# **Room Scanner**

### An application to show if a room is available.

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Scanning a QR-Code with room information with a device is possible using the Vuzix M100. Even though the developer community of Vuzix is small and the access is limited, the development for Android with OpenGL ES resulted in a suitable proof of concept for doing so.

### 1 Introduction

This article contains information about a small part project of "Fontys Plaza". "Fontys Plaza" is a project of the module GRAP at the Fontys University of Applied Science in Venlo, whose content is the creation of virtual or augmented realities.

This small part deals with the extension of reality by information on various classrooms. It happens all too often that a teacher searches for a free classroom to do some work but this room is often occupied 10 minutes later by the next class. Consequently, the teacher then has to move to the next room, where he might find the same problem. Would not it be a lot easier if the lecturer already sees when and how long a classroom is occupied or free by watching the door. This project tried by using the Vuzix M100, a SmartGlass, to solve this problem. For this will a QR-Code, which contains the name or number of the room, be scanned and analyzed to then display a symbol with accompanying information.

## 2 Technologies Used

Several technologies for virtual and augmented reality are available. All these technologies have different positive aspects and drawbacks. Some of them mentioned in the following subsections.

#### 2.1 Google CardBoard

The initial idea was to use Googles CardBoard for displaying the Element that indicates whether a room is available or not. Before the start of the development, it occurred that Google CardBoard is good for virtual reality where there is no connection to the outside world. Augmented reality, where still a part of the *real world* is shown is hardly possible with Google CardBoards since the camera is one sided and no overlaying is possible.

Another drawback of the CardBoard is the fact that both eyes are needed to see the 3D Elements.

#### 2.2 Vuzix M100

The Vuzix M100 Smart Glasses can be used for augmented reality. By using one eye for the real World and one eye for the application it is possible to display additional information to the users environment.

### 2.3 Android and OpenGL ES

The operating system on the Vuzix M100 is Android, which provides App developement in Java. OpenGL Elements can be displayed by using the OpenGL ES technique.

Apps for the M100 can be developed by using the IDE Eclipse together with the Android SDK API-Level 15. Also the firmware version 2.x for the Vuzix needs to be flashed.

### 3 Architecture

The architecture relies on mainly three classes. Despite the MainActivity that starts the internal Scanner-App what reads the QR-Code, the TimeTableReader class is needed to give information about the occupation of the rooms. Finally the RoomScannerRenderActivity with a RoomScannerRenderer that display the information in form of OpenGL elements on the screen.

The TimeTableReader class that reads information from the TimeTable API has been mocked to provide a realistic dataset.

### 4 Discussion

The current project is a prototype that reads a QR-Code and based on that access to the real timetable is needed to put this application to use. Furthermore it is adviseable to extend the Renderer to display information not only about the current state of the room but also to give information about the next hours, days and weeks.

The lack of suitable, up-to-date libraries for augmented reality resulted in the fact that there is no augmented reality but only a Android Device that shows an OpenGL Element.

### 5 Individual Work

In this section will be explained who worked on what.

#### 5.1 Max

- Researched different technologies
- Worked on the initial project structure
- Created ElementFree, the element that is displayed when the room is free.

Problems occurred in setting up the Vuzix for development. After the reorganization of the Vuzix-Website not all information have been accessible.

Since the OpenGL ES technique is very similar to the JOGL and OpenGL exercises in the module *OpenGL*, the drawing itself caused no problem, despite the fact that rendering an image as texture is not possible. Since this was no requirement, no image is used in the current state of the application. One negative aspect was the fact, that the emulator does not work, therefore displays two different forms. Getting the complete developer team had to rely on one Vuzix. This slowed down the development process.

A big problem was the limited time that was given for the project. With more time, a nicer in more detailed solution would have been produced.

#### 5.2 Ron

- Thinking about possible solutions for the project.
- Finalize of the project and presentation.
- Created ElementOccupied, the element that is displayed when the room is occupied.

Flashing the Vuzix to a version higher than 2.x was a small problem at the beginning because it need some time to get into how it works. Afterwards we could use the Vuzix in our planned application.

Writing the application was also a bit difficult because no much information are available for programming with the Vuzix. Most of the given webpages show a 404–error.

Some trouble occurred by developing the graphic stuff because of the small differences between C++ and Java. Also the problem that the virtual device emulator not worked creates a badly handicap for the developing phase.

But the biggest Problem was the limited time for reading into the topic, get everything too run and than implement some nice OpenGl stuff. I think there should be more time.

### 6 Conclusion

The use case of the project does not offer much possibilities to increase the skills learned in the OpenGL Course. Even though OpenGL elements are used within the application, the hardest part was to the get the Vuzix and its emulator up—to—date. Information is rare and a big developer community does not exist for this kind of hardware.

Luckily Vuzix runs Android applications, which can be emulated with every other device. That is why the first steps took place using the android virtual device emulator provided by Eclipse.

### References

[Android()] Android. Displaying graphics with opengl es. [Online]. Available: https://developer.android.com/training/graphics/opengl/index.html Accessed: 2016-01-06

## **Appendix**



W1-1.04a

Figure 1: Classroom W1–1.04a



W1-1.86

Figure 2: Classroom W1–1.86