

# Instructions for Raspberry Pi Setup

## Required Equipment:

- Raspberry Pi
- Raspberry Power Cord
- HDMI Cord
- HDMI Compatible Monitor
- Mouse
- Keyboard

## Steps:

### Booting Up

1. Plug in power, HDMI, and turn on monitor.
2. Plug in HDMI, mouse, and keyboard into the Raspberry Pi.
3. Plug in power to the Raspberry Pi and wait for it to boot up.
4. If prompted for login information the information is: **User: pi Password: raspberry**
5. If defaulted to the command line then skip to step 7 otherwise continue.
6. Open the command line terminal. The icon is a black rectangle or a monitor with a blank screen. Figure 1 contains an example of this.



Figure 1. Terminal Icons

### Update and Upgrade the System

7. Next type into the command line following commands to update system and accept the permission to save:
  - 1) `sudo apt-get update`
  - 2) `sudo apt-get upgrade`
  - 3) `sudo rpi-update`

## Static IP Address

8. First information regarding the network is needed. Type in the following command:  
*ifconfig*
9. Figure 2 is an image of information given and the circled information are the ones needed. Also this information will be different for all devices.

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ ifconfig
eth0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr b8:27:eb:b3:fc:2e
          inet addr:192.168.1.81  Bcast:192.168.1.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
          RX packets:4078 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:256 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:264593 (258.3 KiB)  TX bytes:31343 (30.6 KiB)

lo        Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:16436  Metric:1
          RX packets:8 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:8 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
          RX bytes:1104 (1.0 KiB)  TX bytes:1104 (1.0 KiB)

wlan0     Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:0f:54:12:15:97
          UP BROADCAST MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
          RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:0 (0.0 B)  TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)

pi@raspberrypi ~ $
```

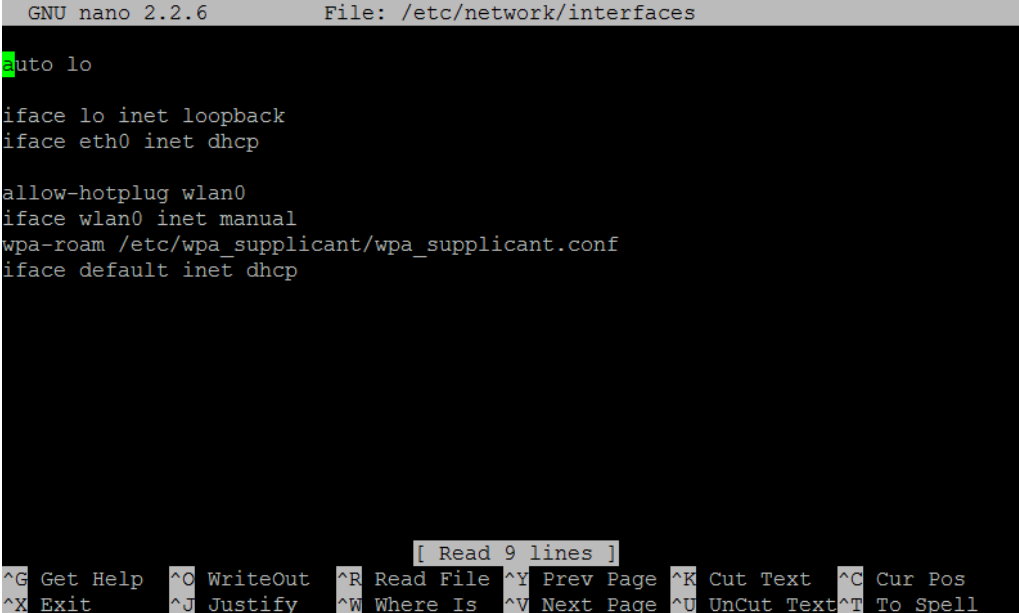
Figure 2. Information Given by *ifconfig*

10. More information is needed so the Type in the following command:  
*netstat -nr*
11. Figure 3 is an image of information given and the circled information are the ones needed. Also this information will be different for all devices.

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ netstat -nr
Kernel IP routing table
Destination      Gateway         Genmask         Flags        MSS Window  irtt Iface
0.0.0.0          192.168.1.254  0.0.0.0         UG           0 0        0 eth0
192.168.1.0      0.0.0.0        255.255.255.0   U            0 0        0 eth0
pi@raspberrypi ~ $
```

