Chlorophyll-a is monitored as a measure of microalgae growing in the water. Algae are a natural part of coastal and aquatic ecosystems but in excess can cause poor water quality and clarity, and decreased levels of dissolved oxygen.

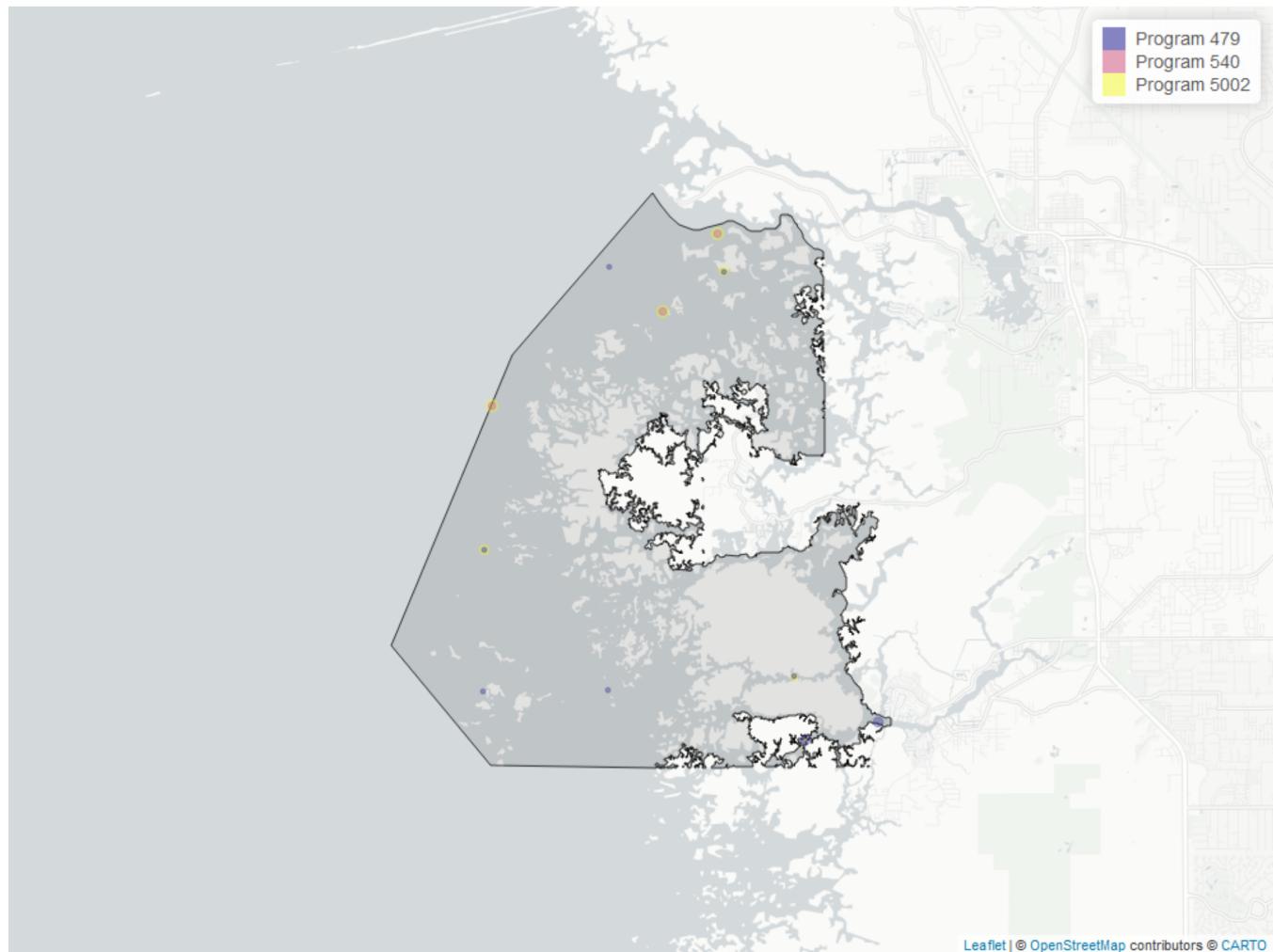
Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis



$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 6: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	116	2012	2021
479	63	2016	2022
540	21	2017	2019

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 7: Value Qualifiers for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
2012	12	8	66.7			1	8.3
2013	12	7	58.3			4	33.3
2014	17	9	52.9			2	11.8
2015	13	9	69.2				
2016	17	11	64.7	1	5.9	3	17.6
2017	12	1	8.3			3	25.0
2018	14	10	71.4	2	14.3		
2019	29	14	48.3	8	27.6	5	17.2
2020	42	20	47.6	1	2.4	8	19.0
2021	18	8	44.4	5	27.8	5	27.8
2022	14	5	35.7	4	28.6	9	64.3

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

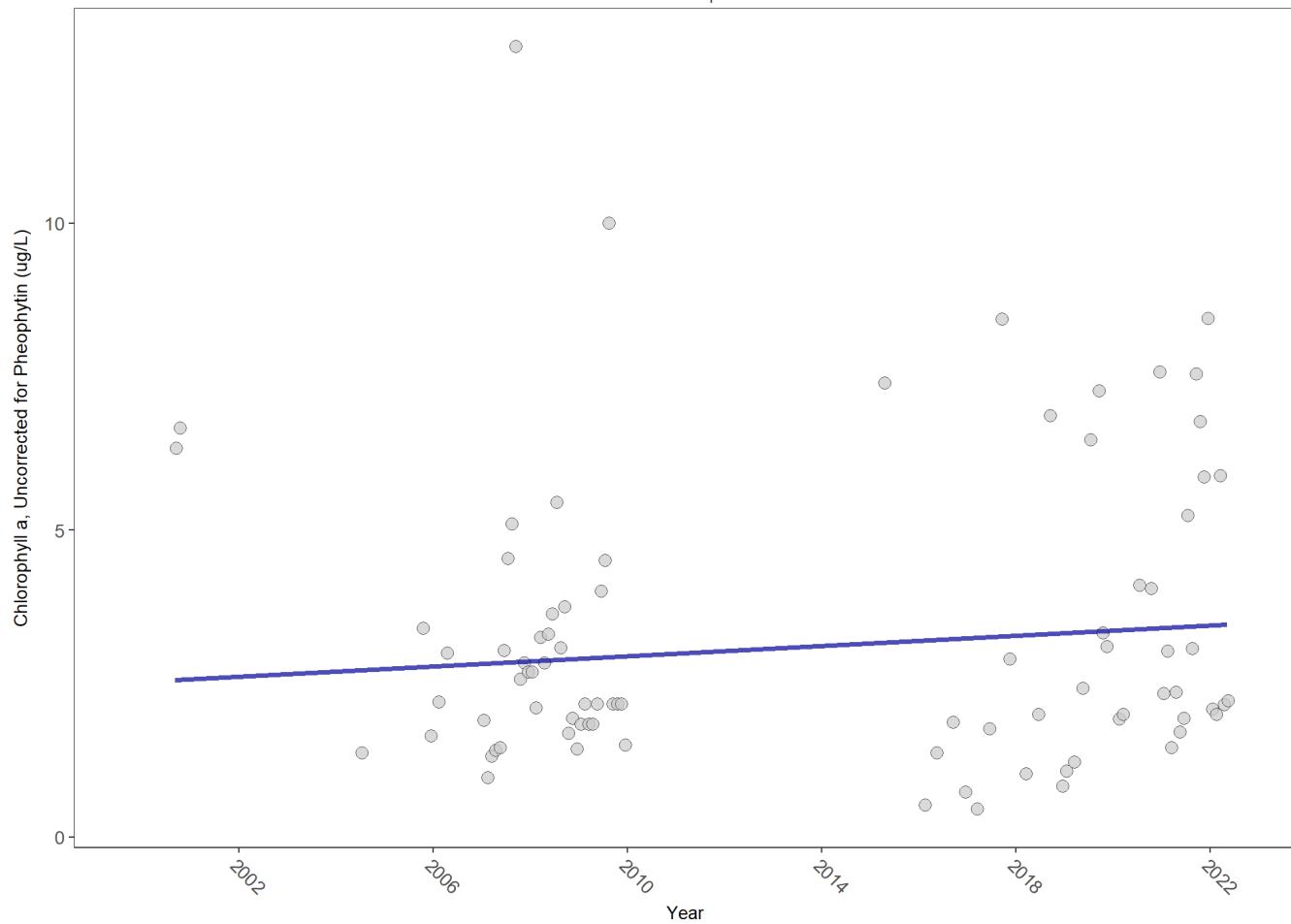
5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin, Lab, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

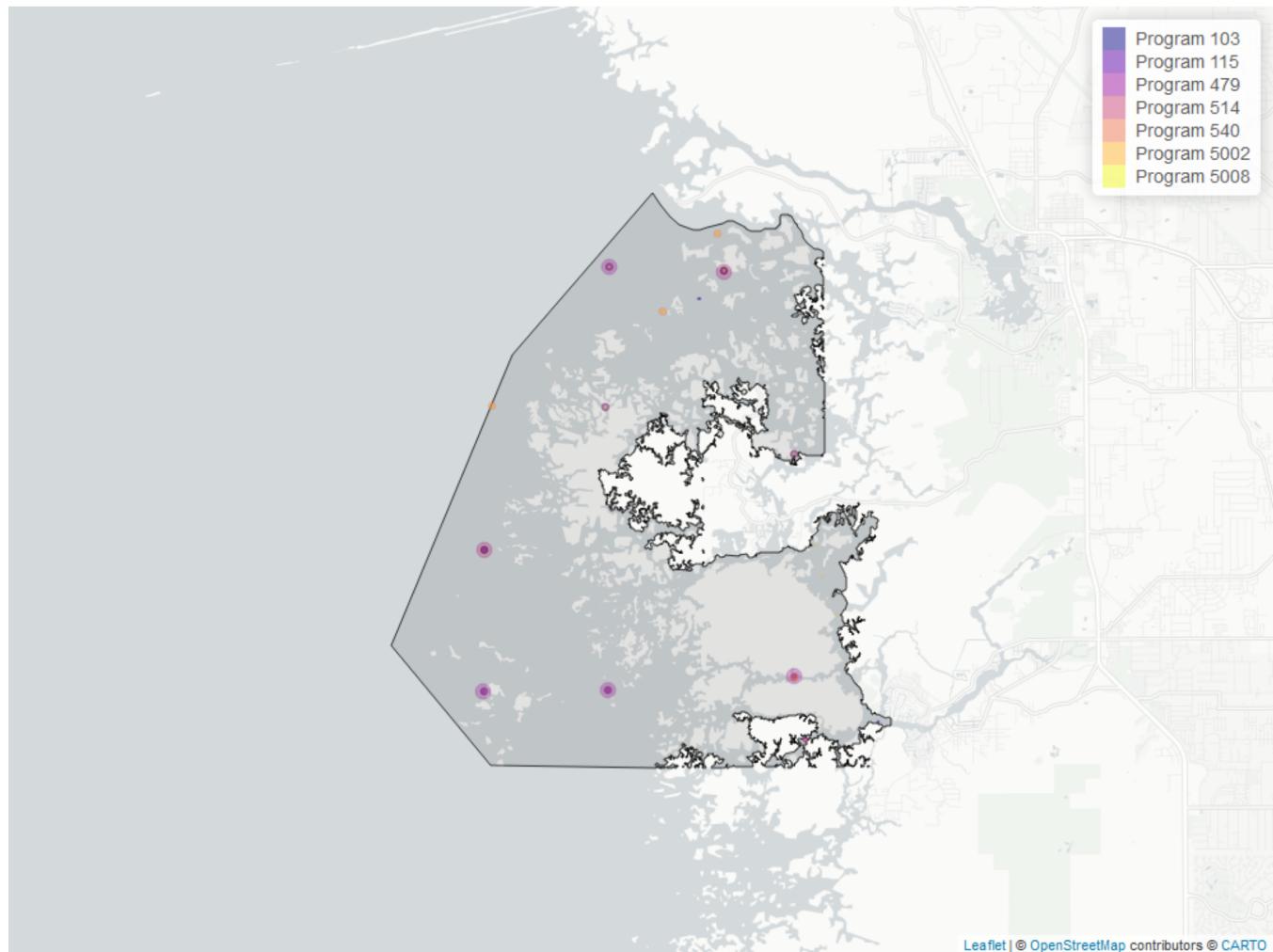


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	524	15	2	TRUE	0.0896	0.2730	0.0415873	2.529285	6.737	0.82	0

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 8: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
479	244	2005	2022
103	112	2004	2021
514	77	2021	2022
5002	66	2000	2021
540	21	2017	2019
5008	4	2022	2022
115	1	2004	2004

Program names:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 9: Value Qualifiers for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
2016	12	6	50.0			2	16.7
2017	12	3	25.0			1	8.3
2018	12	6	50.0				
2019	27	10	37.0	7	25.9	4	14.8
2020	12	2	16.7			1	8.3
2021	164	6	3.7	6	3.7	5	3.0
2022	57	3	5.3	4	7.0	13	22.8

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q

- Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

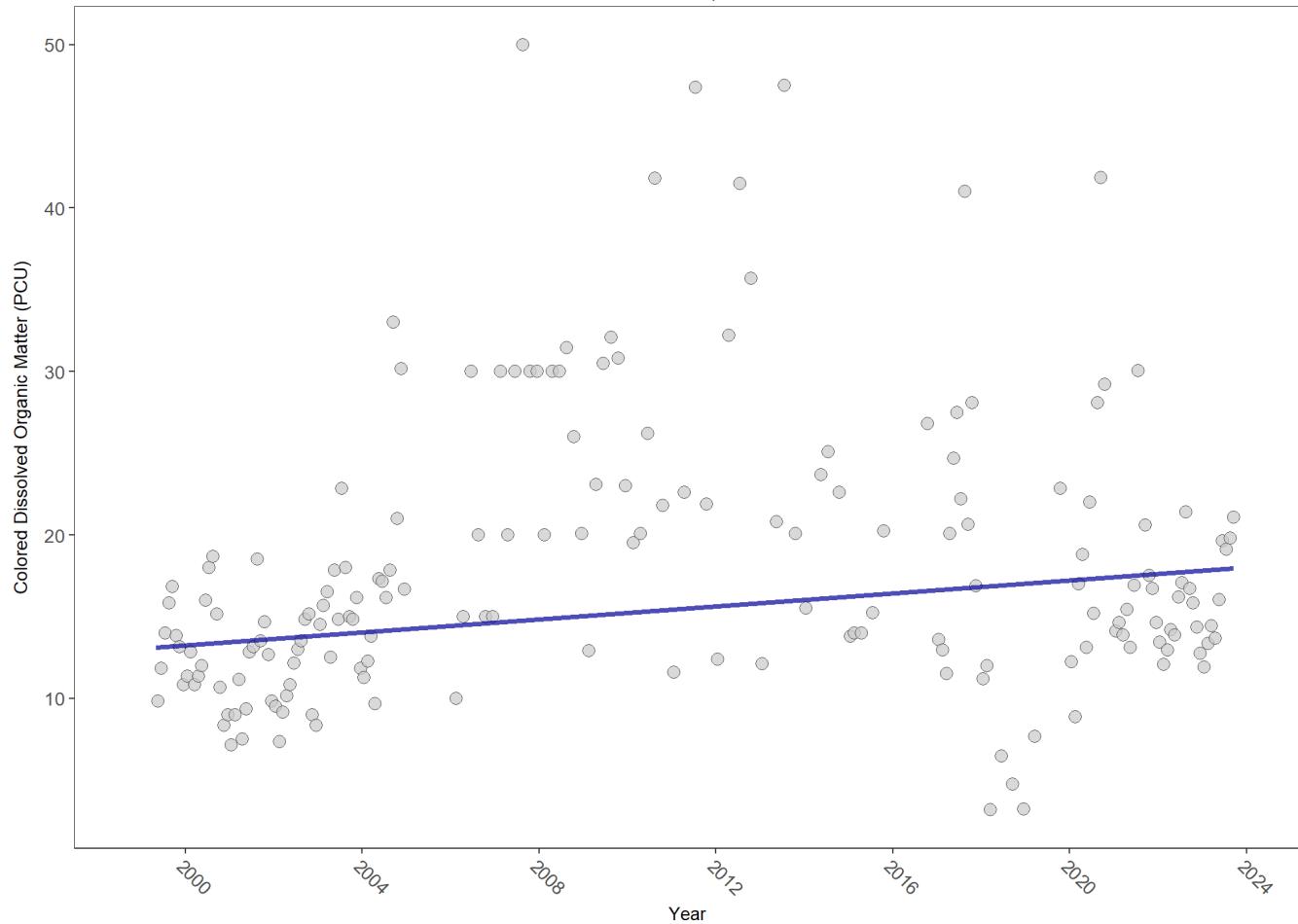
540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

Colored Dissolved Organic Matter - Discrete Water Quality

Colored Dissolved Organic Matter (*CDOM*) occurs naturally in every water body. It is made up of mainly plant material, algae and bacteria. The composition is determined by its source; plants, soil, algae, and wastewater are common sources.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Colored Dissolved Organic Matter, Lab, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

