## Research On GameSpy Protocol

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# Part I Research On GameSpy SDK



## GameSpy General Construction

In GameSpy SDK there are 9 modules, which constructed the GameSpy main functions.

## 1.1 GameSpy SDK Module

- GameSpy Presence Connection Manager
- GameSpy Presence Search Player
- Nat Negotiation
- Query Report 2
- Server Browser
- Game Patching
- Master Server Patching
- Game Stats and Tracking
- Chat

#### 1.1.1 Basic Descriptions of Protocol

In this part, we show the basic descriptions of protocol in GameSpy Presence SDK.

#### 1.1.1.1 The String Pattern

We first introduce the pattern of the string, which is using to make up a request. This kind of string is represent a value in a request sends by the client as Table 1.1.





String	Description
$\langle content \rangle \langle$	The value is $\langle content \rangle$

Table 1.1: Value string

This kind of string is represent a command in a request sends by the client as Table 1.2. The command will end with  $\setminus \setminus$  or  $\setminus$  depends on whether run at the server-side or client-side.

String	Description
$\backslash command \backslash \backslash$	This is a command
$\ensuremath{\setminus} error \setminus \ensuremath{\setminus}$	Error command
$\backslash lc \backslash$	Login command

Table 1.2: Command string



## The Detail of GameSpy Presence SDK

#### 2.1 GameSpy Presence Connection Manager

GameSpy Presence SDK contain two server, GameSpy Presence Connection Manager (GPCM) and GameSpy Presence Search Player (GPSP). GPCM is a server that handle login request and response with corresponding user information stored on GameSpy. GPSP is a server that handle search request for user.

#### 2.1.1 Server IP and Ports

Table ?? are the GPCM and GPSP IP and Ports that client/game connect to.

IP	Port
gpcm.gamespy.com	29900

Table 2.1: IP and Ports for GameSpy Presence Servers

## 2.1.2 Request For GameSpy Presence Connection Manager

Table 2.2 lists the request(already known by us) that clients send to GameSpy Presence Connection Manager server (GPSP).





Commands	Description	
$\langle inviteto \rangle \langle$	Invite friends	
$\langle login \rangle \langle$	Login to GPCM	
$\getprofile \setminus$	Get profile of some player	
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\addbuddy\$ Add player to my friend list	
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	y\\ Delete player from my friend list	
lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	$\updateui\$ ?	
lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	Update player's profile such as first name, last name, gender etc.	
$\langle logout \rangle \langle$	\logout\\ Logout manually by user	
$\langle status \rangle \langle$	Update status of a user	
$\ka \$ Keep client alive(do not disconnect)		

Table 2.2: Request For GameSpy Presence Connection Manager

Error response string for (GPCM, GPSP):

 $\langle error \rangle \langle errorcode \rangle \langle fatal \rangle \langle errormessage \rangle \langle id \rangle \langle final \rangle$  (2.1)

#### 2.1.2.1 Login Phase

#### Client Login Request

There are three ways of login:

- AuthToken: Logging using an alphanumeric string that rapresents an user
- UniqueNick: Logging using a nickname that is unique from all the players
- User: Logging with the nickname and the password

The full login request string:

```
\label{login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_login_log
```

The value  $\langle challenge \rangle$  for  $\langle challenge \rangle$  in 2.2 is a 10 byte alphanumeric string. The following Table 2.3 is a description of string used in login request, Game-Spy can use these string to find value in database.





Keys	Description	Type
login	The login command which use to identify the	
login	login request of client	
aballanga	The user challenge used to verify the	
challenge	authenticity of the client	
authtoken	The token used to login (represent of an user)	
uniquenick	The unique nickname used to login	
	The users account (format is	
user	NICKNAME@EMAIL)	
userid	Send the userid (for example when you	
useria	disconnect you will keep this)	
nnofloid	Send the profileid (for example when you	
profileid	disconnect you will keep this)	
	This ID is used to identify a backend service	
	logged with gamespy.(Nintendo WIFI	
partnerid	Connection will identify his partner as 11,	
	which means that for gamespy, you are	
	logging from a third party connection)	
magn anda	The client challenge used to verify the	
response	authenticity of the client	
	If this option is set to 1, then you are	
firewall	connecting under a firewall/limited	
	connection	
port	The peer port (used for p2p stuff)	
productid	An ID that identify the game you're using	
	A string that rapresents the game that you're	
gamename	using, used also for several activities like	
	peerchat server identification	
namespaceid	?	
sdkrevision	The version of the SDK you're using	
quiet	? Maybe indicate invisible login which can	
quiet	not been seen at friends list	
id	The value is 1	
final	Message end	

Table 2.3: Login parameter string

#### Login Response From Server

This response string 2.3, 2.4 is send by the server when a connection is accepted, and followed by a challenge 2.2, which verifies the server that client connect to.

There are two kinds of login response string:

$$\label{eq:local_lenge} $$ \langle challenge \rangle \rangle $$ userid \langle userid \rangle profileid \rangle final $$ (2.3)$$





Keys	Description	Type
challenge	The challenge string sended by GameSpy	
Chanenge	Presence server	
nur	?	
userid	The userID of the profile	
profileid	The profileID	
final		

Table 2.4: The first type login response

$$\label{eq:lclasskey} $$ \classky \sessky \sessky \sessky \slassky \rofileid \profileid \profileid \slassky \slassky \label{eq:lclasskey} $$ \an iquenick \label{eq:lclasskey} $$ \an iquenick \slassky \slassky$$

Keys	Description	Type
sesskey	The session key, which is a integer	
sesskey	rapresentating the client connection	
userid	The userID of the profile	
profileid	The profileID	
uniquenick	The logged in unique nick	
lt	The login ticket, unknown usage	
proof	The proof is something similar to the	
proof	response but it vary	
final		

Table 2.5: The second type login response

Proof in 2.5 generation: md5(password)||48spaces The user could be AuthToken or the User/UniqueNick (with the extra PartnerID). server challenge that we received before. the client challenge that was generated before.

