

# DW02\_tree

## Wallace Tree Compressor

Version, STAR, and myDesignWare Subscriptions: [IP Directory](#)

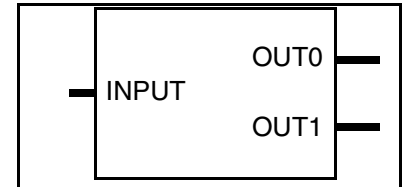
### Features and Benefits

- Parameterized word length

### Applications

- Matrix arithmetic
- Digital filtering
- Vector addition
- Parameter control over carry-save (CS) design verification method (only for the Verilog simulation model in VCS)

### Revision History



### Description

DW02\_tree is a Wallace-tree compressor and is used in building the Wallace-tree adder, DW02\_sum. You can use DW02\_tree to design your own hierarchical summation blocks or Wallace-tree-based multiplier.

Table 1-1 Pin Description

Pin Name	Width	Direction	Function
INPUT	$num\_inputs \times input\_width$ bits	Input	Input vector
OUT0	$input\_width$ bits	Output	Partial sum
OUT1	$input\_width$ bits	Output	Partial sum

Table 1-2 Parameter Description

Parameter	Values	Description
num_inputs	$\geq 1$	Number of inputs
input_width	$\geq 1$	Word length of outputs OUT0 and OUT1
verif_en <sup>a</sup>	0 or 1 Default: 1	<p>Verification enable control (this parameter affects only the Verilog simulation model when using VCS; it has no effect on the synthesis implementations)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 0: OUT0 and OUT1 are always the same for a given input value</li> <li>■ 1: OUT0 and OUT1 change with time for a given input value</li> </ul>

- a. Although the *verif\_en* value can be set for all simulators, CS randomization is only implemented for the Verilog simulation model when using VCS.  
When using a non-VCS simulator, the *verif\_en* parameter always assumes a value of 0.  
For more information about *verif\_en*, refer to “[Simulation Using Random Carry-save Representation \(VCS only\)](#)” on page 3

**Table 1-3 Synthesis Implementations<sup>a</sup>**

Implementation Name	Function	License Feature Required
pparch	Delay-optimized flexible parallel-prefix	DesignWare
apparch	Area-optimized flexible architecture that can be optimized for area, for speed, or for area, speed	DesignWare

- a. During synthesis, Synopsys synthesis tools select the appropriate architecture for your constraints. Alternatively, you may use the *set\_implementation* command to choose one specific implementation from those listed in this table. For details, see the documentation for your Synopsys synthesis tool.

**Table 1-4 Simulation Models**

Model	Function
DW02.DW02_TREE_CFG_SIM	Design unit name for VHDL simulation
dw/dw02/src/DW02_tree_sim.vhd <sup>a</sup>	VHDL simulation model source code
dw/sim_ver/DW02_tree.v	Verilog simulation model source code

- a. This is a plain-text simulation model file for use with third-party VHDL simulators, and parenthetically does not support the *verif\_en* control of CS random simulation.