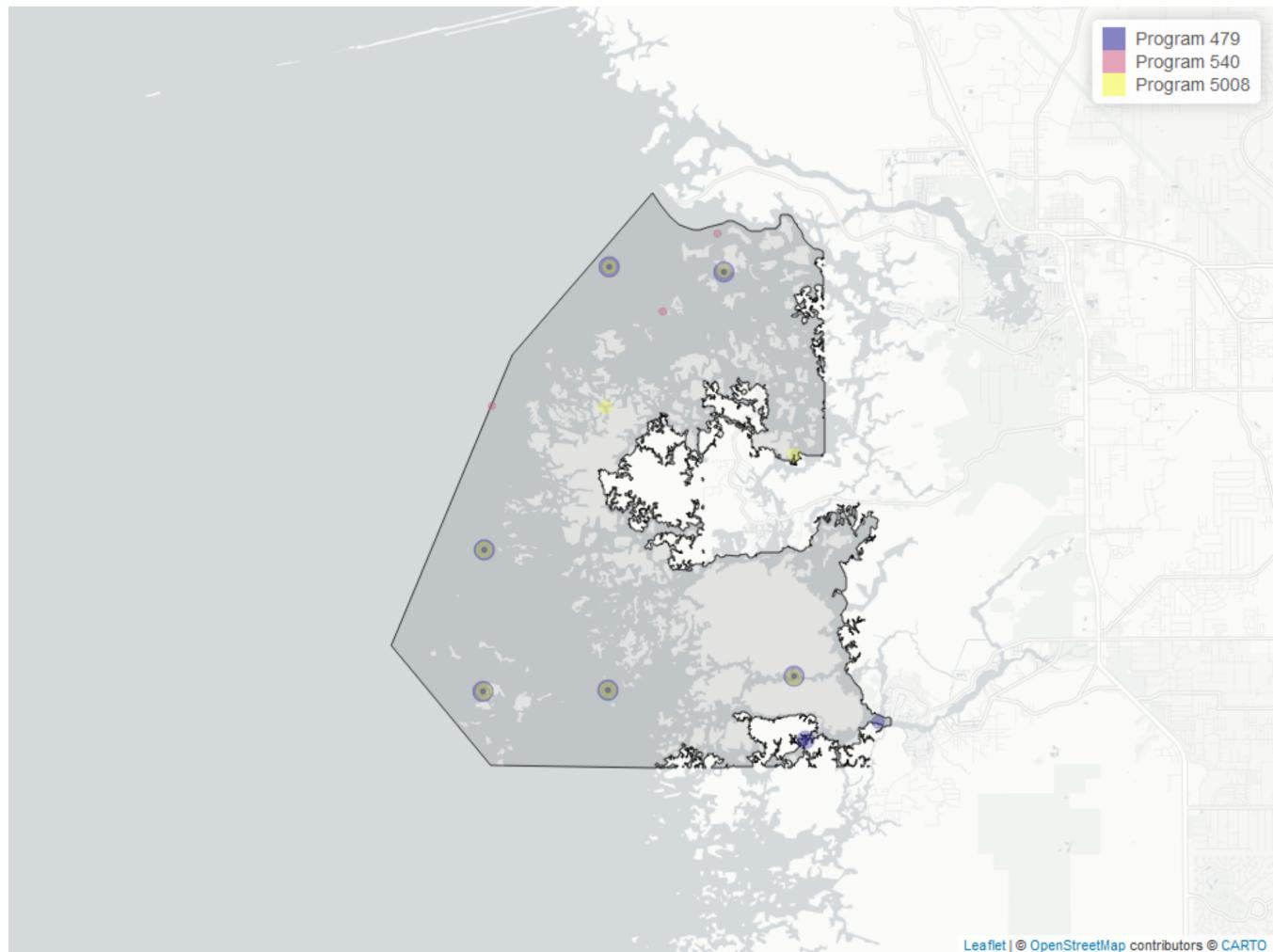


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	809	24	13	TRUE	0.2575	0.0000	0.1982941	13.05614	2.9762	0.991	1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 10: Programs contributing data for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
479	548	1999	2022
5008	240	2021	2023
540	21	2017	2019

Program names:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 11: Value Qualifiers for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_I</i>	<i>perc_I</i>	<i>N_Q</i>	<i>perc_Q</i>	<i>N_U</i>	<i>perc_U</i>
2017	20			2	10		
2018	14	7	50			3	21.4

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

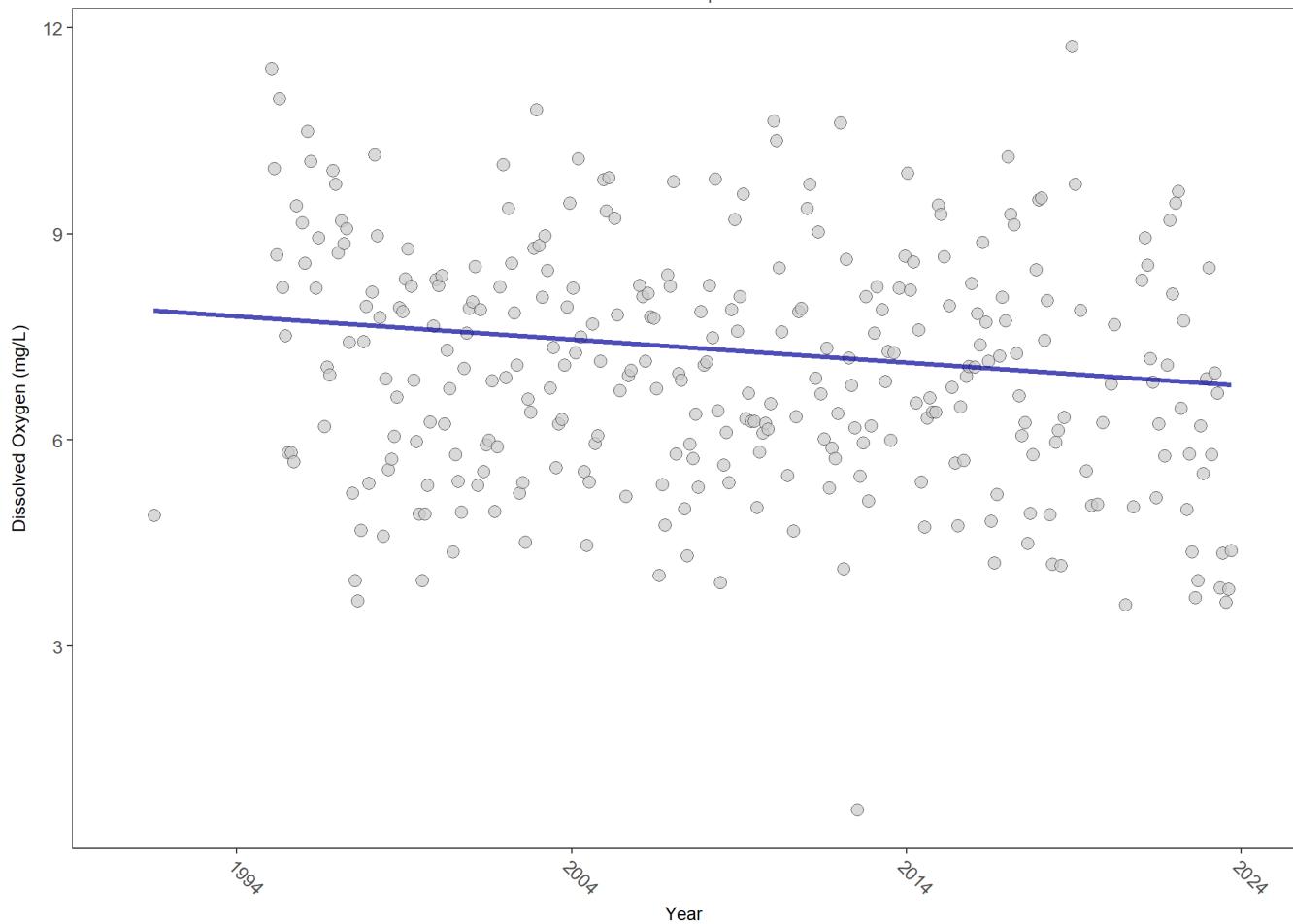
479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete Water Quality

Dissolved Oxygen (DO) is a key indicator of water quality. Oxygen enters surface waters by air-sea gas exchange, by wind action, or as a byproduct of aquatic plant photosynthesis. The actual quantity of DO in aquatic environments is dependent on the above processes as well as water temperature and salinity.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Dissolved Oxygen, Field, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	8320	30	7.3	TRUE	-0.1493	0.0002	-0.0335146	7.899965	7.3281	0.7719	-1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Dissolved Oxygen

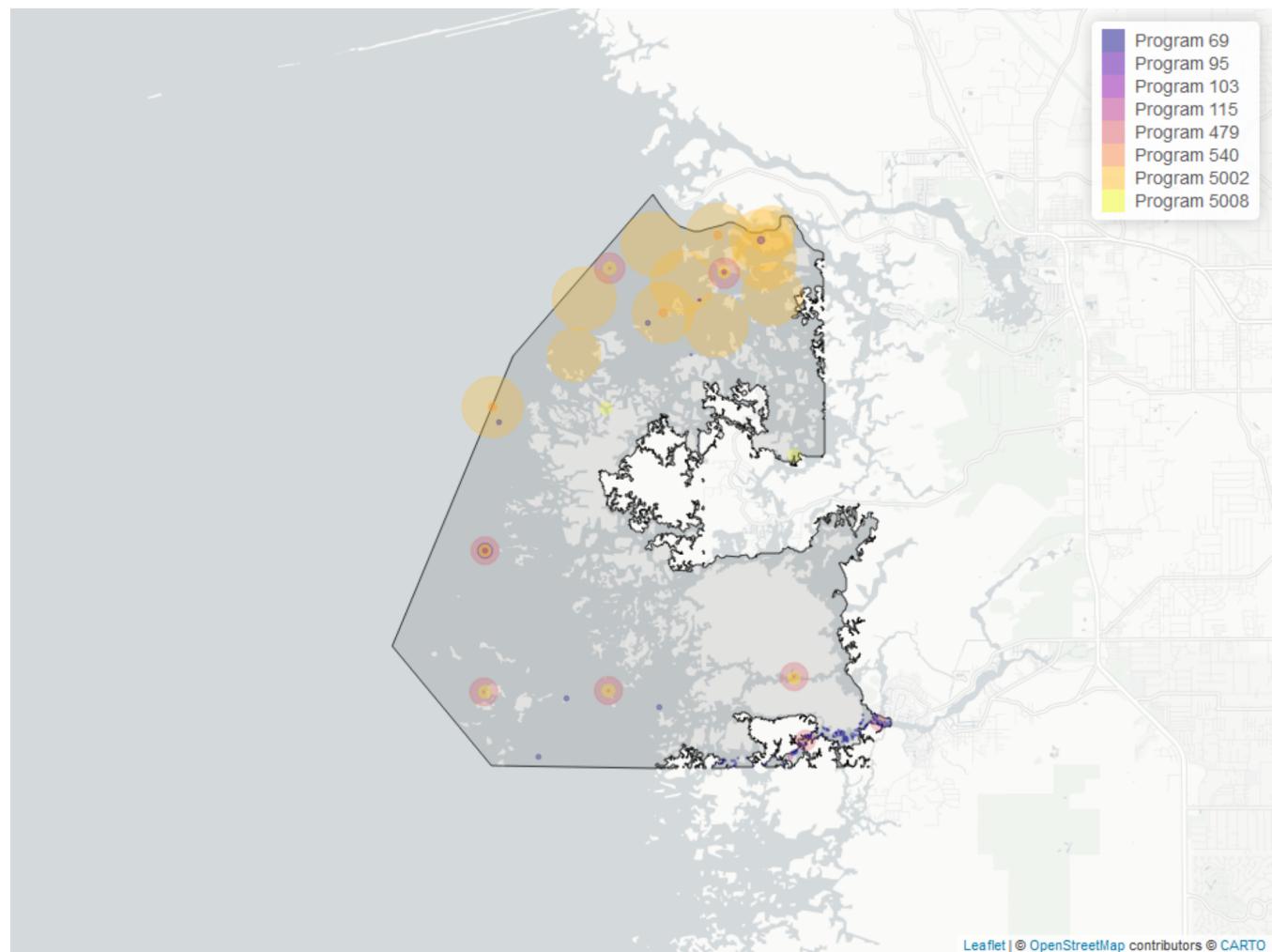


Table 12: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	6897	1995	2021
479	901	1996	2022
5008	240	2021	2023
69	221	2003	2008
95	38	2011	2018
540	21	2017	2019
103	13	2004	2021
115	4	1991	1991

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

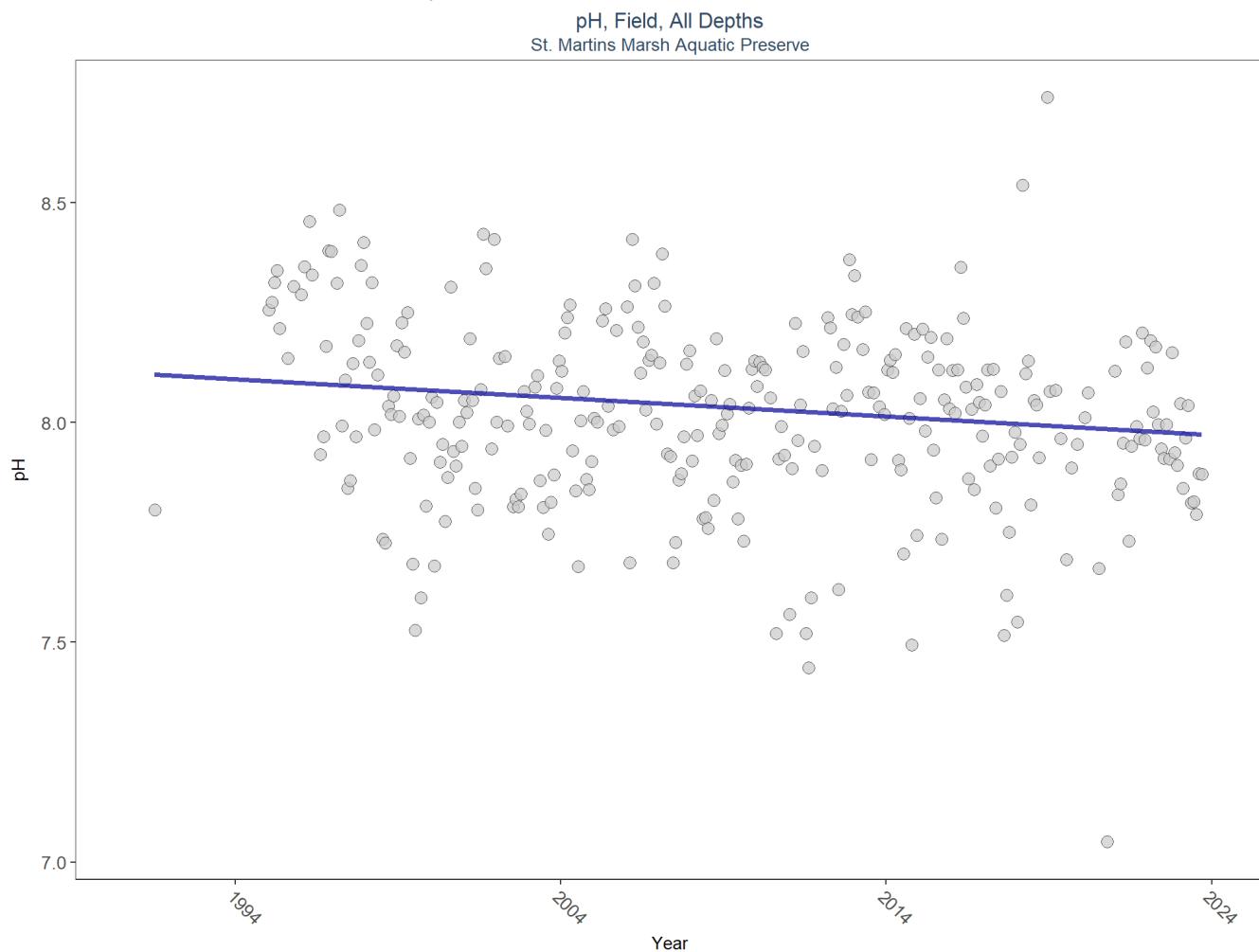
- 479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring
 5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region
 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program
 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network
 540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program
 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)
 115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for Dissolved Oxygen in St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

pH - Discrete Water Quality

The **pH** of water is the measure of how acidic or basic the water body is on a scale of 0-14, with lower readings indicating acidic and higher readings indicating basic, and a pH of 7 being neutral. Florida's natural waters fall between 6.5 and 8.5 on this scale. A water body's pH can change due to precipitation, geology, vegetation, water pollution and air pollution.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

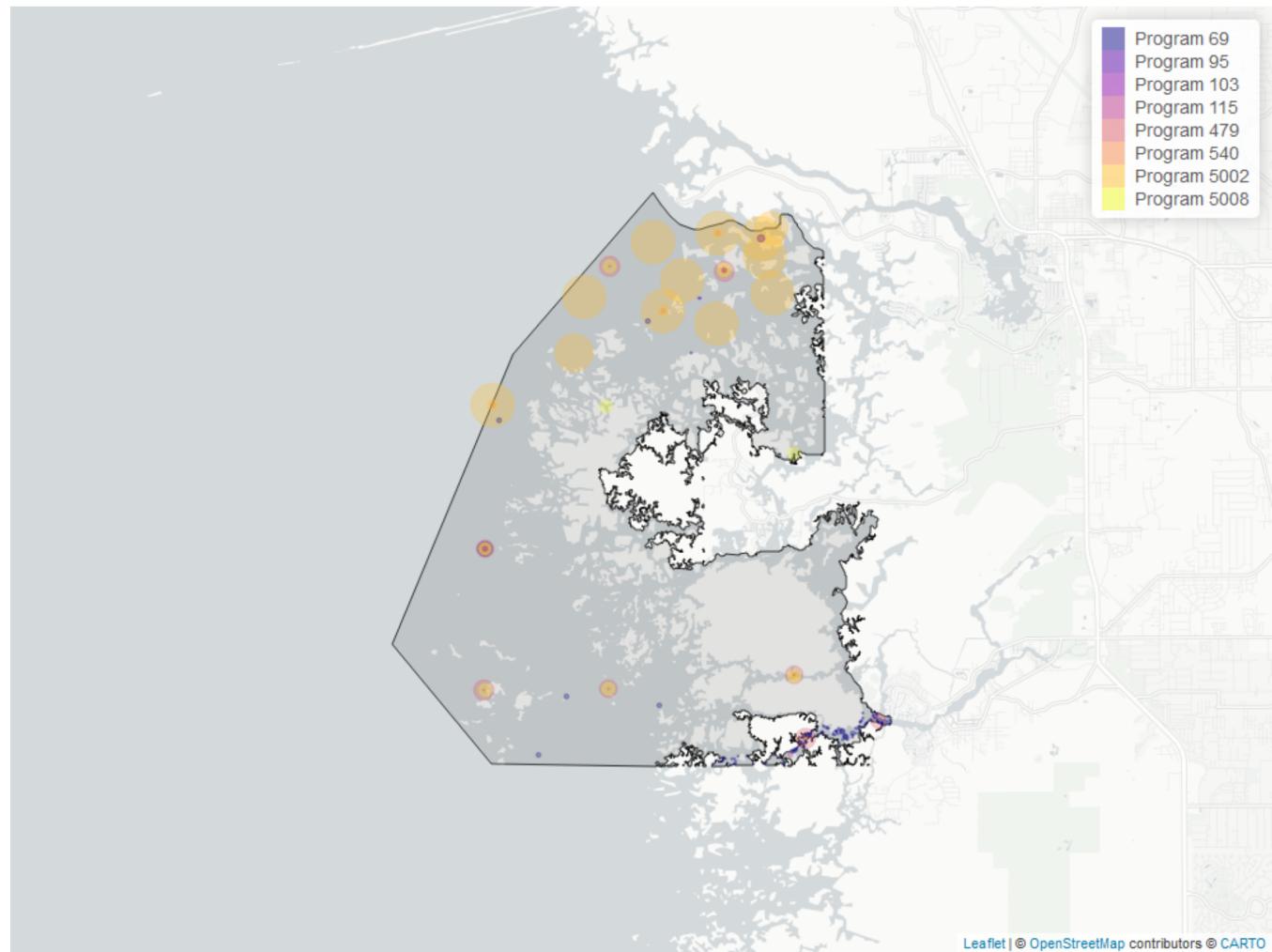


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	4443	30	8.08	TRUE	-0.1286	0.0018	-0.004237621	8.110875	13.4041	0.2677	-1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for pH



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 13: Programs contributing data for pH

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	3487	1995	2021
479	450	2003	2022
5008	240	2021	2023
69	221	2003	2008
95	39	2011	2018
103	13	2004	2021
540	9	2017	2018
115	4	1991	1991

