

Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

SEACAR Habitat Analyses

Last compiled on 08 April, 2024

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Threshold Filtering

Threshold filters, following the guidance of Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (*FDEP*) Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration (*DEAR*) are used to exclude specific results values from the SEACAR Analysis. Based on the threshold filters, Quality Assurance / Quality Control (*QAQC*) Flags are inserted into the *SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode* and *SEACAR_QAQC_Description* columns of the export data. The *Include* column indicates whether the *QAQC* Flag will also indicate that data are excluded from analysis. No data are excluded from the data export, but the analysis scripts can use the *Include* column to exclude data (1 to include, 0 to exclude).

Table 1: Continuous Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold	Sensor Type
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0	50	YSI EXOs
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0	50	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0	50	6600 Series
Salinity	ppt	0	70	6600 Series
Salinity	ppt	0	70	YSI EXOs
Salinity	ppt	0	70	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5	45	YSI EXOs
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5	45	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5	45	6600 Series
pH	pH	2	14	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
pH	pH	2	14	6600 Series
pH	pH	2	14	YSI EXOs
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0	500	YSI EXOs
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0	500	6600 Series
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0	500	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0	100	6600 Series
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0	200	YSI EXOs
Turbidity	NTU	0	4000	YSI EXOs
Turbidity	NTU	0	1000	6600 Series
Turbidity	NTU	0	4000	Analysis Only - 2022-04-04

Table 2: Discrete Water Quality threshold values

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.000001	22
Salinity	ppt	0	70
Water Temperature	Degrees C	3	40
pH		2	13
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	0.000001	310
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0.005000001	100
Turbidity	NTU	0	-
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	0	-
Chlorophyll a uncorrected for pheophytin	ug/L	0	-
Chlorophyll a corrected for pheophytin	ug/L	0	-
Secchi Depth	m	0.000001	50
Light Extinction Coefficient	m^1	0	-
Colored dissolved organic matter, CDOM	PCU	0	-
Fluorescent dissolved organic matter, FDOM	QSE	0	-
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	0	-
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen TKN	mg/L	0	-
NO2+3 Filtered	mg/L	0	-
NH4 Filtered	mg/L	0	-
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	0	-

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
PO4 Filtered	mg/L	0	-
Ammonia- Un-ionized (NH3)	mg/L	0	-
Nitrate (N)	mg/L	0	-
Nitrite (N)	mg/L	0	-
Nitrogen, organic	mg/L	0	-

Table 3: Quality Assurance Flags inserted based on threshold checks listed in Table 1 & 2

SEACAR QAQC Description	Include	SEACAR QAQCFlagCode
Exceeds Maximum threshold. Not verified in raw data	No	2Q
Exceeds Maximum threshold. Verified in raw data	No	3Q
Below Minimum threshold. Not verified in raw data	No	4Q
Below Minimum threshold. Verified in raw data	No	5Q
Within threshold tolerance	Yes	6Q
No defined thresholds for this parameter	Yes	7Q

Value Qualifiers

Value qualifier codes included within the data are used to exclude certain results from the analysis. The data are retained in the data export files, but the analysis uses the *Include* column to filter the results.

STORET and WIN value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from *STORET* and *WIN* data are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports.

Table 4: Value Qualifier codes excluded from analysis

Qualifier Source	Value Qualifier	Include	MDL	Description
STORET-WIN	H	No	0	Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate
STORET-WIN	J	No	0	Estimated value
STORET-WIN	V	No	0	Analyte was detected at or above method detection limit
STORET-WIN	Y	No	0	Lab analysis from an improperly preserved sample; data may be inaccurate

Discrete Water Quality Value Qualifiers

The following value qualifiers are highlighted in the Discrete Water Quality section of this report. An exception is made for **Program 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network** and data flagged with Value Qualifier **H** are included for this program only.

H - Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate. This code shall be used if a field screening test (e.g., field gas chromatograph data, immunoassay, or vendor-supplied field kit) was used to generate the value and the field kit or method has not been recognized by the Department as equivalent to laboratory methods.

I - The reported value is greater than or equal to the laboratory method detection limit but less than the laboratory practical quantitation limit.

Q - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time. This code shall be used if the value is derived from a sample that was prepared or analyzed after the approved holding time restrictions for sample preparation or analysis.

S - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody. The value reported is the depth of the waterbody at the location of the Secchi disk measurement.

U - Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. This symbol shall be used to indicate that the specified component was not detected. The value associated with the qualifier shall be the laboratory method detection limit. Unless requested by the client, less than the method detection limit values shall not be reported.

Systemwide Monitoring Program (SWMP) value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from the *SWMP* continuous program are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports. *SWMP* Qualifier Codes are indicated by *QualifierSource=SWMP*.

Table 5: SWMP Value Qualifier codes

<i>Qualifier Source</i>	<i>Value Qualifier</i>	<i>Include</i>	<i>Description</i>
SWMP	-1	Yes	Optional parameter not collected
SWMP	-2	No	Missing data
SWMP	-3	No	Data rejected due to QA/QC
SWMP	-4	No	Outside low sensor range
SWMP	-5	No	Outside high sensor range
SWMP	0	Yes	Passed initial QA/QC checks
SWMP	1	No	Suspect data
SWMP	2	Yes	Reserved for future use
SWMP	3	Yes	Calculated data: non-vented depth/level sensor correction for changes in barometric pressure
SWMP	4	Yes	Historical: Pre-auto QA/QC
SWMP	5	Yes	Corrected data

Water Column

The water column habitat extends from the surface of all water bodies to the bottom sediments and encompasses the different features found in the water at different depths (National Oceanographic Center, 2016). The water column habitat must be viewed in relation to its interconnectedness with other habitats. A healthy water column is an integral component in ensuring a healthy marine and coastal ecosystem. Having a flourishing marine and coastal ecosystem in Florida is necessary to support a strong economy. The health of the water column is dependent upon factors as diverse as land use (e.g., agriculture, mining, forestry practices); human population growth; emissions, (e.g., power plants, automobiles, wastewater); climate (e.g., rainfall, temperature, winds and currents); and decadal trends (e.g., El Niño/La Niña, Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation, climate change).

The water column is composed of various physical, chemical and biological features, and only a small number of them are adequately monitored. Features of the water column that are monitored are used as indicators of the water column health and help assess the status of other habitats. These indicators include nutrient concentrations (nitrogen and phosphorus); water quality (dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity and pH); water clarity (Secchi depth, turbidity, chlorophyll-a and colored dissolved organic matter); and nekton (fish, macroinvertebrates and megafauna).

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Analysis

Indicators must have a minimum of five to ten years, depending on the habitat, of data within the geographic range of the analysis to be included in the analysis. Ten years of data are required for discrete parameters, and five years of data are required for continuous parameters. If there are insufficient years of data, the number of years of data available will be noted and labeled as “insufficient data to conduct analysis”. Further, for the preferred Seasonal Kendall-Tau test, there must be data from at least two months in common across at least two consecutive years within the RCP managed area being analyzed. Values that pass both of these tests will be included in the analysis and be labeled as *Use_In_Analysis* = **TRUE**. Any that fail either test will be excluded from the analyses and labeled as *Use_In_Analysis* = **FALSE**.

Water Quality - Discrete

The following files were used in the discrete analysis:

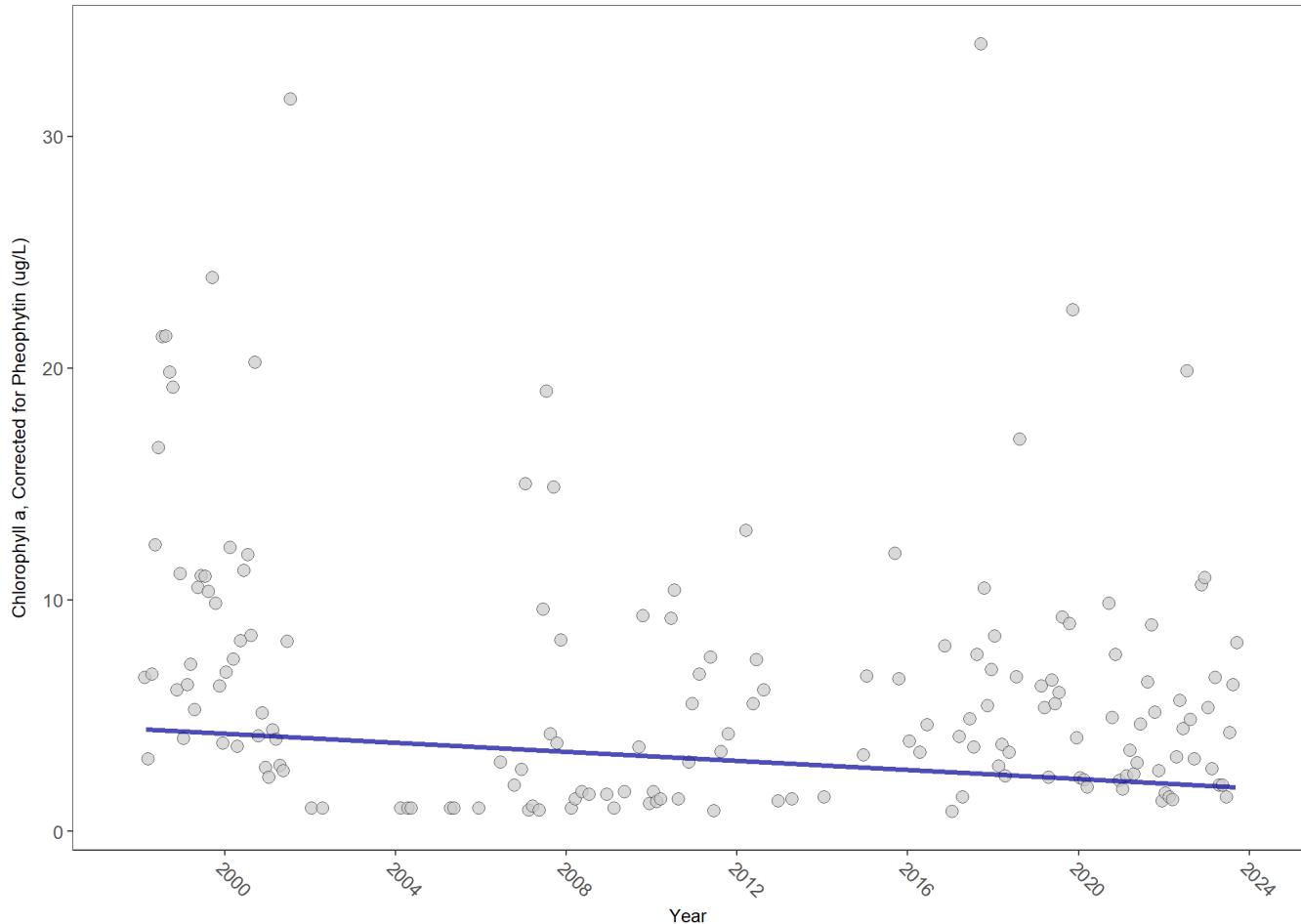
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_corrected_for_pheophytin-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Chlorophyll_a_uncorrected_for_pheophytin-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Colored_dissolved_organic_matter_CDOM-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Dissolved_Oxygen_Saturation-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_pH-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Salinity-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Secchi_Depth-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Nitrogen-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Phosphorus-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Total_Suspended_Solids_TSS-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Turbidity-2024-Mar-27.txt*
- *Combined_WQ_WC_NUT_Water_Temperature-2024-Mar-27.txt*

Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality

Chlorophyll-a is monitored as a measure of microalgae growing in the water. Algae are a natural part of coastal and aquatic ecosystems but in excess can cause poor water quality and clarity, and decreased levels of dissolved oxygen.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin, Lab, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

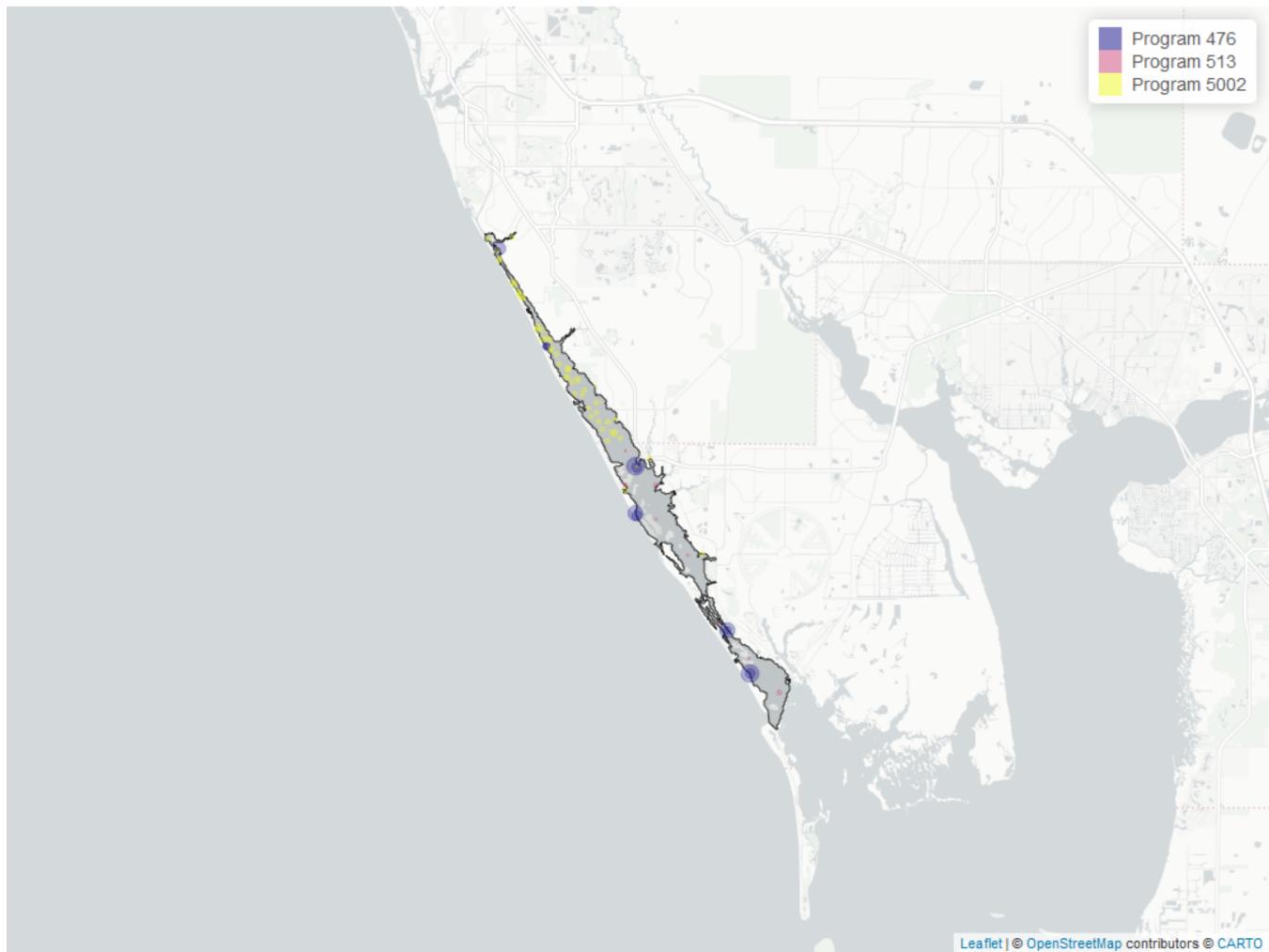


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	482	25	4.65	TRUE	-0.1683	0.0049	-0.09848485	4.433578	10.8605	0.455	-1

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 6: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
476	282	2008	2023
5002	190	1998	2019
513	23	2001	2008

Program names:

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 7: Value Qualifiers for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
1998	43	1	2.3				
1999	47	1	2.1				
2000	47	2	4.3				
2001	25	2	8.0			1	4.0
2002	2					2	100.0
2004	5					5	100.0
2005	3					3	100.0
2006	5	5	100.0				
2007	25	2	8.0			10	40.0
2008	13	4	30.8			1	7.7
2009	6	3	50.0	2	33.3		
2010	15	9	60.0	6	40.0		
2011	12	1	8.3	7	58.3		
2012	7	2	28.6			1	14.3
2013	2	2	100.0				
2014	2	1	50.0				
2016	5	1	20.0				
2017	23	3	13.0				
2018	27	2	7.4				
2019	43	4	9.3				
2020	23	9	39.1				
2021	43	19	44.2			2	4.7
2022	35	16	45.7	2	5.7		
2023	34	14	41.2			1	2.9

