

WEEK 7 DISCUSSION

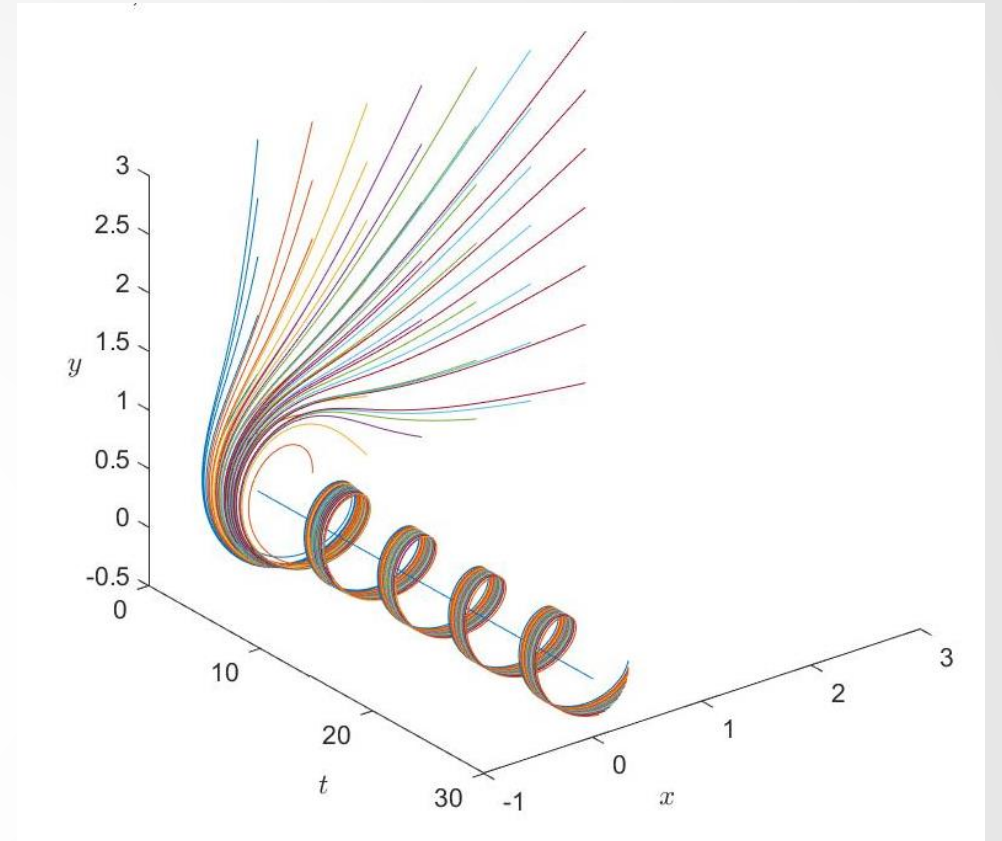
ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WITH
INITIAL VALUES

Jiahe Chai

ENG 180 – Engineering Analysis

Dept. of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

UC Davis



REFERENCE

- Kreyszig, Chap 21.1, 21.3
- Hafez and Tavernetti, 5.3

NOMENCLATURE

- A single data point at discrete level:

$$y_{i,k}^{(n)} = y(x_i, z_k, t_n)$$

- n : time step on axis t
- i : location index on axis x
- k : location index on axis z

- Adjacent points

- in t :

$$y_{i,k}^{(n+1)} = y(x_i, z_k, t_n + \Delta t)$$

- in x :

$$y_{i+1,k}^{(n)} = y(x_i + \Delta x, z_k, t_n)$$

- in z :

$$y_{i,k+1}^{(n)} = y(x_i, z_k + \Delta z, t_n)$$

- Function Handle: e.g., $f(y) = y + t$

$$f(y^{(n+1)}, t^{(n+1)}) = y^{(n+1)} + t^{(n+1)}$$

PROGRAMMING TIPS

- For first order equation: $y' = f(y)$, Solve for $y^{(n+1)}$
- Write $\vec{f}(\vec{y}, t)$ as a local function handle
 - `f_func = @(y, t) [-y(1)-y(2)-t; y(1)]`
- Write scheme as a user-defined function
 - `function y_npl = FE(dt, yn, tn, f_func)`
 - `kl = dt * f_func(yn, tn)`
 - `y_npl = yn + kl`
- Call the scheme function in every time step
 - `yn = [v(n); x(n)]`
 - `y_npl = FE(dt, yn, tn, f_func)`
 - `v(n+1) = y_npl(1)`
 - `x(n+1) = y_npl(2)`

HIGHER ORDER EQUATIONS

- For example:

$$x'' + x' + x + t = 0$$

- Approach with System of first order equations

$$v' = -v - x - t$$

$$x' = v$$

- In general vector form

$$\vec{y} = \begin{bmatrix} v \\ x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{f}(\vec{y}, t) = \begin{bmatrix} -v - x - t \\ v \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{y}' = \vec{f}(\vec{y}, t)$$

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

- Forward Euler

$$\frac{1}{\Delta t} (y^{(n+1)} - y^{(n)}) = f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)})$$

- Backward Euler (Implicit)

$$\frac{1}{\Delta t} (y^{(n+1)} - y^{(n)}) = f(y^{(n+1)}, t^{(n+1)})$$

- Leap Frog

$$\frac{1}{2\Delta t} (y^{(n+1)} - y^{(n-1)}) = f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)})$$

- Crank Nicolson (Implicit)

$$\frac{1}{\Delta t} (y^{(n+1)} - y^{(n)}) = \frac{1}{2} [f(y^{(n+1)}, t^{(n+1)}) + f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)})]$$

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

RUNGE-KUTTA (I/2)

- 2nd order Runge Kutta

$$\begin{aligned}k_1 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)}) \\k_2 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)} + k_1, t^{(n+1)}) \\y^{(n+1)} &= y^{(n)} + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2)\end{aligned}$$

- 3rd order Runge Kutta

$$\begin{aligned}k_1 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)}) \\k_2 &= \Delta t \cdot f\left(y^{(n)} + \frac{k_1}{2}, t^{(n+\frac{1}{2})}\right) \\k_3 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)} - k_1 + 2k_2, t^{(n+1)}) \\y^{(n+1)} &= y^{(n)} + \frac{1}{6}(k_1 + 4k_2 + k_3)\end{aligned}$$

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

RUNGE-KUTTA (2/2)

- 4th order Runge Kutta

$$\begin{aligned}k_1 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)}) \\k_2 &= \Delta t \cdot f\left(y^{(n)} + \frac{k_1}{2}, t^{(n+\frac{1}{2})}\right) \\k_3 &= \Delta t \cdot f\left(y^{(n)} + \frac{k_2}{2}, t^{(n+\frac{1}{2})}\right) \\k_4 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)} + k_3, t^{(n+1)}) \\y^{(n+1)} &= y^{(n)} + \frac{1}{6}(k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)\end{aligned}$$

- 3/8 4th order Runge Kutta

$$\begin{aligned}k_1 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)}) \\k_2 &= \Delta t \cdot f\left(y^{(n)} + \frac{k_1}{3}, t^{(n+\frac{1}{3})}\right) \\k_3 &= \Delta t \cdot f\left(y^{(n)} - \frac{k_1}{3} + k_2, t^{(n+\frac{2}{3})}\right) \\k_4 &= \Delta t \cdot f(y^{(n)} + k_1 - k_2 + k_3, t^{(n+1)}) \\y^{(n+1)} &= y^{(n)} + \frac{1}{8}(k_1 + 3k_2 + 3k_3 + k_4)\end{aligned}$$

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

COLLOCATION METHOD - QUADRATIC IMPLICIT

- Governing Equation:

$$y' = f(y, t)$$

- Quadratic Implicit:

$$y(t) = y^{(n)} + b(t - t^{(n)}) + c(t - t^{(n)})^2$$

$$y'(t) = b + 2c(t - t^{(n)})$$

- At $t = t^{(n)}$:

$$y'^{(n)} = f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)}) = b$$

- At $t = t^{(n+1)}$:

$$y'^{(n+1)} = f(y^{(n+1)}, t^{(n+1)}) = b + 2c \Delta t$$

- Find Coefficients:

$$b = f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)})$$

$$c = \frac{1}{2\Delta t} [f(y^{(n+1)}, t^{(n+1)}) - f(y^{(n)}, t^{(n)})]$$

- At $t = t^{(n+1)}$:

$$y^{(n+1)} = y^{(n)} + b \Delta t + c \Delta t^2$$

- Solve for $y^{(n+1)}$ implicitly

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

COLLOCATION METHOD – 2ND ORDER QUADRATIC COLLOCATION

- Quadratic Explicit (Predictor-Corrector)

- Predictor: y^* at t^{n+1} by Forward Euler

$$\frac{1}{\Delta t}(y^* - y^n) = f(y^n, t^n)$$

$$y^* = y^n + \Delta t f(y^n, t^n)$$

- Corrector: y^{n+1} by Quadratic Spline with $f(y^*, t^{n+1})$

$$b = f(y^n, t^n)$$

$$c = \frac{1}{2\Delta t} [f(y^*, t^{n+1}) - f(y^n, t^n)]$$

- At $t = t^{n+1}$:

$$y^{n+1} = y^n + b \Delta t + c \Delta t^2$$

- Solve for y^{n+1} explicitly

$$y^{n+1} = y^n + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t [f(y^*, t^{n+1}) + f(y^n, t^n)]$$

