

Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve

SEACAR Habitat Analyses

Last compiled on 02 July, 2025

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Funding & Acknowledgements

The data used in this analysis is from the Export Standardized Tables in the SEACAR Data Discovery Interface (DDI). Documents and information available through the SEACAR DDI are owned by the data provider(s) and users are expected to provide appropriate credit following accepted citation formats. Users are encouraged to access data to maximize utilization of gained knowledge, reducing redundant research and facilitating partnerships and scientific innovation.

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This report was funded in part, through a grant agreement from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Florida Coastal Management Program, by a grant provided by the Office for Coastal Management under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as amended, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The views, statements, findings, conclusions and recommendations expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the State of Florida, NOAA or any of their sub agencies.

Published: 2025-07-02



Threshold Filtering

Threshold filters, following the guidance of Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (*FDEP*) Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration (*DEAR*) are used to exclude specific results values from the SEACAR Analysis. Based on the threshold filters, Quality Assurance / Quality Control (*QAQC*) Flags are inserted into the *SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode* and *SEACAR_QAQC_Description* columns of the export data. The *Include* column indicates whether the *QAQC* Flag will also indicate that data are excluded from analysis. No data are excluded from the data export, but the analysis scripts can use the *Include* column to exclude data (1 to include, 0 to exclude).

Table 1: Continuous Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	-0.000001	50
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	-0.000001	500
Salinity	ppt	-0.000001	70
Turbidity	NTU	-0.000001	4000
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5.000000	45
pH	None	2.000000	14

Table 2: Discrete Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Ammonia, Un-ionized (NH3)	mg/L	-	-
Ammonium, Filtered (NH4)	mg/L	-	-
Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin	ug/L	-	-
Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin	ug/L	-	-
Colored Dissolved Organic Matter	PCU	-	-

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	-0.000001	25
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	-0.000001	310
Fluorescent Dissolved Organic Matter	QSE	-	-
Light Extinction Coefficient	m^-1	-	-
NO2+3, Filtered	mg/L	-	-
Nitrate (NO3)	mg/L	-	-
Nitrite (NO2)	mg/L	-	-
Nitrogen, organic	mg/L	-	-
Phosphate, Filtered (PO4)	mg/L	-	-
Salinity	ppt	-0.000001	70
Secchi Depth	m	0.000001	50
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0.005000	100
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	-	-
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	-	-
Turbidity	NTU	-	-
Water Temperature	Degrees C	3.000000	40
pH	None	2.000000	13

Table 3: Quality Assurance Flags inserted based on threshold checks listed in Table 1 and 2

SEACAR QAQC Description	Include	SEACAR QAQCFlagCode
Exceeds maximum threshold	0	2Q
Below minimum threshold	0	4Q
Within threshold tolerance	1	6Q
No defined thresholds for this parameter	1	7Q

Value Qualifiers

Value qualifier codes included within the data are used to exclude certain results from the analysis. The data are retained in the data export files, but the analysis uses the *Include* column to filter the results.

STORET and WIN value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from *STORET* and *WIN* data are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports.

Table 4: Value Qualifier codes excluded from analysis

Qualifier Source	Value Qualifier	Include	MDL	Description
STORET-WIN	H	0	0	Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate
STORET-WIN	J	0	0	Estimated value
STORET-WIN	V	0	0	Analyte was detected at or above method detection limit
STORET-WIN	Y	0	0	Lab analysis from an improperly preserved sample; data may be inaccurate

Discrete Water Quality Value Qualifiers

The following value qualifiers are highlighted in the Discrete Water Quality section of this report. An exception is made for **Program 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network** and data flagged with Value Qualifier **H** are included for this program only.

H - Value based on field kit determiniation; results may not be accurate. This code shall be used if a field screening test (e.g., field gas chromatograph data, immunoassay, or vendor-supplied field kit) was used to generate the value and the field kit or method has not been recognized by the Department as equivalent to laboratory methods.

I - The reported value is greater than or equal to the laboratory method detection limit but less than the laboratory practical quantitation limit.

Q - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time. This code shall be used if the value is derived from a sample that was prepared or analyzed after the approved holding time restrictions for sample preparation or analysis.

S - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody. The value reported is the depth of the waterbody at the location of the Secchi disk measurement.

U - Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. This symbol shall be used to indicate that the specified component was not detected. The value associated with the qualifier shall be the laboratory method detection limit. Unless requested by the client, less than the method detection limit values shall not be reported

Systemwide Monitoring Program (SWMP) value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from the *SWMP* continuous program are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports. *SWMP* Qualifier Codes are indicated by *QualifierSource=SWMP*.

Table 5: SWMP Value Qualifier codes

<i>Qualifier Source</i>	<i>Value Qualifier</i>	<i>Include</i>	<i>Description</i>
SWMP	-1	1	Optional parameter not collected
SWMP	-2	0	Missing data
SWMP	-3	0	Data rejected due to QA/QC
SWMP	-4	0	Outside low sensor range
SWMP	-5	0	Outside high sensor range
SWMP	0	1	Passed initial QA/QC checks
SWMP	1	0	Suspect data
SWMP	2	1	Reserved for future use
SWMP	3	1	Calculated data: non-vented depth/level sensor correction for changes in barometric pressure
SWMP	4	1	Historical: Pre-auto QA/QC
SWMP	5	1	Corrected data

Water Column

The water column habitat extends from the water's surface to the bottom sediments, and it's where fish, dolphins, crabs and people swim! So much life makes its home in the water column that the health of marine and coastal ecosystems, as well as human economies, depend on the condition of this vulnerable habitat. Local patterns of rainfall, temperature, winds and currents can rapidly change the condition of the water column, while global influences such as [El Niño/La Niña](#), large-scale fluctuation in sea temperatures and climate change can have long-term effects. Inputs from the prosperity of our day-to-day lives including farming, mining and forestry, and emissions from power generation, automobiles and water treatment can also alter the health of the water column. Acting alone or together, each input can have complex and lasting effects on habitats and ecosystems.

SEACAR evaluates water column health with several essential parameters. These include nutrient surveys of nitrogen and phosphorus, and water quality assessments of salinity, dissolved oxygen, pH, and water temperature. Water clarity is evaluated with Secchi depth, turbidity, levels of chlorophyll a, total suspended solids, and colored dissolved organic matter. Additionally, the richness of nekton is indicated by the abundance of free-swimming fishes and macroinvertebrates like crabs and shrimps.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Analysis

Indicators must have a minimum of five to ten years, depending on the habitat, of data within the geographic range of the analysis to be included in the analysis. Ten years of data are required for discrete parameters, and five years of data are required for continuous parameters. If there are insufficient years of data, the number of years of data available will be noted and labeled as "insufficient data to conduct analysis". Further, for the preferred Seasonal Kendall-Tau test, there must be data from at least two months in common across at least two consecutive years within the RCP managed area being analyzed. Values that pass both of these tests will be included in the analysis and be labeled as *Use_In_Analysis = TRUE*. Any that fail either test will be excluded from the analyses and labeled as *Use_In_Analysis = FALSE*. The points for all Water Column plots displayed in this section are monthly averages. Trend significance will be denoted as "Significant Trend" (when $p < 0.05$), or "Non-significant Trend" (when $p \geq 0.05$). Any parameters with insufficient data to perform Seasonal Kendall-Tau test will have their monthly averages plotted without a corresponding trend line.

Water Quality - Discrete

The following files were used in the discrete analysis:

- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_corrected_for_pheophytin-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_uncorrected_for_pheophytin-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Colored_dissolved_organic_matter_CDOM-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_pH-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Salinity-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Secchi_Depth-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Nitrogen-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Phosphorus-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Suspended_Solids_TSS-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Turbidity-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Water_Temperature-2025-Mar-06.txt*

Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

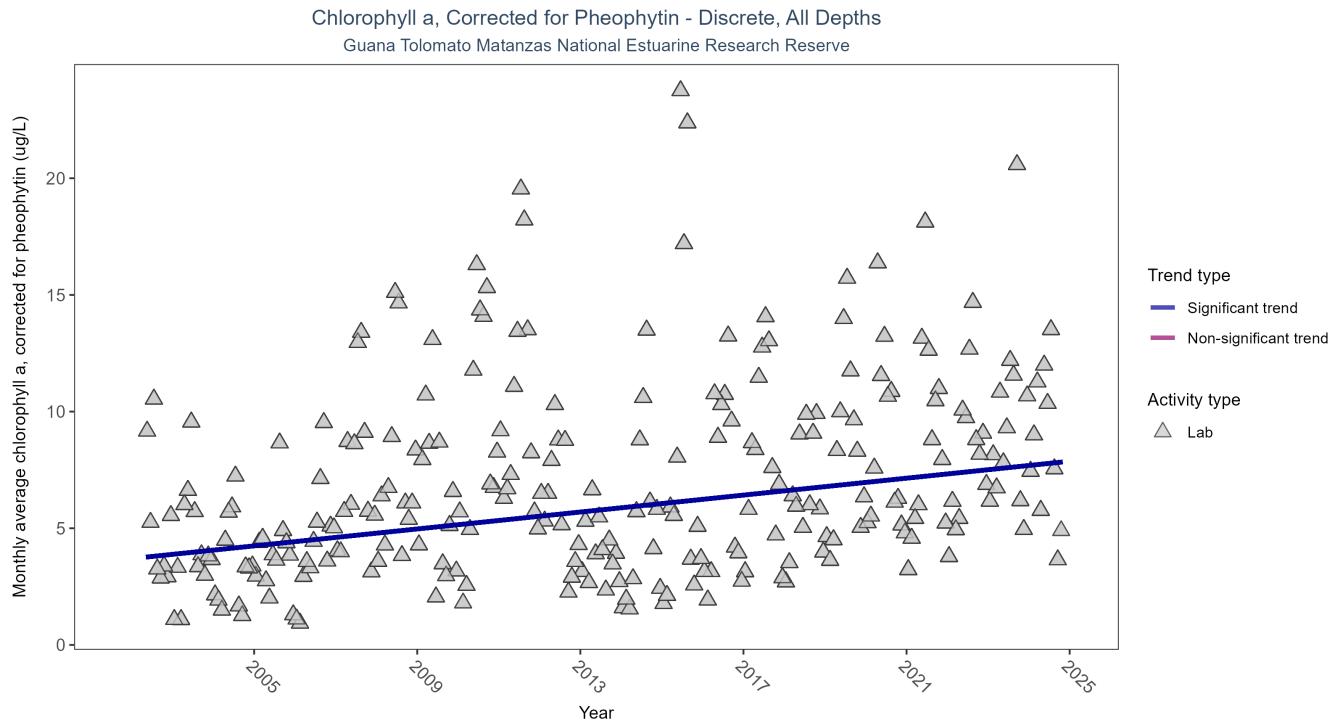


Figure 1: Scatter plot of monthly average levels of chlorophyll a, corrected for pheophytin, over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only laboratory-analyzed chlorophyll a (triangles) is included in the plot.

Table 6: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly increasing trend	7993	23	2002 - 2024	4.7	0.2968	3.7011	0.1813	0

Monthly average chlorophyll a, corrected for pheophytin, increased by 0.18 µg/L per year, indicating a decrease in water clarity.

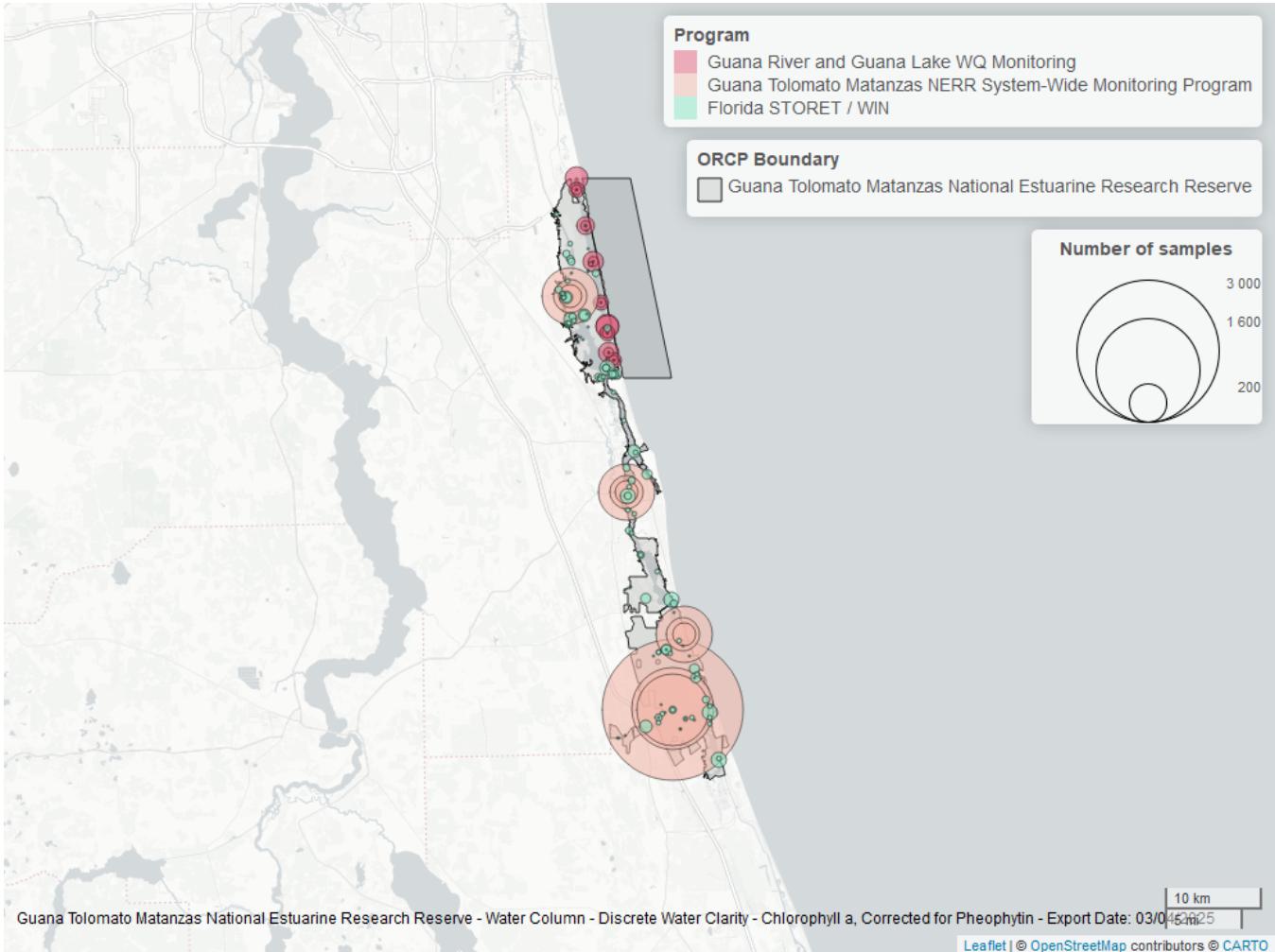


Figure 2: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 7: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
4054	6918	2002	2024
5002	858	2002	2024
5014	663	2017	2024

Program names:

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

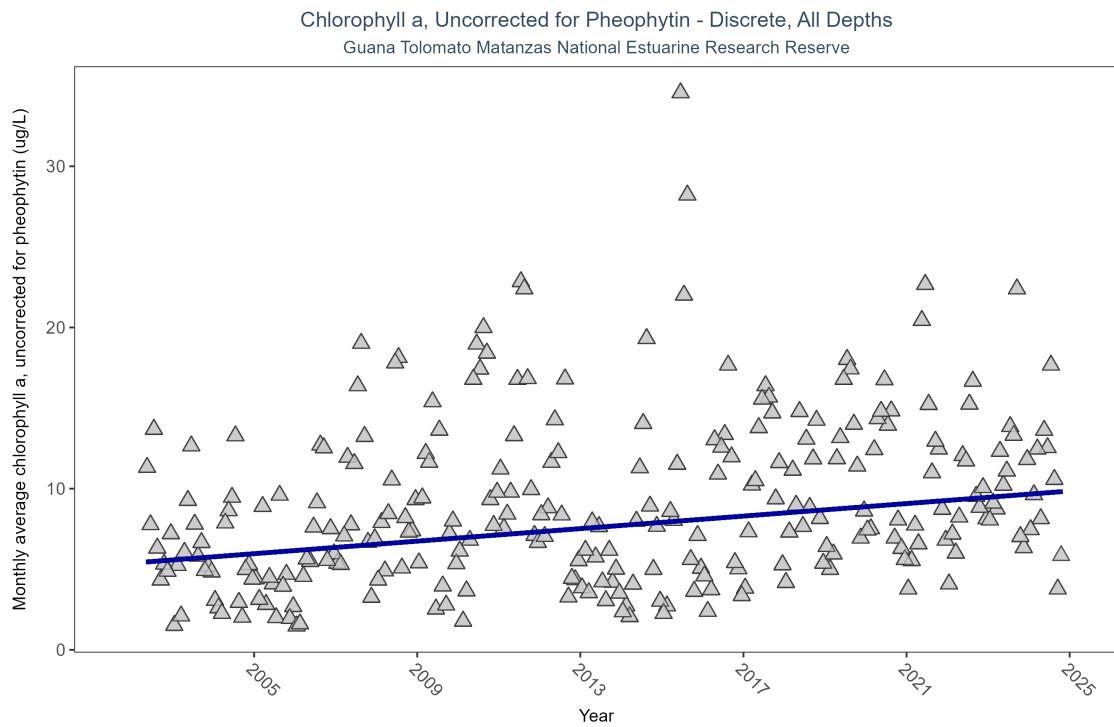


Figure 3: Scatter plot of monthly average levels of chlorophyll a, uncorrected for pheophytin, over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only laboratory-analyzed chlorophyll a (triangles) is included in the plot.

Table 8: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly increasing trend	6317	23	2002 - 2024	6.2	0.2539	5.3821	0.1943	0

Monthly average chlorophyll a, uncorrected for pheophytin, increased by $0.19 \mu\text{g/L}$ per year, indicating a decrease in water clarity.

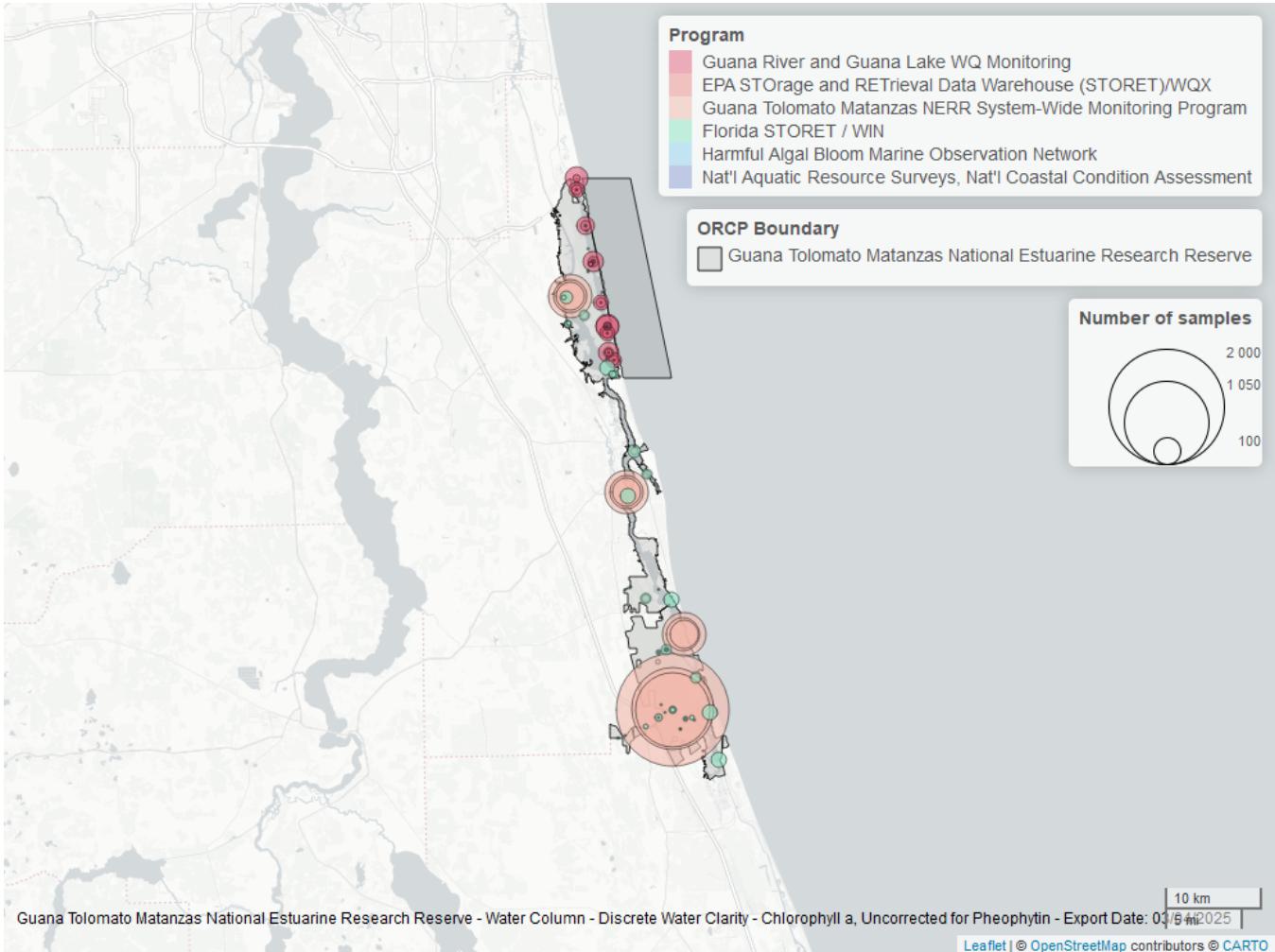


Figure 4: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 9: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
4054	5583	2002	2024
5014	723	2017	2024
5002	405	2008	2024
103	118	2020	2021
118	3	2006	2010
95	1	2012	2012

Program names:

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment⁶

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Colored Dissolved Organic Matter - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

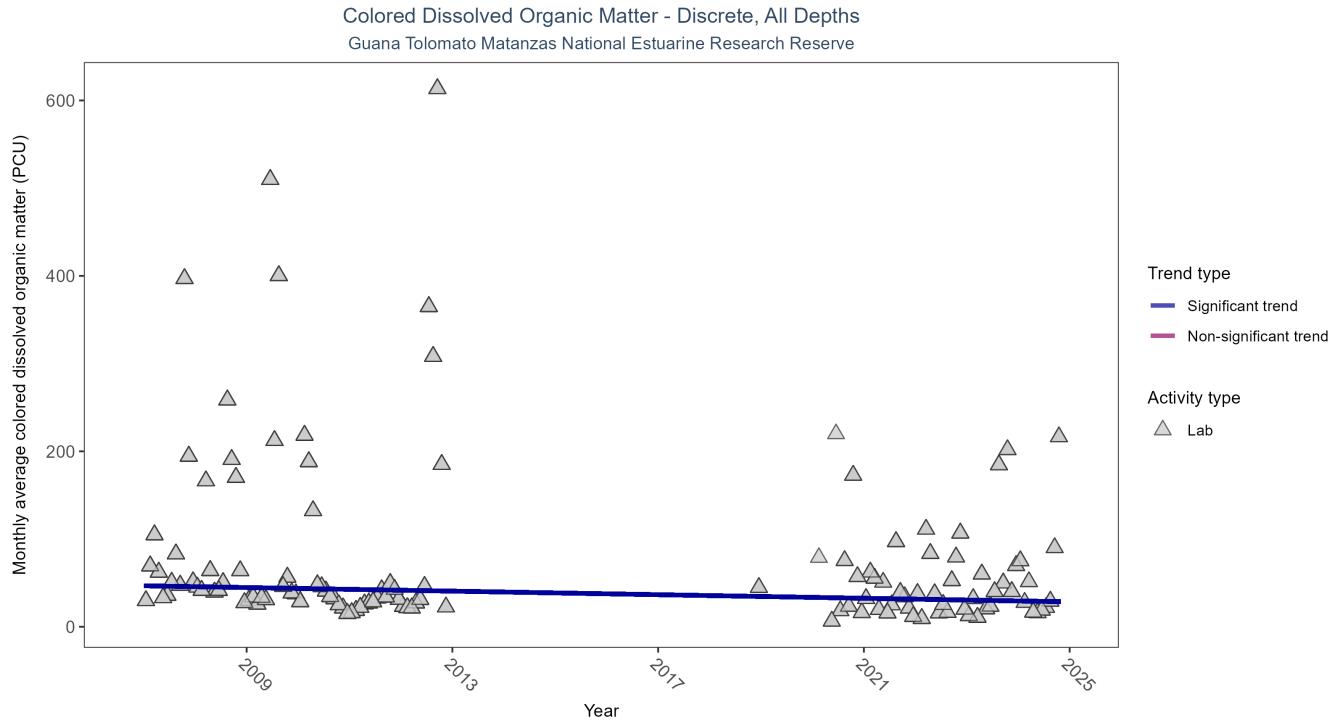


Figure 5: Scatter plot of monthly average colored dissolved organic matter (CDOM) over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only laboratory-analyzed CDOM (triangles) is included in the plot.