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

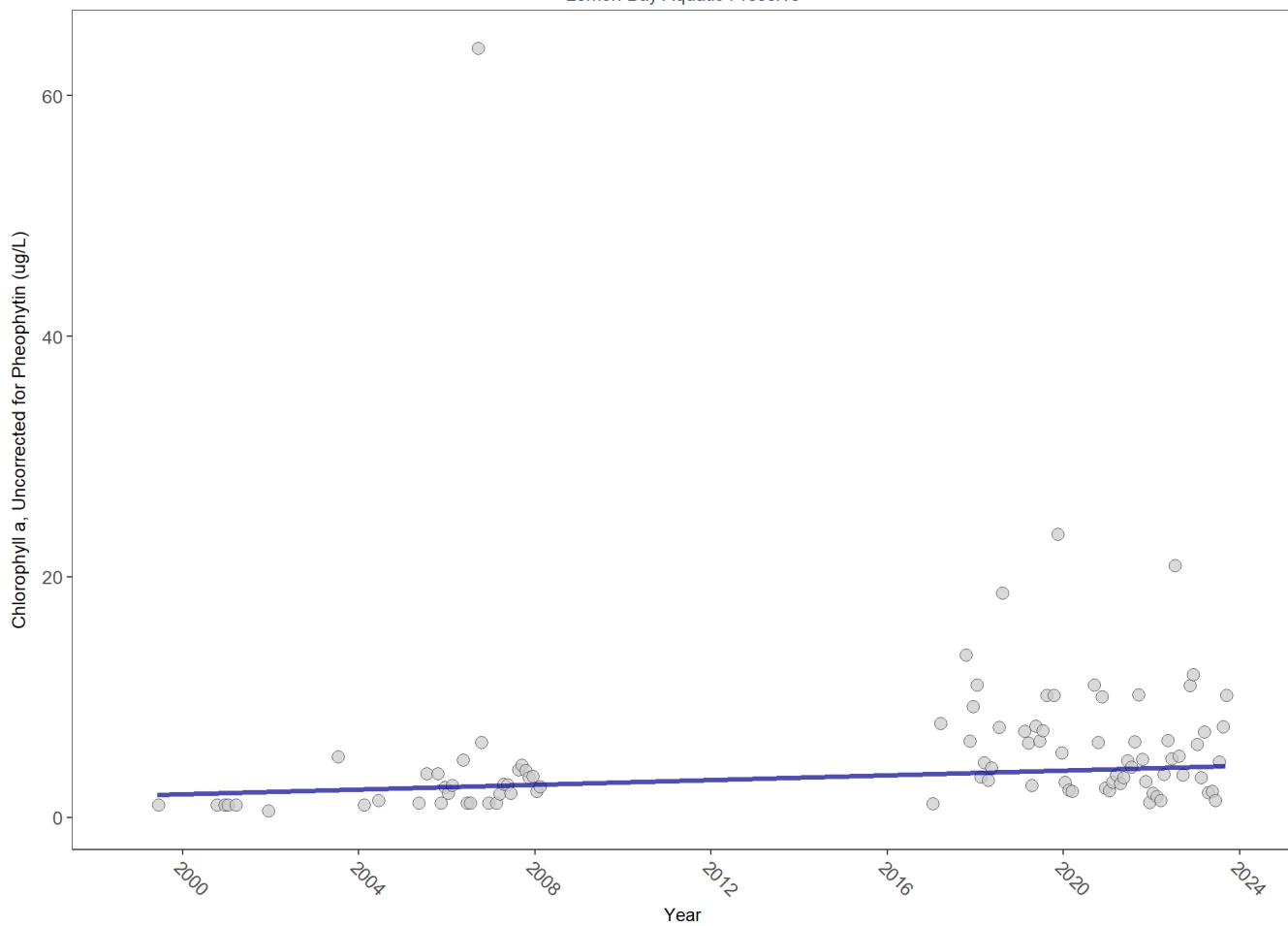
5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin, Lab, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

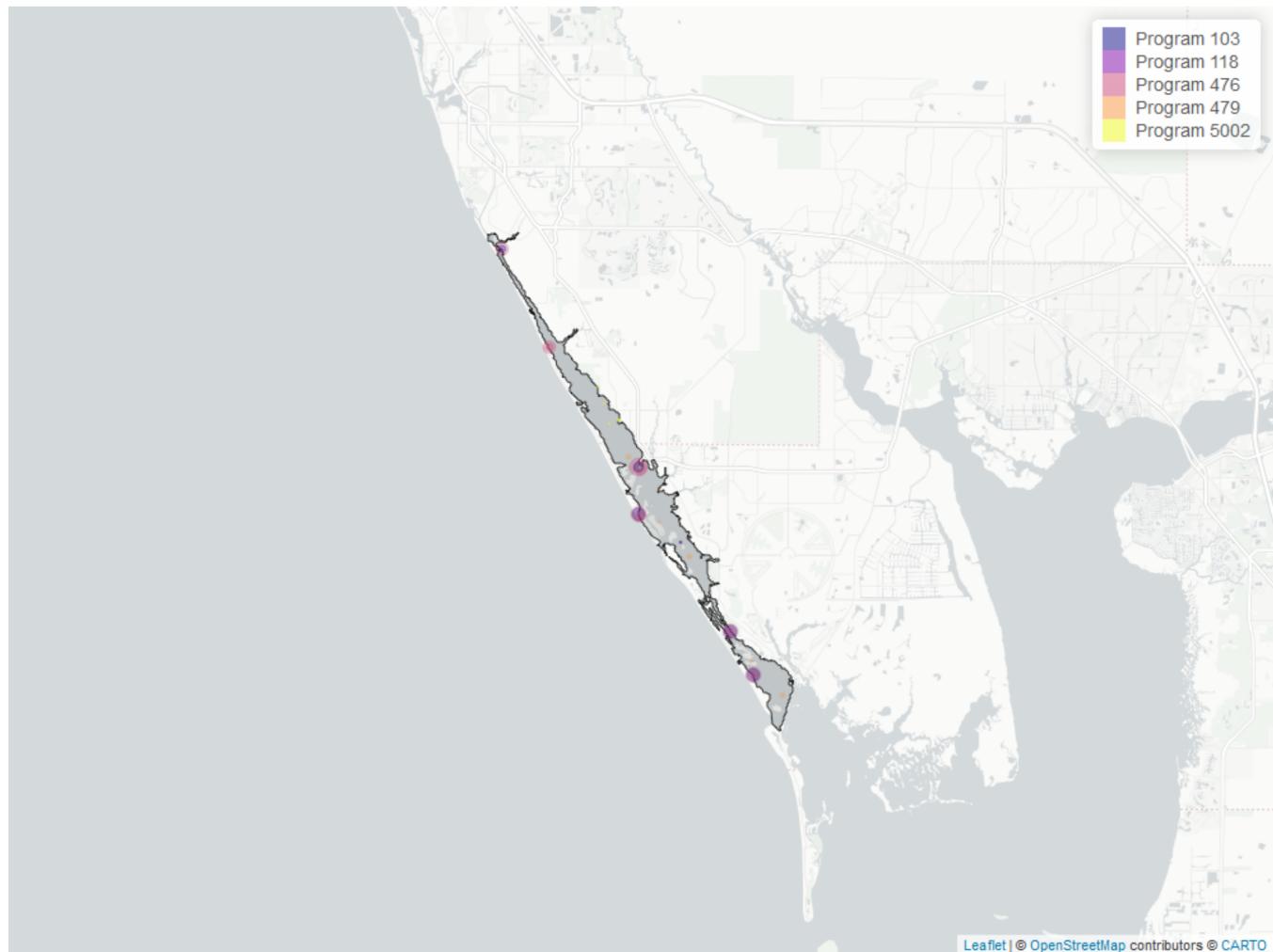


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	405	16	3.5	TRUE	0.2334	0.0019	0.09958333	1.835291	9.9511	0.5348	1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 8: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
476	290	1999	2023
103	101	2005	2022
479	17	2021	2021
5002	7	2017	2019
118	1	2005	2005

Program names:

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 9: Value Qualifiers for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
2000	7					2	28.6
2001	4					4	100.0
2003	1					1	100.0
2004	3					3	100.0
2005	10					6	60.0
2006	12					5	41.7
2007	31	23	74.2			7	22.6
2008	10	7	70.0			3	30.0
2017	11	1	9.1				
2019	43	1	2.3				
2020	29	5	17.2				
2021	148	16	10.8				
2022	40	12	30.0	2		5	
2023	34	7	20.6			1	2.9

Note: ¹**I** - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²**Q**
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³**U** - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

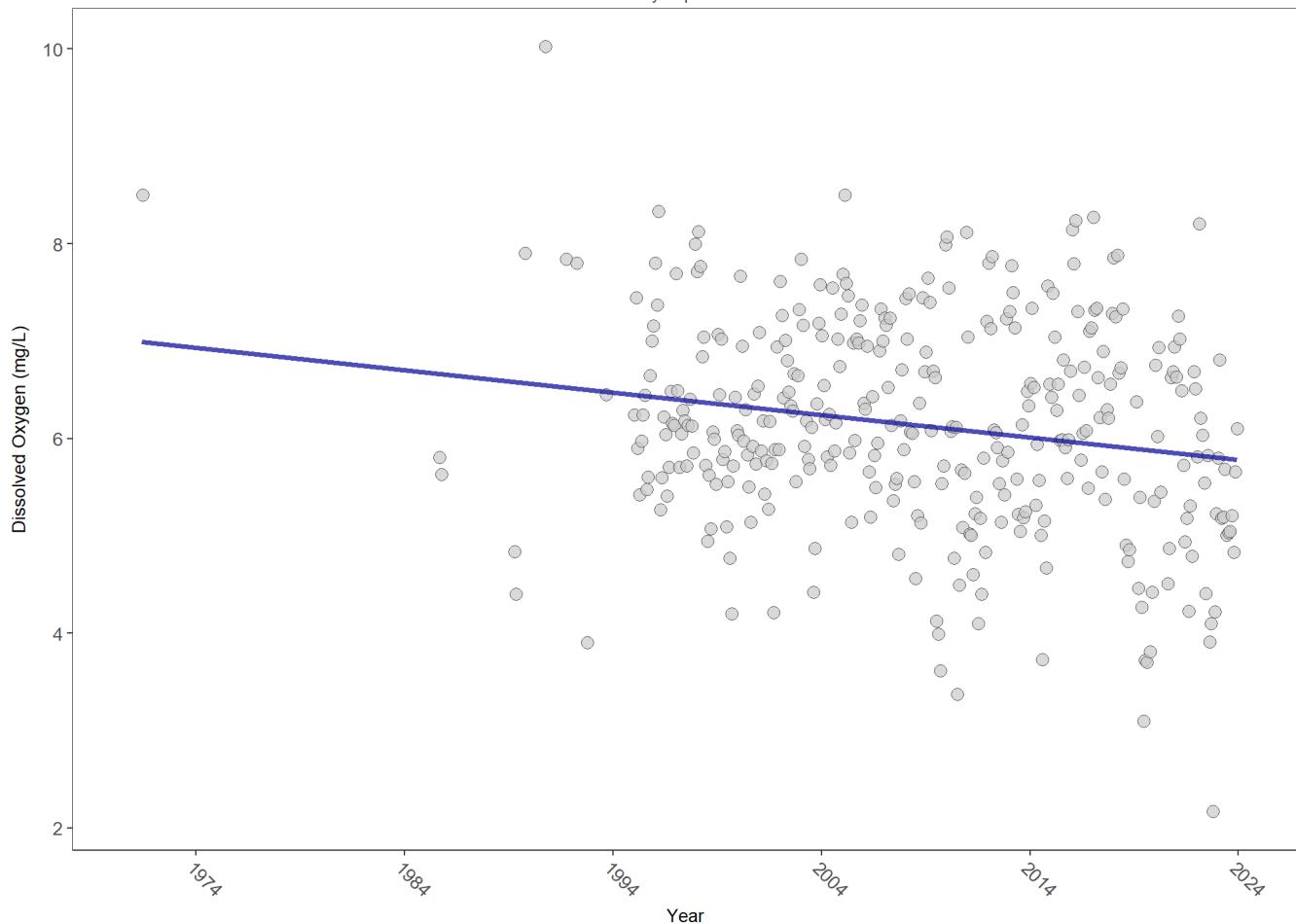
5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete Water Quality

Dissolved Oxygen (DO) is a key indicator of water quality. Oxygen enters surface waters by air-sea gas exchange, by wind action, or as a byproduct of aquatic plant photosynthesis. The actual quantity of DO in aquatic environments is dependent on the above processes as well as water temperature and salinity.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Dissolved Oxygen, Field, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

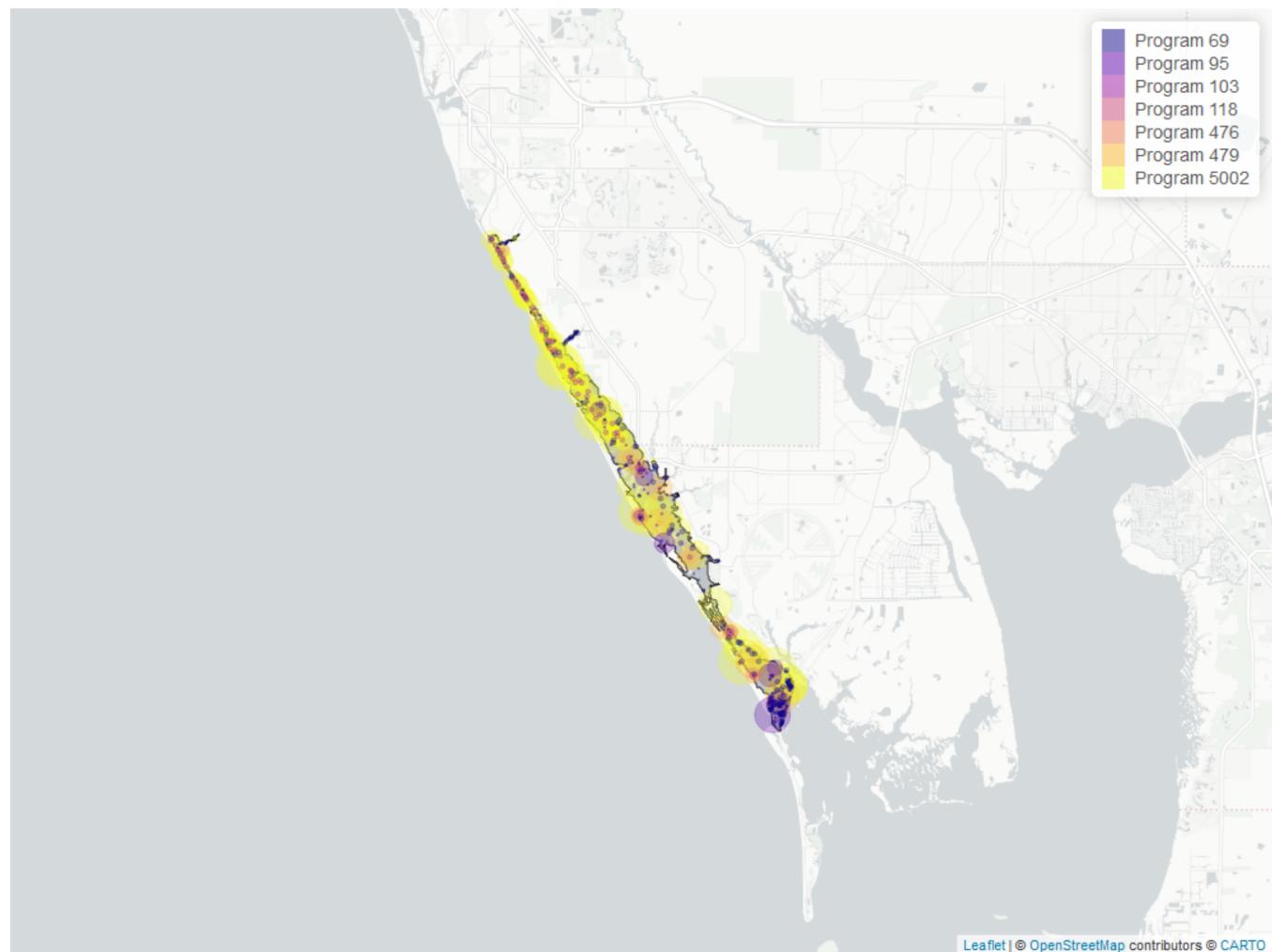


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	11301	36	6.1	TRUE	-0.1516	0.0000	-0.02307692	7.004404	15.0108	0.182	-1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Dissolved Oxygen



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 10: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	8541	1995	2023
479	972	2001	2021
69	752	1989	2017
95	626	1971	2018
476	284	2008	2023
103	231	2020	2022
118	1	2005	2005

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

- 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program
 95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network
 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network
 103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)
 118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- N_H is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_H$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 11: Value Qualifiers for Dissolved Oxygen

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_H</i>	<i>perc_H</i>
2008	339	15	4.4

