

MR 典型编程场景 2

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1、自定义 OutputFormat--数据分类输出

1.1、需求

现有一些原始日志需要做增强解析处理,流程:

- 1、 从原始日志文件中读取数据
- 2、 根据业务获取业务数据库的数据
- 3、 根据某个连接条件获取相应的连接结果

典型业务场景如:爬虫URL管理,移动号码管理

1.2、分析

程序的关键点是要在一个 MapReduce 程序中根据数据的不同输出两类结果到不同目录,这类灵活的输出需求可以通过自定义 OutputFormat 来实现

1.3、实现

实现要点:

- 1、在 MapReduce 中访问外部资源
- 2、 自定义 OutputFormat, 改写其中的 RecordWriter, 改写具体输出数据的方法 write()
- 以 Score.txt 的 32 条学生考试记录为例,现要求把参考次数>=7 的输出到一个文件 /output/out1, 然后剩下的不合格的参考输出到另外一个文件/output/out2



实现:

第一步,实现自己的 OutputFormat

```
package com.ghgj.mr.format.output;
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.FSDataOutputStream;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.FileSystem;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.IOUtils;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.NullWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.RecordWriter;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.TaskAttemptContext;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
public class LongOutputFormat extends FileOutputFormat<Text, NullWritable>{
    @Override
    public RecordWriter<Text, NullWritable> getRecordWriter(
              TaskAttemptContext job) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
         Configuration configuration = job.getConfiguration();
         FileSystem fs = FileSystem.get(configuration);
         Path p1 = new Path("d:/outputformat/out1");
         Path p2 = new Path("d:/outputformat/out2");
         FSDataOutputStream out1 = fs.create(p1);
         FSDataOutputStream out2 = fs.create(p2);
         return new MyRecordWriter(out1, out2);
    }
    static class MyRecordWriter extends RecordWriter<Text, NullWritable>{
         FSDataOutputStream fsdout = null;
         FSDataOutputStream fsdout1 = null;
         public MyRecordWriter(FSDataOutputStream fsdout,
                  FSDataOutputStream fsdout1) {
             super();
              this.fsdout = fsdout;
```



```
this.fsdout1 = fsdout1;
     }
     @Override
     public void write(Text key, NullWritable value) throws IOException,
               InterruptedException {
          String[] strs = key.toString().split("::");
          if(strs[0].equals("1")){
               fsdout.write((strs[1]+"\n").getBytes());
          }else{
               fsdout1.write((strs[1]+"\n").getBytes());
          }
     }
     @Override
     public void close(TaskAttemptContext context) throws IOException,
               InterruptedException {
          IOUtils.closeStream(fsdout);
          IOUtils.closeStream(fsdout1);
     }
}
```

第二步,实现 MapReduce 程序

```
package com.ghgj.mr.format.output;

import java.io.IOException;

import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.FileSystem;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.NullWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Job;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;

public class MultipleOutputMR {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        Configuration conf = new Configuration();
```



```
Job job = Job.getInstance(conf);
    job.setJarByClass(MultipleOutputMR.class);
    job.setMapperClass(MultipleOutputMRMapper.class);
    job.setMapOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
    job.setMapOutputValueClass(NullWritable.class);
    job.setOutputFormatClass(LongOutputFormat.class);
     FileInputFormat.setInputPaths(job, "d:/score/input");
     Path outPath = new Path("d:/score/output_success");
     FileSystem fs = FileSystem.get(conf);
     if (fs.exists(outPath)) {
         fs.delete(outPath, true);
     }
     FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, outPath);
     boolean waitForCompletion = job.waitForCompletion(true);
     System.exit(waitForCompletion ? 0 : 1);
}
static class MultipleOutputMRMapper extends
         Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, NullWritable> {
     @Override
     protected void map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context)
              throws IOException, InterruptedException {
         // value
         // 参考次数大于7次算合格
         String[] splits = value.toString().split("\t");
         if (splits.length > 9) {
              context.write(new Text("1::" + value.toString()), NullWritable.get());
         } else {
              context.write(new Text("2::" + value.toString()), NullWritable.get());
         }
    }
}
```



2、自定义 InputFormat--小文件合并

2.1、需求

无论 HDFS 还是 MapReduce,对于小文件都有损效率,实践中,又难免面临处理大量小文件的场景,此时,就需要有相应解决方案

2.2、分析

小文件的优化无非以下几种方式:

- 1、 在数据采集的时候,就将小文件或小批数据合成大文件再上传 HDFS
- 2、 在业务处理之前,在 HDFS 上使用 MapReduce 程序对小文件进行合并
- 3、 在 MapReduce 处理时,可采用 CombineFileInputFormat 提高效率

2.3、实现

在此,我们采用第二种方式使用 MapReduce 程序来对小文件进行合并。注意: 并不是说编写一个 MR 程序来实现对这小文件的计算,只是做合并

核心实现思路:

