

## Module 12: Built in Functions

### Functions:

- ➡ ☐ Functions are simply pieces of code that
- ☐ Some functions accept parameters while other functions do not accept parameters.

### Types of Functions:

- ☐ MySQL supports two types of functions:
  - Built In Functions(BIF)
  - User Defined Functions (UDF)

### Built In Functions:

- ☐ MySQL has a number of built-in functions that allow us to perform different types of manipulations on the data.
- ☐ MySQL functions can be categorized into following types:
  - String Functions
  - Numerical or Mathematical functions.

### String Functions:

- ✓ **length(str)**: It returns the number of characters in the string.
- ✓ **lower(str)**: it returns a string converted to lowercase letters.
- ✓ **upper(str)**: it returns a string converted to uppercase letters.
- ✓ **concat(str1 [,str2]...)**: It concatenates the specified strings.
- ✓ **Note:** If one the string is null then result is null.
- ✓ **concat\_ws(sep, exp1, exp2,...)**: It concatenates two or more expressions together and adds separator between them.
  - **Note1:** if sep is null then it returns null.
  - **Note2:** if any exp contains null then its ignored.
- ✓ **ltrim(str)**: It removes leading spaces from a string
- ✓ **rtrim(str)**: It removes trailing spaces from a string.

- ✓ **left (str, length):/ right(str, length):** It returns the specified number of characters from the beginning / end of the string.
  - Note: if length is null it returns null.
- ✓ **reverse(str):** It returns a string with the characters in reverse order.
- ✓ **replace(search\_string, find\_string, replace\_string):** It returns the search string with all occurrences of the find string replaced with replace string.

#### String MCQ's:

**Q1) What is the result of the following:**

**select length( 5+20 );**

**Options:**

- A. 520
- C. 2

- B. error
- D. 4

**Solution:**

**Q2) What is the result of the following:**

**select length('kamal'+2);**

**Options:**

- A. 1
- C. 7

- B. kamal2
- D. 52

**Solution:**

**Q3) What is the result of the following:**

**select concat("5+7", 6+2);**

**Options:**

- A. 128
- C. 5762

- B. 5+76+2
- D. 5+78

**Solution:**

**Q4) What is the result of the following:**

**select trim('aa r am');**

**Options:**

- A. aa r am
- C. error

- B. aar am
- D. aaram

**Solution:**

**Q5) What is the result of the following:**

**select concat(left('java', 2) , right('python', 3) );**

**Options:**

- A. jahon
- C. japyt

- B. vahon
- D. vaon

**Solution:**

Q6) What is the result of the following:

```
select right(reverse(upper(replace('viral', 'r', 'sh'))), 3);
```

Options:

- A. erro
- B. siv
- C. vish
- D. SIV

Solution:

Q7) What is the result of the following:

```
select concat(replace(left('hindustan', 5 ), 'u', 'i'), 'medium');
```

Options:

- A. hindmedium
- B. hindimedium
- C. hindumediim
- D. istanmedium

Solution:

#### Numerical Functions:

- ✓ **sqrt(number)**: It returns square root of the number.
- ✓ **power(number, power)**: It returns the number raised to the specified power.
- ✓ **floor(number)**: It returns the largest integer that is less than or equal to the number
- ✓ **ceiling(number)**: It returns the largest integer that is greater than or equal to the number
- ✓ **round(number [,LENGTH])**: It returns the number rounded to the precision specified by length.
  - If length = 0 (default) the decimal digits are omitted.
- ✓ **truncate(number ,LENGTH)**: It returns the number truncated to the precision specified by length.
  - If length is 0, the decimal digits are omitted.
- ✓ **rand([integer])**: It returns a random floating point number between 0 and 1.

**Numerical Functions MCQs:**

Q1) What is the result of the following:

**select power(floor(3.678), 2);**

Options:

A. 9

B. 3

C. 6

D. 13.527

Solution:

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Q2) What is the result of the following:

**select floor(rand() \* 5);**

Options:

A. random integer between 1 to 4.

B. random integer between 1 to 5.

C. random floating number between 0.0 and 4.0.

D. random integer between 0 to 4.

Solution:

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Q3) What is the result of the following:

**select ceiling(floor(truncate(34.56, 2)));**

Options:

A. 35

B. 34

C. 30

D. error

Solution: