



40% Individual Coursework

Student Name: Bijay Bharati

London Met ID: 19030824

College ID: NP01CP4A190041

Assignment Due Date: 23rd March 2022

Assignment Submission Date: 23rd March 2022

Word Count: 2747

I confirm that I understand my coursework needs to be submitted online via Google Classroom under the relevant module page before the deadline for my assignment to be accepted and marked. I am fully aware that late submissions will be treated as non-submission and a mark of zero will be awarded.

Contents

Introduction
Textual Analysis
Normalization2
Normalization of fig 1
Normalization of fig 2
Integration and Assumption
Final ERD5
Data Dictionary
Script
Scripts used to create tables
Scripts used to modify tables
Insert Statement
Select Statement 21
Forms
Dashboard or Home Page
Complex Form and Queries
SQL Queries
Complex Forms
Simple Form
User Manual 32
Testing
Inserting new value
Updating value
Deleting value
Incorrect query
Integrity violation
Further Discussion

Figures

Figure 1: Final ERD	5
Figure 2: Table Creation	16
Figure 3: Select statement on address	21
Figure 4: Select statement on course	21
Figure 5: Select statement on module	22
Figure 6: Select statement on department	22
Figure 7: Select statement on student	23
Figure 8: Select statement on teacher	23
Figure 9: Select statement on assignment	23
Figure 10: Select statement on fee	24
Figure 11: Home Page	25
Figure 12: student-assignment complex form	26
Figure 13: student-fee complex form	26
Figure 14: teacher-module complex form	27
Figure 15: address form	27
Figure 16: Department Form	28
Figure 17: module form	29
Figure 18: student form	30
Figure 19: teacher form	31
Figure 20: navigation	32
Figure 21: grid view	32
Figure 22: input fields	32
Figure 23: search	33
Figure 24: searching	33
Figure 25: inserting new address	34
Figure 26: new value is added	34
Figure 27:value added to database	34
Figure 28: before update	35
Figure 29: After update	35
Figure 30: value updated in database	35
Figure 31: deleting data	36
Figure 32: deleted	36
Figure 33: value deleted from database	36
Figure 34: query error	37
Figure 35: correction	37
Figure 36: inserting invalid value for course	38
Figure 37: integrity violation	38
Figure 38: implementing drop down list	38
Figure 39: drop down list	39

Introduction

This report contains the development process for creating a web application using ASP .NET with C# and Oracle SQL. Web forms are created to display and modify data in the database. Forms allow users to easily interact with the database without having to type the queries.

Textual Analysis

Berkeley college manages lots of data about its students, teachers, departments, assignments and fees and needs a database that is easy to use and maintain and gets the job done for the college. It is apparent that entities like student, teacher, department, module, fee, etc will exist and maintained it is also clear from the requirement analysis that it is very important to have record for student's attendance and student's fee payment details so the database will be designed by making is a priority to have easy access to those details. The example data provided will help us form a database. Next section of the report deals with normalization and producing a database.

Normalization

Normalization is the process by which we try to reduce anomalies like insertion anomalies and deletion anomalies and redundancy in a relational database. The goal of normalization is to reduce anomalies and redundancies, not eliminate them and in some cases, redundancies may even be kept by organizations according to their needs.

Normalization of fig 1

Normalization Process:

UNF (identify repeating groups)

Teacher (Teacher Name, {Address}, Email, {Module Code, Module Name, Credit Hours})

1NF (remove repeating groups)

Address -1 (Address ID, City, Zip)

Teacher -1 (<u>Teacher ID</u>, Name, Email, <u>Address*</u>)

Module -1 (Module ID, Module Code, Module Name, Credit Hours)

2NF (remove partial dependency)

Partial dependencies only exist where there are composite primary keys

Address -2 (Address ID, City, Zip)

Module -2 (Module ID, Module Code, Module Name, Credit Hours)

Teacher -1 (Teacher ID, Name, Email, Module*, Address *)

Teacher ID \rightarrow Name, Email,

Teacher ID, Address \rightarrow

Teacher ID, Module →

Teacher ID gives all other values, so it is in 2NF

Teacher -2 (Teacher ID, Name, Email, Module*, Address *)

3NF (remove transitive dependency)

Address -3 (<u>Address ID</u>, City, Zip) city and zip can give value for one another, but further separation is not needed

Module -3 (<u>Module ID</u>, Module Code, Module Name, Credit Hours) (module code can give credit hrs. but it does not make sense to further break the table module id is used as primary key because module id will be smaller in size and can save space in our database)

Teacher -3 (<u>Teacher ID</u>, Name, Email, <u>Module</u>*, <u>Address</u>*) transitive dependencies do not exist in teacher table

Normalization of fig 2.

The example data provided is like normalization in figure 1 and the steps are same additional entity assignment is introduced.

Student (Student id, student name, address, {module code, module name, assignment, grade, status})

After normalization

Address -3 (Address ID, Street, City)

Student -3 (Student id, name, address*)

Module -3 (Module code, module name)

Assignment can be separated into tables assignment and result but for easier integration with the requirements of Berkeley college, they are kept as shown below. The next section of the report will provide the whole database and assumptions made.

Assignment -3 (<u>Assignment ID</u>, type, grade, status, <u>module*</u>, <u>student*</u>)

Integration and Assumption

Some additional entities and attributes are introduced to make the database more meaningful.