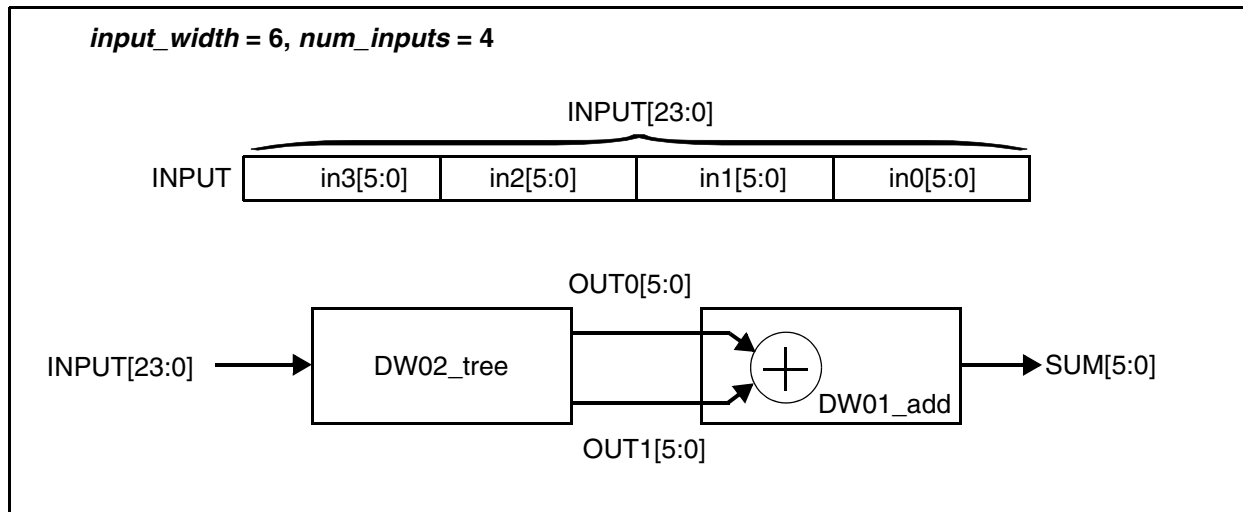


**Attention**

The simulation architecture does not produce the same values on OUT0 and OUT1 as produced by the synthetic architecture (see [Figure 1-1](#) on page 3), but once added together via a component like the DW01\_add, the resulting SUM is the same for the synthetic and simulation architectures. More specifically,  $(OUT0 + OUT1) \bmod 2^{\text{input\_width}}$  is the same in both cases.

## Functional Operation

Figure 1-1 Functional Operation



The compressor tree is built from compressor cells. The top of the tree accepts a vector of length  $num\_inputs \times input\_width$ . The tree compresses this vector to form two outputs,  $OUT0$  and  $OUT1$ . These two outputs may be added together to form the final sum of the vector elements, or may in turn be fed into another Wallace tree compressor along with other sum terms to form a hierarchical summation tree.

It is important to note that the outputs,  $OUT0$  and  $OUT1$ , are not regular signed or unsigned numbers until they are summed together, but rather they represent an intermediate result in redundant carry-save representation. Therefore, you cannot perform sign extension on  $OUT0$  and  $OUT1$  directly, but must do this at the input or after final summation.

## Simulation Using Random Carry-save Representation (VCS only)

The carry-save representation for the output of  $DW02\_tree$  is redundant and, therefore, there are many possible ways to represent the same output value. The Verilog simulation model of  $DW02\_tree$  (most likely) does not match the behavior of the synthesized circuit; however, although they may deliver different outputs, they are numerically equivalent (the value  $(OUT0 + OUT1) \bmod 2^{input\_width}$  is the same in both cases).

Instead of having only a static behavior, the Verilog simulation model of  $DW02\_tree$  provides the *verif\_en* parameter to let the user control the randomness in the CS representation of their outputs. This parameter applies only to the Verilog simulation model when using VCS. When using a non-VCS simulator, the *verif\_en* parameter always assumes a value of 0 and the random behavior described here is not performed.

The term “static” is used here to denote when the CS representation delivered for a given set of input values is always the same, independent of time. Such a behavior is not ideal for verification of designs that manipulate the CS values produced by  $DW02\_tree$  because the design that instantiates this component should work independently of any particular static implementation of  $DW02\_tree$ . A random CS representation of the output is one that still represents the summation result but changes every time a set of input values is applied. The random behavior has a better chance of exposing issues in the use of CS representation, but it is not a full proof that the design works properly for any implementation of  $DW02\_tree$ . It provides a better coverage than the static simulation model.

The *verif\_en* parameter controls if the CS output behavior is static (*verif\_en* = 0) or random (*verif\_en* = 1).

Using this mechanism, the designer has a better simulation environment to discover design problems related to incorrect CS manipulation. These problems could be masked by a static behavior of the Verilog simulation model, and could manifest later after synthesis of DW02\_tree. It is recommended to use the more aggressive simulation behavior (*verif\_en* = 1).

If the Verilog simulation model of DW02\_tree, simulated with VCS, detects that *verif\_en* is set to 0, a warning message is displayed at time 0 of the simulation to provide direction.

Table 1-5 shows the behavior of DW02\_tree for a sequence of inputs, using the parameter values *num\_inputs* = 4 and *input\_width* = 8 (the table has only hexadecimal values). The sequence repeats the input set to demonstrate the component behavior. For the case *verif\_en* = 0, the output is always the same when the same input value is applied. When *verif\_en* = 1, the output values change for the same input values. Notice that sign-extension of the DW02\_tree output should not be applied in any case.

