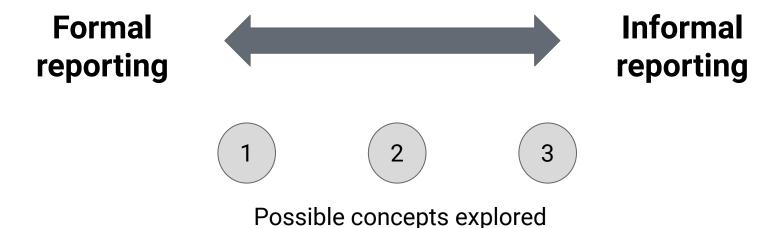
Design principles and concepts



What could a solution look like?



Concept One

A government branded, form based service

Pros

- Most clearly communicated
- Controlled capture of information
- Optimised for automation / reducing manual processing
- Strong expectation setting
- Familiar
- Good legitimacy govt branded
- Opportunities to tie in with gov.uk improved awareness / discoverability

Cons

- Traditional form based and formal feel
- Least optimised for context could result in a 'I'll do it later / can't be bothered' mentality
- Most onerous on user
- Least engaging (added value)

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

Tell us

Why tell us



Tell us about a food allergy incident

Help and advice

Help councils to work with restaurants to improve food safety



News and updates

Help the FSA spot trends and patterns and gather information that will shape future policy and guidance

proposition

Expectation setting / know

how

Value

proposition

Semantics
Inviting + non
threatening

Value

What you can tell us about

Help to protect others and

ensure it doesn't happen again

- An allergic reaction you experienced to eating a food or a food item from a restaurant, marketstall, canteen, takeaway, supermarket or grocery shop or any packaged food
- An allergic reaction you managed to avoid but would have had if you had eaten a food or food item from any of the above places
- · An issue with the label on a packaged food item

What to expect

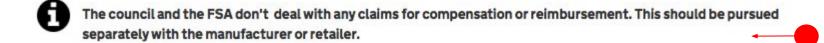
1 The information you provide will be shared with the local council for the area where you ate the food

2) The council will investigate further and may decide to pay an announced or unannounced visit to the premises

- · In most cases the council will work with the food business to improve practices
- · If required, it may take any necessary further action
- · The council may get in touch with you if they need further information and if you have agreed to share your details

Outcomes / value proposition

The council will continue to engage with the food business as part of their routine inspections or may schedule additional visits / engagement if necessary



Mitigation against false reporting

What information we'll ask you for

- The name of the food business where you bought the food and the area or address
- Your age range. You can also choose to provide contact details for the council if you would like so that they can contact you if needed
- · What you ate and when you ate it
- The onset of your symptoms (if you ate the food) and what symptoms you experienced
- · Any treatment you had, if you sought treatment
- · A brief description about what happened
- · Any photos you may have of the food, packaging or anything else you want to tell us about



Tell us by post

Offline accessibility

You can download a Food Allergy Incident Form and send it to us at

Building Number Address Post Code

What was the issue with?

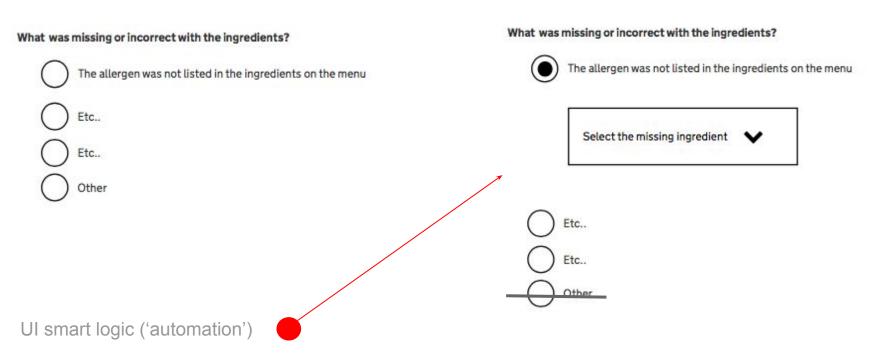
Decision trees

A food item or meal

A label on the package of a food item or packaged meal

Ingredients on a restaurant menu

Etc..