Note: 1H - Value based on field kit determination

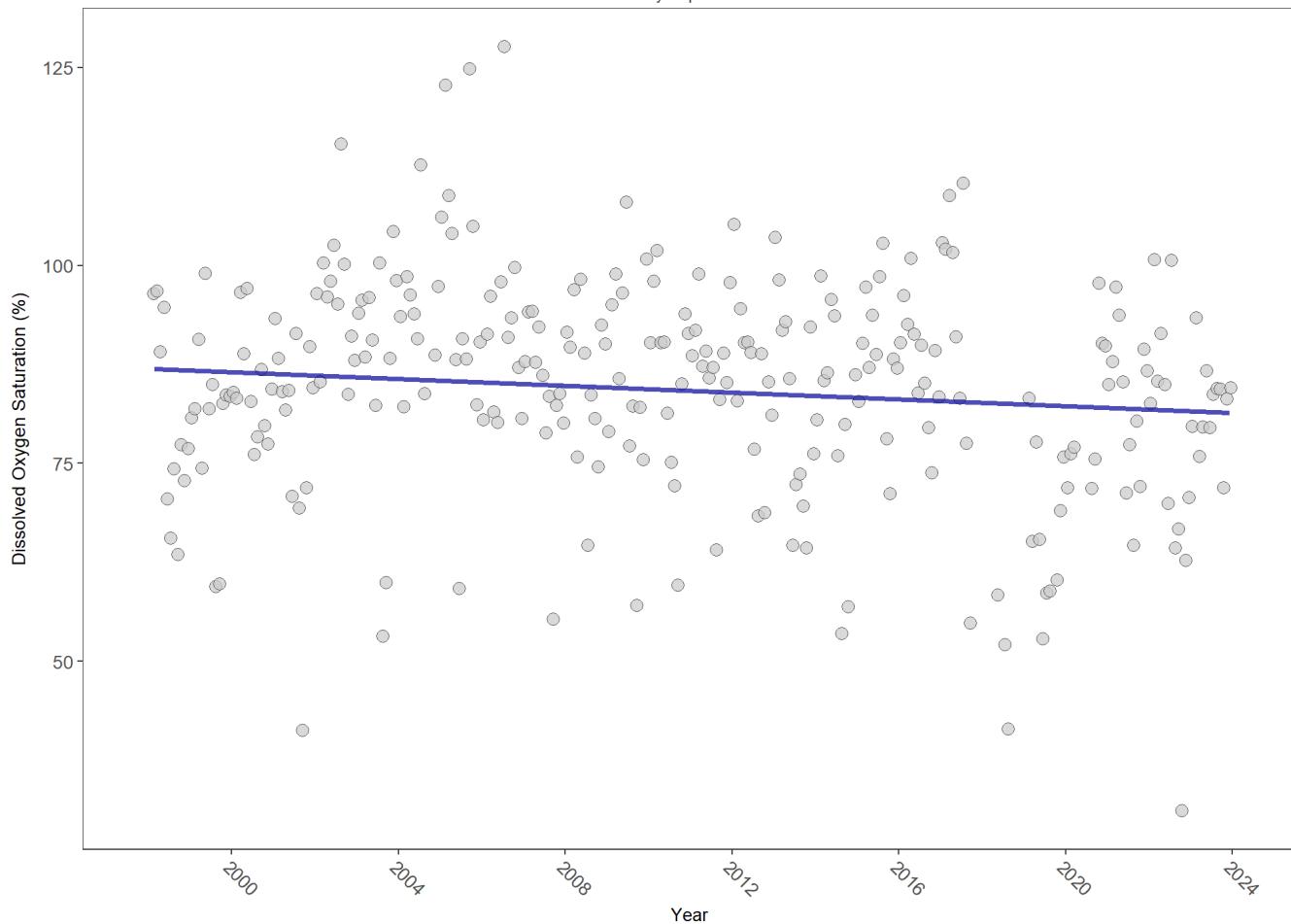
Programs containing Value Qualified data:

- 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Discrete Water Quality

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Dissolved Oxygen Saturation, Field, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

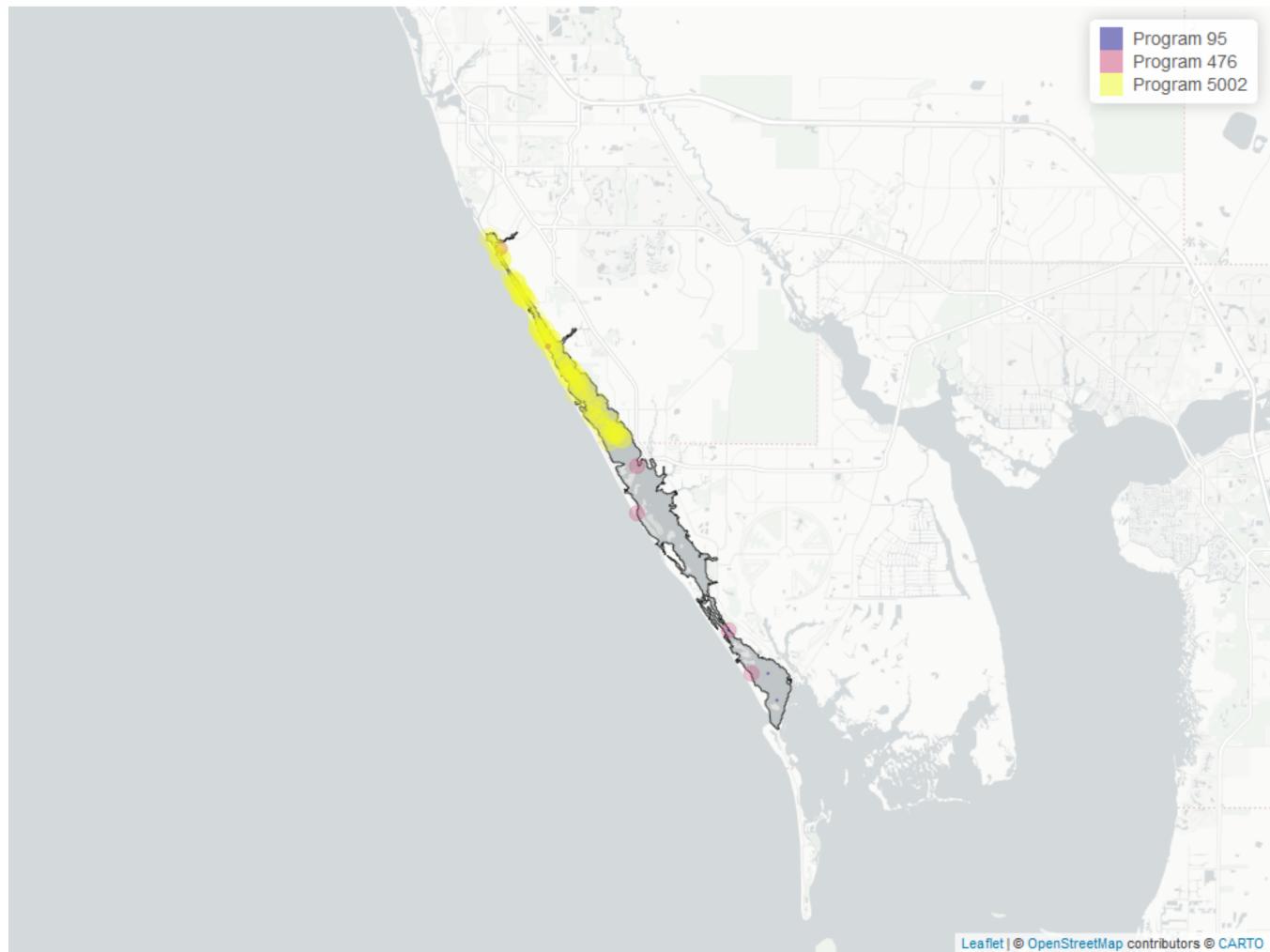


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	4305	26	87	TRUE	-0.1058	0.0118	-0.2148148	86.9875	11.8189	0.3774	-1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 12: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	4156	1998	2023
476	179	2018	2023
95	4	2005	2018

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

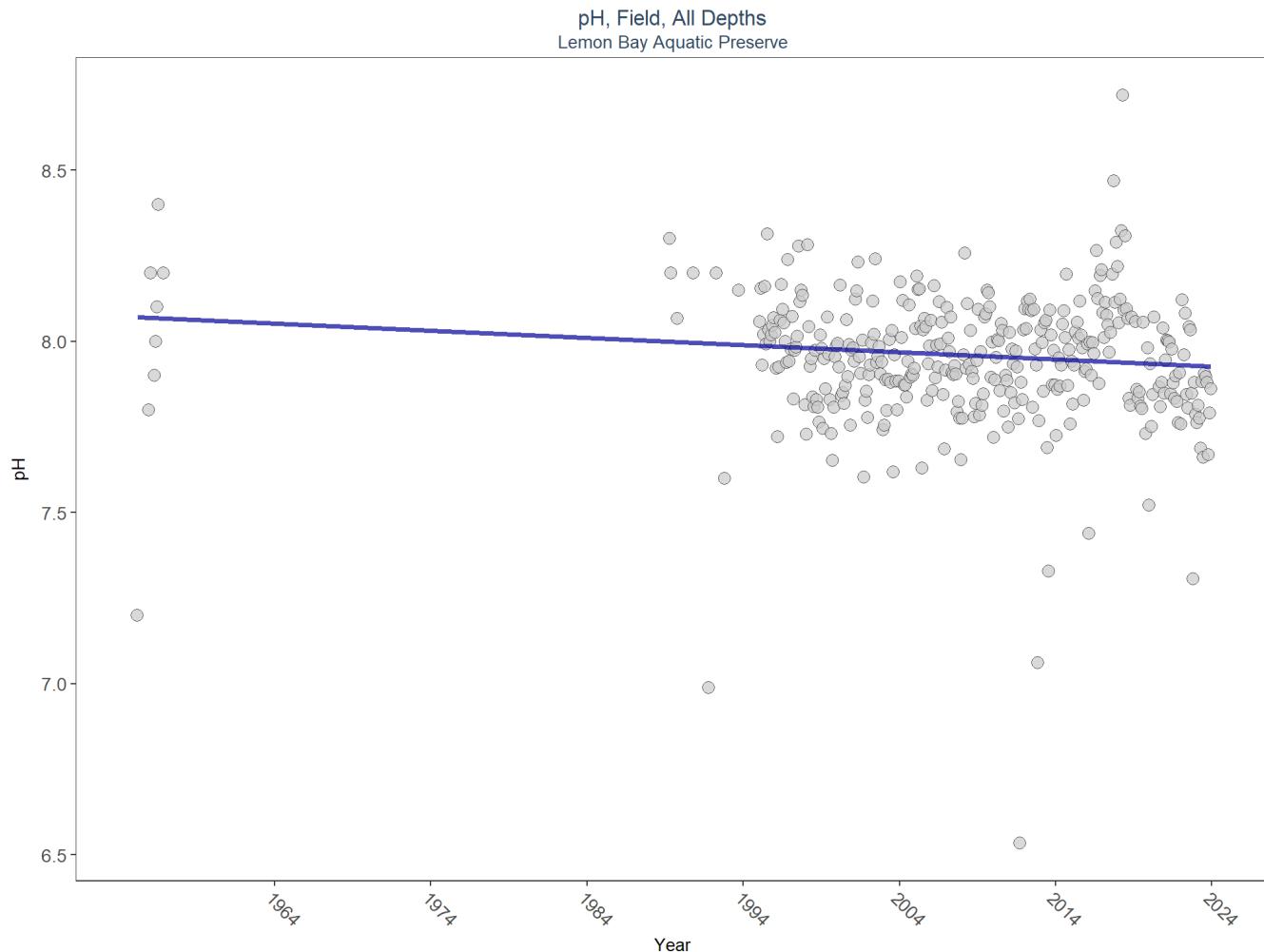
95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation in Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

pH - Discrete Water Quality

The **pH** of water is the measure of how acidic or basic the water body is on a scale of 0-14, with lower readings indicating acidic and higher readings indicating basic, and a pH of 7 being neutral. Florida's natural waters fall between 6.5 and 8.5 on this scale. A water body's pH can change due to precipitation, geology, vegetation, water pollution and air pollution.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

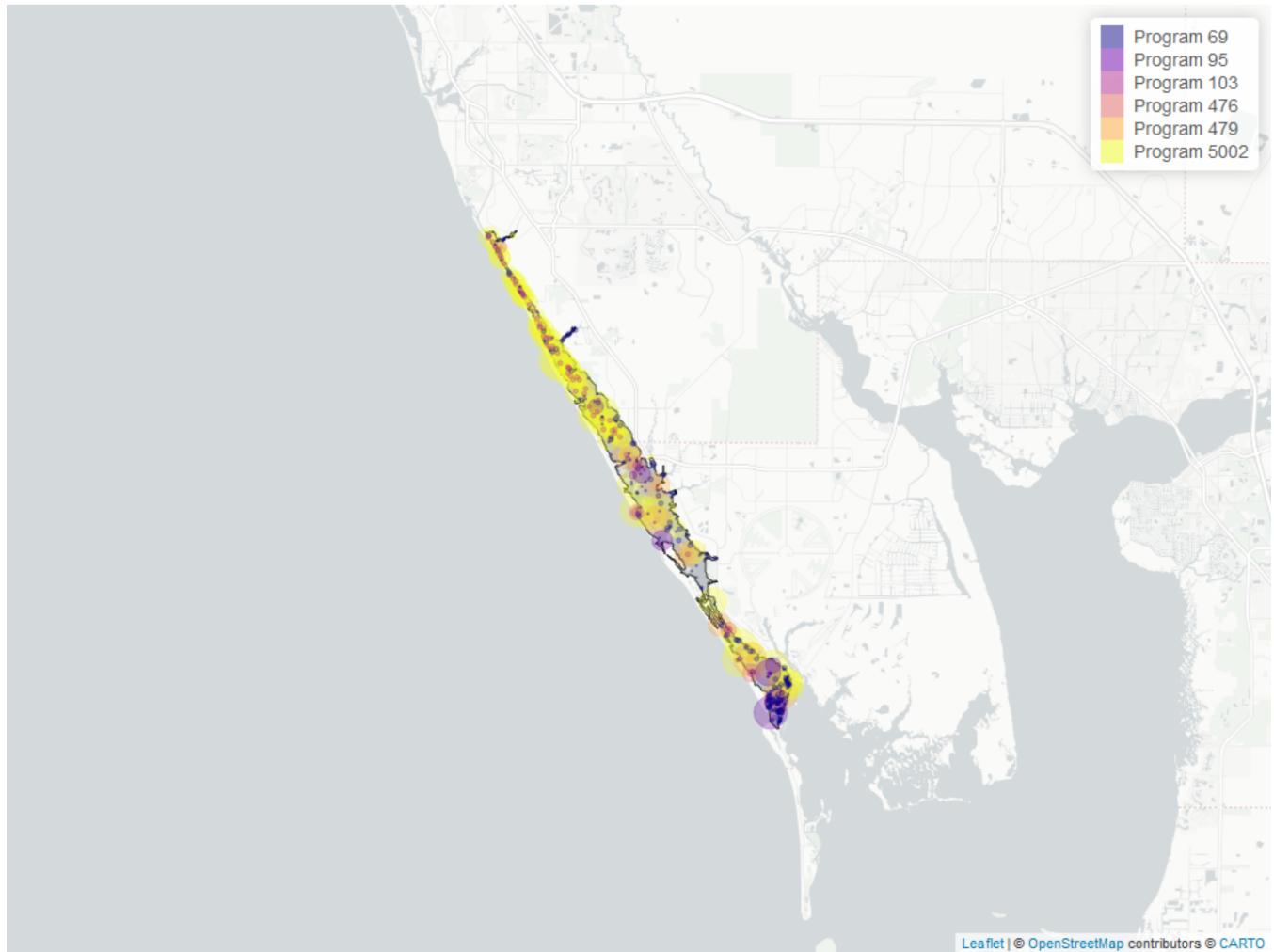


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	9571	36	8	TRUE	-0.0976	0.0083	-0.002098982	8.071979	5.5386	0.9023	-1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for pH



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 13: Programs contributing data for pH

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	6816	1995	2023
479	976	2001	2021
69	750	1989	2017
95	598	1955	2018
103	232	2020	2022
476	221	2009	2023

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network
103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