Address (<u>Address ID</u>, City, Zip)

Course (Course ID, Course Name)

Module (Module ID, Course*, Module Code, Module Name, Credit Hours)

Department (Department ID, Department Name, Department Head)

Student (Student ID, Name, DOB, Address*, Course*, Email, Phone, Attendance)

Teacher (<u>Teacher ID</u>, Name, Email, <u>Module</u>*, <u>Department</u>*, <u>Address</u> *, phone)

Assignment (<u>Assignment ID</u>, Type, Grade, Status, <u>Module*</u>, <u>Student*</u>)

Fee (Fee ID, Student*, Amount, Fee Year/ Semester, Due Date, Payment Date, Remarks)

Assumptions:

- Students are enrolled in every module of a course.
- Students can become teachers only after graduation at which point, they are no longer considered students.
- attendance attribute stores attendance as % as overall attendance for every module.
- 1 teacher teaches only 1 module, but many teachers can teach the same module.

Final ERD

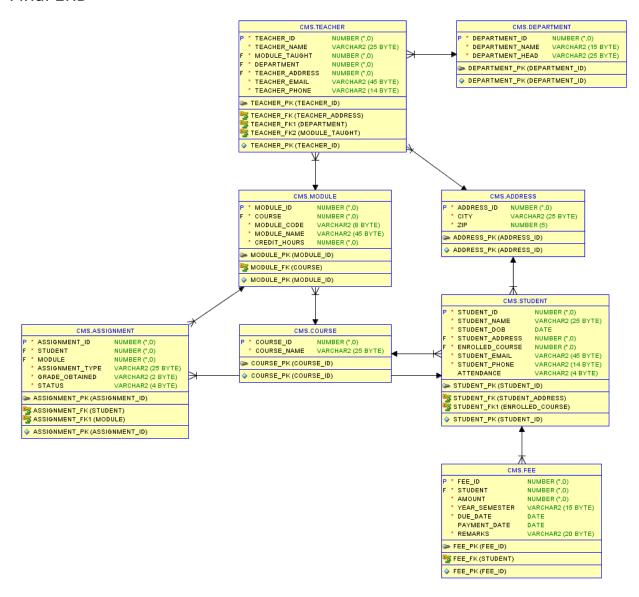


Figure 1: Final ERD

Data Dictionary

Column Name	Data Type	Size	Constraint	Reference Table	Reference	Description	Example Data
ADDRESS_ID	Number	38	Primary Key	Table	Column	To uniquely identify Each address	100
CITY	Varchar	25	Not null			To store the city name	Kathmandu
ZIP	Number	5	Not null			To store the area zip code	44600
ASSIGNMENT_ ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify assignments 1	
STUDENT	Number	38	Foreign Key	STUDENT	STUDENT_ID	Identify student	100
MODULE	Number	38	Foreign Key	MODULE	MODULE_ID	Identify module	1
ASSIGNMENT_ TYPE	Varchar	25	Foreign Key			Store assignment type	Coursework
GRADE_OBTA INED	Varchar	2	Not null			Store grade	A+
STATUS	Varchar	4	Not null			Store pass, fail status	Pass
COURSE_ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify course	1
COURSE_NAM E	Varchar	25	Not null			Store course name	Computing
DEPARTMENT _ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify department	1
DEPARTMENT _NAME	Varchar	15	Not null			Store department name	Finance
DEPARTMENT _HEAD	Varchar	25	Not null			Store name of department head	Bobby Brown
FEE_ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify dee	1
STUDENT	Number	38	Foreign Key	STUDENT	STUDENT_ID	Identify student	100
AMOUNT	Number	38	Not null			Store fee amount	100000

YEAR_SEMES TER	Varchar	15	Not null			Store year and semester detail Year 3 sem 2	
DUE_DATE	DATE		Not null			Store fee deadline 01-JAN-2001	
PAYMENT_DA	DATE		Nullable			Store fee payment date	
TE							
REMARKS	Varchar	20	Not null			Store remarks	Pending
MODULE_ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify module	1
COURSE	Number	38	Foreign Key	COURSE	COURSE_ID	Identify course	1
MODULE_COD E	Varchar	8	Not null			Store module code	CC6001NI
MODULE_NA ME	Varchar	45	Not null			Store module name	Databases
CREDIT_HOUR S	Number	38	Not null			Store credit hours	4
STUDENT ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify student	100001
STUDENT_NA ME	Varchar	25	Not null			Store student name	Bob
STUDENT DO	Varchar		Not null			Store student DOB	01-JAN-1999
В							
STUDENT_AD DRESS	Number	38	Foreign Key	ADDRESS	ADDRESS_ID	Identify address	2
ENROLLED_C OURSE	Number	38	Foreign Key	COURSE	COURSE_ID	Identify course	2
STUDENT_EM AIL	Varchar	45	Not null			Store student email	generic@mail.c om
STUDENT_PH ONE	Varchar	14	Not null			Store student phone number	+977989898989
ATTENDANCE	Varchar	4	Not null			Store attendance record	100%
TEACHER_ID	Number	38	Primary Key			Identify teacher	1
TEACHER_NA ME	Varchar	25	Not null			Store teacher name Sam	
MODULE_TAU GHT	Number	38	Foreign Key	MODULE	MODULE_ID	Identify module taught by teacher	2

DEPARTMENT	Number	38	Foreign Key	DEPARTMEN	DEPARTMEN	Identify teacher's department	2
				T	T_ID		
TEACHER_AD	Number	38	Foreign Key	ADDRESS	ADDRESS_ID	Identify teacher's address	2
DRESS							
TEACHER_EM	Varchar	45	Not null			Store email details	generic1@mail.
AIL							com
TEACHER_PH	Varchar	14	Not null			Store phone numbet	6849898989
ONE						_	