- Note: Equivalent to RK2

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

COLLOCATION METHOD - 3RD ORDER CUBIC COLLOCATION

- 3rd Order Cubic Collocation
- **First** Function Evaluation: $f(y^n, t^n)$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 1: $y^{n+1/2}$ at $t^{n+1/2}$ by Forward Euler

$$y^{n+1/2} = y^n + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(y^n, t^n)$$

- **Second** Function Evaluation: $f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 3: y^* at t^{n+1} by Cubic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), y^{n+1/2}, f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})$

$$c = \frac{2}{\Delta t^2} [6y^{n+1/2} - 6y^n - 2\Delta t f(y^n, t^n) - \Delta t f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})]$$

$$d = \frac{4}{\Delta t^3} [-4y^{n+1/2} + 4y^n + \Delta t f(y^n, t^n) + \Delta t f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})]$$

$$y^* = y^n + f(y^n, t^n)(\Delta t) + c(\Delta t)^2 + d(\Delta t)^3$$

- **Third** Function Evaluation: $f(y^*, t^{n+1})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 4: y^{n+1} by Cubic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2}), f(y^*, t^{n+1})$

$$y^{n+1} = y^n + \frac{1}{6}\Delta t [f(y^n, t^n) + 4f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2}) + f(y^*, t^{n+1})]$$

- Note: Equivalent to RK3

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

COLLOCATION METHOD – 4TH ORDER CUBIC COLLOCATION (1/2)

- 4th Order Cubic Collocation (Option I)
- **First** Function Evaluation: $f(y^n, t^n)$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 1: $y^{n+1/2}$ at $t^{n+1/2}$ by Forward Euler

$$y^{n+1/2} = y^n + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(y^n, t^n)$$

- **Second** Function Evaluation: $f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 2: y^* at $t^{n+1/2}$ by Quadratic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})$

$$c = \frac{1}{\Delta t} [f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2}) - f(y^n, t^n)]$$

$$y^* = y^n + f(y^n, t^n) \left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta t \right) + c \left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta t \right)^2$$

- **Third** Function Evaluation: $f(y^*, t^{n+1/2})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 3: y^{**} at t^{n+1} by Cubic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), y^*, f(y^*, t^{n+1/2})$

$$c = \frac{2}{\Delta t^2} [6y^* - 6y^n - 2\Delta t f(y^n, t^n) - \Delta t f(y^*, t^{n+1/2})]$$

$$d = \frac{4}{\Delta t^3} [-4y^* + 4y^n + \Delta t f(y^n, t^n) + \Delta t f(y^*, t^{n+1/2})]$$

$$y^{**} = y^n + f(y^n, t^n)(\Delta t) + c(\Delta t)^2 + d(\Delta t)^3$$

- **Fourth** Function Evaluation: $f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 4: y^{n+1} by Cubic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), f(y^*, t^{n+1/2}), f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})$

$$y^{n+1} = y^n + \frac{1}{6}\Delta t [f(y^n, t^n) + 4f(y^*, t^{n+1/2}) + f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})]$$

- Note: Equivalent to RK4

TIME ADVANCING SCHEMES

COLLOCATION METHOD – 4TH ORDER CUBIC COLLOCATION (2/2)

- 4th Order Cubic Collocation (Option 2)
- **First** Function Evaluation: $f(y^n, t^n)$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 1: y^* at t^{n+1} by Forward Euler

$$y^* = y^n + \Delta t f(y^n, t^n)$$

- **Second** Function Evaluation: $f(y^*, t^{n+1})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 2: y^{**} at t^{n+1} by Quadratic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})$

$$c = \frac{1}{2\Delta t} [f(y^*, t^{n+1}) - f(y^n, t^n)]$$
$$y^{**} = y^n + f(y^n, t^n)(\Delta t) + c(\Delta t)^2$$

- **Third** Function Evaluation: $f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 3: $y^{n+1/2}$ at $t^{n+1/2}$ by Quadratic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})$

$$c = \frac{1}{2\Delta t} [f(y^{**}, t^{n+1}) - f(y^n, t^n)]$$
$$y^{n+1/2} = y^n + f(y^n, t^n) \left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta t \right) + c \left(\frac{1}{2} \Delta t \right)^2$$

- **Fourth** Function Evaluation: $f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2})$
 - Algebraic Evaluation 4: y^{n+1} by Cubic Spline fitted with $y^n, f(y^n, t^n), f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2}), f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})$

$$y^{n+1} = y^n + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t [f(y^n, t^n) + 4f(y^{n+1/2}, t^{n+1/2}) + f(y^{**}, t^{n+1})]$$

- Note: Equivalent to RK4

PROBLEM 1A: FALLING BODY

- Exact Analytical Solution: Solve nonhomogeneous ODE

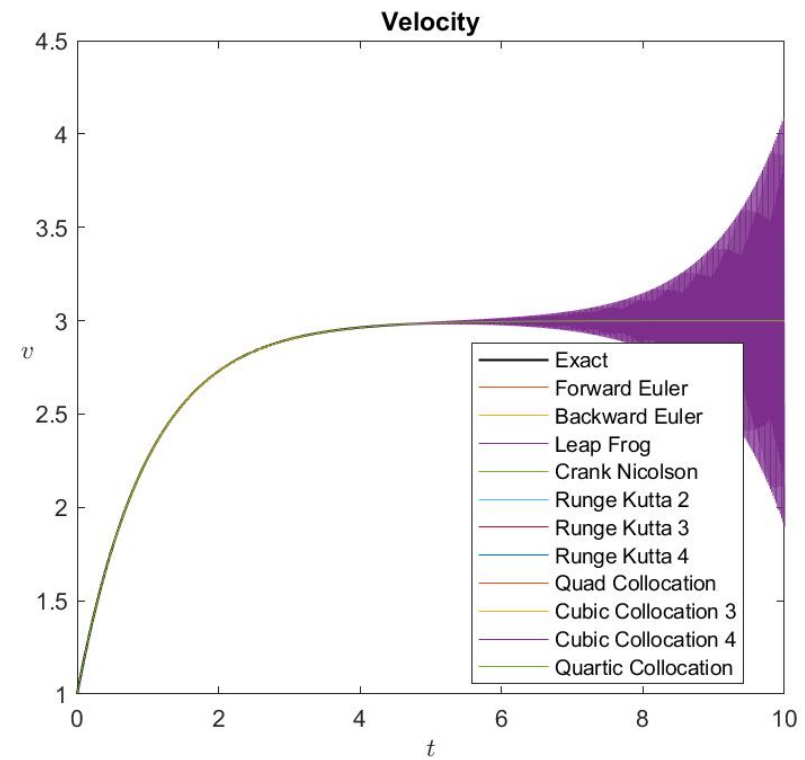
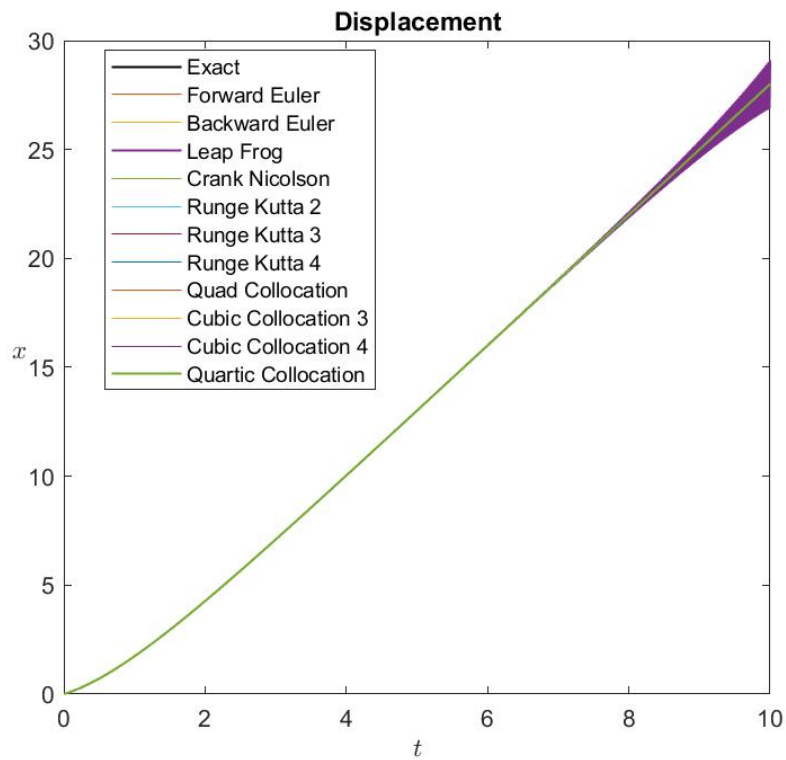
$$mx'' + c_2x' = c_1$$

- Result:

$$x = \frac{m}{c_2} \left(\frac{c_1}{c_2} - 1 \right) e^{-\frac{c_2}{m}t} - \frac{m}{c_2} \left(\frac{c_1}{c_2} - 1 \right) + \frac{c_1}{c_2} t$$
$$v = - \left(\frac{c_1}{c_2} - 1 \right) e^{-\frac{c_2}{m}t} + \frac{c_1}{c_2}$$