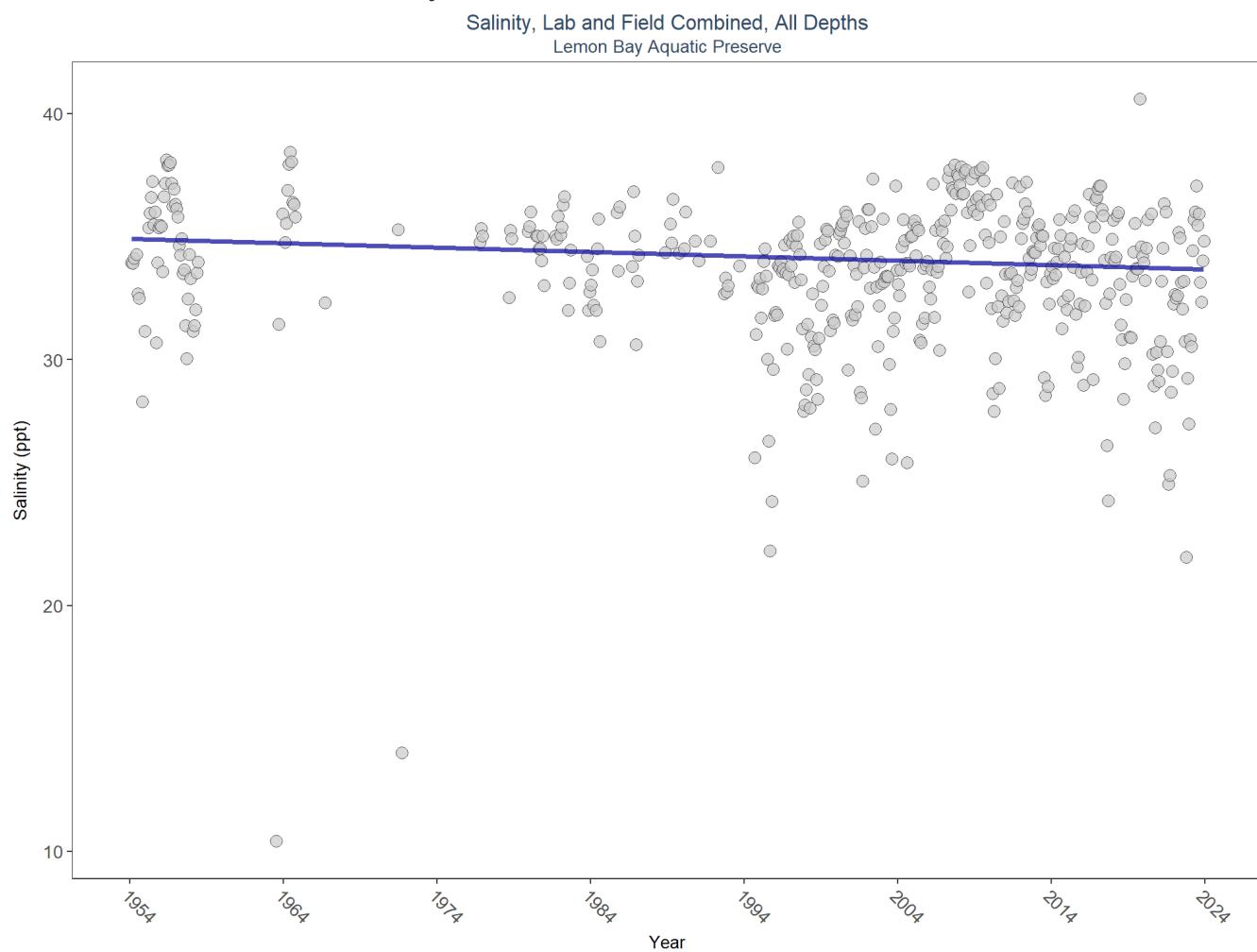
476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for pH in Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

Salinity - Discrete Water Quality

Salinity is a measure of the amount of salt in the water. In estuarine ecosystems, salinity is influenced by precipitation, evaporation, surface-water inputs, and exchange with coastal waters.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

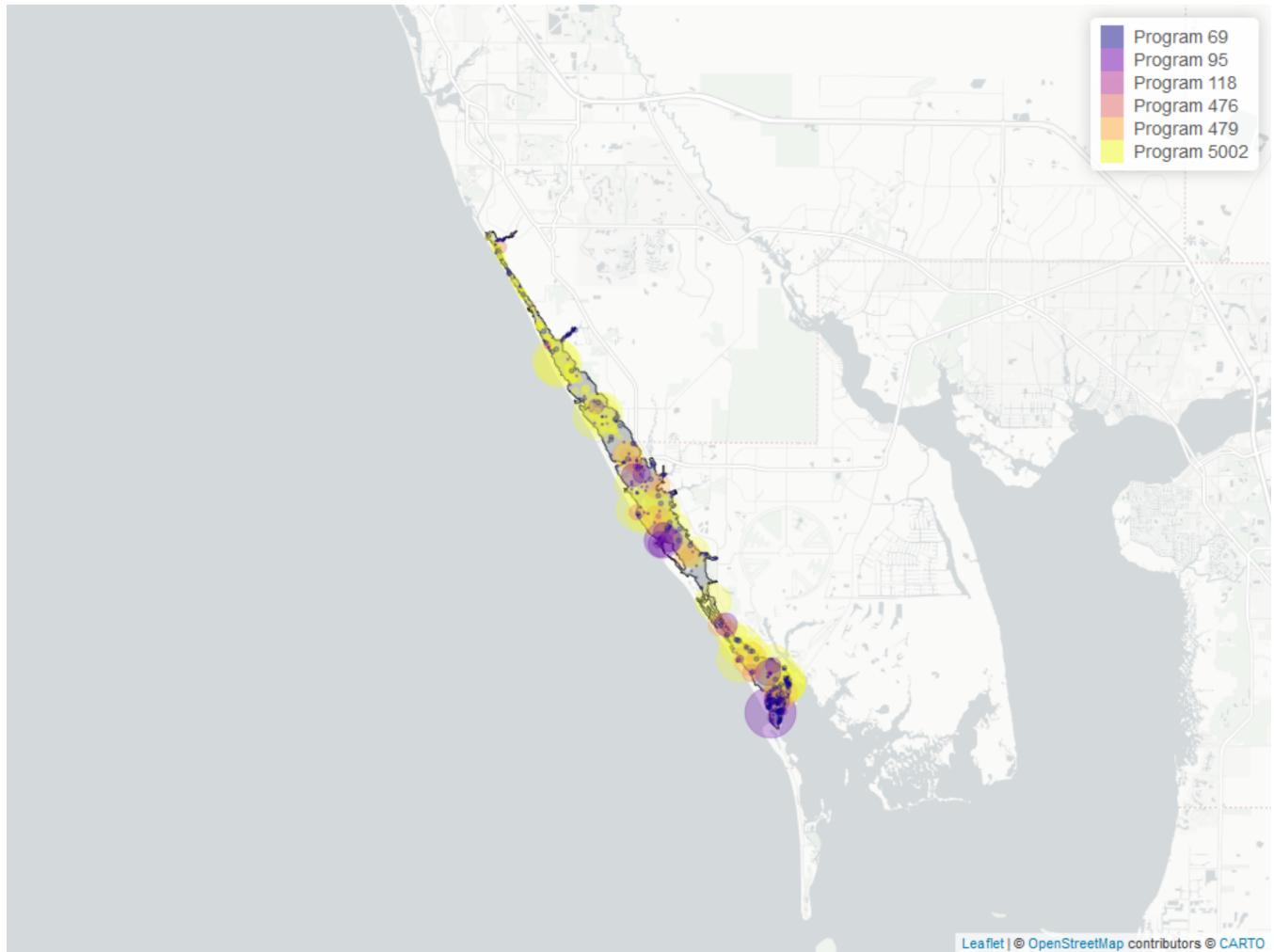


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	8646	56	33.91	TRUE	-0.0881	0.0038	-0.0175976	34.89972	8.9809	0.6237	-1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Salinity



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 14: Programs contributing data for Salinity

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	5179	1995	2023
95	1504	1954	2018
479	988	2001	2021
69	763	1989	2017
476	212	2017	2023
118	4	2020	2020

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

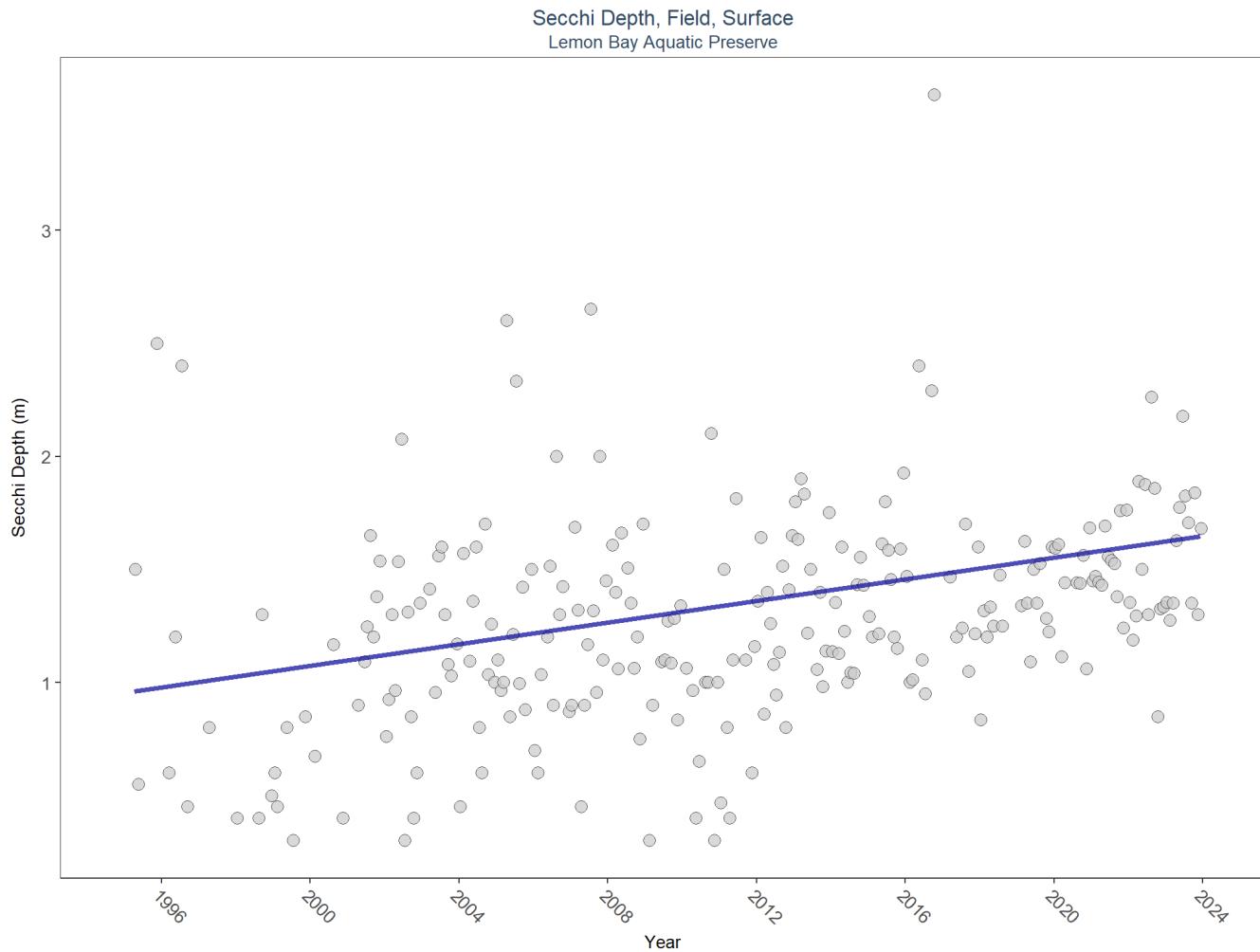
118 - National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for Salinity in Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

Secchi Depth - Discrete Water Quality

Secchi depth is a measure of the transparency or clarity of the water by a device called a Secchi disk. A Secchi disk is a black and white disk that is lowered into the water on a cord. The Secchi depth is the depth at which the disk can no longer be seen. The deeper the Secchi depth, the greater the water clarity.

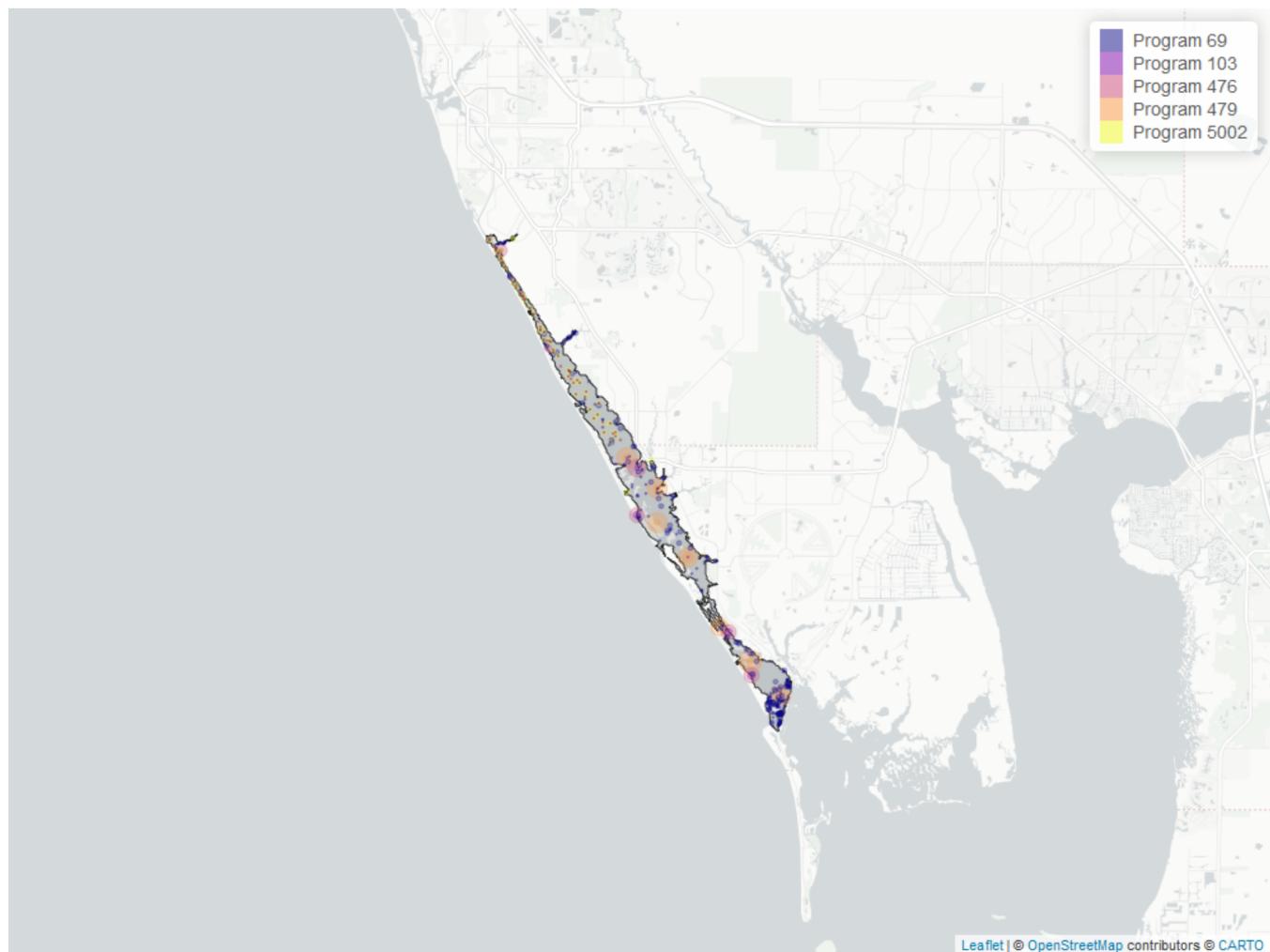
Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis



$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Secchi Depth



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 15: Programs contributing data for Secchi Depth

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
69	720	1995	2017
479	514	2001	2021
5002	204	2007	2023
476	198	2017	2023
103	102	2020	2022

Program names:

- 69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program
- 479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring
- 5002 - Florida STORET / WIN
- 476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

Value Qualifiers

- $N_{_Total}$ is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of $N_{_Total}$

Table 16: Value Qualifiers for Secchi Depth

Year	$N_{_Total}$	$N_{_S}$	$perc_{_S}$
2017	29	8	27.6
2018	24	12	50.0
2019	36	21	58.3
2020	104	29	27.9
2021	198	75	37.9
2022	85	57	67.1
2023	98	76	77.6

Note: 1S - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

Total Nitrogen - Discrete Water Quality

Nitrogen and **Phosphorous** are key nutrients that provide nourishment essential for the growth and maintenance of aquatic plants and animals; however, excess nutrients can cause harmful algal blooms and other water quality concerns. Nutrients enter water bodies several ways, including runoff from rain events and atmospheric deposition from natural and industrial sources.

Total Nitrogen Calculation:

The logic for calculated Total Nitrogen was provided by Kevin O'Donnell and colleagues at FDEP (with the help of Jay Silvanima, Watershed Monitoring Section). The following logic is used, in this order, based on the availability of specific nitrogen components.