Script

```
Scripts used to create tables
CREATE TABLE address (
  address_id INT NOT NULL,
  city VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
  zip NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT address_pk PRIMARY KEY (address_id)
);
CREATE TABLE course (
  course_id INT NOT NULL,
  course_name VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT course_pk PRIMARY KEY (course_id)
);
CREATE TABLE module(
  module_id INT NOT NULL,
  course INT NOT NULL,
  module_code VARCHAR (8) NOT NULL,
  module_name VARCHAR (45) NOT NULL,
  credit_hours INT NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT module_pk PRIMARY KEY (module_id),
  CONSTRAINT module_fk FOREIGN KEY(course) REFERENCES course(course_id)
);
CREATE TABLE department(
  department_id INT NOT NULL,
  department_name VARCHAR (15) NOT NULL,
```

```
department head VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT department_pk PRIMARY KEY (department_id)
);
CREATE TABLE student (
  student_id INT NOT NULL,
  student_name VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
  student_DOB DATE NOT NULL,
  student_address INT NOT NULL,
  enrolled_course INT NOT NULL,
  student_email VARCHAR (45) NOT NULL,
  student_phone VARCHAR (14) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT student pk PRIMARY KEY (student id),
  CONSTRAINT
                               FOREIGN
                  student_fk
                                            KEY(student_address)
                                                                  REFERENCES
address(address_id),
  CONSTRAINT
                  student fk1
                               FOREIGN
                                            KEY(enrolled course)
                                                                  REFERENCES
course(course id)
);
CREATE TABLE teacher(
  teacher_id INT NOT NULL,
  teacher_name VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
  module taught INT NOT NULL,
  department INT NOT NULL,
  teacher_address INT NOT NULL,
  teacher email VARCHAR (45) NOT NULL,
  teacher_phone VARCHAR (14) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT teacher_pk PRIMARY KEY (teacher_id),
```

```
CONSTRAINT
                  teacher fk
                               FOREIGN
                                           KEY(teacher address)
                                                                  REFERENCES
address(address_id),
  CONSTRAINT
                   teacher_fk1
                                              KEY(department)
                                                                  REFERENCES
                                 FOREIGN
department(department_id),
  CONSTRAINT
                  teacher fk2
                                FOREIGN
                                            KEY(module_taught)
                                                                  REFERENCES
module(module_id)
);
CREATE TABLE assignment(
  assignment_id INT NOT NULL,
  student INT NOT NULL,
  module INT NOT NULL,
  assignment_type VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
  grade_obtained VARCHAR (2) NOT NULL,
  status VARCHAR (4) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT assignment_pk PRIMARY KEY (assignment_id),
  CONSTRAINT assignment_fk FOREIGN KEY(student) REFERENCES student(student_id),
  CONSTRAINT assignment_fk1 FOREIGN KEY(module) REFERENCES module(module_id)
);
CREATE TABLE fee(
  fee_id INT NOT NULL,
  student INT NOT NULL,
  amount INT NOT NULL,
  year_semester VARCHAR (15) NOT NULL,
  due_date DATE NOT NULL,
  payment_date DATE,
  remarks VARCHAR (20) NOT NULL,
```

19030824 Bijay Bharati

```
CONSTRAINT fee_pk PRIMARY KEY (fee_id),
  CONSTRAINT fee_fk FOREIGN KEY(student) REFERENCES student(student_id)
);
CREATE SEQUENCE address sequence
  start with 100
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER address_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON address
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT address_sequence.nextval
  INTO :new.address_id
 FROM dual;
END;
CREATE SEQUENCE course_sequence
  start with 1
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER course_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON course
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT course_sequence.nextval
  INTO:new.course_id
  FROM dual;
12
```

```
END;
CREATE SEQUENCE assignment_sequence
  start with 1
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER assignment_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON assignment
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT assignment_sequence.nextval
  INTO:new.assignment_id
  FROM dual;
END;
CREATE SEQUENCE fee_sequence
  start with 1
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER fee_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON fee
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT fee_sequence.nextval
  INTO :new.fee_id
  FROM dual;
END;
```

```
CREATE SEQUENCE department_sequence
  start with 1
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER department_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON department
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT department_sequence.nextval
  INTO:new.department_id
  FROM dual;
END;
CREATE SEQUENCE module_sequence
  start with 1
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER module_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON module
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT module_sequence.nextval
  INTO :new.module_id
  FROM dual;
END;
CREATE SEQUENCE student_sequence
  start with 10000
```

14

19030824 Bijay Bharati

```
increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER student_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON student
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT\ student\_sequence.nextval
 INTO :new.student_id
 FROM dual;
END;
CREATE SEQUENCE teacher_sequence
  start with 10000
  increment by 1;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER teacher_on_insert
  BEFORE INSERT ON teacher
  FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  SELECT teacher_sequence.nextval
  INTO:new.teacher_id
  FROM dual;
END;
```

Scripts used to modify tables

ALTER TABLE student ADD attendance VARCHAR (4);

```
UPDATE student SET attendance = '100%' WHERE student_id = 10005;
UPDATE student SET attendance = '80%' WHERE student_id = 10006;
UPDATE student SET attendance = '70%' WHERE student_id = 10007;
UPDATE student SET attendance = '60%' WHERE student_id = 10008;
UPDATE student SET attendance = '50%' WHERE student_id = 10009;
UPDATE student SET attendance = '40%' WHERE student_id = 10020;
Worksheet Query Builder
   CREATE TABLE address (
         address id INT NOT NULL,
         city VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
         zip NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
         CONSTRAINT address pk PRIMARY KEY (address id)
     );
   CREATE TABLE course (
       course id INT NOT NULL,
        course name VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,
        CONSTRAINT course_pk PRIMARY KEY (course_id)
     );
   CREATE TABLE module(
    module id TNT NOT NULL
Script Output X
📌 🤌 뒴 🖺 闄 | Task completed in 0.05 seconds
Table ADDRESS created.
Table COURSE created.
Table MODULE created.
Table DEPARTMENT created.
Table STUDENT created.
```

