

DW03_lfsr_scnto

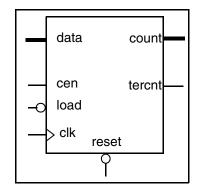
LFSR Counter with Static Count-to Flag

Version, STAR, and myDesignWare Subscriptions: IP Directory

Features and Benefits

Revision History

- Parameterized count-to value to indicate when the counter reaches a specified value
- Parameterized word length
- High speed, area-efficient
- Asynchronous reset
- Terminal count flag



Description

DW03_lfsr_scnto is a parameterized word-length up counter with a static count-to flag. DW03_lfsr_scnto implements a counter as LFSR (linear feedback shift register) which also acts as a pseudo-random counter constructed as primitive characteristic polynomials.

Table 1-1 Pin Description

Pin Name	Width	Direction	Function
data	width bits	Input	Input data
load	1 bit	Input	Input load, active low
cen	1 bit	Input	Input count enable
clk	1 bit	Input	Clock
reset	1	Input	Asynchronous reset, active low
count	width bits	Output	Output count bus
tercnt	1 bit	Output	Output terminal count

Table 1-2 Parameter Description

Parameter	Values ^a	Function
width	2 to 50	Word length of counter
count_to	1 to 2 ^{width - 2}	count_to bus

a. The upper bound of the legal range is a guideline to ensure reasonable compile times.

Table 1-3 Synthesis Implementations

Implementation Name	Function	License Feature Required
str	Synthesis model	DesignWare

Table 1-4 Simulation Models

Model	Function
DW03.DW03_LFSR_SCNTO_CFG_SIM	Design unit name for VHDL simulation
dw/dw03/src/DW03_lfsr_scnto_sim.vhd	VHDL simulation model source code
dw/sim_ver/DW03_lfsr_scnto.v	Verilog simulation model source code

Table 1-5 Counter Operation Truth Table

reset	load	cen	Operation
0	Х	Х	Reset
1	0	1	Load
1	Х	0	Standby
1	1	1	Count

The shift register is fed back from two or more taps. The number of taps does not increase with a large counter *width*.

A LFSR counter runs faster than a binary counter in synchronous systems because the first bit is calculated and the remaining bits are shifted.

DW03_lfsr_scnto can be used in built-in test circuitry in VLSI chips and used as a modulus counter; see Figure 1-1 on page 3.

Counter Function

The width is a generic parameter with an integer value ranging from 1 to 50.

The counter is loaded with data by asserting load (low) and applying data to data. The data load operation is synchronous with respect to the positive edge of clk.

The count_to is an integer parameter of pseudo-random binary sequences that ranges from 1 to $2^{width-2}$. For a list of the primitive polynomials, see the Logic-Sequential Overview.

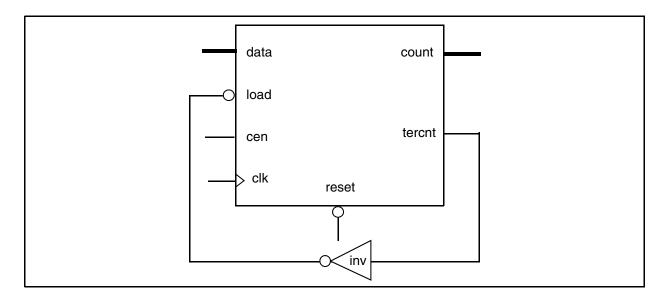
The count enable pin, cen, is active high. When cen is high, the counter is active. When cen is low, the counter is disabled and count remains at the same value.

The reset signal is an asynchronous reset that is active low. When reset is low, the counter output is "00...00". When reset is high, the counter operates normally.

The count is the output port of pseudo-random binary sequences, ranging from width - 1 to 0. A value of $2^{width - 2}$ ("11...11") is an illegal state; therefore, the counter stops at "11...11".

The terent is an output terminal count signal, active high. The terent output goes high for one clock cycle to indicate the different number of clock cycles between starting count to count_to value.

Figure 1-1 Counter Application: "count_to"



Timing Diagrams

Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3 show various timing conditions for DW03_lfsr_scnto.