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

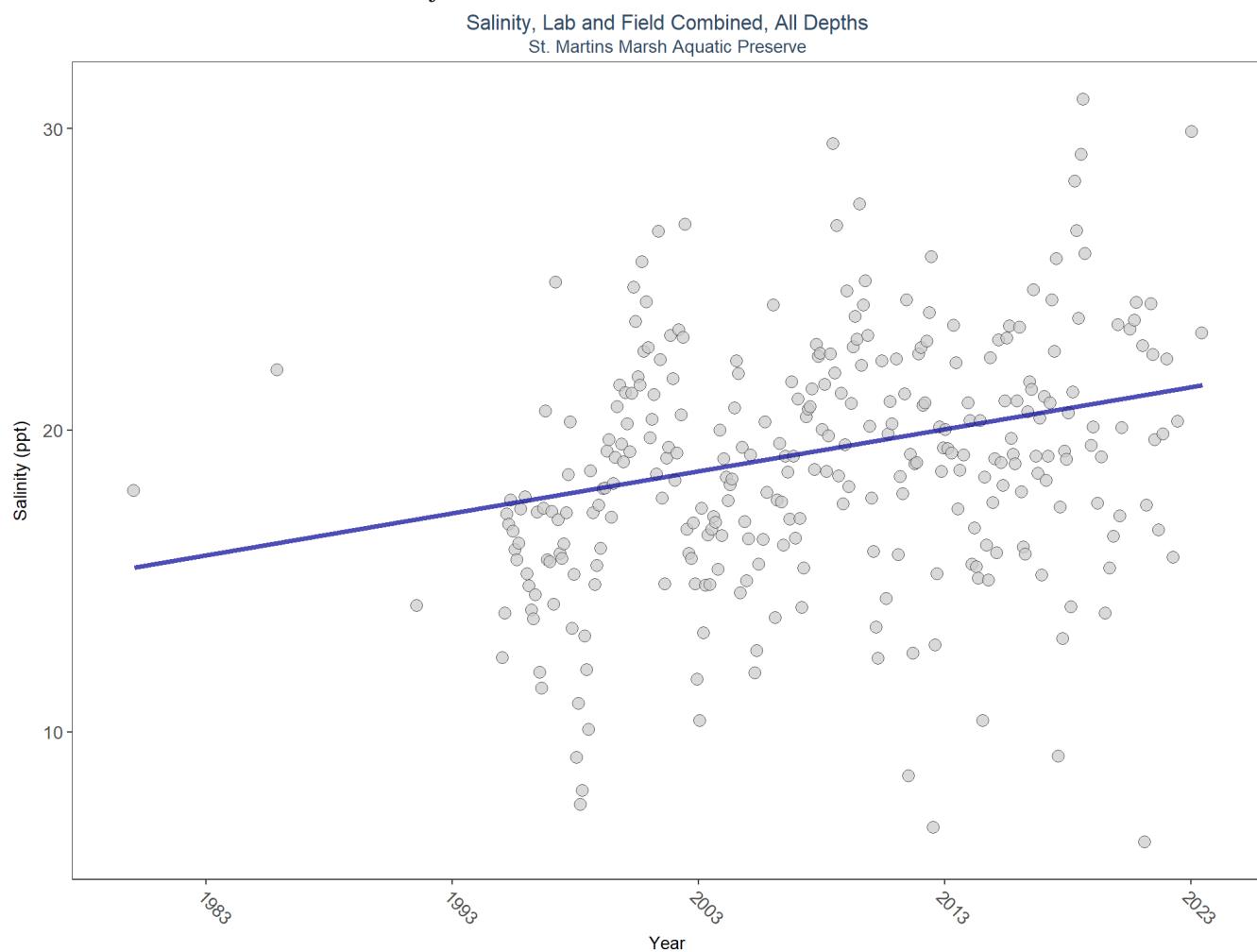
- 479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring
 5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region
 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program
 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network
 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)
 540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program
 115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for pH in St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

Salinity - Discrete Water Quality

Salinity is a measure of the amount of salt in the water. In estuarine ecosystems, salinity is influenced by precipitation, evaporation, surface-water inputs, and exchange with coastal waters.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	8994	32	18.2	TRUE	0.1856	0.0000	0.1388889	15.44786	16.411	0.1265	1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Salinity

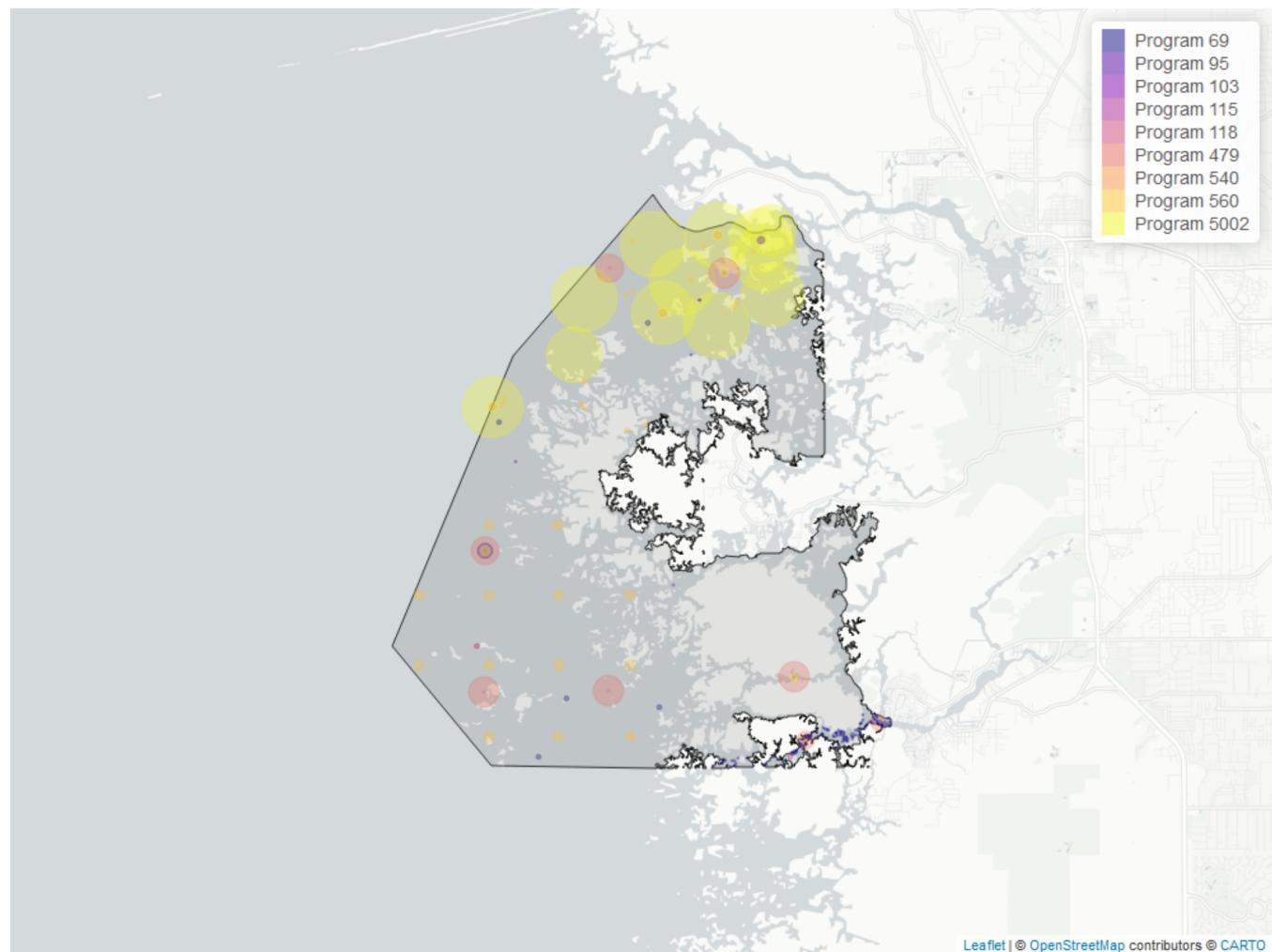


Table 14: Programs contributing data for Salinity

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	7536	1995	2021
479	895	1996	2022
560	281	2006	2023
69	221	2003	2008
95	43	1980	2018
540	21	2017	2019
118	8	2015	2020
115	4	1991	1991
103	1	2004	2004

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

560 - Big Bend Seagrasses & Nature Coast Aquatic Preserves - Seagrass Monitoring

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program

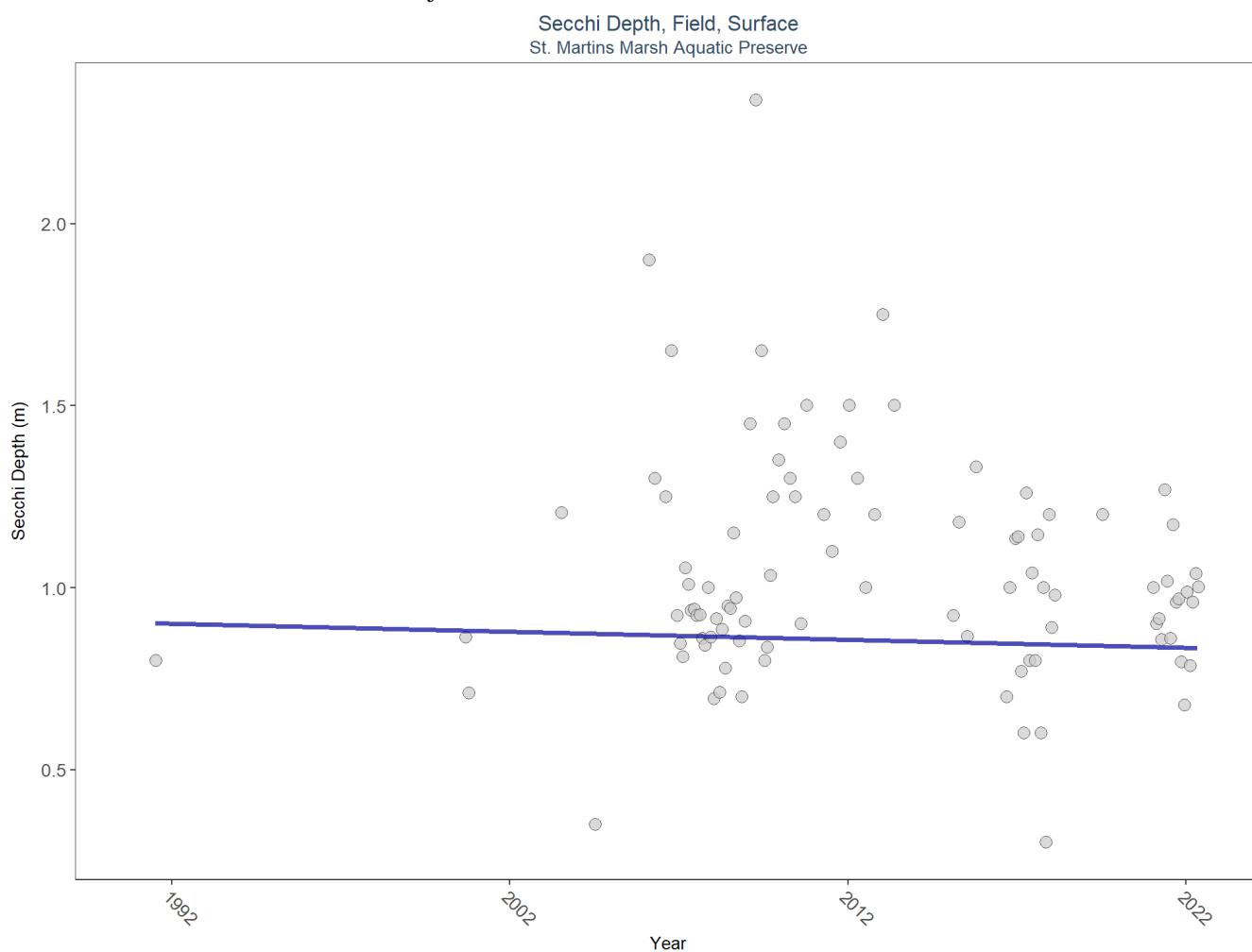
103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for Salinity in St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

Secchi Depth - Discrete Water Quality

Secchi depth is a measure of the transparency or clarity of the water by a device called a Secchi disk. A Secchi disk is a black and white disk that is lowered into the water on a cord. The Secchi depth is the depth at which the disk can no longer be seen. The deeper the Secchi depth, the greater the water clarity.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

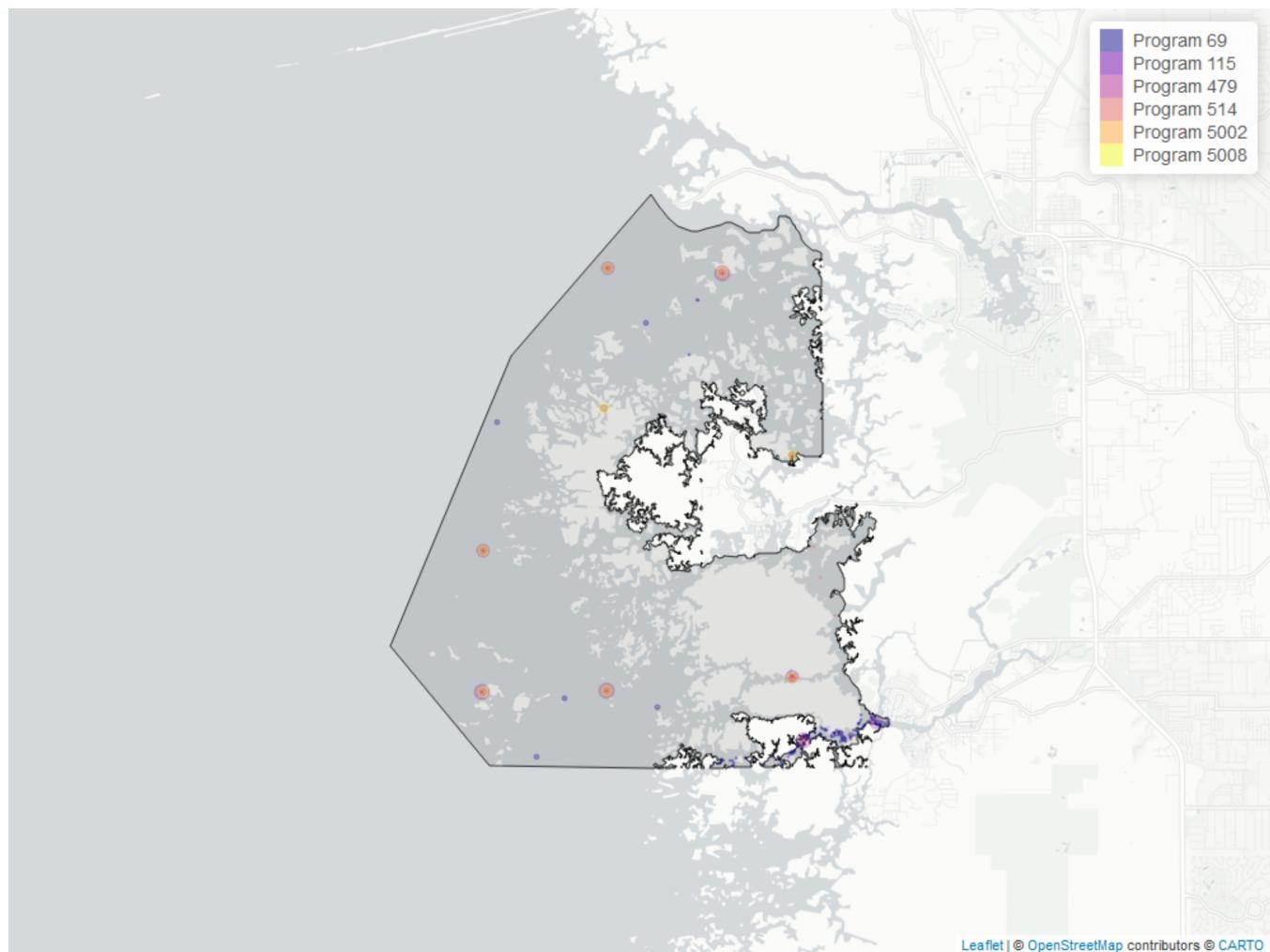


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
Surface	688	19	0.9	TRUE	-0.0525	0.4836	-0.002188759	0.9035061	4.4708	0.9541	0

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Secchi Depth



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 15: Programs contributing data for Secchi Depth

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
479	256	2006	2022
69	221	2003	2008
5008	120	2021	2022
514	87	2000	2022
115	3	1991	2004
5002	1	2015	2015

Program names:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program

5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

115 - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- N_S is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_S$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 16: Value Qualifiers for Secchi Depth

Year	N_{Total}	N_S	$perc_S$
2015	24	1	4.2
2017	15	2	13.3
2018	2	2	100.0
2021	118	99	83.9
2022	99	82	82.8

Note: ¹S - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

Total Nitrogen - Discrete Water Quality

Nitrogen and **Phosphorous** are key nutrients that provide nourishment essential for the growth and maintenance of aquatic plants and animals; however, excess nutrients can cause harmful algal blooms and other water quality concerns. Nutrients enter water bodies several ways, including runoff from rain events and atmospheric deposition from natural and industrial sources.

Total Nitrogen Calculation:

The logic for calculated Total Nitrogen was provided by Kevin O'Donnell and colleagues at FDEP (with the help of Jay Silvanima, Watershed Monitoring Section). The following logic is used, in this order, based on the availability of specific nitrogen components.