Figure 2: Table Creation

Insert Statement

INSERT ALL

INTO address (city, zip) VALUES ('Kathmandu', 44600)

INTO address (city, zip) VALUES ('Pokhara', 33700)

INTO address (city, zip) VALUES ('Lumbini', 32914)

INTO address (city, zip) VALUES ('Chitwan', 44200)

INTO address (city, zip) VALUES ('Dillibazar', 44605)

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO course (course_name) VALUES ('Computing')

INTO course (course_name) VALUES ('Networking')

INTO course (course_name) VALUES ('Multimedia')

INTO course (course_name) VALUES ('Marketing')

INTO course (course_name) VALUES ('Artificial Intelligence')

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (1,'CS0134NI','Databases',4)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (1,'CS0134NI','Application Development',3)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (2,'CS0154NA','Ethical Hacking',4)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (2,'CS1134NA','Networks',4)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (3,'CS5134MI','3D Modelling',2)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (3,'CS6134MI','Game Design',2)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (4,'CS7134BB','Accounting',3)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (4,'CS8199BB','Business',6)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (5,'CS9114NE','Algorithms',5)

INTO module (course,module_code,module_name,credit_hours) VALUES (5,'CS0104NE','Mathematics',4)

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO department (department_name,department_head) VALUES ('Digital Design','John Doe')

INTO department (department_name,department_head) VALUES ('Computing','Bob Vance')

INTO department (department_name,department_head) VALUES ('Maths','Michael Scott')

INTO department (department_name,department_head) VALUES ('Business','Paul Newman')

INTO department (department_name,department_head) VALUES ('Finance','Ben Simmons')

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO student (student_name,student_DOB,student_address,enrolled_course,student_email,student_phone) VALUES ('Scott Lang','01-JAN-1999',100,5,'sl1@mail.com','8998948984')

INTO student (student_name,student_DOB,student_address,enrolled_course,student_email,student_phone) VALUES ('Sam Lee','03-FEB-1997',102,4,'slee@mail.com','1238763903')

INTO student (student_name,student_DOB,student_address,enrolled_course,student_email,student_phone) VALUES ('Xiao Lang','01-JAN-2001',103,3,'xcn@mail.com','7865656676')

INTO student (student_name,student_DOB,student_address,enrolled_course,student_email,student_phone) VALUES ('Hank Pym','11-Mar-2000',104,2,'hpy@mail.com','8000888989')

INTO student

(student_name,student_DOB,student_address,enrolled_course,student_email,student_phone) VALUES ('Happy H','21-AUG-1998',101,5,'hh@mail.com','8787878784')

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO teacher

(teacher_name,module_taught,department,teacher_address,teacher_email,teacher_phone) VALUES ('Simon Fox',1,2,104,'sf@mail.com','844744747')

INTO teacher

(teacher_name,module_taught,department,teacher_address,teacher_email,teacher_phone) VALUES ('Sam Wilson',8,5,103,'swll@mail.com','8777747447')

INTO teacher

(teacher_name,module_taught,department,teacher_address,teacher_email,teacher_phone) VALUES ('Barry Don',5,1,102,'bdn@mail.com','1117447447')

INTO

(teacher_name,module_taught,department,teacher_address,teacher_email,teacher_phone) VALUES ('Pen Smith',6,1,101,'psm@mail.com','9908947447')

INTO

(teacher_name,module_taught,department,teacher_address,teacher_email,teacher_phone) VALUES ('Will Man',2,2,100,'wma@mail.com','1278364098')

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10005,10,'Individual Coursework','A','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10005,9,'Written Exam','A','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10006,8,'Group Coursework','A+','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10006,7,'Presentation','A','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10007,6,'MCQ Exam','A+','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10007,5,'Individual Coursework','A','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10008,4,'Written Examination','A','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10008,3,'Viva','B','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10009,2,'Individual Coursework','B+','PASS')

INTO assignment (student,module,assignment_type,grade_obtained,status) VALUES (10009,1,'Individual Coursework','F','Fail')

SELECT * FROM dual;

INSERT ALL

INTO fee (student,amount,year_semester,due_date,payment_date,remarks) VALUES (10005,100000,'Year 3 sem 2','01-JAN-2021',",'Not paid')

INTO fee (student,amount,year_semester,due_date,payment_date,remarks) VALUES (10004,110000,'Year 3 sem 2','01-FEB-2021','01-FEB-2021','Paid')

INTO fee (student,amount,year_semester,due_date,payment_date,remarks) VALUES (10003,120000,'Year 3 sem 2','01-APR-2021','','Pending')

INTO fee (student,amount,year_semester,due_date,payment_date,remarks) VALUES (10002,130000,'Year 3 sem 2','01-MAR-2021','11-MAR-2021','Paid')

INTO fee (student,amount,year_semester,due_date,payment_date,remarks) VALUES (10001,140000,'Year 3 sem 2','01-MAR-2021','07-MAR-2021','Paid')

SELECT * FROM dual;

