

CTA Smart writing

Conceptual proposition

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The problem

Files tagging by dataset name

User interface

Tape system optimization

Possible bonus features

Timing and parallel developments

Conclusion



What are we trying to solve?

- Datasets are always read whole
- Tape systems not dataset-aware during write
 - Files scattered over tapes ⇒ more read mounts
 - Files interleaved with others within tape
 ⇒ drive spends time positioning on reads
- Making files bigger will impact tape performance
 - Tape drive typically faster than file system (360 MB/s today, up to 1 GB/s in the roadmaps)
 - Tape server memory should hold several files to allow streaming them in parallel
 - Typical tape server memory size: 60 GB
 - Upper bound for efficient file size: 10 GB



Files tagging by dataset name

- Per-file property
- Type = string
 - Can we define a length cap?
- Only rely on comparison (no ordering, ranking...)



User interface

- On write, per file tagging
 - Has to go through Rucio/FTS/EOS/CTA
- Back tagging of existing files (several scenarios)
 - Executed as a one-off, we could have rule based update script
 - More general: provide get/set operation per file and leave it to the user



Tape system optimizations

- Write optimization
 - · Divide archive queue in per-dataset sub-queue
 - Make write mounts stick to a dataset (until it is drained)
 - ⇒ Contiguous files, zero positioning on read
 - Possibly cap the per-dataset parallel writes
 - ⇒ Soft-limiting the spreading over tapes
- Repack/defrag
 - Repack can then write in an optimized manner (defrag)
 - Repack input (which files to read) could be dataset driven instead of tape driven
 - · If extra read mount cost bearable
 - · Will have to take into account tape level constraints as well
 - Make sure we empty old tapes and not re-repack a target tape
 - Will it be worth the complexity?



Possible bonus features

- Multi-level tagging, allowing to better choose the next dataset in a mount
- Retrieve by dataset (implies big changes in whole data transfer chain, and possibly hairy error handling)



Timing and parallel developments

- This concept would take quite some time to implement (many projects involved)
- In the shorter term, we plan to rely on the existing
 - Temporal collocation
 - Software RAO will be implemented for LTO drives



Conclusions

- Changes from outside the tape system (bigger files)
 will push us to a non-optimal working point
- With proper hints tape system can optimize read access, knowing that access is done by full dataset



