HI4問6

$$\hat{U}_{+}(\S, +) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} U_{+}(\S) dx \qquad ((U_{+} = U_{+}x_{+}))$$

$$= \left[U_{+}(\S, +) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} U_{+}(\S)^{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} U_{$$

従って、らに依存する積分定数(タ(多)を用いて、

$$\hat{U}(\xi,0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(x+i\xi)^2 - \frac{\xi^2}{2}\right\} dx = \sqrt{2\pi}e^{-\frac{\xi^2}{2}} = \varphi(\xi)$$

$$\hat{\Omega}(5,t) = \sqrt{2\pi} e^{-(\frac{1}{2}+t)5^2}$$

$$U(x,t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{U}(\xi,t) e^{i\xi x} d\xi$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\left(\frac{1}{2}+t\right)\left(\xi - \frac{ix}{1+2t}\right)^2 - \frac{x^2}{2(1+2t)}\right\} d\xi$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2t}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2(1+2t)}} \qquad (1) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha(x-b)^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{U(x, \pm)^2 dx}{2 \pm 1} = \frac{1}{2 \pm 1} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{x^2}{2 \pm 1}\right\} dx$$
$$= \int_{-2 \pm 1}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{2 \pm 1}$$