```
1
   %% Machine Learning
   \% Lab 5: Multi class classification - One VS ALL
 3
   % —— Handwritten Digits —
4
   %{
 5
 6 | For this exercise, you will use logistic regression to
   recognize handwritten digits (from 0 to 9). Automated handwritten digit
   recognition is widely used today — from recognizing zip codes (postal codes)
9 on mail envelopes to recognizing amounts written on bank checks.
10 %}
11
12
   %% Initialization
13 | clear ; close all; clc
14
15 \% Setup the parameters you will use for this part of the exercise
16 | input_layer_size = 400; % 20x20 Input Images of Digits
17
   num_labels = 10; % 10 labels, from 1 to 10
18
   |% (note that we have mapped "0" to label 10
19
20 | % Loading and Visualizing Data
21 % Load Training Data
22 | fprintf('Loading and Visualizing Data ...\n')
23 | load('ex3data1.mat'); % training data stored in arrays X, y
24 \mid m = size(X, 1);
25
26 | % Randomly select 100 data points to display
    rand_indices = randperm(m);
28
   sel = X(rand_indices(1:100), :);
29
30 | displayData(sel);
32 | fprintf('Program paused. Press enter to continue.\n');
33
   pause;
34
35
   % Vectorize Logistic Regression
36
37
   % Test case for lrCostFunction
38 | fprintf('\nTesting lrCostFunction() with regularization');
39
40 | w_t = [-2; -1; 1; 2];
41 \mid X_t = [ones(5,1) reshape(1:15,5,3)/10];
   Y_{-}t = ([1;0;1;0;1] >= 0.5);
   lambda_t = 3;
   [C grad] = lrCostFunction(w_t, X_t, Y_t, lambda_t);
44
45
46 | fprintf('\nCost: %f\n', C);
47 | fprintf('Expected cost: 2.534819\n');
   fprintf('Gradients:\n');
   fprintf(' %f \n', grad);
49
   fprintf('Expected gradients:\n');
   fprintf(' 0.146561\n - 0.548558\n 0.724722\n 1.398003\n');
51
52
53 | fprintf('Program paused. Press enter to continue.\n');
54 pause;
56 | % One—vs—All Training
```

```
57
   fprintf('\nTraining One-vs-All Logistic Regression...\n');
58
   lambda = 0.1;
59
   [all_w] = oneVsAll(X, y, num_labels, lambda);
60
61
    fprintf('Program paused. Press enter to continue.\n');
   pause;
63
64
   %% Predict for One—Vs—All
65
67
   pred = predictOneVsAll(all_w, X);
68
69
   fprintf('\nTraining Set Accuracy: %f\n', mean(double(pred == y)) * 100);
```

lrCostFunction.m

```
function [C, grad] = lrCostFunction(w, X, y, lambda)
   %Compute cost and gradient for logistic regression with
   %regularization
 3
 4
   %% Vectorized form
 5
 6 \mid m = length(y); % number of training examples
   C = 0;
   grad = zeros(size(w));
10 | h = sigmoid(X*w);
11
   % calculate penalty
   % excluded the first weight value
13 |w_reg = [0 ; w(2:size(w), :)];
14 \mid p = lambda*(w_reg'*w_reg)/(2*m);
15 |C = ((-y)'*log(h) - (1-y)'*log(1-h))/m + p;
16
17 % calculate grads
18 | grad = (X'*(h - y)+lambda*w_reg)/m;
19
   end
```

oneVsAll.m

```
1 | function [all_w] = oneVsAll(X, y, num_labels, lambda)
   %ONEVSALL trains multiple logistic regression classifiers and returns all
   %the classifiers in a matrix all_w, where the i—th row of all_w
4
   %corresponds to the classifier for label i
5
6
   % Some useful variables
   m = size(X, 1); % examples
   n = size(X, 2); % features
   all_w = zeros(num_labels, n + 1);
   % Add ones to the X data matrix
11
12
   X = [ones(m, 1) X];
13
14 | for c = 1:num_labels
    init_w = zeros(n+1, 1);
16
     options = optimset('GradObj', 'on', 'MaxIter', 50);
17
     [w] = fmincg(@(t)(lrCostFunction(t, X, (y==c), lambda)), init_w, options);
18
     all_w(c, :) = w';
19
   end
20
21
   end
```

predictOneVsAll.m

```
function p = predictOneVsAll(all_w, X)
   %PREDICT Predict the label for a trained one—vs—all classifier. The labels
   %are in the range 1..K, where K = size(all_w, 1).
 5
   m = size(X, 1);
 6
   num_labels = size(all_w, 1);
   p = zeros(size(X, 1), 1);
9
   % Add ones to the X data matrix
10 X = [ones(m, 1) X];
11
12
   %%
13
14 | ps = sigmoid(X*all_w');
15 [p_max, i_max]=max(ps, [], 2); %max value, max value position
16 %Max value position corresponds to the actual number
17 \mid% 10 column - 10 class, if the max value position refers to
18 \mid \% the 10th colum than thats your guess
19
   p = i_max;
20
21 end
```