### 目录

1,	测试环境	1
2.	测试场景	1
	tpch 语句查询	
	kudu/impala 参数调整kudu/impala 参数调整	

### 1,测试环境

● 节点:

1台主节点,5台计算节点

● 机器配置:

32 个物理核 128G 内存 12\*4T 磁盘

● 操作系统:

redhat 6.4

● 版本:

CDH 5.11.0

## 2,测试场景

#### 主要关注两方面的测试:

- 1, 首先满足<mark>精确查询</mark>, 比如查询身份证号码, 找到和这个人相关的信息
- 2, 其次, TPCH 数据集, 是用于评测决策支持系统(或数据仓库)的标准 SQL 测试集。这个测试集包含对大数据集的统计/报表生成/联机查询/数据挖掘等复杂应用,测试用的数据和值是有倾斜的, 与真实数据一致。可以说 TPCH 是与真实场景非常接近的一个测试集,也是难度较大的一个测试集。

本次测试生成了 100G 数据, 函数如下:

表名	行数	行数
customer	15000000	1千五百万

lineitem	600037902	6亿
nation	25	
orders	150000000	15亿
part	20000000	2 千万
partsupp	80000000	8千万
region	5	
supplier	1000000	1 百万

后续会扩展到 1TB 的测试

# 3,精确查询

#### Customer:

Count	Sql	Time	说明
	select count(*) from customer;	0.23	
   1 千五百	select * from customer where	0.24s	非主键, string
I	c_name="Customer#013299353";		
//	select * from customer where	0.26s	主键, int
	c_custkey=13299353;		

### Partsupp:

Count	Sql	Time	说明
	select count(*) from partsupp;	0.43s	
	select * from partsupp where	1.12s	非主键, string
	ps_comment="riously pending packages		
8千万	eat furiously deposits. final braids sleep		
	quick"		
	select * from partsupp where	0.22s	主键,int
	ps_partkey=8697341;		

#### lineitem:

Count	Sql	Time	说明
	select count(*) from lineitem;	1.24s	
6 亿	select * from lineitem where I_comment	Fetched 577	非主键, string
0 12	="efully special accoun"	row(s) in	
		8.16s	

select	*	from	lineitem	where	0.27s	主键,int
ps_partl	key=	8697341	,			

#### lineitem:

Count	Sql	Time	说明
	select count(*) from orders;	0.42s	
	select * from orders where I_comment	0.33s	非主键, string
15亿	=" equests are furiously. carefu"		
	select * from orders where o_orderkey=	0.31s	主键,int
	2946;		

## 4, tpch 语句查询

#### 1, tpch\_query1.sql

```
select
             l_returnflag,
             l_linestatus,
             sum(l_quantity) as sum_qty,
             sum(l_extendedprice) as sum_base_price,
             sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as sum_disc_price,
             sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) * (1 + l_tax)) as
         sum_charge,
             avg(l_quantity) as avg_qty,
             avg(l_extendedprice) as avg_price,
             avg(l_discount) as avg_disc,
             count(*) as count_order
             lineitem
        where
             l_shipdate <= '1998-09-16'
         group by
             1_returnflag,
             l_linestatus
             1_returnflag,
```

1\_linestatus;

#### 2, tpch\_query5.sql

```
select
             n_name,
             sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue
         from
             customer,
             orders,
             lineitem,
             supplier,
             nation,
             region
         where
             c_custkey = o_custkey
             and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
             and 1_suppkey = s_suppkey
             and c_nationkey = s_nationkey
             and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
             and n_regionkey = r_regionkey
             and r_name = 'AFRICA'
             and o_orderdate >= '1993-01-01'
             and o_orderdate < '1994-01-01'</pre>
         group by
             n_name
         order by
             revenue desc;
```

#### 3, tpch\_query10.sql

```
where
    c\_custkey = o\_custkey
    and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
    and o_orderdate >= '1993-07-01'
    and o_orderdate < '1993-10-01'</pre>
    and l_returnflag = 'R'
    and c_nationkey = n_nationkey
group by
    c_custkey,
    c_name,
    c_{acctbal},
    c_phone,
    n_name,
    c\_address,
    {\tt c\_comment}
order by
    revenue desc
limit 20;
```

#### 4, tpch\_query3.sql

```
select
             l_orderkey,
             sum(l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount)) as revenue,
             o_orderdate,
             o_shippriority
         from
             customer,
             orders,
             lineitem
         where
             c_mktsegment = 'BUILDING'
             and c_custkey = o_custkey
             and 1_orderkey = o_orderkey
             and o_orderdate < '1995-03-22'</pre>
             and l_shipdate > '1995-03-22'
         group by
             1\_orderkey,
             o_orderdate,
             o_shippriority
         order by
             revenue desc,
             o_orderdate
         limit 10;
```

#### 5, tpch\_query4.sql

```
select
             o_orderpriority,
              count(*) as order_count
         from
              orders as o
         where
              o_orderdate >= '1996-05-01'
              and o_orderdate < '1996-08-01'</pre>
              and exists (
                  select
                  from
                       lineitem
                  where
                       1_orderkey = o.o_orderkey
                       and l_commitdate < l_receiptdate</pre>
              )
         group by
              o_orderpriority
         order by
             o_orderpriority;
```

#### 6, tpch\_query6.sql

```
select
    sum(l_extendedprice * l_discount) as revenue
    from
        lineitem
    where
        l_shipdate >= '1993-01-01'
        and l_shipdate < '1994-01-01'
        and l_discount between 0.06 - 0.01 and 0.06 + 0.01
        and l_quantity < 25;</pre>
```

