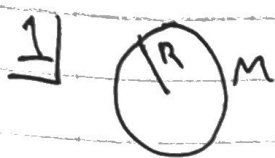


ASTA 401 Homework 1



$$U = - \int_0^M \frac{Gm}{r} dm$$

$$M = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 \rho$$

a)

$$U = - \int_0^R \frac{G(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \rho_0)(4\pi r^2 \rho_0 dr)}{r}$$

~~$$dM = 4\pi r^2 \rho_0 dr$$~~

$$dm = 4\pi r^2 \rho_0 dr$$

$$U = - \frac{16}{3} \pi^2 \rho_0^2 G \int_0^R r^4 dr \Rightarrow \boxed{- \frac{16}{15} \pi^2 \rho_0^2 G R^5}$$

b) $\rho(r) = \rho_0 \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right)$

$$U = - \int_0^R \frac{G(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \rho)(4\pi r^2 \rho dr)}{r} \Rightarrow - \frac{16}{3} \pi^2 G \int_0^R \rho^2 r^4 dr$$

$$\Rightarrow - \rho_0^2 \frac{16}{3} \pi^2 G \int_0^R r^4 \left(1 - \frac{2r}{R} + \frac{r^2}{R^2}\right) dr \rightarrow \int_0^R r^4 - \frac{2r^5}{R} + \frac{r^6}{R^2} dr$$

$$\boxed{U = - \frac{16}{3} \pi^2 \rho_0^2 G R^5 \left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{7}\right)}$$

c) $\frac{dP}{dr} = - \frac{Gm \rho_0}{r^2}$, for (a):

$$dP = - \frac{4}{3} \pi G \rho_0^2 \frac{r^3}{r^2} dr$$

$$P = - \frac{4}{3} \pi G \rho_0^2 \left(\frac{r^2}{2}\right) \rightarrow \boxed{P = - \frac{2}{3} \pi G \rho_0^2 r^2}$$

for (b)

$$dP = - \frac{4}{3} \pi G \rho_0^2 \frac{r^3}{r^2} \left(1 - \frac{2r}{R} + \frac{r^2}{R^2}\right) dr$$

$$\boxed{P = - \frac{4}{3} \pi G \rho_0^2 \left(\frac{r^2}{2} - \frac{2r^3}{3R} + \frac{r^4}{4R^2}\right)}$$

2) Recall from 1a) $u = -\frac{16}{15} \pi^2 \rho^2 G R^5$

a) $\rho = \frac{3M}{4\pi r^3}$ $\rho^2 = \frac{9M^2}{16\pi^2 r^6}$

$$u = -\frac{16}{15} \pi^2 G R^5 \frac{9M^2}{16\pi^2 r^6} \Rightarrow u = -\frac{3}{5} \frac{M^2 G}{R}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{1}{2} u \rightarrow \vec{E} = -\frac{3}{10} \frac{GM^2}{R}$$

$$\vec{E} = -\frac{3}{10} \frac{GM_0^2}{R_0} = -1.139 \times 10^{41} \text{ J}$$

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{Nm}^3}{\text{kg}^2}$$

$$M_0 = 1.989 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$$

$$R_0 = 6.95 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$$

Total Energy radiated: $1.39 \times 10^{41} \text{ J}$

b) Time taken to reach the main sequence:

$$L = \frac{E}{t} \rightarrow t = \frac{E_{\text{radiated}}}{L}$$

$$L_0 = 3.839 \times 10^{26} \text{ W}$$

$$t = \frac{1.39 \times 10^{41}}{3.839 \times 10^{26}} = 3.62 \times 10^4 \text{ s} \left| \frac{1 \text{ yr}}{3.154 \times 10^7 \text{ s}} \right|$$

$$\boxed{t = 1.147 \times 10^3 \text{ yrs}}$$

$$3) \quad m - M_B = 5 \log(d) - 5$$

$$M_B = 4.72$$

a)

$$d = 10^{\left(\frac{m - M_B}{5} + 1\right)}$$

$$m = 6$$

$$L = 4 \times 10^{26} \text{ W}$$

$$\boxed{d = 18.03 \text{ pc}}$$

b) photons/sec. in eye = $\frac{\text{Area of Eye}}{\text{SA of sphere where } r=d}$

$$n = \frac{\frac{\pi d_{\text{eye}}^2}{4} D_{\text{eye}}}{(4\pi d^2)}$$

$$D_{\text{eye}} = \text{diameter of eye} = .0242 \text{ m}$$

$$\boxed{n = 6.574 \times 10^{23}}$$

$$1 \text{ pc} = 3.086 \times 10^{16} \text{ m}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{1}{\mu_I} = \sum_i \frac{x_i}{A_i}$$

$$X_H = .71$$

$$m_H = 1$$

$$X_{He} = .27$$

$$m_{He} = 4$$

$$X_{\text{other}} = .02$$

$$m_{\text{other}} \approx 20$$

$$\frac{1}{\mu_I} = \frac{.71}{1} + \frac{.27}{4} + \frac{.02}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{\mu_I} = .7785 \rightarrow \boxed{\mu_I = 1.2845}$$

Now for All Hydrogen ($X_H = 1$):

$$\frac{1}{\mu_I} = \frac{1}{1} \Rightarrow \boxed{\mu_I = 1}$$

Now for All Helium ($X_{He} = 1$):

$$\frac{1}{\mu_I} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \boxed{\mu_I = 4}$$

Now for All Heavy Elements ($X_{\text{other}} = 1$):

$$\frac{1}{\mu_I} = \frac{1}{20} \Rightarrow \boxed{\mu_I = 20}$$