

AVI Library Reference Guide

Publication Release Date: Jan. 2012

Support Chips:

W55FA series

Support Platforms:

Nuvoton

The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

The Nuvoton Technology Corp. shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein; nor for incidental or consequential damages resulting from the furnishing, performance, or use of this material.

This documentation may not, in whole or in part, be copied, photocopied, reproduced, translated, or reduced to any electronic medium or machine readable form without prior consent, in writing, from the Nuvoton Technology Corp.

Nuvoton Technology Corp. All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| 1. AVI Library Overview | <u>44</u> |
| 1.1. Video render | <u>44</u> |
| 1.2. How to use AVI player library | <u>44</u> |
| 1.3. AVI player user callback | <u>55</u> |
| 1.4. AVI playback information..... | <u>55</u> |
| 2. AVI Library APIs Specification | <u>66</u> |
| 2.1. Enumeration..... | <u>66</u> |
| 2.2. Structure..... | <u>66</u> |
| 2.3. Functions | <u>77</u> |
| aviStopPlayFile..... | <u>77</u> |
| aviPlayFile | <u>77</u> |
| aviGetFileInfo..... | <u>88</u> |
| aviSetPlayVolume | <u>99</u> |
| aviSetRightChannelVolume | <u>1040</u> |
| 2.4. Error Code Table | <u>1040</u> |
| 3. Revision History | <u>1212</u> |

1. AVI Library Overview

1.1. Video render

FA9x/VA9x can support JPEG decoder to output decoded packet data in DIRECT_RGB555, DIRECT_RGB565, DIRECT_RGB888 or DIRECT_YUV422 format. User application must initialize VPOST as corresponding format specified in AVI function call `aviPlayFile(...)`. AVI player library will configure JPEG output format as specified format and use DMA to copy the decoded data to VPOST frame buffer in Vsync period to avoid the tearing issue.

In this way, three frame buffers are required. One is allocated in VPOST initialized function and two buffers are allocated in AVI library.

1.2. How to use AVI player library

The AVI player library has managed the file access, JPEG decode and audio decode. User only gives the AVI file name and render method to play the movie. The AVI player required user to prepare the following things before playing an AVI movie:

- | Initialize system with cache on
- | Initialize file system and storage interface (ex. SD card)
- | Initialize timer 0
- | Initialize VPOST

The VPOST frame buffer format should be consistent with the AVI playback render mode:

- | Direct RGB555 – VPOST should select ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_RGB555***
- | Direct RGB565 – VPOST should select ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_RGB565***
- | Direct RGB888 – VPOST should select ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_RGBx888*** or ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_RGB888x***
- | Direct YUV422 – VPOST should select ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_CBYCRY*** or ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_YCBYCR*** or ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_CRYCBY*** or ***DRVVPOST_FRAME_YCRYCB***

Currently, if the decoded Video size is less then the panel size, it will be located at the center of panel. Moreover, decoded image scales by 1/2 in horizontal and vertical direction if the decoded video width is larger than the panel width.

The AVI playback function does not support (x, y) coordinate that are the second and third argument of `aviPlayFile()` used to specify the render location on LCD now.

1.3. AVI player user callback

While playing an AVI move, user application may want to draw information on screen or manage user inputs. AVI library provides a callback function to allow user application to grab pieces of CPU time. The callback function pointer was passed to AVI player as the last argument of *aviPlayFile()*. Depends on the loading of playing an AVI movie, the user callback will be called several times in each one second. User application should finish the execution of callback function as soon as possible. Otherwise, the AVI playback can be broken because of not enough CPU time.

1.4. AVI playback information

While playing an AVI move, user application can get AVI file information and playback progress information from AVI player. The AVI information will be passed to user application as a parameter of callback function. All information is packed in the AVI_INFO_T structure.