Table 10: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly decreasing trend	1826	12	2007 - 2024	33.4	-0.1898	46.7298	-1.0173	0.0064

Monthly average colored dissolved organic matter decreased by 1.02 PCU per year, indicating an increase in water clarity.

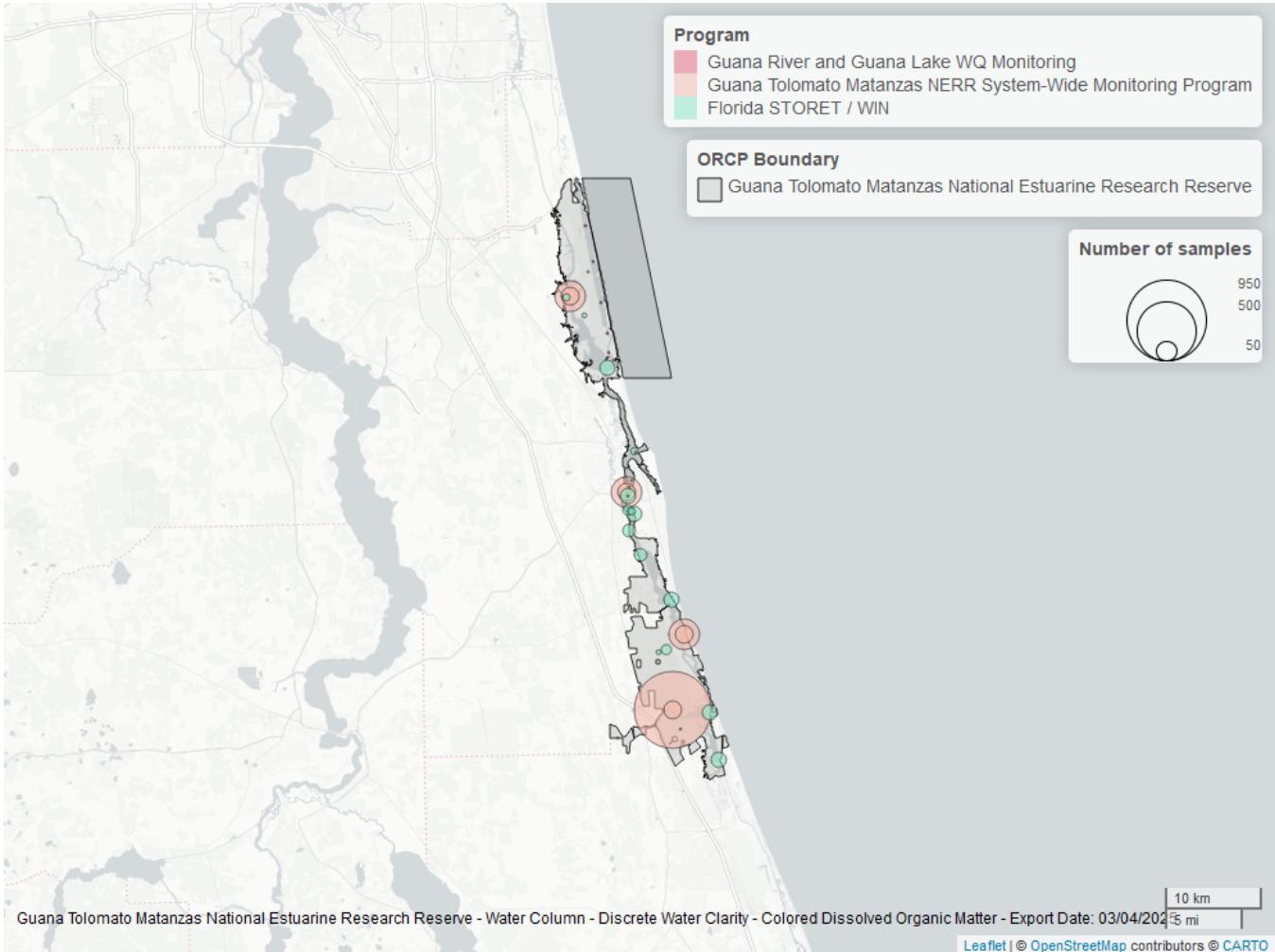


Figure 6: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 11: Programs contributing data for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
4054	1510	2007	2024
5002	317	2020	2024
5014	7	2018	2018

Program names:

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

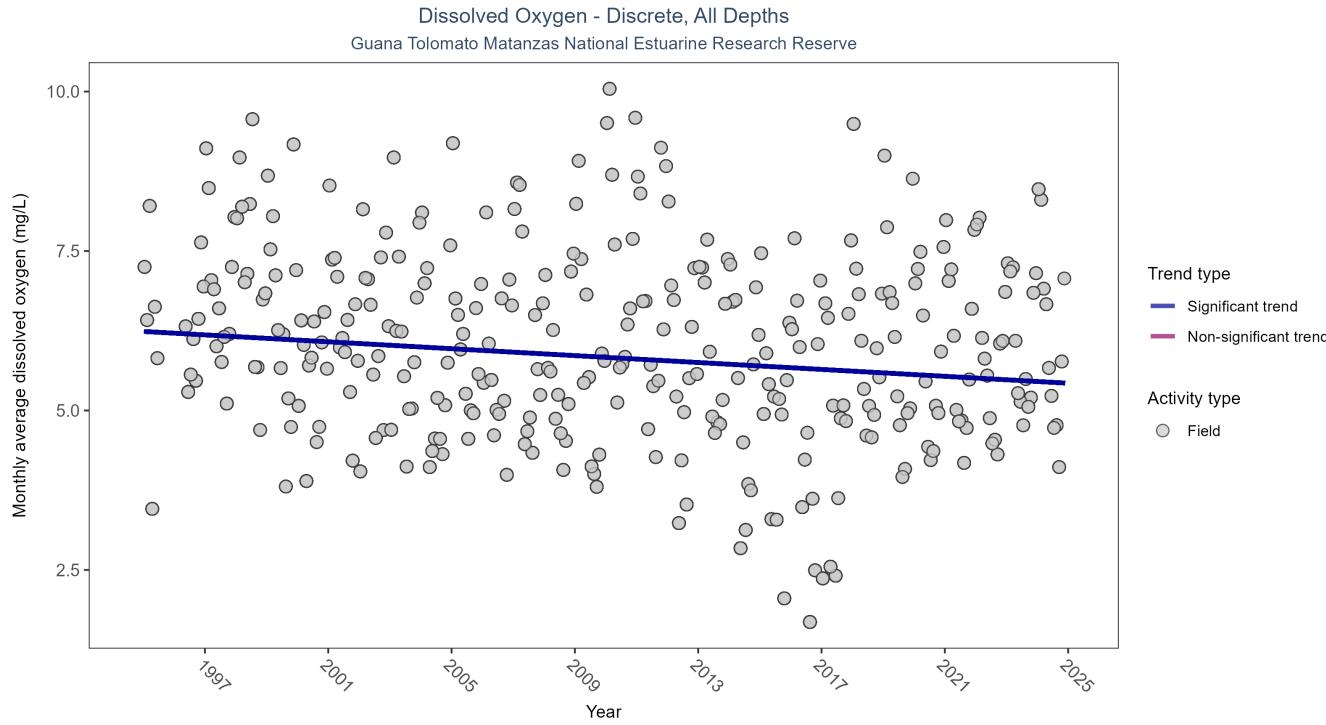


Figure 7: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only dissolved oxygen values measured in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 12: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Dissolved Oxygen

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly decreasing trend	22400	30	1995 - 2024	5.99	-0.1693	6.2392	-0.0271	0

Monthly average dissolved oxygen decreased by 0.03 mg/L per year.

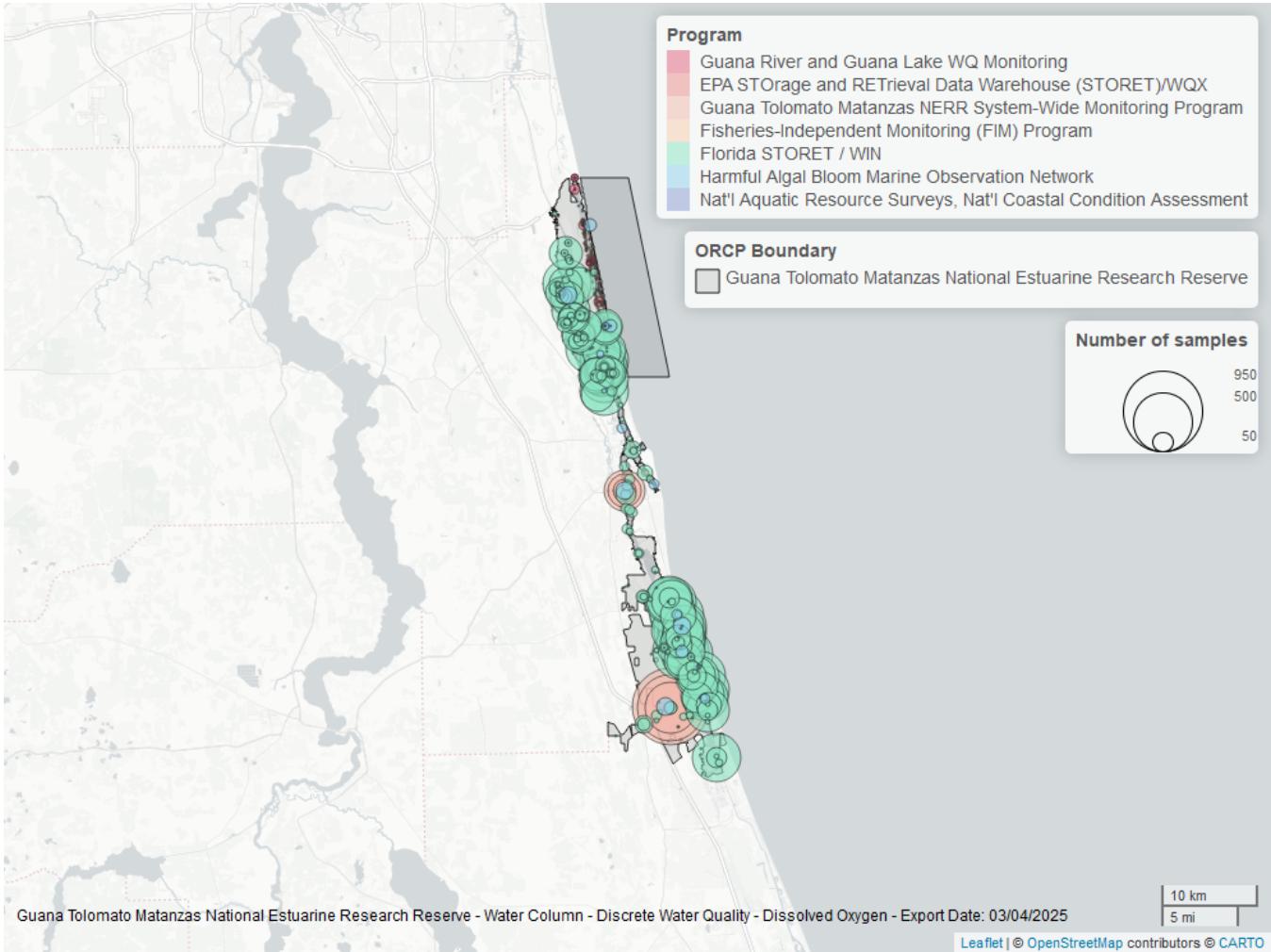


Figure 8: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 13: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	18140	1995	2024
4054	3488	2002	2024
95	400	2007	2018
5014	260	2017	2022
69	185	2001	2010
103	168	2020	2021
118	2	2006	2015

Program names:

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program⁷

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment⁶

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

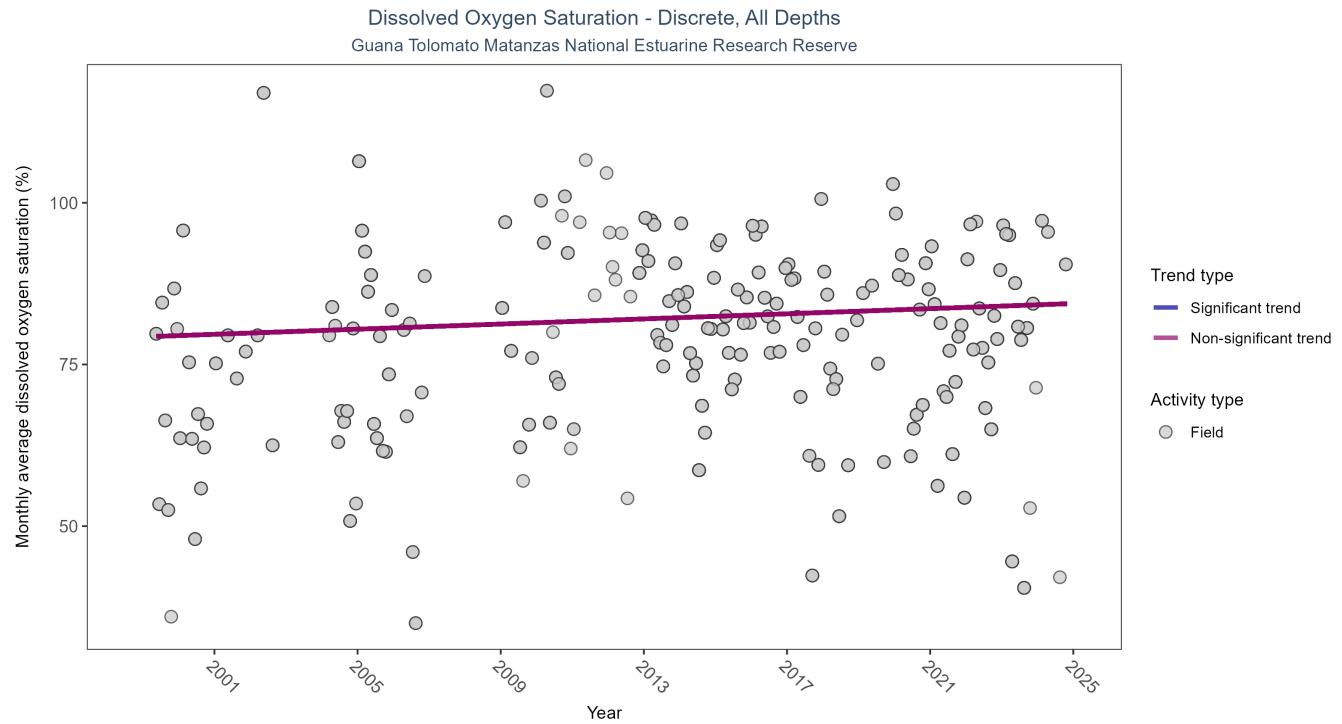


Figure 9: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only dissolved oxygen saturation values measured in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 14: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	No significant trend	2351	23	1999 - 2024	81.2	0.0857	79.2681	0.1984	0.1062

Dissolved oxygen saturation showed no detectable trend between 1999 and 2024.

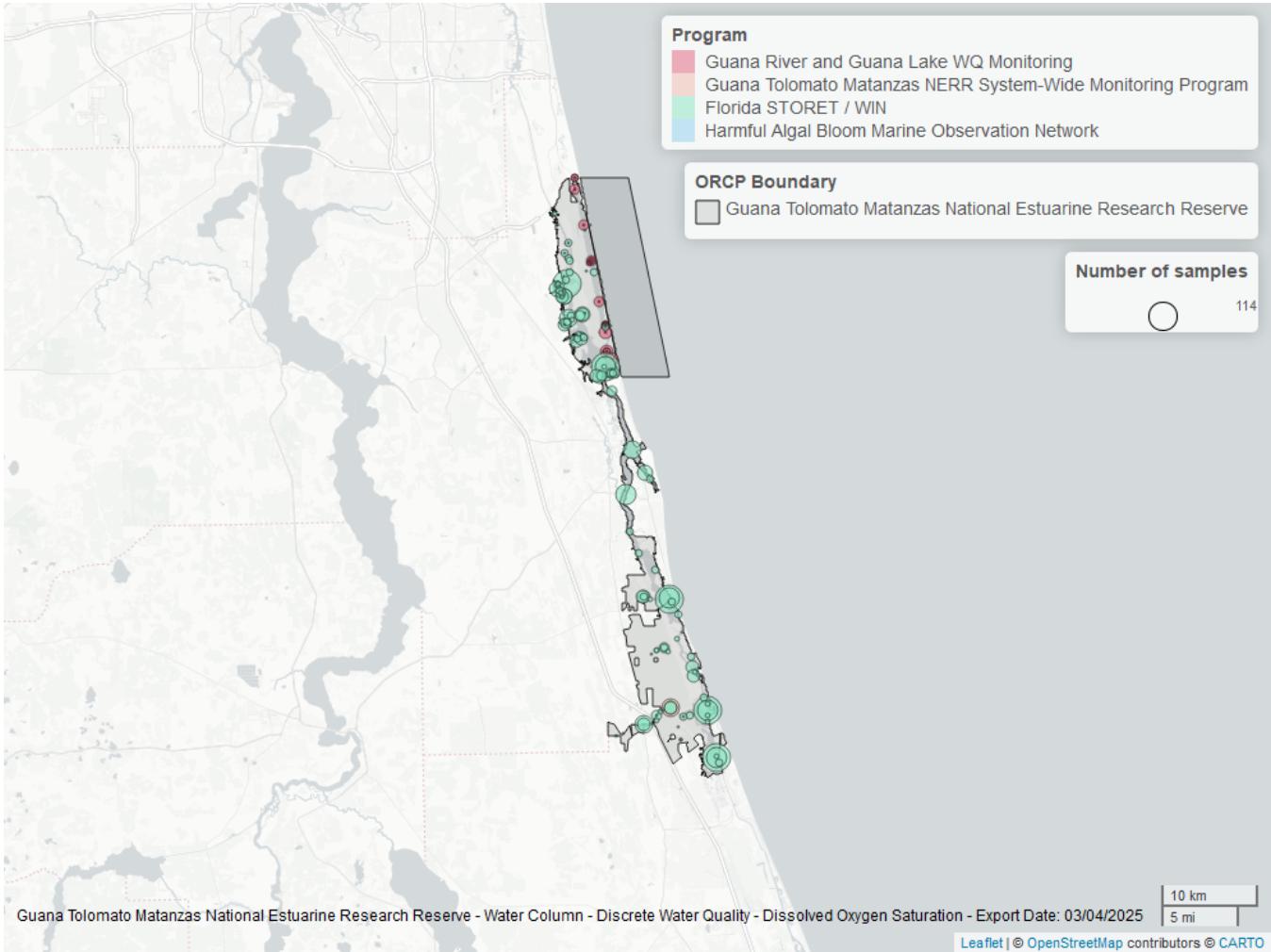


Figure 10: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 15: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	2108	1999	2024
5014	238	2017	2022
4054	48	2021	2023
95	3	2012	2013

Program names:

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

pH - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

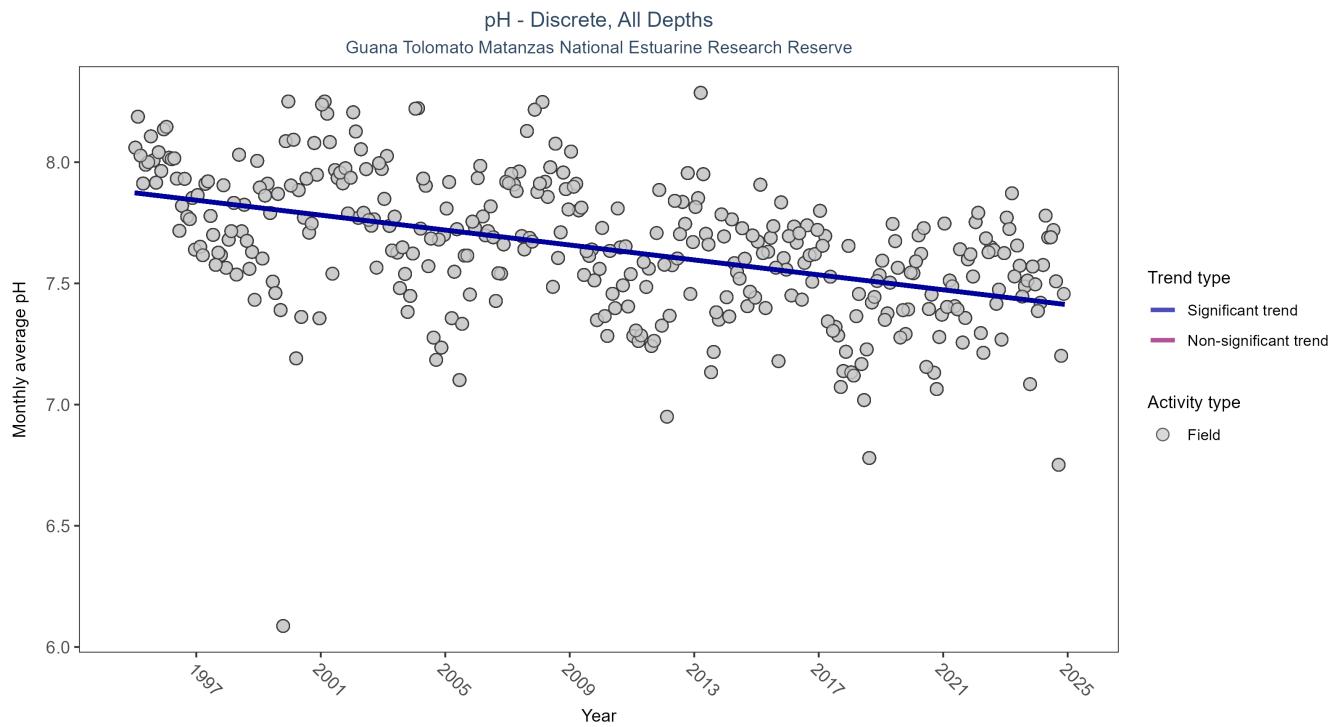


Figure 11: Scatter plot of monthly average pH over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only pH values measured in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 16: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for pH

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly decreasing trend	18686	30	1995 - 2024	7.8	-0.3898	7.8739	-0.0154	0

Monthly average pH decreased by 0.02 pH units per year.

