國立台灣大學電機資訊學院電子工程學研究所

系統晶片設計實驗
Soc Design Laboratory

Lab5 Report

Caravel SOC - Caravel FPGA

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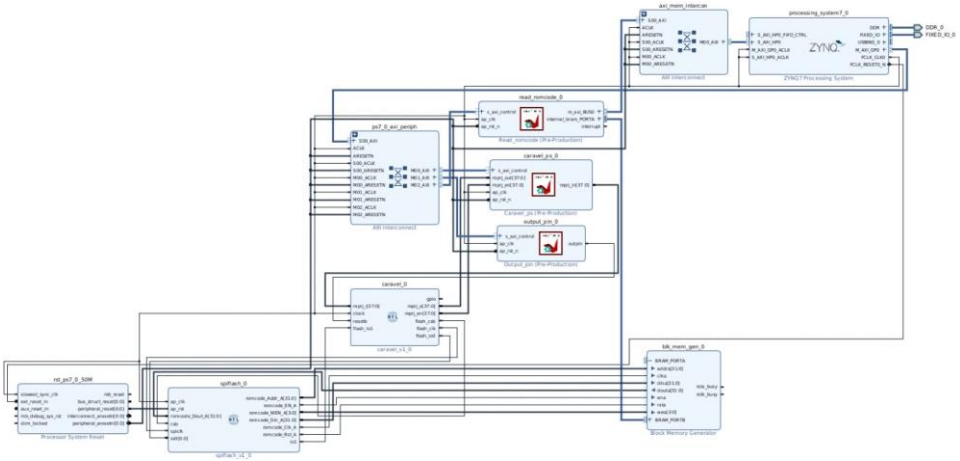
一、 Block diagram：



二、 FPGA utilization：

Utilization Post-Synthesis | **Post-Implementation**

Graph | **Table**

Resource	Utilization	Available	Utilization %
LUT	5327	53200	10.01
LUTRAM	178	17400	1.02
FF	6051	106400	5.69
BRAM	6	140	4.29
BUFG	7	32	21.88

三、 Function of IP：

1. Read_romcode

   用來將 fireware code 從 DRAM 轉移至 BRAM，因為我們的 BRAM 有大小限制，故在設計時 fireware code 限制在 8K 以下，並實現 axilite 的 address map，當 0x00 時是用於控制 ap 訊號，當 0x10 和 0x14 時是控制 BRAM buffer 的 base address 訊號，當 0x1c 時控制 data length 訊號。

```
# 0x00 : Control signals
#        bit 0  - ap_start (Read/Write/COH)
#        bit 1  - ap_done (Read/COR)
#        bit 2  - ap_idle (Read)
#        bit 3  - ap_ready (Read)
#        bit 7  - auto_restart (Read/Write)
#        others - reserved
# 0x10 : Data signal of romcode
#        bit 31~0 - romcode[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of romcode
#        bit 31~0 - romcode[63:32] (Read/Write)
# 0x1c : Data signal of length_r
#        bit 31~0 - length_r[31:0] (Read/Write)
```

2. ResetControl

用於控制 Caravel 的 reset pin，並實現 axilite 的 address map 控制 PS CPU 的輸出，當 0x10 時根據 bit 0 控制 outpin_ctrl，進而控制 caravel 的 reset pin。

```
# Release Caravel reset
# 0x10 : Data signal of outpin_ctrl
#        bit 0  - outpin_ctrl[0] (Read/Write)
#        others - reserved
```

3. Caravel_ps

用來實現 GPIO 的 Monitor，本實驗當中用 jupyter code 實現 MMIO 去 read Register，進而讀取 Caravel 產生出來的 Signal data 是否正確。

```
# Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
# 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
# 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
# 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
```

4. Spiflash

用來實現 SPI slave device，在本實驗中只用於讀取 Caravel 傳送過來 read 指令(0x30)，讀到指令後回傳 fireware code 回去，當中的 fireware code 是從 BRAM 存取。

四、 Workload

1. counter_wb.hex

- read workload

```
11 npROM_index = 0
12 npROM_offset = 0
13 fiROM = open("counter_wb.hex", "r+")
14 #fiROM = open("counter_la.hex", "r+")
15 #fiROM = open("gcd_la.hex", "r+")
```

- Check MPRJ_IO after bram has been written

```
# Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
# 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
# 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
# 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved

print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x14)))
print ("0x1c = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x1c)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x34)))
print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))

```

```
0x10 =  0x0
0x14 =  0x0
0x1c =  0x8
0x20 =  0x0
0x34 =  0xffffff7
0x38 =  0x3f
```