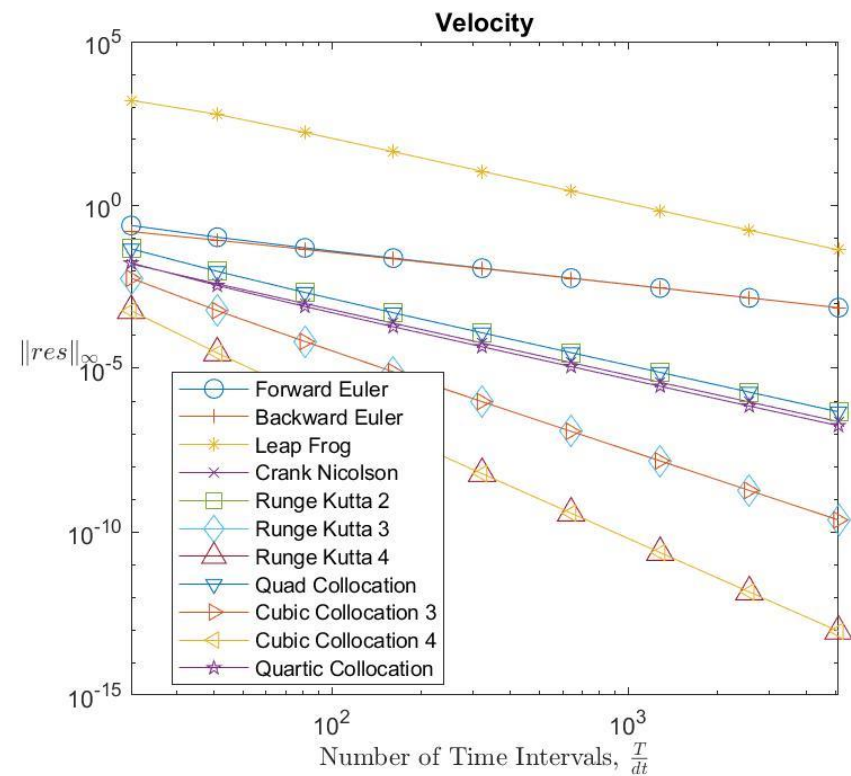
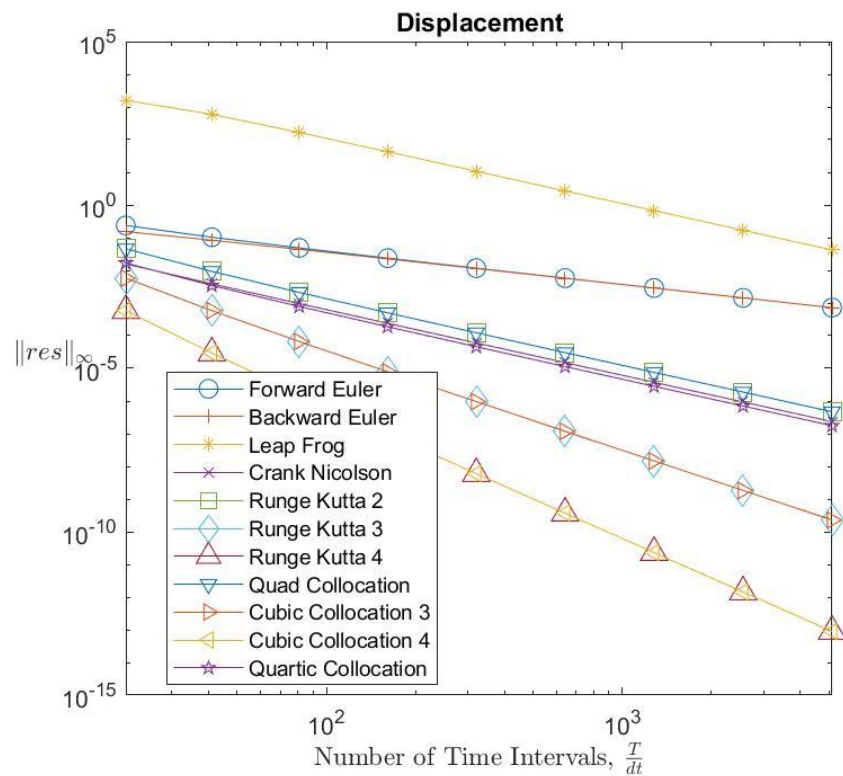
PROBLEM 1A: FALLING BODY