- 1) $TN = TKN + NO_3O_2;$
- 2) $TN = TKN + NO_3 + NO_2;$
- 3) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3O_2;$
- 4) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_2 + NO_3;$
- 5) $TN = TKN + NO_3;$
- 6) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3;$

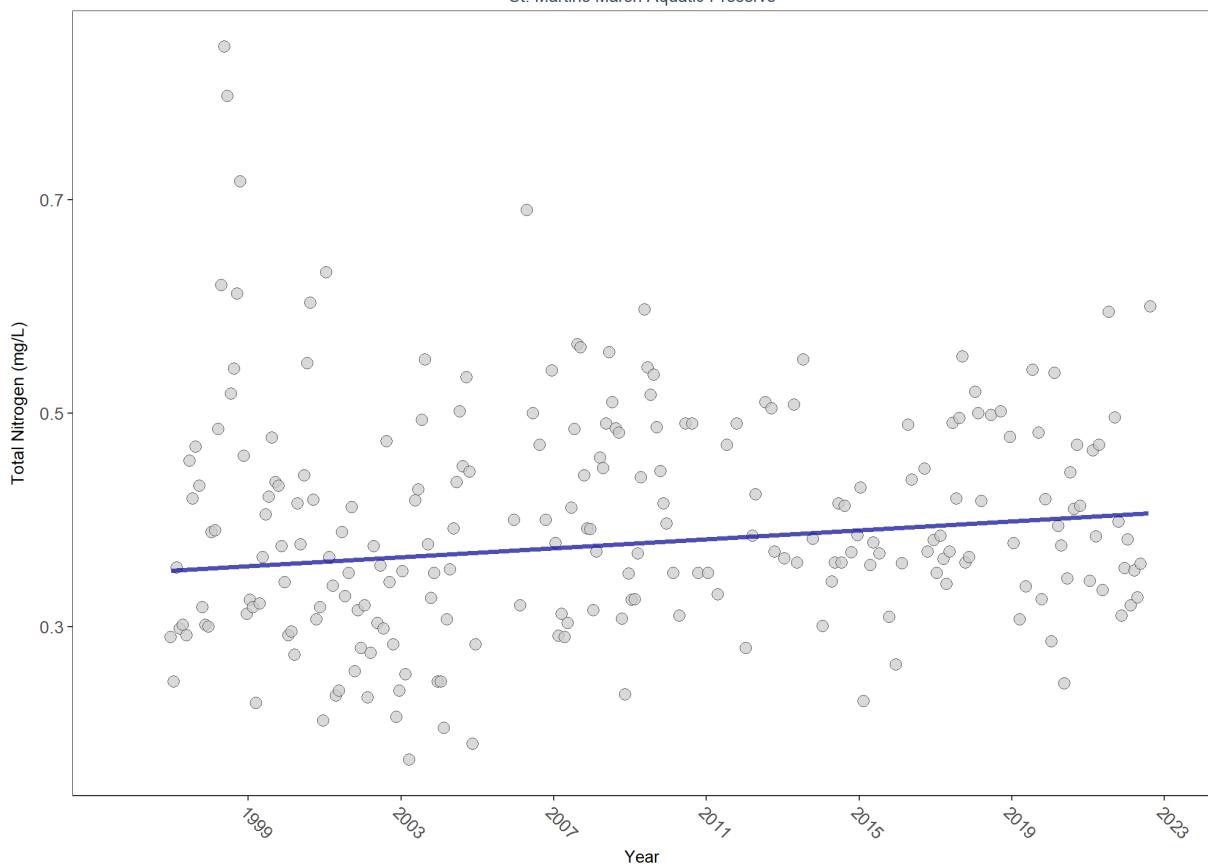
Additional Information:

- Rules for use of sample fraction:
 - FDEP report that if both “Total” and “Dissolved” are reported, only “Total” is used. If the total is not reported, they do use dissolved as a best available replacement.
 - An analysis of all SEACAR data shows that 90% of all possible TN calculations can be done using nitrogen components with the same sample fraction, rather than use nitrogen components with mixed total/dissolved sample fractions. In other words, TN can be calculated when TKN and NO_3O_2 are both total sample fraction, or when both are dissolved sample fraction. This is important, because then the calculated TN value is not based on components with mixed sample fractions.
- Values inserted into data:
 - ParameterName = “Total Nitrogen”

- SEACAR_QAACFlagCode = “1Q”
- SEACAR_QAAC>Description = “SEACAR Calculated”

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Total Nitrogen, Lab, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

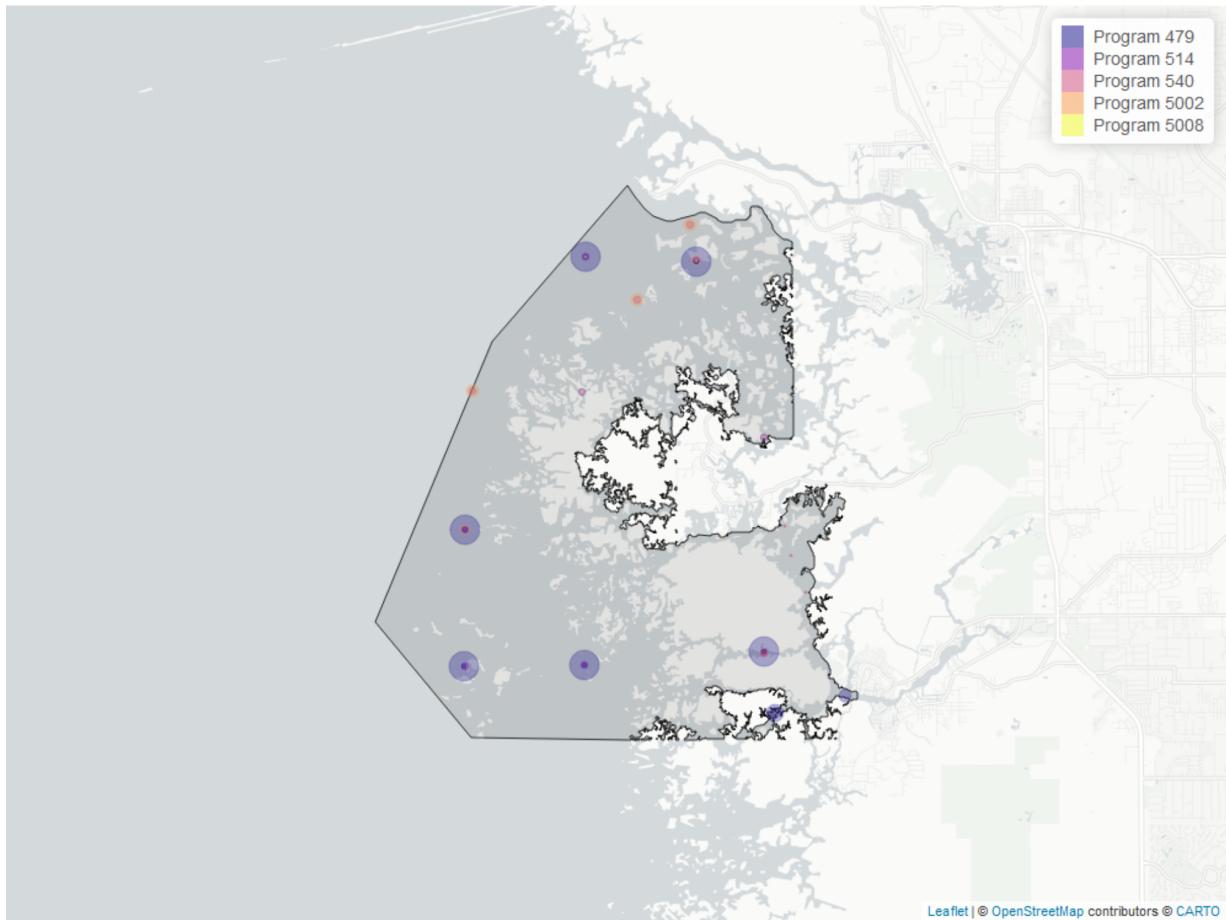


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	1167	27	0.37	TRUE	0.1293	0.0075	0.002083333	0.3505873	5.9031	0.8797	1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Nitrogen



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 17: Programs contributing data for Total Nitrogen

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
479	941	1996	2022
5002	119	2000	2021
514	83	2000	2022
540	21	2017	2019
5008	4	2022	2022

Program names:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region

Value Qualifiers

- *N_Total* is total amount of data for a given year

- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of $N_{_Total}$

Table 18: Value Qualifiers for Total Nitrogen

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_I</i>	<i>perc_I</i>	<i>N_Q</i>	<i>perc_Q</i>
2019	29			1	3.5
2020	42	1	2.4	4	9.5
2021	54			1	1.9
2022	59	4	6.8		

Note: ¹**I** - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²**Q**
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time

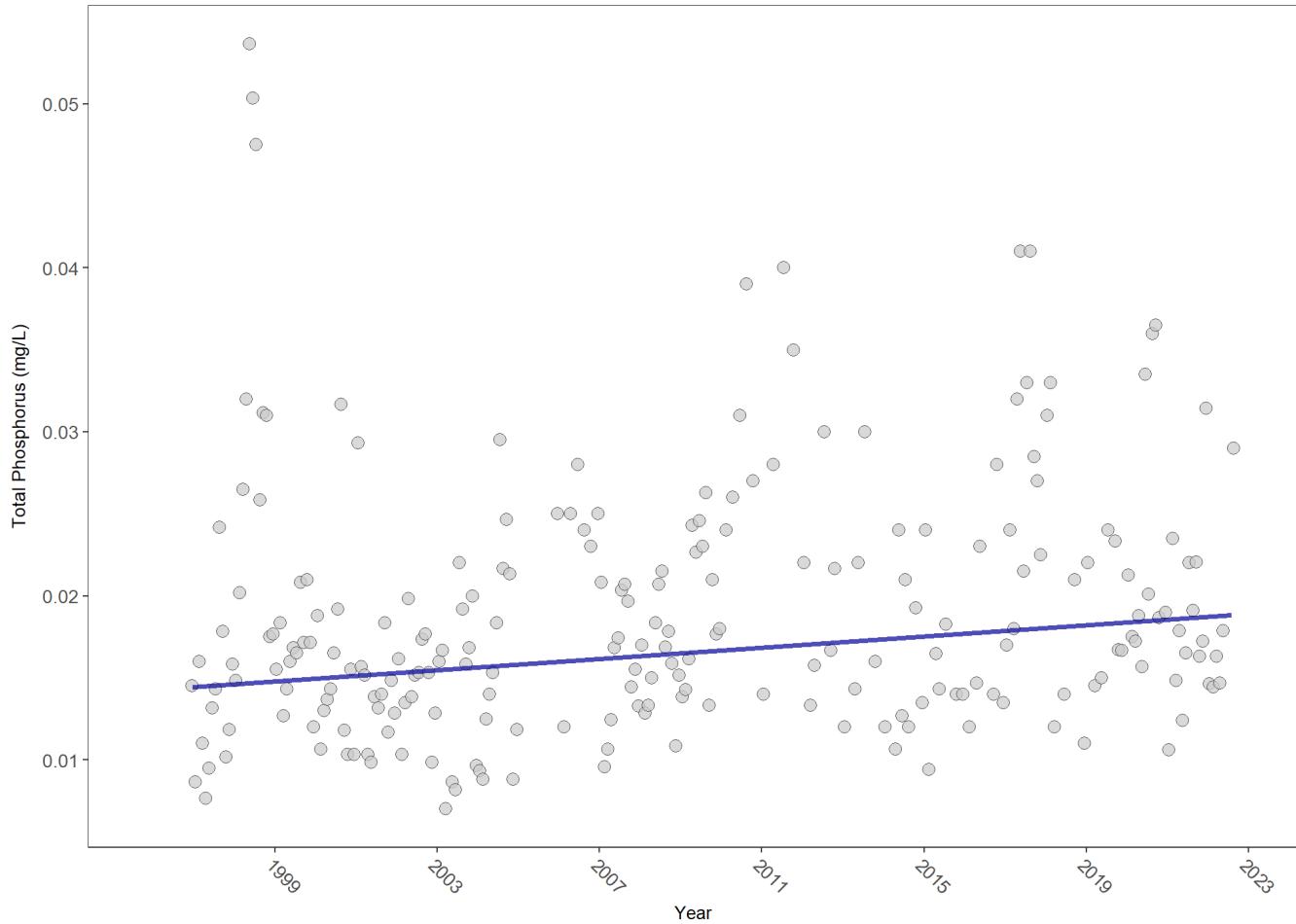
Programs containing Value Qualified data:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

Total Phosphorus - Discrete Water Quality

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Total Phosphorus, Lab, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

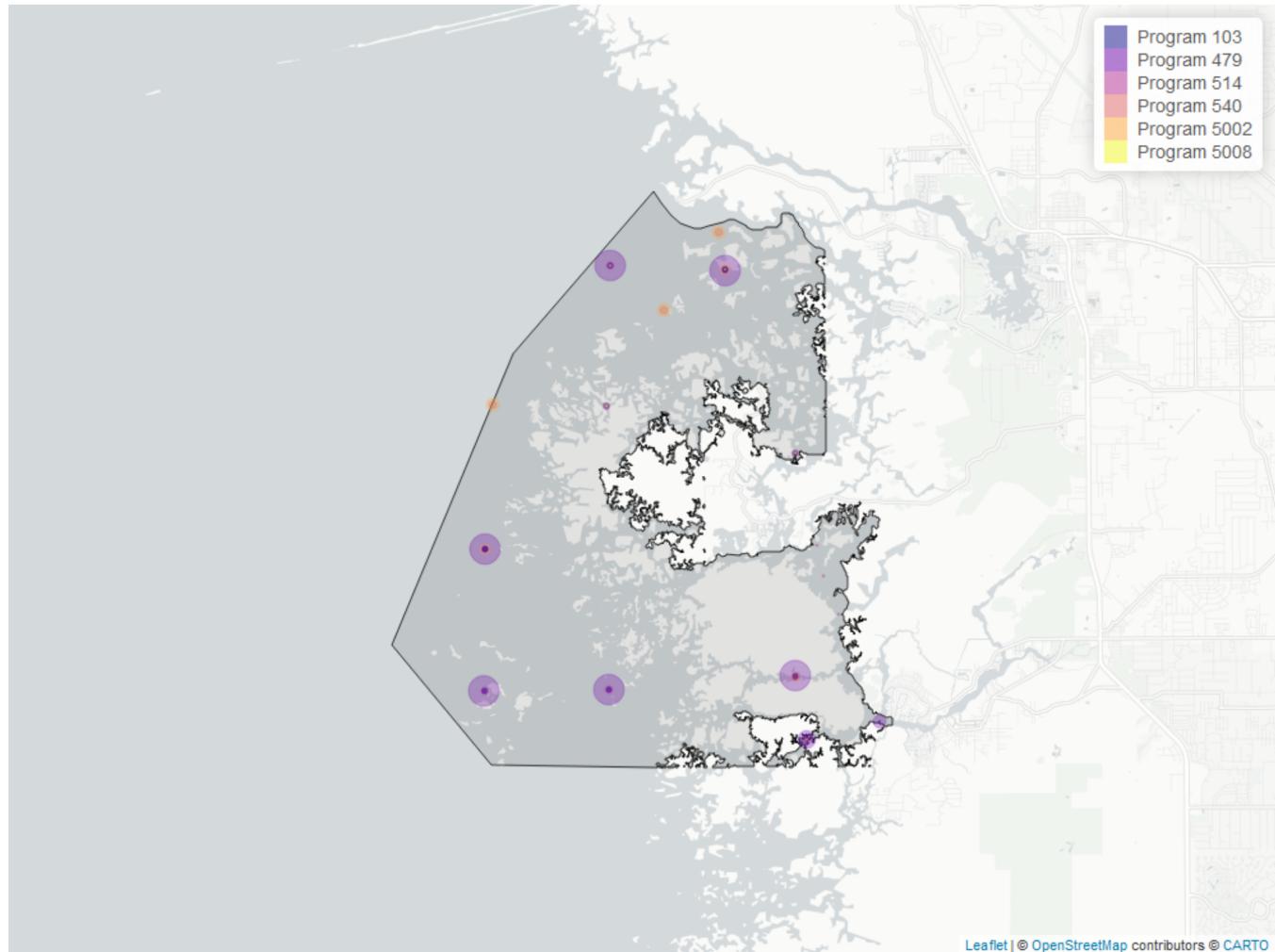


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	1220	27	0.015	TRUE	0.1796	0.0002	0.0001716857	0.01426478	0.881	1	1

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Phosphorus



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 19: Programs contributing data for Total Phosphorus

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
479	940	1996	2022
5002	113	2012	2021
514	83	2000	2022
103	61	2020	2021
540	21	2017	2019
5008	4	2022	2022

Program names:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

5008 - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- N_{Q} is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{\text{Q}}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 20: Value Qualifiers for Total Phosphorus

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
2012	16	4	25.0				
2013	13	2	15.4				
2014	21	6	28.6				
2015	40	2	5.0				
2016	17	1	5.9	2	11.8		
2017	26	3	11.5				
2018	14	2	14.3				
2019	29	9	31.0				
2020	43	13	30.2	3	7.0		
2021	114	12	10.5				
2022	59	16	27.1			1	1.7

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q

- Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program

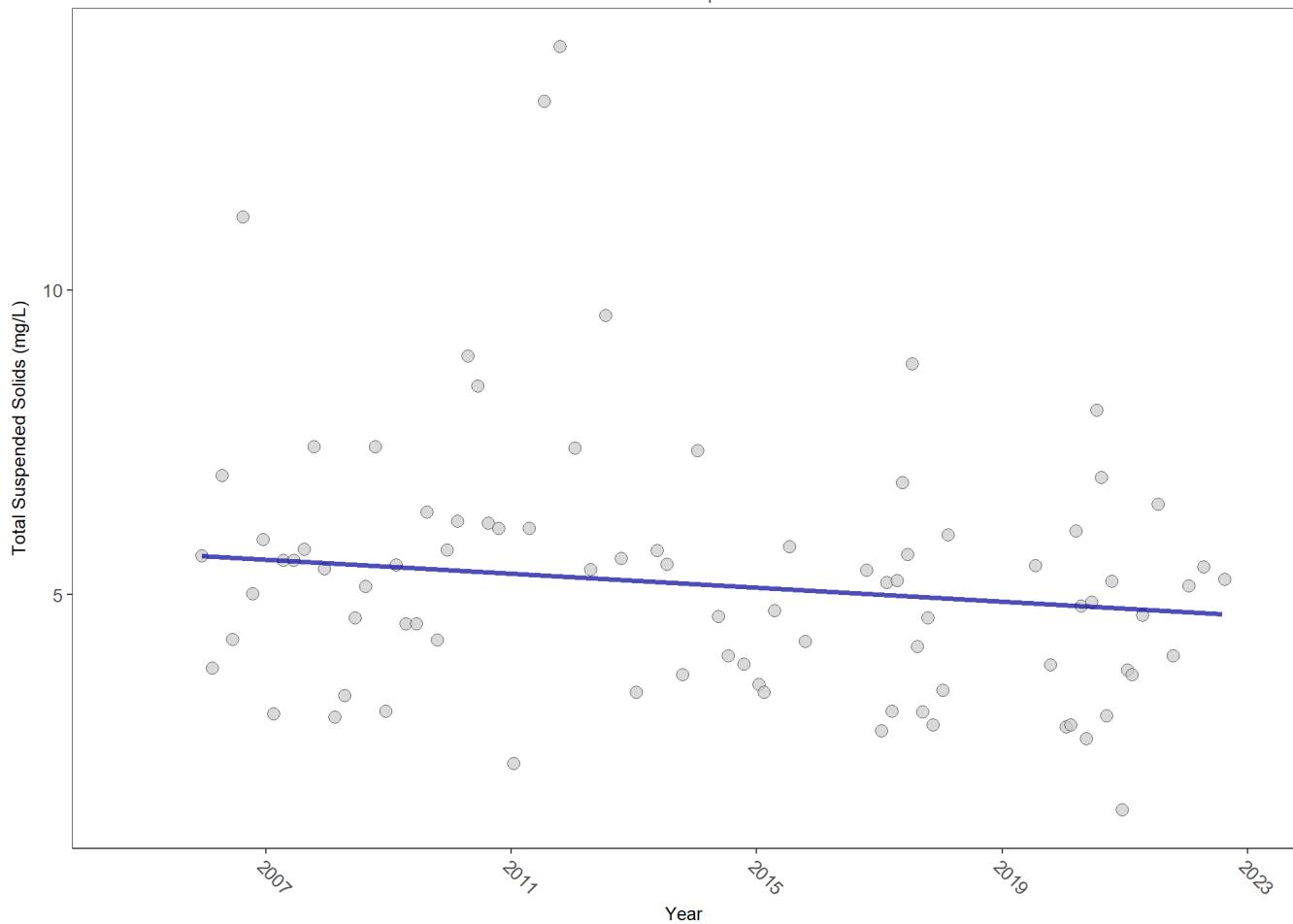
540 - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program