An 'Other' category which would require manual processing could be avoided here because - if the user selects other from the dropdown list we can infer that the issue is not with one of the 14 allergens and can treat this information in a specific way or 'exit' the user out of the service. The same strategy could be used to identify intolerance reports from allergic reaction reports using symptom onset

What was missing or incorrect with the ingredients?



The allergen was not listed in the ingredients on the menu

Other 🗸



By law a food business is only required to show allergy ingredients on their menu for the 14 allergens listed in the options above.

The local authority for this food business will not be able to investigate further but the FSA would still like to hear about your symptoms to help us gather information about future areas of research that may influence future policy and guidance.

You can continue by completing the remainder of the form below or view our guidance on topics to help you with food allergy management. These will also be available at the end of the form.

See our food allergy guidance and resources

Etc..

Etc..

Other

In-experience outcome and educating for informal prevention

Thanks for sending us information about your food allergy incident.

We will use this information to analyse patterns and trends, learn more about occurrences of allergic incidents which will help with future prevention, policy and guidance.

'Soft' outcome
-acknowledgement
of receipt -- sense of
'Something will be
done'

Food allergy guidance and resources

Information on the 14 allergens

How to ask for allergy information at restaurants

Food labelling guidance - what to look for when buying packaged food

Staying safe while eating out - things to think about when eating out that you may not be aware of

Food ingredients translation cards - available in x languages to help you inform other when you are eating about your allergy requirements

Etc



Concept Two

An online tool for quick reporting

Pros

- Easy and quick
- Controlled capture of information
- Optimised for automation / reducing manual processing
- Mobile optimised, good for contextual reporting
- Less onerous and more engaging
- Opportunity for value add
- Minimal typing

Cons

- Less traditional and formal
- Less opportunity for messaging and guidance
- Potentially less in depth
- More complex to build and change

What happened?

I had an allergic reaction

I avoided having an allergic reaction

Where did you eat or purchase the food item from? Add address manually instead



Experience is more informal and intuitive (less to read). Users jump right in without preamble

XYZ food business

100 Farringdon Rd EC1 2BC

Type of food business

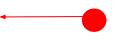
Help me choose the right category



I ate food containing

Help and guidance on the 14 allergens





Inputs
optimised for
mobile to
reduce the
need to type
and encourage
reporting as
soon as
possible

Name of the meal

Curry delight

What happened

Provide a brief description of how you came to eat or almost eat the food etc...

I ate the food assuming it has coconut milk but they used milk instead! Coconut milk was listed on the ingredients on the menu. When I confronted them they denied it.



To enable council investigation

My symptoms started

Instantly

after 24hrs

After a few hours

within 24hrs

Can build in logic to support in-experience guidance and outcomes - for example, using criteria to determine if

symptoms

suggest allergy

or intolerance

I experienced

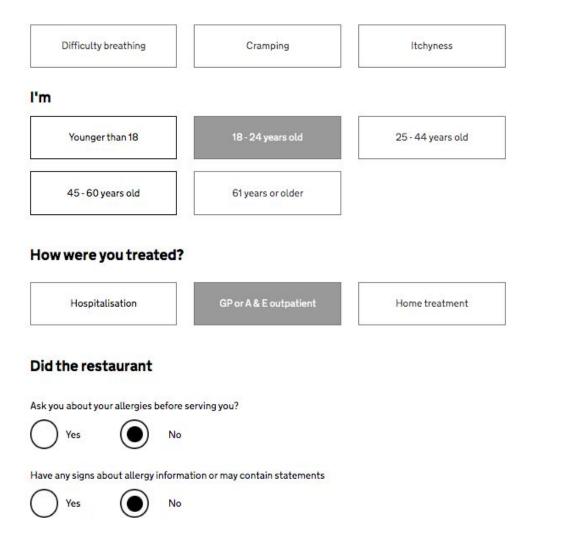
Vomiting

Swelling

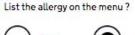
Skin rash

Nausea Bloating

Dizzyness



Experience is consistent so users have already learnt how to fill in the form and it should be quick, accurate and capture consistent data







Did you





Any photos to share with us?