Select Statement

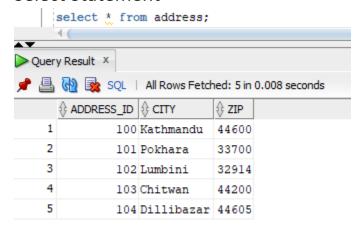


Figure 3: Select statement on address

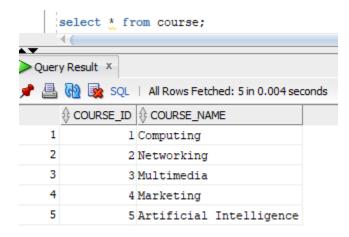


Figure 4: Select statement on course

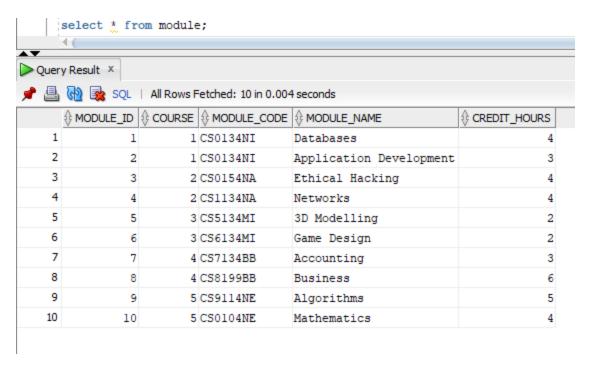


Figure 5: Select statement on module

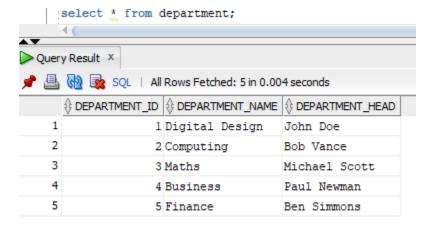


Figure 6: Select statement on department

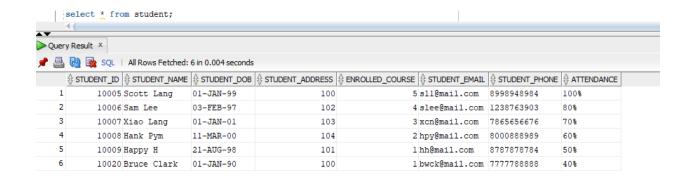


Figure 7: Select statement on student

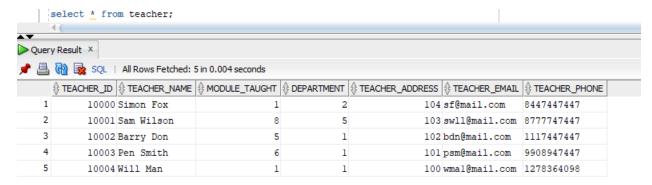


Figure 8: Select statement on teacher

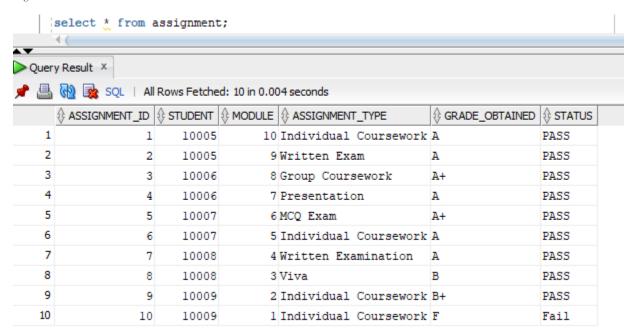


Figure 9: Select statement on assignment

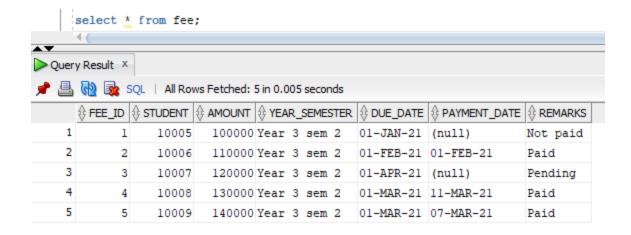


Figure 10: Select statement on fee

Forms

Dashboard or Home Page

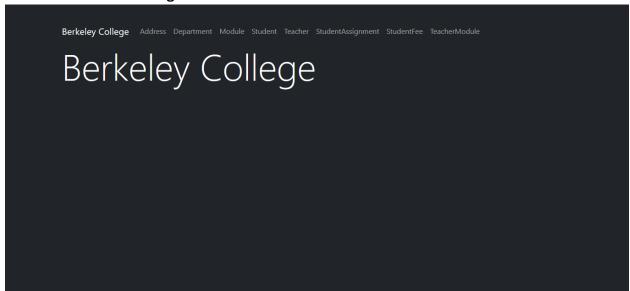


Figure 11: Home Page

Complex Form and Queries

SQL Queries

Query for studentfee.aspx form search function:

```
@"SELECT student_name AS ""Student Name"" , student_id AS ""Student ID"", amount AS ""Fee
Amount"", year_semester AS ""Year/Semester"", due_date AS ""Due Date"", payment_date AS
""Payment Date"", remarks AS ""Remarks"" FROM student inner join fee on
student_id=student WHERE student_id=" + studentID + "";
```

Query for studentassignment.aspx form search function:

```
@"SELECT student_name AS ""Student Name"", student_id AS ""Student ID"", module_name AS ""Module Name"", assignment_type AS ""Assignment Type"", grade_obtained AS ""Grade Obtained"", status AS ""Status"" FROM student JOIN assignment ON student_id=assignment.student JOIN module ON module.module_id=assignment.module AND assignment.student_id WHERE student_id=" + studentID + "";
```