- 1、编写自定义的 InputFormat
- 2、改写 RecordReader,实现一次 maptask 读取一个小文件的完整内容封装了一个 KV 对
- 3、在 Driver 类中一定要设置使用自定义的 InputFormat: job.setInputFormatClass(WholeFileInputFormat.class)

看具体实现:

第一步,编写自定义的 InputFormat

package com.ghgj.mr.format.input;

import java.io.IOException;

import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;

import org.apache.hadoop.io.NullWritable;

import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;

import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.InputSplit;

import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.JobContext;

import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.RecordReader;

import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.TaskAttemptContext;

import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;

public class WholeFileInputFormat extends FileInputFormat<NullWritable, Text> {



```
// 设置每个小文件不可分片,保证一个小文件生成一个 key-value 键值对
@Override
protected boolean isSplitable(JobContext context, Path file) {
    return false;
}
@Override
public RecordReader<NullWritable, Text> createRecordReader(InputSplit split,
TaskAttemptContext context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    WholeFileRecordReader reader = new WholeFileRecordReader();
    reader.initialize(split, context);
    return reader;
}
```

第二步,编写自定义的 RecordReader

```
package com.ghgj.mr.format.input;
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.FSDataInputStream;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.FileSystem;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.IOUtils;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.NullWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.InputSplit;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.RecordReader;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.TaskAttemptContext;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileSplit;
class WholeFileRecordReader extends RecordReader<NullWritable, Text> {
    private FileSplit fileSplit;
    private Configuration conf;
    private Text value = new Text();
    private boolean processed = false;
    @Override
     public void initialize(InputSplit split, TaskAttemptContext context)
              throws IOException, InterruptedException {
         this.fileSplit = (FileSplit) split;
         this.conf = context.getConfiguration();
```



```
@Override
public boolean nextKeyValue() throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    if (!processed) {
         byte[] contents = new byte[(int) fileSplit.getLength()];
         Path file = fileSplit.getPath();
         FileSystem fs = file.getFileSystem(conf);
         FSDataInputStream in = null;
         try {
              in = fs.open(file);
              // 把输入流上的数据全部读取到 contents 字节数组里
              IOUtils.readFully(in, contents, 0, contents.length);
              // 把读取到的数据设置到 value 里
              value.set(contents, 0, contents.length);
         } finally {
              IOUtils.closeStream(in);
         processed = true;
         return true;
    return false;
}
@Override
public NullWritable getCurrentKey() throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    return NullWritable.get();
}
@Override
public Text getCurrentValue() throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    return value;
}
@Override
public float getProgress() throws IOException {
    return processed ? 1.0f: 0.0f;
}
@Override
public void close() throws IOException {
    // do nothing
}
```



第三步,编写 MapReduce 程序

```
package com.ghgj.mr.format.input;
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configured;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.FileSystem;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.NullWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.InputSplit;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Job;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Reducer;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileSplit;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.util.Tool;
import org.apache.hadoop.util.ToolRunner;
public class SmallFilesConvertToBigMR extends Configured implements Tool {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
         int exitCode = ToolRunner.run(new SmallFilesConvertToBigMR(), args);
         System.exit(exitCode);
    }
static class SmallFilesConvertToBigMRMapper extends Mapper<NullWritable, Text, Text, Text> {
         private Text filenameKey;
         @Override
         protected void setup(Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
              InputSplit split = context.getInputSplit();
              Path path = ((FileSplit) split).getPath();
              filenameKey = new Text(path.toString());
         }
         @Override
         protected void map(NullWritable key, Text value, Context context)
                  throws IOException, InterruptedException {
              context.write(filenameKey, value);
         }
```



```
static class SmallFilesConvertToBigMRReducer extends Reducer<Text, Text, NullWritable, Text> {
         @Override
         protected void reduce(Text filename, Iterable<Text> bytes,
                   Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
              context.write(NullWritable.get(), bytes.iterator().next());
         }
    }
     @Override
     public int run(String[] args) throws Exception {
         Configuration conf = new Configuration();
         conf.set("fs.defaultFS", "hdfs://hadoop02:9000");
         System.setProperty("HADOOP_USER_NAME", "hadoop");
         Job job = Job.getInstance(conf, "combine small files to bigfile");
         job.setJarByClass(SmallFilesConvertToBigMR.class);
         job.setMapOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
         job.setMapOutputValueClass(Text.class);
         job.setMapperClass(SmallFilesConvertToBigMRMapper.class);
         job.setReducerClass(SmallFilesConvertToBigMRReducer.class);
         job.setOutputKeyClass(NullWritable.class);
         job.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);
         job.setInputFormatClass(WholeFileInputFormat.class);
         // job.setOutputFormatClass(SequenceFileOutputFormat.class);
         Path input = new Path("/smallfiles");
         Path output = new Path("/bigfile");
         FileInputFormat.setInputPaths(job, input);
         FileSystem fs = FileSystem.get(conf);
         if (fs.exists(output)) {
              fs.delete(output, true);
         FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, output);
         int status = job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1;
         return status;
    }
```