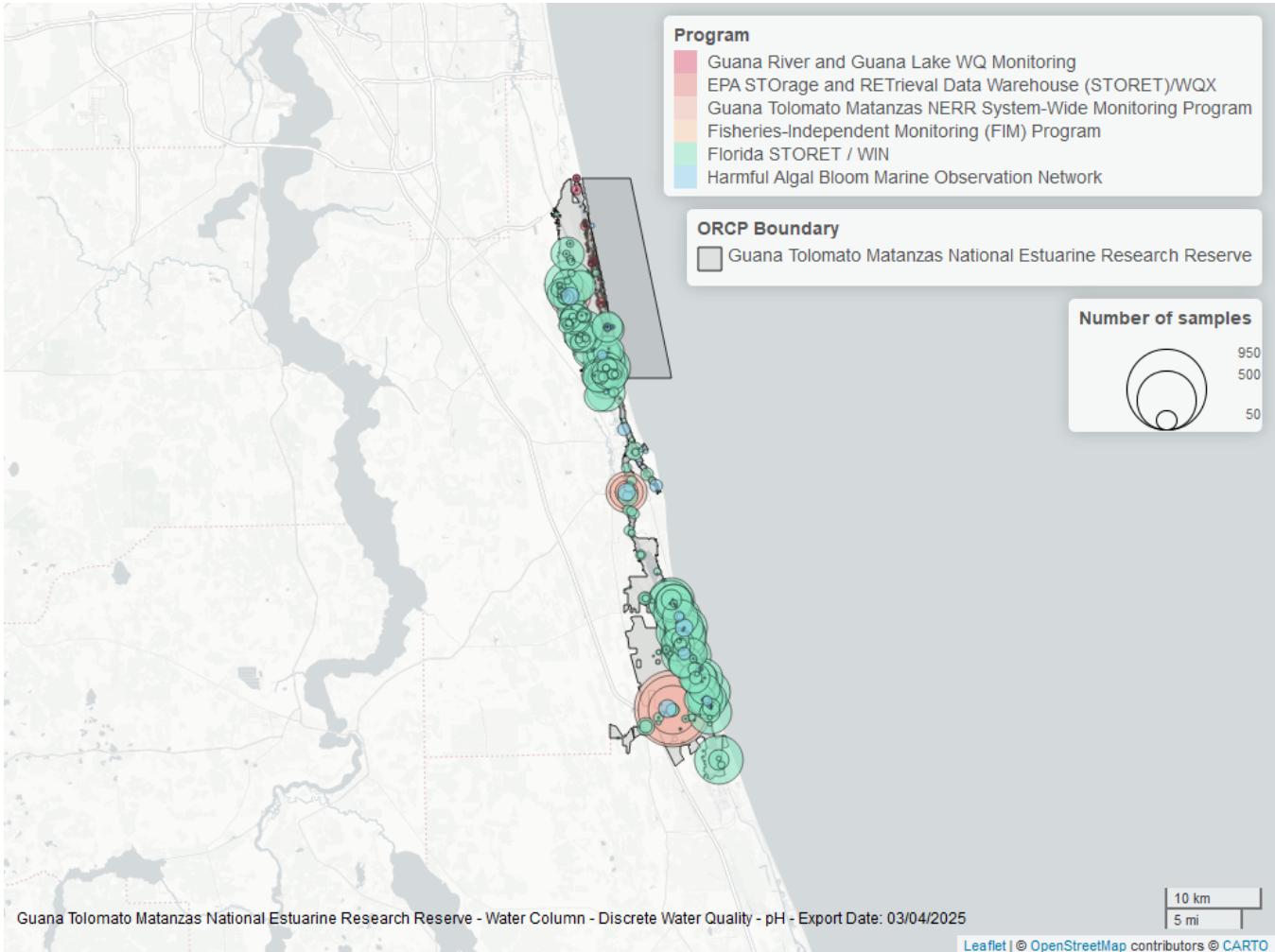


Figure 12: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 17: Programs contributing data for pH

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	14757	1995	2024
4054	3526	2002	2024
95	401	2007	2018
5014	267	2017	2022
69	190	2001	2010
103	168	2020	2021

Program names:

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program⁷

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Salinity - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

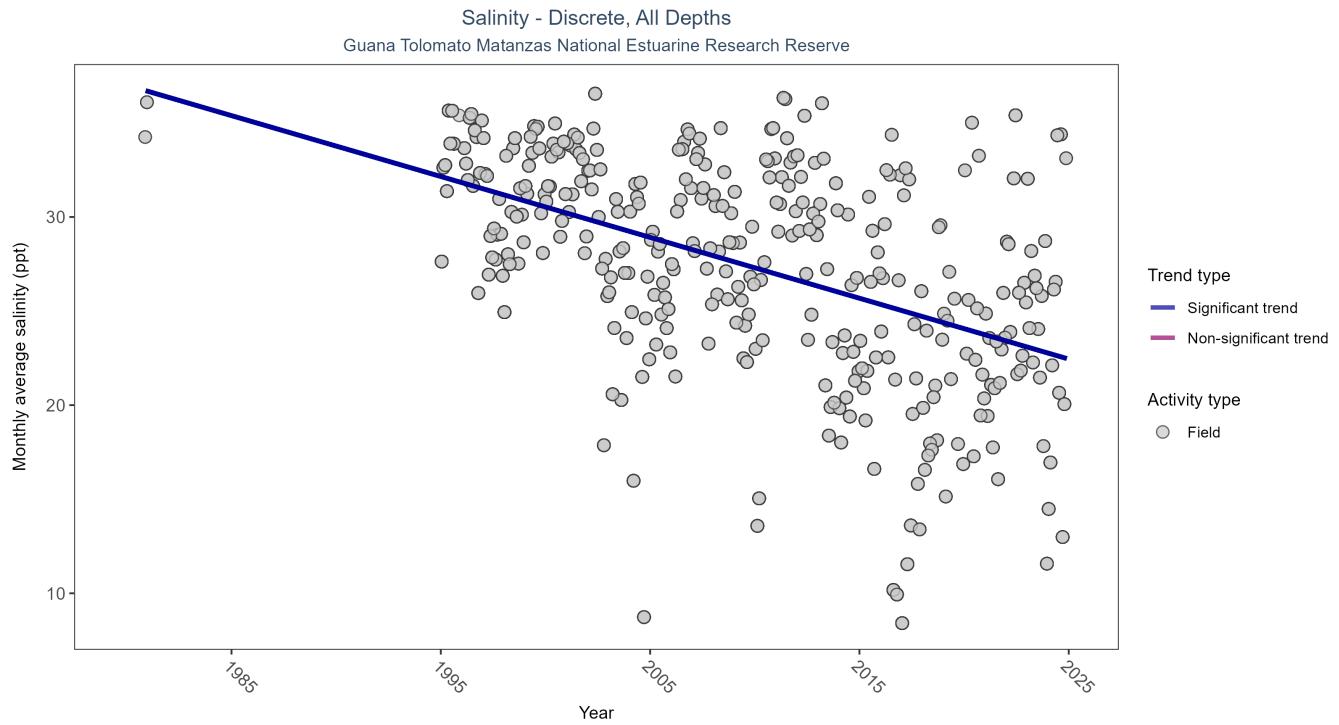


Figure 13: Scatter plot of monthly average salinity over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines are also shown. Discrete salinity values derived from grab samples analyzed in the field (circles) or the laboratory (triangles) are both included in the plot.

Table 18: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Salinity

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
All	Significantly decreasing trend	25641	31	1980 - 2024	31.71	-0.361	37.0041	-0.3235	0

Monthly average salinity decreased by 0.32 ppt per year.

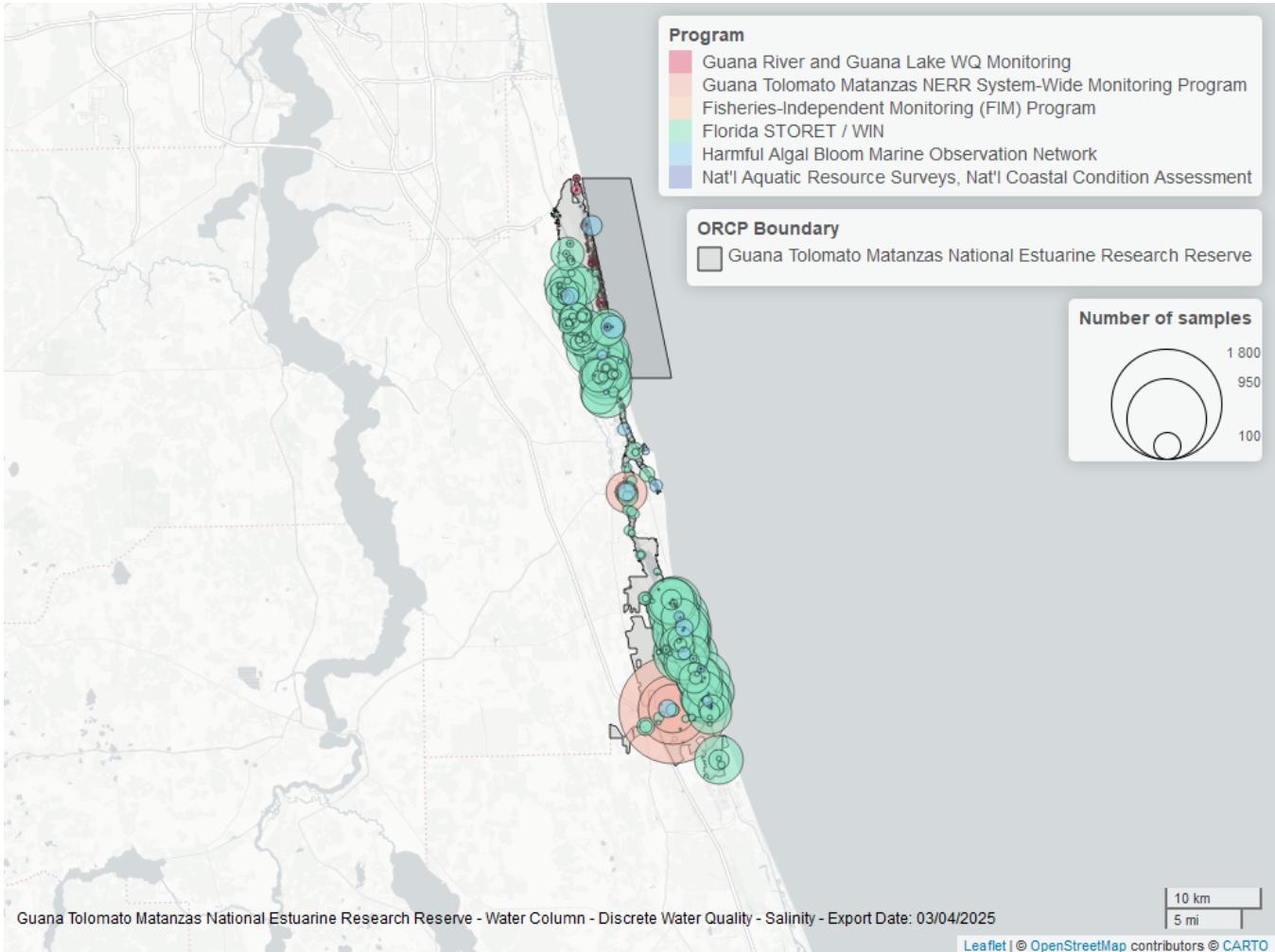


Figure 14: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 19: Programs contributing data for Salinity

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	20802	1995	2024
4054	4101	2002	2024
95	563	1980	2018
5014	267	2017	2022
69	190	2001	2010
118	2	2015	2015

Program names:

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program⁷

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment⁶

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Secchi Depth - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

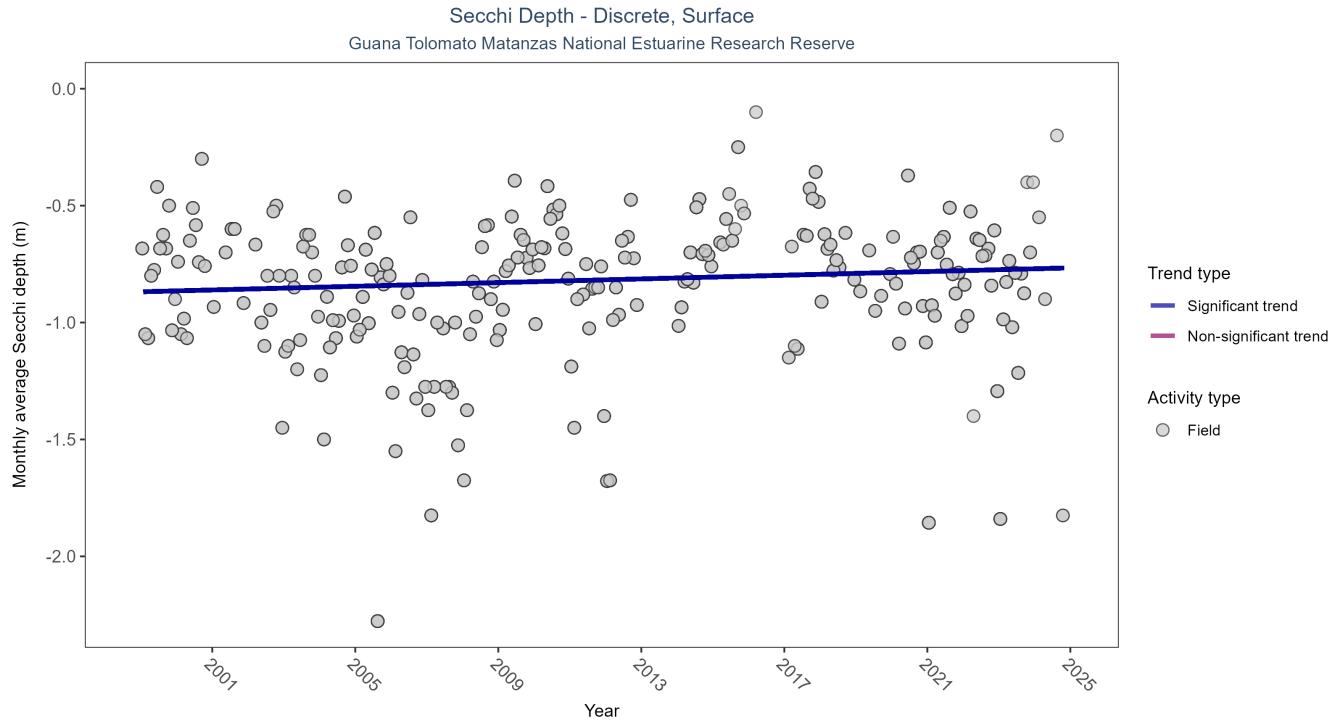


Figure 15: Scatter plot of monthly average Secchi depth over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Secchi depth is only measured in the field (circles).

Table 20: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Secchi Depth

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly increasing trend	2870	25	1999 - 2024	-0.8	0.0964	-0.8686	0.0039	0.0436

Monthly average Secchi depth became shallower by less than 0.01 m per year, indicating a decrease in water clarity.

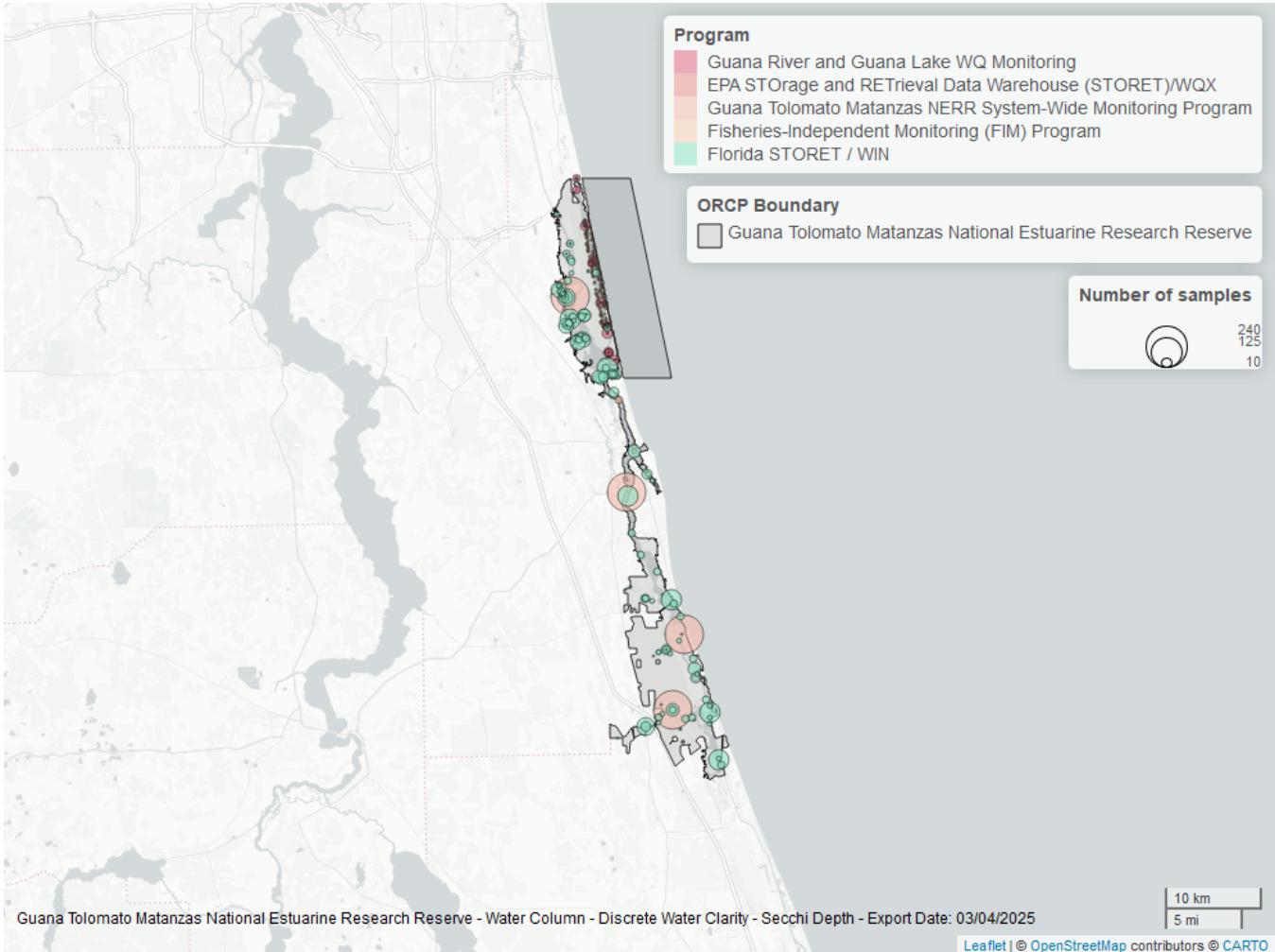


Figure 16: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 21: Programs contributing data for Secchi Depth

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	1423	1999	2024
4054	937	2002	2014
5014	228	2017	2022
69	190	2001	2010
103	93	2020	2021

Program names:

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program⁷

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Total Nitrogen - Discrete

Total Nitrogen Calculation:

The logic for calculated Total Nitrogen was provided by Kevin O'Donnell and colleagues at FDEP (with the help of Jay Silvanima, Watershed Monitoring Section). The following logic is used, in this order, based on the availability of specific nitrogen components.

- 1) $TN = TKN + NO_3O_2;$
- 2) $TN = TKN + NO_3 + NO_2;$
- 3) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3O_2;$
- 4) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_2 + NO_3;$
- 5) $TN = TKN + NO_3;$
- 6) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3;$

Additional Information:

- Rules for use of sample fraction:
 - Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) report that if both “Total” and “Dissolved” components are reported, only “Total” is used. If the total is not reported, then the dissolved components are used as a best available replacement.
 - Total nitrogen calculations are done using nitrogen components with the same sample fraction, nitrogen components with mixed total/dissolved sample fractions are not used. In other words, total nitrogen can be calculated when TKN and NO₃O₂ are both total sample fractions, or when both are dissolved sample fractions. *Future calculations of total nitrogen values may be based on components with mixed sample fractions.*
- Values inserted into data:
 - ParameterName = “Total Nitrogen”
 - SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode = “1Q”
 - SEACAR_QAQC_Description = “SEACAR Calculated”

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

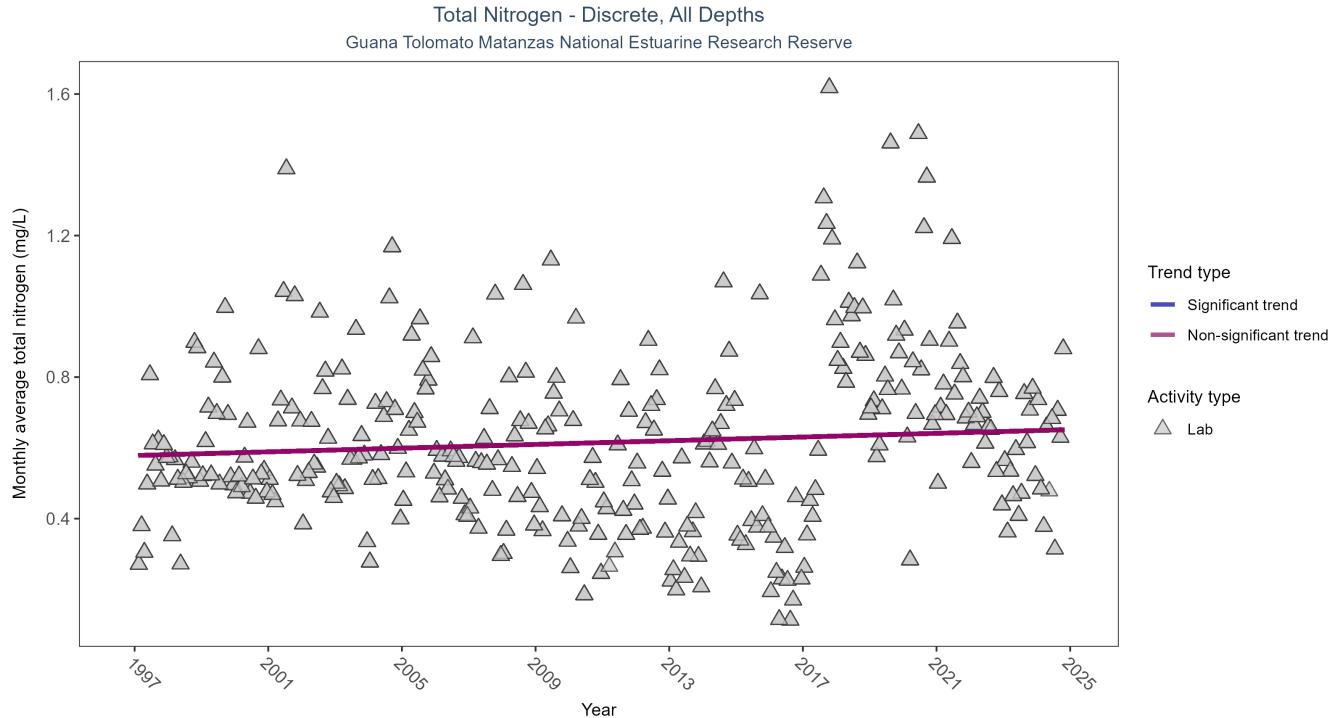


Figure 17: Scatter plot of monthly average total nitrogen over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only nitrogen values obtained from laboratory analyses (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 22: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Nitrogen

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	No significant trend	5960	28	1997 - 2024	0.5545	0.0705	0.5782	0.0026	0.0751

Total nitrogen showed no detectable trend between 1997 and 2024.