2. AVI Library APIs Specification

2.1. Enumeration

| Name | Value | Description |
|--------------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| JV_MODE_E | | |
| DIRECT_RGB555 | 0x0 | Direct RGB555 output format |
| DIRECT_RGB565 | 0x1 | Direct RGB565 output format |
| DIRECT_RGB888 | 0x2 | Direct RGB888 output format |
| DIRECT_YUV422 | 0x3 | Direct YUV422 output format |
| AU_TYPE_E | | |
| AU_CODEC_UNKNOWN | 0x0 | Unknown audio format |
| AU_CODEC_PCM | 0x1 | PCM audio format |
| AU_CODEC_IMA_ADPCM | 0x2 | ADPCM audio format |
| AU_CODEC_MP3 | 0x3 | MP3 audio format |

2.2. Structure

Table 1-1 : AVI_INFO_T structure

| Field | Type | Description |
|-----------------|-----------|---|
| uMovieLength | UINT32 | The total length of input AVI movie (in 0.01 second unit) |
| uPlayCurTimePos | UINT32 | The current playback position. (in 0.01 second unit) |
| eAuCodec | AU_TYPE_E | Audio format type |
| nAuPlayChnNum | INT | Audio channel number. (1: mono, 2: stereo, 0: video-only) |
| nAuPlaySRate | INT | audio sampling rate |
| uVideoFrameRate | UINT32 | Video frame rate. |
| usImageWidth | UINT16 | Video image width |
| usImageHeight | UINT16 | Video image height |
| uVidTotalFrames | UINT32 | total number of video frames |

| | | |
|-------------------|--------|---|
| uVidFramesPlayed | UINT32 | Indicate how many video frames have been played |
| uVidFramesSkipped | UINT32 | The number of frames was skipped. Video frames may be skipped due to A/V sync |

2.3. Functions

aviStopPlayFile

Synopsis

```
int
aviStopPlayFile(void);
```

Description

Stop current AVI file playback.

Parameter

None

Return Value

Successful: Success
 ERRCODE: Error

Example

None.

aviPlayFile

Synopsis

```
int
aviPlayFile(
char *suFileName,
int x,
int y,
JV_MODE_E mode,
AVI_CB *cb
);
```

Description

Play an AVI file.

Parameter

suFileName [in]

The full path file name of input AVI file.

x [in]

The left-up corner x-coordinate of AVI video render area. Not used now.

y [in]

The left-up corner y-coordinate of AVI video render area. Not used now.

mode [in]

Video render mode.

cb [in]

User application callback function.

Return Value

Successful: Success

ERRCODE: Error

Example

```
/*-----*/
/*  Direct RGB565 AVI playback !!          */
/*-----*/

lcdformatex.ucVASrcFormat = DRVVPOST_FRAME_RGB565;
vpostLCMInit(&lcdformatex, (UINT32 *)_VpostFrameBuffer);
fsAsciiToUnicode("c:\\Flip-20fps_640x480.avi", suFileName, TRUE);
aviPlayFile(suFileName, 0, 0, DIRECT_RGB565, avi_play_control);
```

aviGetFileInfo

Synopsis

```
int
aviGetFileInfo (
char *suFileName,
AVI_INFO_T *ptAviInfo
);
```


Description

Get the AVI file information.

Parameter

suFileName [in]

The full path file name of input AVI file.

ptAviInfo [in]

Return AVI parsing information.

Return Value

Successful: Success

ERRCODE: Error

Example

```
fsAsciiToUnicode("c:\\Flip-20fps.avi", suFileName, TRUE);  
aviPlayFile(suFileName, &sAVIInfo);
```

aviSetPlayVolume**Synopsis**

```
int  
aviSetPlayVolume (  
    int vol  
);
```

Description

Set the Left channel and Right channel playback audio volume.

Parameter

vol [in]

The audio volume

Return Value

Successful: Success

ERRCODE: Error

Example

```
aviSetPlayVolume(suFileName, 0x1F);
```

aviSetRightChannelVolume

Synopsis

```
int
aviSetRightChannelVolume (
    int vol
);
```

Description

Set the Right channel audio playback volume only.

