# PROGRAM 3(B)

# AIM:-Compute the transitive closure of a given directed graph using Warshall's algorithm.

```
Source code:-
#include<iostream>
using std::cout,std::endl,std::cerr;
#include<vector>
using std::vector;
#include<string>
using std::string,std::getline;
#include <unordered_map>
using std::unordered_map,std::make_pair;
#include<fstream>
using std::ifstream;
#include<sstream>
using std::stringstream;
#include<iomanip>
using std::setw;
vector<vector<bool>> & transitive_closure(vector<vector<bool>> & graph){
  for(unsigned k=0;k<graph.size();++k){
    for(unsigned row=0;row<graph.size();++row){</pre>
       for(unsigned col=0;col<graph.size();++col){</pre>
         graph[row][col]=graph[row][col] || (graph[row][k] && graph[k][col]);
       }
     }
  return graph;
template <typename NodeType>
vector<vector<br/>bool>> CreateGraph(ifstream & input,unordered_map<unsigned,NodeType>&
NumIndices,unordered_map<NodeType,unsigned> &KeyIndices ){
  unordered_map<NodeType,vector<NodeType>> map;
  unsigned ctr=0;
  string line;
  while (getline(input,line))
    stringstream tokens(line);
    //taking input as adjacency list
    //filling maps containing conversions from given type to unsigned and vice-versa
    NodeType Key;
    tokens>>Key;
    if(KeyIndices.emplace(make_pair(Key,ctr)).second==true){
    NumIndices.emplace(make_pair(ctr,Key));
    ++ctr;}
    map.emplace(make_pair( Key,vector<NodeType>(0)));
    NodeType value;
    while(tokens>>value){
```

```
if(KeyIndices.emplace(make_pair(value,ctr)).second==true){
    NumIndices.emplace(make_pair(ctr,value)).second==true;
    ++ctr;};
    map[Key].emplace back(value);
    }
  }
  // creating adjacency matrix
  vector<vector<bool>> graph(map.size(),vector<bool>(map.size(),false));
  for(const auto &row:map){
    for (const auto & col:row.second){
       graph[KeyIndices.at(row.first)][KeyIndices.at(col)]=true;
     }
  return graph;
}
int main(int argc, char**argv){
  if(argc!=2){
    cerr<<"Usage: "<<argv[0]<<" name of input file";</pre>
    return EXIT_FAILURE;
  ifstream input(argv[1]);
  if (!input){
    cerr<<"error opening this file";
    return EXIT_FAILURE;
  unordered_map<unsigned,string> NumIndices;
  unordered_map<string,unsigned> KeyIndices;
  auto graph=CreateGraph(input,NumIndices,KeyIndices);
  input.close();
  transitive_closure(graph);
   cout << setw(12) << " ";
  for(auto i=0;i<graph.size();++i){
    cout<<setw(10)<<NumIndices[i];}</pre>
    cout<<endl;
    for(auto i=0;i<graph.size();++i){</pre>
       cout<<setw(12)<<NumIndices[i];</pre>
    for(auto j=0;j<graph.size();++j){</pre>
       cout<<setw(10)<<graph[i][j];</pre>
    cout<<endl;
  }
}
```

# output:-

# input file

1 Delhi Mumbai Kolkata Chennai Dubai							
2 Mumbai Delhi Kolkata Chennai Dubai	AbuDhabi Bangkok Singapore						
3 Kolkata Delhi Mumbai Chennai Dubai	Bangkok Singapore						
4 Chennai Delhi Mumbai Kolkata Dubai	Singapore KualaLumpur						
5 Dubai Delhi Mumbai Kolkata Chennai	London Paris NewYork						
6 London Delhi Dubai Paris NewYork To	pronto						
7 Paris Dubai London NewYork Toronto							
8 NewYork Dubai London Paris Toronto	LosAngeles						
9 Toronto London Paris NewYork LosAng	geles						
10 LosAngeles NewYork Toronto							
11 AbuDhabi Mumbai Singapore KualaLump	our						
12 Bangkok Mumbai Kolkata Singapore KualaLumpur							
13 Singapore Mumbai Kolkata Chennai AbuDhabi Bangkok KualaLumpur Sydney							
14 KualaLumpur Chennai AbuDhabi Bangkok Singapore Sydney							
15 Sydney Singapore KualaLumpur							