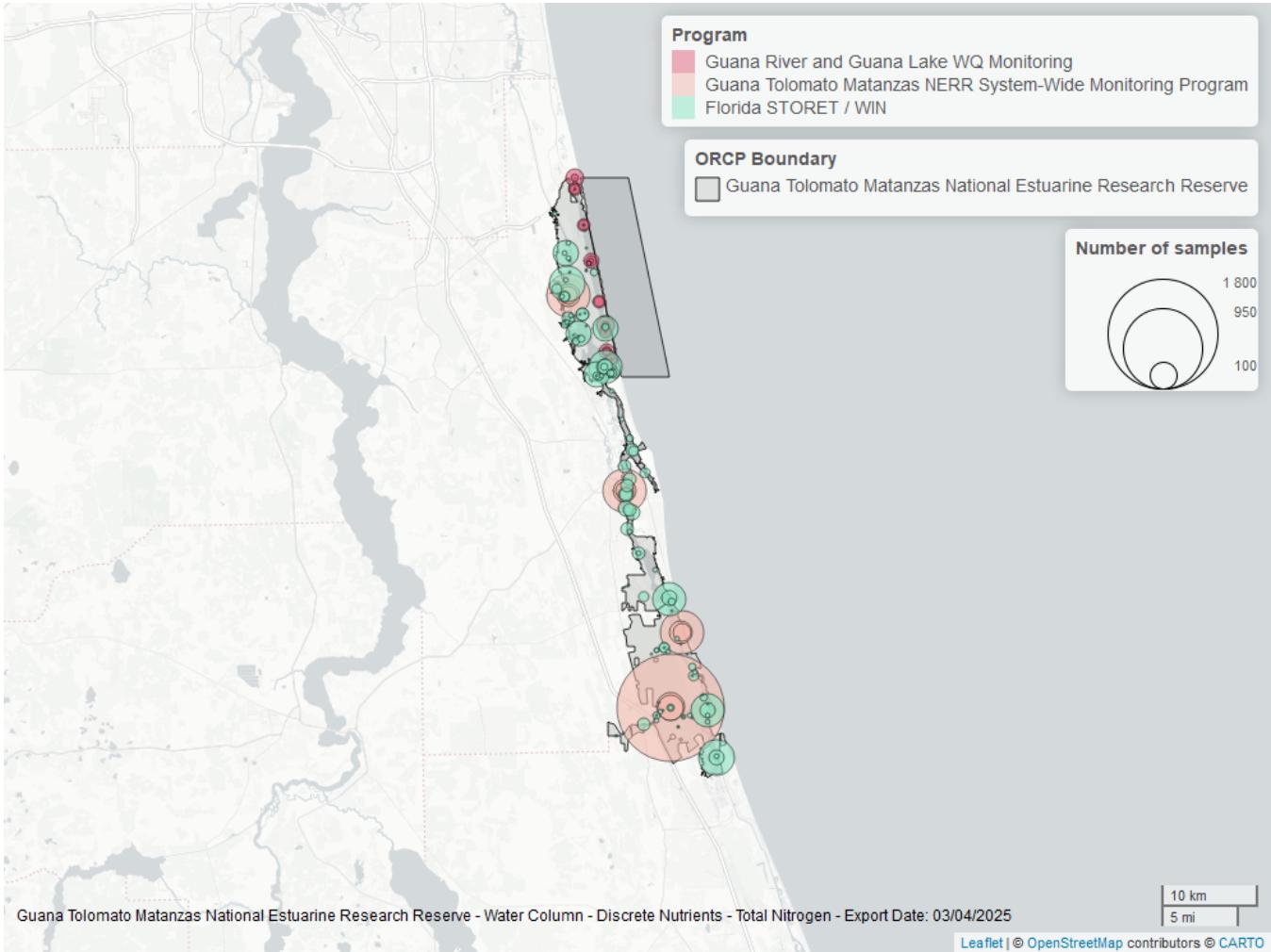


Figure 18: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 23: Programs contributing data for Total Nitrogen

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
4054	3227	2002	2024
5002	2378	1997	2024
5014	537	2017	2022

Program names:

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Total Phosphorus - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

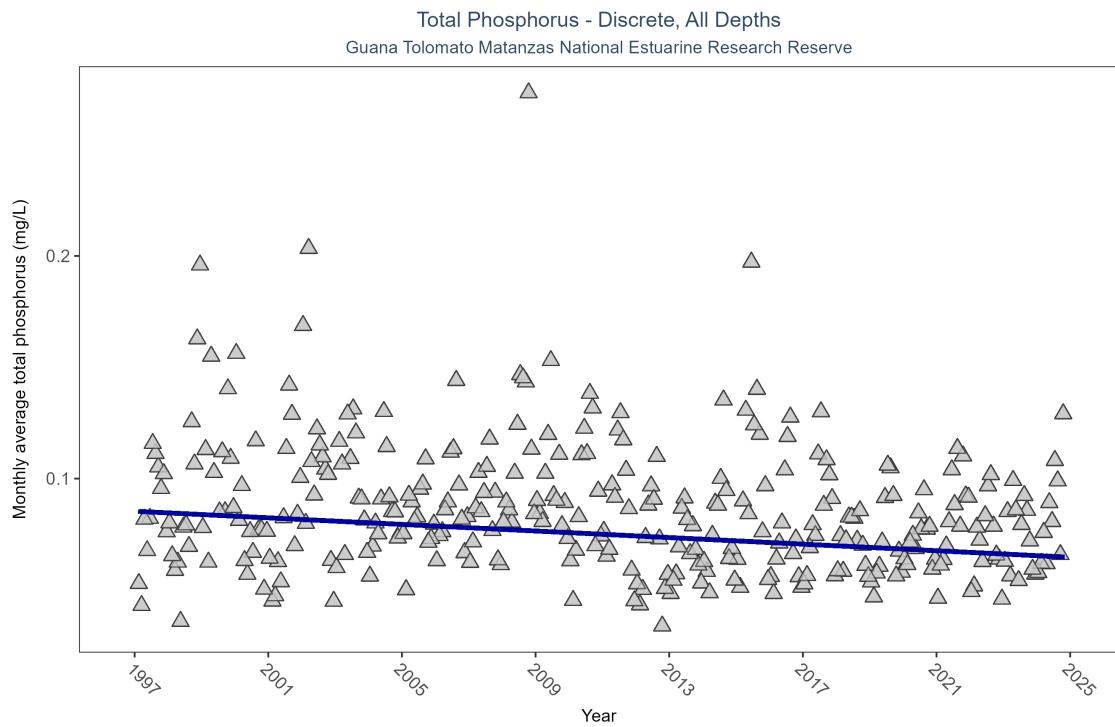


Figure 19: Scatter plot of monthly average total phosphorus over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only phosphorus values obtained from laboratory analyses (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 24: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Phosphorus

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly decreasing trend	9346	28	1997 - 2024	0.072	-0.2044	0.0853	-0.0007	0

Monthly average total phosphorus decreased by less than 0.01 mg/L per year.

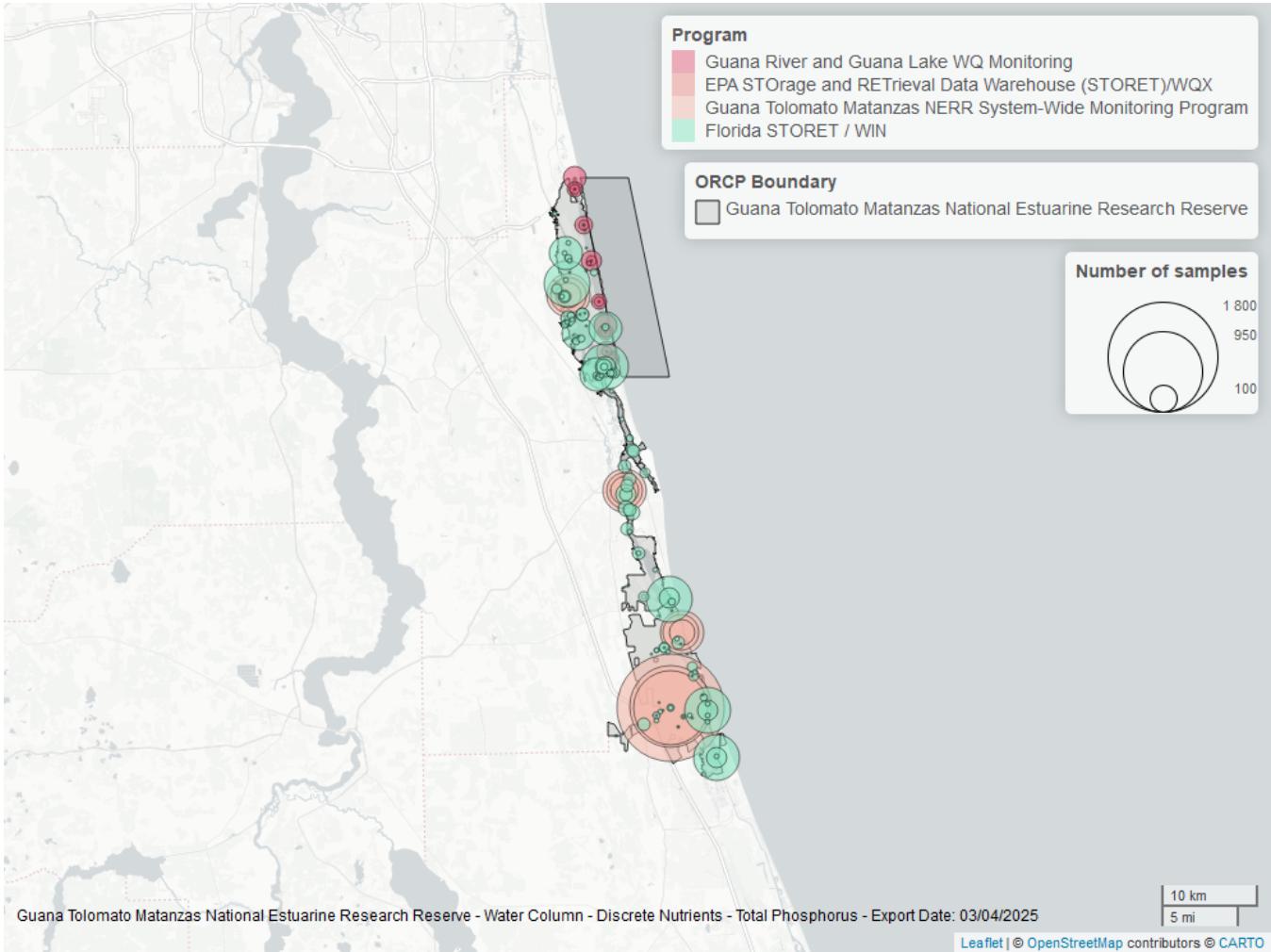


Figure 20: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 25: Programs contributing data for Total Phosphorus

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
4054	5381	2002	2024
5002	3571	1997	2024
5014	664	2017	2024
103	59	2020	2021

Program names:

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Total Suspended Solids - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

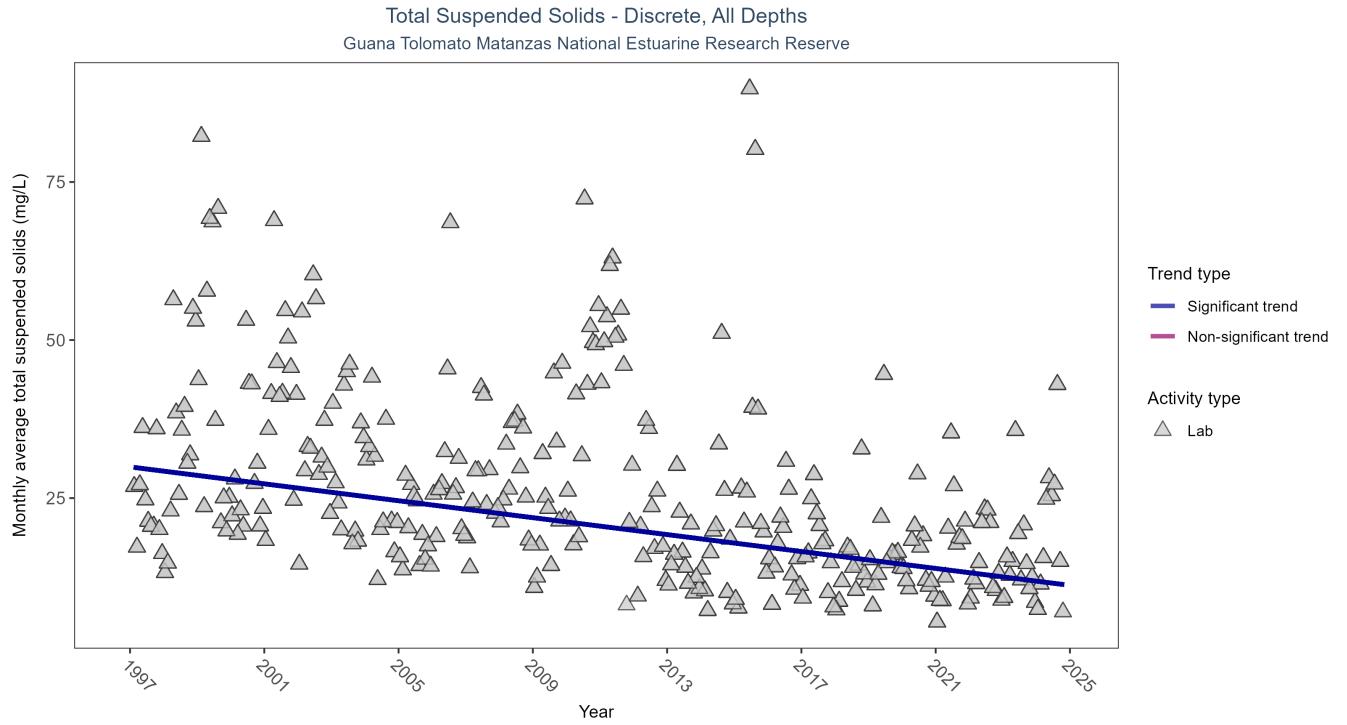


Figure 21: Scatter plot of monthly average total suspended solids (TSS) over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only TSS values obtained from laboratory analyses (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 26: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Suspended Solids

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly decreasing trend	4982	28	1997 - 2024	17	-0.3961	29.932	-0.6692	0

Monthly average total suspended solids decreased by 0.67 mg/L per year, indicating an increase in water clarity.

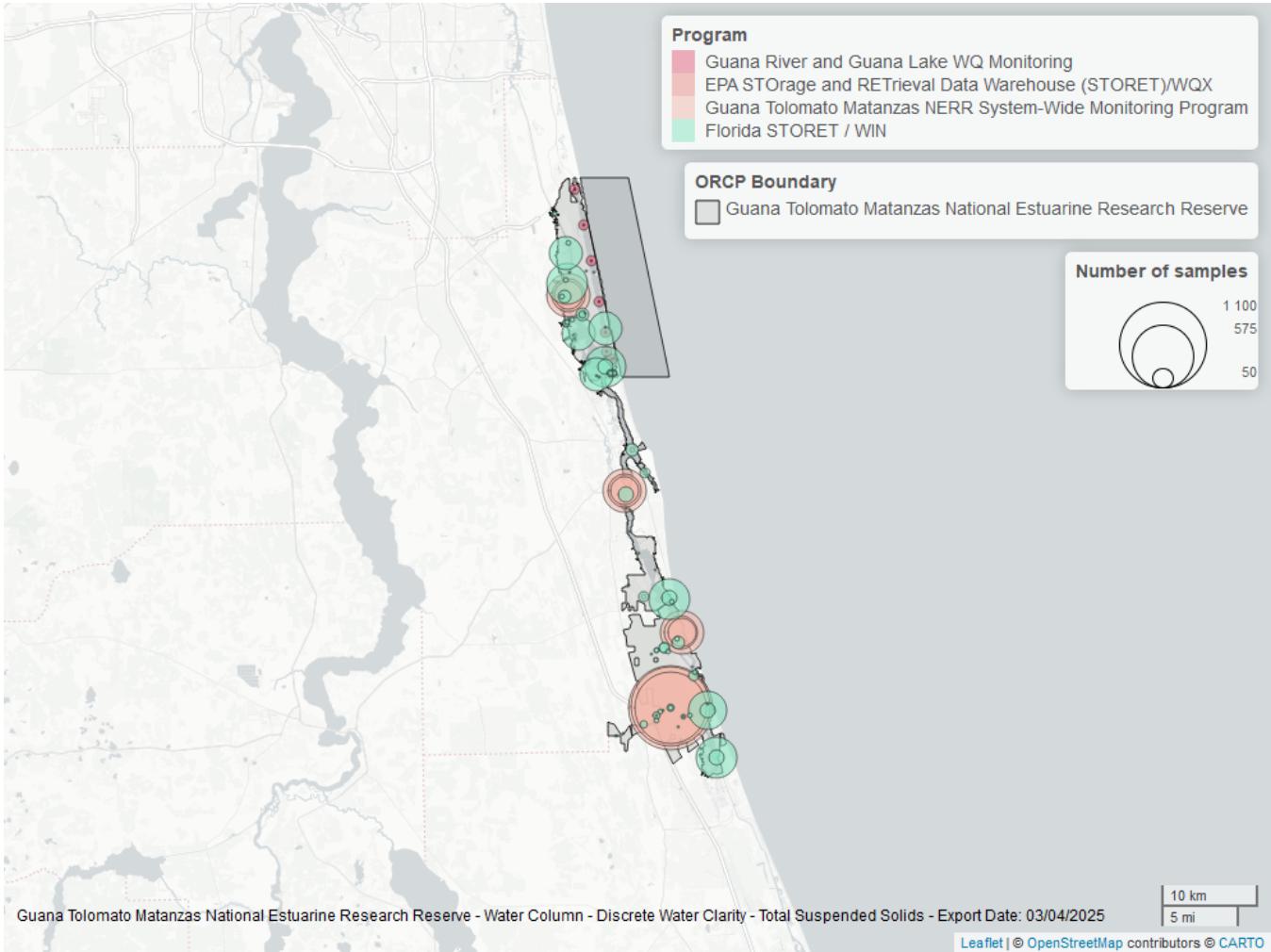


Figure 22: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 27: Programs contributing data for Total Suspended Solids

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
4054	4624	2002	2024
5002	2472	1997	2024
5014	126	2018	2022
103	60	2020	2021

Program names:

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Turbidity - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

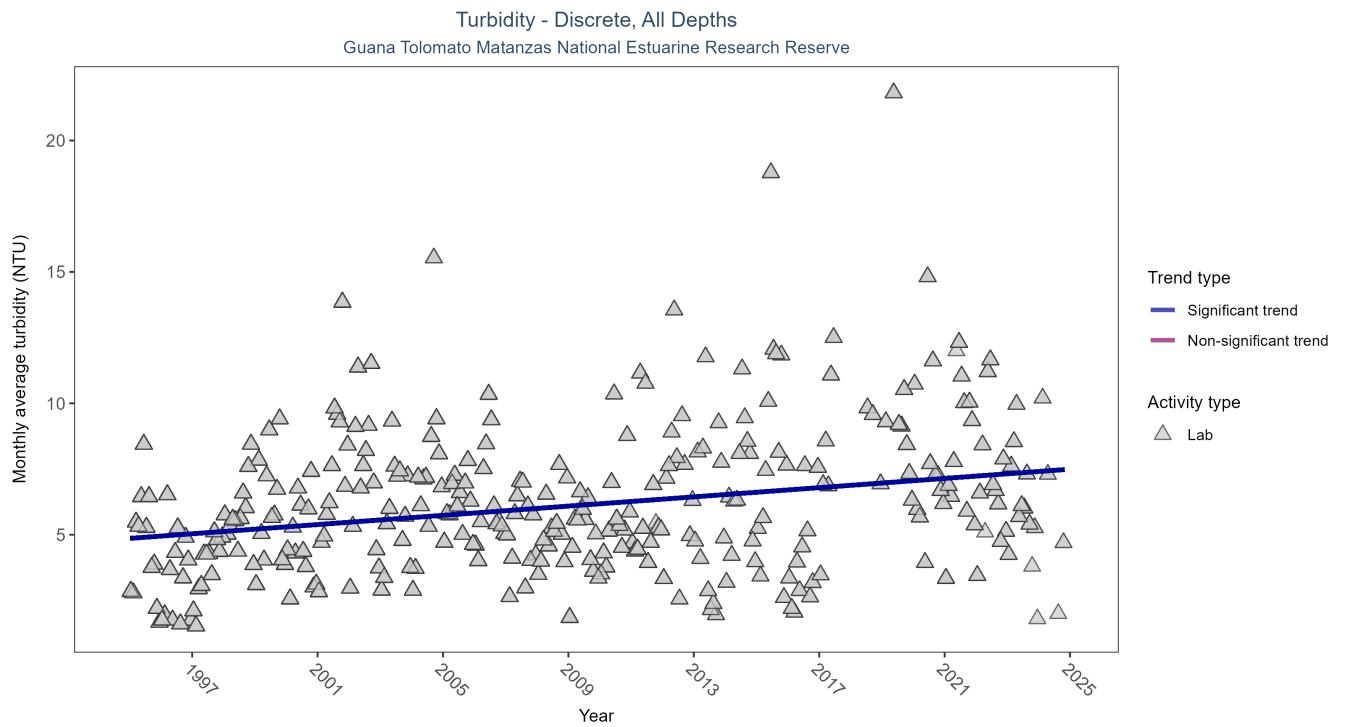


Figure 23: Scatter plot of monthly average turbidity over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only turbidity values measured in the laboratory (triangles) are included in the plot.

Table 28: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Turbidity

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Lab	Significantly increasing trend	14793	30	1995 - 2024	4.5	0.2265	4.8593	0.0878	0

Monthly average turbidity increased by 0.09 NTU per year, indicating a decrease in water clarity.

