

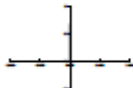
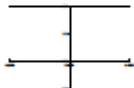
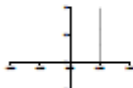
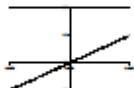
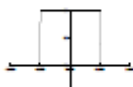
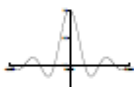
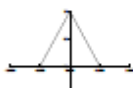

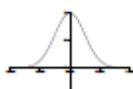

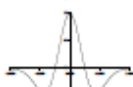

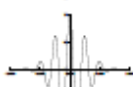
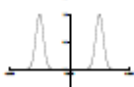
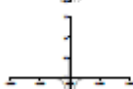
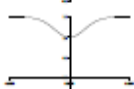
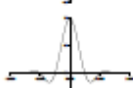

Name	Signal	Signal	Transform	Transform	
impulse		$\delta(x)$	\Leftrightarrow	1	
shifted impulse		$\delta(x - u)$	\Leftrightarrow	$e^{-j\omega u}$	
box filter		$\text{box}(x/a)$	\Leftrightarrow	$a\text{sinc}(a\omega)$	
tent		$\text{tent}(x/a)$	\Leftrightarrow	$a\text{sinc}^2(a\omega)$	
Gaussian		$G(x; \sigma)$	\Leftrightarrow	$\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\sigma} G(\omega; \sigma^{-1})$	
Laplacian of Gaussian		$(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^4} - \frac{1}{\sigma^2})G(x; \sigma)$	\Leftrightarrow	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\sigma} \omega^2 G(\omega; \sigma^{-1})$	
Gabor		$\cos(\omega_0 x)G(x; \sigma)$	\Leftrightarrow	$\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\sigma} G(\omega \pm \omega_0; \sigma^{-1})$	
unsharp mask		$(1 + \gamma)\delta(x) - \gamma G(x; \sigma)$	\Leftrightarrow	$\frac{(1 + \gamma) - \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\gamma}{\sigma} G(\omega; \sigma^{-1})}{\sigma}$	
windowed sinc		$\text{rcos}(x/(aW)) \text{sinc}(x/a)$	\Leftrightarrow	(see Figure 3.29)	

Table 3.2 Some useful (continuous) Fourier transform pairs: The dashed line in the Fourier