ABSTRACT

The objective of this analysis is to analyse the inequality of the educational sector of Vietnam, it further projects an understanding of insights between the social life, background, family, peers and even teachers' behaviour to their performance academically.

The analysis is geared towards helping children from lower income families in Vietnam with a focus on the educational sector. A new database was created for this report with 2 schemas representing each wave, wave1 and wave2.

Relational Schema

2 schemas were created for the purpose of this analysis according to the waves.

```
create schema Vietwave1;

create schema Vietwave2;
```

Table Identification

Each of the 2 tables were imported into the SQL Server management studio into a default schema. The tables and columns were categorised based on data on the Wave1 and Wave2.

Table creation

To create the tables, firstly I had to create views, selected the required columns for each view, saved the data in the view into a table and then naming the table alongside the required schema depending on the wave.

```
--CREATING VIEWS AND CREATING TABLES WITH THW VIEWS(SCHEMAS ARE NAMED AFTER THE 2 WAVES)

create view Learning_outcome
as
select uniqueid, schoolid, studentid, province, gender, absent_days, stageeng,eng_test, eng_rawscore, math_test, math_rawscore, grlenrl, boyenrl, tgrlenrl, tboyenrl
from dbo.[vietnam_wave_l.tab];

select * into vietwave1.learningoutcome
from Learning_outcome;

create view home_bckground
as
select uniqueid, studentid, stdliv, stplstdy, STHVDESK, stplhlrd, stplhl01, stplhl03, stplhl06, sthvintr, stpplhm, stdlnghm, province
from dbo.[vietnam_wave_l.tab];

select * into vietwave1.homebackground
from home_bckground;
```

```
23 create view school_
     select uniqueid, studentid, schfac01a, schfac01b, schfac04, schfac05, schfac07, htampaid9, schfac02, schfac10, schfac11
     from dbo.[vietnam_wave_1.tab];
     select * into vietwave1.school
29
     from school_;
    create view Learning_outcome2
31
     as select uniqueid, schoolid, studentid, stfeel19c, stfeel21e, stfeel22a, stfeel22b, stfeel22h, stfeel23a, eng_test, eng_rawscore, math_test, math_rawscore
     from dbo.[vietnam_wave_2.tab];
     select * into vietwave2.Learningoutcome2
     from Learning_outcome2;
    create view teachers_behaviour
39
40
41
    select uniqueid, schoolid, studentid, stmthwrk, stmwrkch, stethwrk, stfeel33, stfeel34, stfeel37, stfeel35, stfeel47
from dbo.[vietnam_wave_2.tab];
42
     select * into vietwave2.teachers_behaviours
44
     from teachers_behaviour;
47
    create view school_2
     select uniqueid, schoolid, studentid, stcmpsch, staddmt, stadden, stprven, stprvmt
49
50
51
     from dbo.[vietnam_wave_2.tab];
     select * into vietwave2.school_2
     from school_2;
```