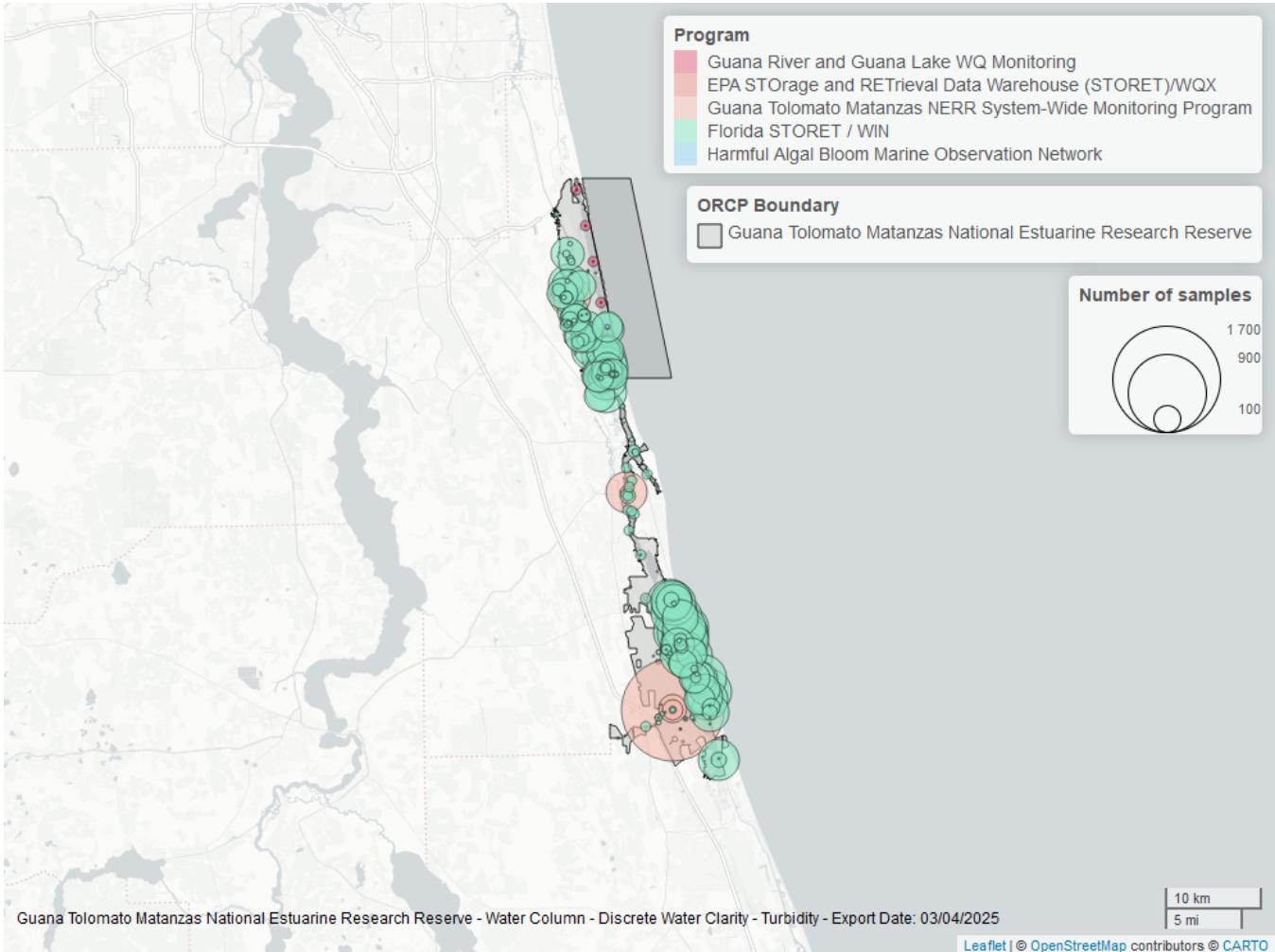


Figure 24: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 29: Programs contributing data for Turbidity

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>
5002	14596	1995	2024
4054	2683	2002	2021
5014	126	2018	2022
103	59	2020	2021
95	4	2012	2012

Program names:

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Water Temperature - Discrete

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

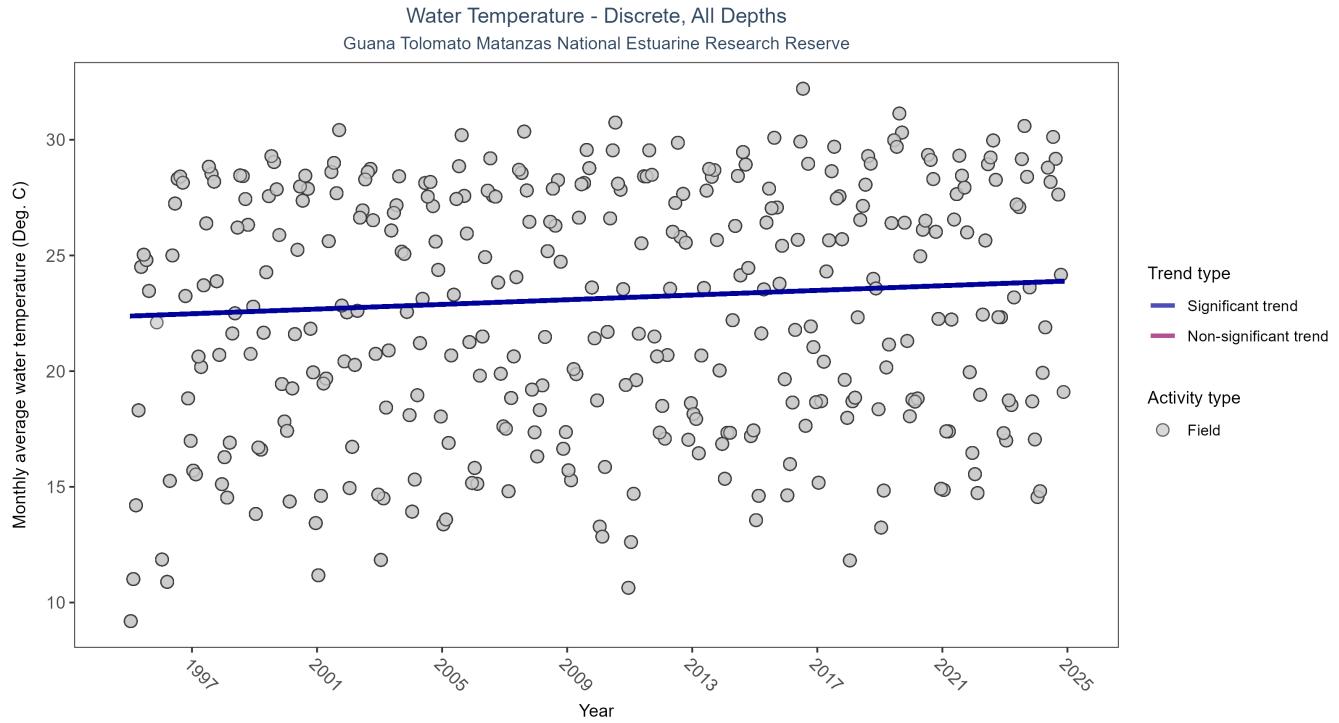


Figure 25: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time. If the time series included ten or more years of discrete observations, a significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend line is also shown. Only water temperature measurements taken in the field (circles) are included in the plot.

Table 30: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Water Temperature

Activity Type	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
Field	Significantly increasing trend	25291	30	1995 - 2024	23.3	0.2137	22.3793	0.0505	0

Monthly average water temperature increased by 0.05°C per year.

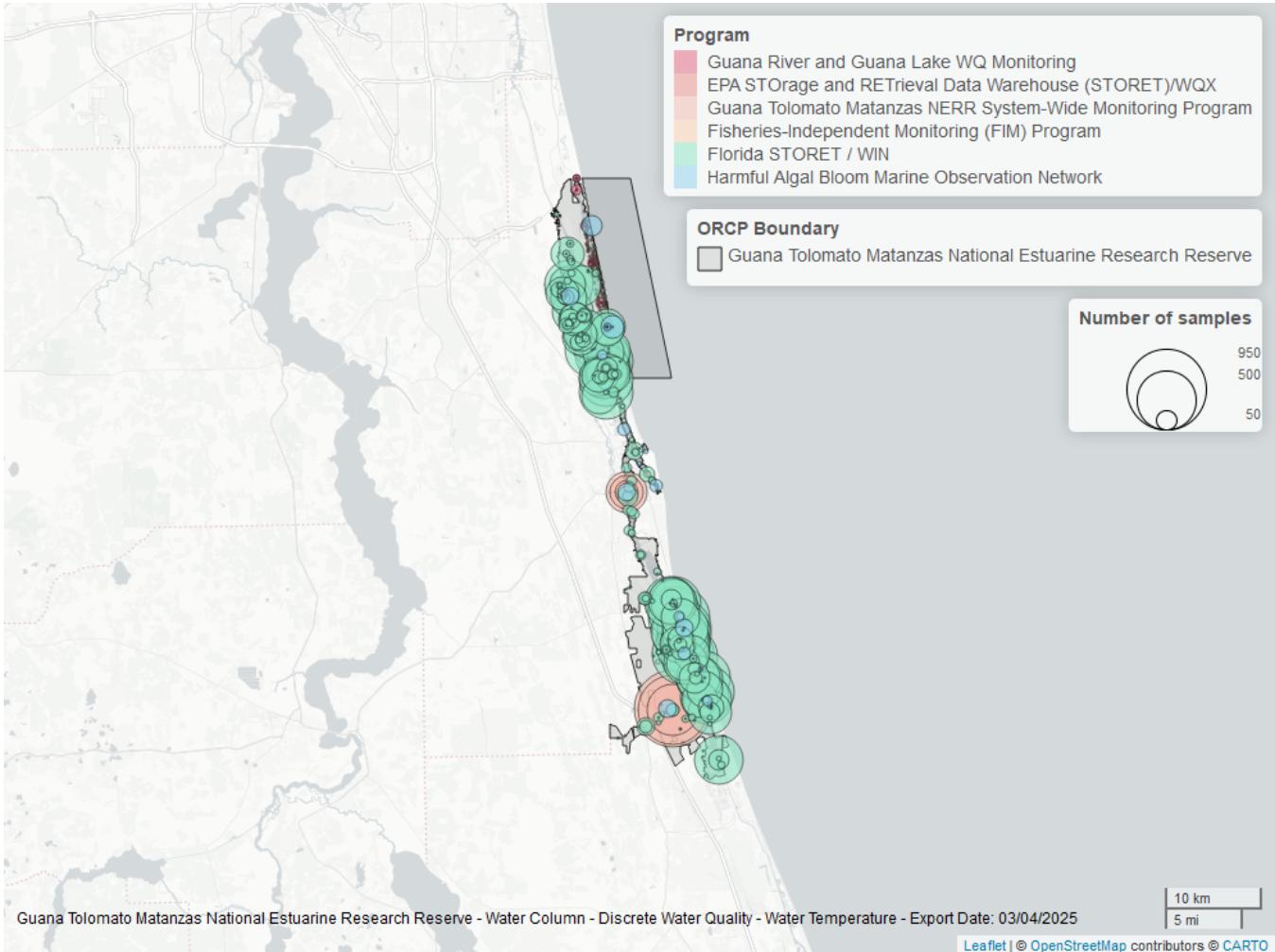


Figure 26: Map showing location of discrete water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Table 31: Programs contributing data for Water Temperature

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	21298	1995	2024
4054	3601	2002	2024
95	534	2007	2018
5014	267	2017	2022
69	190	2001	2010
103	168	2020	2021

Program names:

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program⁷

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network⁴

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX⁵

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN²

5014 - Guana River and Guana Lake Water Quality Monitoring³

Water Quality - Continuous

The following files were used in the continuous analysis:

- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Dissolved_Oxygen_NE-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation_NE-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_pH_NE-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Salinity_NE-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Turbidity_NE-2025-Mar-06.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_cont_Water_Temperature_NE-2025-Mar-06.txt*

Continuous monitoring locations in Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve

Table 32: Station overview for Continuous parameters by Program

<i>ProgramID</i>	<i>ProgramLocationID</i>	<i>Years of Data</i>	<i>Use in Analysis</i>	<i>Parameters</i>
4054	gtmfmwq	25	TRUE	DO , DOS , pH , Sal , Turb , TempW
4054	gtmpcwq	25	TRUE	DO , DOS , pH , Sal , Turb , TempW
4054	gtmpliwq	24	TRUE	Sal , TempW
4054	gtmpliwq	25	TRUE	DO , DOS , pH , Turb
4054	gtmsswq	24	TRUE	DO , DOS , pH , Sal , Turb , TempW
5062	872-0494	2	FALSE	Sal , TempW

Program names:

4054 - Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve System-Wide Monitoring Program¹

5062 - FDEP Bureau of Survey and Mapping Continuous Water Quality Program⁸

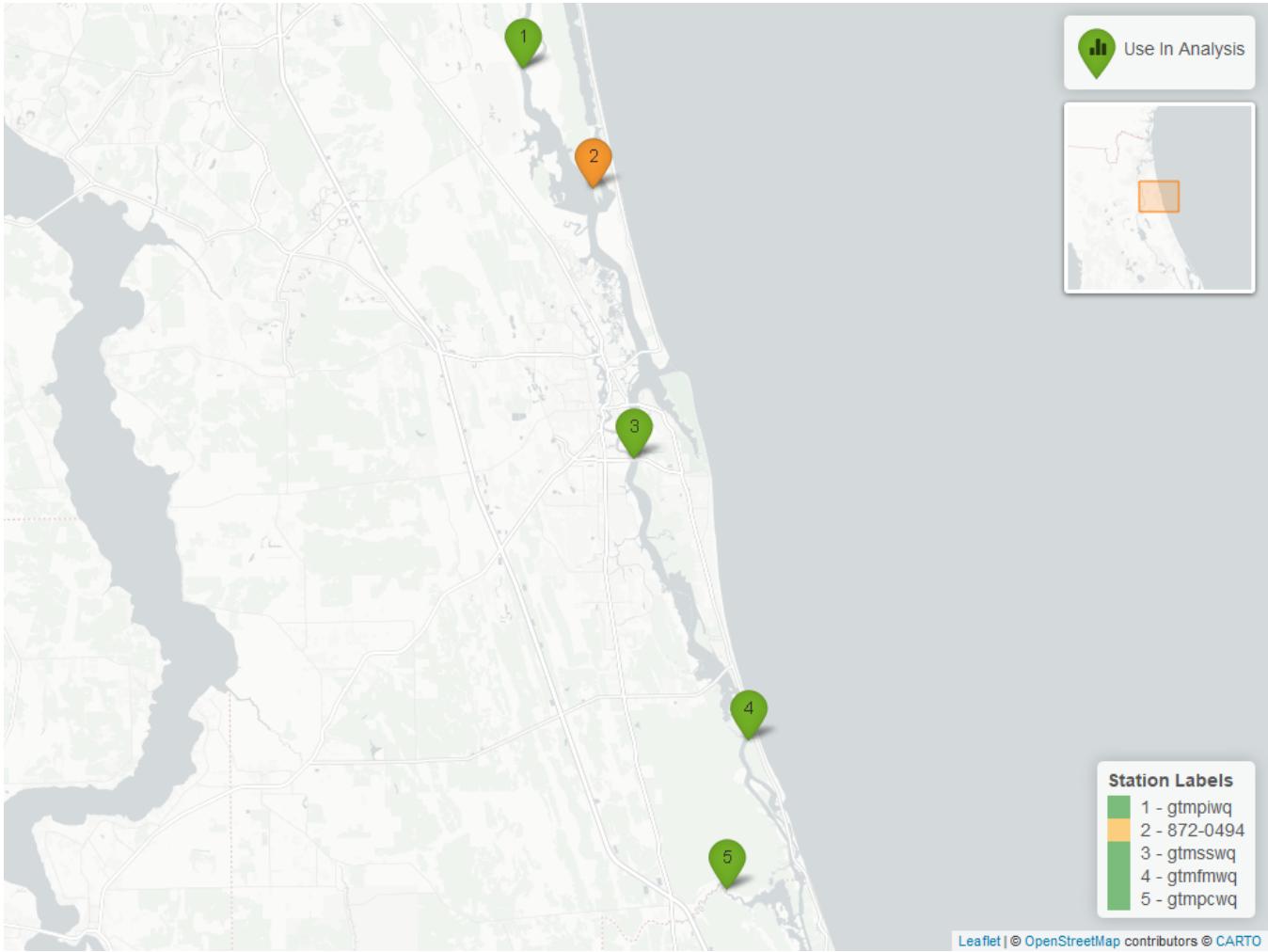


Figure 27: Map showing continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. Sites marked as *Use In Analysis* (green) are featured in this report.

Dissolved Oxygen - Continuous

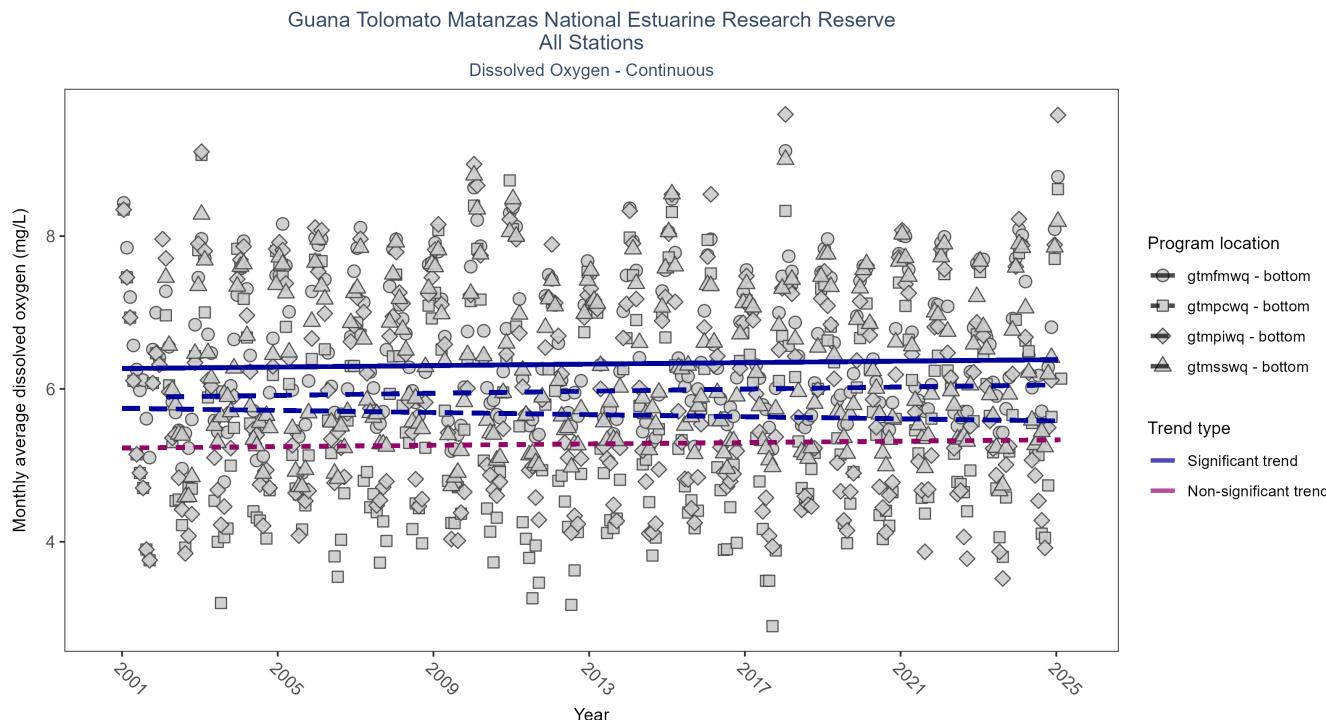


Figure 28: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 33: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Dissolved Oxygen - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
gtmsswq	Significantly increasing trend	661972	24	2002 - 2025	6.3	0.10	5.89	0.01	0.03
gtmpiwq	Significantly decreasing trend	665008	25	2001 - 2025	5.9	-0.09	5.75	-0.01	0.04
gtmfwmwq	Significantly increasing trend	683159	25	2001 - 2025	6.5	0.10	6.27	0.00	0.02
gtmcwq	No significant trend	703770	25	2001 - 2025	5.5	0.04	5.23	0.00	0.33

At two program locations, monthly average dissolved oxygen increased by less than 0.01 mg/L per year at one site and by 0.01 mg/L per year at the other. At one program location, monthly average dissolved oxygen decreased by 0.01 mg/L per year. No detectable change in monthly average dissolved oxygen was observed at one location.

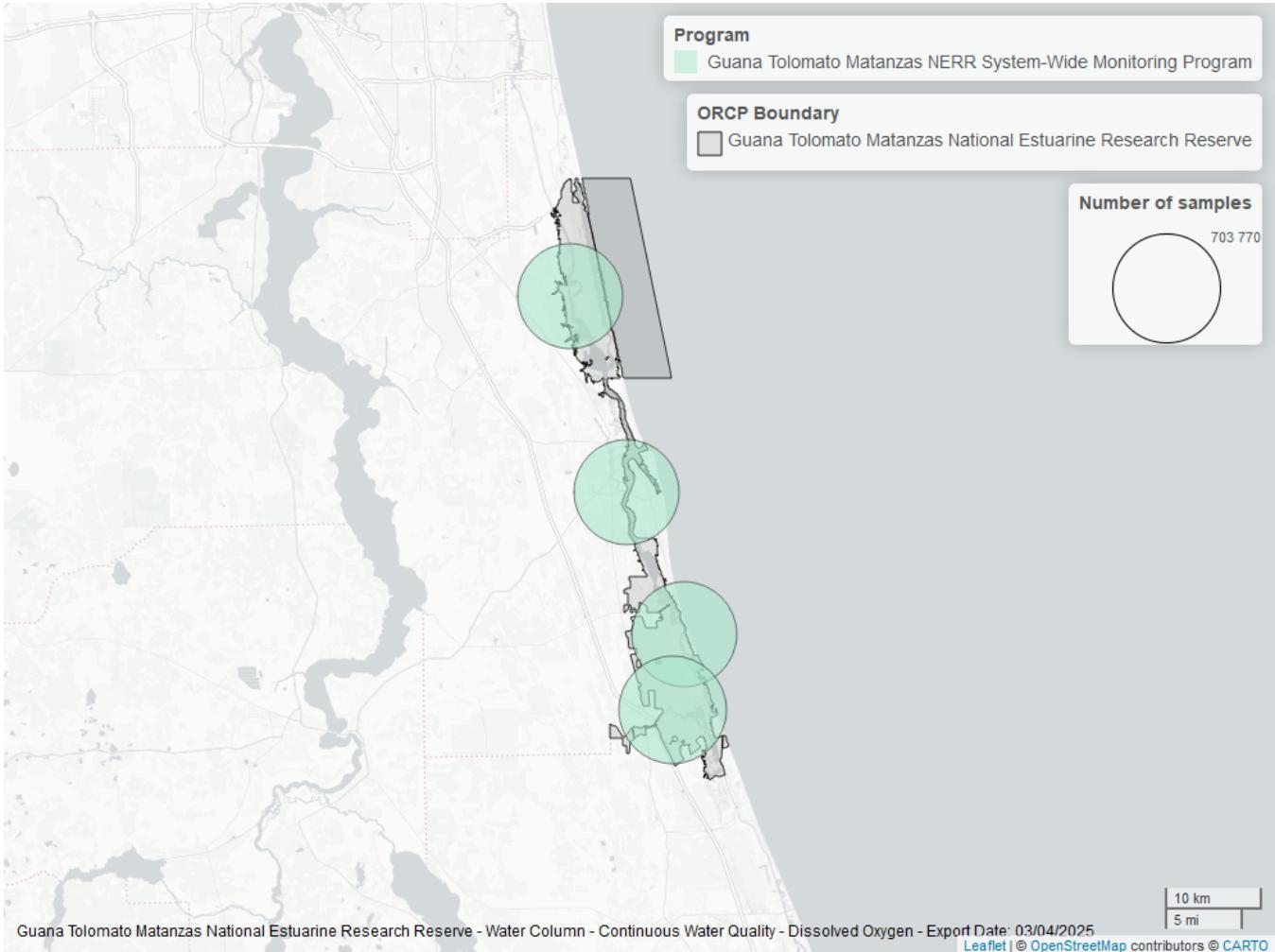


Figure 29: Map showing location of dissolved oxygen continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Continuous

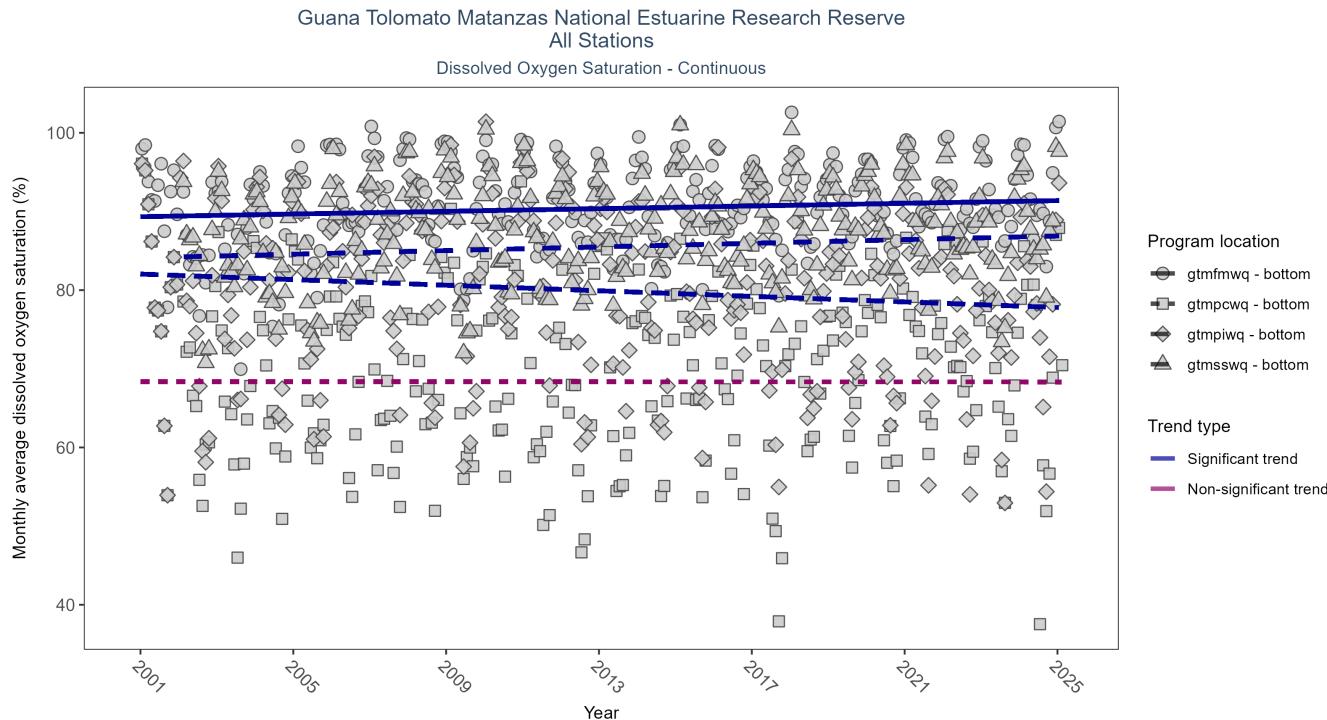


Figure 30: Scatter plot of monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 34: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
gtmpiwq	Significantly decreasing trend	670820	25	2001 - 2025	82.2	-0.18	82.04	-0.18	0.00
gtmsswq	Significantly increasing trend	667908	24	2002 - 2025	89.5	0.15	84.22	0.12	0.00
gtmfmwq	Significantly increasing trend	694826	25	2001 - 2025	92.6	0.15	89.33	0.09	0.00
gtmpcwq	No significant trend	705263	25	2001 - 2025	71.4	0.00	68.37	0.00	0.97

At two program locations, monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation increased by 0.09% per year at one site and by 0.12% per year at the other. At one program location, monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation decreased by 0.18% per year. No detectable change in monthly average dissolved oxygen saturation was observed at one location.

