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// 32-bit adder with 2 adder_16b instances. This module represents the top-level entity
used in the ALU for the ADD and SUB operations.
module adder_32b (
         input cin, // carry-in (used for subtraction)
input [31:0] x, y, // Summands
output cout, // carry-out (not used in ALU due to fixed register size in reg_file)
output [31:0] s // Result (wire)
         // carry-in signal for each 16-bit sub-adder. We use 'h' to denote a 'hierarchical' carry.
         wire [2:0] hc;
         assign hc[0] = cin;
         // 'hierachical' Generate and Propagate signals.
         wire [1:0] hP, hG;
         // 2 adder_16b instances, each for a given 16-bit subset of x and y.
         genvar i;
         generate
         for (i=0; i<2; i = i+1) begin : subadders
                  adder_16b subadder (hc[i], x[16*i+15: 16*i], y[16*i+15: 16*i], hP[i], hG[i], s[16*i+15
 : 16*i]);
         end
         endgenerate
         // Hierarchical carries according to the lookahead framework.
         assign hc[1] = hG[0] \mid hP[0] \& cin;
assign hc[2] = hG[1] \mid hP[1] \& hG[0] \mid hP[1] \& hP[0] \& cin;
         assign cout = hc[2];
endmodule
//-----Testbench-----//
module adder_32b_testbench();
         reg cin;
         reg [31:0] x, y;
         wire cout;
         wire [31:0] s;
          // Design under test.
         adder_32b dut (cin, x, y, cout, s);
          // 6 edge-cases are validated for testbench concision.
         initial begin
// Test 2: Mixed range values
// Test 3: Maximum 32-bit values (check carry-out well handled)
                  sigma = sigm
                  sigma(Test 4: cin = \%b, x = \%b, y = \%b, s = \%b, cout = \%b", cin, x, y, s, cout);
// Test 5: Large values, no carry-out cin = 0; x = 32'b111100001111000011110000111100001; y = 32'b00001111000011110000111100001111; #10;
                  sigma = sigm
                  // Test 6: zero inputs cin = 0; x = 32'b0; y = 32'b0; #10; $display("Test 6: cin = %b, x = %b, y = %b, s = %b, cout = %b" , cin, x, y, s, cout);
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70 71 \$stop; 72 end 73 endmodule 74