- 1) $TN = TKN + NO_3O_2;$
- 2) $TN = TKN + NO_3 + NO_2;$
- 3) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3O_2;$
- 4) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_2 + NO_3;$
- 5) $TN = TKN + NO_3;$
- 6) $TN = ORGN + NH_4 + NO_3;$

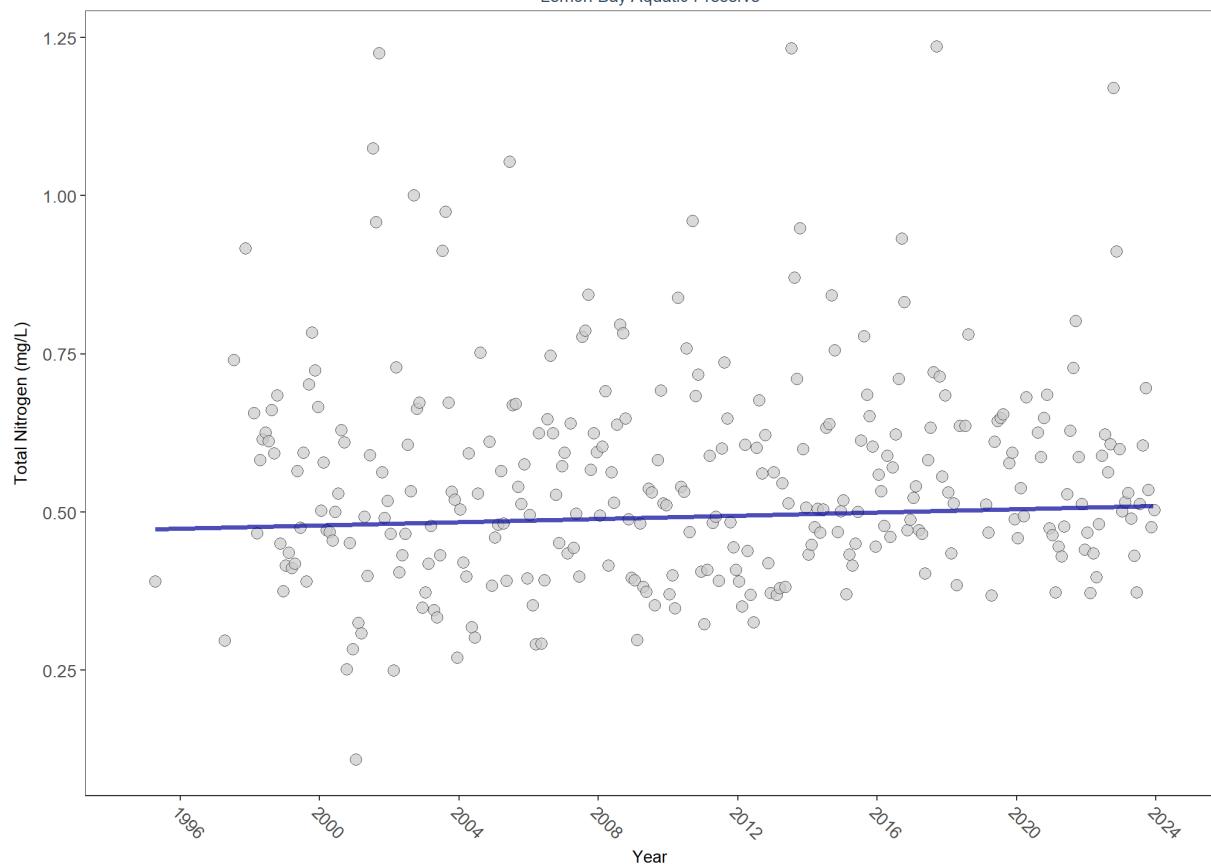
Additional Information:

- Rules for use of sample fraction:
 - FDEP report that if both “Total” and “Dissolved” are reported, only “Total” is used. If the total is not reported, they do use dissolved as a best available replacement.
 - An analysis of all SEACAR data shows that 90% of all possible TN calculations can be done using nitrogen components with the same sample fraction, rather than use nitrogen components with mixed total/dissolved sample fractions. In other words, TN can be calculated when TKN and NO_3O_2 are both total sample fraction, or when both are dissolved sample fraction. This is important, because then the calculated TN value is not based on components with mixed sample fractions.
- Values inserted into data:
 - ParameterName = “Total Nitrogen”
 - SEACAR_QAQCFlagCode = “1Q”

- SEACAR_QAQC_Description = “SEACAR Calculated”

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Total Nitrogen, Lab, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

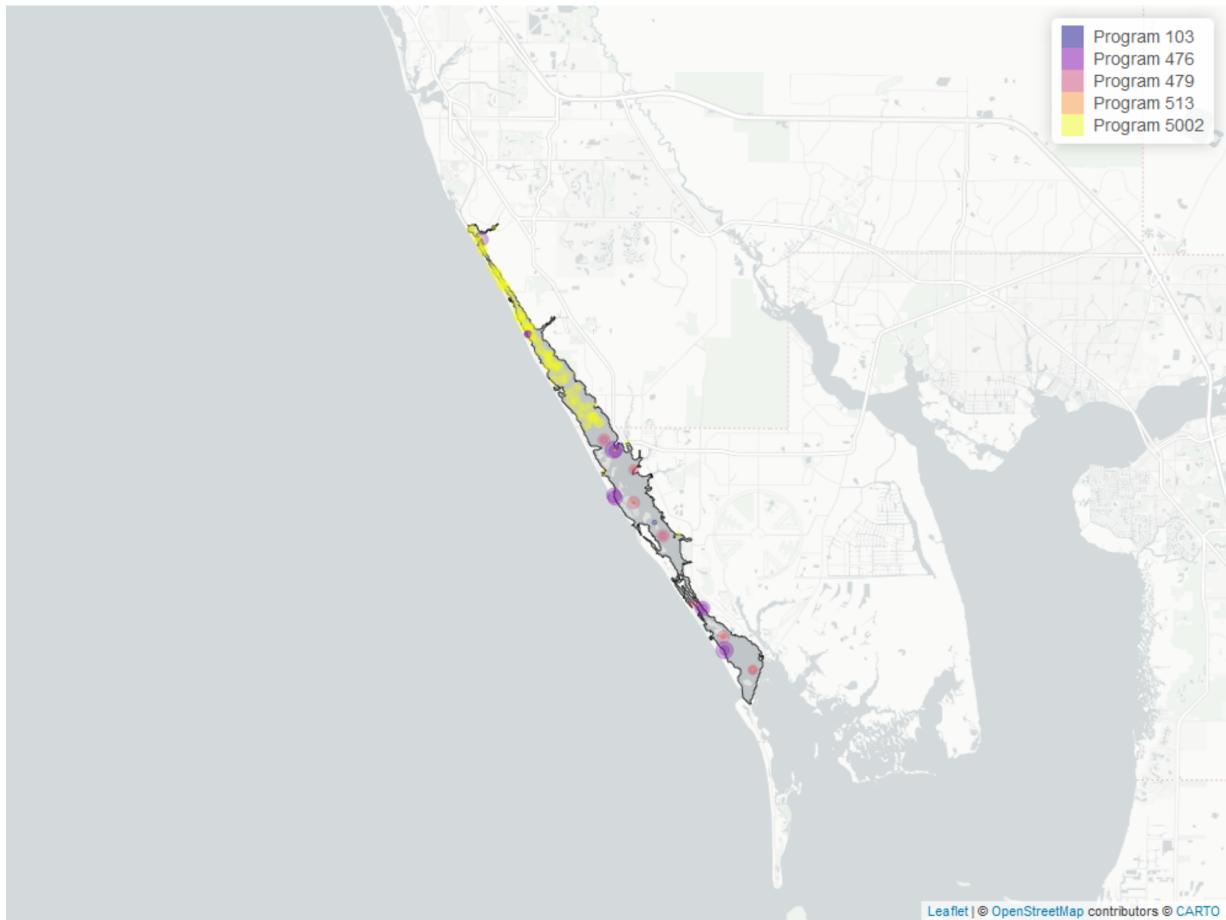


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	1802	28	0.515	TRUE	0.0677	0.1107	0.001266842	0.4726888	5.0648	0.928	0

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Nitrogen



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 17: Programs contributing data for Total Nitrogen

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	1267	1995	2023
476	318	1998	2023
479	194	2007	2021
513	22	2001	2008
103	4	2005	2005

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year

- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of $N_{_Total}$

Table 18: Value Qualifiers for Total Nitrogen

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_I</i>	<i>perc_I</i>	<i>N_U</i>	<i>perc_U</i>
2001	51			1	2.0
2002	58			2	3.5
2004	55			3	5.4
2005	69			2	2.9
2006	68	5	7.3	1	1.5
2007	96	1	1.0		

Note: ¹**I** - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²**U** - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

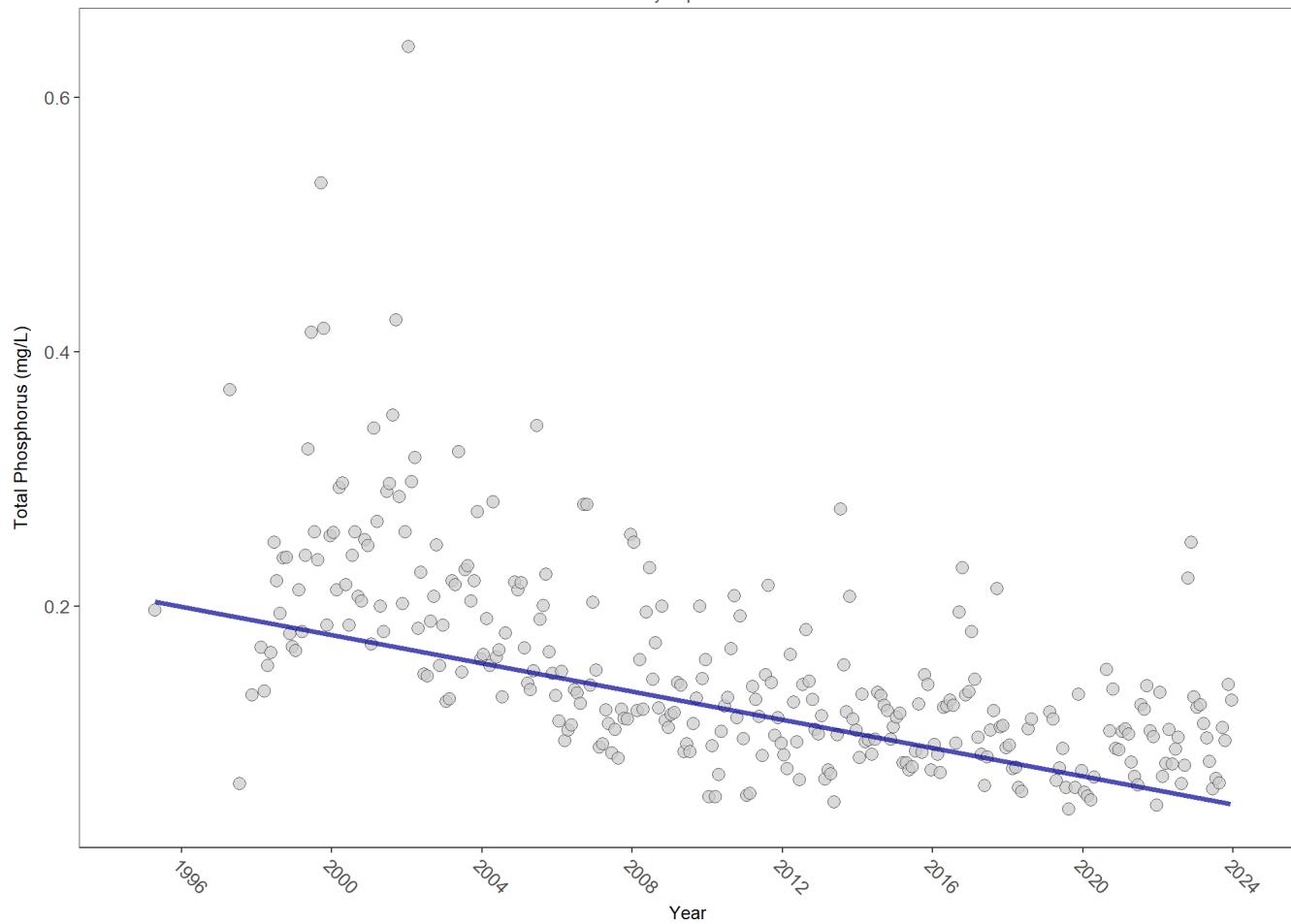
Programs containing Value Qualified data:

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

Total Phosphorus - Discrete Water Quality

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Total Phosphorus, Lab, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

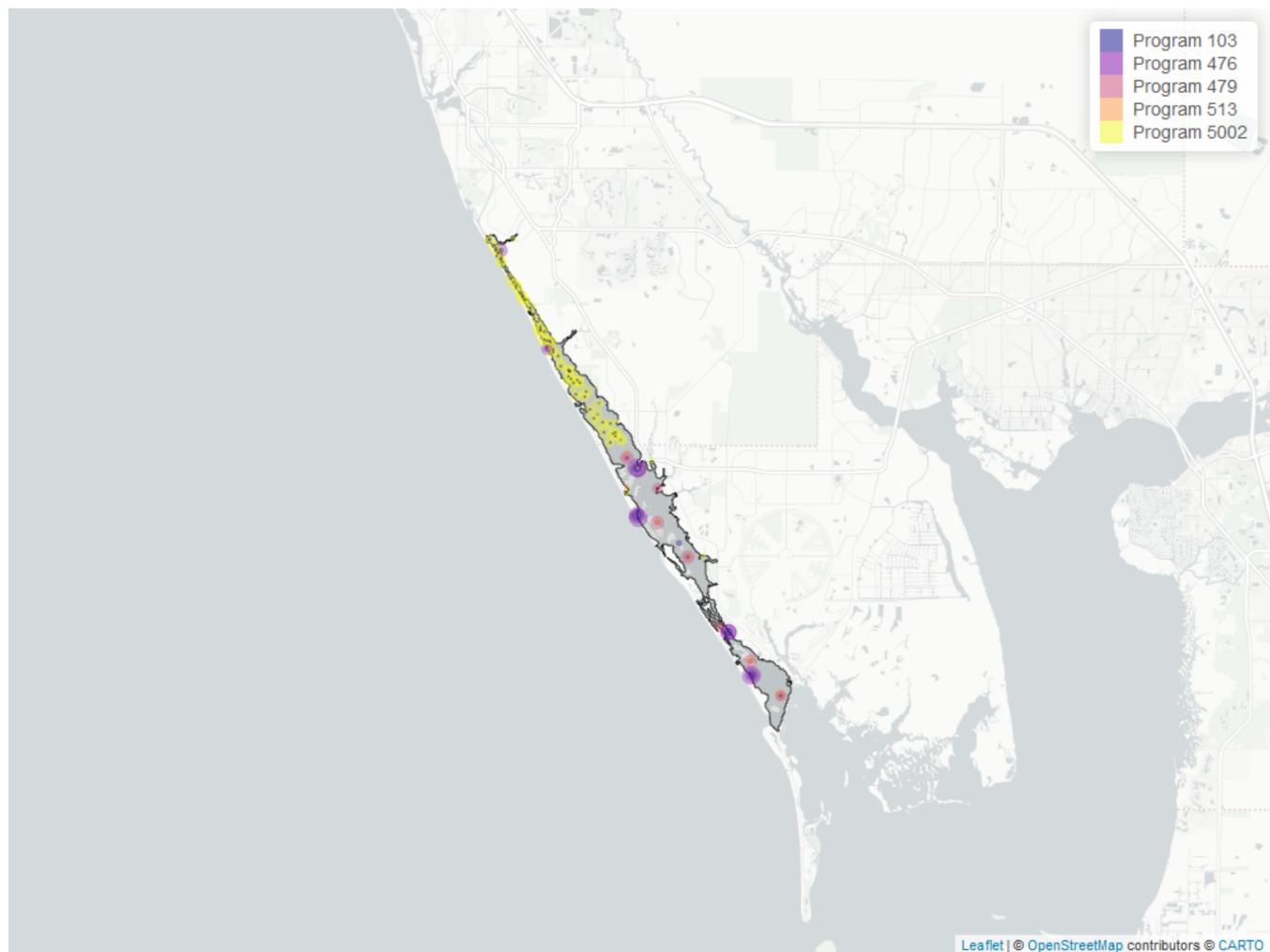


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	1987	28	0.12	TRUE	-0.5083	0.0000	-0.005560185	0.2049976	5.3518	0.9129	-1

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Phosphorus



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 19: Programs contributing data for Total Phosphorus

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	1267	1995	2023
476	399	1998	2023
479	195	2007	2021
103	124	2005	2022
513	55	2002	2008

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 20: Value Qualifiers for Total Phosphorus

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
1998	45	20	44.4	1	2.2		
1999	54	11	20.4	4	7.4		
2000	49	9	18.4				
2001	51	9	17.6	3	5.9	1	2.0
2002	55	15	27.3			8	14.6
2003	67	19	28.4			10	14.9
2004	61	32	52.5	5	8.2	2	3.3
2005	85	36	42.4	1	1.2		
2006	91	62	68.1			1	1.1
2007	146	96	65.8			6	4.1
2008	96	34	35.4			2	2.1
2009	77	47	61.0			3	3.9
2010	66	37	56.1			10	15.2
2011	68	45	66.2			8	11.8
2012	81	41	50.6			4	4.9
2013	84	39	46.4			4	4.8
2014	86	49	57.0				
2015	91	47	51.6			2	2.2
2016	66	46	69.7				
2017	62	32	51.6			5	8.1
2020	85	20	23.5			1	1.2
2021	217	44	20.3			5	2.3
2022	86	40	46.5			2	2.3
2023	90	49	54.4			6	6.7

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q
 - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