Query for teachermodule.aspx form search function:

```
@"SELECT teacher_name AS ""Teacher Name"" , module_name AS ""Module Taught"", module_code
AS ""Module Code"", course AS ""Course ID"", credit_hours AS ""Module Credit Hours"" FROM
module inner join teacher on module id = module taught WHERE teacher id="+teacherid+"";
```

Complex Forms

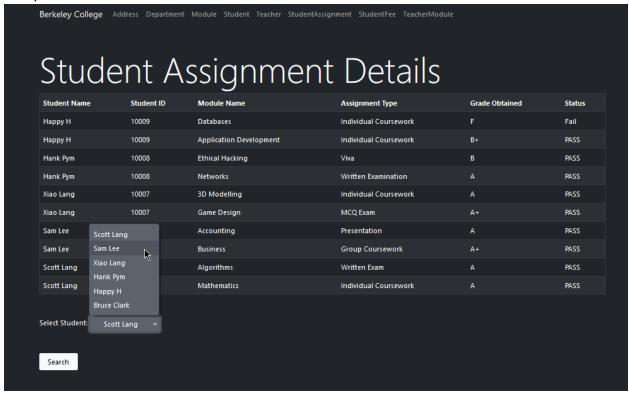


Figure 12: student-assignment complex form

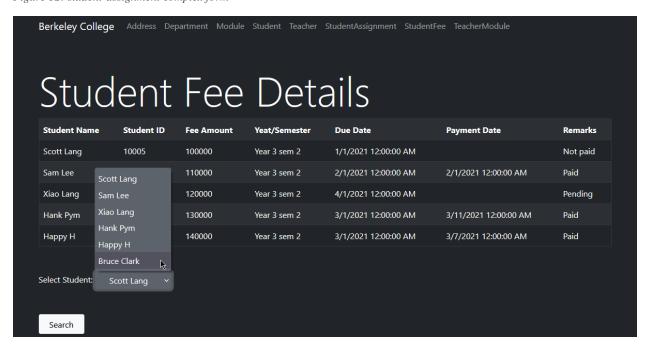


Figure 13: student-fee complex form

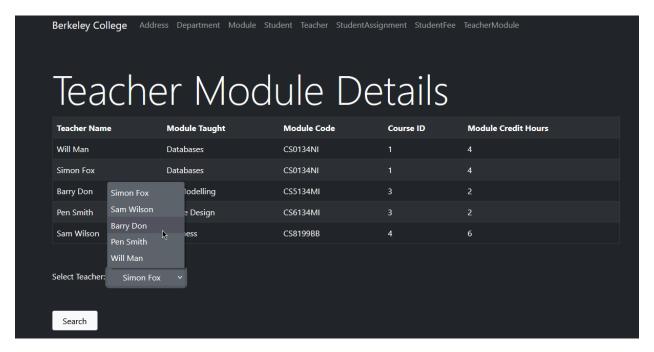


Figure 14: teacher-module complex form

Simple Form

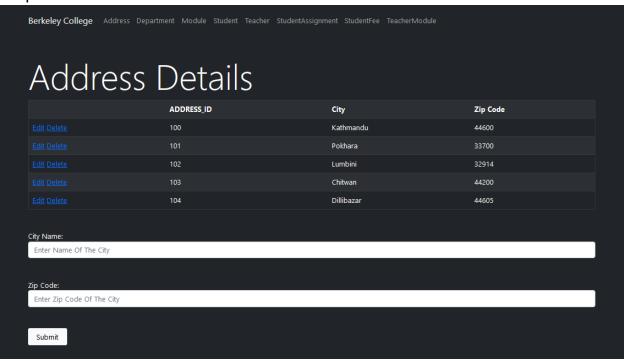


Figure 15: address form

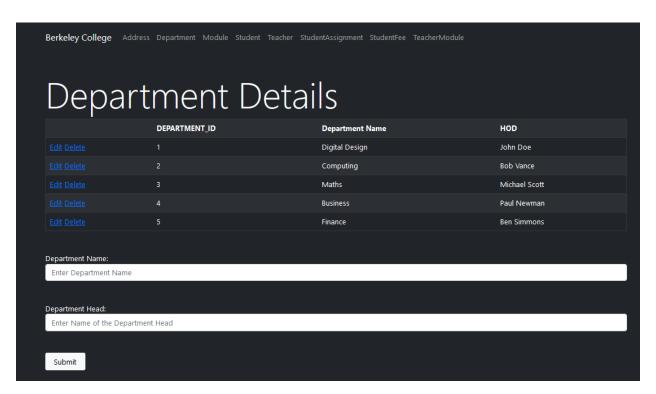


Figure 16: Department Form

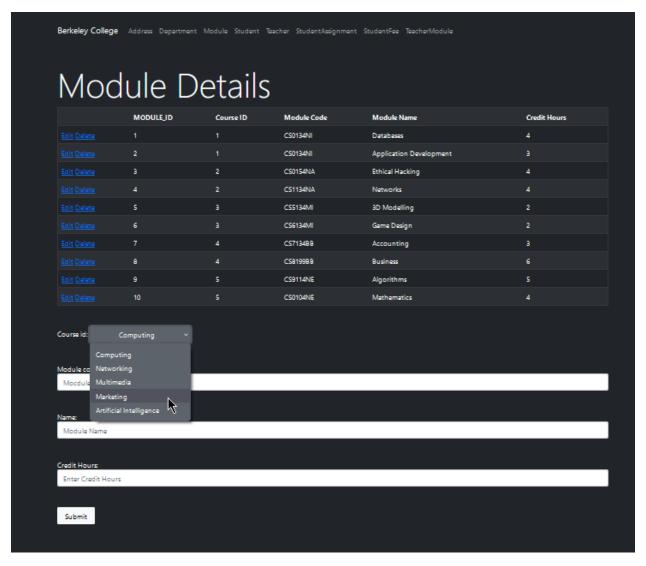


Figure 17: module form

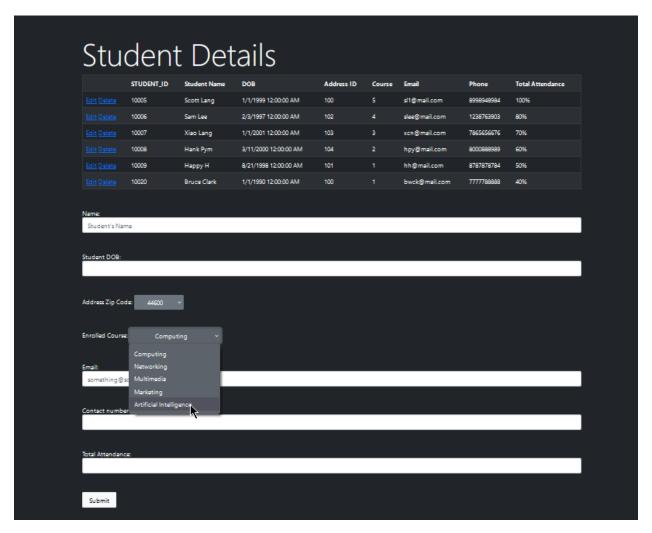


Figure 18: student form

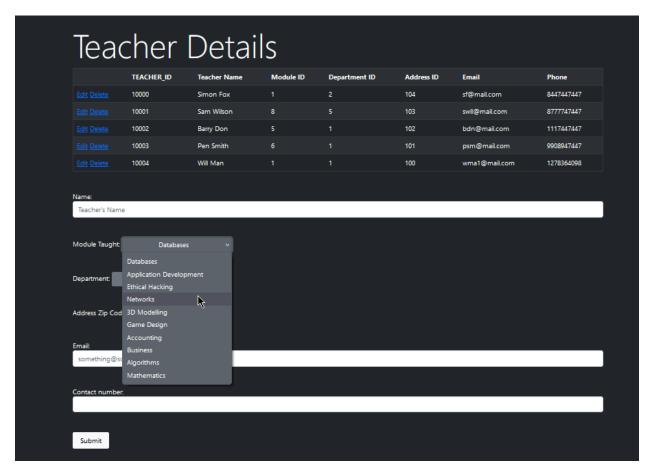


Figure 19: teacher form

User Manual



Figure 20: navigation

Each page contains navigation bar as shown above. Each link will take the user to its respective form.

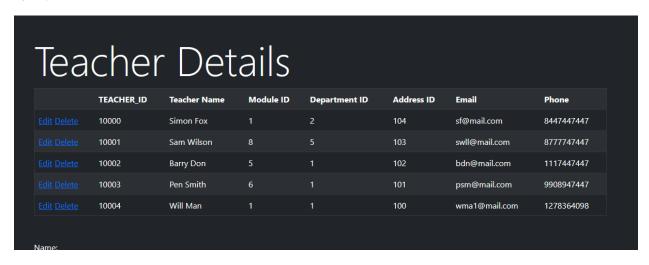


Figure 21: grid view

Each page (simple form) will contain a grid view where data is displayed



Figure 22: input fields

Forms that support full CRUD operations will contain input fields which the users can use to insert data to the database or modify data. Submit button needs to be pressed to write data to database. See testing section.