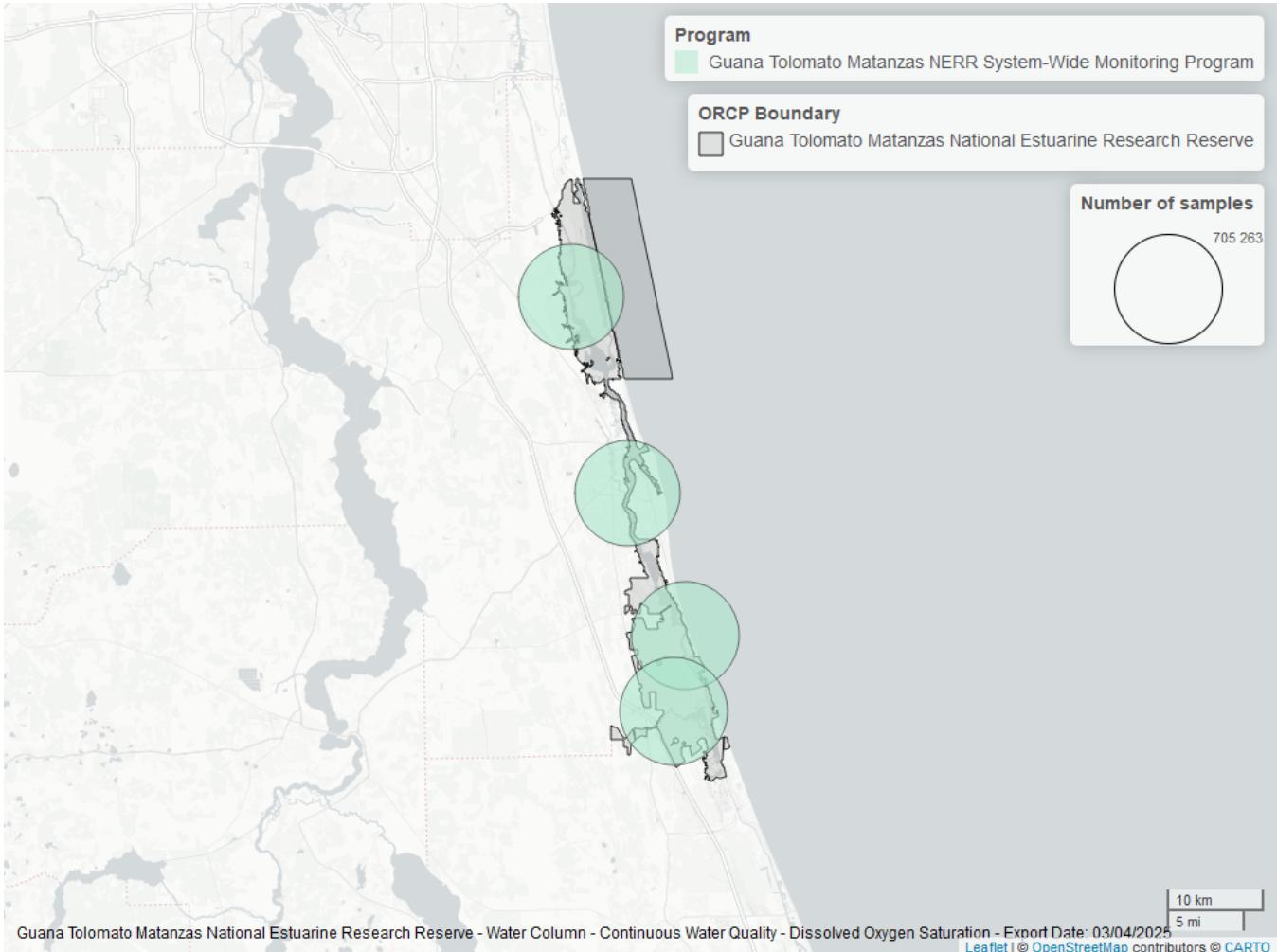


Figure 31: Map showing location of dissolved oxygen saturation continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

pH - Continuous

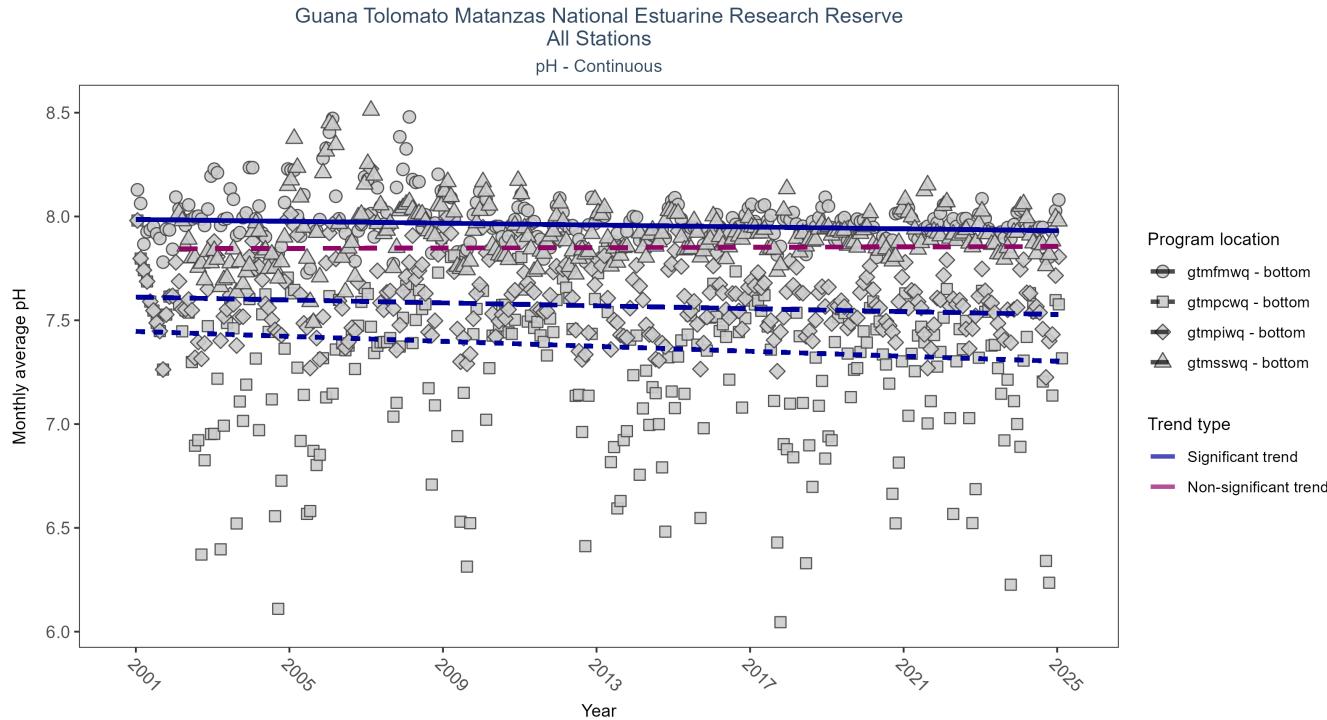


Figure 32: Scatter plot of monthly average pH over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 35: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for pH - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
gtmsswq	No significant trend	637677	24	2002 - 2025	7.9	0.02	7.84	0.00	0.55
gtmpiwq	Significantly decreasing trend	661500	25	2001 - 2025	7.6	-0.17	7.61	0.00	0.00
gtmfmwq	Significantly decreasing trend	668566	25	2001 - 2025	8.0	-0.15	7.99	0.00	0.00
gtmpcwq	Significantly decreasing trend	696839	25	2001 - 2025	7.4	-0.12	7.45	-0.01	0.00

At three program locations, monthly average pH decreased between less than 0.01 and 0.01 pH units per year. No detectable change in monthly average pH was observed at one location.

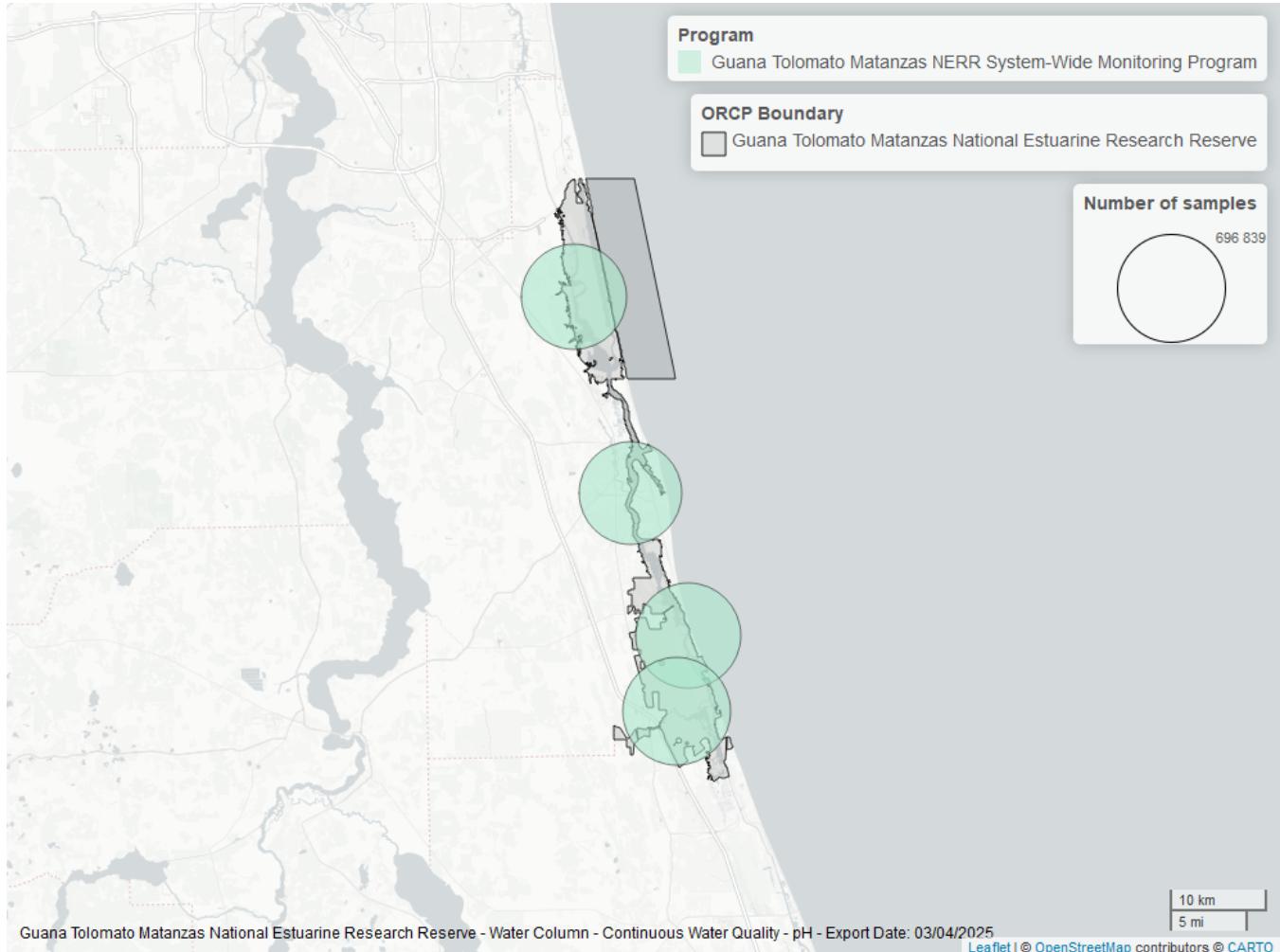


Figure 33: Map showing location of ph continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Salinity - Continuous

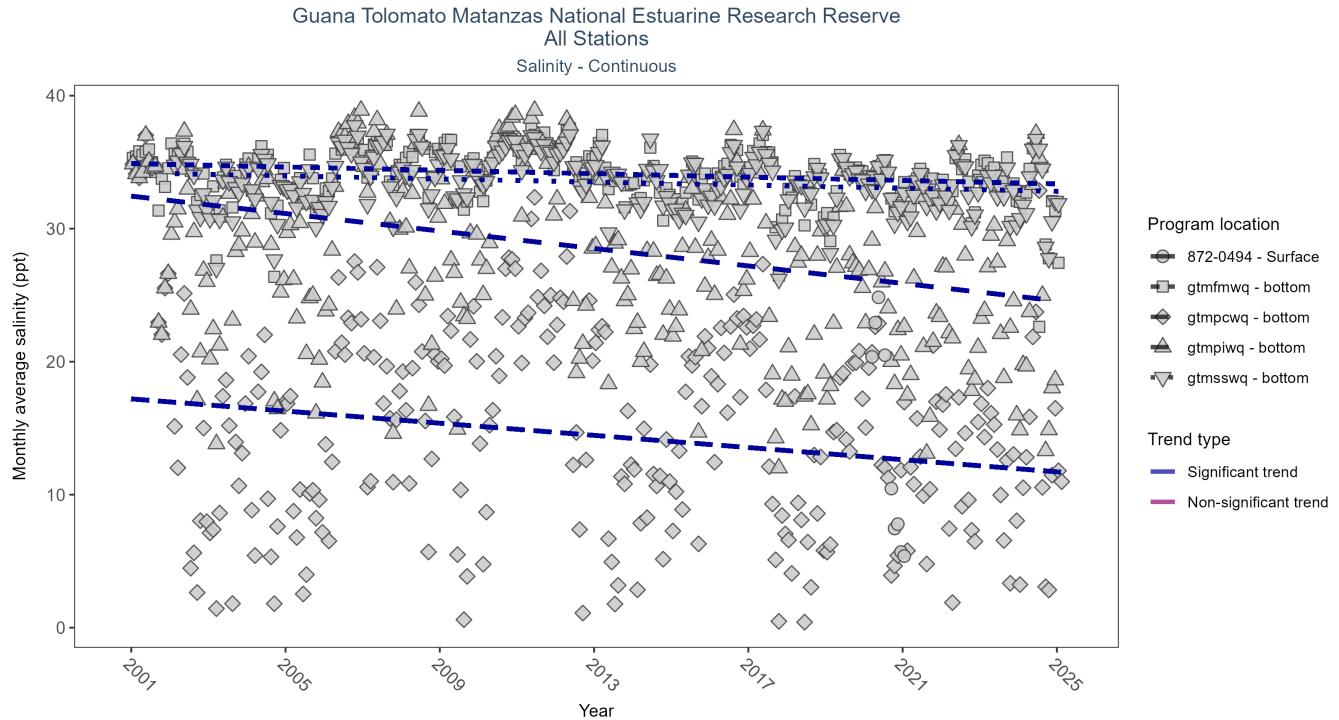


Figure 34: Scatter plot of monthly average salinity over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 36: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Salinity - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
gtmsswq	Significantly decreasing trend	646637	24	2002 - 2025	33.90	-0.12	34.14	-0.06	0
gtmipiwb	Significantly decreasing trend	666468	24	2001 - 2024	27.90	-0.26	32.45	-0.33	0
gtmfmwq	Significantly decreasing trend	671050	25	2001 - 2025	34.40	-0.17	34.89	-0.06	0
gtmpcwq	Significantly decreasing trend	713330	25	2001 - 2025	16.60	-0.14	17.2	-0.23	0
872-0494	Insufficient data to calculate trend	34918	2	2020 - 2021	8.99	-	-	-	-

At four program locations, monthly average salinity decreased between 0.06 and 0.33 ppt per year. There was insufficient data to fit a model for one location.

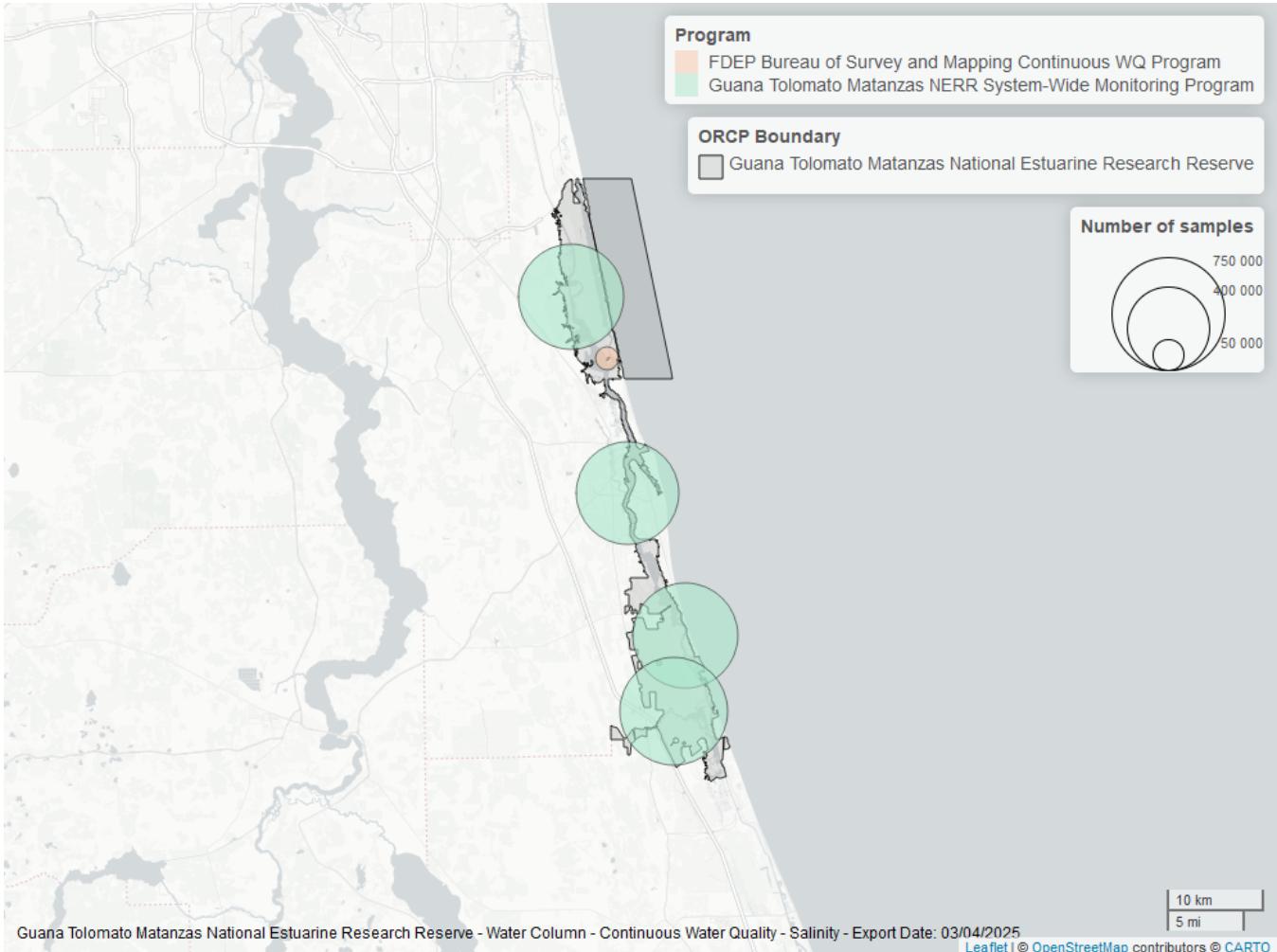


Figure 35: Map showing location of salinity continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Turbidity - Continuous

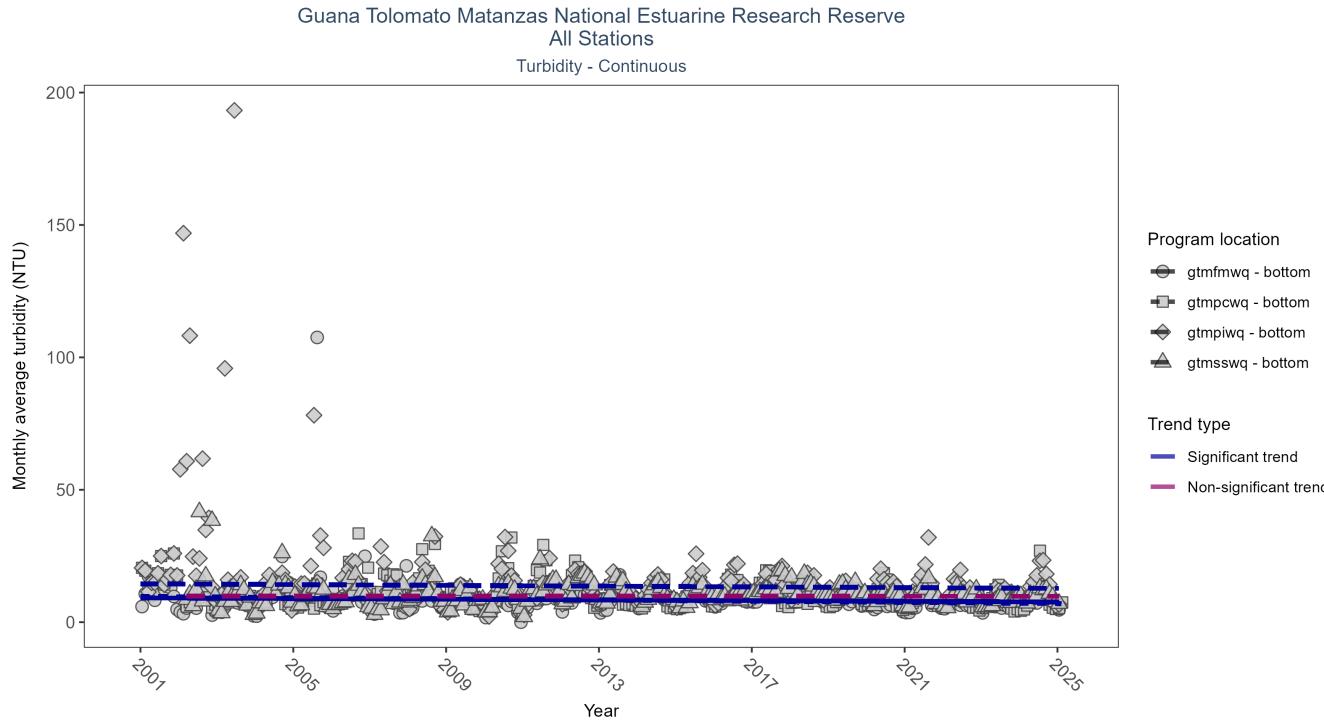


Figure 36: Scatter plot of monthly average turbidity over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 37: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Turbidity - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
gtmsswq	No significant trend	633255	24	2002 - 2025	9	0.00	9.83	0.00	0.94
gtmpiwq	Significantly decreasing trend	643280	25	2001 - 2025	10	-0.10	14.48	-0.07	0.02
gtmfmwq	Significantly decreasing trend	680985	25	2001 - 2025	7	-0.11	9.19	-0.06	0.01
gtmpcwq	Significantly decreasing trend	687902	25	2001 - 2025	9	-0.18	9.73	-0.11	0.00

At three program locations, monthly average turbidity decreased between 0.06 and 0.11 NTU per year. No detectable change in monthly average turbidity was observed at one location.