- de-assert Caravel reset pin and Get mprj_i/o/en data

```
# Release Caravel reset
# 0x10 : Data signal of outpin_ctrl
#        bit 0  - outpin_ctrl[0] (Read/Write)
#        others - reserved
print (ipOUTPIN.read(0x10))
ipOUTPIN.write(0x10, 1)
print (ipOUTPIN.read(0x10))
```

```
0
1
```

```
# Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
# 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
# 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
# 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved

print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x14)))
print ("0x1c = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x1c)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x34)))
print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))
```

```
0x10 =  0x0
0x14 =  0x0
0x1c =  0xab610008
0x20 =  0x2
0x34 =  0xfff7
```

- Compare the mprj_o value with final result in the firmware code

firmware code	`if (reg_mprj_slave == 0x2B3D) {`
	`  reg_mprj_datal = 0xAB610000;`
	`}`

mprj_o	`0x10 =  0x0`
	`0x1c =  0xab610008`
	`0x34 =  0xfff7`

2. counter_la.hex

- read workload

```
11 npROM_index = 0
12 npROM_offset = 0
13 #fiROM = open("counter_wb.hex", "r+")
14 fiROM = open("counter_la.hex", "r+")
15 #fiROM = open("gcd_la.hex", "r+")
```

- Check MPRJ_IO after bram has been written

```
1  # Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
2  # 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
3  #        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
4  # 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
5  #        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
6  #        others  - reserved
7  # 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
8  #        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
9  # 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
10 #        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
11 #        others  - reserved
12 # 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
13 #        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
14 # 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
15 #        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
16 #        others  - reserved
17
18 print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
19 print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x14)))
20 print ("0x1c = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x1c)))
21 print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
22 print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x34)))
23 print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))
24
```

```
0x10 =  0x0
0x14 =  0x0
0x1c =  0x8
0x20 =  0x0
0x34 =  0xfffffff7
0x38 =  0x3f
```

- de-assert Caravel reset pin and Get mprj_i/o/en data

```
# Release Caravel reset
# 0x10 : Data signal of outpin_ctrl
#        bit 0  - outpin_ctrl[0] (Read/Write)
#        others - reserved
print (ipOUTPIN.read(0x10))
ipOUTPIN.write(0x10, 1)
print (ipOUTPIN.read(0x10))
```

```
0
1
```

```
# Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
# 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
# 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
# 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved

print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x14)))
print ("0x1c = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x1c)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x34)))
print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))
```

```
0x10 =  0x0
0x14 =  0x0
0x1c =  0xab5104f0
0x20 =  0x0
0x34 =  0x0
0x38 =  0x3f
```

- Compare the mprj_o value with final result in the firmware code

Firware code	`//print("\n");`
	`//print("Monitor: Test 1 Passed\n\n");`
	`reg_mprj_datal = 0xAB510000;`

mprj_o value	`0x10 =  0x0`
	`0x1c =  0xab5104f0`
	`0x34 =  0x0`
	`0x38 =  0x3f`

3. gcd_la.hex

- read workload

```
npROM_index = 0
npROM_offset = 0
#fiROM = open("counter_wb.hex", "r+")
#fiROM = open("counter_la.hex", "r+")
fiROM = open("gcd_la.hex", "r+")
```

- Check MPRJ_IO after bram has been written

```
# Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
# 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
# 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
# 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved

print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x14)))
print ("0x1c = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x1c)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x34)))
print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))

```

```
0x10 =  0x0
0x14 =  0x0
0x1c =  0x8
0x20 =  0x0
0x34 =  0xffffffff7
0x38 =  0x3f
```

- de-assert Caravel reset pin and Get mprj_i/o/en data

```
# Release Caravel reset
# 0x10 : Data signal of outpin_ctrl
#        bit 0  - outpin_ctrl[0] (Read/Write)
#        others - reserved
print (ipOUTPIN.read(0x10))
ipOUTPIN.write(0x10, 1)
print (ipOUTPIN.read(0x10))
```

```
0
1
```

```
# Check MPRJ_IO input/out/en
# 0x10 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_in[31:0] (Read/Write)
# 0x14 : Data signal of ps_mprj_in
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_in[37:32] (Read/Write)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x1c : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_out[31:0] (Read)
# 0x20 : Data signal of ps_mprj_out
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_out[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved
# 0x34 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 31~0 - ps_mprj_en[31:0] (Read)
# 0x38 : Data signal of ps_mprj_en
#        bit 5~0 - ps_mprj_en[37:32] (Read)
#        others  - reserved

print ("0x10 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x10)))
print ("0x14 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x14)))
print ("0x1c = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x1c)))
print ("0x20 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x20)))
print ("0x34 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x34)))
print ("0x38 = ", hex(ipPS.read(0x38)))
```

```
0x10 =  0x0
0x14 =  0x0
0x1c =  0xab4068c8
0x20 =  0x0
0x34 =  0x0
0x38 =  0x3f
```

- mprj_o value

```
//print("\n");
//print("Monitor: Test seq_gcd Passed\n\n");
reg_mprj_datal = 0xAB510000;
```