# 分离变量法求解两端固定的弦的自由振动

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} = a^{2}u_{xx}, & 0 < x < l, t > 0 \\ u|_{x=0} = u|_{x=l} = 0, & t > 0 \\ u|_{t=0} = \phi(x), & u_{t}|_{t=0} = \psi(x), & 0 \le x \le l \end{cases}$$

#### 驻波法

基本思想:有界弦形成驻波,相位不随时间变化。

因此猜测 
$$u(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$$

将 
$$u(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$$
 代入到  $u_{tt} = a^2 u_{xx}$ 

$$\begin{cases} X(x)T''(t) = a^2 X''(x)T(t), & 0 < x < l, t > 0 \\ X(0)T(t) = 0, X(l)T(t) = 0, & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{T''(t)}{a^2 T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)}$$

#### 偏微分方程化为两个常微分方程问题

$$\frac{T''(t)}{a^2T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)} = -\lambda$$

$$\begin{cases} T''(t) + \lambda a^2 T(t) = 0, & t > 0 \\ X''(x) + \lambda X(x) = 0, & 0 < x < l \\ X(0) = X(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} X''(x) + \lambda X(x) = 0, & 0 < x < l \\ X(0) = X(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$
特征方程  $\eta^2 + \lambda = 0$  
$$\begin{cases} \eta_1 = i\sqrt{\lambda} \\ \eta_2 = -i\sqrt{\lambda} \end{cases}$$
通解  $X = Ae^{\eta_1 x} + Be^{i\eta_2 x}$ 

$$\begin{cases} X = A\cos\sqrt{\lambda}x + B\sin\sqrt{\lambda}x & \lambda > 0 \\ X = A + Bx & \lambda = 0 \end{cases}$$

#### 代入边界条件

$$\begin{cases} A = 0, \ B \sin \sqrt{\lambda} l = 0, \quad \lambda \neq 0 \\ A = B = 0, \quad \lambda = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sin \sqrt{\lambda} l = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\lambda} l = n\pi, n = +1, +2, \cdots$$

$$\therefore \lambda = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2}, \quad X_n(x) = B \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

$$X_n(x) = B \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x, \quad \lambda = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

# 时间的常微分方程

$$T''(t) + \lambda_n a^2 T(t) = 0, \quad t > 0$$
  $\lambda_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2}, \quad n \in N^+$ 

$$T_n(t) = C_{1n} \cos \frac{n\pi a}{l} t + C_{2n}(n) \sin \frac{n\pi a}{l} t$$

# 有界波动方程的通解

$$u_n(x,t) = X_n(x)T_n(t) = B\sin\frac{n\pi}{l}x\left[C_{1n}\cos\frac{n\pi a}{l}t + C_{2n}\sin\frac{n\pi a}{l}t\right]$$

$$u_n(x,t) = X_n(x)T_n(t) = \sin\frac{n\pi}{l}x \left[ C_{1n}\cos\frac{n\pi a}{l}t + C_{2n}\sin\frac{n\pi a}{l}t \right]$$

# 有界波动方程的通解

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots} u_n(x,t) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots} X_n(x)T_n(t) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots} \sin\frac{n\pi}{l}x \left[C_{1n}\cos\frac{n\pi a}{l}t + C_{2n}\sin\frac{n\pi a}{l}t\right]$$

#### 代入初始条件

$$\begin{cases} u\big|_{t=0} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_{1n} \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x = \phi(x) \\ u_t\big|_{t=0} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_{2n} \frac{n\pi a}{l} \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x = \psi(x) \end{cases}$$

# 傅里叶级数展开求系数

$$\frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \cdots \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, \mathrm{d} x$$

等式两边 
$$\frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \cdots \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, dx \qquad \int_0^l \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{l} x \, dx = \frac{l}{2} \delta_{mn}$$

$$C_{1n} = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \phi(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, \mathrm{d}x = \phi_n$$

$$C_{2n} = \frac{2}{n\pi a} \int_0^l \psi(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{l}{n\pi a} \psi_n$$

# 有界弦振动定解

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \phi_n \cos \frac{n\pi a}{l} t + \frac{l}{n\pi a} \psi_n \sin \frac{n\pi a}{l} t \right) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

#### 分离变量法总结

- (1) 假定 u(x,t)=X(x)T(t) 得到两个常微分方程
- (2) 利用齐次边界条件获得常微分方程的解
- (3) 利用初始条件确定叠加系数

#### 第二类边界条件

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} = a^{2}u_{xx}, & 0 < x < l, t > 0 \\ u_{x}|_{x=0} = u_{x}|_{x=l} = 0, & t > 0 \\ u|_{t=0} = \phi(x), & u_{t}|_{t=0} = \psi(x), & 0 \le x \le l \end{cases}$$

将 
$$u(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$$
 代入到  $u_{tt} = a^2 u_{xx}$ 

$$\begin{cases} X(x)T''(t) = a^2 X''(x)T(t), & 0 < x < l, t > 0 \\ X(0)T(t) = 0, X(l)T(t) = 0, & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{T''(t)}{a^2T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)}$$