TRANSFORMATIONS

From the data, I observed most columns had encoding and appeared numeric hence the need to transform them and remove the encodings to actual meanings by creating stored procedures to update each column of the tables that with encodings.

```
--TRANSFORMING THE TABLES BY CREATING STOREED PROCEDURES FOR ALL ENCODING TO REMOVE NUMERICAL DATA
57
    create procedure learningoutcome_trans
59 begin
      update vietwave1.learningoutcome
       set province =
61
       when province = 1 then 'Ben Tre'
62
63
       when province = 2 then 'Da Nang'
64
      when province = 3 then 'Hung Yen'
when province = 4 then 'Lao Cai'
when province = 5 then 'Phu Yen'
65
66
67
       else 'null'
68
70
        update vietwave1.learningoutcome
        set gender =
72
73
       when gender = 1 then 'Male'
74
        when gender = 2 then 'Female'
75
        else 'null'
76
77
        update vietwave1.learningoutcome
79
        set stageeng =
81
        case
        when stageeng = 0 then 'I have never learned English in school'
82
      when stageeng = 1 then 'Kindergarten'
83
        when stageeng = 2 then 'Grade 1 - 5'
      when stageeng = 3 then 'Grade 6 - 9'
85
      when stageeng = 4 then 'Grade 10'
        when stageeng = 99 then 'Missing'
87
        when stageeng = 88 then 'NA'
88
        else 'null'
89
        end
90
91
92 end;
93
94
95 execute learningoutcome trans;
```

```
95
       execute learningoutcome trans;
  96
  97 create procedure homebackground_trans
  98
       begin
  99
 100
           update vietwave1.homebackground
           set stdliv =
 101
 102
           when stdliv = 99 then 'Missing'
 103
           when stdliv = 1 then 'At home with my parents'
 104
           when stdliv = 2 then 'With other family or friends'
 105
           when stdliv = 3 then 'In a school hostel'
 106
           when stdliv = 4 then 'In a private hostel'
 107
           when stdliv = 5 then 'Other'
 108
 109
           when stdliv = 88 then 'NA'
 110
           else 'null'
           end
 111
         update vietwave1.homebackground
113
          set stplstdy =
115
          case
         when stplstdy = 0 then 'no'
116
          when stplstdy = 1 then 'yes'
117
         else 'null'
118
119
120
         update vietwave1.homebackground
121
122
         set STHVDESK =
123
         case
         when STHVDESK = 0 then 'no'
124
         when STHVDESK = 1 then 'yes'
125
         else 'null'
126
127
          end
128
         update vietwavel.homebackground
129
         set stplhlrd =
130
131
         case
         when stplhlrd = 0 then 'Never'
132
          when stplhlrd = 1 then 'Sometimes'
133
         when stplhlrd = 2 then 'Always'
134
          when stplhlrd = 99 then 'Missing'
135
136
          when stplhlrd = 88 then 'NA'
         else 'null'
137
138
          end
 140
           update vietwave1.homebackground
          set stplhl01 =
 141
 142
           case
 143
           when stplhl01 = 99 then 'Missing'
           when stplhl01 = 1 then 'Never or almost never'
 144
           when stplhl01 = 2
                              then
                                     'Once or twice a month'
 145
           when stplhl01 = 3
                                    'Once or twice a week'
 146
                              then
           when stplhl01 = 4 then 'Everyday or almost everyday'
 147
           when stplhl01 = 88 then 'NA'
 148
 149
           else 'null'
           end
 150
```

```
164
         update vietwave1.homebackground
         set stplhl06 =
165
166
           case
           when stplhl06 = 99 then 'Missing'
167
           when stplhl06 = 1 then 'Never or almost never'
168
           when stplhl06 = 2 then 'Once or twice a month'
169
           when stplhl06 = 3 then 'Once or twice a week'
when stplhl06 = 4 then 'Everyday or almost everyday'
when stplhl06 = 88 then 'NA'
170
171
172
           else 'null'
173
174
           end
175
           update vietwave1.homebackground
176
           set STHVINTR =
177
178
           case
           when STHVINTR = 0 then 'no'
179
           when STHVINTR = 1 then 'yes'
180
           else 'null'
181
182
           end
183
           update vietwave1.homebackground
184
         set STDLNGHM =
186
          case
187
           when STDLNGHM = 0 then 'Never'
          when STDLNGHM = 1 then 'Sometimes'
when STDLNGHM = 2 then 'Always'
188
189
           when STDLNGHM = 99 then 'Missing'
190
           when STDLNGHM = 88 then 'NA'
191
192
           else 'null'
193
           end
194
          update vietwave1.homebackground
195
196
         set province =
197
          case
           when province = 1 then 'Ben Tre' when province = 2 then 'Da Nang'
198
199
           when province = 3 then 'Hung Yen'
200
201
           when province = 4 then 'Lao Cai'
           when province = 5 then 'Phu Yen'
202
203
           else 'null'
           end
201
```

```
execute homebackground_trans;
create procedure school_trans
begin
   update vietwave1.school
   set SCHFAC04 =
   case
   when SCHFAC04 = 0 then 'yes'
   when SCHFAC04 = 1 then 'no'
   else 'null'
    end
   update vietwave1.school
    set SCHFAC05 =
   case
    when SCHFAC05 = 0 then 'yes'
    when SCHFAC05 = 1 then 'no'
    else 'null'
    end
   update vietwave1.school
    set SCHFAC02 =
    when SCHFAC02 = 0 then 'yes'
    when SCHFAC02 = 1 then 'no'
    else 'null'
    end
   update vietwave1.school
    set SCHFAC07 =
    case
    when SCHFAC07 = 0 then 'yes'
    when SCHFAC07 = 1 then 'no'
    else 'null'
    end
```

```
end;
go
execute school_trans;
create procedure Learningoutcome2_trans
begin
   update vietwave2.Learningoutcome2
   set STFEEL19C=
   when stfeel19c = 1 then 'Strongly disagree'
   when stfeel19c = 2 then 'Disagree'
   when stfeel19c = 3 then 'Agree'
when stfeel19c = 4 then 'Strongly agree'
    when stfeel19c = 88 then 'NA'
    when stfeel19c = 79 then 'Missing'
    else 'null'
   update vietwave2.Learningoutcome2
    set STFEEL21E =
    case
    when STFEEL21E = 1 then 'Strongly disagree'
    when STFEEL21E = 2 then 'Disagree'
    when STFEEL21E = 3 then 'Agree'
    when STFEEL21E = 4 then 'Strongly agree'
    when STFEEL21E = 88 then 'NA'
    when STFEEL21E = 79 then 'Missing'
    else 'null'
    end
    update vietwave2.Learningoutcome2
    set STFEEL22A =
    when STFEEL22A = 1 then 'Strongly disagree'
    when STFEEL22A = 2 then 'Disagree'
    when STFEEL22A = 3 then 'Agree'
    when STFEEL22A = 4 then 'Strongly agree'
    when STFEEL22A = 88 then 'NA'
    when STFEEL22A = 79 then 'Missing'
    else 'null'
```