Figure 3. Information Given by *netstat -nr*

12. Plug this information into the Pi's network configuration file using the command:  
*sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces*
- This opens a configuration file, “interfaces”, in a text editor.
13. Figure 4 shows what the file looks like before the information is entered.



```
GNU nano 2.2.6      File: /etc/network/interfaces

auto lo

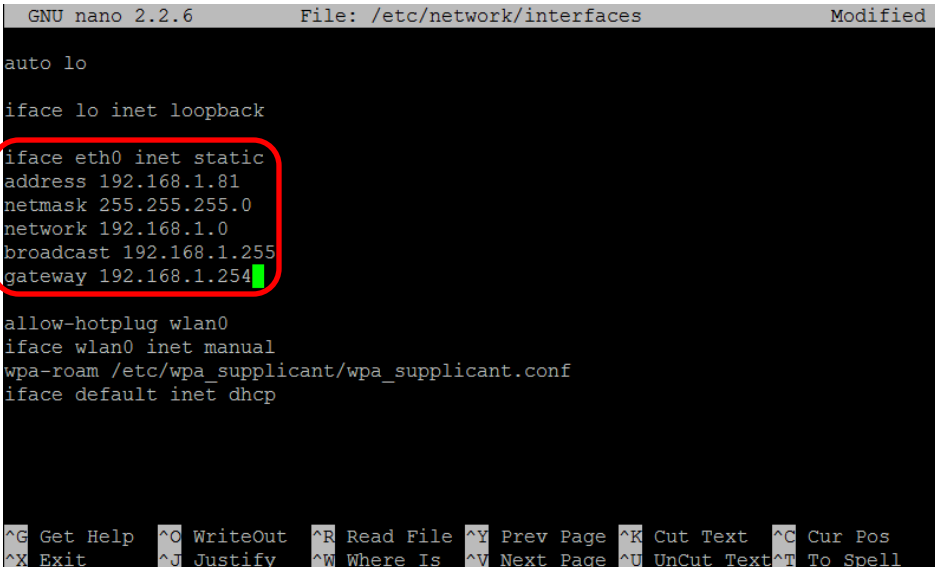
iface lo inet loopback
iface eth0 inet dhcp

allow-hotplug wlan0
iface wlan0 inet manual
wpa-roam /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf
iface default inet dhcp

[ Read 9 lines ]
^G Get Help  ^O WriteOut  ^R Read File  ^Y Prev Page  ^K Cut Text   ^C Cur Pos
^X Exit      ^J Justify   ^W Where Is   ^V Next Page  ^U UnCut Text ^T To Spell
```

Figure 4. Interfaces File before Edits

14. Type in the information from previous steps in-between `iface eth0 inet dhcp` and `allow-hotplug wlan0`. Also the dhcp to static. Figure 5 shows an example of this.



```
GNU nano 2.2.6      File: /etc/network/interfaces      Modified

auto lo

iface lo inet loopback

iface eth0 inet static
address 192.168.1.81
netmask 255.255.255.0
network 192.168.1.0
broadcast 192.168.1.255
gateway 192.168.1.254

allow-hotplug wlan0
iface wlan0 inet manual
wpa-roam /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf
iface default inet dhcp

^G Get Help  ^O WriteOut  ^R Read File  ^Y Prev Page  ^K Cut Text   ^C Cur Pos
^X Exit      ^J Justify   ^W Where Is   ^V Next Page  ^U UnCut Text ^T To Spell
```

Figure 5. Interfaces File after Edits

15. Save and exit the editor with control X and saving when prompt.
16. Remove any existing leases with the command: `sudo rm /var/lib/dhcp/*`

## **Remote Desktop**

17. For Remote Desktop control enter the command: `sudo apt-get install xrdp`  
Refer to Windows-Remote-Control for additional steps for setup.

## **Settings**

18. To change the default settings for the Raspberry Pi enter the command: `sudo raspi-config`
19. Expand the memory partition to allow more memory.
20. Enable Camera.
21. Enable SSH for remote command line control.
22. The keyboard is set to United Kingdom settings. It can be changed by going to keyboard settings and selecting United States. When selecting keyboard brand any will work so select the initial one.
23. Optionally the booting sequence can be set for command line only to save some resources when the Raspberry Pi running without a screen.
24. When finished with changing the settings exit the settings screen and reboot.