Research On GameSpy Protocol

Arves100, Xiaojiuwo



First Edition
January 7, 2020



Contents

1	Ger	neral Construction					
	1.1	SDK Module					
	1.2	Servers					
	1.3	The Access Sequence of Client					
	1.4	Basic Description of Protocol					
		1.4.1 The String Pattern					
2	Det	Details of GameSpy Presence					
		2.0.1 Server IP and Ports					
		2.0.2 Request For GameSpy Presence Connection Manager					
		2.0.2.1 Login Phase					
		Client Login Request					
		Login Response From Server					
		2.0.2.2 User Creation					
	2.1	GameSpy Presence Search Player					
		2.1.1 Search User					
	2.2						





Chapter 1

General Construction

Inside the GameSpy SDK there are 16 compotents, which constructed the GameSpy services.

1.1 SDK Module

- Brigades
- Chat
- Presence & Messaging
- CDKey
- Stats & Tracking
- Persistent Storage
- Transport
- NAT Negotation
- Peer to Peer communication
- Patching & Tracking
- Server Browser
- Query & Reporting
- SAKE Persistent Storage
- ATLAS Competition
- Voice Chat
- Web Authentication





1.2 Servers

Those compoents allows accessing multiple GameSpy servers that they provide.

- Presence Connection Manager
- Presence Search Player
- Master (Backend)
- Chat
- SAKE Storage
- NAT Negotation Mathup
- Server Browser
- CDKey
- Stats & Tracking
- Web Services

1.3 The Access Sequence of Client

1.4 Basic Description of Protocol

In this part, we describe some of the basic patterns that are used in all GameSpy servers.

1.4.1 The String Pattern

We first introduce the pattern of the string, which is using to make up a request and response. The following servers do use the pattern: Presence Connection Manager, Presence Search Player, Game Status, CD-Key, Query Report Version 1. This kind of string represents a value in a request and response sent by the client or the server as Table 1.1.

String	Description	
$\langle content \rangle \setminus$	The value is $\langle content \rangle$	

Table 1.1: Value string

This kind of string is represent a command in a request sends by the client or the server as Table 1.2. The command will end with $\setminus \setminus$ or \setminus depends on whether run at the server-side or client-side.

String	Description
$\backslash command \backslash \backslash$	This is a command
$\langle error \rangle \langle$	Error command
$\backslash lc \backslash$	Login command

Table 1.2: Command string





Figure 1.1: The access sequence of client Game Server 6 (0) QR GPSP GPCM 9 (2) \bigcirc \bigcirc 7 3 CDKeyClient SB(k) (5) \bigcirc CHATGSTATS WebServer



Chapter 2

Details of GameSpy Presence

Presence & Messaging system allows a game to add account authentication or registration, which includes a profile where personal information could be stored (such as email, first name), a friend list (called buddies), private messages.

GameSpy Presence contains two server, GameSpy Presence Connection Manager (GPCM) and GameSpy Presence Search Player (GPSP). GPCM is a server that manages the profiles (such as login, storing the profile information).

2.0.1 Server IP and Ports

Table 2.1 are the GPCM and GPSP IP and Ports that client/game connect to.

IP	Port
gpcm.gamespy.com	29900
gpsp.gamespy.com	29901

Table 2.1: IP and Ports for GameSpy Presence Servers

Table 2.2 lists the request (known by us) that clients send to GameSpy Presence Connection Manager server (GPCM).





Commands	Description	
$\langle inviteto \rangle \langle$	Invite friends	
$\langle login \rangle \langle$	Login to GPCM	
$\getprofile \setminus$	Get the profile of a player (including your own)	
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Add a player to my friend list	
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Delete a player from my friend list	
lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	Update login information (email, password)	
\updatepro\\ Update my profile such as first name, last name, gender		
$\langle logout \rangle \langle$	hut\\ Logout manually by user	
\slash status $\$	Update the status of a user (Such as what game is the player playing)	
$\langle ka \rangle \langle$	$\ka \$ Keep client alive (do not disconnect)	

Table 2.2: Request For GameSpy Presence Connection Manager

Error response string for (GPCM, GPSP):

 $\label{lem:conde} \\ \langle error \backslash err \backslash \langle errorcode \rangle \backslash fatal \backslash \langle errormessage \rangle \\ \langle errormessage \rangle \\ \langle id \backslash 1 \backslash final \rangle \\ (2.1)$

2.0.2.1 Login Phase

Client Login Request

There are three ways of login:

- AuthToken: Logging using an alphanumeric string that rapresents an user
- UniqueNick: Logging using a nickname that is unique from all the players
- User: Logging with the nickname and the password

The full login request string:

```
\label{login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_log
```

The value $\langle challenge \rangle$ for $\langle challenge \rangle$ in 2.2 is a 10 byte alphanumeric string. The following Table 2.3 is a description of string used in login request, Game-Spy can use these string to find value in database.