Problem 1a: Falling Body
 $m = 2, g = 3, \Delta t = 0.01, T = 10$



PROBLEM 1A: FALLING BODY CONVERGENCE STUDY

Problem 1a: Falling Body, Convergence Study
 $m = 2, g = 3, T = 10$

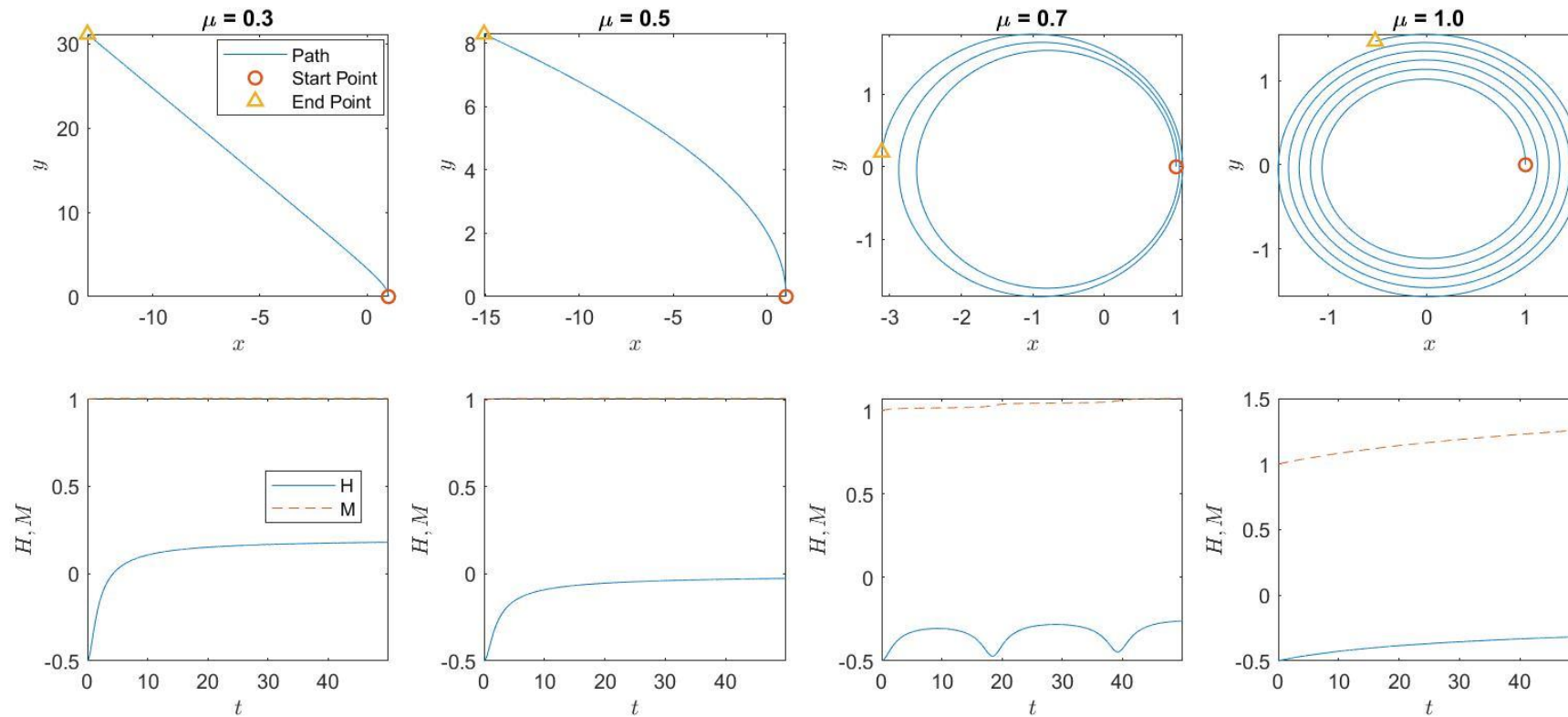


*quartic collocation is not converging properly

PROBLEM 1B: ORBITAL MECHANICS

FORWARD EULER

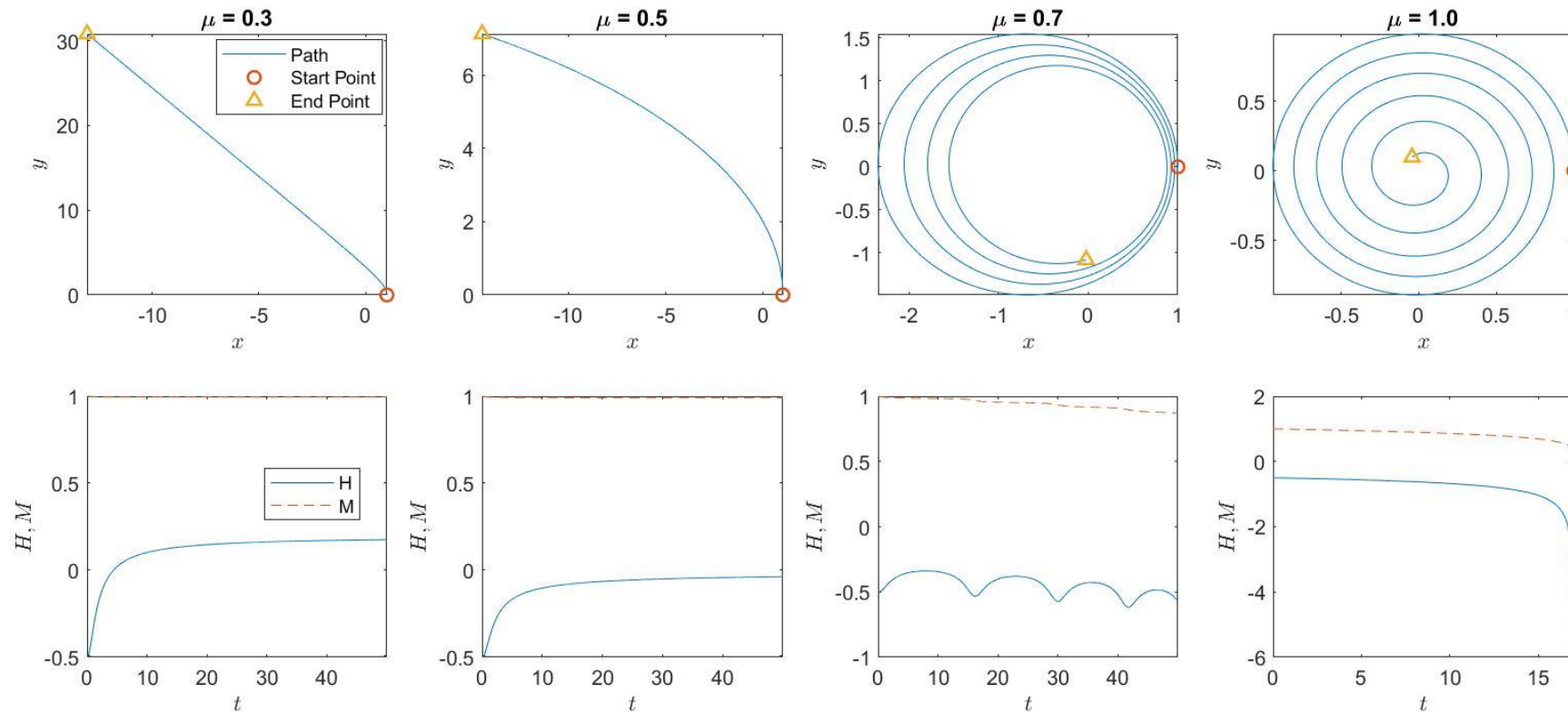
Problem 1b: Orbital Mechanics, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $T = 50$, Forward Euler



PROBLEM 1B: ORBITAL MECHANICS

BACKWARD EULER

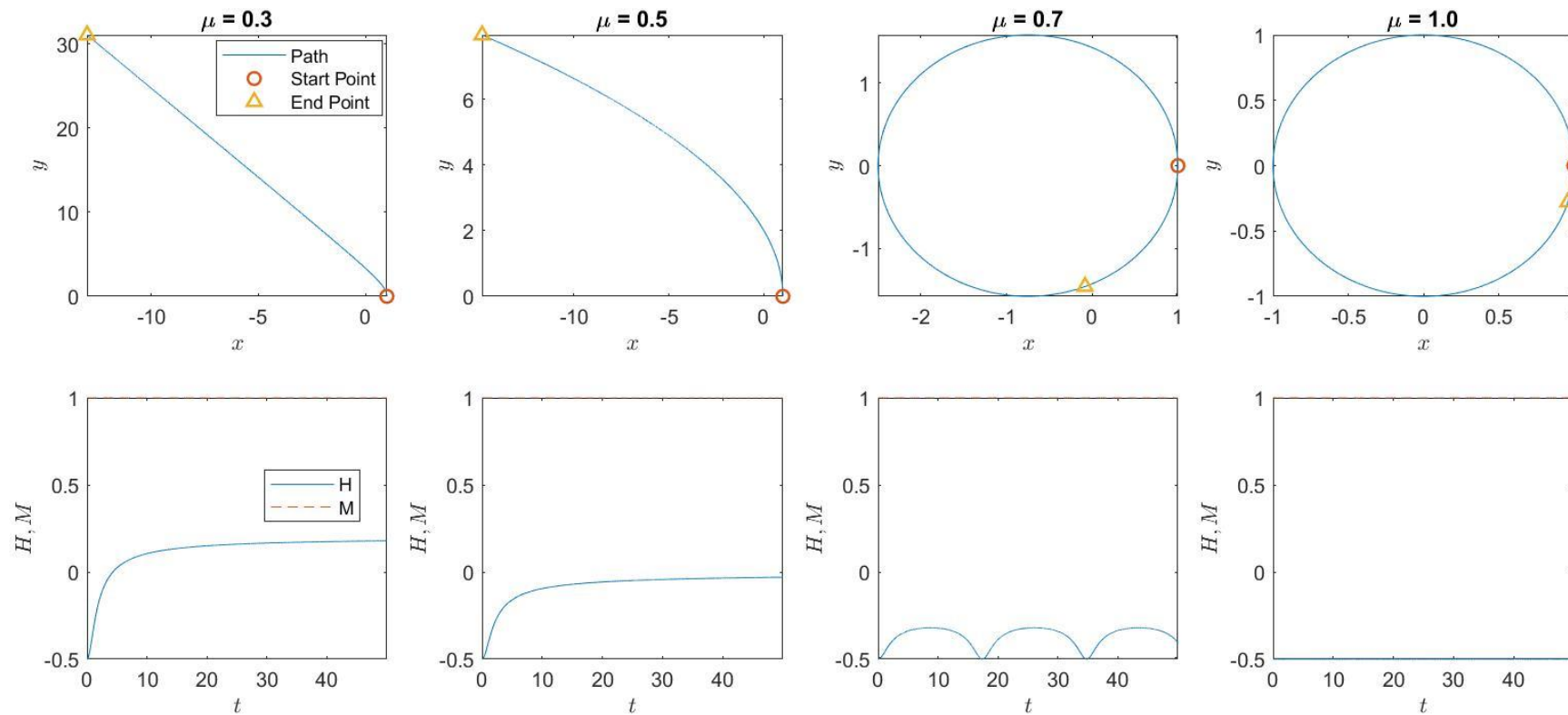
Problem 1b: Orbital Mechanics, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $T = 50$, Backward Euler



PROBLEM 1B: ORBITAL MECHANICS

LEAP FROG

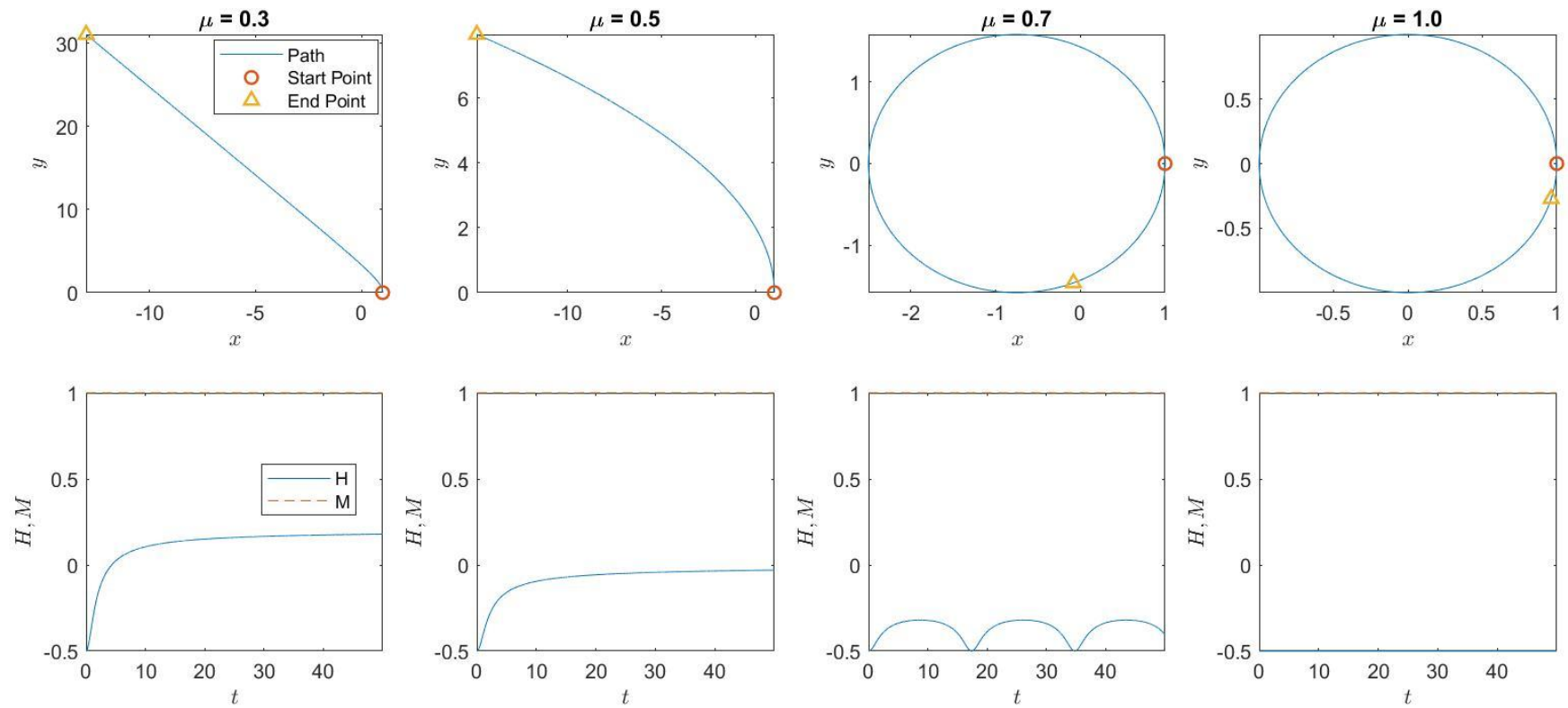
Problem 1b: Orbital Mechanics, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $T = 50$, Leap Frog



