

H19-8

(1)

①  $y < 0$  のとき

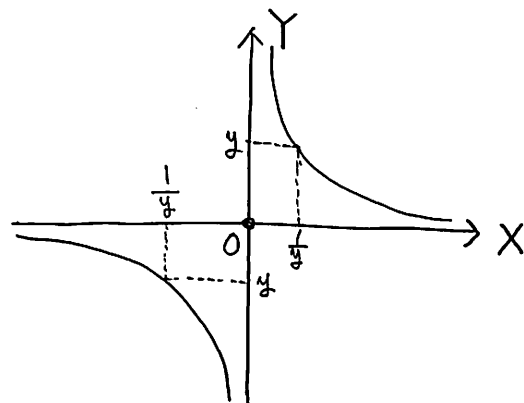
$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \leq y) = P\left(-\frac{1}{y} \leq X < 0\right) \\ = F_X(0-0) - F_X\left(-\frac{1}{y}-0\right)$$

②  $y = 0$  のとき

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \leq 0) = P(X \leq 0) = F_X(0)$$

③  $y > 0$  のとき

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \leq y) = P(X \leq 0) + P\left(X \geq \frac{1}{y}\right) \\ = F_X(0) + 1 - F_X\left(\frac{1}{y}-0\right)$$



(2)

①  $y < 0$  のとき

$$F_Y(y) = \lim_{x \uparrow 0} \rho e^{\alpha x} - \lim_{x \uparrow -\frac{1}{y}} \rho e^{\alpha x} = \rho - \rho e^{\frac{\alpha}{y}}$$

②  $y = 0$  のとき

$$F_Y(y) = 1 - \rho$$

③  $y > 0$  のとき

$$F_Y(y) = (1 - \rho) + 1 - \lim_{x \uparrow \frac{1}{y}} (1 - \rho e^{-\alpha x}) = 1 - \rho + \rho e^{-\frac{\alpha}{y}}$$

(3) (1)より、特に零集合をムツすると、

$$f_Y(y) = F'_Y(y) = \frac{1}{y^2} f_X\left(\frac{1}{y}\right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^2 + y^2} \quad \text{almost surely}$$

より、 $1/a \leq X \leq 1/a + \epsilon$  をもつコーシー分布に従う。