Total Suspended Solids - Discrete Water Quality

Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are solid particles suspended in water that exceed 2 microns in size and can be trapped by a filter.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Total Suspended Solids, Lab and Field Combined, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

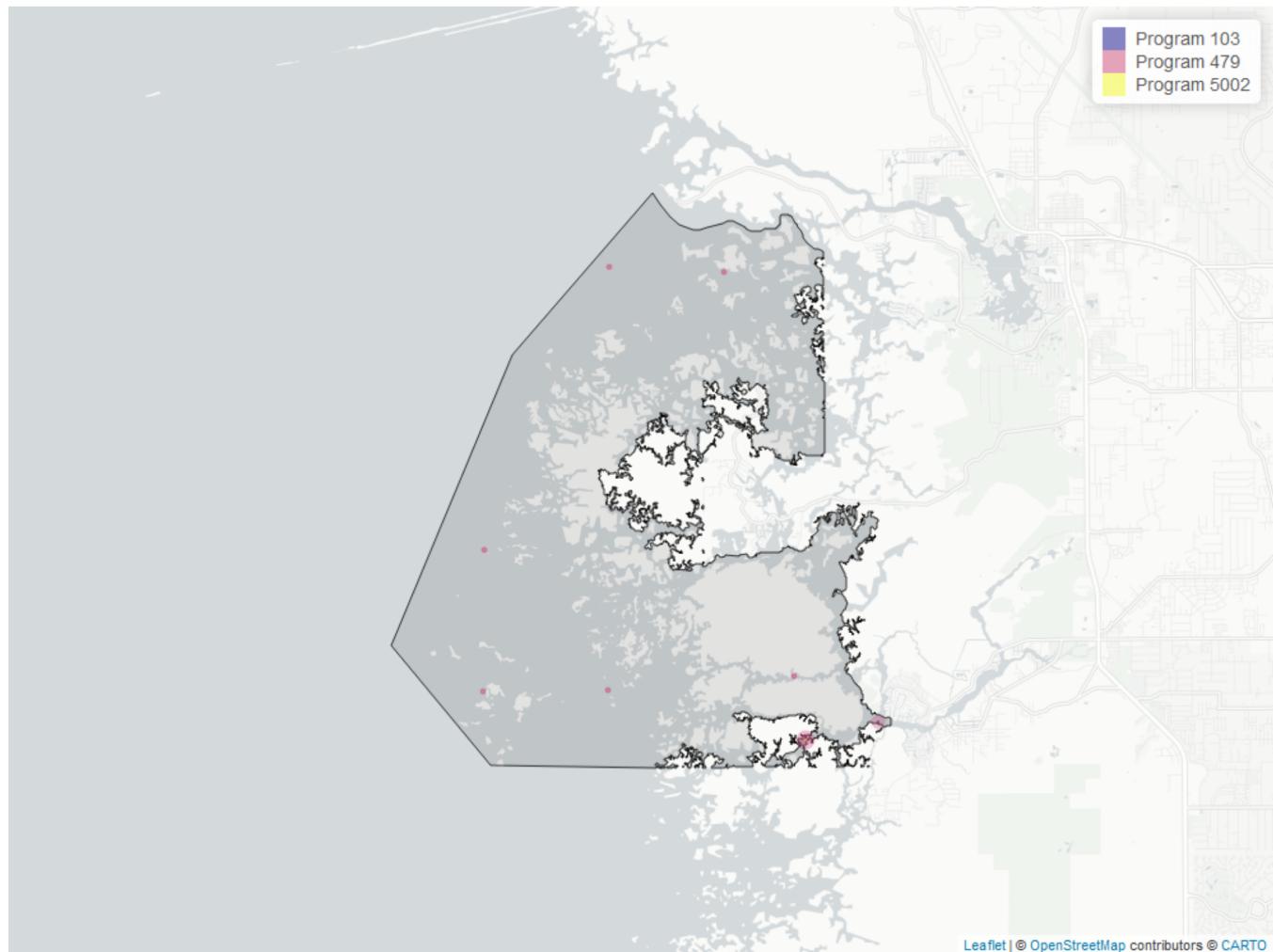


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	151	18	4.62	TRUE	-0.1354	0.0872	-0.05738462	5.692106	8.6949	0.5613	0

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Suspended Solids



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 21: Programs contributing data for Total Suspended Solids

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
479	150	2005	2022
103	1	2020	2020
5002	1	2015	2015

Program names:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year

- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of $N_{_Total}$

Table 22: Value Qualifiers for Total Suspended Solids

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_I</i>	<i>perc_I</i>	<i>N_Q</i>	<i>perc_Q</i>
2015	28	1	3.6		
2016	2	1	50.0	2	100.0
2017	14	6	42.9	11	78.6
2018	2	1	50.0	2	100.0
2019	8	4	50.0	6	75.0
2020	32	17	53.1	1	3.1
2021	6	3	50.0		
2022	14	4	28.6		

Note: ¹**I** - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²**Q**
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

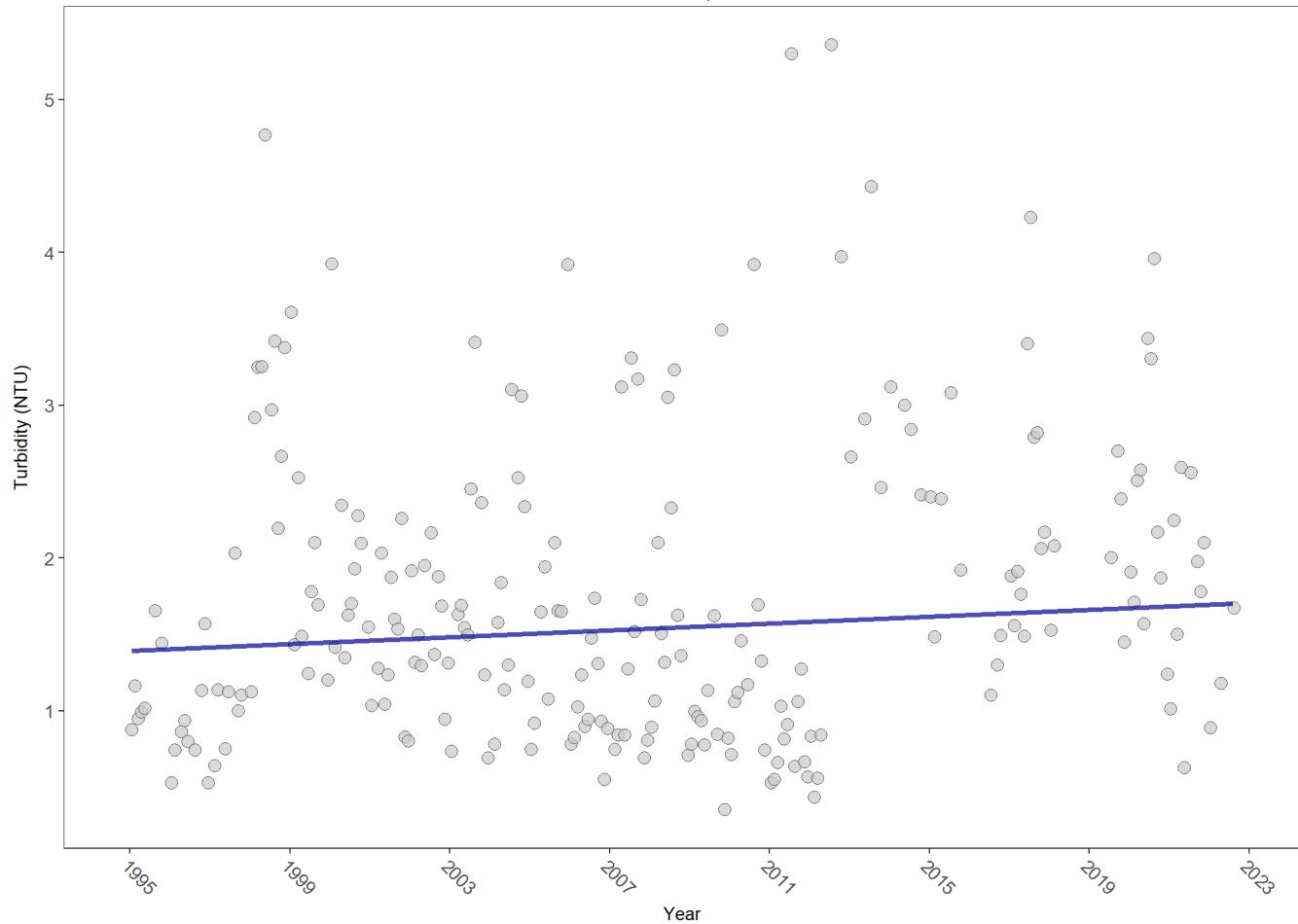
5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

Turbidity - Discrete Water Quality

Turbidity results from suspended solids in the water, including silts, clays, tannins, industrial wastes, sewage and plankton, which are all factors that contribute to how clouded or murky a water column is. Turbidity is caused by soil erosion, excess nutrients, pollutants, and physical forces such as winds, currents and bottom feeders.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Turbidity, Lab and Field Combined, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

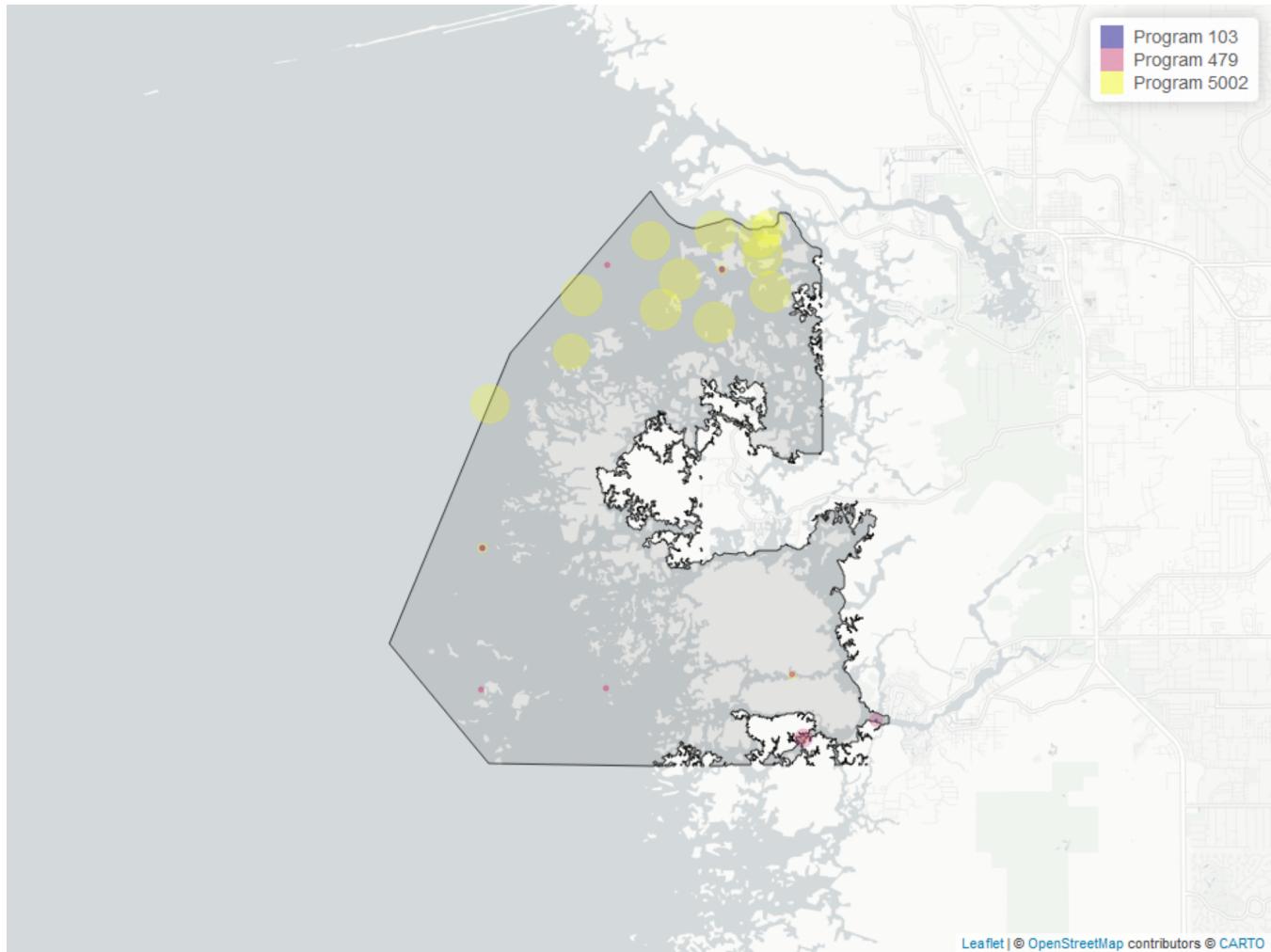


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	2982	28	1.1	TRUE	0.069	0.1204	0.011125	1.39404	4.883	0.9367	0

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Turbidity



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 23: Programs contributing data for Turbidity

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	2819	1995	2021
479	150	2005	2022
103	13	2020	2021

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year

- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of $N_{_Total}$

Table 24: Value Qualifiers for Turbidity

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_I</i>	<i>perc_I</i>	<i>N_Q</i>	<i>perc_Q</i>	<i>N_U</i>	<i>perc_U</i>
2017	72			2	2.8		
2022	14	7		50		1	7.1

Note: ¹**I** - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²**Q**
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³**U** - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

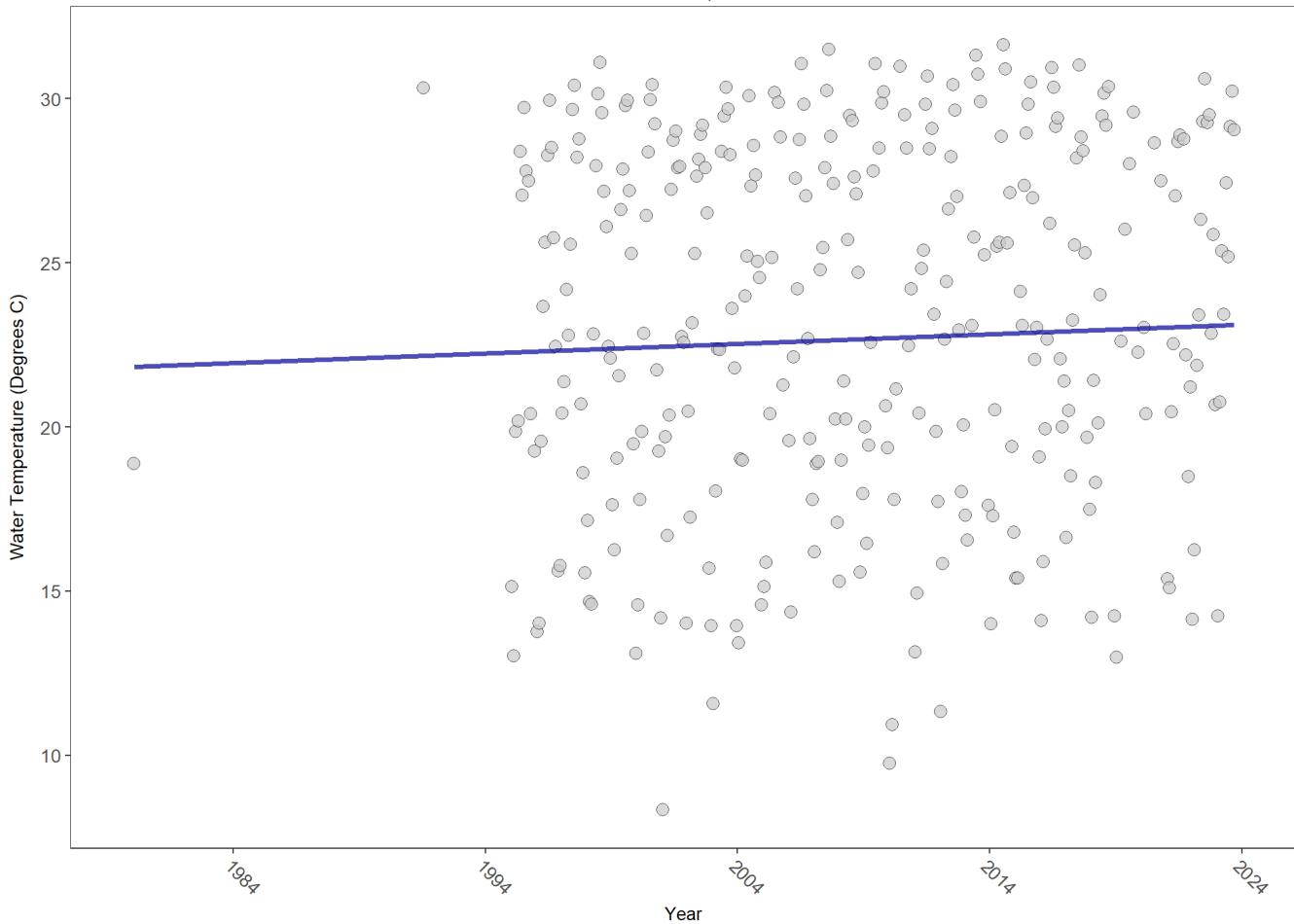
5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

Water Temperature - Discrete Water Quality

Temperature determines the capacity of water to hold oxygen. Cooler water can hold more dissolved oxygen because water molecules are more tightly packed, making it harder for oxygen to escape. Additionally, as water temperature increases, fish and other aquatic organisms become more active and consume oxygen at a faster rate.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Water Temperature, Field, All Depths
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	8782	31	22.65	TRUE	0.1098	0.0084	0.02907962	21.83728	10.5532	0.4814	1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Water Temperature