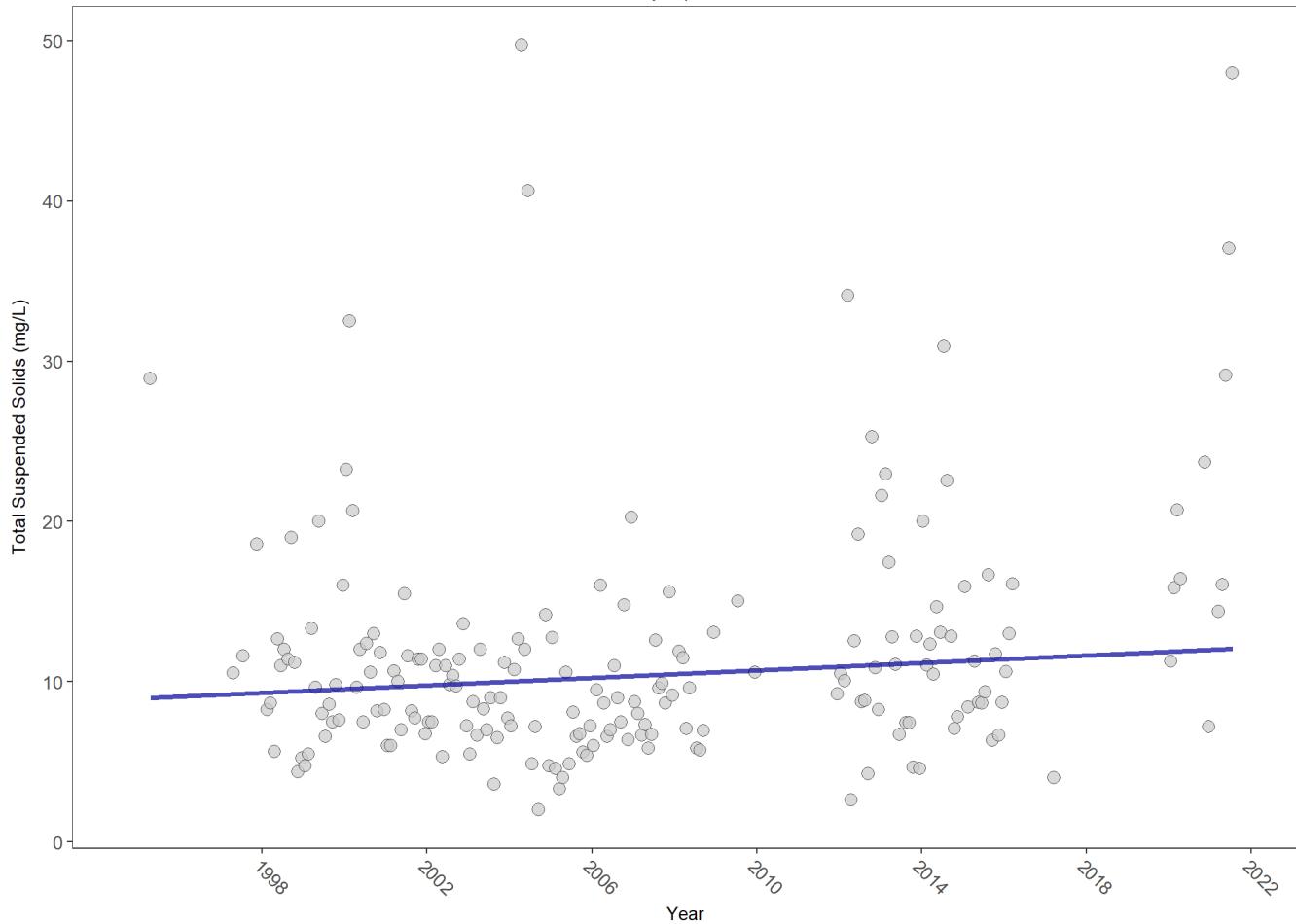
479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

Total Suspended Solids - Discrete Water Quality

Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are solid particles suspended in water that exceed 2 microns in size and can be trapped by a filter.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Total Suspended Solids, Lab and Field Combined, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

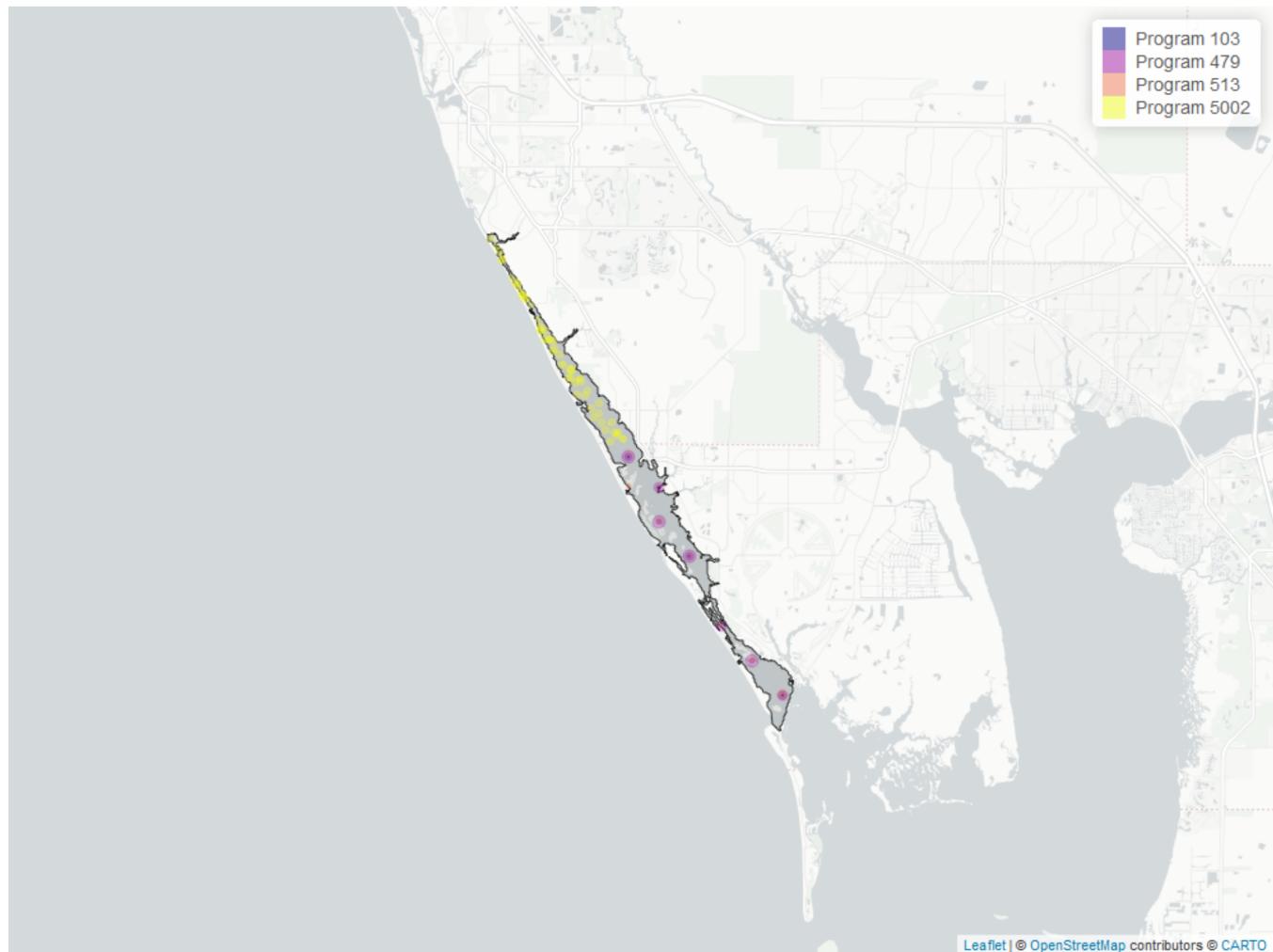


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	720	23	9	TRUE	0.0913	0.0724	0.116543	8.971123	10.1797	0.5143	0

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Suspended Solids



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 21: Programs contributing data for Total Suspended Solids

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	504	1995	2017
479	195	2007	2021
513	24	2003	2008
103	4	2020	2020

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{_}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{_}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 22: Value Qualifiers for Total Suspended Solids

<i>Year</i>	<i>N_Total</i>	<i>N_I</i>	<i>perc_I</i>	<i>N_Q</i>	<i>perc_Q</i>	<i>N_U</i>	<i>perc_U</i>
1998	43	16	37.2				
1999	47	21	44.7				
2000	47	10	21.3				
2001	47	19	40.4				
2002	47	13	27.7				
2003	65	21	32.3	2	3.1	8	12.3
2004	53	15	28.3			6	11.3
2005	61	33	54.1	1	1.6	2	3.3
2006	56	25	44.6				
2007	58	23	39.7				
2017	1	1	100.0				
2021	17			4	23.5		

Note: ¹**I** - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²**Q** - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³**U** - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

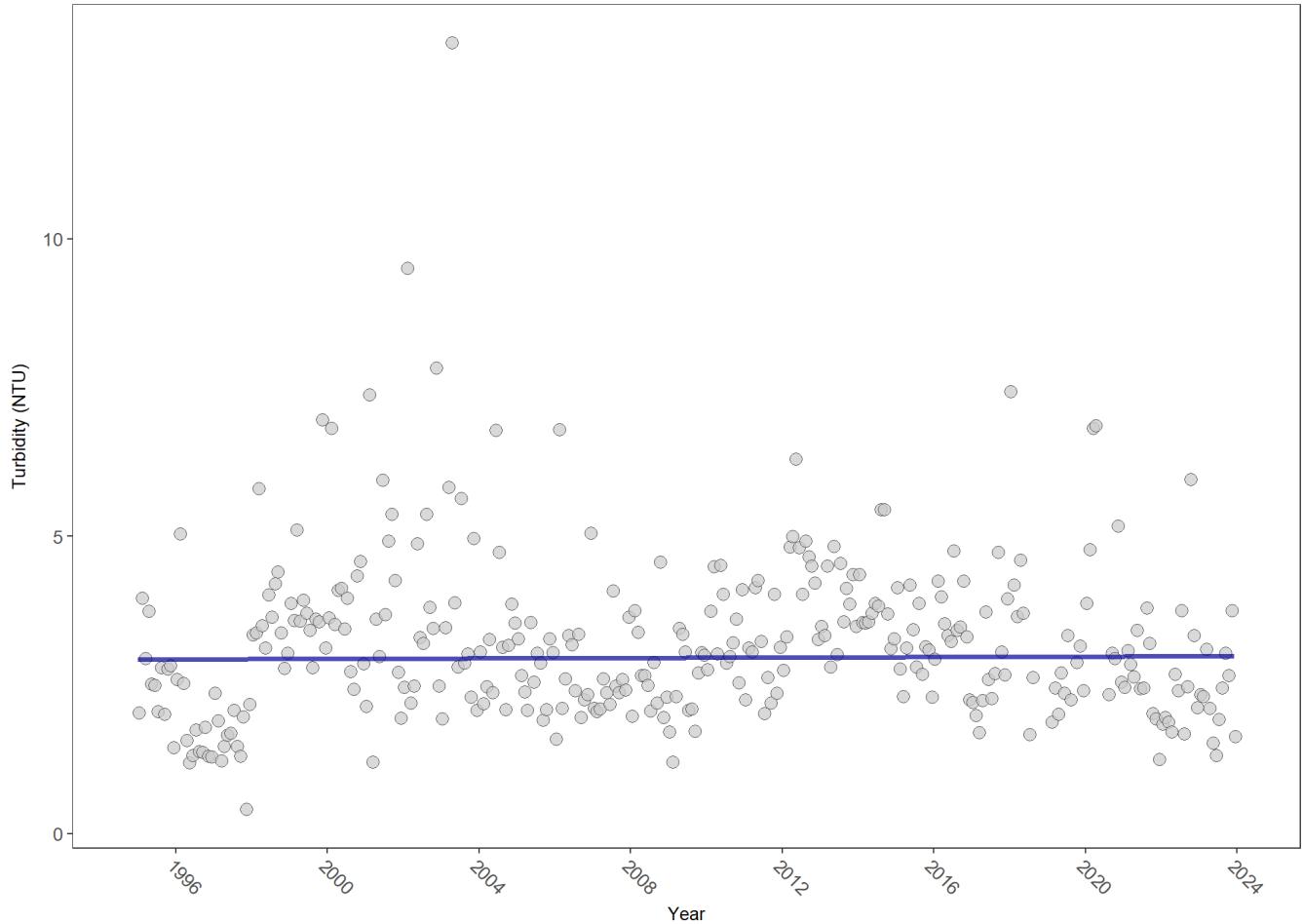
513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

Turbidity - Discrete Water Quality

Turbidity results from suspended solids in the water, including silts, clays, tannins, industrial wastes, sewage and plankton, which are all factors that contribute to how clouded or murky a water column is. Turbidity is caused by soil erosion, excess nutrients, pollutants, and physical forces such as winds, currents and bottom feeders.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Turbidity, Lab and Field Combined, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

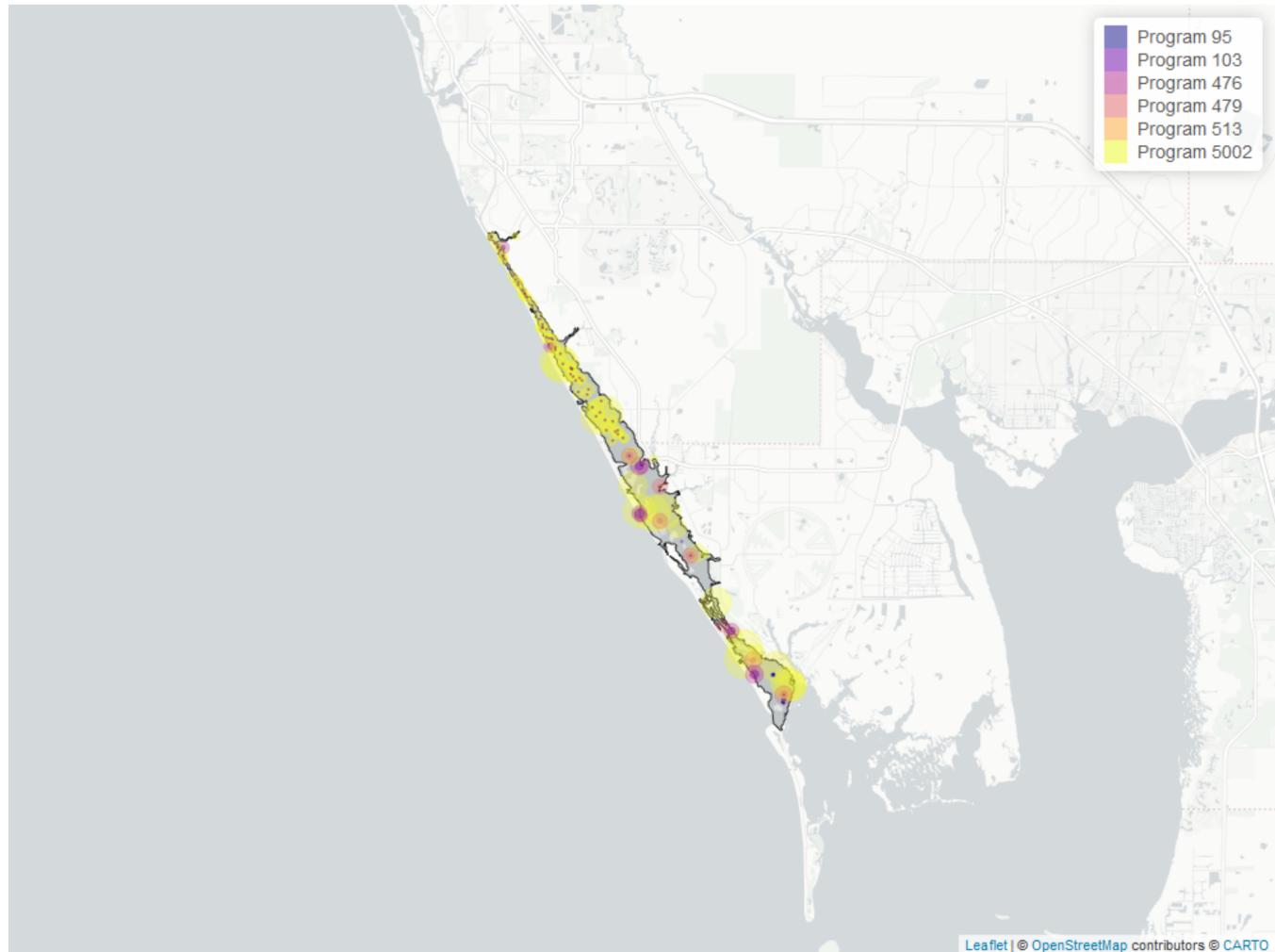


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	4910	29	2.6	TRUE	0.0105	0.8125	0.002148394	2.926061	8.1957	0.6957	0

$p < 0.00005$ appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Turbidity



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 23: Programs contributing data for Turbidity

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	4141	1995	2023
476	335	1999	2023
479	321	2001	2021
103	123	2005	2022
95	14	2003	2004
513	1	2002	2002

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network

513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

Value Qualifiers

- N_{Total} is total amount of data for a given year
- $N_{}$ is the total amount of values flagged with the respective value qualifier in a given year
- $perc_{}$ is the percent of data flagged with the respective value qualifier as a proportion of N_{Total}