**Table 1-5 DW02\_tree Behavior with *num\_inputs* = 4 and *input\_width* = 8**

Four 8-bit inputs	(out0,out1) <i>verif_en</i> =0	(out0,out1) <i>verif_en</i> =1
F4, A4, 56, 0F	F8, 05	35, C8
12, 34, 54, 32	28, A4	E8, E4
F4, A4, 56, 0F	F8, 05	1B, E2
12, 34, 54, 32	28, A4	8A, 42
F4, A4, 56, 0F	F8, 05	E8, 15
12, 34, 54, 32	28, A4	3D, 8F
F4, A4, 56, 0F	F8, 05	6E, 8F
12, 34, 54, 32	28, A4	9A, 32
F4, A4, 56, 0F	F8, 05	AA, 53

## Related Topics

- [Math – Arithmetic Overview](#)
- [DesignWare Building Block IP User Guide](#)

## HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - VHDL

```
library IEEE,DWARE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use DWARE.DWpackages.all;
use DWARE.DW_foundation_comp.all;

entity DW02_tree_inst is
  generic (
    inst_num_inputs : POSITIVE := 8;
    inst_input_width : POSITIVE := 8;
```

```
    inst_verif_en : INTEGER := 1);  
  port (  
    inst_INPUT : in std_logic_vector(inst_num_inputs*  
                                     inst_input_width-1 downto 0);  
    OUT0_inst : out std_logic_vector(inst_input_width-1 downto 0);  
    OUT1_inst : out std_logic_vector(inst_input_width-1 downto 0));  
end DW02_tree_inst;
```

architecture inst of DW02\_tree\_inst is

begin

-- Instance of DW02\_tree

U1 : **DW02\_tree**

generic map ( num\_inputs => inst\_num\_inputs,  
 input\_width => inst\_input\_width,  
 verif\_en => inst\_verif\_en )

port map ( INPUT => inst\_INPUT, OUT0 => OUT0\_inst, OUT1 => OUT1\_inst );

end inst;

-- pragma translate\_off

configuration DW02\_tree\_inst\_cfg\_inst of DW02\_tree\_inst is

for inst

end for; -- inst

end DW02\_tree\_inst\_cfg\_inst;

-- pragma translate\_on

## HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - Verilog

```
module DW02_tree_inst( inst_INPUT, OUT0_inst, OUT1_inst );

parameter num_inputs = 8;
parameter input_width = 8;
parameter verif_en = 1; // value 1 is a more aggressive verification
                        // mode

input [num_inputs*input_width-1 : 0] inst_INPUT;
output [input_width-1 : 0] OUT0_inst;
output [input_width-1 : 0] OUT1_inst;

    // Instance of DW02_tree
    DW02_tree #(num_inputs, input_width, verif_en)
        U1 ( .INPUT(inst_INPUT), .OUT0(OUT0_inst), .OUT1(OUT1_inst) );

endmodule
```

## Revision History

For notes about this release, see the [DesignWare Building Block IP Release Notes](#).

For lists of both known and fixed issues for this component, refer to the [STAR report](#).

For a version of this datasheet with visible change bars, click [here](#).

Date	Release	Updates
March 2023	DWBB_202212.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When simulating with VCS, clarified the purpose of message about the <i>verif_en</i> parameter on <a href="#">page 4</a></li> <li>Clarified behavior of <i>verif_en</i> when not simulating with VCS on <a href="#">page 2</a> and <a href="#">page 3</a></li> <li>Removed the section “Suppressing Warning Messages During Verilog Simulation”</li> </ul>
July 2022	DWBB_202203.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In <a href="#">Table 1-2</a> on <a href="#">page 1</a> and throughout the datasheet, clarified that the <i>verif_en</i> parameter affects only the Verilog simulation model when it is used in VCS, and it has no effect on the synthesis implementations for this component</li> <li>Adjusted the VHDL example in “<a href="#">HDL Usage Through Component Instantiation - VHDL</a>” on <a href="#">page 4</a> to remove the implication that the <i>verif_en</i> parameter affects the VHDL simulation</li> </ul>
January 2021	DWBB_202009.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Corrected malformed multiplication symbols in this datasheet</li> </ul>
July 2020	DWBB_201912.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added “Suppressing Warning Messages During Verilog Simulation” on <a href="#">page 4</a></li> </ul>
March 2019	DWBB_201903.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Removed Table 1-4, “Obsolete Synthesis Implementations”</li> <li>Added this Revision History table and the document links on this page</li> </ul>

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