# terminal -output

D:\Code Domain\DAA (c++)>.\Warshall.exe digraph-string.txt															
	Delhi	Mumbai	Kolkata	Chennai	Dubai	London	AbuDhabi	Bangkok SingaporeKualaLumpur		Paris	NewYork	TorontoLosAngeles		Sydney	
Delhi	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mumbai	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kolkata	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chennai	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dubai	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
London	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
AbuDhabi	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bangkok	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Singapore	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
KualaLumpur	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Paris	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
NewYork	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
LosAngeles	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Sydney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### **PROGRAM-5**

AIM:- From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijikstra's algorithm.

# Source code:-

```
#include <iostream>
using std::cout,std::endl,std::cerr;
#include<unordered map>
using std::unordered_map;
#include <string>
using std::string,std::getline;
#include<sstream>
using std::stringstream;
#include<fstream>
using std::ifstream;
#include <vector>
using std::vector;
#include<utility>
using std::pair, std::move;
#include<limits>
#include<queue>
template <typename T>
using graph= unordered_map<T,vector<pair<T,unsigned int>>>;
template<typename T>
struct vertex
{ vertex()=default;
  vertex(T n, unsigned int dist=std::numeric_limits<unsigned int>::max(),T p=T() , bool r=false):
       name(n),distance(dist),parent(p),removed(r){}
  T name;
  unsigned int distance=std::numeric_limits<unsigned int>::max();
  T parent = T();
  bool removed=false;
};
template <typename T>
unordered_map<T,vertex<T>> &dijkstra(const T & source,const graph<T> & G,
unordered map<T,vertex<T>>& vertices){
  //Initialisation
  for(const auto& element:G){
    vertices[element.first]=vertex<T>(element.first);
  //setting the distance of source vertex to zero
  vertices[source].distance=0;
  //creating the priority queue
```

```
std::priority_queue<pair<unsigned int, T>,vector<pair<unsigned
int,T>>,std::greater<pair<unsigned int,T>>> min heap;
  min_heap.push({0,(source)});
  while(!min_heap.empty()){
    T current_min=min_heap.top().second;
    min_heap.pop();
    vertices[current_min].removed=true;
    // cout<<it->first<<'\t'<<it->second.name<<" "<<it->second.parent<<" "<<it-
>second.distance<<"\n":
    // ++it;
    for (const auto & element: (*G.find(current_min)).second){
       const auto & adj_vertex=element.first;
       if (vertices[adj_vertex].removed==true){ continue;}
       else {
         auto & old_dist=vertices[adj_vertex].distance;
         unsigned int new_dist=vertices[current_min].distance+element.second;
         if(new_dist < old_dist){</pre>
            old_dist=new_dist;
            vertices[adj_vertex].parent=current_min;
            min_heap.push({new_dist,adj_vertex});
       }
       }
     }
  return vertices;
template<typename T>
const graph<T>& create_graph(ifstream & input_file, graph<T>&G){
  string line:
  while(getline(input_file,line)){
    G.insert({line[0],vector<pair<T,unsigned int>>(0)});
    stringstream adj_vertices(line.substr(3));
    string adj_line;
    T name;
    unsigned int weight;
    while(getline(adj_vertices,adj_line,'}')){
       name=adj_line[2];
       stringstream distance(adj_line.substr(4));
       distance>>weight;
       G[line[0]].push_back({name,weight});
     }
  return G;
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char **argv){
  if(argc!=2){
     cerr<<"Usage: "<<argv[0]<<" name of input file";</pre>
     return -1;
  ifstream input_file(argv[1]);
  if (!input_file){
     cerr<<"error opening this file";
     return -1;
  }
  graph<char> G;
  create_graph(input_file,G);
  input_file.close();
  unordered_map<char,vertex<char>> vertices;
  dijkstra('a',G,vertices);
  cout<<"node\t"<<"parent\t"<<"distance from source"<<endl;</pre>
  for(auto i= vertices.begin();i!=vertices.end();++i){
     cout<<i->first<<'\t'<<i->second.parent<<'\t'<<i->second.distance<<'\n';
  }
}
```

