

Exercises: Building Components

Physical Modeling for Formula Student



Four-Bar Components

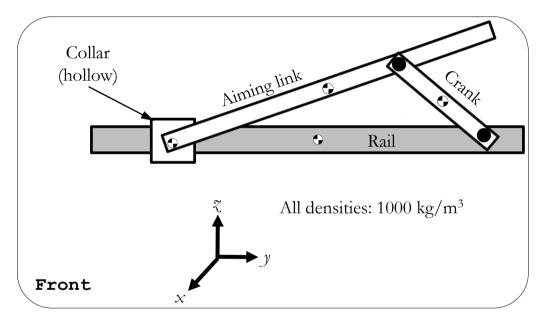
Task: Model the components used in the four-bar linkage exercises (Building Mechanical Assemblies: Parts 1 and 2.)

Steps: Open the model fourbarComp_start. This model already contains the three basic blocks needed for any SimMechanicsTM model.

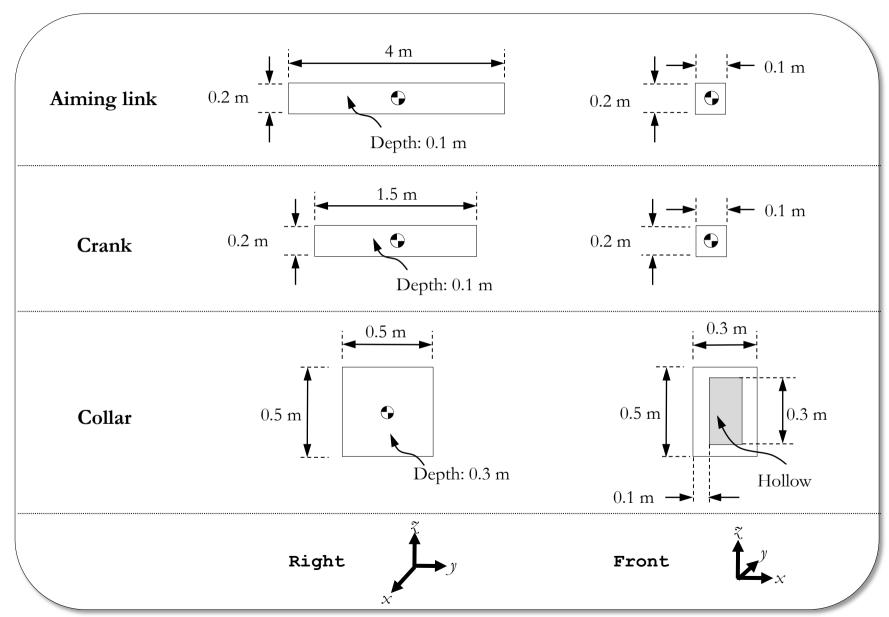
- 1. Create 3 components named Crank, Aiming Link, and Collar. (See next page for part dimensions)
 - Add three Solid blocks to the model. This block is found in Body Elements library in SimMechanics.
 - Crank and Aiming Link are of Brick shape.
 - Collar is of General Extrusion shape.
 - Create a variable named collarArea to represent the collar cross-section in meters. This variable can be found in the rectangularCollar.mat file.
- 2. Specify colors.
 - Pick the color under **Graphic properties** → **Visual** → **Color** as follows.
 - Crank Green
 - Aiming link Red
 - Collar Blue

Note This exercise covers only creating the components. Exercises for the "Building Mechanical Assemblies" sections will cover how to create an assembly out of these components.

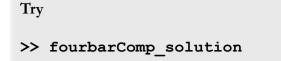


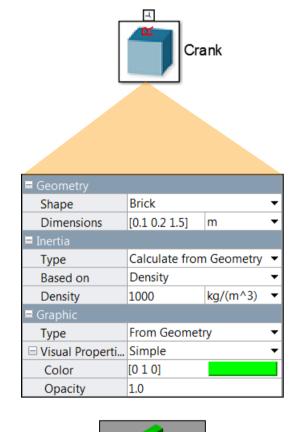


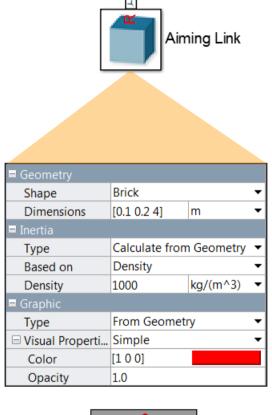
Four-Bar Components (Continued)

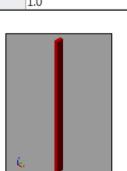


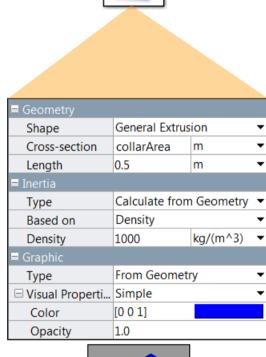
Solution: Four-Bar Components

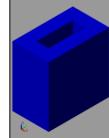












Hollow Tube

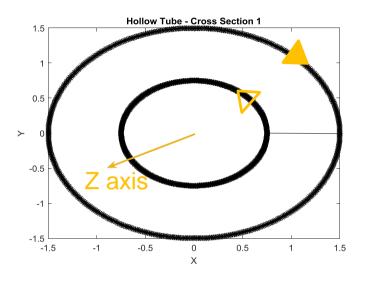
Task: Model a hollow tube using extrusion and revolution.

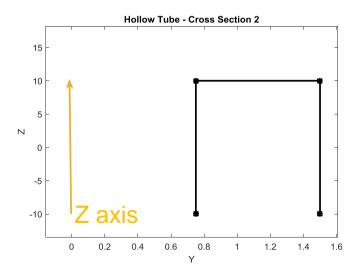
Steps: Open the model hollowTube_start. This model already contains the three basic blocks needed for any SimMechanics model. It also has two Solid blocks that will be used to model a hollow tube using extrusion and revolution, respectively.

- 1. Explore the tube_1 and tube_2 variables in the file hollowTube.mat.
 - Plot the columns of the variables against each other (column 1 vs. column 2).
 - Determine which variable should be used for extrusion and which one for revolution (based on the cross-section shape).
- 2. Create hollow tubes using extrusion and revolution.
 - Under the respective Solid blocks, use the appropriate variable (tube 1 or tube 2) to create hollow tubes.

Try

>> hollowTube start





Solution: Hollow Tube