PROBLEM 1B: ORBITAL MECHANICS

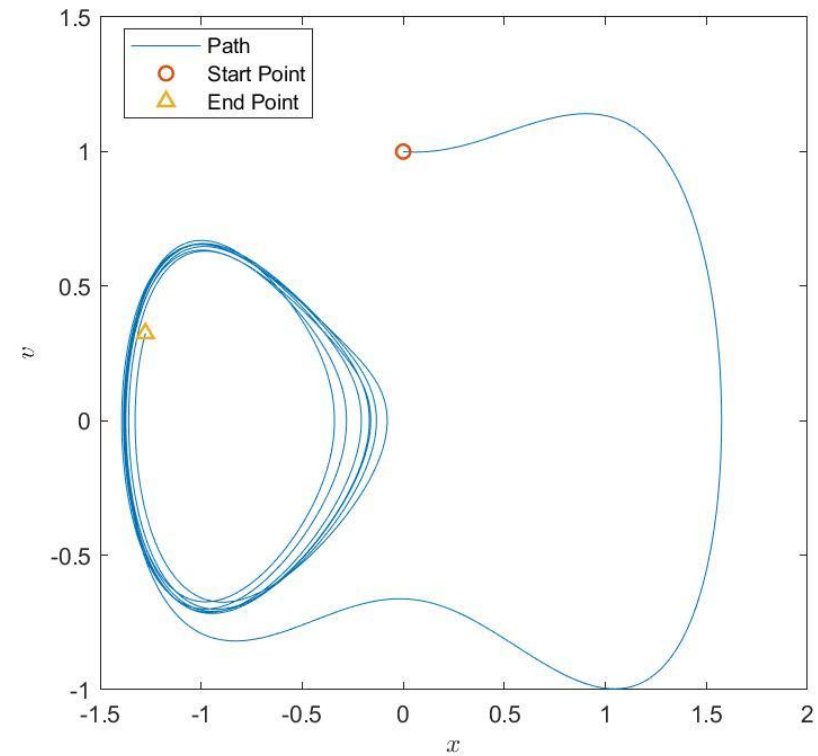
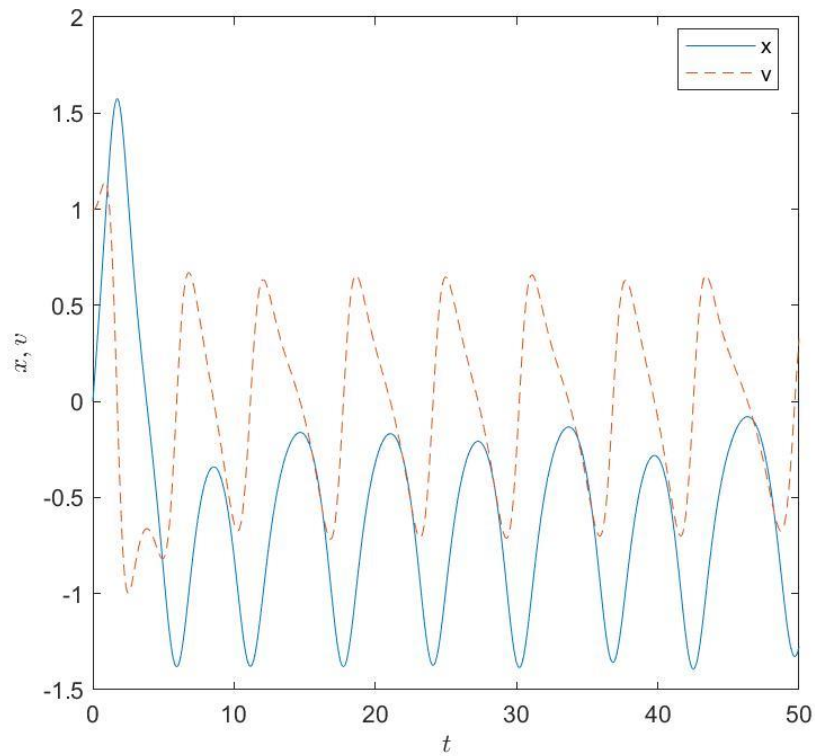
RUNGE KUTTA 4

Problem 1b: Orbital Mechanics, $\Delta t = 0.01, T = 50$, Runge Kutta 4



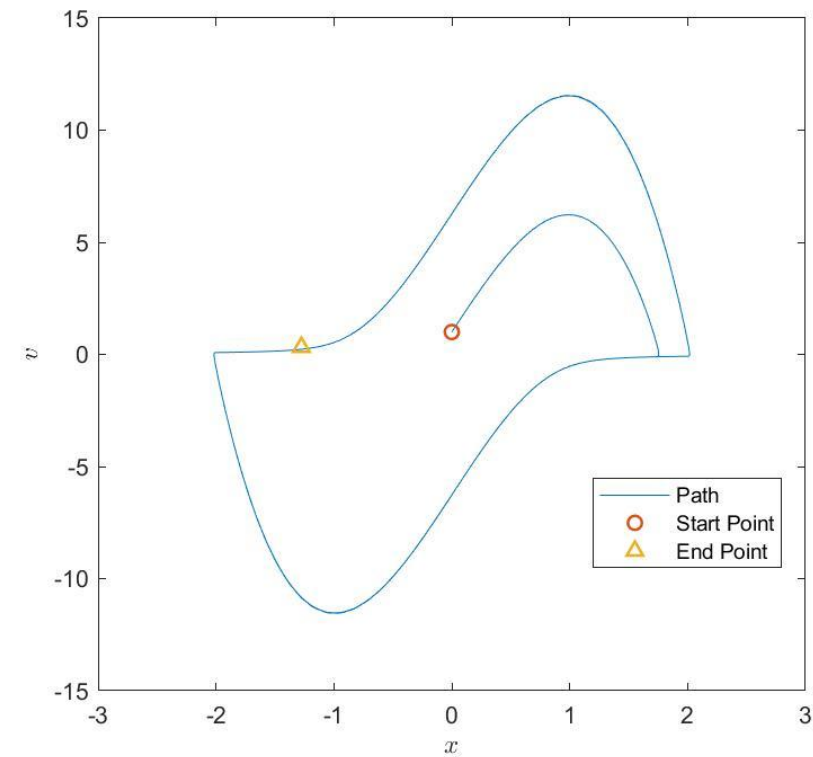
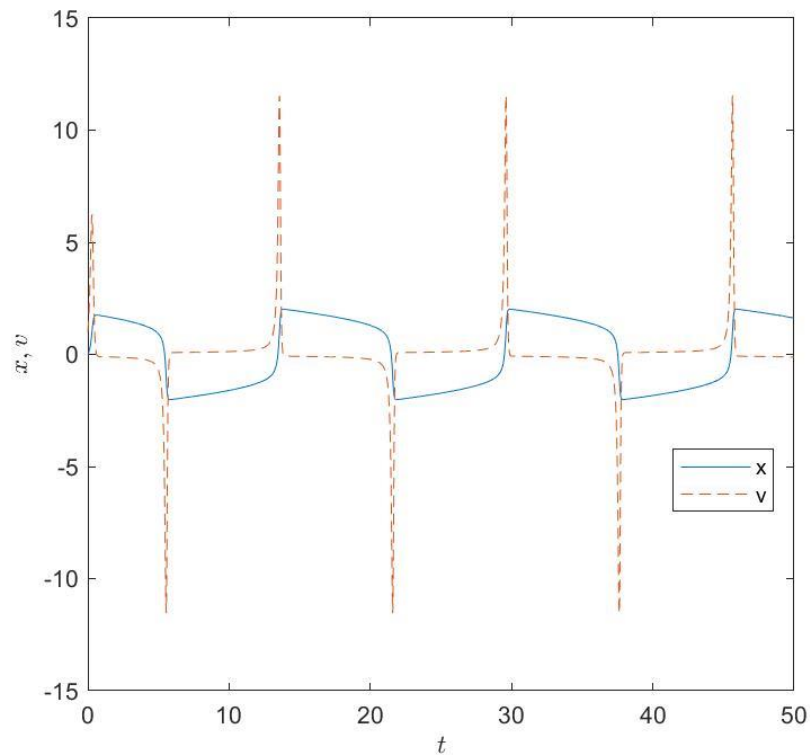
PROBLEM 1c: DUFFING'S EQUATION

Problem 1c: Duffing's Equation
Runge Kutta 4, $\delta = 0.26$, $f = 0.2$, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $T = 50$