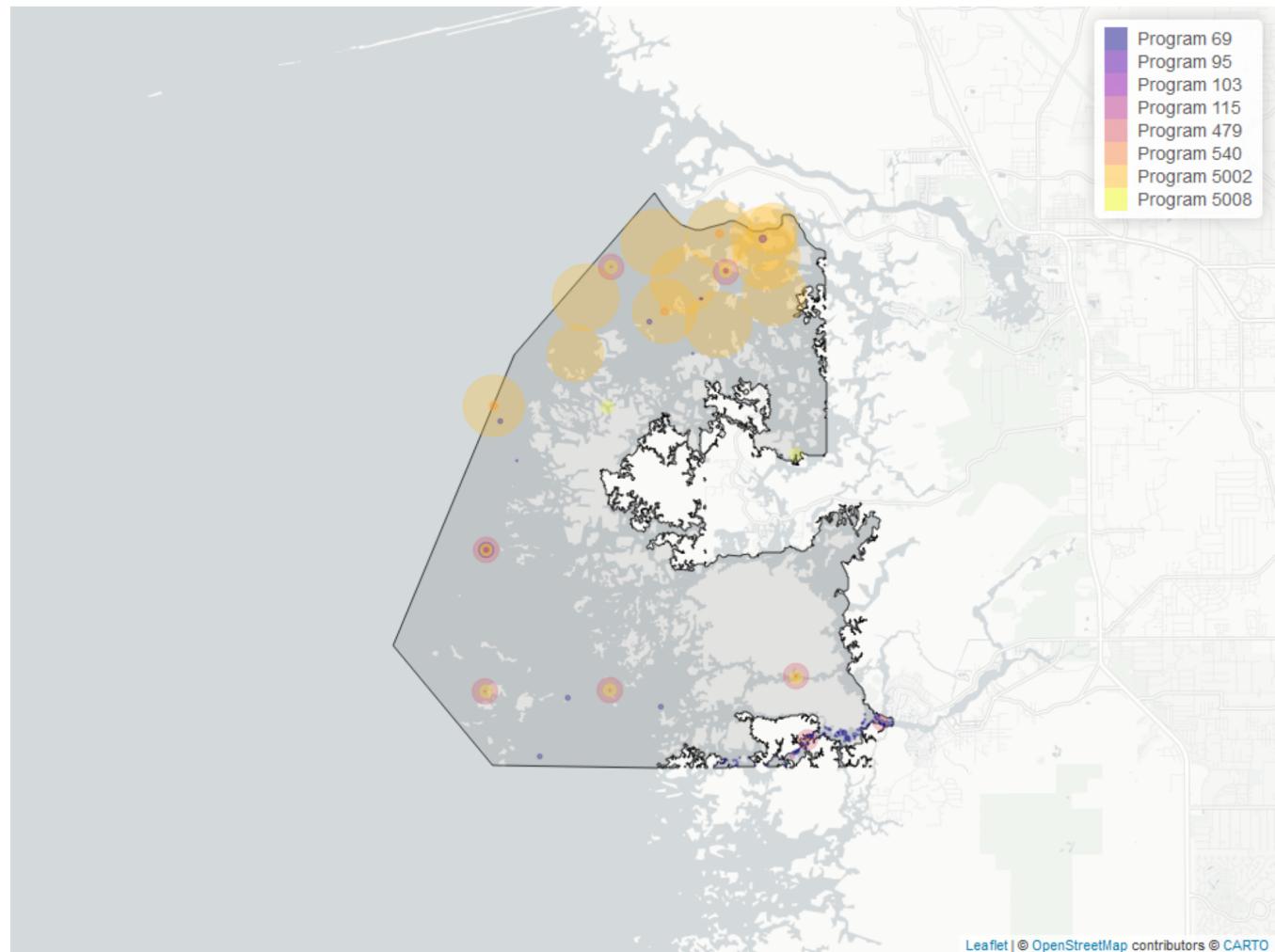


Table 25: Programs contributing data for Water Temperature

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	7535	1995	2021
479	708	1996	2022
5008	240	2021	2023
69	221	2003	2008
95	41	1980	2018
540	21	2017	2019
103	13	2004	2021
115	4	1991	1991

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

- 479* - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring
- 5008* - Project COAST (Coastal Assessment Team) - Springs Coast Ecosystem Region
- 69* - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program
- 95* - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network
- 540* - Shellfish Harvest Area Classification Program
- 103* - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)
- 115* - Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for Water Temperature in St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

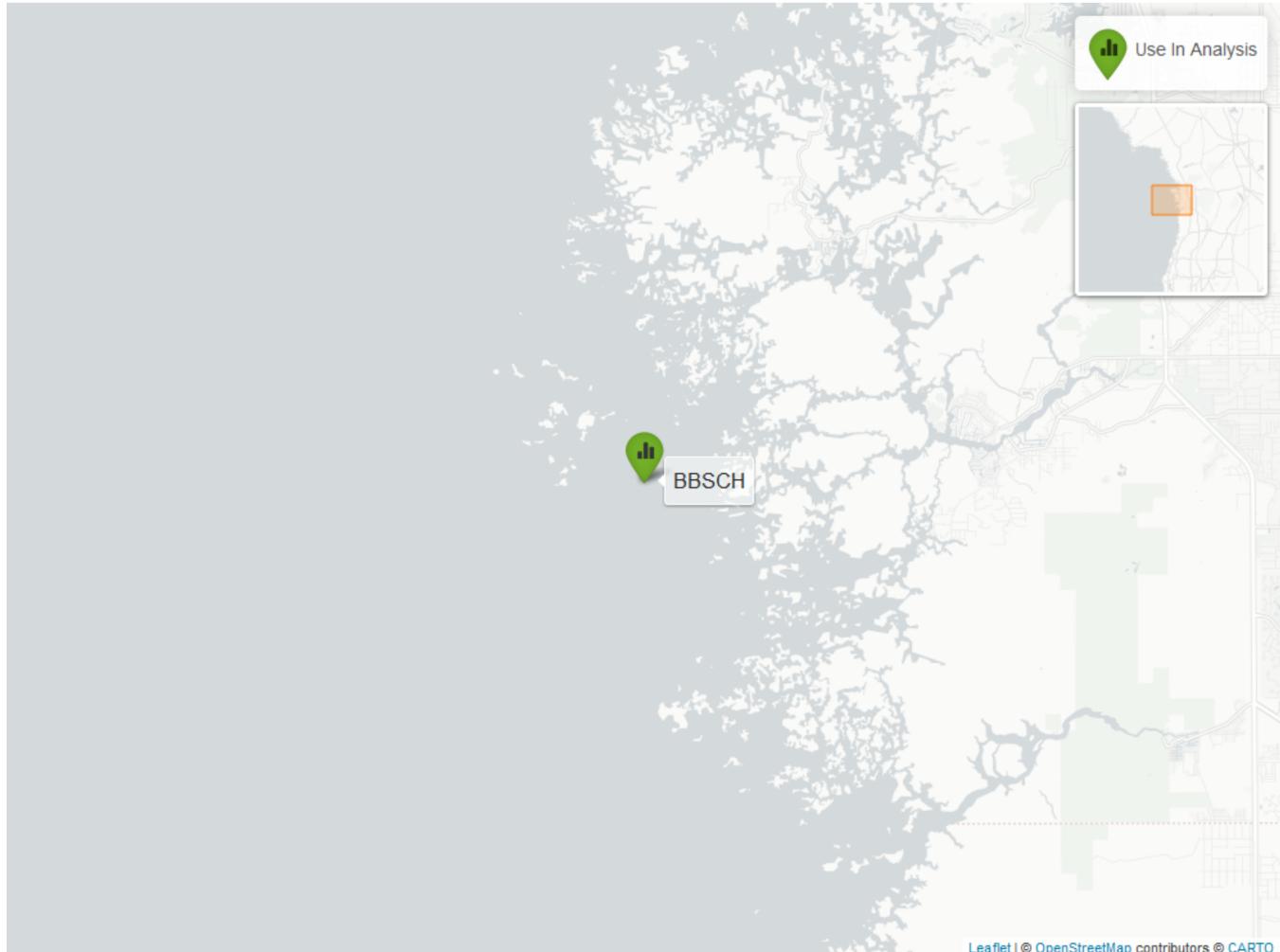
Water Quality - Continuous

The following files were used in the continuous analysis:

- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Dissolved_Oxygen_NW-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation_NW-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_pH_NW-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Salinity_NW-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Turbidity_NW-2024-Feb-22.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Water_Temperature_NW-2024-Feb-22.txt*

Table 26: Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

Program	LocationID	Years of Data	Use in Analysis	Parameters
BBSCH		6	TRUE	DO , DOS , pH , Sal , Turb , TempW



Map showing Continuous Water Quality Monitoring sampling locations within the boundaries of St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve. Sites marked as *Use In Analysis* are featured in this report.

Dissolved Oxygen - Continuous Water Quality

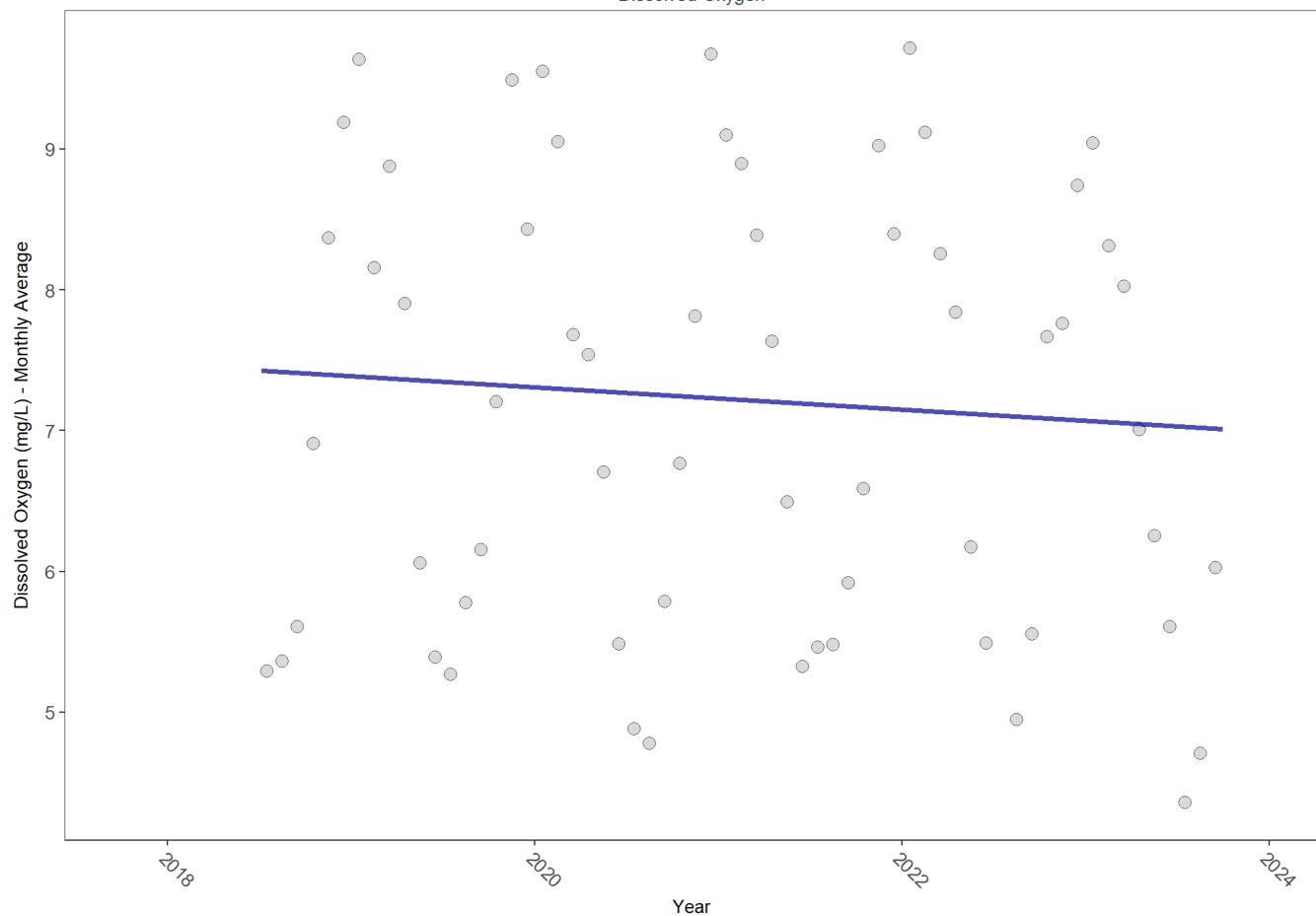
BBSCH

Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

BBSCH

Dissolved Oxygen



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
bottom	159247	6	7.3	TRUE	-0.1516	0.2036	-0.07874243	7.464896	7.4746	0.7595	0

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Continuous Water Quality

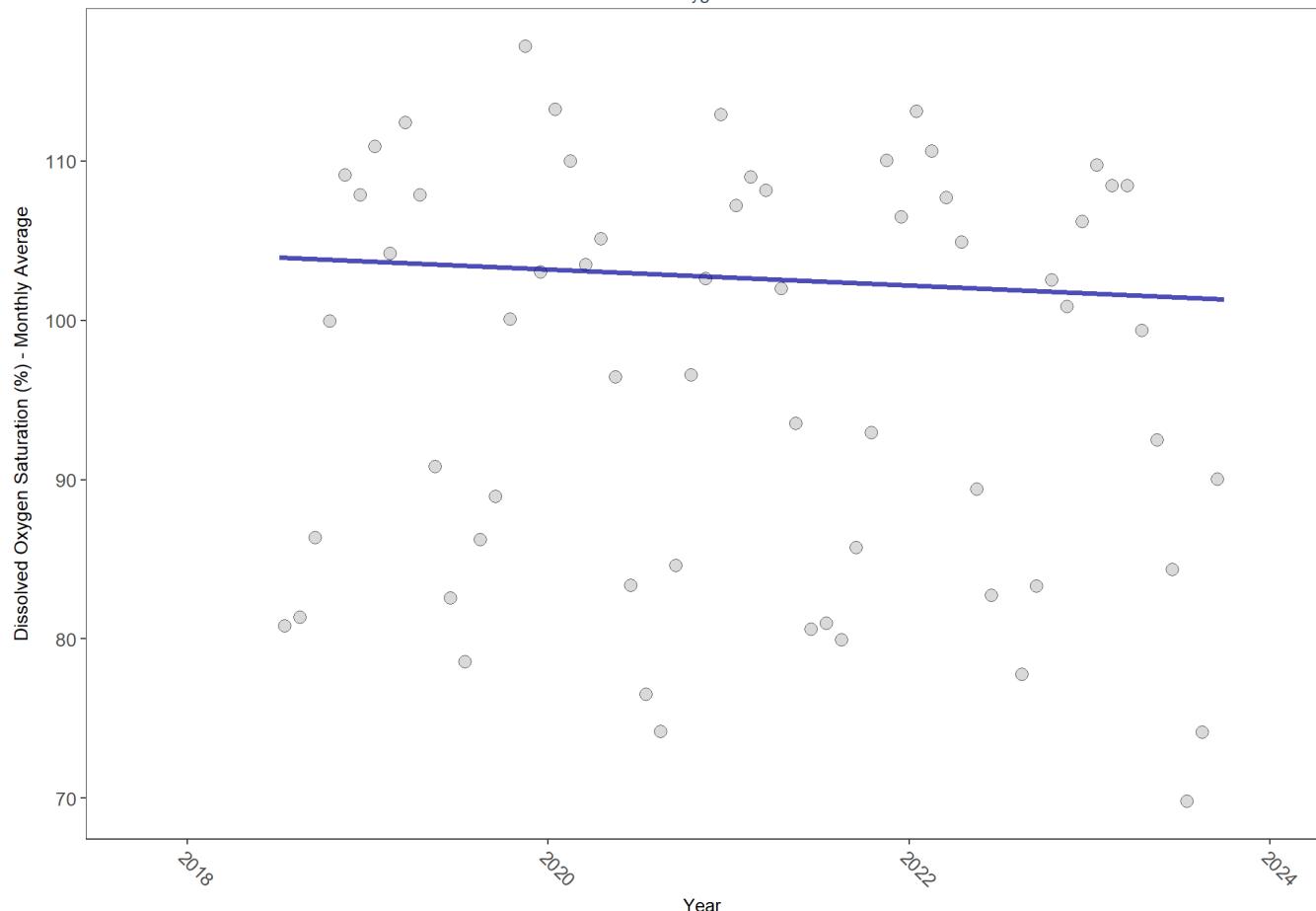
BBSCH

Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

BBSCH

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
bottom	159247	6	98.2	TRUE	-0.1935	0.0944	-0.4965428	104.198	7.7729	0.7335	0

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

pH - Continuous Water Quality

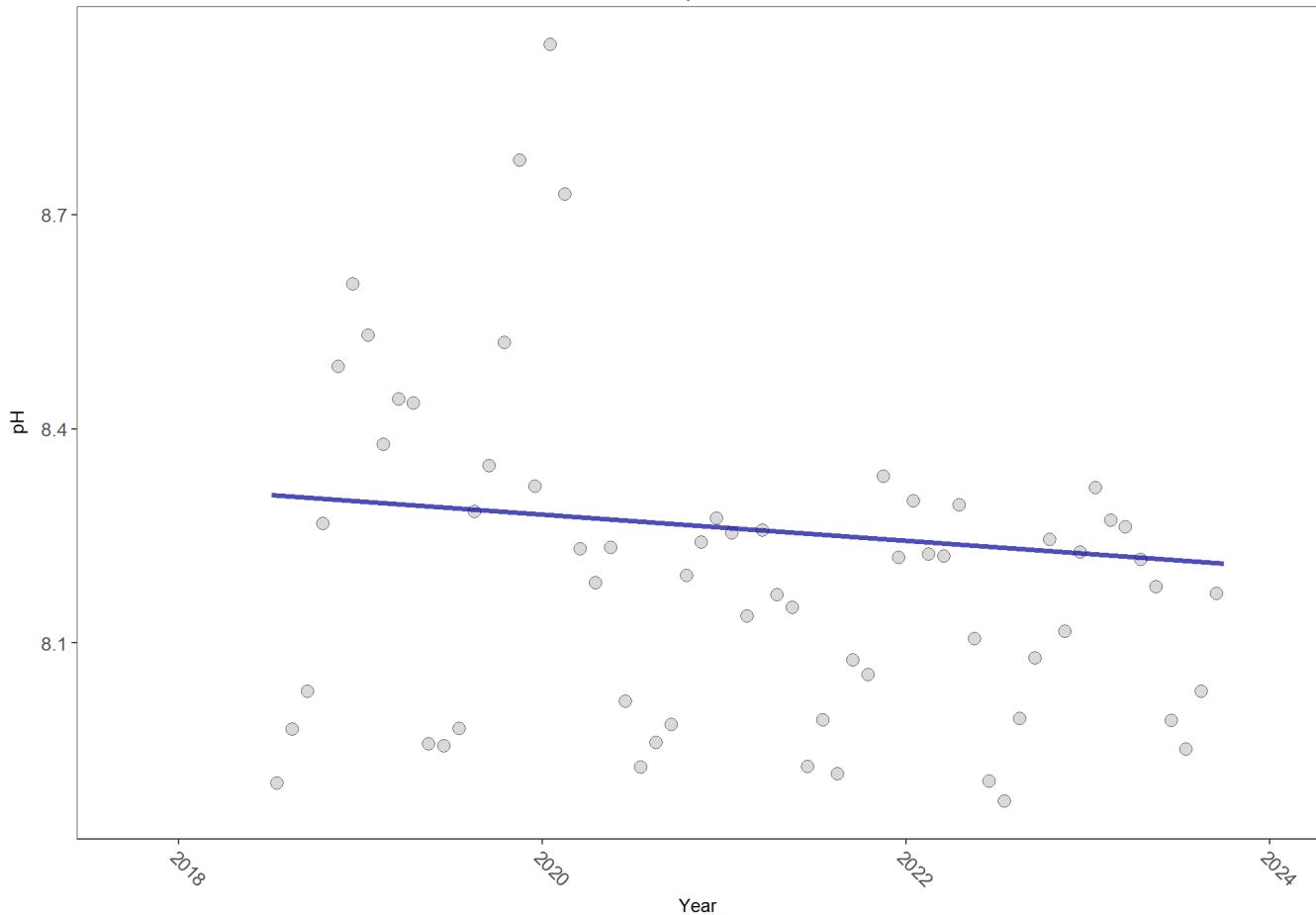
BBSCH

Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

BBSCH

pH



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
bottom	167892	6	8.2	TRUE	-0.1619	0.2403	-0.01838655	8.316851	7.2247	0.7806	0