#### 7, tpch\_query7.sql

```
(
        select
             n1.n_name as supp_nation,
             n2.n_name as cust_nation,
             year(l_shipdate) as l_year,
             l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) as volume
        from
             supplier,
             lineitem,
             orders,
             customer,
             nation n1,
             nation n2
        where
             s\_suppkey = 1\_suppkey
             and o_orderkey = 1_orderkey
             and c_custkey = o_custkey
             and s_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
             and c_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
             and (
                 (n1.n_name = 'KENYA' and n2.n_name = 'PERU')
                 or (n1.n_name = 'PERU' and n2.n_name = 'KENYA')
             and l_shipdate between '1995-01-01' and '1996-12-31'
    ) as shipping
group by
    supp_nation,
    cust_nation,
    1_year
order by
    supp_nation,
    cust_nation,
    l_year;
```

#### 8, tpch\_query8.sql

```
select
    o_year,
    sum(case
        when nation = 'PERU' then volume
        else 0
    end) / sum(volume) as mkt_share
    from
    (
        select
```

```
year(o_orderdate) as o_year,
             l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) as volume,
             n2.n_name as nation
        from
             part,
             supplier,
             lineitem,
             orders,
             customer,
             nation n1,
             nation n2,
             region
        where
             p_partkey = l_partkey
             and s_suppkey = 1_suppkey
             and l_orderkey = o_orderkey
             and o_custkey = c_custkey
             and c_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
             and n1.n_regionkey = r_regionkey
             and r_name = 'AMERICA'
             and s_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
             and o_orderdate between '1995-01-01' and '1996-12-31'
             and p_type = 'ECONOMY BURNISHED NICKEL'
    ) as all_nations
group by
    o_year
order by
    o_year;
```

#### 9, tpch\_query8.sql

```
supplier,
             lineitem,
             orders,
             customer,
             nation n1,
             nation n2,
             region
        where
             p_partkey = l_partkey
             and s_suppkey = l_suppkey
             and 1_orderkey = o_orderkey
             and o_custkey = c_custkey
             and c_nationkey = n1.n_nationkey
             and n1.n_regionkey = r_regionkey
             and r_name = 'AMERICA'
             and s_nationkey = n2.n_nationkey
             and o_orderdate between '1995-01-01' and '1996-12-31'
             and p_type = 'ECONOMY BURNISHED NICKEL'
    ) as all_nations
group by
    o_year
order by
    o_year;
```

#### 10, tpch\_query9.sql

```
select
            nation,
            o_year,
            sum(amount) as sum_profit
        from
            (
                select
                    n_name as nation,
                    year(o_orderdate) as o_year,
                    l_extendedprice * (1 - l_discount) - ps_supplycost *
        from
                    part,
                    supplier,
                    lineitem,
                    partsupp,
                    orders,
                    nation
                where
```

```
s_suppkey = l_suppkey
and ps_suppkey = l_suppkey
and ps_partkey = l_partkey
and p_partkey = l_partkey
and o_orderkey = l_orderkey
and s_nationkey = n_nationkey
and p_name like '%plum%'
) as profit
group by
nation,
o_year
order by
nation,
o_year desc;
```

Sql	Hive 时间	Kudu 时间(impala)
tpch_query1	Time taken: 76.664 seco	nds, Fetched 4 row(s) in 9.48s
	Fetched: 4 row(s)	
tpch_query5	Time taken: 310.823 seco	nds, Fetched 5 row(s) in 194.38s
	Fetched: 5 row(s)	
tpch_query3	Time taken: 344.762 seco	nds, Fetched 10 row(s) in 79.49s
	Fetched: 10 row(s)	
tpch_query4	Time taken: 137.316 seco	nds, Fetched 5 row(s) in 167.58s
	Fetched: 5 row(s)	
tpch_query6	Time taken: 156.265 seco	nds, Fetched 1 row(s) in 2.27s
	Fetched: 1 row(s)	
tpch_query7	Time taken: 400.269 seco	nds, Fetched 4 row(s) in 134.75s
	Fetched: 4 row(s)	
tpch_query8	超过半小时	Fetched 2 row(s) in 219.91s
tpch_query9	超过半小时	Fetched 175 row(s) in 255.17s
tpch_query10	Time taken: 233.292 seco	nds, Fetched 20 row(s) in 43.46s
	Fetched: 20 row(s)	

# 5, kudu/impala 参数调整

1. Kudu: wal 日志和数据存放日志分开, wal 放在第一块磁盘上, 如果有条件可以放在 ssd 上, 数据目录放在第二块到第十二块上面

Kudu Tablet Server WAL Directory	Tablet Server Default Group 🛧	
fs_wal_dir	/data1/twal	
Kudu Tablet Server Data Directories	Tablet Server Default Group ◆	
fs_data_dirs	/data2/tdata	<u> </u>
	/data3/tdata	- (+)
	/uata5/tuata	
	/data4/tdata	<u> </u>
	/data5/tdata	( <del>-</del> ) (+)
	7 data 57 data	
	/data6/tdata	<u> </u>
	/data7/tdata	<del>-</del> +
	y data/) data	
	/data8/tdata	- +
	/data9/tdata	( <del>-</del> ) (+)
	,	
	/data10/tdata	<u> </u>

2. Kudu:memory\_limit\_hard\_bytes 参数调整为 32G, 默认是 4G, block\_cache\_capacity\_mb 参数调整为 4G, 默认是 512M

Kudu Tablet Server Hard Memory	Tablet Server Default Group •
<b>Limit</b> memory_limit_hard_bytes	32 吉字节 🔻
Kudu Tablet Server Block Cache Capacity block_cache_capacity_mb	Tablet Server Default Group ◆ 4 吉字节 ▼

3, impala 内存调整