# output:input file:-

```
{b,10},{c,20},{h,34}
     {c,3},{a,10},{f,81}
3 c
     {b,3},{d,17},{a,20}
4 d
     {e,2},{c,17}
5 e
     {o,8},{n,31},{d,2}
6 f
     {n,15},{g,15},{b,81}
7 g
     {n,12},{h,23},{f,15}
8 h
     {a,34},{g,23}
     {l,10},{j,8}
9 i
     {k,5},{l,8}
0 j
1 k
     {0,4},{1,5},{j,5}
21
     \{k,5\},\{i,10\}
     {n,13},{o,19}
3 m
4 n {0,20},{m,13},{f,15},{g,12},{e,31}
     {e,8},{m,19},{n,20},{k,4}
```

### terminal output:-

# PROGRAM 7(A)

AIM:- Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using BFS method.

### Source code:-

```
#include <unordered_map>
using std::unordered_map;
#include<vector>
using std::vector;
#include<fstream>
using std::ifstream;
#include<sstream>
using std::stringstream;
#include<string>
using std::getline,std::string;
#include<iostream>
using std::cout,std::endl,std::cerr;
#include<queue>
using std::queue;
#include<unordered_set>
using std::unordered_set;
#include<stdexcept>
template<typename KeyType>
using graph=unordered_map<KeyType,vector<KeyType>>;
template<typename KeyType>
void BFS(const graph<KeyType> & digraph, const KeyType& source){
  queue<KeyType> to_process;
  unordered_set<KeyType> visited;
  to process.push(source);
  visited.insert(source);
  cout<<"The nodes reachable from the source node are:-"<<endl;</pre>
  while (!to_process.empty())
  {
    auto processed=to_process.front();
    cout<<pre>cout<<" ";</pre>
    to process.pop();
    trv{
    for (const auto & neighbour: digraph.at(processed)){
       if(visited.find(neighbour)==visited.end()){
         to_process.push(neighbour);
         visited.insert(neighbour);
     }
  catch(std::out_of_range){
    cout<<endl;
    cout<<pre>cout<<pre>cond
    cout<<"The unreachable nodes are:- "<<endl;</pre>
    for(const auto & element:digraph){
```

```
if(visited.find(element.first)==visited.end()){
          cout<<element.first<<" ";</pre>
        }
     break;
  }
 }
int main(int argc, char**argv){
  if(argc!=2){
     cerr<<"Usage: "<<argv[0]<<" name of input file";</pre>
     return -1;
  ifstream input(argv[1]);
  if (!input){
     cerr<<"error opening this file";
     return -1;
  }
  //initialisations
  graph<char> digraph;
  char source;
  cout<<"enter the source node"<<endl;</pre>
  std::cin>>source;
  string line;
  while(getline(input,line)){
     digraph.insert({line[0],vector<char>(0)});
     stringstream tokens(line.substr(1));
     char keys;
     while(tokens>>keys){
       digraph[line[0]].push_back(keys);
     }
  }
  input.close();
  //driver
  BFS(digraph, source);
}
```

# output input file

# terminal output

```
1 a b c d
2 b c
3 c
4 e d h
5 d f g
6 f g h i
7 i j
8 h i
9 g
```

```
PS D:\Code Domain\DAA (c++)> .\BFS.exe .\digraph-char.txt
enter the source node
a
The nodes reachable from the source node are:-
a b c d f g h i j
j was the terminating node
The unreachable nodes are:-
e
PS D:\Code Domain\DAA (c++)>
```