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN TABLES

To create a relationship between the tables, I chose to create 2 different relationships between the 2 tables in each country, a composite key (primary key) was created in each learning outcome table for each wave which relates to other tables homebackground in wave1 and teachers beahavior in wave 2 in the most ways and is linked with a foreign key created on the other tables with reference to the table with the primary key.

```
511
     ---Altering columns to create primary keys (uniqueid, studentid) on the center table as not nullable(Vietwave1).
     alter table vietwave1.learningoutcome
     alter column uniqueid varchar(50) not null;
     alter table vietwave1.learningoutcome
515
     alter column studentid varchar(50) not null;
516
517
     --creating composite key by altering keys
518
519
     alter table vietwave1.learningoutcome
     add constraint uniquestudent primary key (uniqueid, studentid);
520
521
     ---Altering columns to create primary keys (uniqueid, studentid) on the center table as not nullable(Vietwave2).
     alter table vietwave2.learningoutcome2
523
     alter column uniqueid varchar(50) not null;
524
525
     alter table vietwave2.learningoutcome2
526
527
     alter column studentid varchar(50) not null;
528
529
     --creating composite key by altering keys
530 alter table vietwave2.learningoutcome2
     add constraint uniquestudent2 primary key (uniqueid, studentid);
531
532
     --adding foriegn key to table(vietwave1.homebackgroud)
533
534
     alter table vietwave1.homebackground
     add constraint viethomebackground_fk foreign key (uniqueid, studentid)
535
     references vietwave1.learningoutcome (uniqueid, studentid);
536
537
     --adding foriegn key to table(vietwave1.school)
538
     alter table vietwave1.school
539
     add constraint vietschool_fk foreign key (uniqueid, studentid)
540
     references vietwave1.learningoutcome (uniqueid, studentid);
541
542
     --adding foriegn key to table(vietwave2.school_2)
543
544 alter table vietwave2.school_2
     add constraint vietschool2_fk foreign key (uniqueid, studentid)
545
     references vietwave2.learningoutcome2 (uniqueid, studentid);
548 --adding foriegn key to table(vietwave2.teachers_behaviours)
     alter table vietwave2.teachers_behaviours
549
add constraint vietteachersbehaviours_fk foreign key (uniqueid, studentid)
references vietwave2.learningoutcome2 (uniqueid, studentid);
```

RATIONALE OF THE DESIGN

I decided to conduct in-depth and focused research on each wave, and I'll comment on variables that influenced database building decisions in the report of my analysis.

DESIGN CONSIDERATION

My idea for the analysis is to compare the child's home background, home experiences, and learning outcomes between the two waves.

NORMALISATION

All table has similar columns, such as (unique id and student id), that distinguishes them from one another and was used to connect the tables in the database diagram.

CONSTRAINT

The database features composite key constraints and a not null constraint that were created on the learning outcome tables as unique identifiers throughout the two waves.

VALIDATION

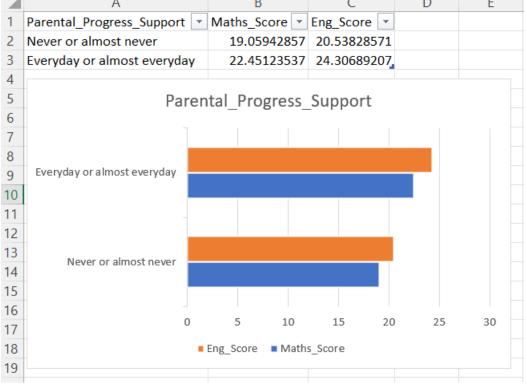
The stored procedures', unique IDs, primary keys, and update functions ensure that the data in the table is continuous across all rows.

TRAENSPARENCY AND CONCURRENCY CONTROL

The database was solely used to retrieve data within the database in this study.