#### 2.1.2.2 User Creation

This command 2.5 is used to create a user in GameSpy.

The description of each parameter string is shown in Table 2.6.





String	Description	Type
email	email The email used to create	
nick	The nickname that will be created	
passwordenc	The encoded password (password XOR with	
passwordenc	Gamespy seed and the Base64 encoded)	
productid	An ID that identify the game you're using	
gamanama	A string that rapresents the game that you're	
gamename	using, used also for several	
namespaceid	namespaceid ?Unknown	
uniquenick	Uniquenick that will be created	
cdkeyenc	The encrypted CDkey, encrypted method is	
cukeyenc	the same as the passwordenc	
partnerid	This ID is used to identify a backend service	
partiferid	logged with gamespy	
id	id The value of id is 1	
final	Message end	

Table 2.6: User creation string

## 2.2 GameSpy Presence Search Player

Table ?? are the GPSP IP and Ports that client/game connect to.

IP	Port
gpsp.gamespy.com	29901

Table 2.7: IP and Ports for GameSpy Presence Search Player

#### 2.2.1 Search User

This is the request that client sends to server:

$$\label{eq:continuous_search} $$ \operatorname{sesskey} \operatorname{profileid} < \operatorname{profileid} > \\ \operatorname{namespaceid} < \operatorname{namespaceid} > \operatorname{partnerid} > \\ \operatorname{nick} < \operatorname{nick} > \operatorname{uniquenick} < \operatorname{uniquenick} > \\ \operatorname{email} < \operatorname{email} > \operatorname{gamename} > \operatorname{final} $$ (2.6)$$

This is the response that server sends to client:

$$\begin{tabular}{ll} $\bsr\ < profileid > \nick > \nick > \namespaceid > \namespaceid > \firstname > \namespaceid > \namespaceid > \name >$$





# Part II RetroSpy System Architecture



## Introduction

2014 is a year that thousands games are abandon by GameSpy. I still remember the day when GameSpy shutdown, no matter how hard i try to login into Crysis2 multiplayer, but the same error shows "An error has occurred. Please check your network connectivity" 3.1.

Figure 3.1: Crysis2 error message





## **Database**

This kind of string is represent a parameter in a request sends by the client 4.2. GameSpy uses the combination of the parameter to search the string with value, and sends the data back to client use this kind of parameter string.

#### 4.0.1 Database Key Field

These keys is that GameSpy Presence SDK using to find a user in their database. Keys are shown in Table 4.1.

Keys	Description	
user	An user contains the Email and the password, but	
	contains multiple profiles	
profileid	rofileid The profile contains the name, surname, birth date	
	and all the rest user info, including an unique	
	nickname used to identify the profile and a generic	
	nickname used to show for example in games	

Table 4.1: Key Field

String	Description
$\backslash id \backslash 1 \backslash$	This is a parameter string the value of $id$ is 1
$\profileid \007 \$	This is a parameter string the value of <i>profileid</i> is 007

Table 4.2: Parameter string





## The Detail of RetroSpy Project

All projects in the RetroSpy visual studio solution is listed as follows.

- GameSpyLib: The library for all RetroSpy servers.
- CDKey: CD-Key server.
- NATNegotiation: NAT negotiation server.
- PresenceConnectionManager: GPCM server.
- PresenceSearchPlayer: GPSP server.
- QueryReport: Query report server.
- ServerBrowser: Server browser server.
- $\bullet$  Stats AndTracking: Stats and tracking server.
- SAKEPersistentStorage: SAKE persistent storage server.

## 5.1 GameSpyLib

- 5.1.1 Common
- 5.1.2 Database
- 5.1.3 Extensions
- 5.1.4 Logging
- 5.1.5 Networks

There are two different servers in RetroSpy; one is TCP another is UDP. TCP and UDP work differently so the implementation will be different. We show the different implementing in 5.1.5.1 and 5.1.5.2.





#### 5.1.5.1 Tcp

TcpServer class is only for making the connection and listening for connections. TcpStream is for receiving and sending the message.

#### 5.1.5.2 Udp

UdpServer class does not need a server to handle connection and listen for connection, every client can be a server, and every server is a client. So this class has both receiving and sending functions.

### 5.2 CDKey

## 5.3 NATNegotiation

#### 5.4 PresenceConnectionManager

#### 5.4.1 LoginHandler

Different game will have different request. Some of request contain different combination of ¡key,value¿ pairs. The request we already known is shown in the Table 5.1.

Game name	request
armada2	firewall,port
gslive	uniquenick,productid,partnerid,gamename,sdkrevision
Crysis2	uniquenick, productid, partnerid, gamename, sdkrevision

Table 5.1: Game requests key

## 5.5 PresenceSearchPlayer

- 5.5.1 NewUserHandler
- 5.6 QueryReport
- 5.7 ServerBrowser
- 5.8 StatsAndTracking
- 5.9 SAKEPersistentStorage





## conclusion