Research On GameSpy Protocol

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Part I Research On GameSpySDK



GameSpy General Construction

In GameSpy SDK there are 16 modules, which constructed the GameSpy main functions.

1.1 GameSpy SDK Module

- GameSpy Presence Servers
 - GameSpy Presence Connection Manager
 - GameSpy Presence Search Player
- Nat Negotiation
- Master Server: Query Report 2
- Master Server: Server Browser
- Master Server: Available Check
- Game Patching
- Game Tracking
- Master Server Patching: Downloading files from FilePlanet
- $\bullet~{\rm Peer~SDK}$
- Game Statitics
- Chat Server





GameSpy Presence Servers

GameSpy Presence Servers contain two server, GameSpy Presence Connection Manager (GPCM) and GameSpy Presence Search Player (GPSP). GPCM is a server that handle login request and response with corresponding user infomation stored on GameSpy. GPSP is a server that handle search request for user.

2.0.1 Server IP and Ports

Table 2.1 are the GPCM and GPSP IP and Ports that client/game connect to.

IP	Port
gpcm.gamespy.com	29900
gpsp.gamespy.com	29901

Table 2.1: IP and Ports for GameSpy Presence Servers

2.0.2 Database Key Field

These keys is that GameSpy Presence SDK using to find a user in their database. Keys are shown in Table 2.2.

Keys	Description
User	An user contains the Email and the password, but
	contains multiple profiles
ProfileID	The profile contains the name, surname, birth date
	and all the rest user info, including an unique
	nickname used to identify the profile and a generic
	nickname used to show for example in games

Table 2.2: Key Field

2.0.3 Protocol Descriptions

In this part, we show the protocol detail in GameSpy Presence SDK.





2.0.3.1 The String Pattern

We first introduce the pattern of the string, which is using to make up a request. This kind of string is represent a value in a request sends by the client as Table 2.3.

String		Description
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\rangle \setminus$	The value is $\langle content \rangle$

Table 2.3: Value string

This kind of string is represent a command in a request sends by the client as Table 2.4. The command will end with $\setminus \setminus$ or \setminus depends on whether run at the server-side or client-side.

String	Description
$\backslash command \backslash \backslash$	This is a command
$\langle error \rangle \langle$	Error command
$\backslash lc \backslash$	Login command

Table 2.4: Command string

This kind of string is represent a parameter in a request sends by the client 2.5. GameSpy uses the combination of the parameter to search the string with value, and sends the data back to client use this kind of parameter string.

String	Description
id 1	This is a parameter string the value of id is 1
$\profileid \007 \$	This is a parameter string the value of <i>profileid</i> is 007

Table 2.5: Parameter string

Error response string for (GPCM, GPSP):

 $\langle error \rangle \langle errorcode \rangle \langle fatal \rangle \langle errormessage \rangle \langle id \rangle \langle final \rangle$ (2.1)

2.0.3.2 Login Phase

Client Login Request

There are three ways of login:

- AuthToken: Logging using an alphanumeric string that rapresents an user
- UniqueNick: Logging using a nickname that is unique from all the players
- User: Logging with the nickname and the password



The full login request string:

```
\label{login_challenge_login_challenge} $$ \displaystyle \operatorname{login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challenge_login_challen
```

The value $\langle challenge \rangle$ for $\langle challenge \rangle$ in 2.2 is a 10 byte alphanumeric string. The following Table 2.6 is a description of string used in login request, Game-Spy can use these string to find value in database.

String	Description
login	The login command which use to identify the login
	request of client
challenge	The user challenge used to verify the authenticity of the
	client
authtoken	The token used to login (represent of an user)
uniquenick	The unique nickname used to login
user	The users account (format is NICKNAME@EMAIL)
userid	Send the userid (for example when you disconnect you
	will keep this)
profileid	Send the profileid (for example when you disconnect you
	will keep this)
partnerid	This ID is used to identify a backend service logged with
	gamespy.(Nintendo WIFI Connection will identify his
	partner as 11, which means that for gamespy, you are
	logging from a third party connection)
response	The client challenge used to verify the authenticity of the
	client
firewall	If this option is set to 1, then you are connecting under a
	firewall/limited connection
port	The peer port (used for p2p stuff)
productid	An ID that identify the game you're using
gamename	A string that rapresents the game that you're using, used
	also for several activities like peerchat server identification
namespaceid	?
sdkrevision	The version of the SDK you're using
quiet	? Maybe indicate invisible login which can not been seen
	at friends list
id	The value is 1
final	Message end

Table 2.6: Login parameter string

Login Response From Server





This response string 2.3, 2.4 is send by the server when a connection is accepted, and followed by a challenge 2.2, which verifies the server that client connect to.

There are two kinds of login response string:

$$\label{eq:local_lenge} $$ \langle challenge \rangle \cap ur $$ \langle userid \rangle \cdot profileid \rangle final $$ (2.3)$$

Keys	Description
challenge	The challenge string sended by GameSpy Presence
	server
nur	?
userid	The userID of the profile
profileid	The profileID
final	

Table 2.7: The first type login response

$$\label{eq:lclasskey} $$ \class{key}\arid\arid\profileid\profileid} $$ \arid\arid\profi\proof\p$$

Keys	Description
sesskey	The session key, which is a integer rapresentating
	the client connection
userid	The userID of the profile
profileid	The profileID
uniquenick	The logged in unique nick
lt	The login ticket, unknown usage
proof	The proof is something similar to the response but
	it vary
final	

Table 2.8: The second type login response

Proof in 2.8 generation: md5(password)||48spaces The user could be AuthToken or the User/UniqueNick (with the extra PartnerID). server challenge that we received before. the client challenge that was generated before.

2.0.3.3 User Creation

This command 2.5 is used to create a user in GameSpy.

$$\label{lemail} $$\operatorname{\ensure} \ensuremath{$$





The description of each parameter string is shown in Table 2.9. $\,$

String	Description
email	The email used to create
nick	The nickname that will be created
passwordenc	The encoded password (password XORed by Gamespy
	seed and the Base64 encoded)
productid	An ID that identify the game you're using
gamename	A string that rapresents the game that you're using, used
	also for several
namespaceid	?Unknown
uniquenick	Uniquenick that will be created
cdkeyenc	The encrypted CDkey, encrypted method is the same as
	the passwordenc
partnerid	This ID is used to identify a backend service logged with
	gamespy
id	The value of id is 1
final	Message end

Table 2.9: User creation string



Part II RetroSpy System Architecture



2.1 GameSpy Library

2.1.1 Networks

There are two different servers in RetroSpy; one is TCP another is UDP. TCP and UDP work differently so the implementation will be different. We show the different implementing in 2.1.1.1 and 2.1.1.2.

2.1.1.1 TCP

TcpServer class is only for making the connection and listening for connections. TcpStream is for receiving and sending the message.

2.1.1.2 UDP

UdpServer class does not need a server to handle connection and listen for connection, every client can be a server, and every server is a client. So this class has both receiving and sending functions.





introduction



conclusion