REPORT 1 (THIS REPORT SHOWS THE ACADEMIC PROGRESS BETWEEN CHILDREN WHOSE PARENTS CHECK UP ON THEIR ACADEMIC PEFORMANCE AND THOSE WHOSE PARENTS DON'T)

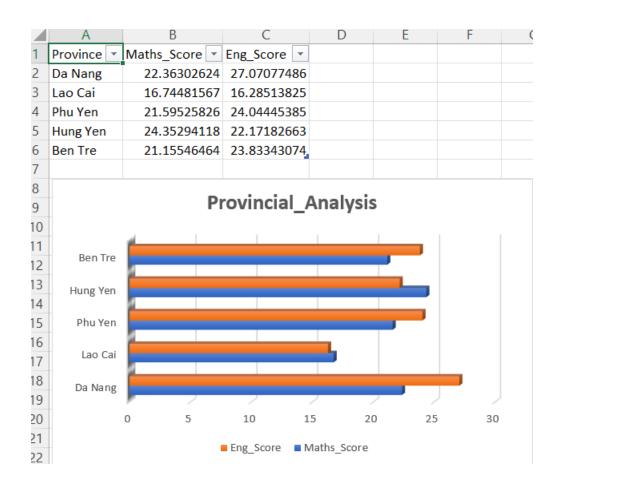
```
--REPORT 1 (THIS REPORT COMPARES THE PERFOMANCE OF CHILDREN WHOSE PARENTS/GUARDIANS DISCUSS THEIR ACADEMIC PROGESS
     alter table vietwave1.learningoutcome
555
     alter column math_rawscore float;
556
557
     alter table vietwave1.learningoutcome
558 alter column eng_rawscore float;
559
560 create view Parental_Progress_Support_Analysis
561
     Select stplhl01 as Parental_Progress_Support, AVG(math_rawscore) as Maths_Score , AVG(eng_rawscore) as Eng_Score
562
563
     from vietwave1.learningoutcome as learn
     inner join vietwave1.homebackground as bckground
     on learn.uniqueid = bckground.uniqueid
     where stplhl01 like 'ev%' or stplhl01 like 'ne%'
567
     group by stplhl01;
568
     select *
569
570
     from Parental_Progress_Support_Analysis;
```



The visualisation above shows that children with parental care and support on average of their academic result in Maths and English are doing better than those with little or no parental care or support.

REPORT 2 (COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF CHILDREN IN THE DIFFERENT PROVINCES AND THEIR ACADEMIC PEFORMANCE)

```
-- REPORT 2 (COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF CHILDREN IN THE DIFFERENT PROVINCES AND THEIR ACADEMIC PERFOMANCE)
574
575
     Create view Provincial_analysis
576
     Select hbck.province as Province, AVG(math_rawscore) as Maths_Score, AVG(eng_rawscore) as Eng_Score
577
     from Vietwave1.homebackground as hbck
578
579
     inner join Vietwave1.learningoutcome as lout
     on hbck.uniqueid = lout.uniqueid
580
     group by hbck.province;
581
582
583
     select *
584
    from Provincial_analysis;
```



This shows that Da Nang Province on average has the best performing children in both English and Maths while Lao Cai on average has the least performing children academically.

REPORT 3 (EFFECTS OF NEGATIVE TEACHERS' BEHAVIOR ON THE ACADEMIC PEORMANCE OF THE CHILDREN)

```
-- REPORT 3 (EFFECTS OF NEGATIVE TEACHER'S BEHAVIOUR ON THE CHILDREN'S ACADEMIC PERFOMANCE)
587
     alter table vietwave2.learningoutcome2
588
     alter column math_rawscore float;
589
590
     alter table vietwave2.learningoutcome2
591
     alter column eng_rawscore float;
592
     Create view NEGATIVE_TEACHER_BEHAVIOUR
     select stfeel37 as Negavtive_Teachers_Behaviour, AVG(math_rawscore) as Maths_Score, AVG(eng_rawscore) as Eng_Score
     from Vietwave2.teachers_behaviours as v2b
597
     inner join Vietwave2.Learningoutcome2 as v2l
     on v2b.schoolid = v2l.schoolid
598
     where stfeel37 like '%strongly disagree' or stfeel37 like '%strongly agree'
599
600
     group by stfeel37;
601
602
      select *
603
     from NEGATIVE_TEACHER_BEHAVIOUR;
   Negavtive_Teachers_Behaviour | Maths_Score | Eng_Score |
1
2
    Strongly disagree
                                               21.94484273 20.43706097
3
    Strongly agree
                                               20.95870041 19.85954987.
4
                   Negavtive Teachers Behaviour
5
6
     22.5
7
8
     21.5
9
       21
10
     20.5
11
12
       20
13
     19.5
14
       19
15
     18.5
16
                       Strongly disagree
                                                                Strongly agree
17
                                   Maths_Score Eng_Score
```

This shows some negative teachers' attitude on children and how it affects their learning, from the data above, kids who have experienced such in school on average tend to perform worse than those children who didn't have the same experience.