H24閏6.

$$E(t) = \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(u t^{2} + k u x^{2} \right) dx =$$

$$E(t) = \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(2u + u + t + 2k u x + u x \right) dx$$

$$= \left[2u + u x \right]_{0}^{\pi} - \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(2u + x u x \right) dx + \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(2k u x + u x \right) dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} 2u + x u x (k-1) dx = 0 \quad (\forall k)$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} 2u + x u x (k-1) dx = 0 \quad (\forall k)$$

(2)
$$f = 0$$
.

$$E(0) = \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(U_{+}(x,0)^{2} + U_{x}(x,0)^{2} \right) dx = 0 = E(+) \quad (++)$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} \left(U_{+}(x,+)^{2} + U_{x}(x,+)^{2} \right) dx$$

$$: U_{\mathcal{X}}(x,t) = U_{\mathcal{X}}(x,t) = O((^{\forall}x,t))$$

:.
$$U = A(x)$$
 of 0 $U = B(x)$ = 0 $U = Coust = 0$
(3) $U = A(x)$ of 0 $U = B(x)$ = 0 $U(x, 0) = 0$ $U(x, 0) = 0$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[-\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x \right]_{x-x}^{x+x} + \left[-\frac{1}{5} \cos 5x \right]_{x-x}^{y+x} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\cos 2(x+t) - \cos 2(x-t) \right) - \frac{1}{16} \left(\cos 5(x+t) - \cos 5(x-t) \right)$$