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

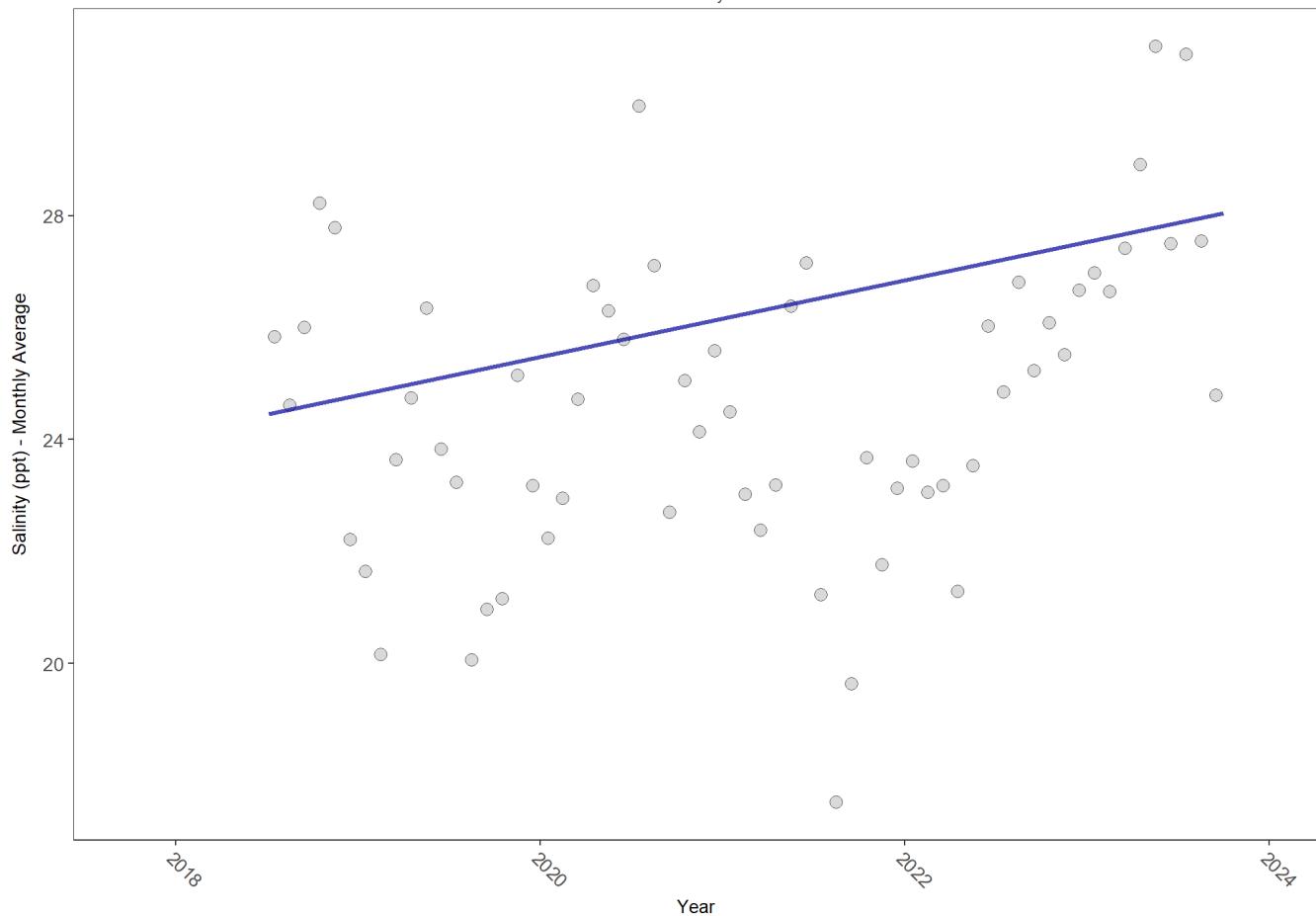
SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Salinity - Continuous Water Quality

BBSCH

Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve
BBSCH
Salinity



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
bottom	167089	6	24.9	TRUE	0.2984	0.0132	0.6843403	24.10905	11.5332	0.3997	1

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

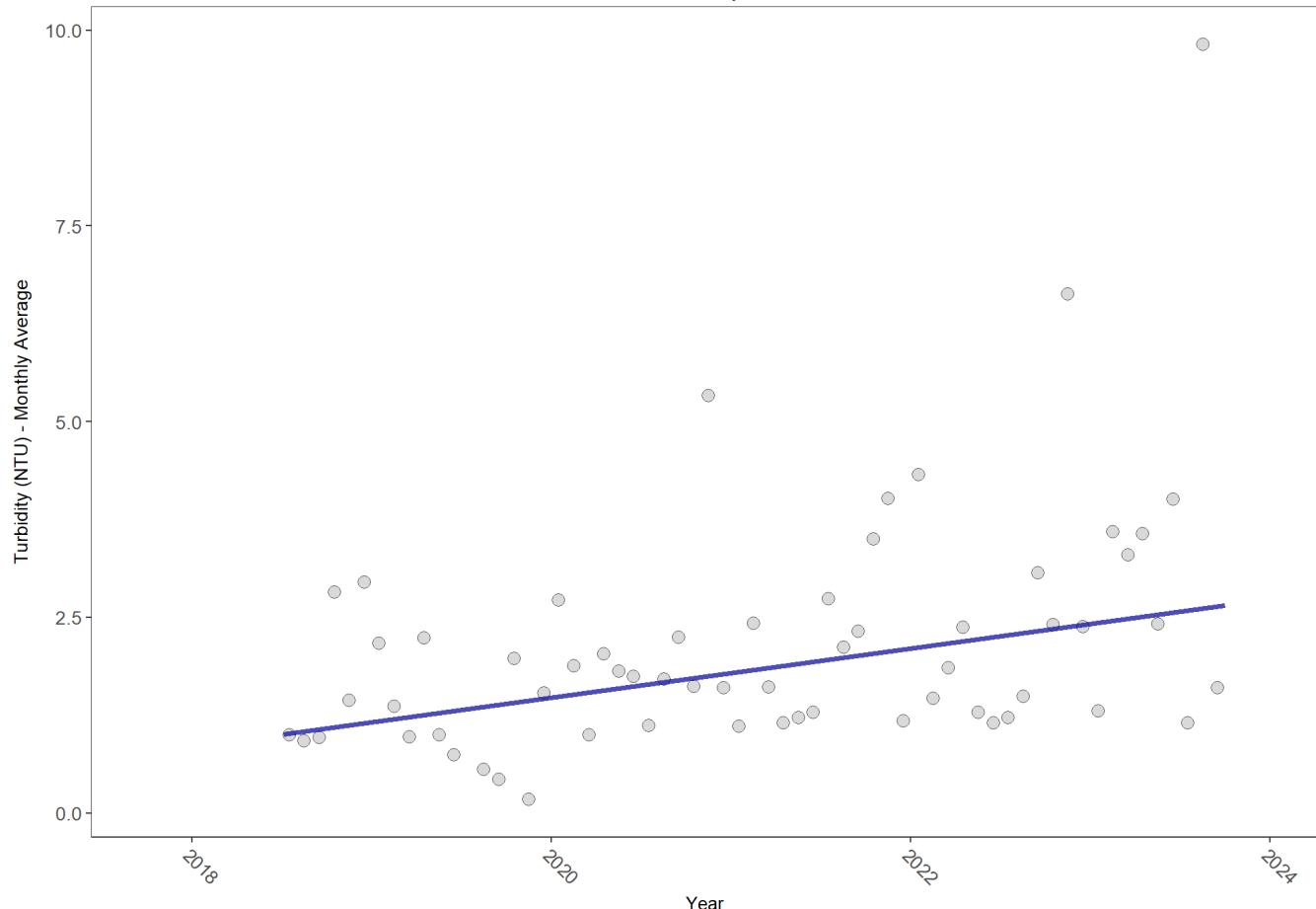
SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Turbidity - Continuous Water Quality

BBSCH

Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve
BBSCH
Turbidity



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
bottom	148785	6	1	TRUE	0.4097	0.0004	0.3133359	0.8490715	7.5521	0.7528	2

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Water Temperature - Continuous Water Quality

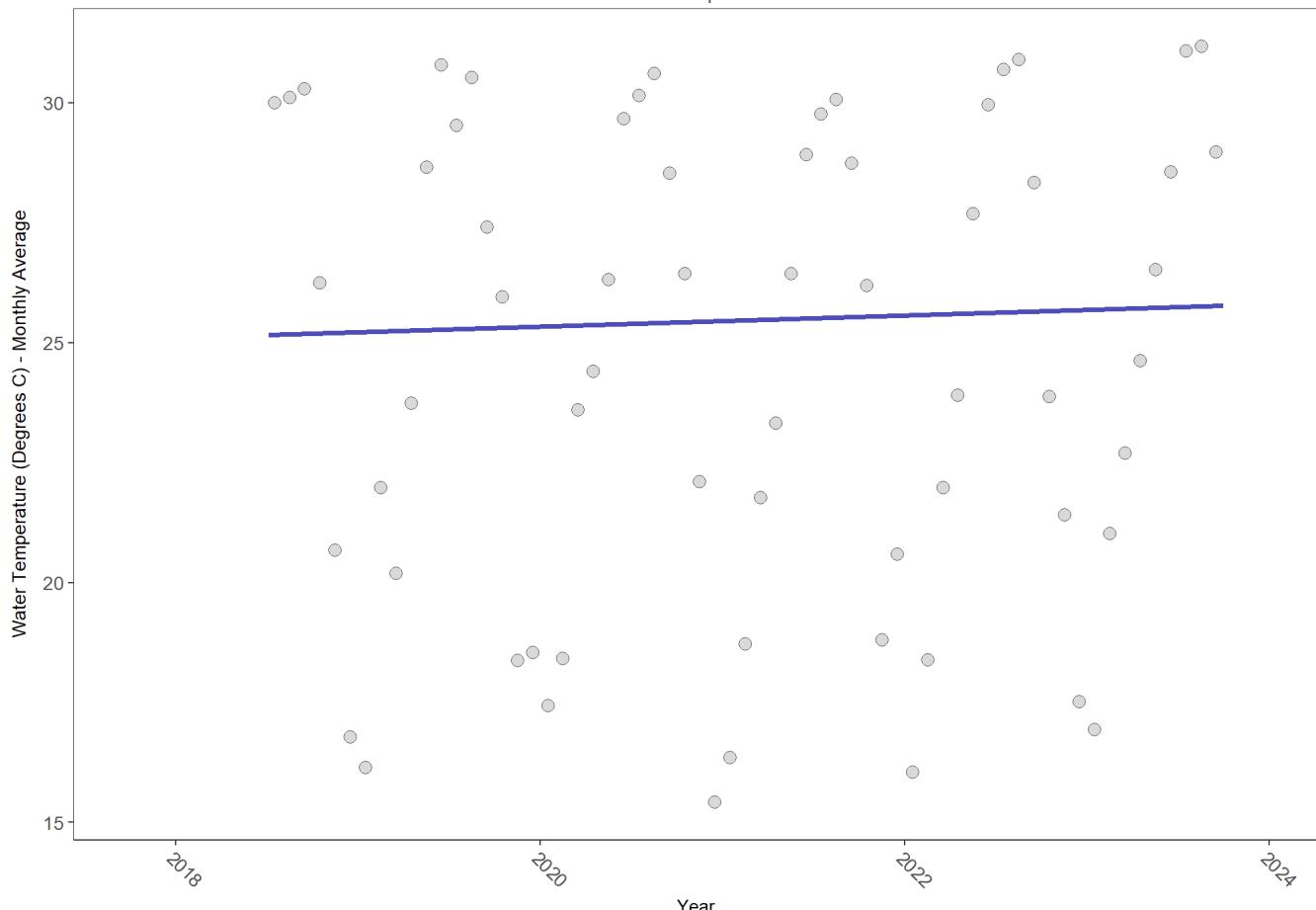
BBSCH

Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (471)

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

BBSCH

Water Temperature



RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
bottom	169148	6	25.5	TRUE	0.1206	0.2403	0.1169537	25.09821	10.4512	0.4903	0

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

The data file used is: **All_SAV_Parameters-2024-Feb-23.txt**

Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) refers to plants and plant-like macroalgae species that live entirely underwater. The two primary categories of SAV inhabiting Florida estuaries are *benthic macroalgae* and *seagrasses*. They often grow together in dense beds or meadows that carpet the seafloor. *Macroalgae* include multicellular species of green, red and brown algae that often live attached to the substrate by a holdfast. They tend to grow quickly and can tolerate relatively high nutrient levels, making them a threat to seagrasses and other benthic habitats in areas with poor water quality. In contrast, *seagrasses* are grass-like, vascular, flowering plants that are attached to the seafloor by extensive root systems. *Seagrasses* occur throughout the coastal areas of Florida, including protected bays and lagoons as well as deeper offshore waters on the continental shelf. *Seagrasses* have taken advantage of the broad, shallow shelf and clear water to produce two of the most extensive seagrass beds anywhere in continental North America.

Parameters

Percent Cover measures the fraction of an area of seafloor that is covered by SAV, usually estimated by evaluating multiple small areas of seafloor. Percent cover is often estimated for total SAV, individual types of vegetation (seagrass, attached algae, drift algae) and individual species.

Frequency of Occurrence was calculated as the number of times a taxon was observed in a year divided by the number of sampling events, multiplied by 100. Analysis is conducted at the quadrat level and is inclusive of all quadrats (i.e., quadrats evaluated using Braun-Blanquet, modified Braun-Blanquet, and percent cover.)

Species

Turtle grass (*Thalassia testudinum*) is the largest of the Florida seagrasses, with longer, thicker blades and deeper root structures than any of the other seagrasses. It is considered a climax seagrass species.

Shoal grass (*Halodule wrightii*) is an early colonizer of vegetated areas and usually grows in water too shallow for other species except *widgeon grass*. It can often tolerate larger salinity ranges than other seagrass species. *Shoal grass* is characterized by thin, flat blades, that are narrower than *turtle grass* blades.

Manatee grass (*Syringodium filiforme*) is easily recognizable because its leaves are thin and cylindrical instead of the flat, ribbon-like form shared by many other seagrass species. The leaves can grow up to half a meter in length. *Manatee grass* is usually found in mixed seagrass beds or small, dense monospecific patches.

Widgeon grass (*Ruppia maritima*) grows in both fresh and salt water and is widely distributed throughout Florida's estuaries in less saline areas, particularly in inlets along the east coast. This species resembles *shoal grass* in certain environments but can be identified by the pointed tips of its leaves.

Three species of *Halophila spp.* are found in Florida - **Star grass** (*Halophila engelmannii*), **Paddle grass** (*Halophila decipiens*), and **Johnson's seagrass** (*Halophila johnsonii*). These are smaller, more fragile seagrasses than other Florida species and are considered ephemeral. They grow along a single long rhizome, with short blades. These species are not well-studied, although surveys are underway to define their ecological roles.

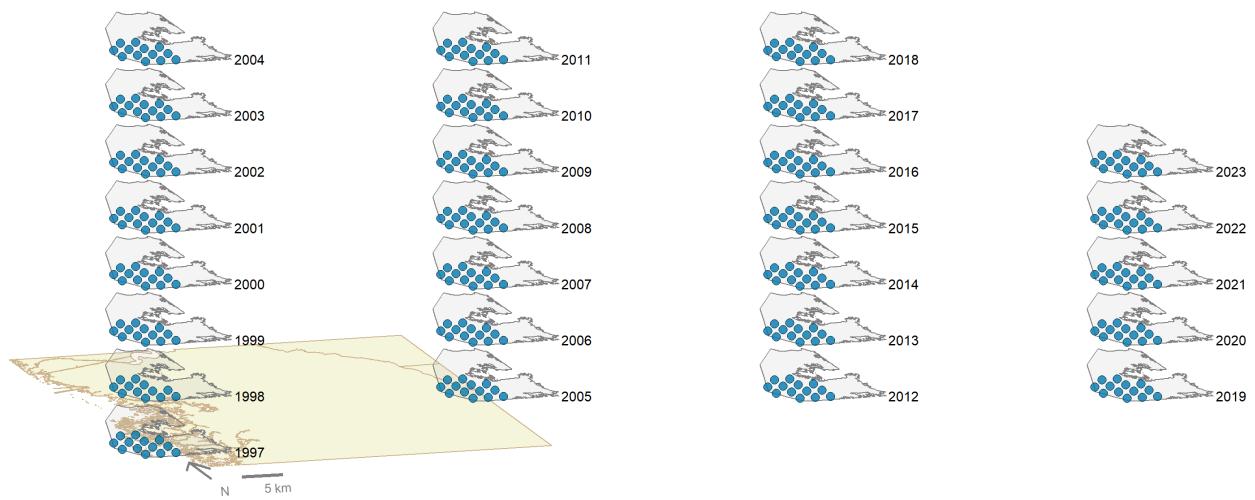
Notes

Star grass, *Paddle grass*, and *Johnson's seagrass* will be grouped together and listed as **Halophila spp.** in the following managed areas. This is because several surveys did not specify to the species level:

- Banana River Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Malabar to Vero Beach Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Vero Beach to Ft. Pierce Aquatic Preserve
- Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve
- Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve
- Mosquito Lagoon Aquatic Preserve

- Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve
- Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve
SAV Percent Cover - Sample Locations

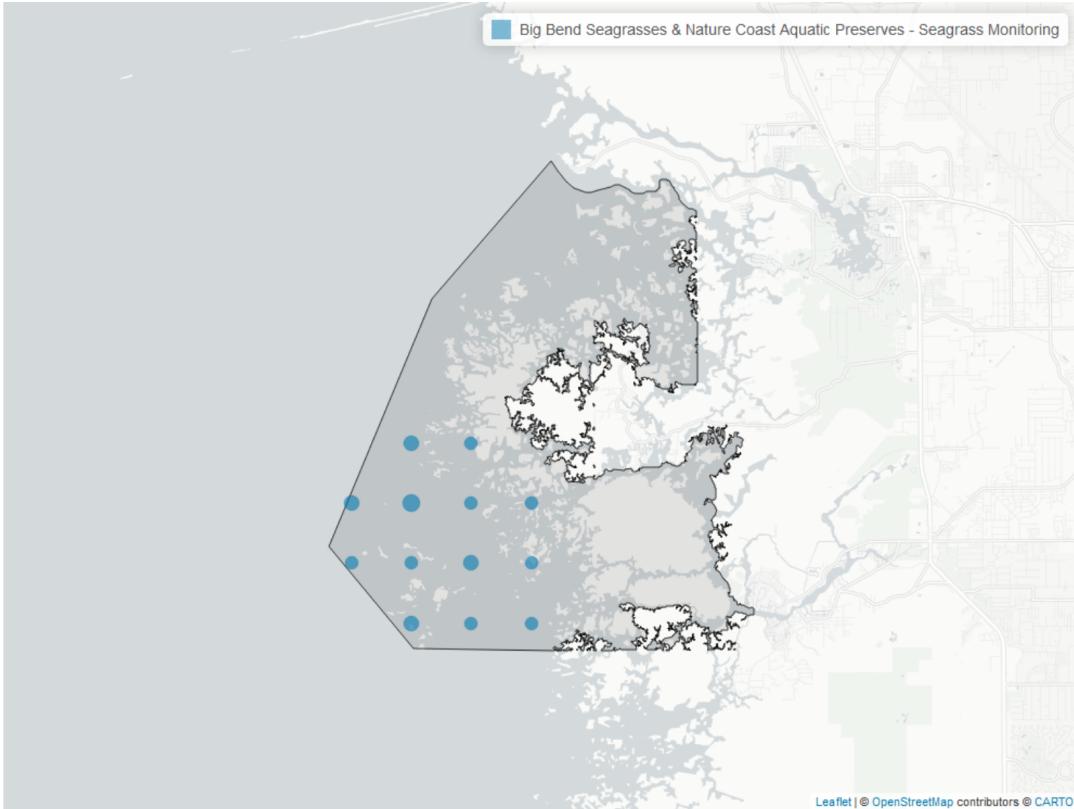


Program name

● Big Bend Seagrasses & Nature Coast Aquatic Preserves - Seagrass Monitoring

Maps showing the temporal scope of SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve* by Program name.