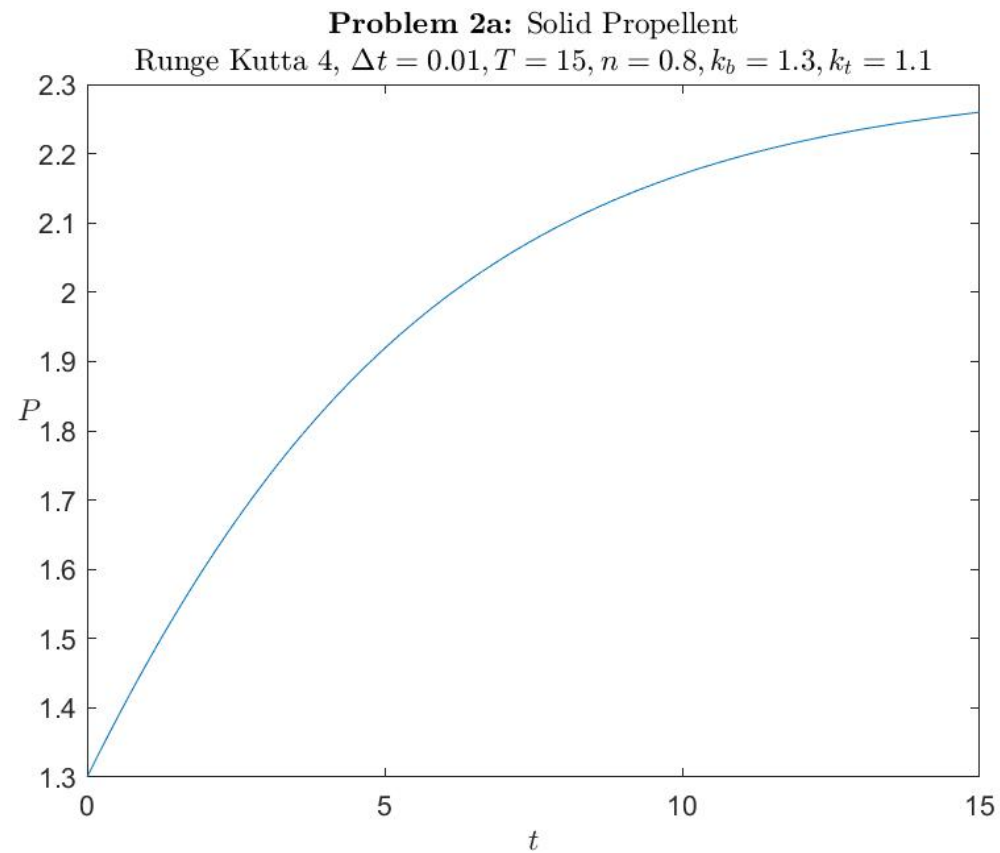


PROBLEM 1c: VAN DEL POL EQUATION

Problem 1c: Van del Pol Equation
Runge Kutta 4, $\epsilon = 8$, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $T = 50$

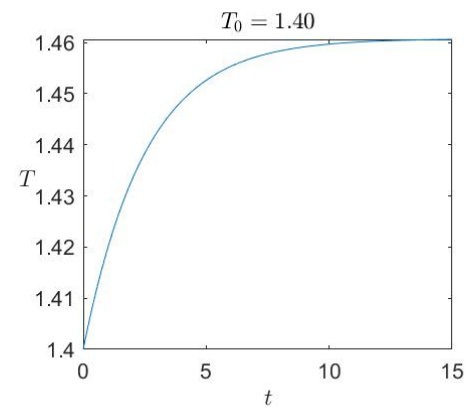
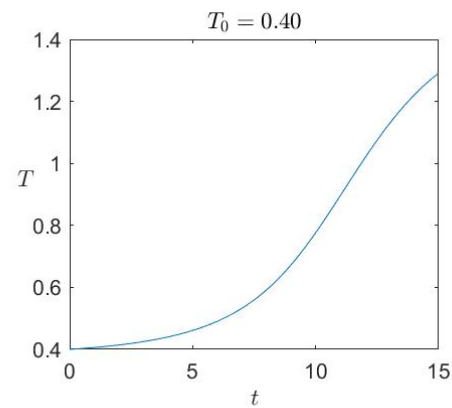
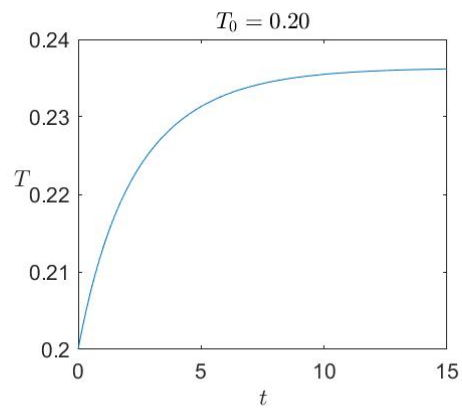
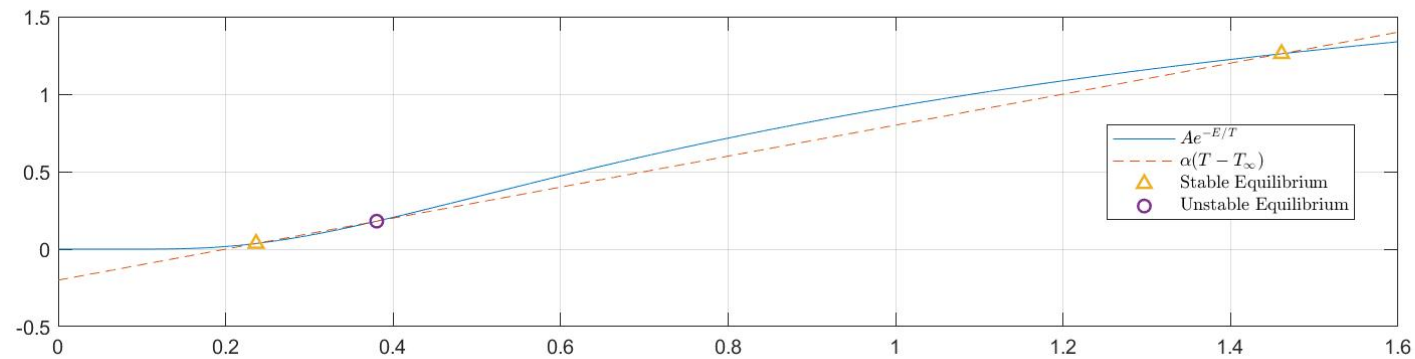


