Finite difference methods LI Steps! Model problem: U'(t) = -au(t), U(o)=I Step 1: Discretizing the domain te (0, T] to t, t2 , , ... t<sub>N\_t</sub>=T Step 2: Sample the ODE at the much points  $U'(t_n) = -\alpha U(t_n), \quad N=1,2,...N_t$ Step 3: Replace derivatives by finite diffuences U'ltn) ~ U(tn+1) - U(tn) Forward difference Notation: Un = U(tn) numerical solution Mesh function: U V1 V2 V3 V<sub>0</sub> Insuling the Snite Diff. approx: vn+1-vn différence schene (equation) Step 4: Derive the Final algorithm lder: Un is known, Unti is unknown Solve with your The Forward 1 - 0 - a Let on EN & Scheme U°=I Other son emes to-1 to ton v'ltn) ~ \frac{1-v^{-1}}{212+} leapfrog diff. Cranb-Nicolson:  $U'(t_{n+1}|_{2}) = -\alpha U(t_{n+1}|_{2}) \approx -\alpha \frac{1}{2}(U''+U''')$  $= - \sigma \frac{1}{2} \left( \rho_{n} + \rho_{n+1} \right)$ Solve wit Unti  $U^{n+1} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \alpha}{1 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \alpha}$   $1 \quad U^{n} = T$ Nice combination of Crank-Nicolson, Forward and Backword Eler schemes:  $V^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1-0)\Delta t a}{1+0 \Delta t a} v^{n}$ 9-rule (FE) 6=0: Forward Eler 0 = 2: Crank- Nicolson (CN)(BE) 0=1: Bachward Evler