Table 24: Value Qualifiers for Turbidity

Year	N_{Total}	N_I	$perc_I$	N_Q	$perc_Q$	N_U	$perc_U$
2000	277			2	0.7		
2003	179			1	0.6	4	2.2
2004	201	13	6.5			1	0.5
2006	153					1	0.7
2007	233					1	0.4
2009	253			2	0.8		
2010	345			6	1.7		
2011	288			5	1.7		
2016	68			4	5.9		
2022	98	1	1.0	2	2.0		
2023	104	3	2.9				

Note: ¹I - Reported value is greater than or equal to lab method detection limit, but less than quantitation limit ²Q

- Sample held beyond the accepted holding time ³U - Compound was analyzed for but not detected

Programs containing Value Qualified data:

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

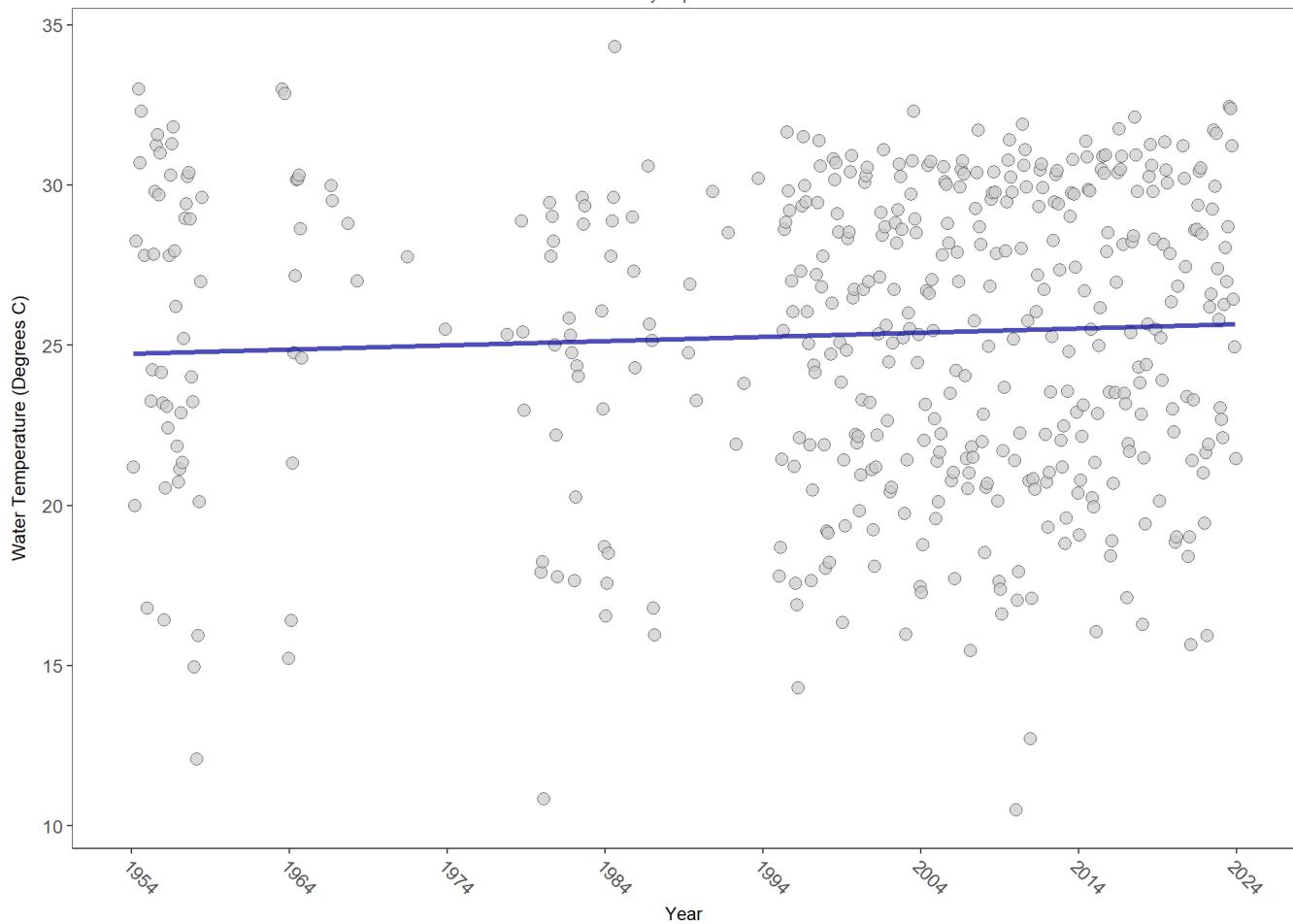
513 - Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network

Water Temperature - Discrete Water Quality

Temperature determines the capacity of water to hold oxygen. Cooler water can hold more dissolved oxygen because water molecules are more tightly packed, making it harder for oxygen to escape. Additionally, as water temperature increases, fish and other aquatic organisms become more active and consume oxygen at a faster rate.

Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

Water Temperature, Field, All Depths
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

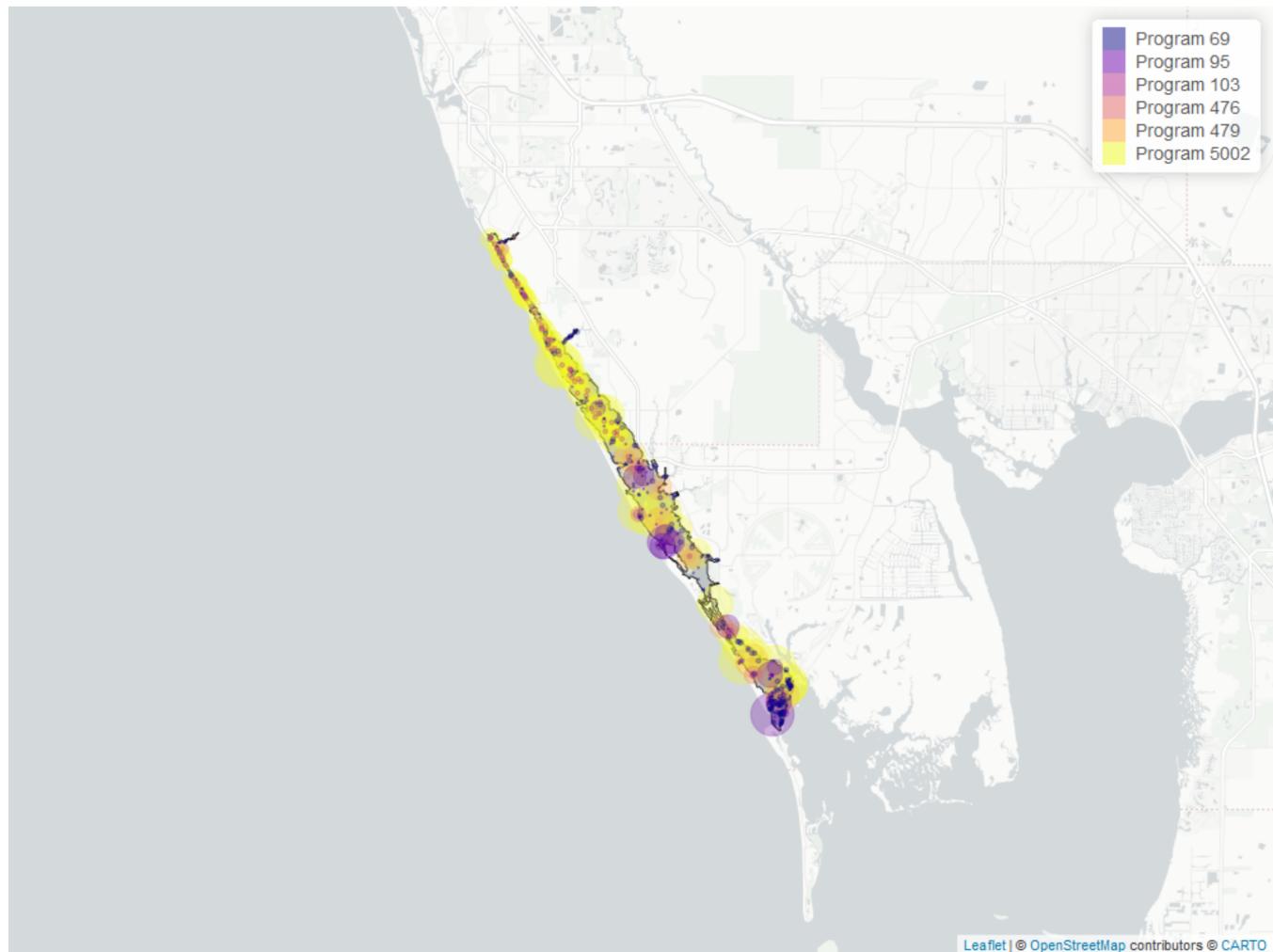


RelativeDepth	N_Data	N_Years	Median	Independent	tau	p	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	12347	57	26.6	TRUE	0.0997	0.0014	0.0130787	24.74564	15.6131	0.1561	1

p < 0.00005 appear as 0 due to rounding.

SennIntercept is intercept value at beginning of record for monitoring location

Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Water Temperature



The bubble size on the above plots reflects the amount of data available at each sampling site

Table 25: Programs contributing data for Water Temperature

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	8853	1995	2023
95	1305	1954	2018
479	982	2001	2021
69	768	1989	2017
103	232	2020	2022
476	209	2017	2023

Program names:

5002 - Florida STORET / WIN

95 - Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network

479 - Southwest Florida Water Management District - Water Quality Monitoring

69 - Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program

103 - EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)

476 - Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network

There are no qualifying Value Qualifiers for Water Temperature in Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

The data file used is: All_SAV_Parameters-2024-Mar-29.txt

Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) refers to plants and plant-like macroalgae species that live entirely underwater. The two primary categories of SAV inhabiting Florida estuaries are *benthic macroalgae* and *seagrasses*. They often grow together in dense beds or meadows that carpet the seafloor. *Macroalgae* include multicellular species of green, red and brown algae that often live attached to the substrate by a holdfast. They tend to grow quickly and can tolerate relatively high nutrient levels, making them a threat to seagrasses and other benthic habitats in areas with poor water quality. In contrast, *seagrasses* are grass-like, vascular, flowering plants that are attached to the seafloor by extensive root systems. *Seagrasses* occur throughout the coastal areas of Florida, including protected bays and lagoons as well as deeper offshore waters on the continental shelf. *Seagrasses* have taken advantage of the broad, shallow shelf and clear water to produce two of the most extensive seagrass beds anywhere in continental North America.

Parameters

Percent Cover measures the fraction of an area of seafloor that is covered by SAV, usually estimated by evaluating multiple small areas of seafloor. Percent cover is often estimated for total SAV, individual types of vegetation (seagrass, attached algae, drift algae) and individual species.

Frequency of Occurrence was calculated as the number of times a taxon was observed in a year divided by the number of sampling events, multiplied by 100. Analysis is conducted at the quadrat level and is inclusive of all quadrats (i.e., quadrats evaluated using Braun-Blanquet, modified Braun-Blanquet, and percent cover.)

Species

Turtle grass (*Thalassia testudinum*) is the largest of the Florida seagrasses, with longer, thicker blades and deeper root structures than any of the other seagrasses. It is considered a climax seagrass species.

Shoal grass (*Halodule wrightii*) is an early colonizer of vegetated areas and usually grows in water too shallow for other species except *widgeon grass*. It can often tolerate larger salinity ranges than other seagrass species. *Shoal grass* is characterized by thin, flat blades, that are narrower than *turtle grass* blades.

Manatee grass (*Syringodium filiforme*) is easily recognizable because its leaves are thin and cylindrical instead of the flat, ribbon-like form shared by many other seagrass species. The leaves can grow up to half a meter in length. *Manatee grass* is usually found in mixed seagrass beds or small, dense monospecific patches.

Widgeon grass (*Ruppia maritima*) grows in both fresh and salt water and is widely distributed throughout Florida's estuaries in less saline areas, particularly in inlets along the east coast. This species resembles *shoal grass* in certain environments but can be identified by the pointed tips of its leaves.

Three species of *Halophila spp.* are found in Florida - **Star grass** (*Halophila engelmannii*), **Paddle grass** (*Halophila decipiens*), and **Johnson's seagrass** (*Halophila johnsonii*). These are smaller, more fragile seagrasses than other Florida species and are considered ephemeral. They grow along a single long rhizome, with short blades. These species are not well-studied, although surveys are underway to define their ecological roles.

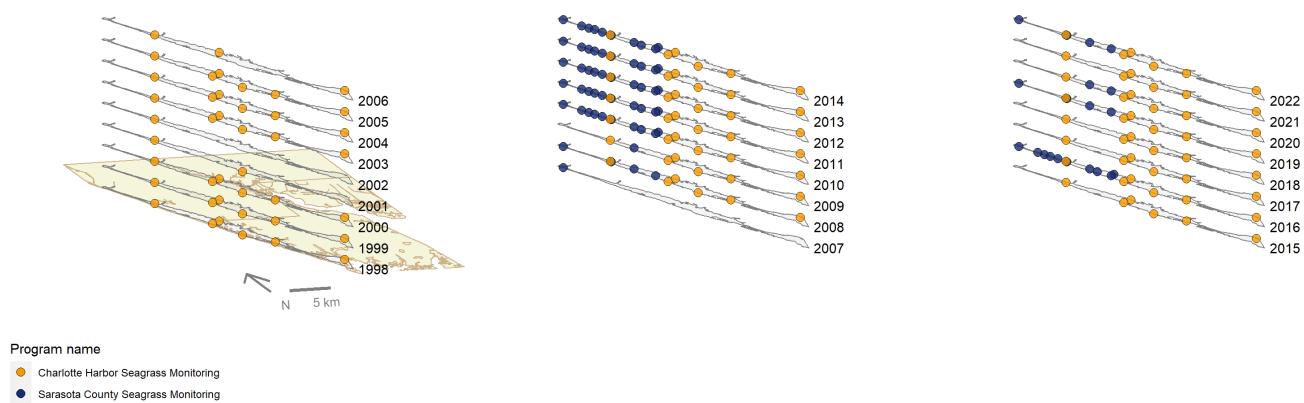
Notes

Star grass, *Paddle grass*, and *Johnson's seagrass* will be grouped together and listed as **Halophila spp.** in the following managed areas. This is because several surveys did not specify to the species level:

- Banana River Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Malabar to Vero Beach Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Vero Beach to Ft. Pierce Aquatic Preserve
- Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve
- Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve
- Mosquito Lagoon Aquatic Preserve

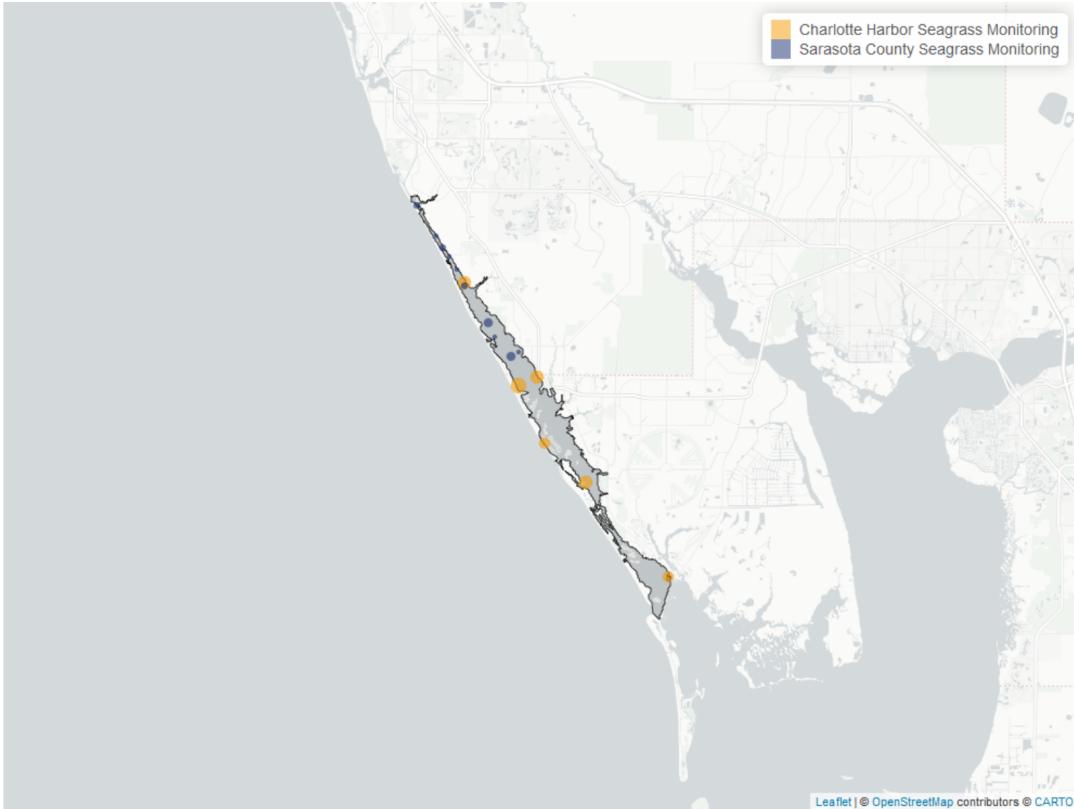
- Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve
- Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve
SAV Percent Cover - Sample Locations



Maps showing the temporal scope of SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve* by Program name.