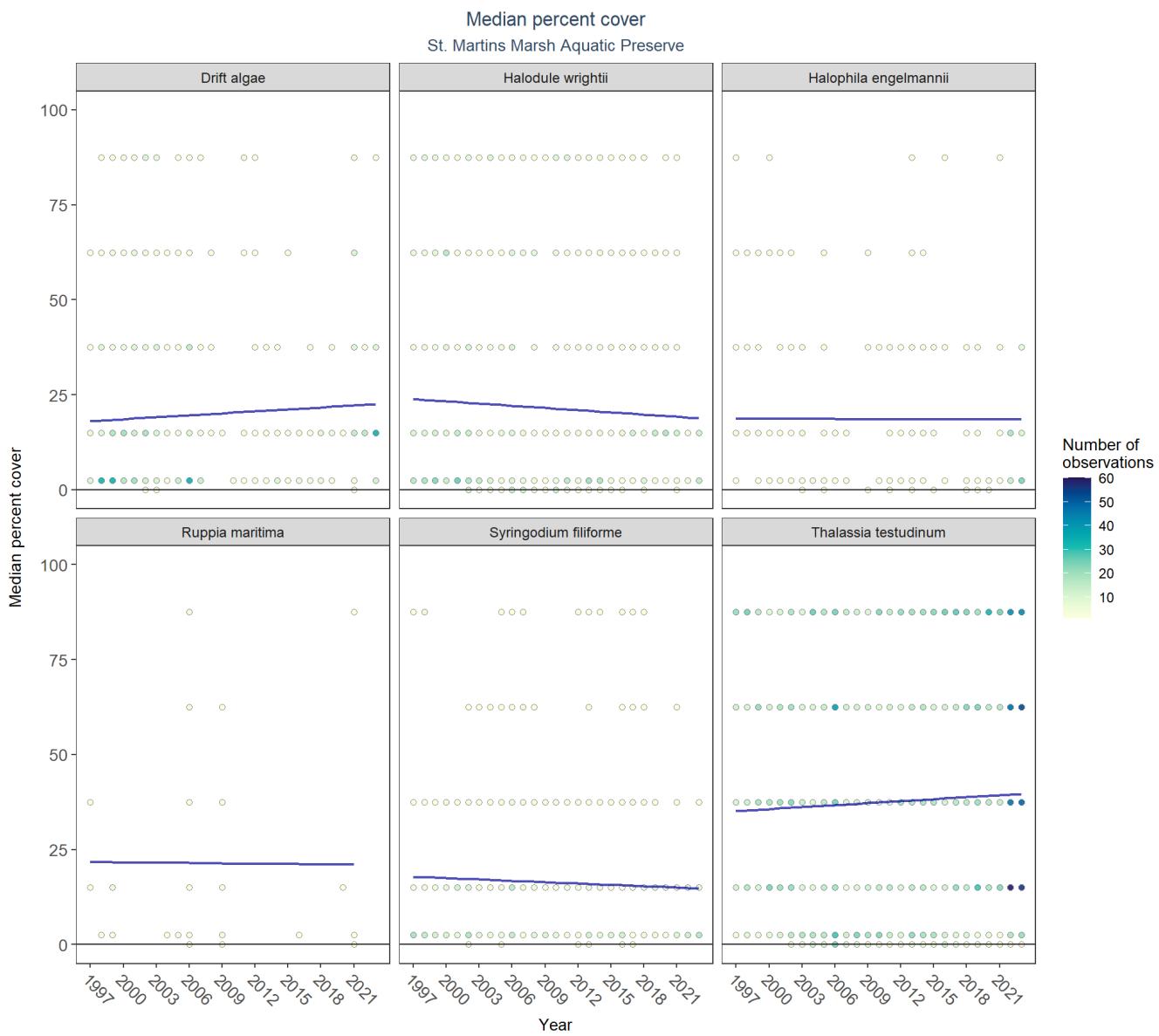
Sampling locations by Program:



Map showing SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve*. The point size reflects the number of samples at a given sampling site.

Table 27: Big Bend Seagrasses & Nature Coast Aquatic Preserves -
Seagrass Monitoring - *Program 560*

<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>	<i>Collection Method</i>	<i>Sample Locations</i>
4718	1997	2023	Modified Braun Blanquet	13
382	2022	2023	Percent Cover	13



Median percent cover by species in *St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve*. Linear mixed-effects models are applied to each species to produce species trends. The trendlines are then isolated and reproduced below for ease of viewing. The LME results are available in table form beneath the supplemental trendplot below.

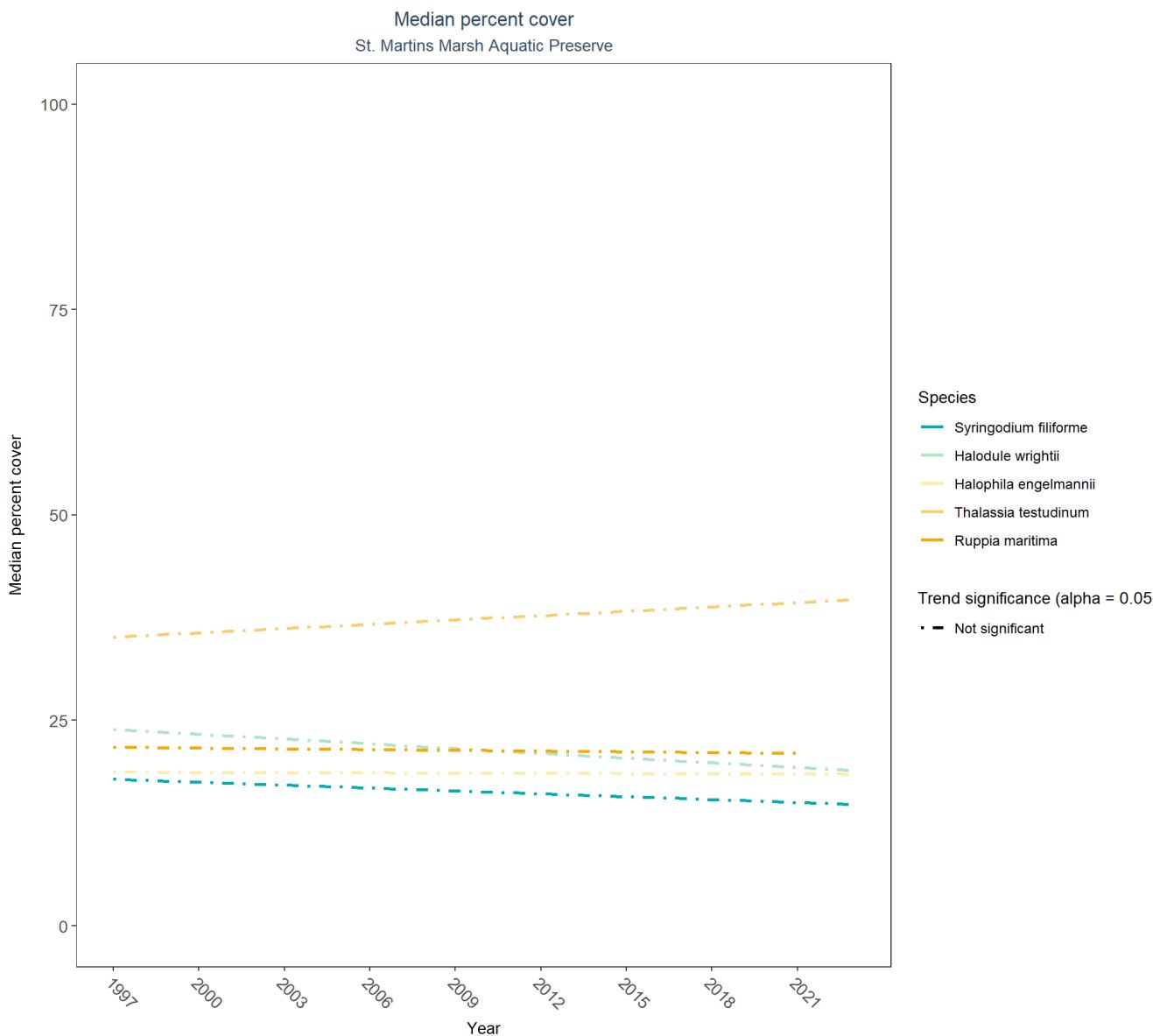
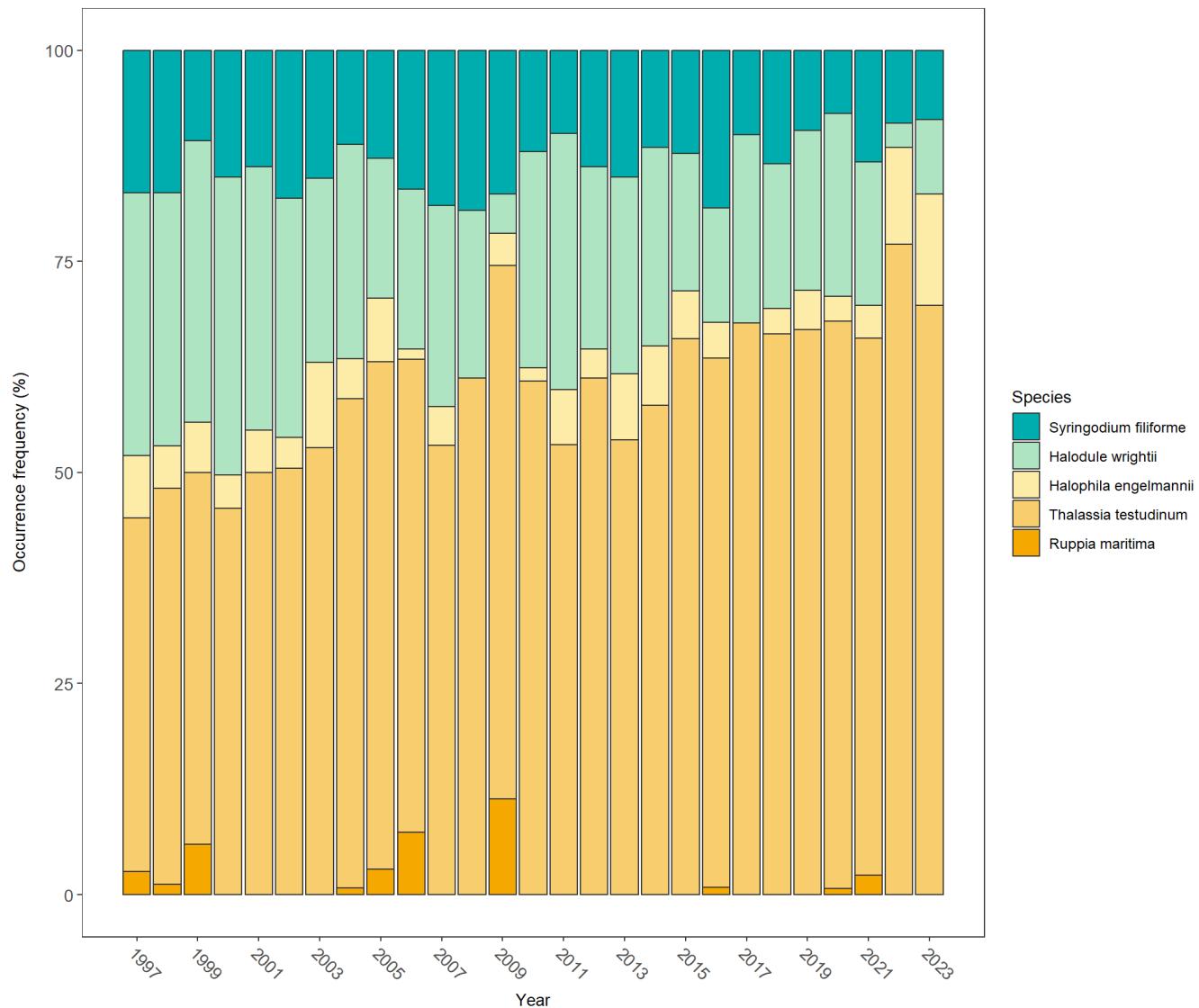


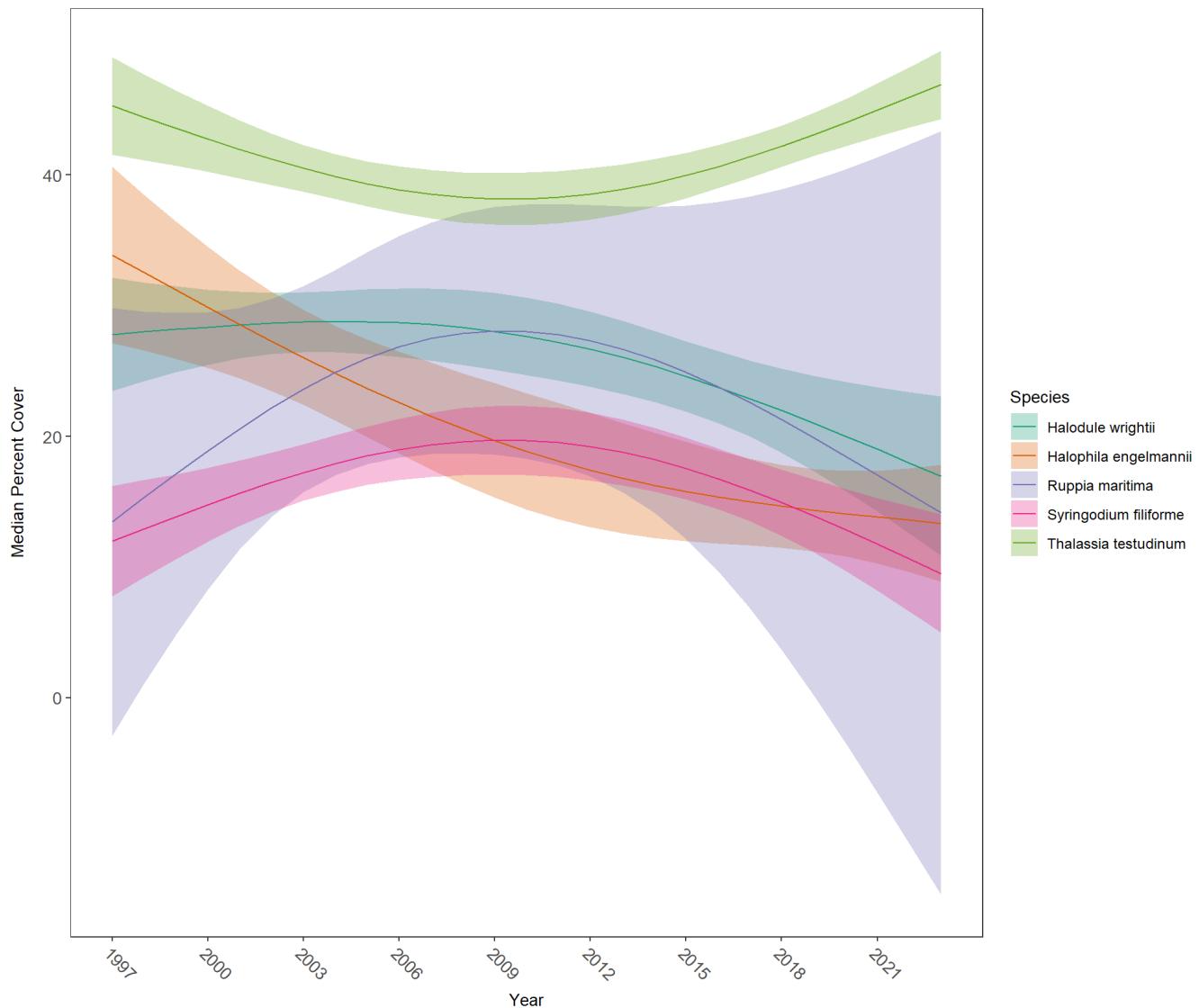
Table 28: Percent Cover Trend Analysis for St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve

Species	Common Name	Trend Significance (0.05)	Period of Record	LME-Intercept	LME-Slope	p
Drift algae		No significant trend	1997 - 2023	17.5871	0.1711	0.3724
Halodule wrightii	Shoal grass	No significant trend	1997 - 2023	24.4649	-0.1926	0.2466
Halophila engelmannii	Star grass	No significant trend	1997 - 2023	18.7278	-0.0089	0.9859
Ruppia maritima	Widgeon grass	No significant trend	1997 - 2021	21.8259	-0.0298	0.9658
Syringodium filiforme	Manatee grass	No significant trend	1997 - 2023	18.1915	-0.1176	0.4389
Thalassia testudinum	Turtle grass	No significant trend	1997 - 2023	34.6219	0.1746	0.2834

Frequency of occurrence
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve



Median Percent Cover for seagrass species
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve



Generalized additive models for each species in St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve. Species must have at least 10 years of data to be evaluated.

Drift algae, *Total seagrass*, *Attached algae*, and *Total SAV* are excluded from the analyses.