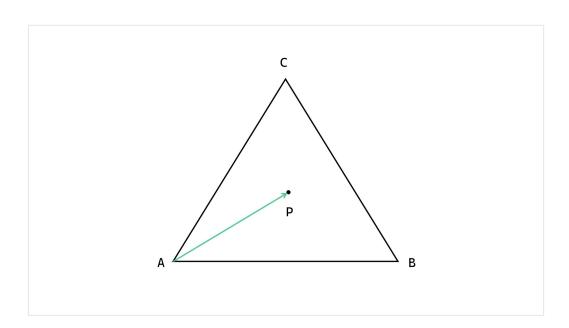
Note: Block-based Half-Space Triangle Rasterization Fong Zi-Sing, 2022.3

1. Edge function and barycenteric interpolation[1]



• If the vertices A, B, C are given in counterclockwise order, then " P is inside the triangle "

is equivalent to

$$\left| \overrightarrow{AB} \times \overrightarrow{AP} \right| > 0, \quad \left| \overrightarrow{BC} \times \overrightarrow{BP} \right| > 0, \quad \left| \overrightarrow{CA} \times \overrightarrow{CP} \right| > 0$$

• And it can be described as:

$$I_{01} = (A_{y} - B_{y}), J_{01} = (B_{x} - A_{x}), K_{01} = (A_{x}B_{y} - A_{y}B_{x})$$

$$I_{02} = (B_{y} - C_{y}), J_{02} = (C_{x} - B_{x}), K_{02} = (B_{x}C_{y} - B_{y}C_{x})$$

$$I_{03} = (C_{y} - A_{y}), J_{03} = (A_{x} - C_{x}), K_{03} = (C_{x}A_{y} - C_{y}A_{x})$$

$$|\overrightarrow{AB} \times \overrightarrow{AP}| = F_{01}(P_{x}, P_{y}) = I_{01} \cdot P_{x} + J_{01} \cdot P_{y} + K_{01}$$

$$|\overrightarrow{BC} \times \overrightarrow{BP}| = F_{02}(P_{x}, P_{y}) = I_{02} \cdot P_{x} + J_{02} \cdot P_{y} + K_{02}$$

$$|\overrightarrow{CA} \times \overrightarrow{CP}| = F_{03}(P_{x}, P_{y}) = I_{03} \cdot P_{x} + J_{03} \cdot P_{y} + K_{03}$$
(3)

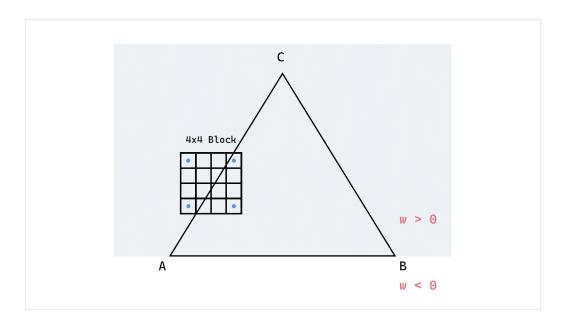
Then, the interpolation coefficients are the followings:

$$u = \frac{F_{02}}{F_{01} + F_{02} + F_{03}} = \frac{S_{\Delta BCP}}{S_{\Delta ABC}} \tag{4}$$

$$v = \frac{F_{03}}{F_{01} + F_{02} + F_{03}} = \frac{S_{\Delta CAP}}{S_{\Delta ABC}} \tag{5}$$

$$W = \frac{F_{01}}{F_{01} + F_{02} + F_{03}} = \frac{S_{\Delta ABP}}{S_{\Delta ABC}} \tag{6}$$

2. Block-based



- For the four corner of a block, there are three cases:
 - every corner of the block is outside the triangle.
 - every corner of the block is inside the triangle.
 - the block overlaps the triangle.
- If only the $|\overrightarrow{AB} \times \overrightarrow{AP}|$ is considered, for the every corner of a block:
 - outside \Leftrightarrow all w < 0
 - inside \Leftrightarrow all w > 0
 - overlap \Leftrightarrow some corner w < 0, other corner w > 0
- The same as $|\overrightarrow{BC} \times \overrightarrow{BP}|$, $|\overrightarrow{CA} \times \overrightarrow{CP}|$.
- On this basis, the pseudo code is the following:

```
q = GetBlockSize()
[ minX, maxX, minY, maxY ] = CalcuteBoundingBox(triangle.vertices[3],screenSize)
[ I01, I02, I03 ] = CalcuteDeltaX(triangle.vertices[3])
[ J01, J02, J03 ] = CalcuteDeltaY(triangle.vertices[3])
[ K01, K02, K03 ] = CalcuteConst(triangle.vertices[3])
[ IOO, JOO, KOO ] = CalcuteConst(triangle.vertices[3],
                                     I01, I02, I03,
                                     J01, J02, J03,
                                     K01, K02, K03)
     __mm128 is SIMD struct, details see `intel.com` */
I = Make __mm128(I00, I01, I02, I03)
J = Make __mm128(J00, J01, J02, J03)
K = Make __mm128(K00, K01, K02, K03)
F = I * minX + J * minY + K;
Area2 = F[1] + F[2] + F[3]
A = Make __mm128(Area2, Area2, Area2, Area2)
/** ( 1 / depth, gamma, alpha, beta ) at ( minX, minY ) */
F = F / A
/** dx, dy */
I = I / A, J = I / A
/** the four corner of a block */
[ F1, F2, F3, I1, I2, I3, J1, J2, J3 ] = CalculateFourCorner(F, I, J, q);
I *= q, J *= q, Cy = F, Cy1 = F1, Cy2 = F2, Cy3 = F3
loop y = minY to maxY with step q
    Cx = Cy, Cx1 = Cy1, Cy2 = Cx2, Cx3 = Cy3
    loop x = minX to maxX with step q
         /** check w of the four corner */
         checkw = (Cx1[0] > 0) << 3 |
                   (Cx1[1] > 0) << 2 |
                   (Cx1[2] > 0) << 1
                   (Cx1[3] > 0)
         /** the same as u, v */
         checku = (Cx2[0]>0)<3 | (Cx2[1]>0)<2 | (Cx2[2]>0)<<1 | (Cx2[3]>0) checkv = (Cx3[0]>0)<<3 | (Cx3[1]>0)<<2 | (Cx3[2]>0)<<1 | (Cx3[3]>0)
         /** Fully outside */
         if (checkw == 0x0 || checku == 0x0 || checkv == 0x0)
           Cx += I, Cx1 += I1, Cx2 += I2, Cx3 += I3
           continue;
         /** Fully inside */
         if (checkw == 0xF || checku == 0xF || checkv == 0xF)
           RenderBlock(x, y, Cx)
         /** Overlaps */
         else
           loop by = 0 to q with step 1
             loop by = 0 to q with step 1
               RenderPixel(x+bx, y+by, Cx)
             }
         Cx += I, Cx1 += I1, Cx2 += I2, Cx3 += I3
    Cy += J, Cy1 += J1, Cy2 += J2, Cy3 += J3
}
```

References

[1] Mileff P , K Nehéz , Dudra J . Accelerated Half-Space Triangle Rasterization[J]. Acta Polytechnica Hungarica, 2015, 12(7):2015-2217.