Parameter

vol [in]
The audio volume

Return Value

Successful: Success
ERRCODE: Error

Example

```
// Set Right Channel as Mute
aviSetPlayRightChannelVolume(suFileName, 0x0);
```

2.4. Error Code Table

| Code Name | Value | Description |
|------------------------|------------|---|
| MFL_ERR_NO_MEMORY | 0xFFFF8000 | no memory |
| MFL_ERR_HARDWARE | 0xFFFF8002 | hardware general error |
| MFL_ERR_NO_CALLBACK | 0xFFFF8004 | must provide callback function |
| MFL_ERR_AU_UNSupport | 0xFFFF8006 | not supported audio type |
| MFL_ERR_VID_UNSupport | 0xFFFF8008 | not supported video type |
| MFL_ERR_OP_UNSupport | 0xFFFF800C | unsupported operation |
| MFL_ERR_PREV_UNSupport | 0xFFFF800E | preview of this media type was not supported or not enabled |
| MFL_ERR_FUN_USAGE | 0xFFFF8010 | incorrect function call parameter |
| MFL_ERR_RESOURCE_MEM | 0xFFFF8012 | memory is not enough to play/record a media file |
| MFL_ERR_FILE_OPEN | 0xFFFF8020 | cannot open file |
| MFL_ERR_FILE_TEMP | 0xFFFF8022 | temporary file access failure |

| | | |
|-------------------------|------------|--|
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_IO | 0xFFFF8024 | stream access error |
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_INIT | 0xFFFF8026 | stream was not opened |
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_EOF | 0xFFFF8028 | encounter EOF of file |
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_SEEK | 0xFFFF802A | stream seek error |
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_TYPE | 0xFFFF802C | incorrect stream type |
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_METHOD | 0xFFFF8030 | missing stream method |
| MFL_ERR_STREAM_MEMOUT | 0xFFFF8032 | recorded data has been over the application provided memory buffer |
| MFL_INVALID_BITSTREAM | 0xFFFF8034 | invalid audio/video bitstream format |
| MFL_ERR_AVI_FILE | 0xFFFF8080 | Invalid AVI file format |
| MFL_ERR_AVI_VID_CODEC | 0xFFFF8081 | AVI unsupported video codec type |
| MFL_ERR_AVI_AU_CODEC | 0xFFFF8082 | AVI unsupported audio codec type |
| MFL_ERR_AVI_CANNOT_SEEK | 0xFFFF8083 | The AVI file is not fast-seekable |
| MFL_ERR_AVI_SIZE | 0xFFFF8080 | Exceed estimated size |
| MFL_ERR_MP3_FORMAT | 0xFFFF80D0 | incorrect MP3 frame format |
| MFL_ERR_MP3_DECODE | 0xFFFF80D2 | MP3 decode error |
| MFL_ERR_HW_NOT_READY | 0xFFFF8100 | the picture is the same as the last one |
| MFL_ERR_SHORT_BUFF | 0xFFFF8104 | buffer size is not enough |
| MFL_ERR_VID_DEC_ERR | 0xFFFF8106 | video decode error |
| MFL_ERR_VID_DEC_BUSY | 0xFFFF8108 | video decoder is busy |
| MFL_ERR_VID_ENC_ERR | 0xFFFF810A | video encode error |
| MFL_ERR_UNKNOWN_MEDIA | 0xFFFF81E2 | unknown media type |

3. Revision History

| Version | Date | Description |
|---------|---------------|-------------|
| V1.00 | Jan. 30, 2012 | I Created |

Important Notice

Nuvoton products are not designed, intended, authorized or warranted for use as components in equipment or systems intended for surgical implantation, atomic energy control instruments, aircraft or spacecraft instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, or for any other applications intended to support or sustain life. Furthermore, Nuvoton products are not intended for applications whereby failure could result or lead to personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage.

Nuvoton customers using or selling these products for such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Nuvoton for any damages resulting from their improper use or sales.