Upload / add photo

Allow the council to contact you?

In order to investigate fully the council may require more information from you







Decision trees and conditional logic are possible so that users only see what is relevant, but they are aware of the consequence of their choices

What to expect



The information you provide will be shared with the local council for the area where you ate the food



The council will investigate further and may decide to pay an announced or unannounced visit to the premises

- · In most cases the council will work with the food business to improve practices
- · If required, it may take any necessary further action
- The council may get in touch with you if they need further information and if you have agreed to share your details

3

The council will continue to engage with the food business as part of their routine inspections or may schedule additional visits / engagement if necessary



The council and the FSA don't deal with any claims for compensation or reimbursement. This should be pursued separately with the manufacturer or retailer.



Outcomes / value proposition



Submit

Concept Three

Leveraging social media for reporting

Pros

- Very easy to do
- Quickest form of reporting
- Many people naturally turn to social media to complain
- Quick to set up
- Good additional channel and stream of information

Cons

- Less control
- Less reliable and usable information
- Less in depth
- Will exclude segments of people not using social media
- Likely to get a lot of noise

It starts with a strong awareness campaign

This would be beneficial and necessary for all 3 reporting approaches...





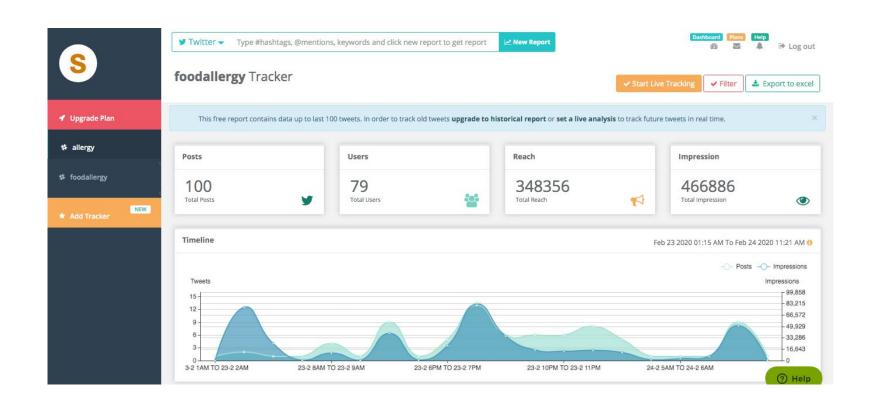


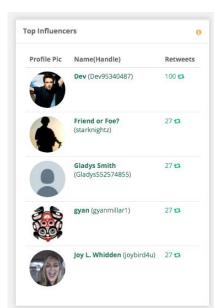
Create a reporting hashtag for people to use (spread through the campaign) and set up social listening

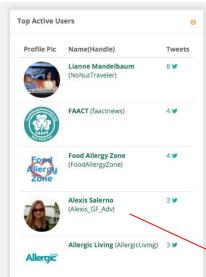
Be Data-driven

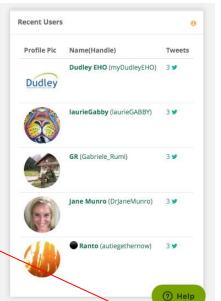
'Reports' can then be triaged and sent to councils etc... Mentions can be listened for as well