PROBLEM 2A: SOLID PROPELLANT

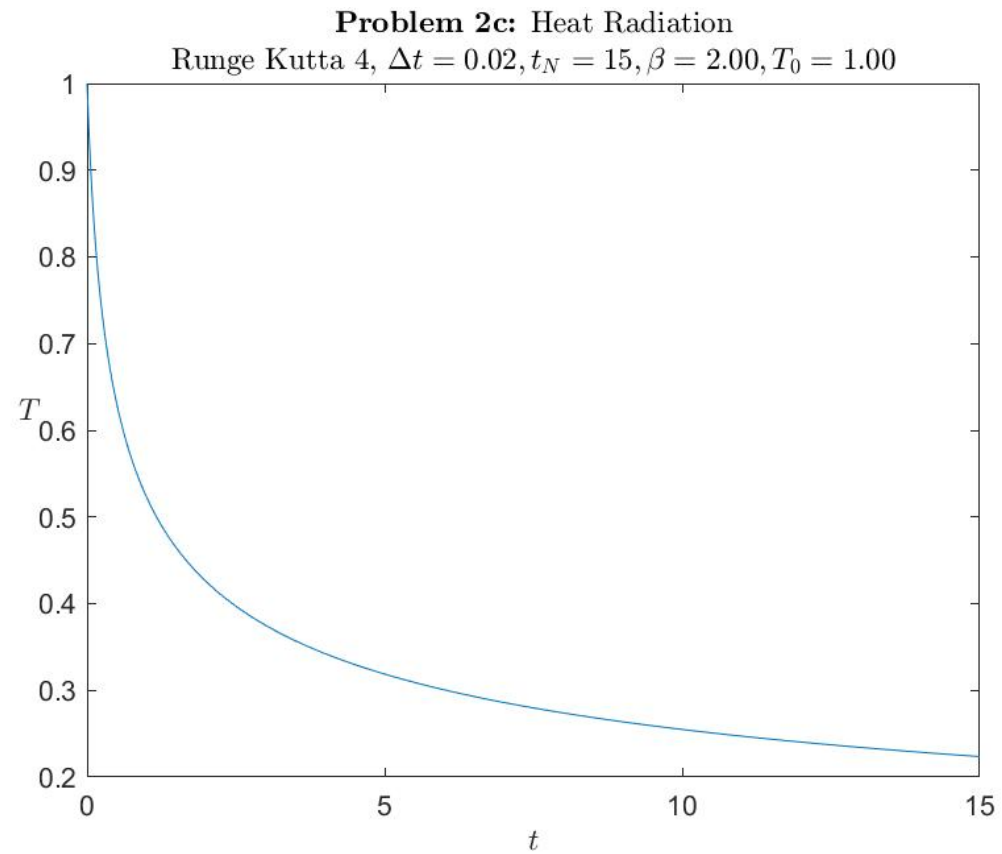


PROBLEM 2B: THERMAL EXPLOSION

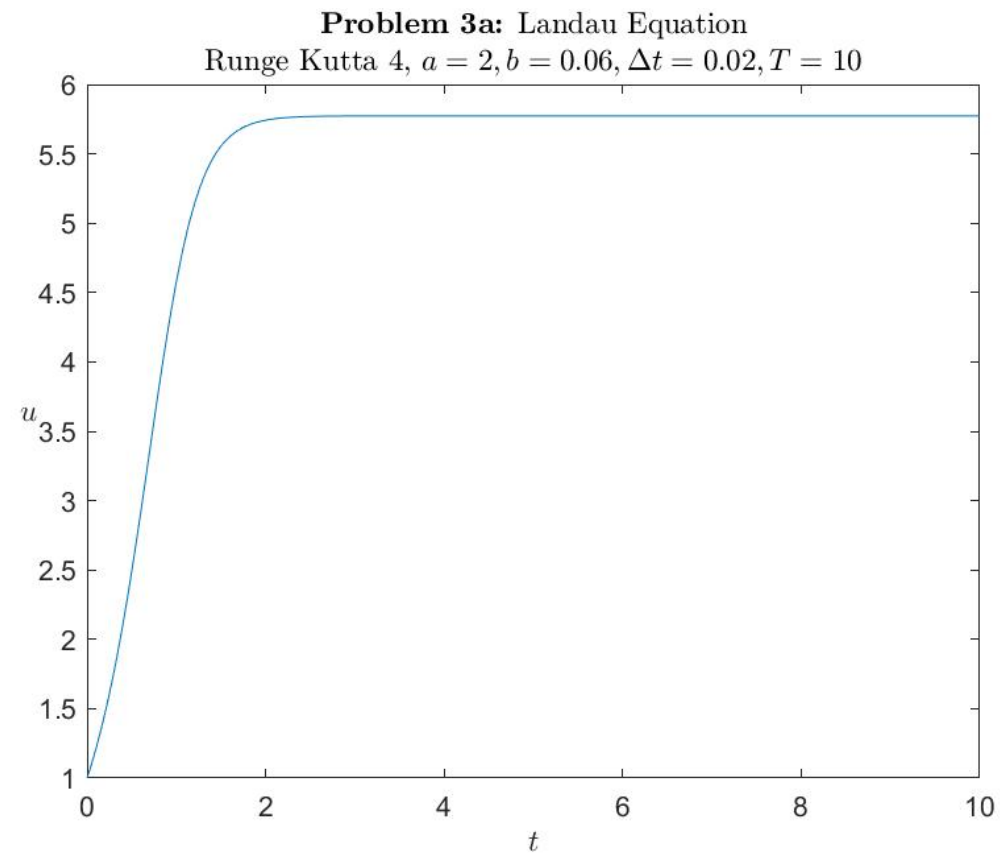
Problem 2b: Thermal Explosion
Runge Kutta 4, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $t_N = 15$, $A = 2.50$, $\alpha = 1$, $E = 1$



PROBLEM 2C: HEAT RADIATION

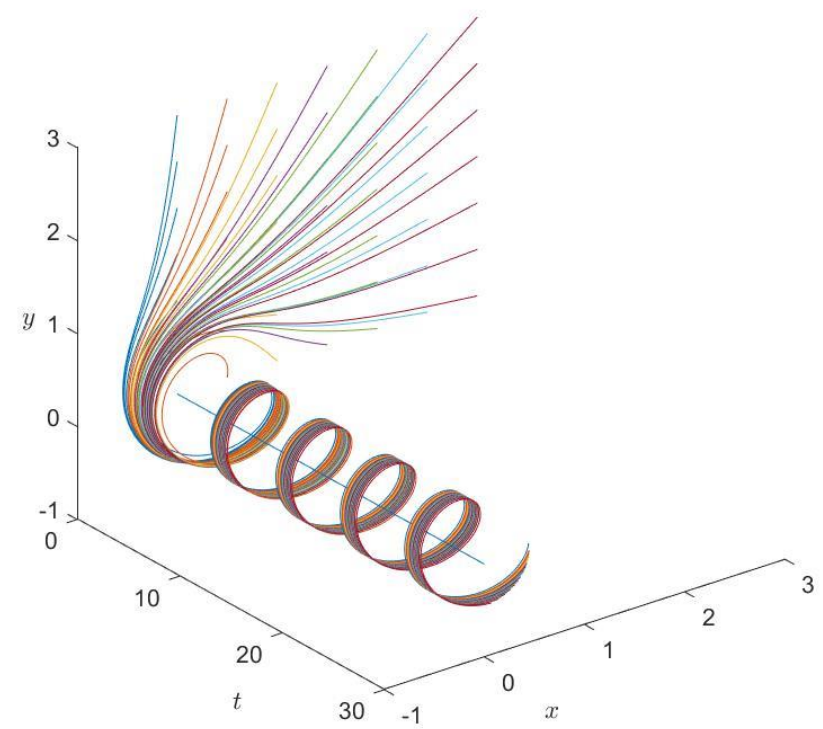
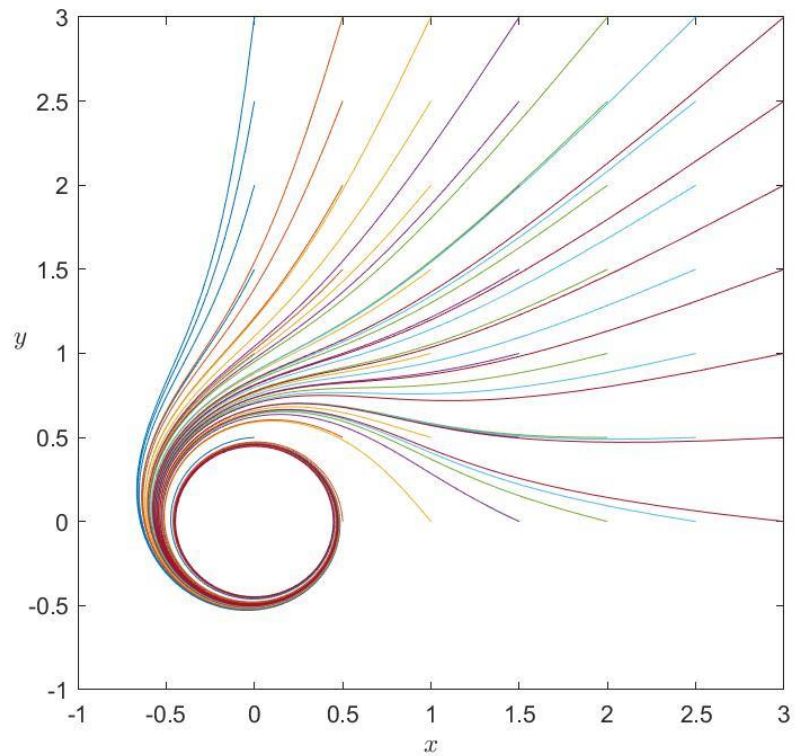


PROBLEM 3A: LANDAU EQUATION



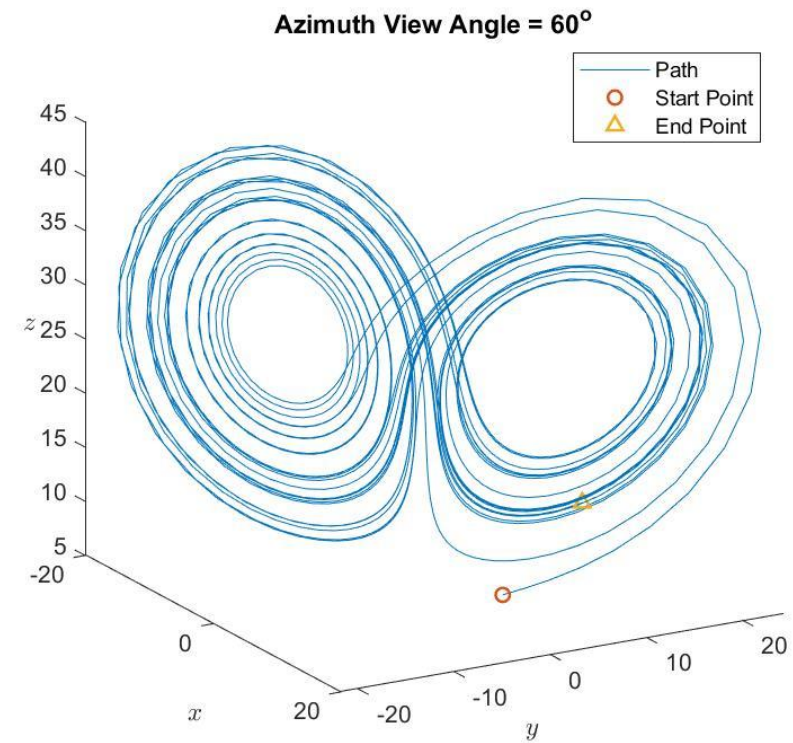
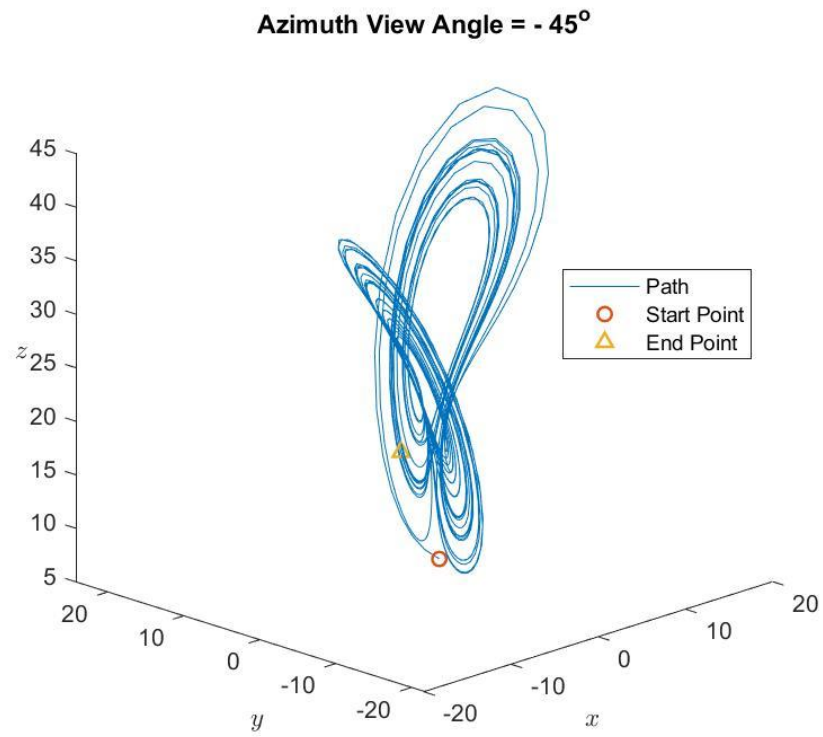
PROBLEM 3B: HOPF BIFURCATION