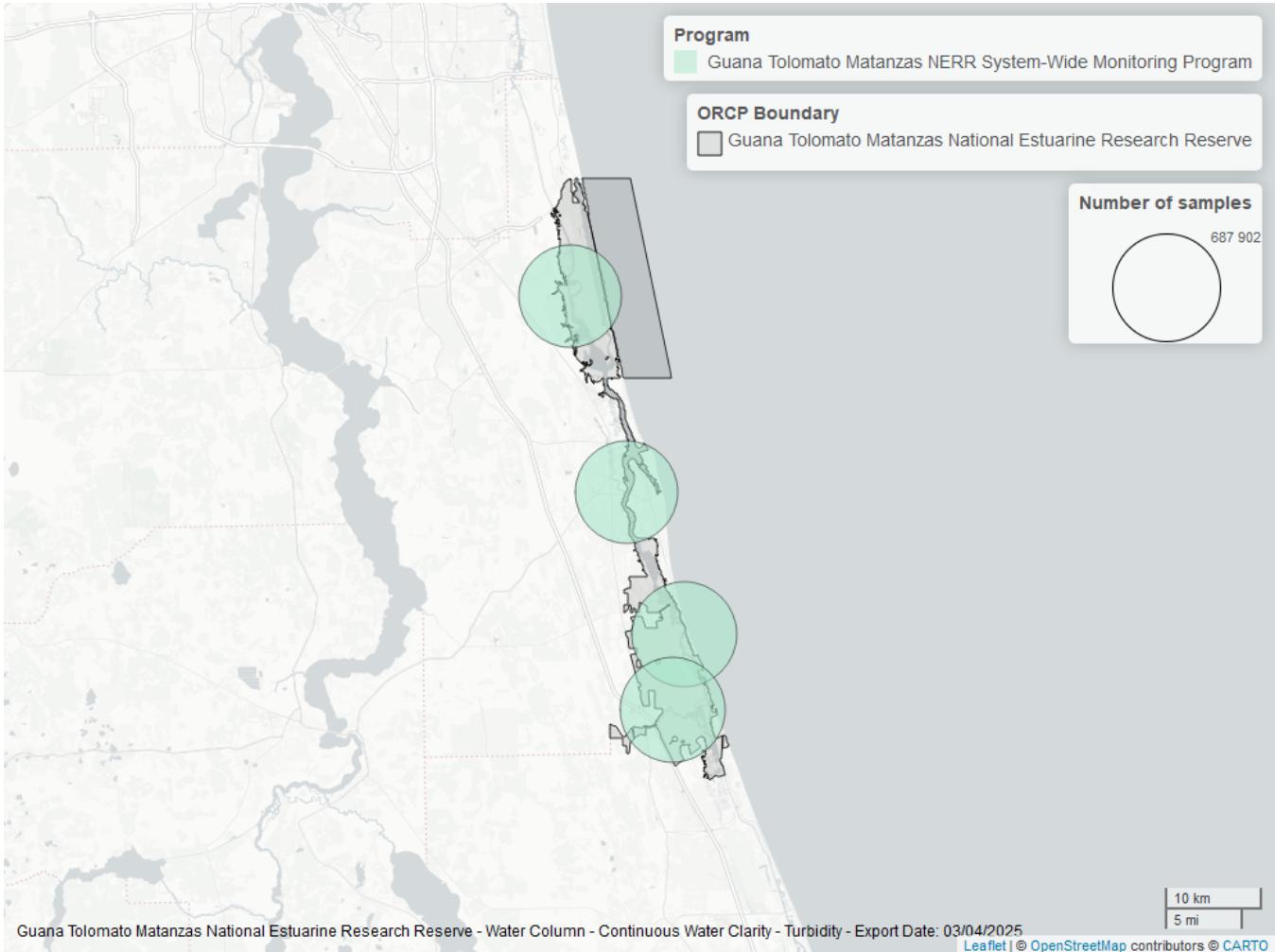


Figure 37: Map showing location of turbidity continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Water Temperature - Continuous

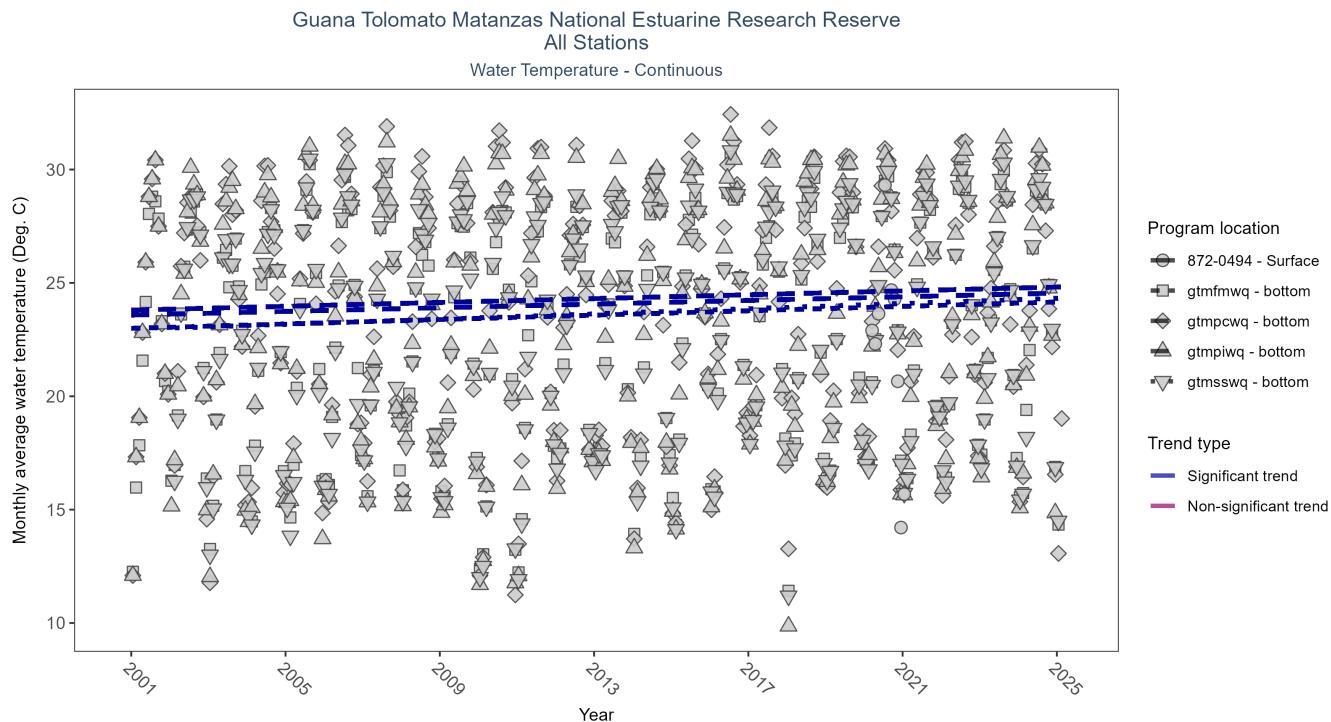


Figure 38: Scatter plot of monthly average water temperature over time at continuously monitored program locations. Each location is analyzed separately, with significant (blue) or non-significant (magenta) trend lines shown for time series that included five or more years of observations.

Table 38: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - All Stations

Station	Statistical Trend	Sample Count	Years with Data	Period of Record	Median	tau	Sen Intercept	Sen Slope	p
gtmcwq	Significantly increasing trend	721896	25	2001 - 2025	24.30	0.15	23.8	0.04	0
gtmfmwq	Significantly increasing trend	714709	25	2001 - 2025	23.70	0.23	23	0.05	0
gtmsswq	Significantly increasing trend	680248	24	2002 - 2025	23.80	0.23	23	0.06	0
gtmpiwq	Significantly increasing trend	716752	24	2001 - 2024	24.30	0.19	23.58	0.04	0
872-0494	Insufficient data to calculate trend	35473	2	2020 - 2021	22.34	-	-	-	-

At four program locations, monthly average water temperature increased between 0.04 and 0.06°C per year. There was insufficient data to fit a model for one location.

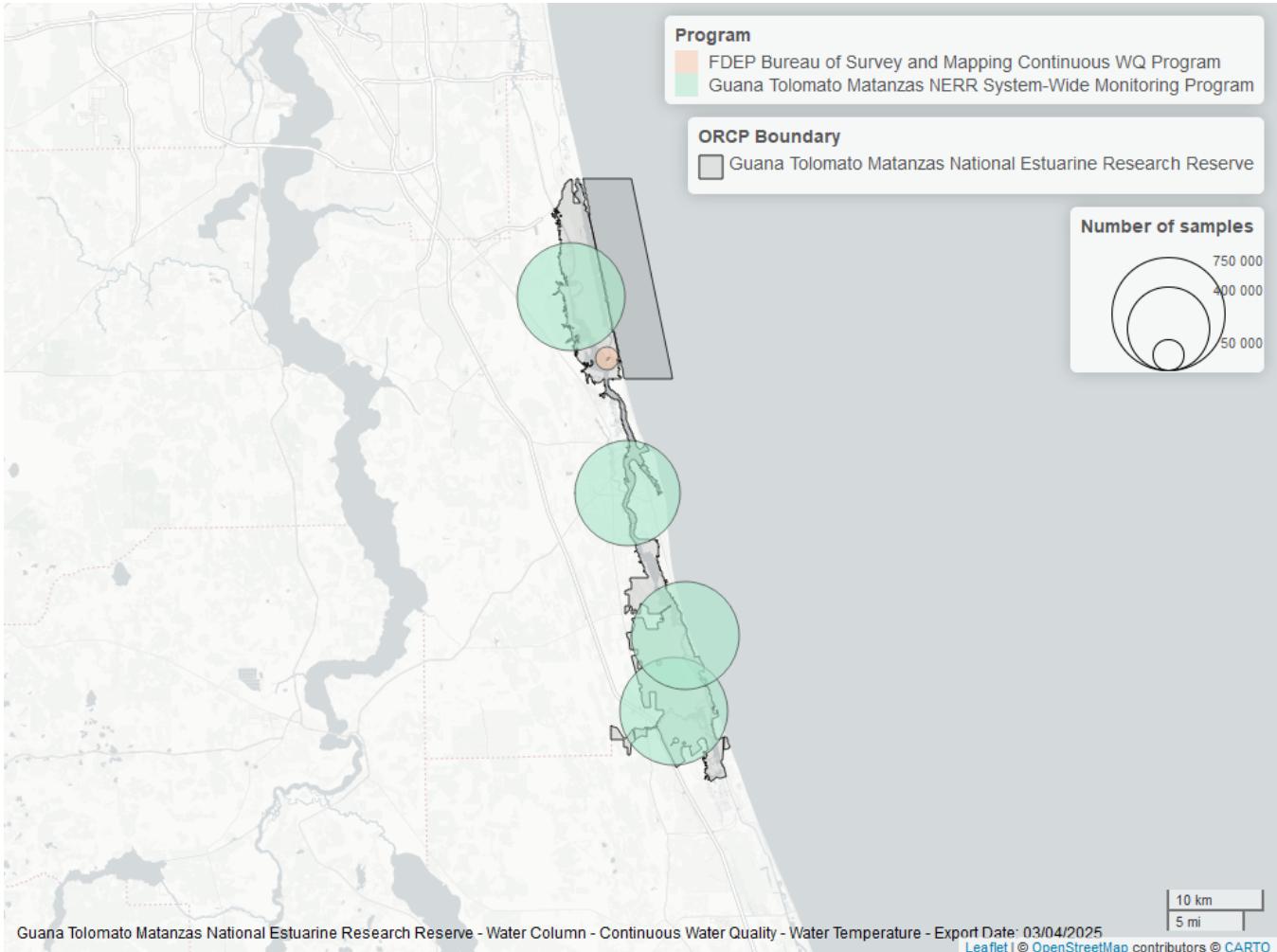


Figure 39: Map showing location of water temperature continuous water quality sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Coastal Wetlands

The data file used is: All_CW_Parameters-2025-Mar-06.txt

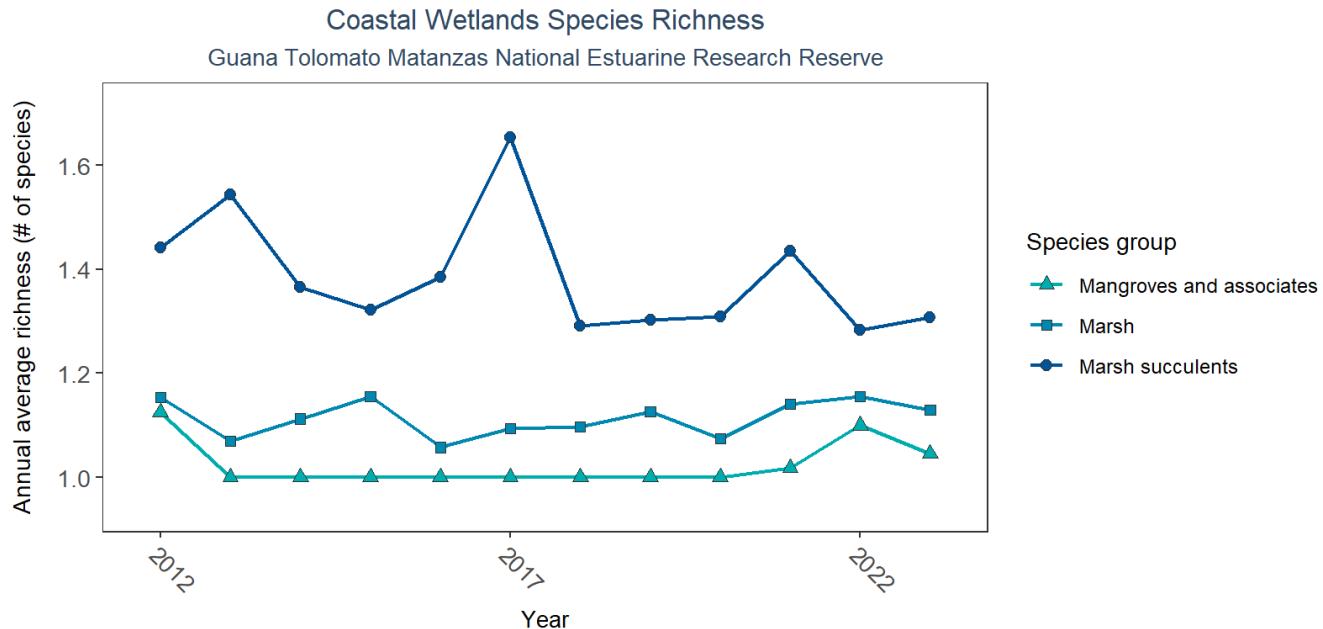


Figure 40: Line graph of annual average coastal wetlands species richness over time for mangroves and associates (triangles), marsh (squares), and marsh succulents (circles). If the time series by species group included more than one year of observations, a line connects data points for visualization.

Table 39: Coastal Wetlands Species Richness

Species Group	Sample Count	Number of Years	Period of Record	Median N of Taxa	Mean N of Taxa
Mangroves and associates	387	12	2012 - 2023	1	1.02
Marsh	2568	12	2012 - 2023	1	1.12
Marsh succulents	868	12	2012 - 2023	1	1.38

Between 2012 and 2023, the median annual number of species for *mangroves and associates* was 1 based on 387 observations. Between 2012 and 2023, the median annual number of species for *marsh* was 1 based on 2,568 observations. Between 2012 and 2023, the median annual number of species for *marsh succulents* was 1 based on 868 observations.

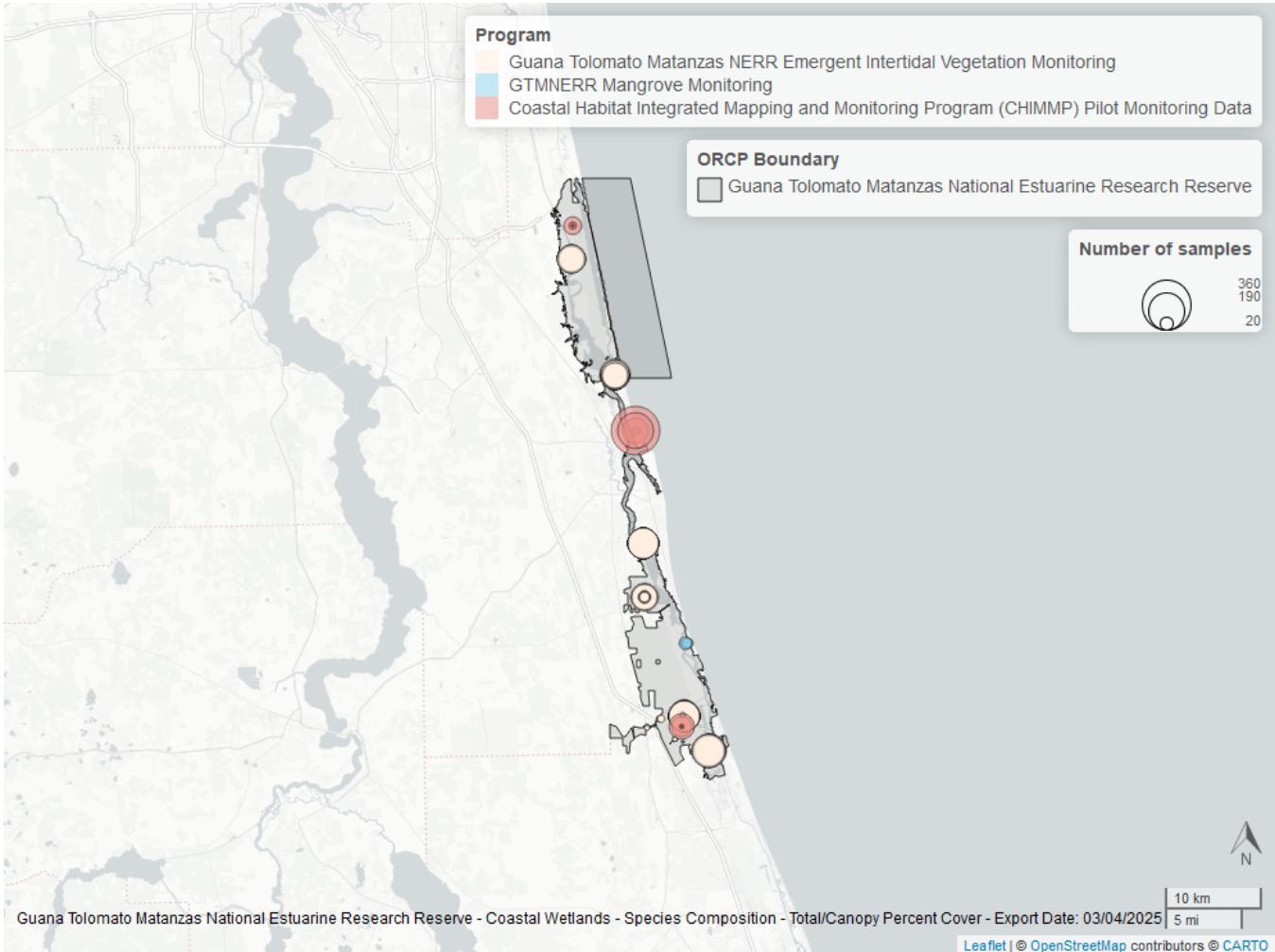


Figure 41: Map showing location of coastal wetlands sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Oyster

The data file used is: All_OYSTER_Parameters-2025-Mar-26.txt

Density

Natural

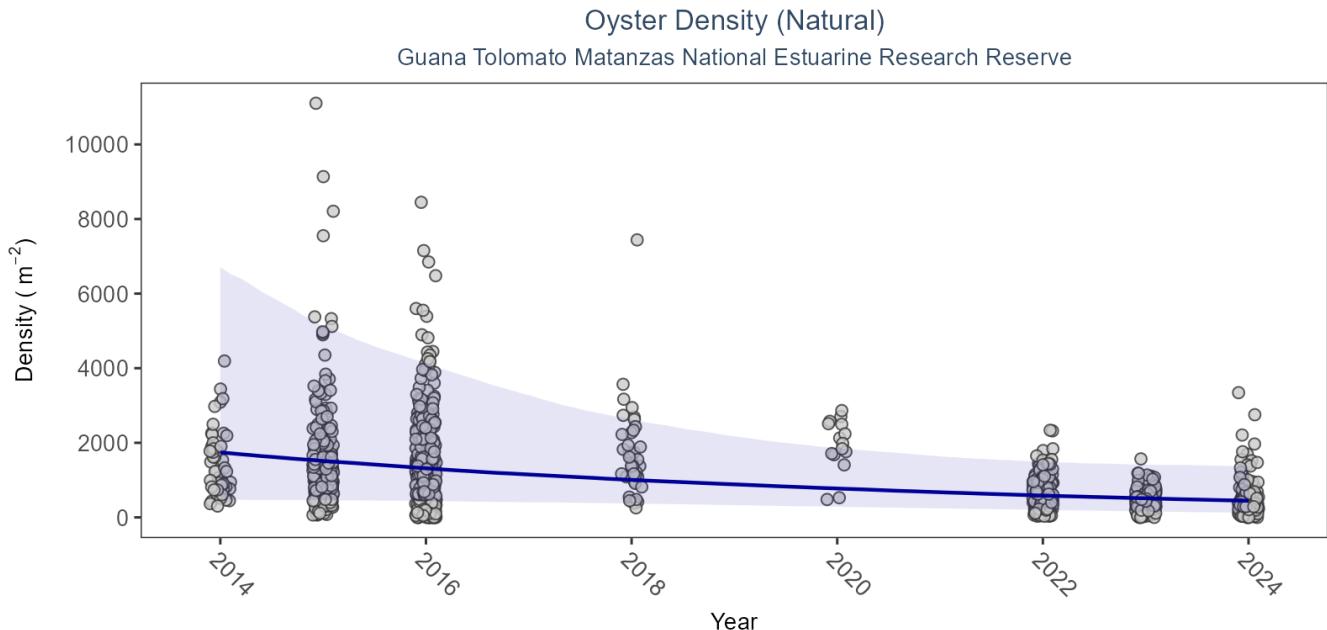


Figure 42: Scatter plot of oyster density over time. If the time series included five or more years with observations, an estimated trend (blue line) and a 95% credible interval (purple band) may also be plotted. Data points are jittered horizontally to reduce overlap.