Sampling locations by Program:



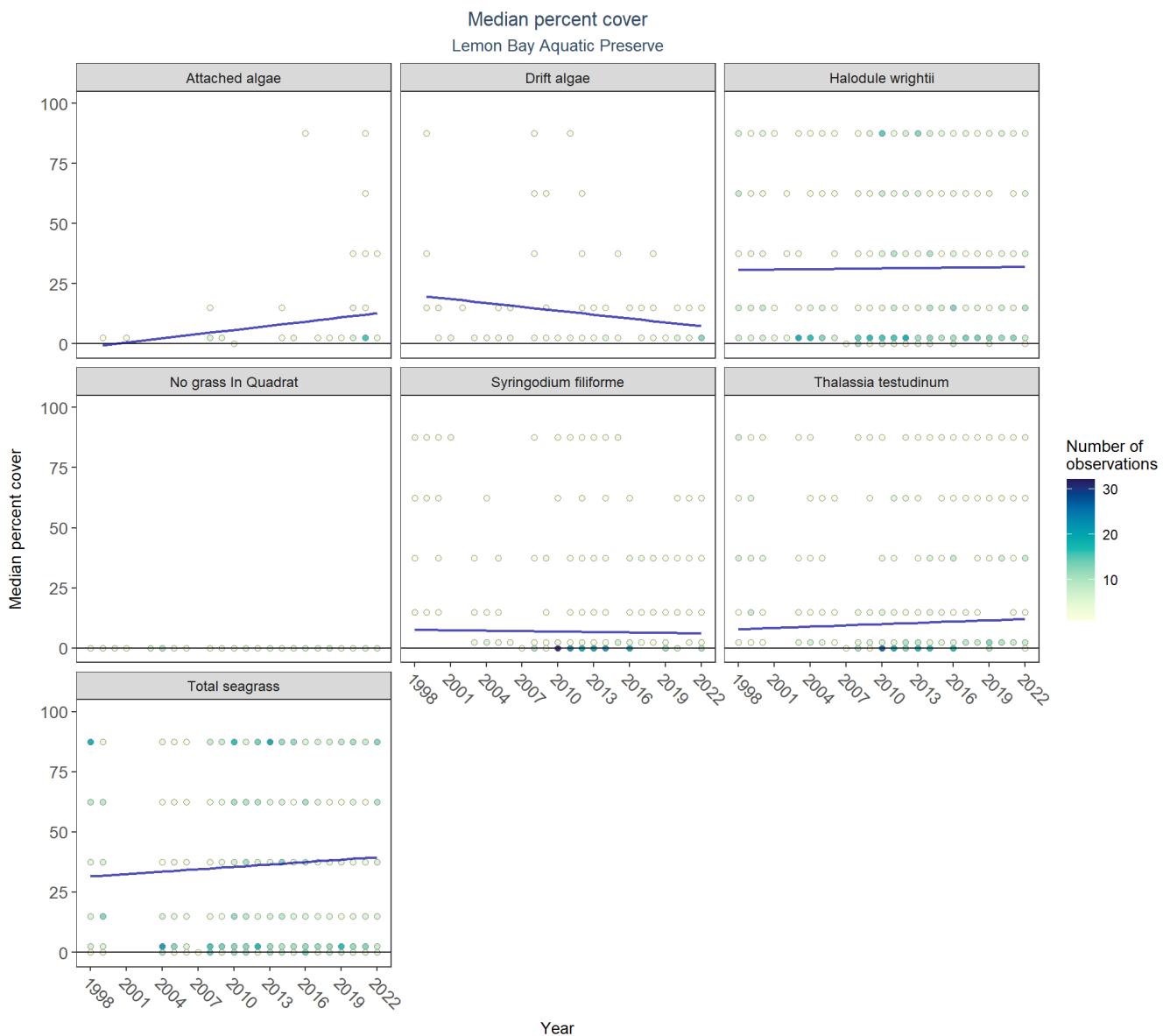
Map showing SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve*. The point size reflects the number of samples at a given sampling site.

Table 26: Charlotte Harbor Seagrass Monitoring - *Program 570*

<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>	<i>Collection Method</i>	<i>Sample Locations</i>
2007	1998	2022	Braun Blanquet	6

Table 27: Sarasota County Seagrass Monitoring - *Program 568*

<i>N_Data</i>	<i>YearMin</i>	<i>YearMax</i>	<i>Collection Method</i>	<i>Sample Locations</i>
716	2007	2022	Percent Cover	10



Median percent cover by species in *Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve*. Linear mixed-effects models are applied to each species to produce species trends. The trendlines are then isolated and reproduced below for ease of viewing. The LME results are available in table form beneath the supplemental trendplot below.

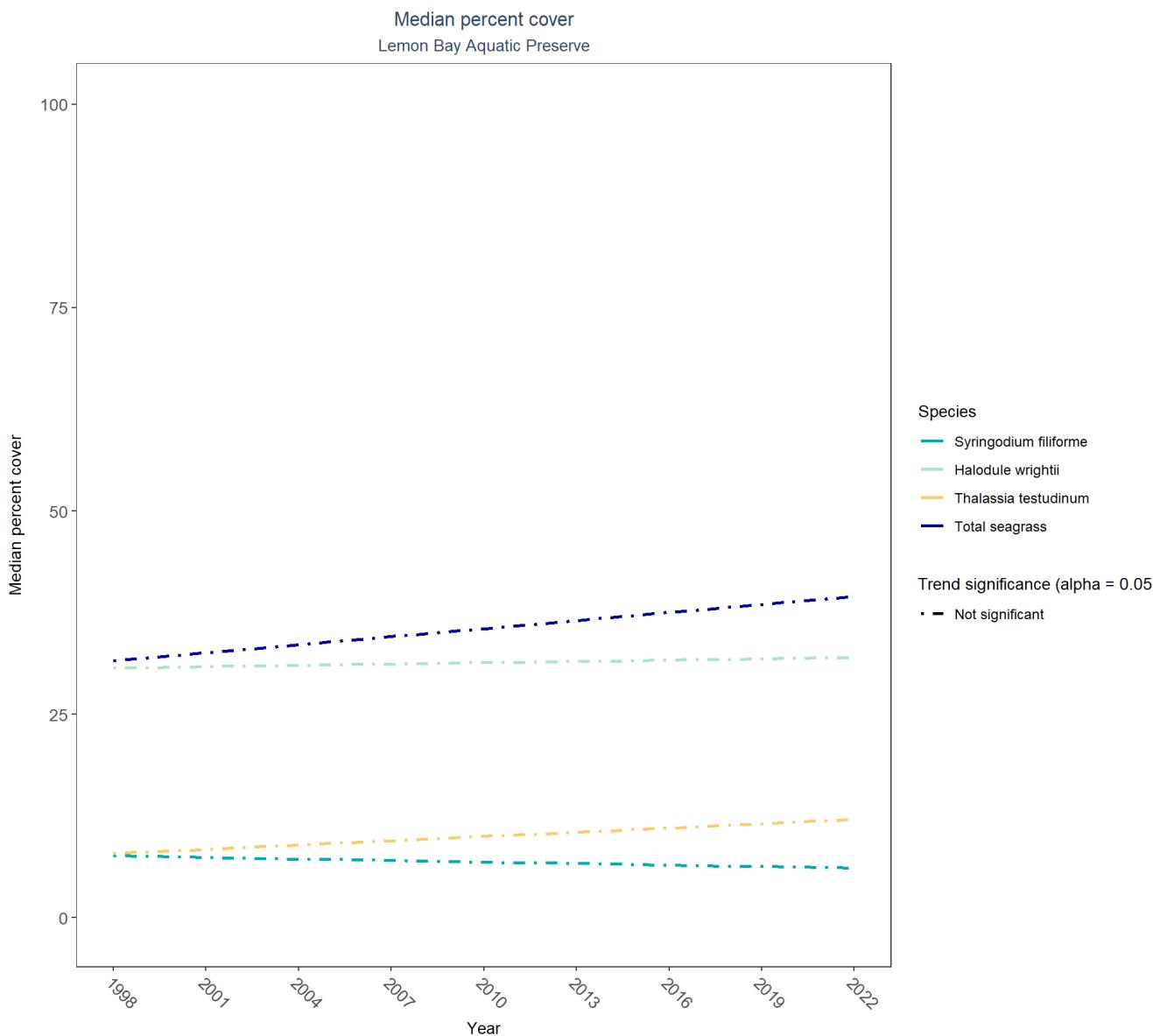
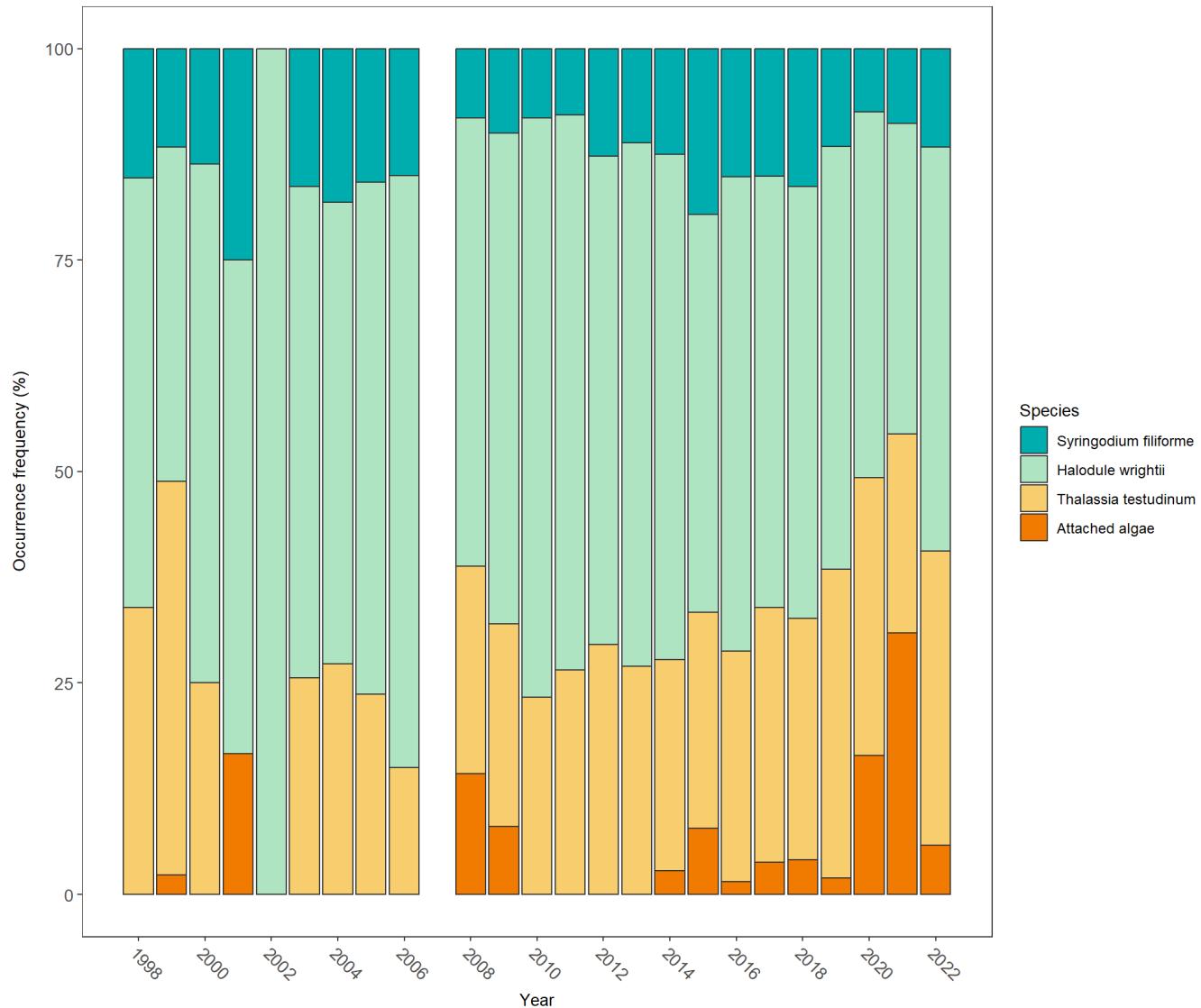
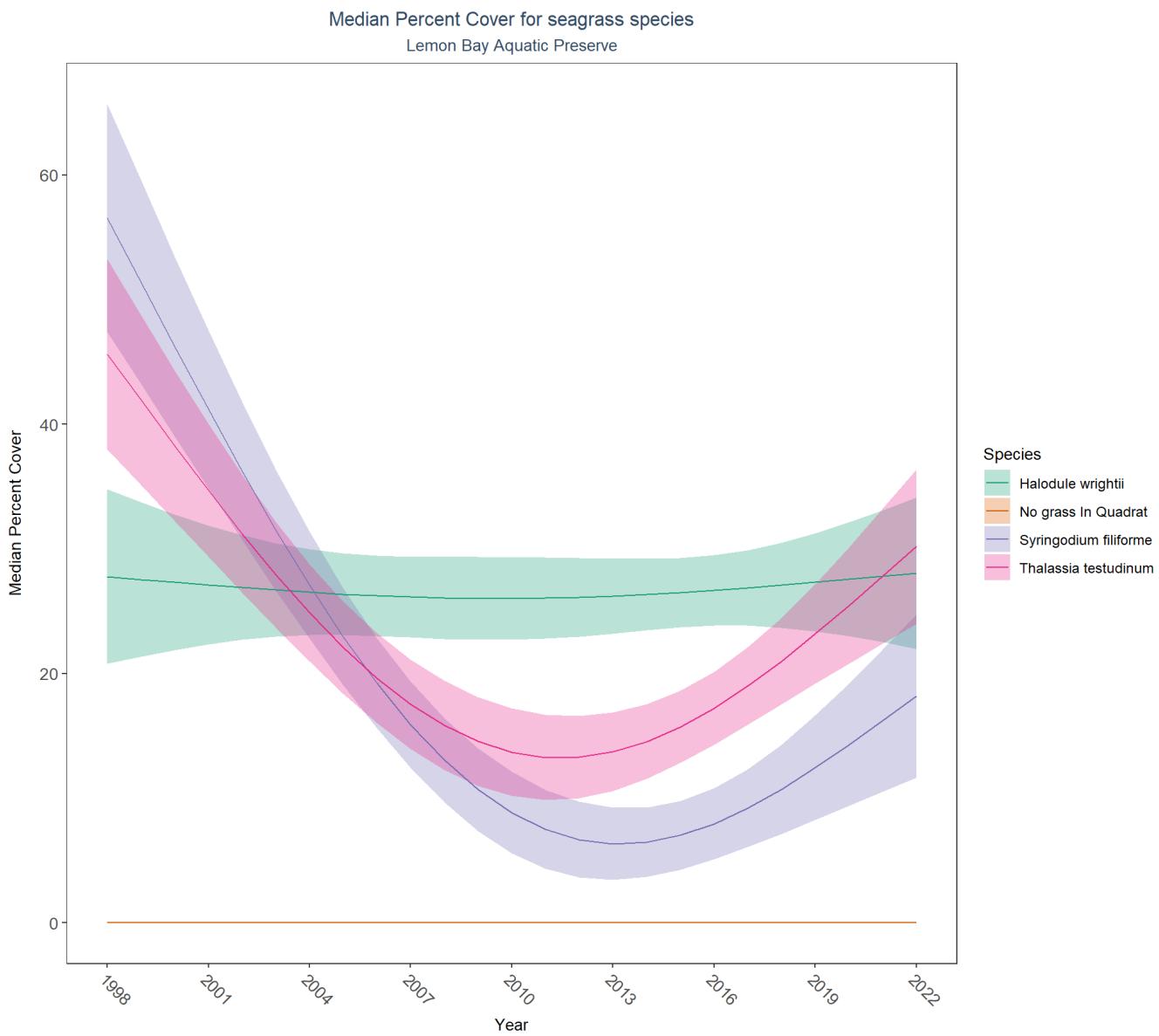


Table 28: Percent Cover Trend Analysis for Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve

Species	Common Name	Trend Significance (0.05)	Period of Record	LME-Intercept	LME-Slope	p
Attached algae		No significant trend	1999 - 2022	-3.3794	0.5761	0.1686
Drift algae		Significantly decreasing trend	1999 - 2022	22.4515	-0.5378	0.0483
Halodule wrightii	Shoal grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2022	30.4973	0.0533	0.7760
No grass In Quadrat		Model did not fit the available data	1998 - 2022			
Syringodium filiforme	Manatee grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2022	7.8358	-0.0620	0.8358
Thalassia testudinum	Turtle grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2022	7.1843	0.1749	0.7375
Total seagrass		No significant trend	1998 - 2022	30.2738	0.3292	0.4146

Frequency of occurrence
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve





Generalized additive models for each species in Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve. Species must have at least 10 years of data to be evaluated.

Drift algae, Total seagrass, Attached algae, No grass in Quadrat, and Total SAV are excluded from the analyses.

Nekton

The data file used is: All_NEKTON_Parameters-2024-Mar-27.txt

