RPC File Transfer

Tran Hung Thinh (BI12-428)

December 11, 2024

1 Introduction

The RPC File Transfer system uses **gRPC** to enable seamless file transfers between a client and a server. This document describes its design, functionality, and implementation in detail.

2 Service Definition

2.1 Overview

The RPC service is defined using **Protocol Buffers** (protobuf). It includes the following operations:

- SendFile: Transfers a file from the client to the server.
- ReceiveFile: Downloads a file from the server to the client in chunks.

2.2 Message Types

The service uses custom protobul messages:

- FileRequest: Contains the file name and file content.
- FileResponse: Indicates the success of a file transfer.
- FileChunk: Represents chunks of a file for efficient transfer.
- Empty: Used as a placeholder when no additional data is needed.

3 System Organization

3.1 Server-Side

The server is responsible for:

• Listening for client requests.

- Handling file transfer operations using the SendFile and ReceiveFile methods.
- Writing received files to disk.

3.2 Client-Side

The client performs the following tasks:

- Sending files to the server using the SendFile method.
- Receiving files from the server in chunks using the ReceiveFile method.

4 Implementation Details

4.1 Protocol Buffer Definition

The protobuf file defines the service and message structures:

```
syntax = "proto3";
  package filetransfer;
5 service FileTransfer {
      rpc SendFile(FileRequest) returns (FileResponse);
      rpc ReceiveFile(FileChunk) returns (Empty);
8
10 message FileRequest {
      string filename = 1;
11
12
      bytes content = 2;
13 }
14
15 message FileResponse {
      bool success = 1;
16
17 }
18
19 message FileChunk {
      bytes content = 1;
21 }
22
23 message Empty {}
```

Listing 1: Protocol Buffer Definition

4.2 Client Implementation

The client implementation (rpcclient.cpp) includes:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <grpcpp/grpcpp.h>
#include "file_transfer.grpc.pb.h"
```

```
6
7 using grpc::Channel;
8 using grpc::ClientContext;
9 using grpc::Status;
using filetransfer::FileTransfer;
using filetransfer::FileRequest;
using filetransfer::FileResponse;
using filetransfer::FileChunk;
using filetransfer::Empty;
15
16 class FileTransferClient {
17
  public:
      FileTransferClient(std::shared_ptr<Channel> channel)
18
19
               : stub_(FileTransfer::NewStub(channel)) {}
20
      bool SendFile(const std::string& filename) {
21
22
           std::ifstream file(filename, std::ios::binary);
           if (!file.is_open()) {
23
24
               std::cerr << "Error opening file for reading" << std::</pre>
      endl:
               return false;
26
27
28
          FileRequest request;
           request.set_filename(filename);
29
30
           std::string content((std::istreambuf_iterator<char>(file)),
        (std::istreambuf_iterator < char > ()));
          request.set_content(content);
31
32
           FileResponse response;
33
34
           ClientContext context;
          Status status = stub_->SendFile(&context, request, &
35
      response);
          if (status.ok() && response.success()) {
36
               std::cout << "File sent successfully!" << std::endl;</pre>
37
38
               return true;
          } else {
39
40
               std::cerr << "Error sending file: " << status.</pre>
      error_message() << std::endl;
               return false;
41
          }
42
43
44
      void ReceiveFile() {
45
           FileTransfer::Stub stub(grpc::CreateChannel("localhost
46
       :50051", grpc::InsecureChannelCredentials()));
47
          Empty request;
48
           FileChunk chunk;
          ClientContext context;
49
50
           std::ofstream file("received_file.txt", std::ios::binary);
51
           if (!file.is_open()) {
52
53
               std::cerr << "Error opening file for writing" << std::</pre>
      endl;
54
               return;
          }
55
56
```

```
while (!file.eof()) {
               chunk.set_content(std::string((std::istreambuf_iterator
       <char>(file)), (std::istreambuf_iterator<char>())));
               Status status = stub.ReceiveFile(&context, chunk, &
       request);
               if (!status.ok()) {
60
61
                    std::cerr << "Error receiving file: " << status.</pre>
      error_message() << std::endl;
                   return;
63
           }
64
           std::cout << "File received successfully!" << std::endl;</pre>
65
66
67
68 private:
       std::unique_ptr<FileTransfer::Stub> stub_;
69
70 };
71
72 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
       FileTransferClient client(grpc::CreateChannel("localhost:50051"
73
       , grpc::InsecureChannelCredentials()));
       client.SendFile("sample_file.txt");
74
75
       client.ReceiveFile();
76
      return 0;
77 }
```

Listing 2: Client Implementation

4.3 Server Implementation

The server implementation (rpcserver.cpp) includes:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <memory>
3 #include <string>
4 #include <fstream>
5 #include <grpcpp/grpcpp.h>
6 #include "file_transfer.grpc.pb.h"
8 using grpc::Server;
9 using grpc::ServerBuilder;
using grpc::ServerContext;
using grpc::Status;
using filetransfer::FileTransfer;
using filetransfer::FileRequest;
using filetransfer::FileResponse;
using filetransfer::FileChunk;
using filetransfer::Empty;
  class FileTransferServiceImpl final : public FileTransfer::Service
      {
19
20
      Status SendFile(ServerContext* context, const FileRequest*
      request, FileResponse* response) override {
21
           std::ofstream file(request->filename(), std::ios::binary);
22
          if (!file.is_open()) {
```

```
std::cerr << "Error opening file for writing" << std::
24
       endl;
               return Status::OK;
25
           }
26
27
           file.write(request->content().c_str(), request->content().
28
      length());
          file.close();
29
30
           response ->set_success(true);
31
           return Status::OK;
32
      }
33
34
      Status ReceiveFile(ServerContext* context, const FileChunk*
35
      request, Empty* response) override {
36
37
           std::ofstream file("received_file.txt", std::ios::binary |
      std::ios::app);
           if (!file.is_open()) {
               std::cerr << "Error opening file for writing" << std::</pre>
39
       endl;
               return Status::OK;
40
41
42
          file.write(request->content().c_str(), request->content().
43
      length());
           file.close();
44
           return Status::OK;
45
46
47 };
49 void RunServer() {
       std::string server_address("0.0.0.0:50051");
50
       FileTransferServiceImpl service;
51
52
53
       ServerBuilder builder;
      builder.AddListeningPort(server_address, grpc::
54
      InsecureServerCredentials());
      builder.RegisterService(&service);
55
56
       std::unique_ptr<Server> server(builder.BuildAndStart());
57
       std::cout << "Server listening on " << server_address << std::</pre>
58
      endl;
       server -> Wait();
59
60 }
61
62 int main() {
      RunServer();
63
       return 0;
64
65 }
```

Listing 3: Server Implementation

5 File Transfer Workflow

5.1 Sending a File

- 1. The client reads the file content.
- 2. Constructs a FileRequest message.
- 3. Sends the message to the server using SendFile.
- 4. The server writes the file to disk and responds with a success status.

5.2 Receiving a File

- 1. The client requests a file in chunks.
- 2. The server sends chunks using FileChunk messages.
- 3. The client reconstructs the file locally.

6 Conclusion

This RPC File Transfer system showcases efficient file handling using gRPC. The modular design ensures robust client-server communication. Future enhancements can include error handling and progress tracking.