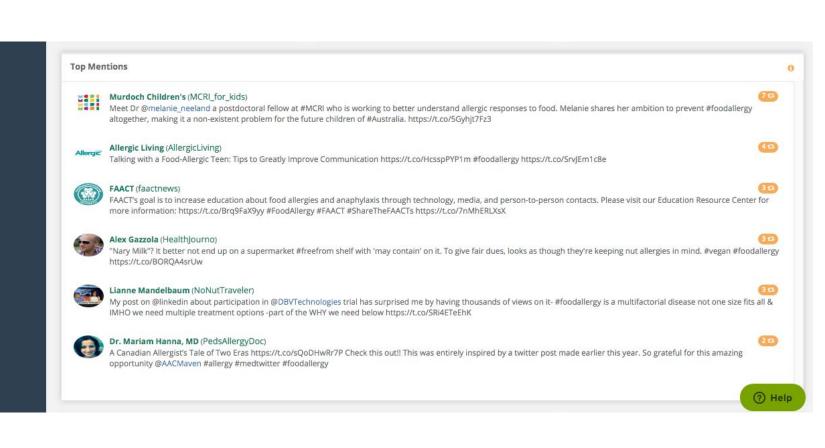


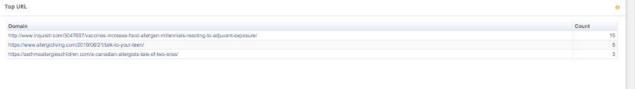




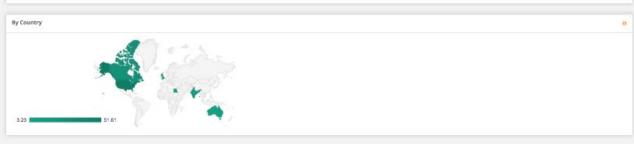


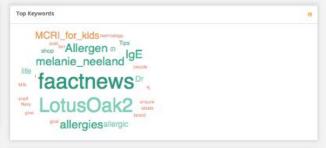


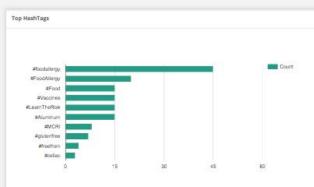


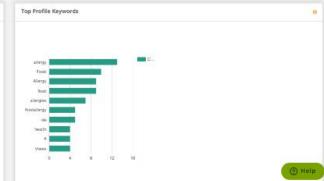




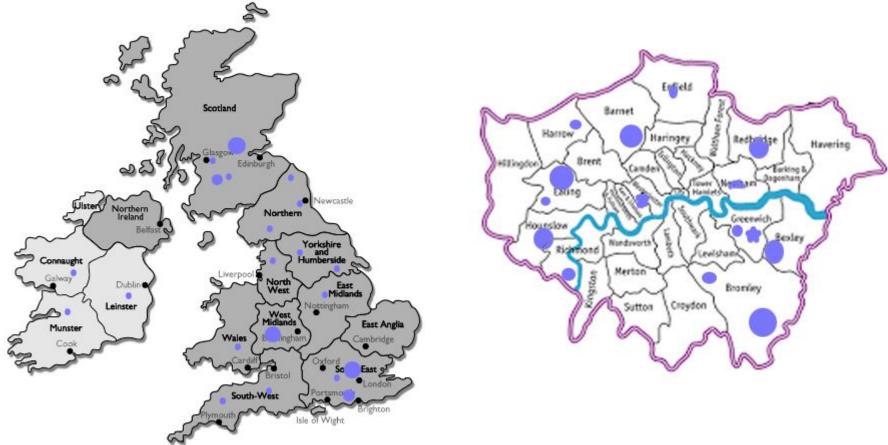




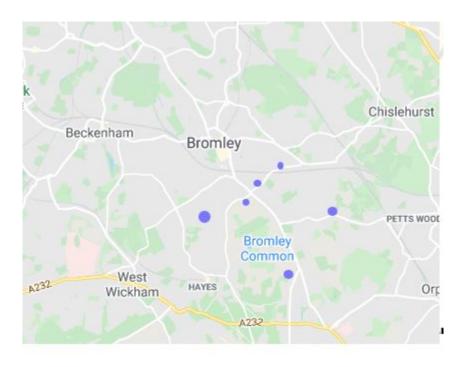




Analytics - LA and FSA dashboards

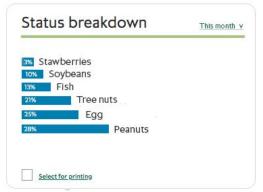


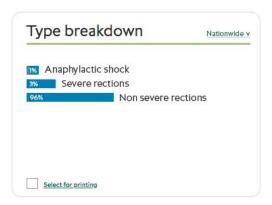
FSA view - high level nationwide



Council view - more granular but area specific









Dashboards can be used to highlight information to help spot trends and hotspots and could be configured to a FSA and council view with ability to change certain parameters, drill down into more detail and generate reports