

問6H27

$$u_{tt} = u_{xx}, \quad u(0, x) = f(x), \quad u_t(0, x) = g(x)$$

$$(1) \xi = x+t, \eta = x-t, \quad V(\xi, \eta) = u(t, x) \text{ とおくとき, } \quad x = \frac{\xi+\eta}{2}, \quad t = \frac{\xi-\eta}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \eta \partial \xi} = 0 \text{ を示す。}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} = u_t \cdot \frac{1}{2} + u_x \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(u_t + u_x)$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial \eta} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} = u_t \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + u_x \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(u_x - u_t)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} \right) = \frac{\partial V_\xi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} + \frac{\partial V_\xi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial \eta} = \frac{1}{2}(u_{tx} + u_{tx}) \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(u_{tt} + u_{xt}) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(u_{xx} + u_{tx} - u_{tt} - u_{xt})$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(u_{xx} - u_{tt}) \quad (\because C^2 \text{級})$$

$$= 0 \quad (\because u_{xx} = u_{tt})$$

(2) $u(t, x)$ を $f(x), g(x)$ で表す。

$$(1) \text{より, } \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} \right) = 0 \text{ を両辺積分して, } \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} = C_1(\xi)$$

$$\text{両辺を積分すると, } V = \int C_1(\xi) d\xi + C_2(\eta) \rightarrow u(t, x) = V(\xi, \eta) =$$

$$u(0, x) = V(x, x) = f(x) \quad C_3(\xi)$$

$$u_t(0, x) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} V(x+t, x-t)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial t}$$

$$u(t, x) = C_3(x+t) - C_2(x-t)$$

$$u_t(0, x) = C_3'(x) - C_2'(x) = g(x)$$

$$u(0, x) = C_3(x) - C_2(x) = f(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int u(0, x) dx &= \int f(x) dx \\ \int (C_3(x) - C_2(x)) dx &= \int f(x) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore C_3(x) =$$