Refer to data dictionary to get idea about what types of values to enter.



Figure 23: search

Complex forms will contain a drop-down list and a search button to search for details about a specific person. It is demonstrated below.



Figure 24: searching

Only details about Barry Don are displayed after pressing search button.

For further assistance or any confusion contact: np01cp4a190041@islingtoncollege.edu.np

Testing

Inserting new value

ice: unig ::etr turue							
Address Details							
	ADDRESS_ID	City	Zip Code				
	100	Kathmandu	44600				
	101	Pokhara	33700				
	102	Lumbini	32914				
	103	Chitwan	44200				
	104	Dillibazar	44605				
City Name:							
Chabahil							
7.64							
Zip Code: 44620							
Sulx ^{lm} it							
	·		<u> </u>				

Figure 25: inserting new address

Values can be inserted by adding values in input field and pressing submit.

Address Details							
	ADDRESS_ID	City	Zip Code				
Edit Delete	100	Kathmandu	44600				
Edit Delete	101	Pokhara	33700				
Edit Delete	102	Lumbini	32914				
Edit Delete	103	Chitwan	44200				
Edit Delete	104	Dillibazar	44605				
Edit Delete	140	Chabahil	44620				

Figure 26: new value is added

New value is added to database.

```
Select Run SQL Command Line

SQL> select * from address;

ADDRESS_ID CITY ZIP

100 Kathmandu 44600
101 Pokhara 33700
102 Lumbini 32914
103 Chitwan 44200
104 Dillibazar 44605
140 Chabahil 44620

6 rows selected.
```

Figure 27:value added to database

Updating value



Figure 28: before update

A row is selected, and changes are made.