# PROGRAM 7(B)

# AIM:-Check whether a given graph is connected or not using DFS method.

### Source code:-

```
#include<iostream>
using std::cout,std::endl,std::cerr;
#include<string>
using std::string,std::getline;
#include<vector>
using std::vector;
#include<fstream>
#include<sstream>
#include<unordered map>
using std::unordered map;
#include<unordered set>
using std::unordered_set;
#include<stack>
using std::stack;
template <typename VertexType>
using graph=unordered_map<VertexType,vector<VertexType>>;
template <typename VertexType>
vector<VertexType> isConnected(const graph<VertexType>& G){
  stack<VertexType> to_process;
  to process.push(G.cbegin()->first);
  unordered set<VertexType> visited;
  visited.insert(G.cbegin()->first);
  while(!to_process.empty()){
  VertexType current_vertex=to_process.top();
  to_process.pop();
  for(const auto & neighbour: G.at(current vertex)){
    if(visited.find(neighbour)==visited.end()){
       to_process.push(neighbour);
       visited.insert(neighbour);
     }
  }
  vector<VertexType>unVisited;
  if(visited.size()==G.size()){ return unVisited;}
  else{
    for(const auto & pair :G){
       if(visited.find(pair.first)==visited.end()){
         unVisited.push_back(pair.first);
    return unVisited;
```

```
}
int main(int argc, char**argv){
  if(argc!=2){}
     cerr<<"Usage: "<<argv[0]<<" name of input file";</pre>
     return -1;
  std::ifstream input(argv[1]);
  if (!input){
     cerr<<"error opening this file";
     return -1;
  }
  //initialisations
  graph<char> G;
  string line;
  while(getline(input,line)){
     G.insert({line[0],vector<char>(0)});
     std::stringstream tokens(line.substr(1));
     char keys;
     while(tokens>>keys){
       G[line[0]].push_back(keys);
     }
  input.close();
  auto result=isConnected(G);
  if (result.empty()){
     cout<<"Congratulations! Given graph is connected!"<<endl;</pre>
  }
  else{
     cout<<"Sadly the given graph is not connected!"<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"The unreachable vertices from "'<<G.begin()->first<<"" are:-"<<endl;</pre>
     for(const auto & vertex:result){
       cout<<vertex<<" ";
     }
  }
}
```

# input file

# terminal output

<b>1</b> a	b	С	h			
2 <b>b</b>	С	a	f			
3 <b>c</b>	b	d	a			
1 a 2 b 3 c 4 d 5 e	е	С				
	0	n	d			
6 <b>f</b>	n	g	b			
7 g	n	h	f			
8 h	a	g				
9 i 0 j	l	g j				
⊙ j	k	l				
1 k	0	l	j			
2 l 3 m	k	i				
3 <b>m</b>	n	0				
4 n 5 o	0	m	f	g	е	
5 <b>o</b>	е	m	n	k		

PS D:\Code Domain\DAA (c++)> .\DFS .\undirected-unweighted-graph.txt Congratulations! Given graph is connected!
PS D:\Code Domain\DAA (c++)>