Table 40: Model results for Oyster Density - Natural

Shell Type	Habitat Type	Trend Status	Estimate	Standard Error	Credible Interval
Live Oysters	Natural	Significantly decreasing trend	-128.2	481.29	-32.73 to -484.82

For natural reefs, density decreased by an average of 128.2 oysters per square meter per year.

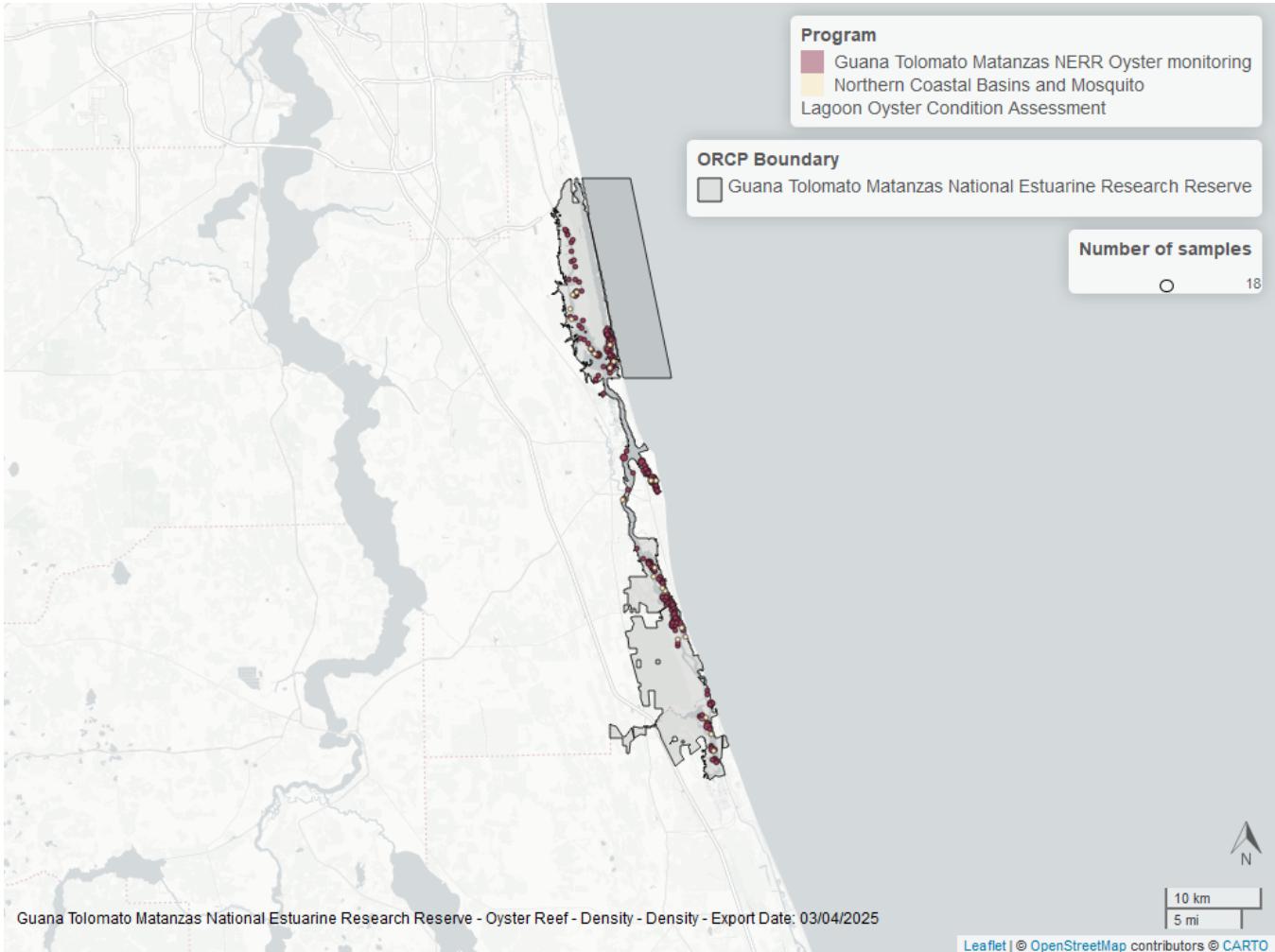


Figure 43: Map showing location of oyster density sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Percent Live

Natural

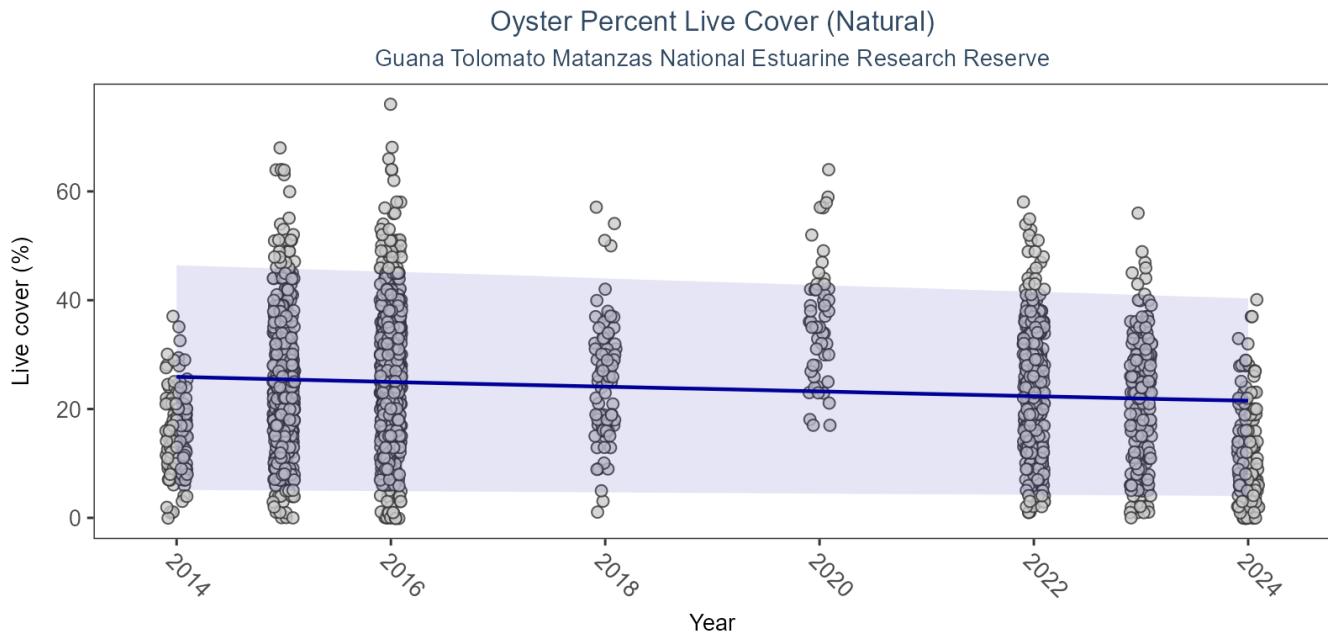


Figure 44: Scatter plot of percent live oysters over time. If the time series included five or more years with observations, an estimated trend (blue line) and a 95% credible interval (purple band) may also be plotted. Data points are jittered horizontally to reduce overlap.

Table 41: Model results for Oyster Percent Live - Natural

<i>Shell Type</i>	<i>Habitat Type</i>	<i>Trend Status</i>	<i>Estimate</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>Credible Interval</i>
Live Oysters	Natural	Significantly decreasing trend	-0.44	10.12	-0.13 to -0.6

For natural reefs, percent live cover decreased by an average of 0.44% per year.

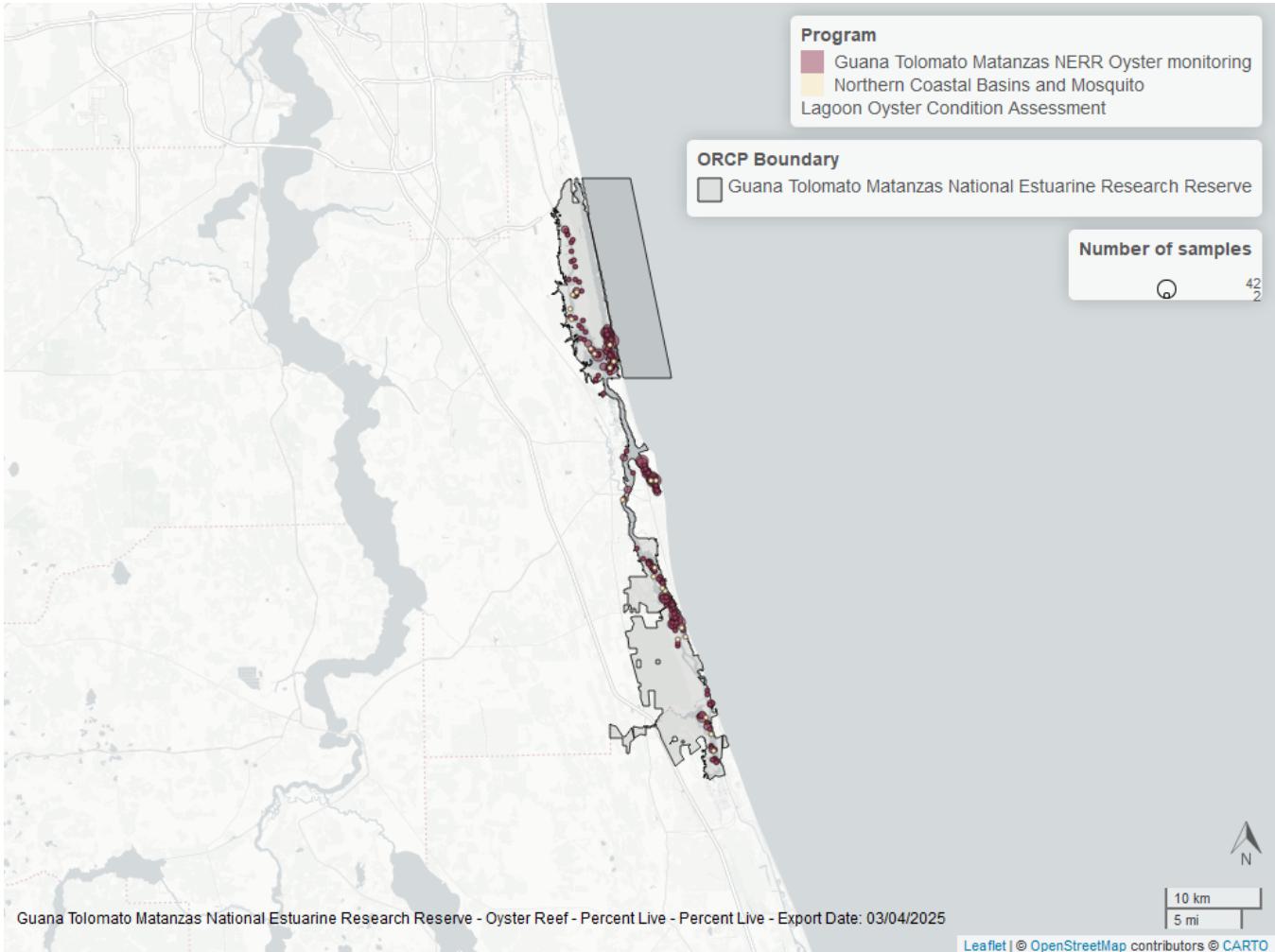


Figure 45: Map showing location of oyster percent live sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Shell Height

Natural

Oyster Size Class (Natural)
Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve

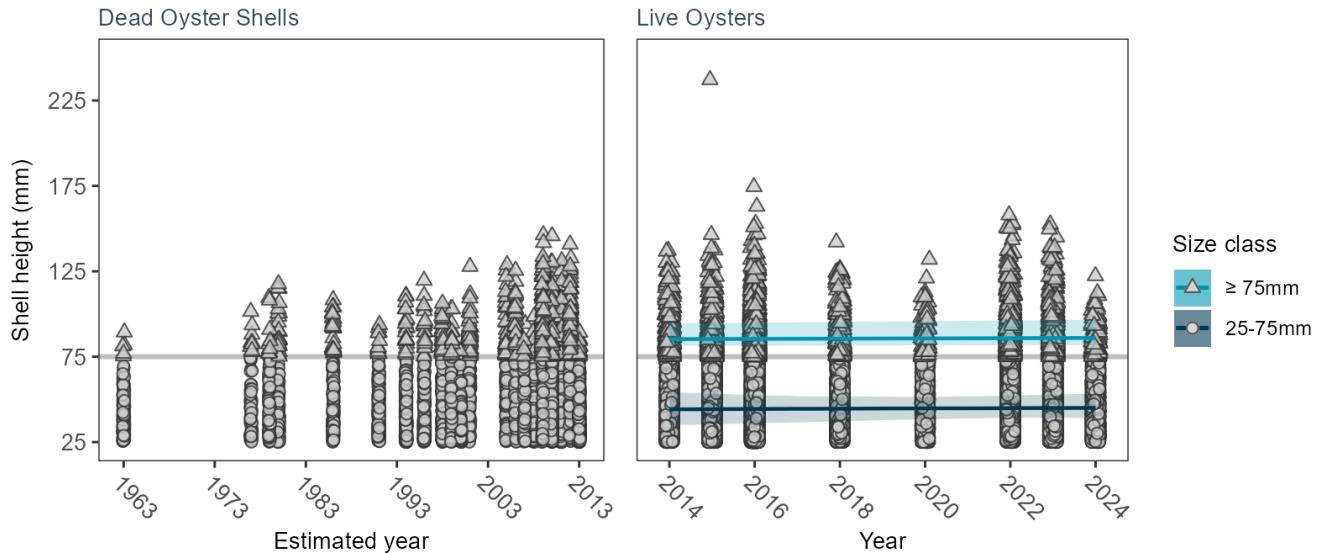


Table 42: Model results for Oyster Shell Height - Natural

<i>Shell Type</i>	<i>SizeClass</i>	<i>Habitat Type</i>	<i>Trend Status</i>	<i>Estimate</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>Credible Interval</i>
Dead Oyster Shells	>75mm	Natural	-	-	-	-
Dead Oyster Shells	25-75mm	Natural	-	-	-	-
Dead Oyster Shells		Natural	-	-	-	-
Live Oysters	>75mm	Natural	No significant change	0.56	0.37	-0.18 to 1.3
Live Oysters	25-75mm	Natural	No significant change	0.84	0.44	-0.03 to 1.69
Live Oysters		Natural	-	-	-	-

For natural reefs, annual average live oyster shell height in the 25-75mm and $\geq 75\text{mm}$ size classes increased by 0.84mm per year and 0.56mm per year, respectively. Models are not run on dead oyster shell measurements.

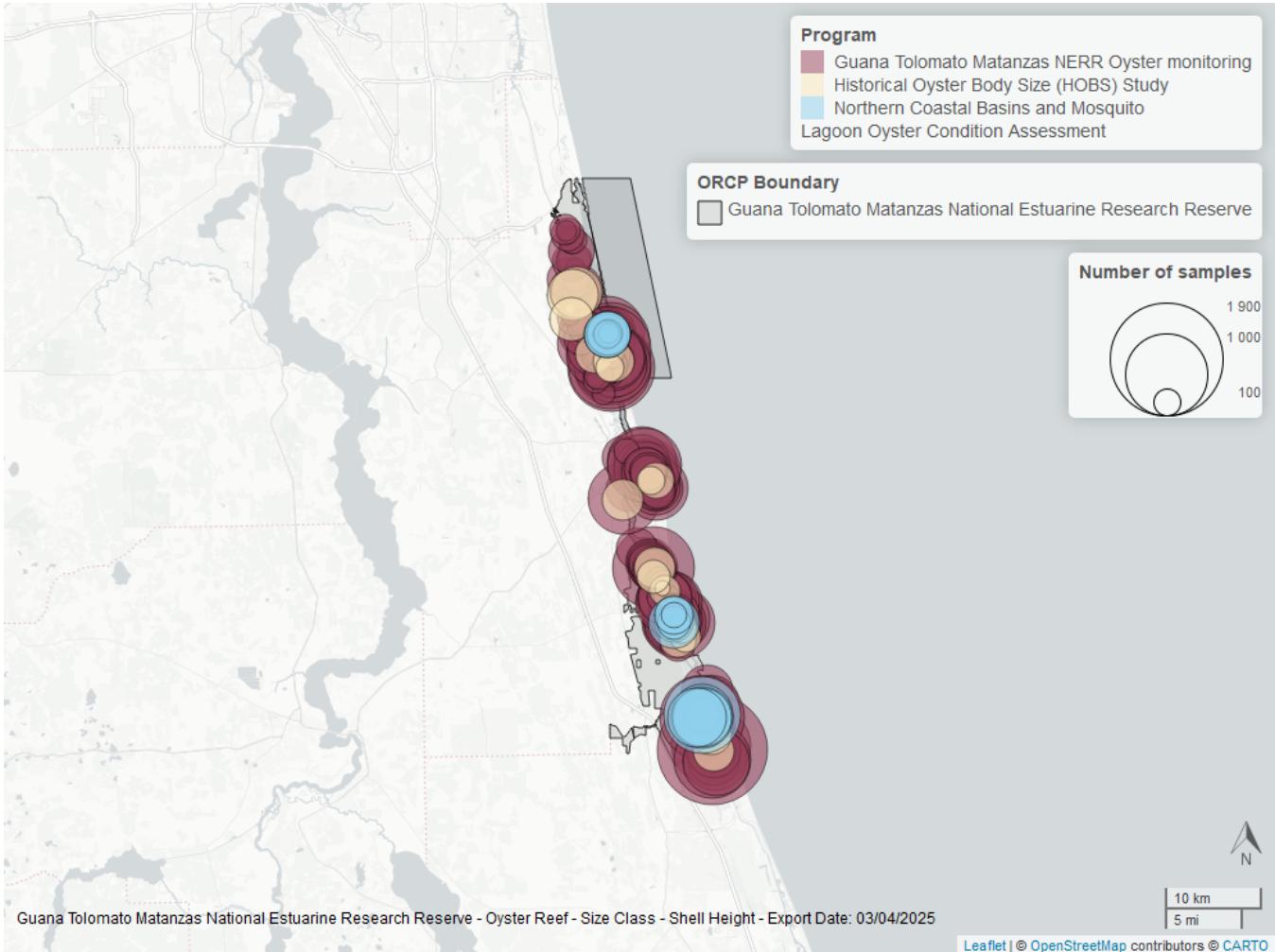


Figure 46: Map showing location of oyster shell height sampling locations within the boundaries of *Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve*. The bubble size on the maps above reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

Species list

<i>Acer rubrum</i>	<i>Hypericum</i> sp.	<i>Rhynchospora colorata</i>
<i>Acrostichum danaeifolium</i>	<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	<i>Rhynchospora corniculata</i>
<i>Amorpha fruticosa</i>	<i>Ipomoea sagittata</i>	<i>Rhynchospora</i> sp.
<i>Ampelaster carolinianus</i>	<i>Iresine rhizomatosa</i>	<i>Rubus</i> sp.
<i>Ampelopsis arborea</i>	<i>Iva frutescens</i>	<i>Sabal palmetto</i>
<i>Andropogon</i> sp.	<i>Juncus roemerianus</i> ¹	<i>Sabatia calycina</i>
<i>Apios americana</i>	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>	<i>Sabatia stellaris</i>
<i>Aristida</i> sp.	<i>Kosteletzkya pentacarpos</i>	<i>Sagittaria lancifolia</i>
<i>Avicennia germinans</i> ¹	<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i> ¹	<i>Sagittaria latifolia</i>
<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>	<i>Limonium carolinianum</i> ¹	<i>Sagittaria subulata</i>
<i>Baccharis</i> sp.	<i>Lobelia cardinalis</i>	<i>Salicornia ambigua</i> ¹
<i>Bacopa monnieri</i>	<i>Ludwigia alata</i>	<i>Salicornia virginica</i> ¹
Bare substrate	<i>Ludwigia repens</i>	<i>Samolus ebracteatus</i>
<i>Batis maritima</i> ¹	<i>Ludwigia</i> sp.	<i>Samolus</i> sp.
<i>Blutaparon vermiculare</i> ¹	<i>Lygodium microphyllum</i>	<i>Samolus valerandi</i>
<i>Boehmeria cylindrica</i>	<i>Lythrum alatum</i>	<i>Serenoa repens</i>
<i>Borreria frutescens</i>	<i>Lythrum lineare</i>	<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i> ¹
<i>Centella asiatica</i>	<i>Mikania scandens</i>	<i>Smilax bona-nox</i>
<i>Cicuta maculata</i>	<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	<i>Solidago sempervirens</i>
<i>Cladium mariscus</i>	<i>Nekemias arborea</i>	<i>Spartina alterniflora</i> ¹
<i>Coleataenia anceps</i>	<i>Osmunda regalis</i>	<i>Spartina bakeri</i> ¹
<i>Cyperus</i> sp.	<i>Osmundastrum cinnamomeum</i>	<i>Spartina patens</i> ¹
<i>Dichanthelium commutatum</i>	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>	<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i> ¹
<i>Dichanthelium</i> sp.	<i>Pattalias palustre</i>	<i>Stenotaphrum secundatum</i>
<i>Dichondra carolinensis</i>	<i>Peltandra virginica</i>	<i>Sympyotrichum elliottii</i>
<i>Dichondra</i> sp.	<i>Persea palustris</i>	<i>Sympyotrichum tenuifolium</i>
<i>Distichlis spicata</i> ¹	<i>Persicaria hydropiperoides</i>	<i>Thelypteris kunthii</i>
<i>Eleocharis baldwinii</i>	<i>Persicaria punctata</i>	<i>Thelypteris palustris</i>
<i>Eleocharis geniculata</i>	<i>Persicaria</i> sp.	<i>Tillandsia usneoides</i>
<i>Eleocharis</i> sp.	<i>Pinus palustris</i>	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>
<i>Erechtites hieraciifolius</i>	<i>Pluchea odorata</i>	<i>Ulmus americana</i>
Fabaceae	<i>Pluchea</i> sp.	<i>Vigna luteola</i>
<i>Fimbristylis</i> sp.	<i>Pneumatophore</i>	<i>Vitis</i> sp.
<i>Fimbristylis spadicea</i>	<i>Polygonum</i> sp.	<i>Woody debris</i>
<i>Houstonia procumbens</i>	<i>Quercus virginiana</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>
<i>Hydrocotyle umbellata</i>	<i>Rhizophora mangle</i> ¹	<i>Acrostichum danaeifolium</i>

1 - Coastal Wetlands

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