Figure 29: After update

Row is updated and database is also updated

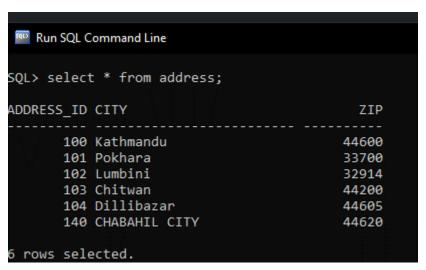


Figure 30: value updated in database

Deleting value

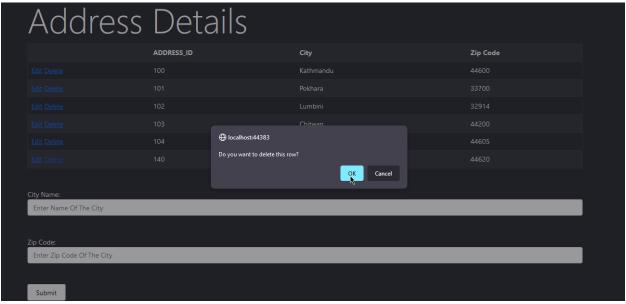


Figure 31: deleting data

A row is selected to be deleted

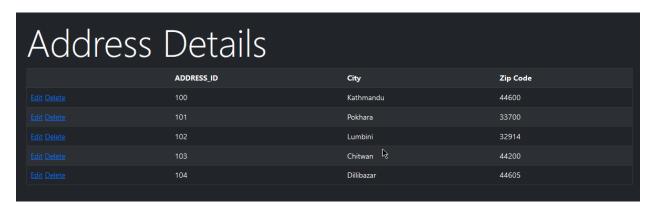


Figure 32: deleted

Value is deleted from database and grid view

```
## Run SQL Command Line

SQL > SELECT * FROM address;

ADDRESS_ID CITY ZIP

100 Kathmandu 44600
101 Pokhara 33700
102 Lumbini 32914
103 Chitwan 44200
104 Dillibazar 44605

SQL > _
```

Figure 33: value deleted from database

Incorrect query

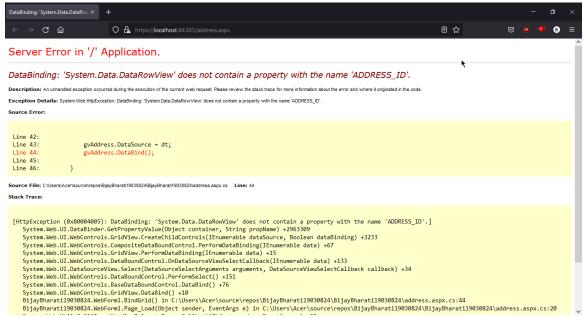


Figure 34: query error

The error was caused because of incorrect formatted query, the error was solved by correcting the query.

```
@"SELECT ADDRESS_ID , CITY as ""City"", ZIP as ""Zip Code"" FROM address";
```

Figure 35: correction

The query was corrected after which the application was running without any problems.

Integrity violation

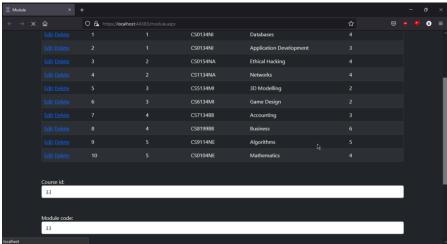


Figure 36: inserting invalid value for course

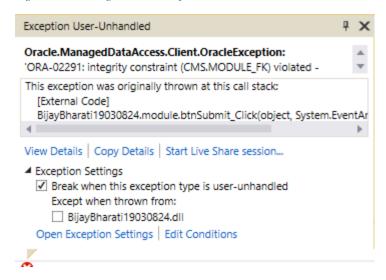


Figure 37: integrity violation

The following error was caused when using an invalid value for foreign key. The error was corrected by implementing dropdown list for all fields that are foreign keys so that only proper values can be entered by the users.

```
<asp:DropDownList class="btn btn-secondary dropdown-toggle" ID="ddlCourse" runat="server"
   DataSourceID="SqlDataSource2" DataTextField="COURSE_NAME" DataValueField="COURSE_ID">
   </asp:DropDownList>
   <asp:SqlDataSource ID="SqlDataSource2" runat="server" ConnectionString="<%$
        ConnectionStrings:ConnectionString %>" ProviderName="<%$ ConnectionStrings:ConnectionString.ProviderName %>"
        SelectCommand="SELECT &quot;COURSE_ID&quot;, &quot;COURSE_NAME&quot; FROM &quot;COURSE&quot;"></asp:SqlDataSource>
        T
```

Figure 38: implementing drop down list

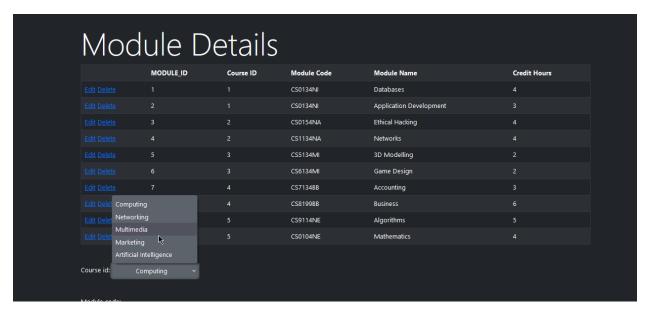


Figure 39: drop down list

The drop-down list is implemented after which there is no possibility of encountering the error.

Further Discussion

This coursework has helped me develop my understanding on databases and improved my web development and .NET skills. This coursework has also helped me be familiar with tools like SQL developer, Microsoft Visual Studio and Oracle Data Modeller. Through the coursework, I learnt how to connect database to our application and perform CRUD operations. This was also a great opportunity to refresh my knowledge on SQL queries.

The coursework was very insightful, and research done to complete the coursework and problems encountered helped me learn and improve what I know about Oracle and ASP .NET.