Keys	Description	Type
login	The login command which use to identify the	
login	login request of client	
ob allon ma	The user challenge used to verify the	
challenge	authenticity of the client	
authtoken		
uniquenick	The unique nickname used to login	
	The users account (format is	
user	NICKNAME@EMAIL)	
	Send the userid (for example when you	
userid	disconnect you will keep this)	
nnofiloid	Send the profileid (for example when you	
profileid	disconnect you will keep this)	
	This ID is used to identify a backend service	
	logged with gamespy.(Nintendo WIFI	
partnerid	Connection will identify his partner as 11,	
	which means that for gamespy, you are	
	logging from a third party connection)	
magn anga	The client challenge used to verify the	
response	authenticity of the client	
	If this option is set to 1, then you are	
firewall	connecting under a firewall/limited	
	connection	
port	The peer port (used for p2p stuff)	
productid	An ID that identify the game you're using	
	A string that rapresents the game that you're	
gamename	using, used also for several activities like	
	peerchat server identification	
namespaceid	?	
sdkrevision	The version of the SDK you're using	
quiet	? Maybe indicate invisible login which can	
quiet	not been seen at friends list	
id	The value is 1	
final	final Message end	

Table 2.3: Login parameter string

Login Response From Server

This response string 2.3, 2.4 is send by the server when a connection is accepted, and followed by a challenge 2.2, which verifies the server that client connect to

There are two kinds of login response string:

$$\label{eq:local_lenge} $$ \langle challenge \rangle \rangle $$ userid \langle userid \rangle profileid \langle profileid \rangle final \rangle $$ (2.3)$$





Keys	Description	Type
challenge	The challenge string sended by GameSpy	
Chanenge	Presence server	
nur	?	
userid	The userID of the profile	
profileid	The profileID	
final		

Table 2.4: The first type login response

$$\label{local_local_local_local_local_local} $$ \langle lc \rangle \cdot | voil = lc \rangle \cdot | v$$

Keys	Description	Type
sesskey	The session key, which is a integer	
sesskey	rapresentating the client connection	
userid	The userID of the profile	
profileid The profileID		
uniquenick	The logged in unique nick	
lt	The login ticket, unknown usage	
proof	The proof is something similar to the	
proor	response but it vary	
final		

Table 2.5: The second type login response

Proof in 2.5 generation: md5(password)||48spaces The user could be AuthToken or the User/UniqueNick (with the extra PartnerID). server challenge that we received before.

2.0.2.2 User Creation

This command 2.5 is used to create a user in GameSpy.

$$\label{lemail} $$\operatorname{\email}\email\e$$

The description of each parameter string is shown in Table 2.6.





String	g Description	
email	The email used to create	
nick	The nickname that will be created	
passwordenc	The encoded password (password XOR with	
passwordene	Gamespy seed and the Base64 encoded)	
productid	An ID that identify the game you're using	
gamanama	A string that rapresents the game that you're	
gamename	using, used also for several	
namespaceid	?Unknown	
uniquenick	Uniquenick that will be created	
cdkeyenc	The encrypted CDkey, encrypted method is	
cakeyenc	the same as the passwordenc	
partnerid	This ID is used to identify a backend service	
partnerid	logged with gamespy	
id	id The value of id is 1	
final	Message end	

Table 2.6: User creation string

2.1 GameSpy Presence Search Player

Table ?? are the GPSP IP and Ports that client/game connect to.

IP	Port
gpsp.gamespy.com	29901

Table 2.7: IP and Ports for GameSpy Presence Search Player

2.1.1 Search User

This is the request that client sends to server:

$$\label{eq:continuity} $$ \operatorname{sesskey} \rightarrow \operatorname{fileid} < \operatorname{profileid} > \\ \operatorname{namespaceid} < \operatorname{namespaceid} > \operatorname{partnerid} < \operatorname{partnerid} > \\ \operatorname{nick} < \operatorname{nick} > \operatorname{uniquenick} < \operatorname{uniquenick} > \\ \operatorname{email} < \operatorname{email} > \operatorname{gamename} > \operatorname{final} $$ (2.6)$$

This is the response that server sends to client:

$$\begin{tabular}{ll} $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\aligned & \aligned & \al$$

2.2 GameSpy Status and Tracking

when game connect to GSTATS server, server will send an message to game which contains the challenge, the total length of message must bigger than





38 bytes, and the challenge must bigger than 20 bytes. when game received the challenge it will compute a response, the response is formed as follows. response = CRC32 (<server challenge>,<length of server challenge>)||<game secret key> then game will compute the MD5 hash as MD5 value = MD5 (<response>,<length of response>) then encoded with Enctype3 then construct the challenge-response message as \auth\\gamename\ < gamename > \response\ < MD5 value > \port > \id\ < id>

session key length (unknown) connction id = transfer ascii of sessionkey to integer

the initialization phase is finished. server challenge message length (bigger than 38-byte) server challenge length (bigger than 20-byte) final is encrypted using XOR Encrype1 at the end of the challenge that sends by the server.