### **PROGRAM 10**

# AIM:-Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim's algorithm

#### Source code

```
#include <iostream>
using std::cout,std::endl,std::cerr;
#include<fstream>
using std::ifstream;
#include<sstream>
using std::stringstream;
#include<string>
using std::string,std::getline;
#include<unordered_map>
using std::unordered map;
#include<vector>
using std::vector;
#include<utility>
using std::pair,std::make_pair;
#include<queue>
#includeimits>
template<typename KeyType>
using graph=unordered_map<KeyType,vector<pair<KeyType,unsigned>>>;
template<typename T>
struct vertex
{ vertex()=default;
  vertex(T n, unsigned int infinity=std::numeric limits<unsigned int>::max(),T p=T(), bool
r=false):
       name(n),cost(infinity),parent(p),removed(r){}
  T name;
  unsigned int cost=std::numeric_limits<unsigned int>::max();
  T parent=T();
  bool removed=false;
};
template<typename KeyType>
const graph<KeyType> & MCST(const graph<KeyType>& G, graph<KeyType>& tree){
  unordered_map<KeyType,vertex<KeyType>> vertices;
  //initialisation (necessary)
  for(const auto& element:G){
    vertices[element.first]=vertex<KeyType>(element.first);
  std::priority_queue<pair<unsigned int, KeyType>,vector<pair<unsigned
int,KeyType>>,std::greater<pair<unsigned int,KeyType>>> min_heap;
  auto first_element=vertices.begin();
```

```
(first element ->second).cost=0;
   (first element ->second).removed=true;
  tree.emplace(make_pair(first_element->first,vector<pair<KeyType,unsigned>>(0)));
  for(const auto & neighbours:G.at(first_element->first)){
    vertices[neighbours.first].cost=neighbours.second;
    vertices[neighbours.first].parent=first_element->first;
    min_heap.push(make_pair(neighbours.second,neighbours.first));
  }
  while(tree.size()<G.size()){
     KeyType current_min=min_heap.top().second;
     min_heap.pop();
    if(!vertices.at(current min).removed){
    tree.emplace(make_pair(current_min,vector<pair<KeyType,unsigned>>(0)));
tree.at(vertices.at(current_min).parent).emplace_back(make_pair(current_min,vertices.at(current_m
in).cost));
    vertices.at(current min).removed=true;
     for (const auto & element: G.at(current_min)){
       const auto & adj_vertex=element.first;
       if (vertices[adj_vertex].removed==true){ continue;}
       else {
         auto & old_cost=vertices[adj_vertex].cost;
         unsigned int new_cost=element.second;
         if(new cost < old cost){</pre>
            old_cost=new_cost;
            vertices[adj_vertex].parent=current_min;
            min_heap.push({new_cost,adj_vertex});
       }
  }
  return tree;
template<typename KeyType>
const graph<KeyType> & FillGraph(ifstream & input, graph<KeyType> & G){
  string line:
  while (getline(input,line))
   stringstream primary(line);
   KeyType Vertex;
   primary>>Vertex;
   vector<pair<KeyType,unsigned>> & neighbours=G[Vertex];
   string adj_vertex;
   while(primary>>adj_vertex){
    auto comma = adj_vertex.find_first_of(",");
```

```
KeyType adj_vertex_name=adj_vertex.substr(0,comma); //may need to change data type
here.
     unsigned weight=std::stoul(adj_vertex.substr(comma+1));
     neighbours.emplace back(make pair(adj vertex name, weight));
  }
  return G;
}
int main(int argc,char**argv){
  if(argc!=2){
     cerr<<"Usage: "<<argv[0]<<" name of input file";</pre>
     return -1;
  ifstream input(argv[1]);
  if (!input){
     cerr<<"error opening this file";
     return -1;
  }
  graph <string> G;
  FillGraph(input,G);
  input.close();
  decltype(G) tree;
  MCST(G,tree);
  for (const auto & elements:tree)
     cout<<elements.first<<'\t';</pre>
     for(const auto & children:elements.second){
       cout<<children.first<<","<<children.second<<" ";</pre>
     }
     cout<<endl;
  }
}
```

### input file

# terminal output

```
b,10 c,20 h,34
1 a
2 b
      c,3 a,10,f,81
      b,3 d,17 a,20
3 C
      e,2 c,17
4 d
      o,8 n,31 d,2
5 e
6 f
     n,15 g,15 b,81
     n,12 h,23 f,15
7 g
8 h
     a,34 g,23
9 i
     l,10 j,8
0 j
     k,5 l,8
     o,4 l,5 j,5
1 k
2 1
     k,5 i,10
3 m
     n,13 o,19
4 n
      o,20 m,13 f,15 g,12 e,31
5 o e,8 m,19 n,20 k,4
```