Problem 3b: Hopf Bifurcation
Runge Kutta 4, $a = 0.2$, $\Delta t = 0.02$, $T = 30$

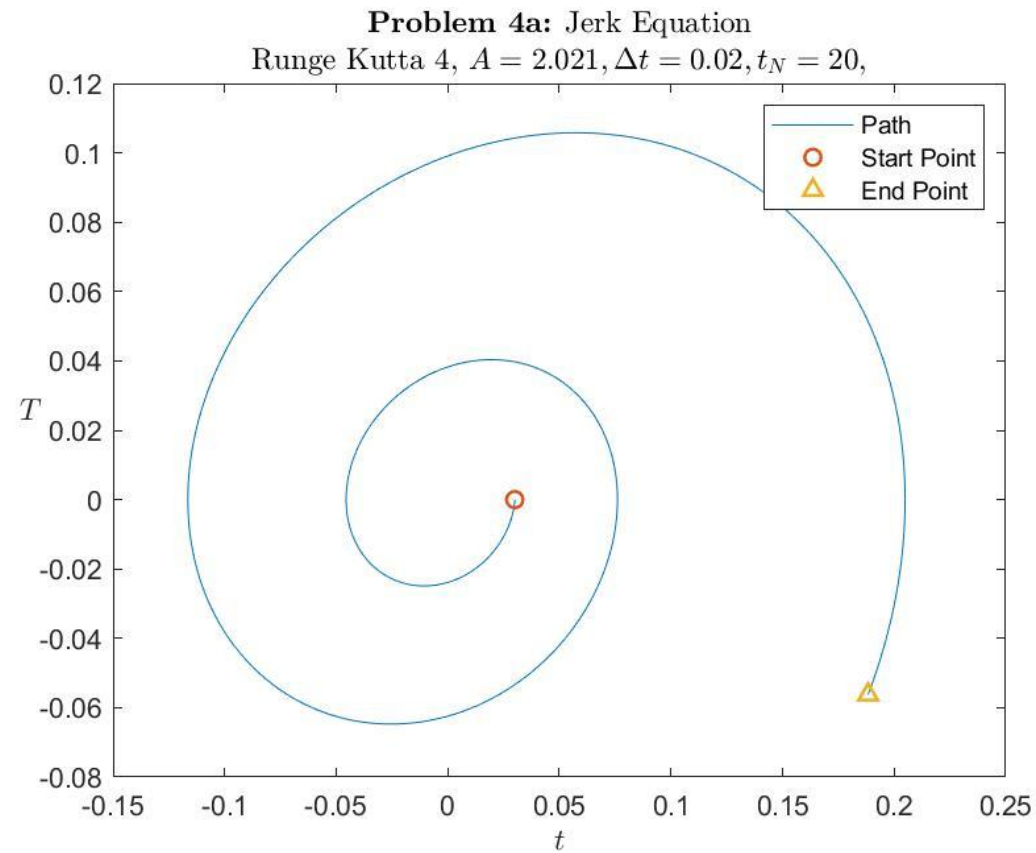


PROBLEM 3C: LORENZ EQUATION

Problem 3c: Lorenz Equation
Runge Kutta 4, $\Delta t = 0.02$, $T = 30$

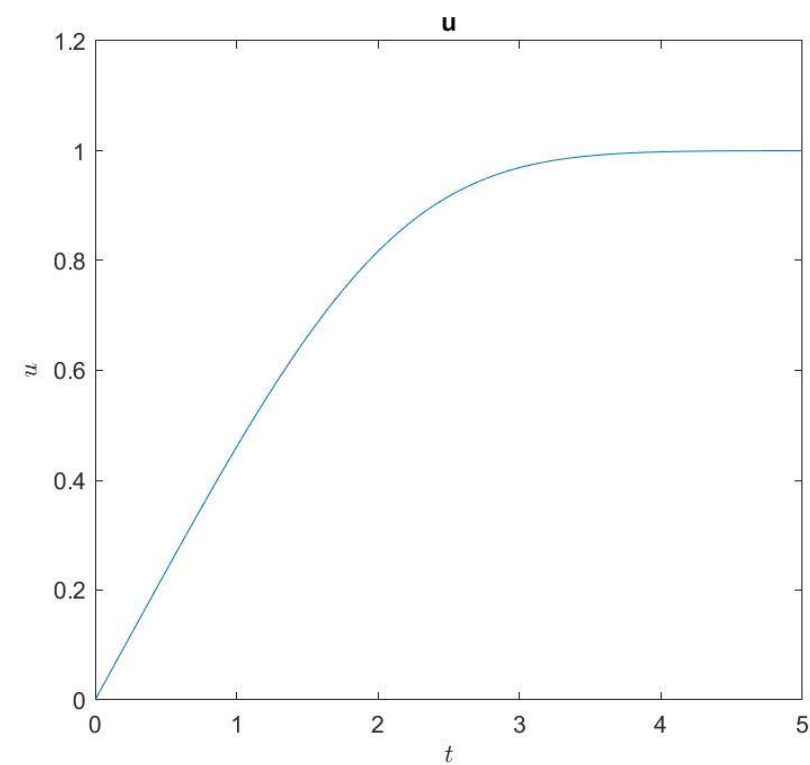
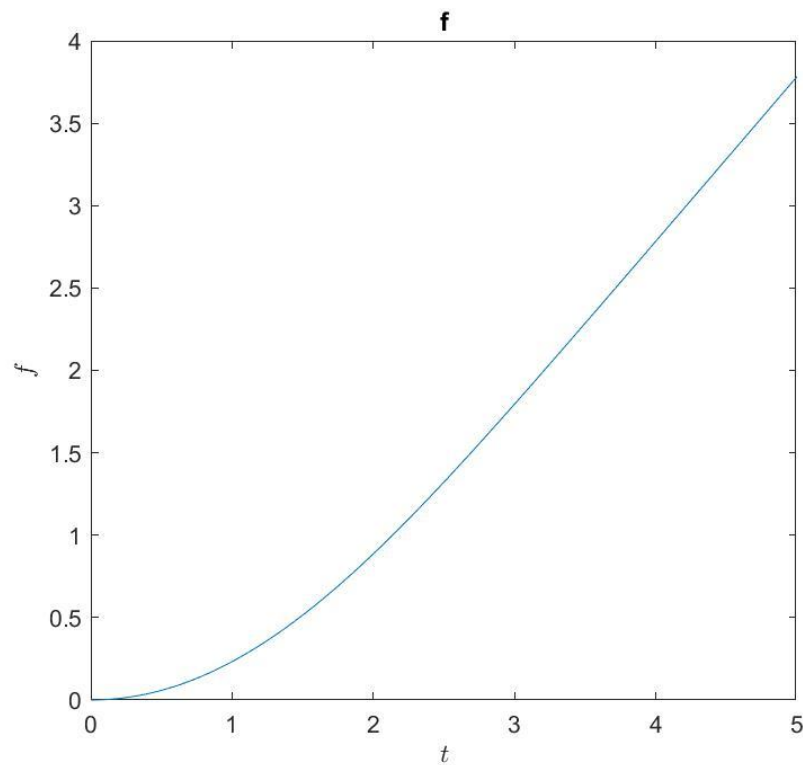


PROBLEM 4A: JERK EQUATION



PROBLEM 4B: BLASIUS EQUATION

Problem 4b: Blasius Equation
Runge Kutta 4, $\Delta y = 0.01$, $y^N = 5$,



PROBLEM 4C: SOLITON EQUATION

Problem 4c: Soliton Equation
Runge Kutta 4, $\Delta t = 0.01$, $t^N = 50$, $\delta = 0.9$

