```
import numpy as np
import gym
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
env = gym.make("CartPole-v1")
state = env.reset()
state
# position, velocity, angle, angular velocity
     array([ 0.00243197, -0.04045838, 0.03059702, 0.03196711])
import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from collections import deque
import random
import tensorflow as tf
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(units = 50, input dim=4, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(units = 50, activation = "relu"))
model.add(Dense(units = 2, activation = "linear"))
opt = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning rate=0.001)
#opt = tf.keras.optimizers.SGD(learning rate=0.001)
model.compile(loss='MSE',optimizer=opt)
model.summary()
     Model: "sequential"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 50)	250

```
dense_1 (Dense) (None, 50) 2550

dense_2 (Dense) (None, 2) 102

Total params: 2,902
```

Trainable params: 2,902 Non-trainable params: 0

Parametry:

```
train_episodes = 100
epsilon = 0.16
gamma = 0.99
max steps = 50
```

Definiujemy pamięć jako kolejkę:

```
memory = deque(maxlen=150)
```

Ustalamy rozmiar **batch**:

```
batch_size = 15

def train():
    state_batch, Qs_target_batch = [], []

minibatch = random.sample(memory, batch_size)

for state, action, reward, next_state, done in minibatch:
```

```
if done:
      y = reward
    else:
      y = reward + gamma*np.max(model.predict(next state)[0])
    Q target = model.predict(state)
    Q target[0][action] = y
    state batch.append(state)
    Qs target batch.append(Q target)
  state batch = np.array(state batch).reshape(batch size,4)
  Qs target batch = np.array(Qs target batch).reshape(batch size,2)
  h = model.fit(state batch,Qs target batch,epochs=1,verbose=0)
  loss = h.history['loss'][0]
  return loss
Loss = []
Rewards = []
for e in range(1, train_episodes+1):
 total reward = 0
  t = 0
  state = env.reset()
  state = np.reshape(state, [1, 4])
  done = False
  while t < max_steps and done == False:</pre>
    Qs = model.predict(state)[0]
    if np.random.rand()<epsilon:</pre>
      action = any action snace sample()
```

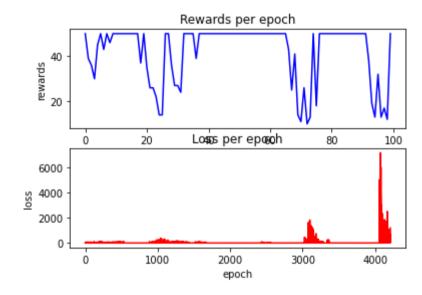
```
accion - chiv.accion_space.sampic()
  else:
    action = np.argmax(Qs)
  next_state, reward, done, _ = env.step(action)
  next state = np.reshape(next state, [1, 4])
 total reward += reward
  memory.append((state,action,reward,next state,done))
  if batch_size < len(memory):</pre>
   loss = train()
   Loss.append(loss)
  state = next_state
 t+=1
print(e, " R=", total_reward)
Rewards.append(total_reward)
   42 R= 50.0
   43 R= 50.0
   44 R= 50.0
   45 R= 50.0
   46 R= 50.0
   47 R= 50.0
   48 R= 50.0
   49 R= 50.0
   50 R= 50.0
   51 R= 50.0
   52 R= 50.0
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   57 R= 50.0
   58 R= 50.0
   59 R= 50.0
   60 R= 50.0
```

61 R= 50.0 62 R= 50.0 63 R = 50.064 R= 50.0 65 R= 50.0 R = 50.067 R= 43.0 68 R= 25.0 69 R= 41.0 70 R= 14.0 71 R= 11.0 72 R= 26.0 R= 10.0 73 74 R= 13.0 75 R= 50.0 76 R= 18.0 77 R = 50.078 R= 50.0 79 R= 50.0 R = 50.080 81 R= 50.0 82 R= 50.0 83 R= 50.0 84 R = 50.0R = 50.085 86 R= 50.0 R = 50.087 R = 50.088 89 R= 50.0 90 R= 50.0 R = 50.092 R= 50.0 93 R= 38.0 R= 19.0 94 95 R= 13.0 96 R= 32.0 97 R= 13.0 98 R= 17.0 99 R= 12.0

```
plt.ylabel('rewards')
plt.title('Rewards per epoch')
plt.plot(range(len(Rewards)),Rewards,"b")

plt.subplot(212)
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.title('Loss per epoch')
plt.plot(range(len(Loss)),Loss,"r")

plt.show()
```



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