Figure 1-2 Functional Operation: load and count_enable Sequence

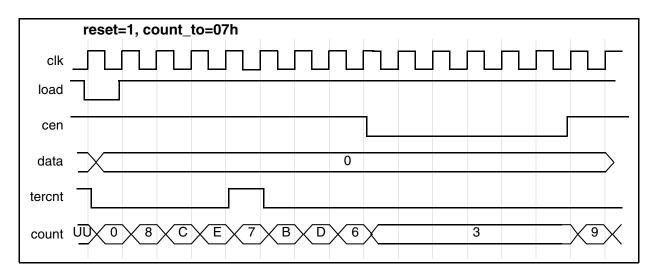
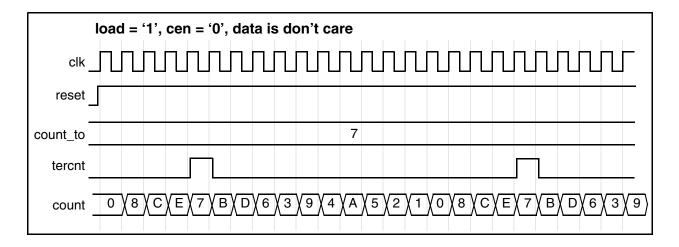


Figure 1-3 Reset Sequence



Related Topics

- Logic Sequential Overview
- DesignWare Building Block IP User Guide

HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - VHDL

```
library IEEE, DWARE;
use IEEE.std logic 1164.all;
use DWARE.DWpackages.all;
use DWARE.DW foundation comp.all;
entity DW03 lfsr scnto inst is
  generic ( inst width      : INTEGER := 8;
            inst count to : INTEGER := 8);
  port ( inst data : in std logic vector(inst width-1 downto 0);
         inst load : in std logic;
         inst cen : in std logic;
         inst clk : in std logic;
         inst reset : in std logic;
         count_inst : out std_logic_vector(inst_width-1 downto 0);
         tercnt inst : out std logic );
end DW03_lfsr_scnto_inst;
architecture inst of DW03 lfsr scnto inst is
begin
  -- Instance of DW03 lfsr scnto
  U1 : DW03 lfsr scnto
    generic map ( width => inst width, count to => inst count to )
   port map ( data => inst data, load => inst load,
               cen => inst_cen, clk => inst_clk, reset => inst_reset,
               count => count inst, tercnt => tercnt inst );
end inst;
-- pragma translate off
configuration DW03 lfsr scnto inst cfg inst of DW03 lfsr scnto inst is
  for inst
  end for; -- inst
end DW03 lfsr scnto inst cfg inst;
-- pragma translate on
```

HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - Verilog

```
module DW03_lfsr_scnto_inst( inst_data, inst_load, inst_cen, inst_clk,
                             inst reset, count inst, tercnt inst );
 parameter width = 8;
 parameter count to = 8;
  input [width-1 : 0] inst_data;
  input inst_load;
  input inst cen;
  input inst clk;
  input inst_reset;
  output [width-1 : 0] count inst;
  output tercnt_inst;
  // Instance of DW03 lfsr scnto
 DW03 lfsr scnto #(width, count to)
   U1 ( .data(inst_data), .load(inst_load), .cen(inst_cen), .clk(inst_clk),
         .reset(inst reset), .count(count inst), .tercnt(tercnt inst));
```

endmodule

SolvNetPlus

Revision History

For notes about this release, see the *DesignWare Building Block IP Release Notes*.

For lists of both known and fixed issues for this component, refer to the STAR report.

For a version of this datasheet with visible change bars, click here.

Date	Release	Updates	
March 2019	DWBB_201903.0	■ Removed minPower designation from this datasheet	
January 2019	DWBB_201806.5	■ Updated example in "HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - VHDL" on page 5	
		■ Added this Revision History table and the document links on this page	

Copyright Notice and Proprietary Information

© 2022 Synopsys, Inc. All rights reserved. This Synopsys software and all associated documentation are proprietary to Synopsys, Inc. and may only be used pursuant to the terms and conditions of a written license agreement with Synopsys, Inc. All other use, reproduction, modification, or distribution of the Synopsys software or the associated documentation is strictly prohibited.

Destination Control Statement

All technical data contained in this publication is subject to the export control laws of the United States of America. Disclosure to nationals of other countries contrary to United States law is prohibited. It is the reader's responsibility to determine the applicable regulations and to comply with them.

Disclaimer

SYNOPSYS, INC., AND ITS LICENSORS MAKE NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Trademarks

Synopsys and certain Synopsys product names are trademarks of Synopsys, as set forth at https://www.synopsys.com/company/legal/trademarks-brands.html.

All other product or company names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Free and Open-Source Software Licensing Notices

If applicable, Free and Open-Source Software (FOSS) licensing notices are available in the product installation.

Third-Party Links

Any links to third-party websites included in this document are for your convenience only. Synopsys does not endorse and is not responsible for such websites and their practices, including privacy practices, availability, and content.

Synopsys, Inc. www.synopsys.com