#### 代入边界条件

$$\begin{cases} -\sqrt{\lambda} A \sin \sqrt{\lambda} l = 0, \quad B = 0, \quad \lambda > 0 \\ B = 0, \qquad \lambda = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sin \sqrt{\lambda} l = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\lambda} l = n\pi, n = 0, +1, +2, \cdots$$

$$\therefore \lambda = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2}, \quad X_n(x) = A \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

$$X_n(x) = A \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x, \quad \lambda = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

# 时间的常微分方程

$$T''(t) + \lambda_n a^2 T(t) = 0, \quad t > 0 \qquad \lambda_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{l^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$T_n(t) = C_{1n} \cos \frac{n\pi a}{l} t + C_{2n}(n) \sin \frac{n\pi a}{l} t + C_{10} + C_{20}t$$

# 第二类边界弦振动通解

$$u_{n}(x,t) = X_{n}(x)T_{n}(t) = \sin\frac{n\pi}{l}x \left[ C_{1n}\cos\frac{n\pi a}{l}t + C_{2n}\sin\frac{n\pi a}{l}t + C_{10} + C_{20}t \right]$$

$$n = +1, +2, \cdots$$

#### 代入初始条件

$$\begin{cases} u \big|_{t=0} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_{1n} \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x + C_{10} = \phi(x) \\ u_t \big|_{t=0} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_{2n} \frac{n\pi a}{l} \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x + C_{20} = \psi(x) \end{cases}$$

# 利用傅里叶级数求系数

等式两边 
$$\frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \cdots \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, \mathrm{d} x$$

$$\int_0^l \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x \cos \frac{m\pi}{l} x \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{l}{2} \delta_{mn}$$

$$C_{1n} = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l \phi(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, \mathrm{d}x = \phi_n$$

$$C_{10} = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \phi(x) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$C_{2n} = \frac{1}{n\pi a} \int_0^l \psi(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x \, dx = \frac{l}{n\pi a} \psi_n C_{20} = \frac{2}{n\pi a} \int_0^l \psi(x) \, dx$$

$$n = +1, +2, \cdots$$

# 扩散方程求解

$$\begin{cases} u_{t} = a^{2}u_{xx}, & 0 < x < l, t > 0 \\ u|_{x=0} = u_{x}|_{x=l} = 0, & t > 0 \\ u|_{t=0} = u_{0}x/l, & 0 \le x \le l \end{cases}$$

将 
$$u(x,t) = X(x)T(t)$$
 代入到  $u_t = a^2 u_{xx}$ 

$$\begin{cases} X(x)T'(t) = a^2 X''(x)T(t), & 0 < x < l, t > 0 \\ X(0)T(t) = 0, X(l)T(t) = 0, & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{T'(t)}{a^2T(t)} = \frac{X''(x)}{X(x)}$$

$$\begin{cases} X''(x) + \lambda X(x) = 0, & 0 < x < l \\ X(0) = X'(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$
特征方程  $\eta^2 + \lambda = 0$  
$$\begin{cases} \eta_1 = i\sqrt{\lambda} \\ \eta_2 = -i\sqrt{\lambda} \end{cases}$$
通解  $X = Ae^{\eta_1 x} + Be^{\eta_2 x}$ 

$$\begin{cases} X = A\cos\sqrt{\lambda}x + B\sin\sqrt{\lambda}x & \lambda > 0 \\ X = A + Bx & \lambda = 0 \end{cases}$$

#### 代入边界条件

$$\begin{cases} \sqrt{\lambda}B\cos\sqrt{\lambda}l = 0, \quad A = 0, \quad \lambda > 0 \\ B = 0, A = 0 & \lambda = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\cos\sqrt{\lambda}l = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\lambda}l = \pi(n + \frac{1}{2}), n = 0, +1, +2, \cdots$$

$$\therefore \lambda_n = \left[\pi(n + \frac{1}{2})\right]^2, \quad X_n(x) = B\sin\frac{\pi}{l}\frac{(2n+1)}{2}x$$

#### 关于时间的微分方程

$$T'(t) + \lambda_n a^2 T(t) = 0$$

$$T(t) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots}^{\infty} T_n(t) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots}^{\infty} C_n e^{-\lambda_n a^2 t} \quad \lambda_n = \left[\pi(n+\frac{1}{2})\right]^2$$

# 扩散方程通解

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots}^{\infty} T_n(t)X_n(x) = \sum_{n=1,2,\cdots}^{\infty} C_n e^{-\lambda_n a^2 t} \sin \sqrt{\lambda_n} x$$

$$\lambda_n = \left\lceil \pi(n + \frac{1}{2}) \right\rceil^2$$

# 代入初始条件并用傅里叶级数展开求解

$$\sum_{n=1,2,\dots}^{\infty} C_n \sin \sqrt{\lambda_n} x = \frac{u_0}{l} x \qquad \lambda_n = \left[ \pi (n + \frac{1}{2}) \right]^2$$