

(1)  
 $E(I_{\{X>x\}}) = P(X>x) = 1 - F_X(x)$  //

(2)  $\forall a \geq 0$  に対して、 $\max(X-a, 0)$  も非負値実数関数なので、 $Y \triangleq \max(X-a, 0)$  1枚.

$$E(Y) = \int_0^{\infty} (1 - F_Y(x)) dx = \int_0^{\infty} (1 - P(Y \leq x)) dx$$

$$P(Y \leq x) = P(\max(X-a, 0) \leq x) = P(X-a \leq x, 0 \leq x) = P(X-a \leq x) = P(X \leq a+x) = F_X(a+x) \quad (\text{if } x \geq 0) \text{ 対し.}$$

$$E(\max(X-a, 0)) = \int_0^{\infty} (1 - F_X(a+x)) dx \quad y = a+x \text{ 変換すると.}$$

$$= \int_a^{\infty} (1 - F_X(y)) dy //$$

(3)  $E(X) = E(Y)$  対し.

$$\int_0^{\infty} (1 - F_X(x)) dx = \int_0^{\infty} (1 - F_Y(y)) dy \quad (*)$$

$\forall a \geq 0$  を固定する.

①  $a \geq t$  のとき、積分区間  $t \leq a \leq x$  では、常に  $F_X(x) \geq F_Y(x)$  対し、 $1 - F_X(x) \leq 1 - F_Y(x)$ ,

$$\int_a^{\infty} (1 - F_X(x)) dx \leq \int_a^{\infty} (1 - F_Y(x)) dx$$

(2) 対し.

$$E(\max(X-a, 0)) \leq E(\max(Y-a, 0))$$

②  $t > a$  のとき、(\*) 対し.

$$\int_0^a (1 - F_X(x)) dx + \int_a^t (1 - F_X(x)) dx + \int_t^{\infty} (1 - F_X(x)) dx = \int_0^a (1 - F_Y(x)) dx + \int_a^t (1 - F_Y(x)) dx + \int_t^{\infty} (1 - F_Y(x)) dx \quad \textcircled{A}$$

$$\int_t^{\infty} (1 - F_X(x)) dx \leq \int_t^{\infty} (1 - F_Y(x)) dx \quad \textcircled{B}$$

$$\int_a^t (1 - F_X(x)) dx \geq \int_a^t (1 - F_Y(x)) dx \quad \textcircled{C}$$

( $\textcircled{B}$  の条件)

$$\int_0^a (1 - F_X(x)) dx \geq \int_0^a (1 - F_Y(x)) dx \quad \textcircled{D}$$

(A) & (D) are

$$E(\max(X-q, 0)) - E(\max(Y-q, 0)) \geq 0 \quad \blacksquare$$